DOT Use Only 2 - Dot Us
SM No. CIM0020011651
PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF
(FULL OVERSIGHT)
2 Mill & Overlay Approximately 10 Miles On I-20 from Edwards to the Natchez Trace, known as Federal Aid Project No. IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303, in Hinds County. Project Completion: May 31, 2013
NOTICE
BIDDERS MUST PURCHASE A BOUND PROPOSAL FROM MDOT CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DIVISION TO BID THIS PROJECT.
Electronic addendum updates will be posted on www.gomdot.com
SECTION 900
OF THE CURRENT (2004) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

#### **BIDDER CHECK LIST** (FOR INFORMATION ONLY)

All unit prices and item totals have been entered in accordance with Subsection 102.06 of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. If the bid sheets were prepared using the Electronic Bid System, proposal sheets have been stapled and inserted into the proposal package. First sheet of SECTION 905--PROPOSAL has been completed. Second sheet of SECTION 905--PROPOSAL has been completed and signed. Addenda, if any, have been acknowledged. Second sheet of Section 905 listing the addendum number has been substituted for the original second sheet of Section 905. Substituted second sheet of Section 905 has been properly completed, signed, and added to the proposal. DBE/WBE percentage, when required by contract, has been entered on last sheet of the bid sheets of SECTION 905 - PROPOSAL. Form OCR-485, when required by contract, has been completed and signed. The last sheet of the bid sheets of SECTION 905--PROPOSAL has been signed. Combination Bid Proposal of SECTION 905--PROPOSAL has been completed for each project which is to be considered in combination (See Subsection 102.11). Equal Opportunity Clause Certification, when included in contract, has been \_\_\_\_\_ completed and signed. The Certification regarding Non-Collusion, Debarment and Suspension, etc. has been executed in duplicate. A certified check, cashier's check or bid bond payable to the State of Mississippi in the principal amount of 5% of the bid has been included with project number identified on same. A bid bond has been signed by the bidder and has also been signed or countersigned by a Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent for the Surety with Power of Attorney attached. ON FEDERAL FUNDED PROJECTS, the Notice To Bidders regarding DUNS Requirements has been completed and included in the contract documents. Non-resident Bidders: ON STATE FUNDED PROJECTS ONLY, a copy of the current laws regarding any preference for local Contractors from State wherein domiciled has been included. See Subsection 103.01, Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, and Section 31-7-47, MCA, 1972 regarding this matter.

Return the proposal and contract documents in its entirety in a sealed envelope. <u>DO NOT</u> remove any part of the contract documents; exception - an addendum requires substitution of second sheet of Section 905. A stripped proposal is considered as an irregular bid and will be rejected.

Failure to complete any or all of the applicable requirements will be cause for the proposal to be considered irregular.

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SECTION 905 - PROPOSAL, PROPOSAL BID SHEETS

COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL

CERTIFICATION OF PERFORMANCE - PRIOR FEDERAL-AID CONTRACTS CERTIFICATION REGARDING NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION SECTION 902- CONTRACT FORM, AND SECTION 903 - CONTRACT BOND FORMS FORM -- OCR-485

(REVISIONS TO THE ABOVE WILL BE INDICATED ON THE SECOND SHEET OF SECTION 905 AS ADDENDA)

# **SECTION 901 - ADVERTISEMENT**

Sealed bids will be received by the Mississippi Transportation Commission in the Office of the Contract Administration Engineer, Room 1013, Mississippi Department of Transportation Administration Building, 401 North West Street, Jackson, Mississippi, until <u>10:00 o'clock A.M.,</u> <u>Tuesday, May 22, 2012</u>, and shortly thereafter publicly opened on the Sixth Floor for:

Mill and Overlay approximately 10 Miles on I-20 from Edwards to the Natchez Trace, known as Federal Aid Project No. IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303, in Hinds County.

The attention of bidders is directed to the Contract Provisions governing selection and employment of labor. Minimum wage rates have been predetermined by the Secretary of Labor and are subject to Public Law 87-58 1, Work Hours Act of 1962, as set forth in the Contract Provisions.

The Mississippi Department of Transportation hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively insure that in any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, sex, age, disability, religion or national origin in consideration for an award.

# The award of this contract will be contingent upon the Contractor satisfying the DBE requirements.

The specifications are on file in the offices of the Mississippi Department of Transportation.

Bid proposals must be acquired from the MDOT Contract Administration Division. These proposal are available at a cost of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) per proposal. Specimen proposals are also available at the MDOT Contract Administration Division at a cost of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) per proposal, or can be viewed or downloaded at no cost at <u>www.gomdot.com</u>.

Bid bond, signed or countersigned by a Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent, with Power of Attorney attached, a Cashier's check or Certified Check for five (5%) percent of bid, payable to STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, must accompany each proposal.

The attention of bidders is directed to the provisions of Subsection 102.07 pertaining to irregular proposals and rejection of bids.

MELINDA L. MCGRATH EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

# **SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1**

CODE: (IS)

#### DATE: 05/03/2004

#### **SUBJECT:** Governing Specifications

The current (2004) Edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted by the Mississippi Transportation Commission is made a part hereof fully and completely as if it were attached hereto, except where superseded by special provisions, or amended by revisions of the Specifications contained herein. Copies of the specification book may be purchased from the MDOT Construction Division.

A reference in any contract document to controlling requirements in another portion of the contract documents shall be understood to apply equally to any revision or amendment thereof included in the contract.

In the event the plans or proposal contain references to the 1990 Edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, it is to be understood that such references shall mean the comparable provisions of the 2004 Edition of the Standard Specifications.

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 05/03/2004

#### SUBJECT: Final Clean-Up

Immediately prior to final inspection for release of maintenance, the Contractor shall pick up, load, transport and properly dispose of all litter from the entire highway right-of-way that is within the termini of the project.

Litter shall include, but not be limited to, solid wastes such a glass, paper products, tires, wood products, metal, synthetic materials and other miscellaneous debris.

Litter removal is considered incidental to other items of work and will not be measured for separate payment.

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 640

CODE: (IS)

#### DATE: 09/26/2005

#### **SUBJECT:** Fiber Reinforced Concrete

Bidders are hereby advised that synthetic structural fibers meeting the requirements of Subsection 907-711.04 may be used in lieu of wire mesh in some items of construction. Substitution of fibers for wire mesh will be allowed in the construction of paved ditches, paved flumes, paved inlet apron, driveways, guard rail anchors and pile encasements. Substitution in any other items of work must be approved by the State Construction Engineer prior to use.

# SUPPLEMENT TO NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 696

# DATE: 11/06/2009

The goal is <u>5</u> percent for the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise. The low bidder is required to submit Form OCR-481 for all DBEs. Bidders are advised to check the bid tabulation link for this project on the MDOT website

(<u>http://www.gomdot.com/applications/bidsystem/currentletting.aspx</u>) for results. Bid tabulations are usually posted by 3:00 pm on Letting Day.

Form OCR-481 is available at

http://www.gomdot.com/Divisions/CivilRights/Resources/Forms/pdf/MDOT\_OCR481.pdf or by calling 601-359-7466.

Subparagraph (2) under Award on page 6 indicates that the OCR-481 form is to submitted to Contract Administration Division. Instead of submitting this form to Contract Administration Division, all OCR-481s must be returned within 10 days following the bid letting to the MDOT Office of Civil Rights, P.O. Box 1850, Jackson, MS 39215-1850.

For answers to questions, contact the MDOT Office of Civil Rights at (601) 359-7466.

The bidder's execution of the signature portion of the proposal shall constitute execution of the following assurance:

The bidder hereby gives assurance pursuant to the applicable requirements of "Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act, A Legacy For Users (SAFETEA-LU)" and "Part 26, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulation" that the bidder has made a good faith effort to meet the contract goal for DBE participation for which this proposal is submitted.

A pre-bid meeting will be held in Amphitheater 1 & 2 of the Hilton Jackson located at I-55 and County Line Road, Jackson, Mississippi at 2:00 P.M. on the day preceding the date of the bid opening.

This meeting is to inform DBE firms of subcontracting and material supply opportunities. Attendance at this meeting is considered of prime importance in demonstrating good faith effort to meet the contract goal.

A list of "Certified DBE Contractors" which have been certified as such by the Mississippi Department of Transportation and other Unified Certification Partners (UPC) can be found on the Mississippi Department of Transportation website at <u>www.gomdot.com</u>. The DBE firm must be on the Department's list of "Certified DBE Contractors" that is posted online at the time the job is let and approved by MDOT to count towards meeting the DBE goal.

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 696

CODE: (IS)

# DATE: 12/20/2005

# SUBJECT: DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES IN FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

This contract is subject to the "Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act, A Legacy For Users (SAFETEA-LU)" and applicable requirements of "Part 26, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations." Portions of the Act are set forth in this Notice as applicable to compliance by the Contractor and all of the Act, and the MDOT DBE Program, is incorporated by reference herein.

The Department has developed a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program that is applicable to this contract and is made a part thereof by reference.

Copies of the program may be obtained from:

Office of Civil Rights Mississippi Department of Transportation P. O. Box 1850 Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1850

# **POLICY**

It is the policy of the Mississippi Department of Transportation to provide a level playing field, to foster equal opportunity in all federally assisted contracts, to improve the flexibility of the DBE Program, to reduce the burdens on small businesses, and to achieve that amount of participation that would be obtained in a non-discriminatory market place. In doing so, it is the policy of MDOT that there will be no discrimination in the award and performance of federally assisted contracts on the basis of race, color, sex, age, religion, national origin, or any handicap.

# ASSURANCES THAT CONTRACTORS MUST TAKE:

MDOT will require that each contract which MDOT signs with a subrecipient or a Contractor, and each subcontract the Prime Contractor signs with a Subcontractor, includes the following assurances:

"The Contractor, subrecipient or Subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR 26 in the award and administration of federally assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this

contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as MDOT deems appropriate."

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# DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this provision the following definitions will apply:

"Disadvantaged Business" means a small business concern: (a) which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individual(s) or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individual(s); and (b) whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individual(s) who own it. It is important to note that the business owners themselves must control the operations of the business. Absentee ownership or title ownership by an individual who does not take an active role in controlling the business is not consistent with eligibility as a DBE under CFR 49 Part 26.71.

# **CONTRACTOR'S OBLIGATION**

The Contractor and all Subcontractors shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that DBE firms can compete for and participate in the performance of a portion of the work in this contract and shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion or sex. Failure on the part of the Contractor to carry out the DBE requirements of this contract constitutes a breach of contract and after proper notification the Department may terminate the contract or take other appropriate action as determined by the Department.

When a contract requires a zero percent (0%) DBE goal, the Contractor still has the responsibility to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that DBE firms can compete for and participate in the performance of the work in the contract. In this case, all work performed by a certified DBE firm is considered to be a "race neutral" measure and the Department will receive DBE credit towards the overall State goals when the DBE firm is paid for their work. If the Prime Contractor is a certified DBE firm, the Department can receive DBE credit only for the work performed by the Prime Contractor's work force or any work subcontracted to another DBE firm. Work performance by a non-DBE Subcontractor is not eligible for DBE credit.

# CONTRACT GOAL

The goal for participation by DBEs is established for this contract in the attached Supplement. The Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that participation is equal to or exceeds the contract goal.

The percentage of the contract that is proposed for DBEs shall be so stated on the last bid sheet of the proposal.

The apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Contract Administration Division Form OCR-481, signed by the Prime Contractor and the DBE Subcontractors, no later than the 10th day after opening of the bids.

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# FORMS ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

The OCR-481 Form must contain the following information:

The name and address of each certified DBE Contractor / Supplier;

The Reference Number, percent of work and the dollar amount of each item. If a portion of an item is subcontracted, a breakdown of that item including quantities and unit price must be attached, detailing what part of the item the DBE firm is to perform and who will perform the remainder of the item.

If the DBE Commitment shown on the last bid sheet of the proposal, does not equal or exceed the contract goal, the bidder must submit, <u>with the proposal</u>, information to satisfy the Department that adequate good faith efforts have been made to meet the contract goal.

Failure of the lowest bidder to furnish acceptable proof of good faith efforts, submitted <u>with the</u> <u>bid proposal</u>, shall be just cause for rejection of the proposal. Award may then be made to the next lowest responsive bidder or the work may be readvertised.

The following factors are illustrative of matters the Department will consider in judging whether or not the bidder has made adequate good faith effort to satisfy the contract goal.

- (1) Whether the bidder attended the pre-bid meeting that was scheduled by the Department to inform DBEs of subcontracting opportunities;
- (2) whether the bidder advertised in general circulation, trade association, and minority-focus media concerning the subcontracting opportunities;
- (3) whether the bidder provided written notice to a reasonable number of specific DBEs that their interest in the contract is being solicited;
- (4) whether the bidder followed up initial solicitations of interest by contacting DBEs to determine with certainty whether they were interested;
- (5) whether the bidder selected portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood of meeting the contract goal;
- (6) whether the bidder provided interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications and requirements of the contract;

(7) whether the bidder negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs and did not reject them as unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities; and

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(8) whether the bidder made efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining any required bonding or insurance.

#### DIRECTORY

Included with this Bid Proposal is a list of "Certified DBE Contractors" which have been certified as such by the Mississippi Department of Transportation and other Unified Certification Partners (UCP).

The DBE firm must be on the Department's list of "Certified DBE Contractors" that is attached to this proposal and approved by MDOT to count towards meeting the DBE goal.

#### **REPLACEMENT**

If a DBE Subcontractor cannot perform satisfactorily, and this causes the OCR-481 commitment to fall below the contract goal, the Contractor shall take all necessary reasonable steps to replace the DBE with another certified DBE Subcontractor or submit information to satisfy the Mississippi Department of Transportation that adequate good faith efforts have been made to replace the DBE. The replacement DBE must be a DBE who was on the Department's list of "Certified DBE Contractors" when the job was awarded, and who is still active. All DBE replacements must be approved by the Department.

Under no circumstances shall the <u>Prime</u> or any Subcontractor perform the DBE's work (as shown on the OCR-481) without prior written approval from the Department. See "Sanctions" at the end of this document for penalties for performing DBE's work.

When a Contractor proposes to substitute/replace/terminate a DBE that was originally named on the OCR-481, the Contractor must obtain a release, in writing, from the named DBE explaining why the DBE Subcontractor cannot perform the work. A copy of the original DBE's release must be attached to the Contractor's written request to substitute/replace/terminate along with appropriate Subcontract Forms for the substitute/replacement/terminated Subcontractor, all of which must be submitted to the DBE Coordinator and approved, in advance, by MDOT.

#### **GOOD FAITH EFFORTS**

To demonstrate good faith efforts to replace any DBE that is unable to perform successfully, the Contractor must document steps taken to subcontract with another certified DBE Contractor. Such documentation shall include no less than the following:

(a) Proof of written notification to certified DBE Contractors <u>by certified mail</u> that their interest is solicited in subcontracting the work defaulted by the previous DBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.

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- (b) Efforts to negotiate with certified DBE Contractors for specific items shall include as a minimum:
  - (1) The name, address, and telephone number of each DBE contacted;
  - (2) A description of the information provided about the plans and specifications for those portions of the work to be subcontracted; and
  - (3) A statement of why agreements were not reached.
- (c) For each DBE contacted that was rejected as unqualified, the reasons for such conclusion.
- (d) Efforts made to assist each DBE that needed assistance in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.

Failure of the Contractor to demonstrate good faith efforts to replace a DBE Subcontractor that cannot perform as intended with another DBE Subcontractor, when required, shall be a breach of contract and may be just cause to be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 12 months after notification by certified mail.

# PARTICIPATION / DBE CREDIT

Participation shall be counted toward meeting the goal in this contract as follows:

- (1) If the Prime Contractor is a certified DBE firm, only the value of the work actually performed by the DBE Prime can be counted towards the project goal, along with any work subcontracted to a certified DBE firm.
- (2) If the Contractor is not a DBE, the work subcontracted to a certified DBE Contractor will be counted toward the goal.
- (3) The Contractor may count toward the goal a portion of the total dollar value of a contract with a joint venture eligible under the standards of this provision equal to the percentage of the DBE partner in the joint venture.
- (4) Expenditures to DBEs that perform a commercially useful function may be counted toward the goal. A business is considered to perform a commercially useful function when it is responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work and carries out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved.

(5) The Contractor may count 100% of the expenditures for materials and supplies obtained from <u>certified</u> DBE suppliers and manufacturers that produce goods from raw materials or substantially alters them for resale provided the suppliers and manufacturers assume the actual and contractual responsibility for the provision of the materials and supplies. The Contractor may count <u>60 percent</u> of the expenditures to suppliers that <u>are not manufacturers</u>, provided the supplier performs a commercially useful function in the supply process. Within 30 days after receipt of the materials, the Contractor shall furnish to the DBE Coordinator invoices from the certified supplier to verify the DBE goal.

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- (6) Any work that a certified DBE firm subcontracts or sub-subcontracts to a non-DBE firm <u>will not</u> count towards the DBE goal.
- (7) Only the dollars <u>actually paid</u> to the DBE firm may be counted towards the DBE goal.

# AWARD

Award of this contract to the low bidder will be contingent upon the following conditions:

- (1) Concurrence from Federal Highway Administration, when applicable.
- (2) Bidder must submit to the Contract Administration Division for approval, Form OCR-481 (DBE Commitment) no later than the 10th day after opening of the bids, or submit information with the bid proposal to satisfy the Department and that adequate good faith efforts have been made to meet the contract goal.
- (3) Bidder must submit <u>with the bid proposal</u> a list of all firms that submitted quotes for material supplies or items to be subcontracted. This information must be submitted on form OCR-485 in the back of the contract proposal.

Prior to the start of any work, the bidder must notify the Project Engineer, in writing, of the name of the designated "DBE Liaison Officer" for this project. This notification must be posted on the bulletin board at the project site.

# **DEFAULT**

The <u>contract goal established</u> by MDOT in this proposal must be met to fulfill the terms of the contract. The Contractor may list DBE Subcontractors and items that exceed MDOT's contract goal, but should unforeseen problems arise that would prevent a DBE from completing its total commitment percentage, the Contractor <u>will</u> meet the terms of the contract as long as it <u>meets</u> or <u>exceeds MDOT's Contract Goal</u>. For additional information, refer to "Replacement" section of this Notice.

#### **DBE REPORTS**

(1) OCR-481: Refer to "<u>CONTRACT GOAL</u>" section of this Notice to Bidders for information regarding this form.

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- (2) OCR-482: At the conclusion of the project the Contractor will submit to the Project Engineer for verification of quantities and further handling Form OCR-482 whereby the Contractor certifies to the amounts of payments made to each Contractor / Supplier. The Project Engineer shall submit the completed Form OCR-482 to the DBE Coordinator (Office of Civil Rights). Final acceptance of the project is dependent upon Contract Administration Division's receipt of completed Form OCR-482 which they will receive from the Office of Civil Rights.
- (3) OCR-483: The Project Engineer/Inspector will complete Form OCR-483, the Commercially Useful Function (CUF) Performance Report, in accordance with MDOT S.O.P. No. OCR-03-09-01-483. Evaluations reported on this form are used to determine whether or not the DBE firm is performing a CUF. The Prime Contractor should take corrective action when the report contains any negative evaluations. DBE credit may be disallowed and/or other sanctions imposed if it is determined the DBE firm is not performing a CUF. This form should also be completed and returned to the DBE Coordinator (Office of Civil Rights).
- (4) OCR-484: Each month, the Contractor will submit to the Project Engineer OCR-484 certifying payments to all Subcontractors.
- (5) OCR-485: The bidder must submit <u>with the bid proposal</u> a list of all firms that submitted quotes for material supplies or items to be subcontracted.
- (6) OCR-487: Only used by Prime Contractors that are certified DBE firms. This form is used in determining the exact percentage of DBE credit for the specified project. It should be returned to MDOT with the OCR-481 form, or can also be returned with the Permission to Subcontract Forms (CAD-720 or CAD-725).

#### **SANCTIONS**

The Department has the option to enforce any of the following penalties for failure of the Prime Contractor to fulfill the DBE goal as stated on the OCR-481 form or any violations of the DBE program guidelines:

- (1) Disallow credit towards the DBE goal
- (2) Withhold progress estimate payments
- (3) Deduct from the final estimate an amount equal to the unmet portion of the DBE goal

(4) Recover an amount equal to the unmet contract goal

- (5) Debar the Contractor involved from bidding on Mississippi Department of Transportation projects.
- (6) Deduct from the Contractor's final estimate all or any combination of the following.

	Percentage of the monetary	
	amount disallowed	
Offense	from (1) above	Lump Sum
#1	10%	\$ 5,000 or both
# 2	20%	\$ 10,000 or both
# 3	40%	\$ 20,000 & debarment

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 883

CODE: (IS)

# DATE: 04/28/2006

# **SUBJECT:** Payroll Requirements

Bidders are hereby advised that the Contractor and Subcontractor(s) are required to submit payroll information to the Project Engineers on a weekly basis.

On Federal-Aid Projects, CAD-880, CAD-881 and certified payroll submissions are required each week the Contractor or a Subcontractor performs work on the project. This is addressed in Section V, page 6 of Form FHWA-1273.

On State-Funded Projects, CAD-880 is required each week the Contractor or a Subcontractor performs work on the project.

When no work is performed on either Federal-Aid and State-Funded Projects, the Contractor should only submit CAD-880 showing no work activities.

The Contractor shall make all efforts necessary to submit this information to the Project Engineer in a timely manner. The Engineer will have the authority to suspend the work wholly or in part and to withhold payments because of the Contractor's failure to submit the required information. Submission of forms and payrolls shall be current through the first full week of the month for the estimate period in order for the Project Engineer to process an estimate.

Bidders are advised to review the requirements regarding payroll submissions in Section 110 of the Standard Specifications.

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 927

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 04/19/2006

# SUBJECT: Use of Fly Ash in Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA)

Bidders are hereby advised that it is not the intent of the Department to disallow the use of fly ash in Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA). Therefore, the last sentence of of Subsection 703.06.1.2 on page 614 in the 2004 Mississippi Standard Specifications that reads "Fly ash shall not be used in hot mix asphalt pavements" is not applicable for Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA).

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1405

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 03/15/2007

# SUBJECT: ERRATA AND MODIFICATIONS TO THE 2004 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

Page	Subsection	Change
101	201.01	In the second sentence of the first paragraph, change "salvable" to "salvageable".
107	202.04	In the fourth sentence of the fourth paragraph, change "yard" to "feet".
107	202.05	In the list of units measurements for 202-B, add "square foot".
132	211.03.4	In the second sentence of the second paragraph, change "planted" to "plated".
192	306.02.4	In the first line of the first paragraph, delete the word "be".
200	307.03.7	In the fourth sentence of the second paragraph, change "lime-fly ash" to "treated".
236	401.01	Change the header from "Section 403" to "Section 401".
242	401.02.3.2	In the first sentence of the third full paragraph, add "1/8" in the blank before the inch mark.
250	401.02.6.3	In the second sentence of the first paragraph on page 250, change "rutting over " "to "rutting over 1/8" ".
253	401.02.6.4.2	In the paragraph preceding the table, change "91.0" to "89.0".
259	401.03.1.4	In the first paragraph, change "92.0 percent" to "the specified percentage (92.0 or 93.0)".
269	403.03.2	In the table at the top of page 269, change the PI requirement from "=" to " $\leq$ ".

278	404.04	In the second sentence, change the subsection from "401.04" to "403.04".
283	409.02.2	Change "PG 64-22" to "PG 67-22".
294	413.02	In the first sentence of the second paragraph, change "707.02.1.3" to "Subsection 707.02.1.3".
340	511.04	In the second sentence of the second paragraph, change "412" to "512".
349	601.03.3	In the first sentence, change "804.03.2" to "804.03.5".
355	603.02	Change the subsection reference for Joint mortar from "707.03" to "714.11".
369	604.04	In the first sentence, change "601.04" to "Subsection 601.04".
427	619.04	Delete the second paragraph.
442	625.04	In the third paragraph, change "626.04" to "Subsection 626.04".
444	626.03.1.2	Delete the third sentence of the first paragraph.
464	631.02	Change the subsection reference for Water from "714.01.0" to "714.01.1".
570	682.03	Change the subsection number from "682-03" to "682.03".
575	683.10.4	Change the subsection number from "683.10.4" to "683.04".
575	683.10.5	Change the subsection number from "683.10.5" to "683.05".
596	701.02	In the table under the column titled "Cementations material required", change Class F, FA" to "Class F FA,".
603	702.11	In the first sentence, change "702.12" to "Subsection 702.12".
612	703.04.2	In the fifth paragraph, delete "Subsection 703.11 and".
616	703.07.2	In the Percentage By Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves table, change the No. 10 requirement for Class 7 material from "30 - 10" to "30 - 100".

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618 703.13.1 In the first sentence of the first paragraph, change "703.09" to "703.06".

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- 618 703.13.2 In the first sentence, change "703.09" to "703.06".
- 671 712.06.2.2 In the first sentence, change "712.05.1" to "Subsection 712.05.1".
- 689 714.11.2 In the first sentence, change "412" to "512".
- 709 715.09.5 In the first sentence of the first paragraph, change "guage" to "gauge".
- 717 717.02.3.4 In the top line of the tension table, change "1 1/2" to "1 1/8" and change "1 1/8" to "1 1/2".
- 741 720.05.2.2 In the last sentence of this subsection, change "720.05.2.1" to "Subsection 720.05.2.1".
- 827 803.03.2.3.7.5.2 In the first sentence of the second paragraph, change "803.03.5.4" to "803.03.2.3.4".
- 833 803.03.2.6 In the first sentence, change "803.03.7" to "803.03.2.5".
- 854 804.02.11 In the last sentence of the first paragraph, change "automatically" to "automatic".
- 859 804.02.13.1.3 In the last sentence, change Subsection "804.02.12.1" to "804.02.12".
- 879 804.03.19.3.2 In the first sentence of the third paragraph, change "listed on of Approved" to "listed on the Approved".
- 879 804.03.19.3.2 In the last sentence of the last paragraph, change "804.03.19.3.1" to "Subsection 804.03.19.3.1".
- 962 814.02.3 In the first sentence, change "710.03" to "Subsection 710.03".
- 976 820.03.2.1 In the first sentence, change "803.02.6" to "803.03.1.7".
- 976 820.03.2.2 In the first sentence, change "803.03.9.6" to "803.03.1.9.2".
- 985 Index Change the subsection reference for Petroleum Asphalt Cement from "702.5" to "702.05".

985	Index	Change the subsection reference for the Definition of Asphaltic Cement or Petroleum Asphalt from "700.2" to "700.02".
985	Index	Change the subsection reference for Automatic Batchers from "501.03.2.4" to "804.02.10.4".
986	Index	Delete "501.03.2" as a subsection reference for Batching Plant & Equipment.
988	Index	Change the subsection reference for the Central Mixed Concrete from "501.03.3.2" to "804.02.11".
988	Index	Change the subsection reference for the Concrete Batching Plant & Equipment from "501.03.2" to "804.02.11".
999	Index	Delete "501.03.3.3" as a subsection reference for Truck Mixers.
1001	Index	Change the subsection reference for Edge Drain Pipes from "605.3.5" to "605.03.5".
1002	Index	Change the subsection reference for Metal Posts from "713.05.2" to "712.05.2".
1007	Index	Change the subsection reference for Coarse Aggregate of Cement Concrete Table from "703.3" to "703.03".
1007	Index	Change the subsection reference for Composite Gradation for Mechanically Stabilized Courses Table from "703.8" to "703.08".
1009	Index	Delete "501.03.3.3" as a subsection reference for Truck Mixers and Truck Agitators.
1010	Index	Delete reference to "Working Day, Definition of".

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# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1808

CODE: (IS)

# DATE: 09/09/2008

# SUBJECT: Safety Apparel

Bidders are advised that the Code of Federal Regulations CFR 23 Part 634 final rule was adopted November 24, 2006 with an effective date of November 24, 2008. This rule requires that "All workers within the right-of-way of a Federal-Aid Highway who are exposed either to traffic (vehicles using the highway for the purposes of travel) or to construction equipment within the work area shall wear high-visibility safety apparel". High-visibility safety apparel is defined in the CFR as "personnel protective safety clothing that is intended to provide conspicuity during both daytime and nighttime usage, and that meets the Performance Class 2 or 3 requirements of the ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 publication entitled American National Standard for High-Visibility Safety Apparel and Headwear". All workers on Mississippi State Highway right-of-way shall comply with this Federal Regulation. Workers are defined by the CFR as "people on foot whose duties place them within the right-of way of a Federal-Aid Highway, such as highway construction and maintenance forces, survey crews, utility crews, responders to incidents within the highway right-of-way, and law enforcement personnel when directing traffic, investigating crashes, and handling lane closures, obstructed roadways, and disasters within the right-of-way of a Federal-Aid Highway".

You can access this final rule at the following link:

http://a257.g.akamaitech.net/7/257/2422/01jan20061800/edocket.access.gpo.gov/2006/pdf/E6-19910.pdf

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1928

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 04/14/2008

# SUBJECT: Federal Bridge Formula

Bidders are hereby advised that Federal Highway Administration Publication No. FHWA-MC-94-007, **BRIDGE FORMULA WEIGHTS**, dated January 1994, is made a part of this contract when applicable.

Prior to the preconstruction conference, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer, in writing, what materials, if any, will be delivered to the jobsite via Interstate route(s).

Copies of the **BRIDGE FORMULA WEIGHTS** publication may be obtained by contacting:

Federal Highway Administration 400 7<sup>th</sup> Street, SW Washington, DC 20590 (202) 366-2212

or

http://ops.fhwa.dot.gov/freight/sw/brdgcalc/calc\_page.htm

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2239

CODE: (SP)

#### DATE: 01/06/2009

#### SUBJECT: Department of Labor Ruling

On December 19, 2008 the U.S. Department of Labor issued a final rule revising their regulations in 29 CFR Parts 3 and 5. This rule takes effect for all Federal funded contracts awarded after January 19, 2009.

The primary change in the rule is a provision that requires Contractors to limit the amount of personal information on the weekly payroll submissions. Personal addresses and full social security numbers may no longer be used. Contractors must use an "... individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number)." Form FHWA-1273 - "Required Contract Provisions Federal-aid Construction Contracts" will eventually be revised to reflect this change.

Until the revised is made to FHWA-1273, bidders are advised to disregard any requirement in FHWA-1273 regarding the use of personal addresses and full social security numbers, such as in Section V, Paragraph 2b.

Bidders are also advised that the requirement for maintaining and submitting form FHWA-47, as referenced in FHWA-1273 Section VI, is no longer required on construction projects.

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2382

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 02/12/2009

# SUBJECT: Status of Right-of-Way

Although it is desirable to have acquired all rights-of-way and completed all utility adjustments and work to be performed by others prior to receiving bids, sometimes it is not considered to be in the public interest to wait until each and every such clearance has been obtained. The bidder is hereby advised of possible unacquired rights-of-way, relocatees and utilities which have not been completed.

The status of right-of-way acquisition, utility adjustments, encroachments, potentially contaminated sites and asbestos containation are set forth in the following attachments.

In the event right of entry is not available to <u>ALL</u> parcels of right-of-way and/or all work that is to be accomplished by others on the date set forth in the contract for the Notice to Proceed is not complete, the Department will issue a restricted Notice to Proceed.

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# STATUS OF RIGHT-OF-WAY IM-0020-01(165) 103914-303000 I-20 FROM EDWARDS TO NATCHEZ TRACE HINDS COUNTY November 3, 2011

All rights of way and legal rights of entry have been acquired except:

<u>NONE</u>.

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#### ASBESTOS CONTAMINATION STATUS OF BUILDINGS TO BE REMOVED BY THE CONTRACTOR IM-0020-01(165) 103914-303000 Hinds County October 18, 2011

Reference is made to notices to bidders entitled "Asbestos National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP)" and "Removal of Obstructions".

The following pertinent information is furnished concerning asbestos containing materials (ACMs), if any, found in buildings to be removed by the Contractor.

There is no Right of Way required for this project. There are no buildings to be removed by the contractor.

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#### STATUS OF POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED SITES IM-0020-01(165) 103914-303000 Hinds County October 18, 2011

THERE IS NO RIGHT OF WAY REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT. NO INITIAL SITE ASSESSMENT WILL BE PERFORMED. IF CONTAMINATION ON EXISTING RIGHT OF WAY IS DISCOVERED, IT WILL BE HANDLED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

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# UTILITY STATUS REPORT IM-0020-01(165) 103914303 HINDS COUNTY(IES) November 3, 2011

This is to certify that the above captioned project has been inspected and there are no known utilities in conflict with the project.

Notice To Bidders No. 2382-- Cont'd.

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# ENCROACHMENT CERTIFICATION IM-0020-01(165) 103914303 HINDS COUNTY(IES) November 3, 2011

This is to certify that the above captioned project has been inspected and no encroachments were found.

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2596

CODE: (IS)

# DATE: 05/13/2009

# SUBJECT: DBE Forms, Participation and Payment

Bidders are hereby advised that the participation of a DBE Firm can not be counted towards the Prime Contractor's DBE goal until the amount being counted towards the goal has been paid to the DBE.

Form OCR-482 has been developed to comply with this requirement. Bidders are hereby advised that at the end of the job, the Prime Contractor will submit this form to the Project Engineer before the final estimate is paid and the project is closed out. This form certifies payments to all <u>DBE</u> Subcontractors <u>over the life of the contract</u>.

Form OCR-484 has also been developed to comply with this requirement. Bidders are hereby advised that each month, the Prime Contractors will submit this form to the Project Engineer no later than the last day of each month. This form certifies payments to all Subcontractors and shows all firms even if the Prime Contractor has paid no monies to the firm during that estimate period (negative report). The Project Engineer will attach this form to the monthly estimate before forwarding the estimate to the Contract Administration Division for processing.

Bidders are also advised that Form OCR-485 will be completed by <u>ALL BIDDERS</u> submitting a bid proposal and <u>must be signed and included in the bid proposal package</u>. Failure to include Form OCR-485 in the bid proposal package will cause the Contractor's bid to be considered <u>irregular</u>.

DBE Forms, including Forms OCR-482, OCR-484 and OCR-485, can be obtained from the Office of Civil Rights Division, MDOT Administration Building, 401 North West Street, Jackson, MS, or at <u>www.gomdot.com</u> under *Business, Disadvantaged Enterprise, Applications and Forms for the DBE Program, MDOT Forms.* 

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2818

CODE: (SP)

# DATE: 10/01/2009

# SUBJECT: Non-Quality Control / Quality Assurance Concrete

Bidders are advised that the following pay items will not be accepted based on the Quality Control / Quality Assurance (QC/QA) requirements of Section 804 of the specifications. The acceptance of these pay items will be based on sampling and testing at the project site by MDOT forces. The Contractor is required to submit mix designs to accomplish this work in accordance with Section 804 and perform normal Quality Control functions at the concrete plant. Acceptance will be in accordance with the requirements of 907-601, Structural Concrete, and TMD-20-04-00-000. At the discretion of the Engineer, the Contractor may request that the concrete be accepted based on QC/QA requirements.

<u>Pay Item</u>	Description
221	Paved Ditches
601	Minor Structures - manholes, inlets, catch basins, junction boxes, pipe
	headwalls, and pipe collars.
606	Guardrail Anchors
607	Fence Post Footings
608	Sidewalks
609	Curb and Gutter
614	Driveways
616	Median and Island Pavement
630	Sign Footings, except Overhead Sign Supports

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2858

CODE: (SP)

# DATE: 12/02/2009

# **SUBJECT:** Petroleum Products Base Prices

Bidders are advised that the Notice To Bidders entitled "Monthly Petroleum Products Base Prices" previously included in the proposal documents will no longer be a printed part of the proposal beginning with the January 2010 letting. Monthly petroleum products base prices will be available at the web site listed below. Current monthly prices will be posted to this web site on or before the 15<sup>th</sup> of each month. Bidders are advised to use the petroleum base prices on this web site when preparing their bids. The current monthly petroleum products base prices will be acknowledged by the Bidder and become part of the contract during the execution process.

Monthly Petroleum Products Base Prices can be viewed at:

http://www.gomdot.com/Applications/BidSystem/Home.aspx

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2937

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 01/11/2010

# SUBJECT: Reduced Speed Limit Signs

Bidders are advised that all black and white speed limits signs that are used to reduce the speed limit through construction zones shall be covered or removed during times when the Contractor is not performing work. If the Contractor has a routine daytime operation and is not working at night, the signs shall be covered or removed during the nighttime when there is no work activity.

#### **SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3039**

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 03/23/2010

#### SUBJECT: Alternate Asphalt Mixture Bid Items

Bidders are advised that the asphalt mixture used on this project will be bid as an alternate pay item: Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) or Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA). Bidders must select one of the alternates at the time of bid. The Contractor must use the selected asphalt mixture, HMA or WMA, throughout the entire project.

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3131

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 06/24/2010

### SUBJECT: Temporary Traffic Paint

Bidders are hereby advised that the temporary traffic paint for this project can be waterborne paint as specified in the 2004 Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road and Bridge Construction or fast dry solvent traffic paint meeting the requirements set out in 907-710-1 (Fast Dry Solvent Traffic Paint).

Payment for all temporary traffic paint shall be paid under the appropriate 619 pay items.

When using fast dry solvent traffic stripe, no paint can be sprayed or placed on the ground during set-up or clean-up.

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3242

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 09/21/2010

# SUBJECT: Warm Mix Asphalt

Bidders are advised that MDOT approved products and processes for the production of Warm Mix Asphalt is available at the following MDOT website.

http://www.gomdot.com/Divisions/Highways/Resources/MPL/Home.aspx

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3414

CODE: (SP)

# **DATE:** 02/16/2011

### **SUBJECT: DUNS Requirement for Federal Funded Projects**

Bidders are advised that the Prime Contractor must maintain current registrations in the Central Contractor Registration (<u>http://www.ccr.gov</u>) at all times during this project. A Dun and Bradstreet Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number (<u>http://www.dnb.com</u>) is one of the requirements for registration in the Central Contractor Registration.

Bidders are also advised that the following information needs to be completed and included in the bid documents:

DUNS:	
Company Name:	
Company e-mail address:	
By:	 

# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3425

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 03/01/2011

# **SUBJECT:** Questions Regarding Bidding

Bidders are advised that all questions that arise regarding the contract documents or plans on this project shall be directed to the Construction Division at 601-359-7301.

## SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3581

CODE: (SP)

### DATE: 6/10/2011

# SUBJECT: Storm Water Discharge Associated with Construction Activity (> 5 Acres)

### **PROJECT:** IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303 – Hinds County

A Construction Storm Water General NPDES Permit to discharge storm water associated with construction activity is required.

The Department has acquired Certificate of Permit Coverage <u>MSR-106096</u> under the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality's (MDEQ) Storm Water Large Construction General Permit. Projects issued a certificate of permit coverage are granted permission to discharge treated storm water associated with construction activity into State waters. Copies of said permit, completed Large Construction Notice of Intent (LCNOI), and Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) are on file with the Department.

Prior to the execution of the contract, the successful bidder shall execute and deliver to the Executive Director an original signed copy of the completed Prime Contractor Certification Forms.

Failure of the bidder to execute and file the completed Prime Contractor Certification Forms shall be just cause for the cancellation of the award.

The executed Prime Contractor Certification Forms shall be prima facie evidence that the bidder has examined the permit, is satisfied as to the terms and conditions contained therein, and that the bidder has the primary responsibility for meeting all permit terms including, but not limited to, the inspection and reporting requirements. For this project, the Contractor shall furnish, set up and read, as needed, an on-site rain gauge.

The Contractor shall make inspections in accordance with condition No. S-4, page 22, and shall furnish the Project Engineer with the results of each weekly inspection as soon as possible following the date of inspection. A copy of the inspection form is provided with the packet. The weekly inspections must be documented monthly on the Inspection and Certification Form. The Contractor's representative and the Project Engineer shall jointly review and discuss the results of the inspections so that corrective action can be taken. The Project Engineer shall retain copies of the inspection reports.

The Engineer will have the authority to suspend all work and/or withhold payments for failure of the Contractor to carry out provisions of MDEQ's Storm Water Construction General Permit, the erosion control plan, updates to the erosion control plan, and /or proper maintenance of the BMPs

Upon successful completion of all permanent erosion and sediment controls, accepted and documented by the full maintenance release, the Construction Division shall submit a completed Request for Termination (RFT) of Coverage to the Office of Pollution Control.

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Securing a permit (s) for storm water discharge associated with the Contractor's activity on any other regulated area the Contractor occupies, shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

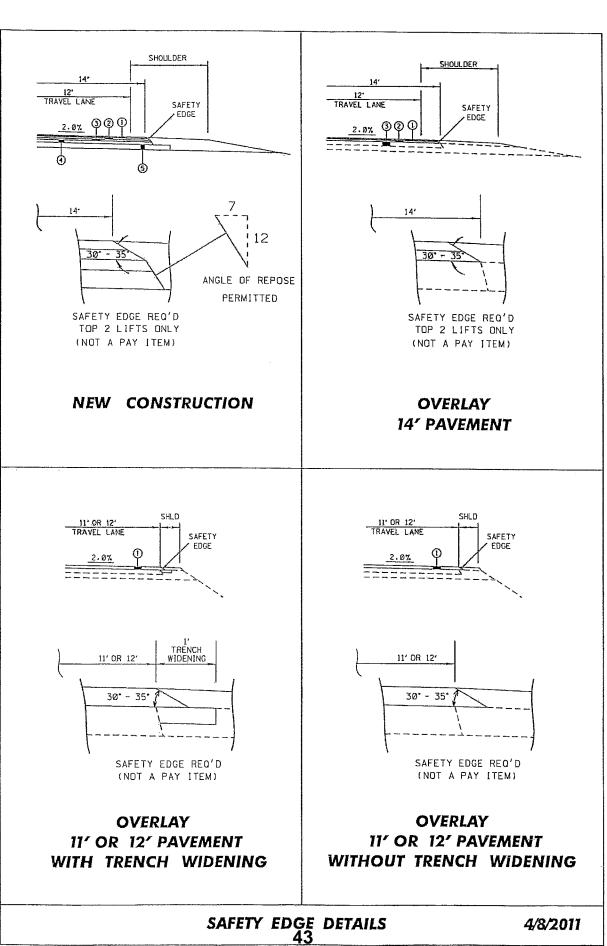
# SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3585

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 06/22/2011

## **SUBJECT:** Safety Edge

Bidders are hereby advised that the Shoulder Wedge (Safety Edge) specified in the Supplement to Special Provision 907-401-2 shall only apply to the top two (2) lifts of asphalt. Attached is a drawing showing the safety edge.



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#### Notice To Bidder No. 3585 -- Cont'd.

## SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3612

## DATE: 08/10/2011

## **SUBJECT:** Additional Erosion Control Requirements

Bidders are hereby advised of the following requirements that relate to erosion control activities on the project.

THE MAXIMUM TOTAL ACREAGE THAT CAN BE DISTURBED, AT ONE TIME, ON THE PROJECT IS NINETEEN (19) ACRES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS PRIOR TO OPENING UP ADDITIONAL SECTIONS OF THE PROJECT. STABILIZED SHALL BE WHEN THE DISTURBED AREA MEETS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

- THE AREA HAS BEEN GRASSED, EITHER TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT, AND MULCHED ACCORDING TO THE SPECIFICATIONS, OR
- A CRUSHED STONE COURSE OR A LIFT OF ASPHALT PAVEMENT HAS BEEN PLACED, OR
- THE AREA HAS BEEN CHEMICALLY TREATED USING PORTLAND CEMENT OR LIME-FLY ASH, AND SEALED.

# DISTURBED AREAS INCLUDE THE ROADBED, SLOPES AND REMAINING AREA OUT TO THE ROW LINE.

<u>Clearing and Grubbing</u>: Prior to beginning any clearing and grubbing operations on the project, controls shall be in place to address areas such as drainage structures, wetlands, streams, steep slopes and any other sensitive areas as directed by the Engineer. Clearing and grubbing should be limited to the minimum area necessary to construct the project. Grubbing operations should be minimized in areas outside the construction limits and stumps should be cut off flush with the existing ground elevations. A buffer area of at least fifteen (15) feet shall be in place adjacent to the right-of-way line and at least five (5) feet adjacent to stream banks. The buffer area can either be the existing vegetation that is left undisturbed or re-established by planting new vegetation if clearing and grubbing was required.

**Unclassified Excavation:** Cut sections shall be graded in accordance with the typical sections and plan grades. Permanent erosion control BMP's should be placed as soon as possible after the cut material has been moved. Fill sections that are completed shall have permanent erosion control BMP's placed. Fill sections that are not completed will be either permanently or temporarily grassed until additional material is made available to complete these sections. All unclassified excavation on the project will still be required to be moved prior to incorporating any borrow excavation on the project. The contractor may have to stockpile unclassified excavation in order to comply with the nineteen (19) acre requirement. No additional compensation will be made for stockpiling operations.

Disturbed areas that remain inactive for a period of more than fourteen (14) days shall be temporary grassed and mulched. Temporary grassing and mulching shall only be paid one time for a given area.

## SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3655

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 10/04/2011

# **SUBJECT:** Type III Barricade Rails

Bidders are advised that the use of 2-inch nominal thickness timber for rails on Type III barricades has not been approved by NCHRP as a crashworthy device. Therefore, the use of 2-inch nominal thickness timbers <u>will not be allowed</u> for rails on Type III Barricades. Timber rails for Type III Barricades shall be as follows.

- For barricades up to four feet (4') wide, the maximum thickness of timber rails shall be one inch (1") and the material shall be pine timber or <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch ACX plywood.
- For barricades more than four feet (4') wide, timber rails shall be constructed of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch ACX plywood.

A list of crashworthy Type III Barricades can be found at the below FHWA website.

http://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/roadway\_dept/policy\_guide/road\_hardware/wzd/

### SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3749

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 04/04/2012

**SUBJECT:** Contract Time

### **PROJECT: IM-0020-01**(165) / 103914303 – Hinds County

The calendar date for completion of work to be performed by the Contractor for this project shall be <u>May 31, 2013</u> which date or extended date as provided in Subsection 907-108.06 shall be the end of contract time. It is anticipated that the Notice of Award will be issued no later than <u>June</u> <u>12, 2012</u> and the effective date of the Notice to Proceed / Beginning of Contract Time will be <u>July 12, 2012</u>.

Should the Contractor request a Notice to Proceed earlier than <u>July 12, 2012</u> and it is agreeable with the Department for an early Notice to Proceed, the requested date will become the new Notice to Proceed / Beginning of Contract Time date.

A progress schedule as referenced to in Subsection 907-108.03 will not be required for this contract.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3750 DATE: 04/24/2012 SUBJECT: Specialty Items PROJECT: IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303 - Hinds County

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108, the following work items are hereby designated as "Specialty Items" for this contract. Bidders are reminded that these items must be subcontracted in order to be considered as specialty items.

#### CATEGORY: FENCE, GATES

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0170	607-A001	31.5" Type"A" Woven Wire Fence, w/ Barbed Wire as Shown
0180	607-B001	60" Type I Chain Link Fence, Class I
0190	607-G115	Gate, 12' x 5' Aluminum
0200	607-P1007	Line Post, 7' x 1 1/2" Galvanized Steel
0210	607-P1013	Line Post, 7' Tee Post Steel
0220	607-P1014	Line Post, 9' Tee Post Steel
0230	607-P1015	Line Post, 10' Tee Post Steel
0240	607-P1016	Line Post, 7' x 4" x 4" Concrete
0250	607-P2001	Brace Post, 8' x 6" Timber
0260	607-P2002	Brace Post, 10' x 6" Timber
0270	607-P2003	Brace Post, 12' x 6" Timber
0280	607-P2004	Brace Post, 8' x 6" x 6" Concrete
0290	607-P2023	Brace Post, 8' x 2" Galvanized Steel

#### CATEGORY: GUARDRAIL, GUIDERAIL

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0090	606-A001	Guard Posts
0100	606-B007	Guard Rail, Class A, Type 1, 'W' Beam, Metal Post
0110	606-C003	Guard Rail, Cable Anchor, Type 1
0120	606-D002	Guard Rail, Bridge End Section, Type C
0130	606-D008	Guard Rail, Bridge End Section, Type H
0140	606-D012	Guard Rail, Bridge End Section, Type I
0150	606-E002	Guard Rail, Terminal End Section, Flared
0160	606-E003	Guard Rail, Terminal End Section, Non-Flared

#### CATEGORY: MISCELANEOUS/ SPECIALTY WORK ITEMS

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0610	907-687-A018	Traffic Recorder Classification Permanent System 4.3 miles West of Natchez Trace Parkway

#### CATEGORY: PAVEMENT STRIPING AND MARKING

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0400	627-H001	Chip Seal Reflective Raised Markers. Two-Way Yellow
0410	627-K001	Red-Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Markers
0420	627-L001	Two-Way Yellow Reflective High Performance Raised Markers
0540	907-626-A003	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Skip White
0550	907-626-C003	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous White
0560	907-626-F003	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous Yellow
0570	907-626-Y002	Thermoplastic Detail Traffic Stripe, White, 6" Equivalent Length, 40-mil. min.
0580	907-626-Y004	Thermoplastic Detail Traffic Stripe, Yellow, 6" Equivalent Length, 40-mil. min.
0590	907-626-Z003	Thermoplastic Legend, White, 6" Equivalent Length, 40-mil. min.
0600	907-626-Z004	Thermoplastic Legend, White, 6" Equivalent Length, 40-mil. min.

#### CATEGORY: SURVEY AND STAKING

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0620	907-699-A002	Roadway Construction Stakes

#### CATEGORY: TRAFFIC CONTROL - TEMPORARY

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0310	619-A1002	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous White
0320	619-A2002	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow
0330	619-A3006	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Skip White
0340	619-A5001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Detail
0350	619-A6001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
0360	619-A6002	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
0370	619-F3003	Delineators, Guard Rail, Yellow
0380	619-F3004	Delineators, Guard Rail, White

- 1 -

# SECTION 904 – NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3751

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 1/9/2012

SUBJECT: Scope of Work

# **PROJECT: IM-0020-01**(165) / 103914303 – Hinds County

The contract documents do not include an official set of construction plans but may, by reference, include some Standard Drawings when so specified in a Notice to Bidders entitled, "Standard Drawings". All other references to plans in the contract documents and Standard Specification for Road and Bridge Construction are to be disregarded.

It should be noted that an omitted section exists on this project. Measuring from the Meridian Speedway Railroad, there will be no work performed 3660 feet west and 2600 feet east in the Eastbound Lanes of Interstate 20, with the exception of the fence work as outlined in Paragraph 9.

Work on the project shall consist of the following:

# <u>INTERSTATE 20</u> <u>MILL AND OVERLAY THE EASTBOUND AND WEST BOUND LANES FROM</u> (LOG MILE 6.276) WEST OF BOLTON TO (LOG MILE 16.737) JUST WEST <u>OF THE NATCHEZ TRACE PARKWAY</u>

- 1. The Contractor shall erect and maintain construction signing, and provide all signs and traffic handling devices in accordance with the Traffic Control Plan (the cost is to be included in the price bid for pay item No. 618-A, Maintenance of Traffic). All traffic control devices on this project should comply with Part VI of the MUTCD (Latest Edition). Fluorescent orange sheeting shall be used on all construction and traffic control signs except for those designated in the plans to be black legend and border on white background. Cones shall be narrow profile with a minimum height of 28 inches and a minimum weight of ten (10) pounds. Cones used in speed zones equal to or greater than 45 miles per hour shall be narrow profile with a minimum height of 28 inches and a minimum weight of fifteen (15) pounds. All cones shall be approved by the engineer prior to use. All drums shall have a two tire rings holding the bottom of the drum. At no time during the scheduling of paving or construction of this project will traffic be allowed to cross a joint or drop off of more than 11/2 inches. Furthermore, at no time will traffic be allowed to travel on a milled surface.
- 2. As per subsection 105.05—Cooperation by Contractor, "The Contractor shall have a competent and experienced full time resident superintendent who is capable of reading and understanding the plans and specifications for the

particular work being performed." Full time resident is defined as on the project at all times when work is being accomplished. The Prime Contractor will provide the name of the superintendent to the Project Engineer and he/she will be on the project at any time the prime Contractors personnel are working as well as any sub-Contractor. If the superintendent for any reason cannot be on the project, a suitable substitute will be named. The substitute's role will then become as the superintendent and he/she will be expected to be on the project. If at any time the prime Contractor does not have a superintendent on the project to direct work, the Project Engineer will have the authority to cease operations of all sub-Contractors.

- 2 -

- 3. Cold Mill the roadway as directed by the Project Engineer. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure the drainage of surface water from the milled areas which may include the use of shoulder cuts. Temporary wedges of full lane width Asphalt shall be placed by the Contractor as directed by the Project Engineer. These wedges shall be maintained in a satisfactory condition by the Contractor until the permanent Asphalt is placed. All costs for placing and maintaining these wedges shall be absorbed in other pay items.
- 4. Overlay the eastbound and westbound lanes of Interstate 20 with 3½ inches and variable of Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) from Log Mile 6.276 to Log Mile 16.737 in Hinds County. This overlay will consist of overlaying the mainline highway. The following construction sequence will be used:

A. The Contractor will set and maintain extended period lane closures of no more than three miles in length. The Contractor will have at least two miles of open interstate between lane closures within the limits of the project.

B. The surface of the median lane will be milled to a depth of 2 inches, for a width of 15.5 feet wide making sure to provide a -2% or appropriate cross slope or appropriate super elevation. The cut on the centerline of the Interstate will be the controlling factor. The drums for this lane closure will be placed on the surface of the old asphalt, not on the milled surface or straddle the joint.

**Note:** In the areas of the curves, the Contractor will level the curves to the proper super elevation rate using 9.5-mm, HT, Asphalt, Leveling mixture before placing the first lift of 12.5-mm Stone Matrix Asphalt. The Contractor will be responsible for surveying the grades of the existing pavement and calculating super elevation rates to include run out, run off, and super elevation for the curves on the project. The Contractor will submit the grades to the Project Engineer for approval and consult the Project Engineer before proceeding with the corrective measures. Payment for this work will be included in the construction staking pay item.

C. The Contractor will place 2 inches of 12.5-mm Stone Matrix Asphalt for a width of 15.5 feet on the newly milled or leveled surface under the same lane closure.

- 3 -

D. Upon completion of this operation, the lane closure will be shifted and traffic will be placed on the new median lane asphalt.

E. The Contractor will mill the surface for a width of 12.5 feet on a -2% or appropriate cross slope or appropriate super elevation for a depth of 2 inches matching the existing cross slope of the surface pavement. Once again, the centerline of the Interstate will be the controlling factor. The Contractor will mill the 10 foot outside shoulder on a -4% or appropriate cross-slope for a depth of 2 inches behind this lane closure also.

**Note:** In the areas of the curves, the Contractor will level the curves to the proper super elevation rate using 9.5-mm, HT, Asphalt, Leveling mixture before placing the first lift of 12.5-mm Stone Matrix Asphalt. The Contractor will be responsible for surveying the grades of the existing pavement and calculating super elevations rates to include run out, run off, and super elevation for the curves on the project. The Contractor will submit the grades to the Project Engineer for approval and consult the Project Engineer before proceeding with the corrective measures. Payment for this work will be included in the construction staking pay item

F. The Contractor will then place 2 inches of 12.5-mm Stone Matrix Asphalt on the milled surface and 12.5-mm, ST, Asphalt on the shoulder utilizing the same lane closure.

G. Upon completion of this operation the Contractor may either choose to continue work in this area and place the surface lift,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches thick, of 9.5-mm Stone Matrix Asphalt, and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches of 9.5mm, ST, Asphalt on the outside shoulder, or move the operation up the interstate and start the construction procedure over. The  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inch surface lift of 9.5-mm Stone Matrix Asphalt will be placed 16-foot wide for the median lane, and 14-foot wide for the outside lane. All Stone Matrix Asphalt will be placed in accordance to all specifications thereof.

H. After all asphalt is laid on the mainline and shoulders, guardrail removed and replaced at the correct height, and rumble strips ground in the correct locations of the pavement, a 1-inch thick riding surface of Open Graded Friction Course (OGFC), 9.5-mm mixture, will be placed 14-foot wide on the travel lanes throughout the project. All current specifications for the OGFC will be applicable. Lane closures will be applicable for proven production during a day's run, but will never exceed five (5) miles. I. Special caution will be taken at all overpass bridges and underpass bridges as to tie into the structure at the proper grade. At the underpass bridge areas milling depths and pavement depths may be adjusted as directed by the engineer as to maintain proper clearance for the interstate system in these areas. Milling depths and asphalt depths may be adjusted to five inches (5") and variable in some places depending on existing clearances. The Contractor will schedule meeting times to discuss these issues with the Project Engineer before performing work in these areas.

- 4 -

J. In the Westbound travel lanes from Log Mile 10.89 to Log Mile 14.337, and in the Eastbound Lanes from Log Mile 10.777 to Log Mile 11.591 and Log Mile 13.542 to Log Mile 14.11, an additional lift of 12.5-mm, HT, Asphalt will be placed before starting the Stone Matrix Asphalt lay down. The Contractor will take all precautions necessary to provide smooth transitions in the areas of the beginning and ending of these additional lifts so the final lifts of asphalt will not reflect these bumps or imperfections. Milling in these areas will be directed by the Project Engineer due to some clearances on bridges and super elevation corrections as listed above.

5. A section of concrete pavement exists in place at approximately log mile 7.1 in the eastbound lane. This section of concrete roadway is 8-inch and variable concrete and will be removed in this contract. The removal of this item will be done under pay item 202-B028, Removal of Concrete Pavement, 8" Depth. This item of work will require the Contractor to place concrete median barriers along the drop off edge of the removal area for the length of the area to include the length required for a proper taper in accordance drawings TCP-2 and LCD-1. In this area, the Contractor will be required to mill and overlay the median lane up through the 12.5-mm asphalt before this work begins. This lane closure will have to be extended in nature and stay in place until the proper drop offs have been achieved by replacing the voided area with a 3-inch lift of 19-mm, ST, asphalt mixture, a 3-inch lift of 19-mm, HT, asphalt mixture, and a 2-inch lift of 12.5-mm Stone Matrix Asphalt mixture. The overlay shall consist of a 1.5-inch lift of 12.5mm Stone Matrix Asphalt, and a 1-inch lift of 9.5-mm Open Graded Friction Course. The cost of the concrete median barriers and all extended lane closure accompanied with this will be absorbed in the concrete removal pay item. An alternate method to the one listed above can be as follows: The Contractor will set up and extended period lane closure using drums or approved equal signs, arrow boards, etc. The Contractor will demolish the existing concrete in place and leave it and the lane closure in place while traffic is traveling in the median lane. Once all the concrete is demolished to the extent it can be hauled off, the Contractor may start the removal of the concrete. Once the Contractor starts the removal process, they cannot leave the project site until the drop off in the removed area is 3 inches or less. The appropriate lane closure will have to stay in place at all times. This work will also be absorbed in the Maintenance of Traffic Pay Item. Before this work is started on the project, it will be the responsibility of the Contractor to inform the Project Engineer which method of construction they will choose.

- 5 -

- 6. Temporary striping shall conform to finished stripe specifications for alignment, reflectivity, straightness, and neatness. Temporary stripe shall be placed daily as needed for safe movement of traffic. Two-way yellow Chip Seal Reflective Raised Markers will be placed in the permanent locations of the Two-Way Yellow Reflective High Performance Raised Markers. All permanent pavement markings are to be hot thermoplastic. Edge lines will be placed using an extrusion head. Glass beads applied to thermoplastic stripe must be placed using an extrusion head. Glass beads applied to thermoplastic shall conform to Subsection 720.01. Beads shall be double dropped Class B, High-Visibility first and then Class A High-Visibility. On all concrete bridges, old traffic stripe shall be removed and replaced with hot thermoplastic. The Contractor will mill a 12-inch rumble strip along the edge of the open graded friction course as directed by the Engineer.
- 7. Raise the existing granular material shoulders to match the pavement elevation by grading existing material and/or placing any needed granular material, all to be bladed and dressed to a finished slope of 4%.

Note: Any existing low shoulders or at any time there is a differential in excess of two inches (2"), the Contractor shall raise the shoulder grade up to the current asphalt grade. The Contractor may pull up existing shoulder material if possible or place new granular material. Incidental work such as removing vegetation, shaping and compacting shoulders and other incidental work that is necessary to complete the work will not be measured for separate payment and the cost will be included in the items bid.

- 8. Raised pavement markers will be placed at 80-foot intervals in tangents and 40foot intervals in curves and in urban limits along the centerline of roadway. Any removal of existing raised pavement markers or rumble bars shall be done before the overlay and shall be considered an absorbed item of work.
- 9. The no access fence will be replaced in the following locations:

#### North Side of Interstate

From the BOP (Log Mile 2.5) to the Bolton Interchange From the Bolton Interchange to the Railroad From the Railroad to the Norrell Road Interchange From the Norrell Road Interchange to the EOP

### South Side of Interstate

From the Norrell Road Interchange to The EOP Approximately 1500 feet West of the Norrell Road Interchange

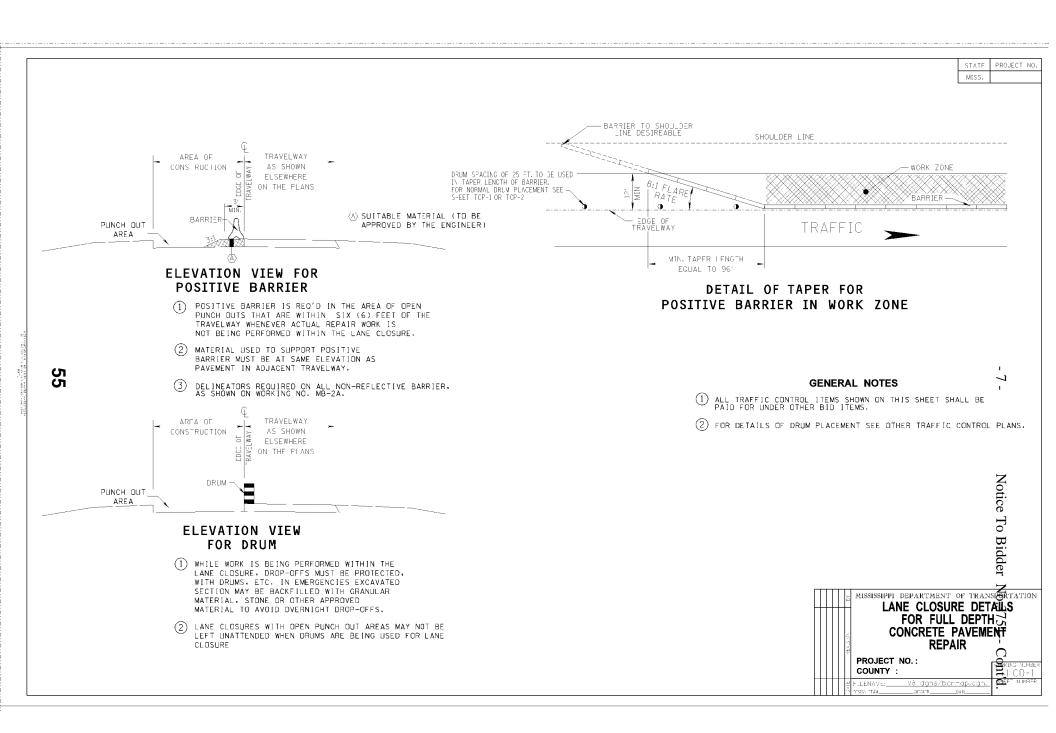
#### From the BOP approximately 3 miles Eastbound

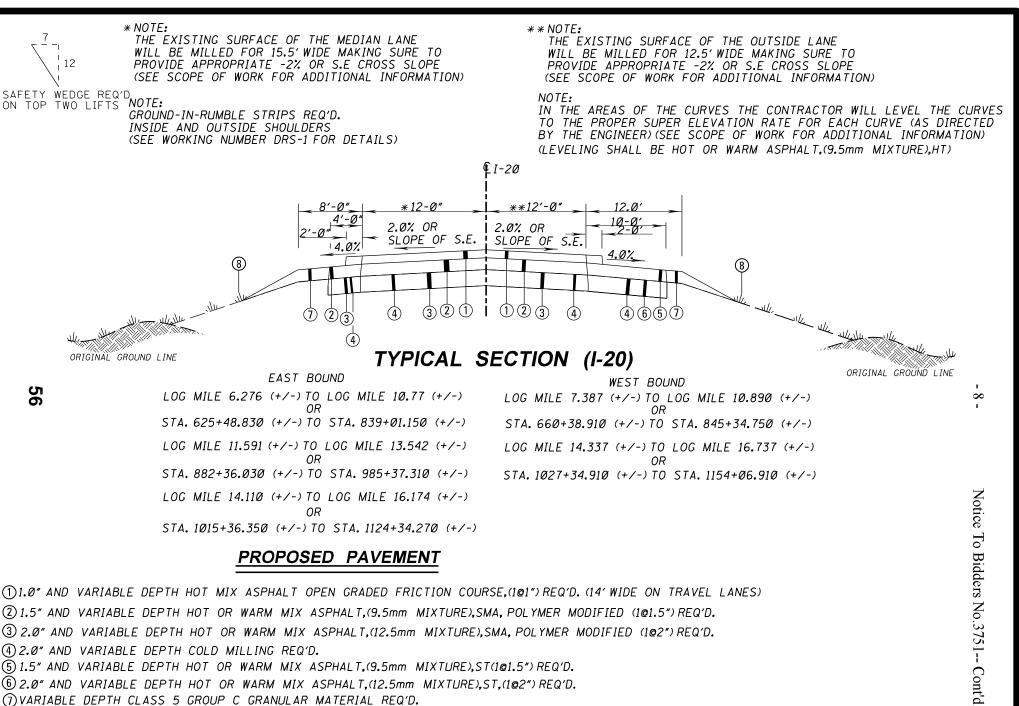
- 6 -

All starting and ending points will be solely the discretion of the Project Engineer. For the purpose of this contract, the fence is not to be replaced through areas with mature timber. All clearing required for the construction of the fence in accordance with the specifications is absorbed in the price of the fencing items. This clearing will be done to create a buffer zone (+/- 10 feet on each side of the fence) so maintenance can mow next to the fence on both sides of the fence. The no access fence in the Norrel Road interchange will not be replaced under this contract. The section of fence listed above from Log Mile 2.5 to the Bolton Interchange is essentially from east of Edwards to the Beginning of Overlay. This work will fall outside of the limits of the overlay construction zone and therefore at minimum a maintenance style shoulder lane closure will be required for this work. The items needed for this lane closure will be included in the Maintenance of Traffic pay item.

**Note:** There are utilities in the area of the fence. The Contractor will use extra caution while doing work in these areas so as to not interrupt utility facilities in any way. Due to the utility issue in the fence repair area, the Contractor will be allowed to grind and mulch, to the ground line, the larger stumps that have to be removed. If spread evenly and thin enough, the Contractor can spray the mulch on the existing slopes in the area. The clearing in the fence removal areas will disturb natural ground. These areas will be random and contain contaminates of clumps of grass, root balls, etc. The Contractor will be responsible for grassing these areas randomly and mulching them as they finish these work areas with the proper seed and fertilize to produce permanent summer grass. The grassing in these areas will not be measured for separate pay, and be absorbed in the price of other contract items.

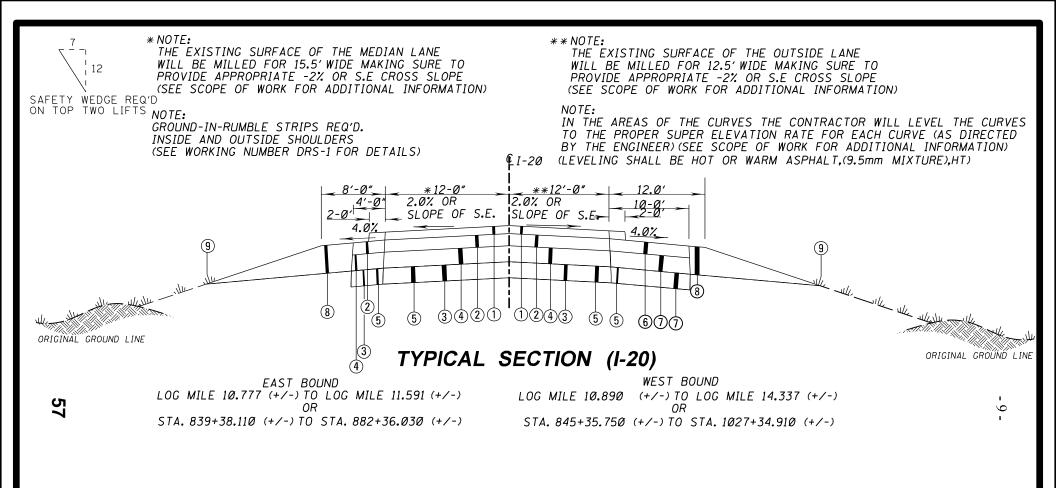
- 10. Remove and reconstruct guardrail as per standard drawings in locations as directed by the Project Engineer. Asphalt pads will be placed under all newly constructed guardrails. The pads will be constructed of 9.5-mm, ST, asphalt mixture at a depth of three inches (3").
  - 11. The Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) material removed by the milling operation shall become the property of the Contractor with the exception of 10,000 tons, or 50% of the total anticipated quantity whichever is less, and shall be delivered to the stockpile area on Highway 51/State Street. Sufficient advance notice shall be given to ensure that MDOT Maintenance personnel will be on hand to direct the delivery. The contractor shall also provide MDOT with an operator and the necessary equipment to stockpile the delivery, the cost of which shall be absorbed.
  - 12. The installation of a Traffic Recorder Classification Permanent System is required. For details, see the sheet entitled "Traffic Recorder Classification Permanent System" as well as Special Provision No. 907-687-15.





(8) SEE VEGETATION SCHEDULE (FOR PAYITEMS) REQ'D.

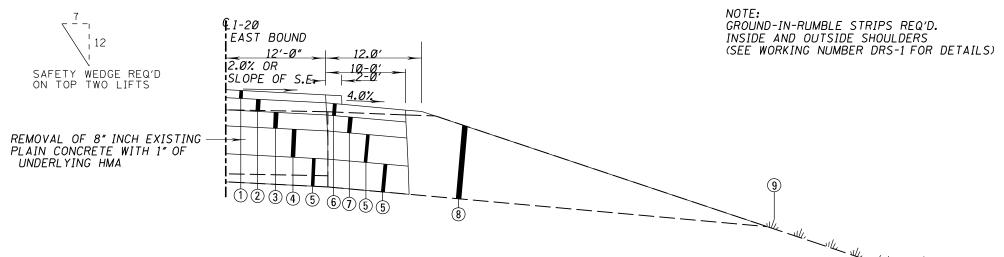
TYPICAL SECTION 1-20 EASTBOUND TS-EWB-1



### PROPOSED PAVEMENT

1.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT MIX ASPHALT OPEN GRADED FRICTION COURSE,(1@1") REQ'D. (14' WIDE ON TRAVEL LANES)
 1.5" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(9.5mm MIXTURE),SMA, POLYMER MODIFIED (1@1.5") REQ'D.
 2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),HT,POLYMER MODIFIED (1@2") REQ'D.
 2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),SMA, POLYMER MODIFIED (1@2") REQ'D.
 2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),SMA, POLYMER MODIFIED (1@2") REQ'D.
 2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),SMA, POLYMER MODIFIED (1@2") REQ'D.
 2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(9.5mm MIXTURE),ST(1@1.5") REQ'D.
 2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(9.5mm MIXTURE),ST(1@1.5") REQ'D.
 3.2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(2.5mm MIXTURE),ST(1@2.5") REQ'D.
 3.2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),ST(1@2.5") REQ'D.
 3.2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(2.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@2") REQ'D.
 3.2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(2.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@2") REQ'D.
 3.2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(2.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@2") REQ'D.
 3.2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(2.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@2") REQ'D.
 3.5.2 VEGETATION SCHEDULE (FOR PAYITEMS) REQ'D.

TYPICAL SECTION I-20 EASTBOUND TS-EWB-2



# TYPICAL SECTION (I-20)

LOG MILE 7.1 (+/-) TO LOG MILE 7.1947 (+/-) OR STA. 645+22.720 (+/-) TO STA. 650+22.720 (+/-) ORIGINAL GROÜND LINE

NOTE:

THIS AREA IS TO RECONSTRUCT 500 FEET OF EXPERIMENTAL 8 INCH PLAIN CONCRETE IN THE OUTSIDE EASTBOUND LANE (APPROOXIMATELY TWO MILES WEST OF BOLTON) (SEE SCOPE OF WORK FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION)

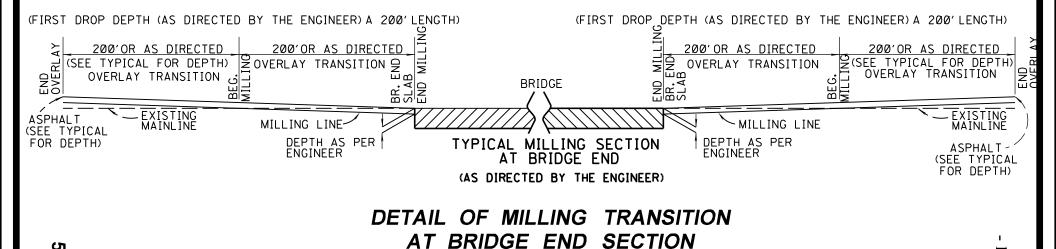
### PROPOSED PAVEMENT

(1)1.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT MIX ASPHALT OPEN GRADED FRICTION COURSE,(1@1") REQ'D. (14' WIDE ON TRAVEL LANES)
(2)1.5" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(9.5mm MIXTURE),SMA, POLYMER MODIFIED (1@1.5") REQ'D.
(3)2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),SMA, POLYMER MODIFIED (1@2") REQ'D.
(4)3.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(19mm MIXTURE),HT,(1@3.0") REQ'D.
(5)3.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(19mm MIXTURE),HT,(1@3.0") REQ'D.
(6)1.5" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(19mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@3.0") REQ'D.
(6)1.5" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(9.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@1.5") REQ'D.
(6)2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@2.") REQ'D.
(9)2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@2.") REQ'D.
(9)2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@2.") REQ'D.
(9)2.0" AND VARIABLE DEPTH HOT OR WARM MIX ASPHALT,(12.5mm MIXTURE),ST,(1@2.") REQ'D.
(9)SEE VEGETATION SCHEDULE (FOR PAYITEMS) REQ'D.

#### NOTE:

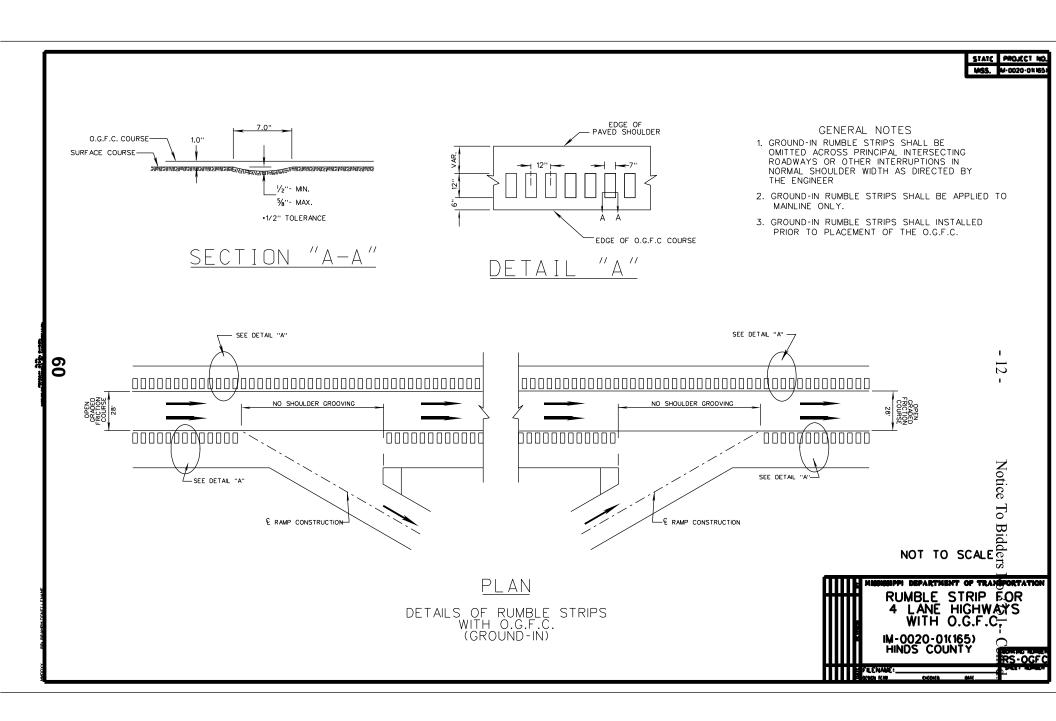
## EITHER SAW CUTTING OR TRANSVERSE MILLING IS REQUIRED AT THE BRIDGE END SLAB TO ENSURE PLACEMENT OF FULL 2" THICK LIFT OF HMA.

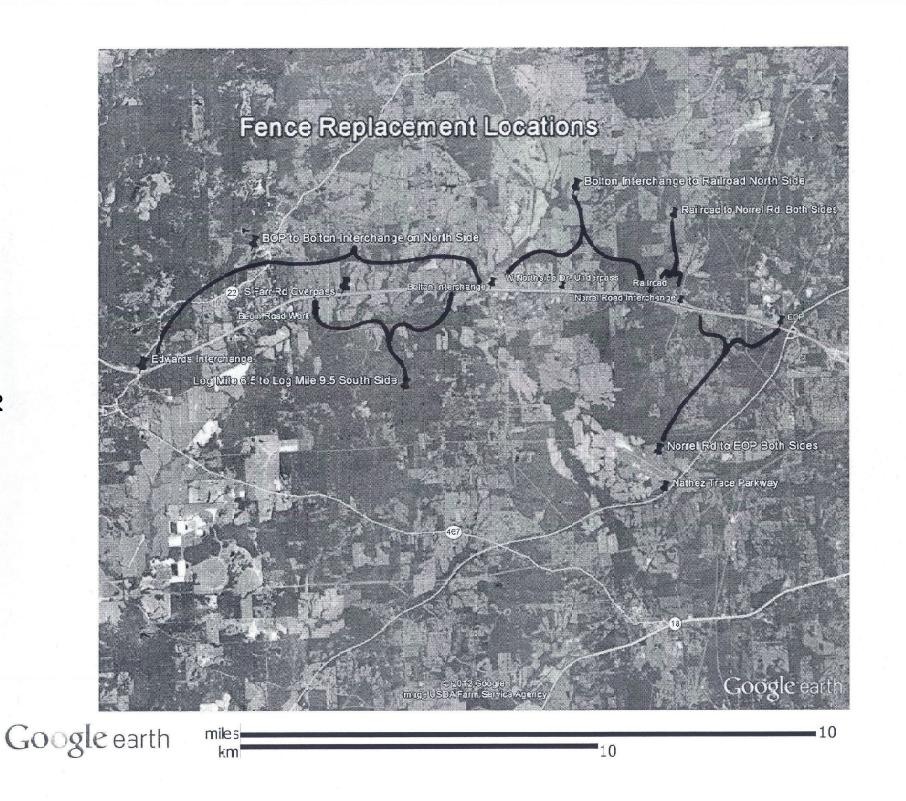
IN ORDER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VERTICAL CLEARANCES AT BRIDGES AND UNDERPASSES MILLING SHALL BE REQUIRED TO THE DEPTH SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.



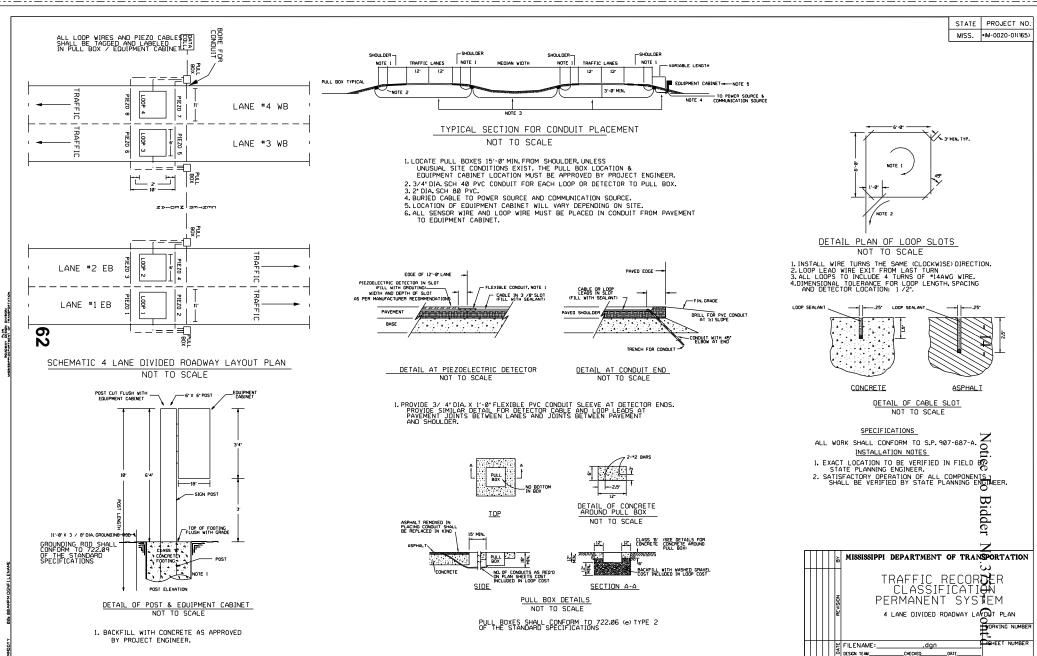
NOTE:

# 59





Notice To Bidders No.3751-- Cont'd.



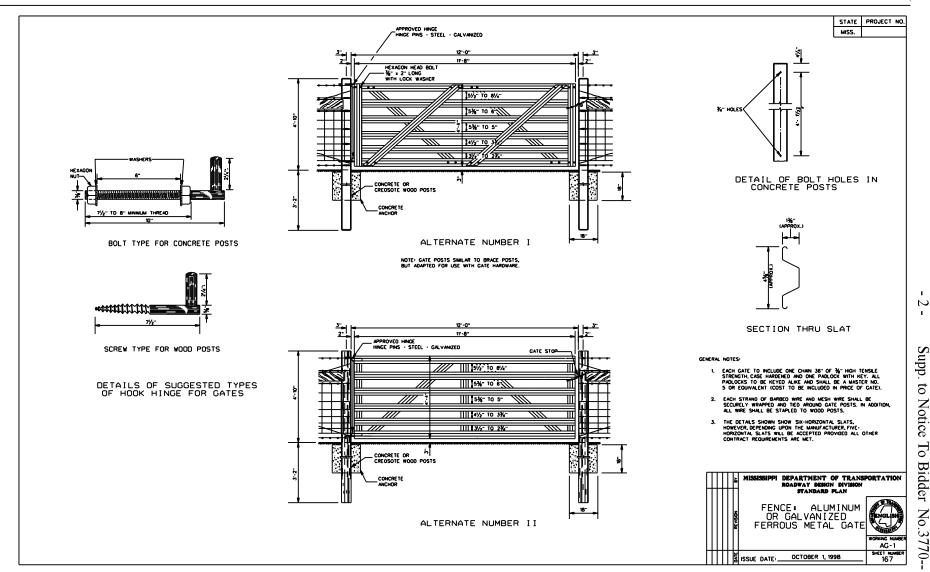
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# SUPPLEMENT TO NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3770

DATE: 01/10/2012

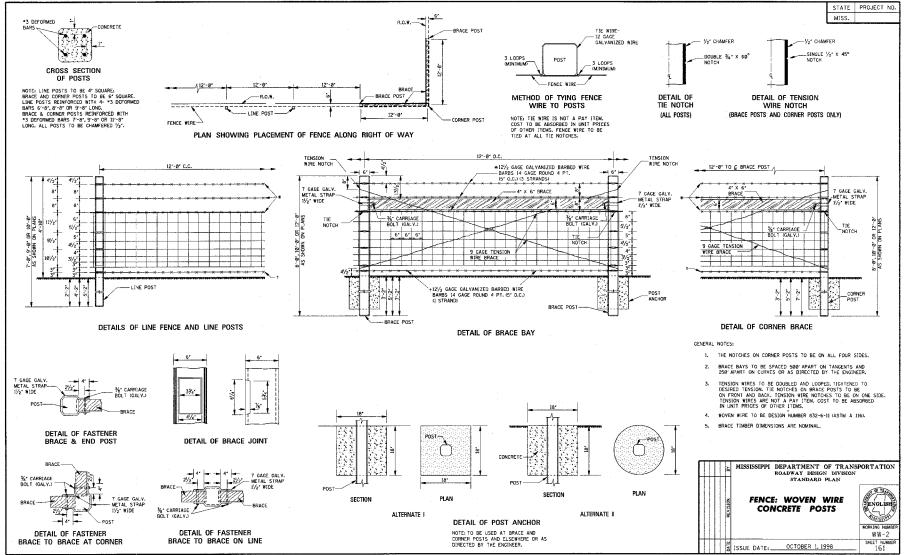
# **PROJECT: IM-0020-01(165)** / **103914303** – **HINDS COUNTY**

After the last drawing on page 19, add the following:



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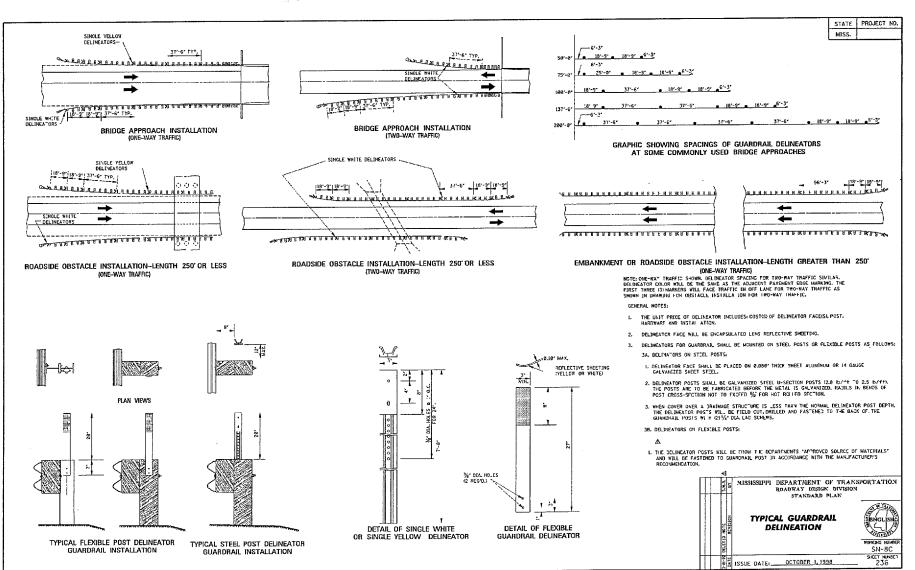
Supp. ಕ Notice To Bidder No .3770---Cont'd.



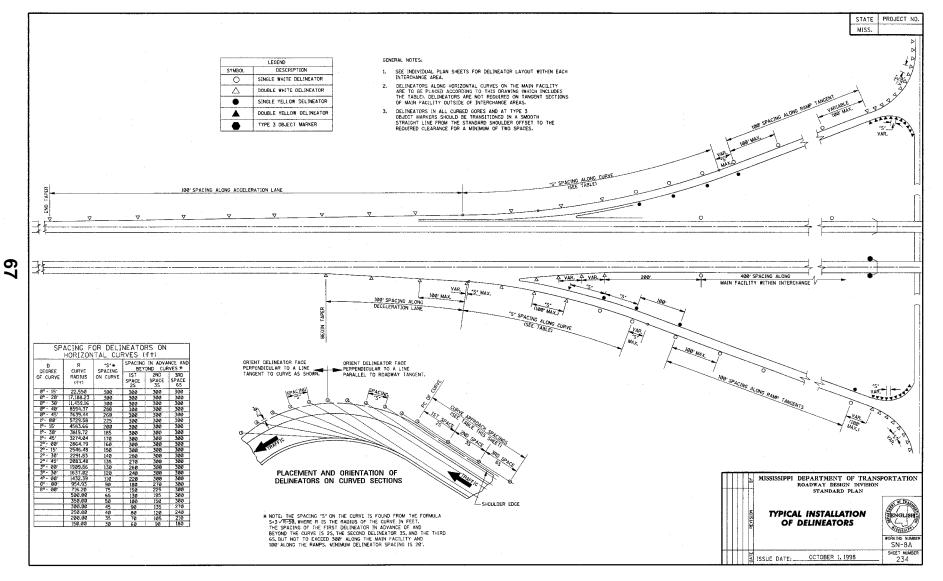
Supp. to Notice To Bidder No.3770-- Cont'd

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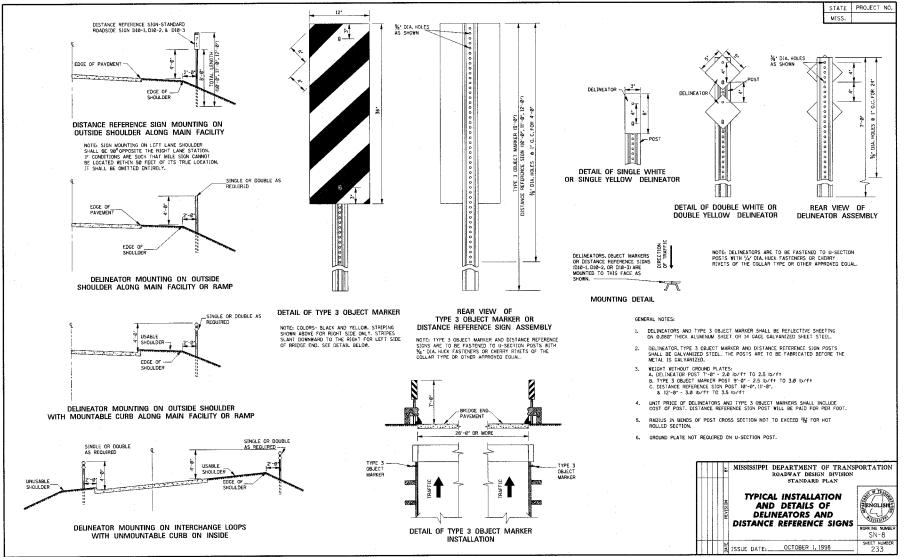
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- Supp. to Notice To Bidder No.3770-- Cont'd.

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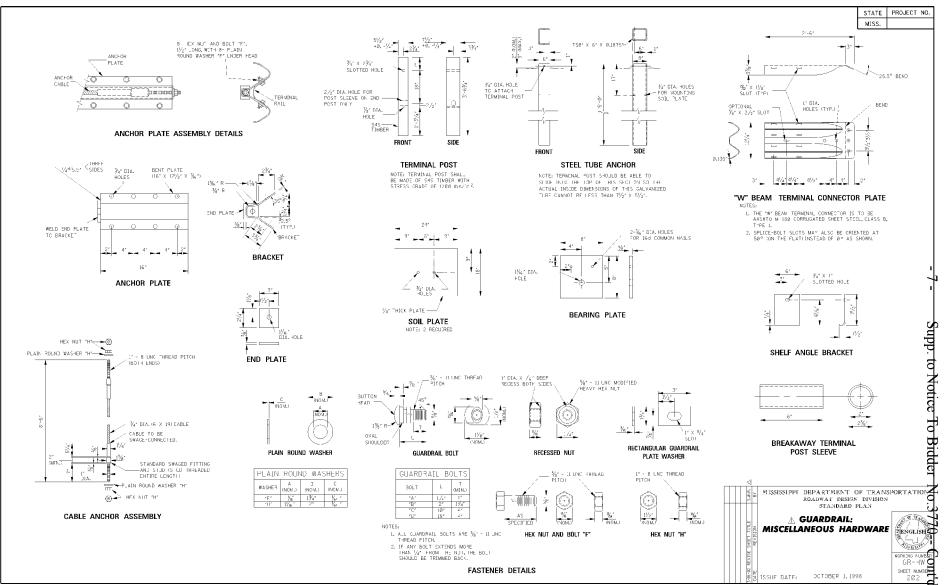
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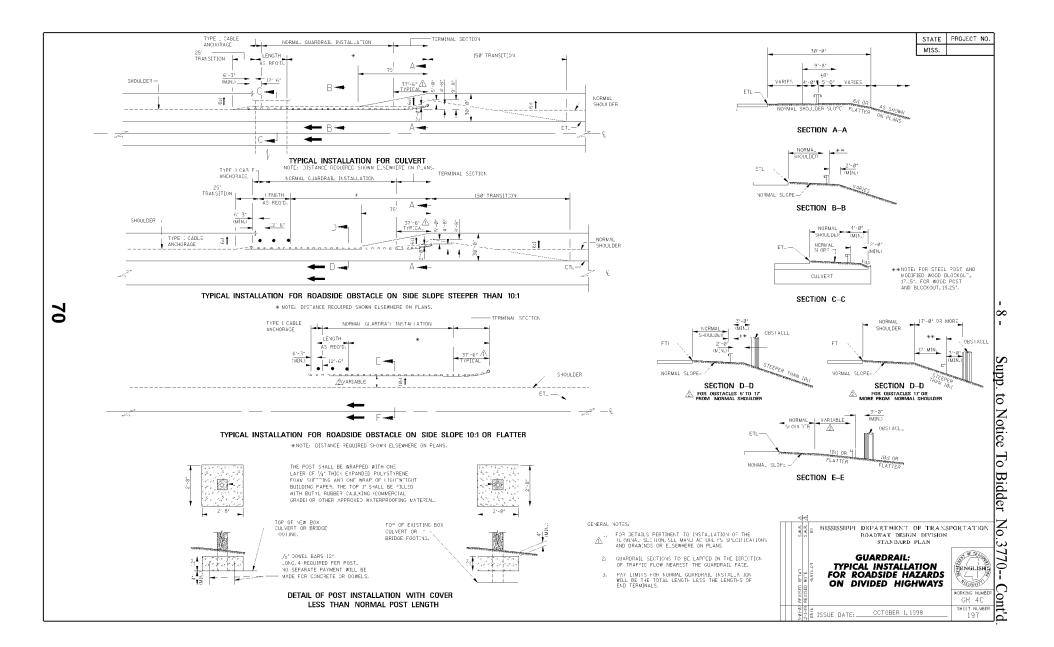


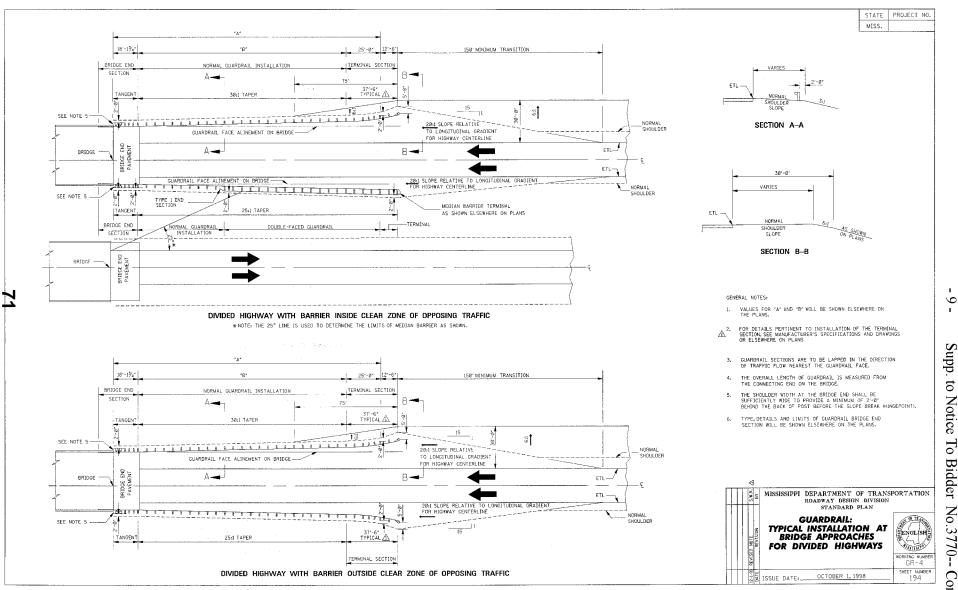
Supp. to Notice To Bidder No.3770-- Cont'd.

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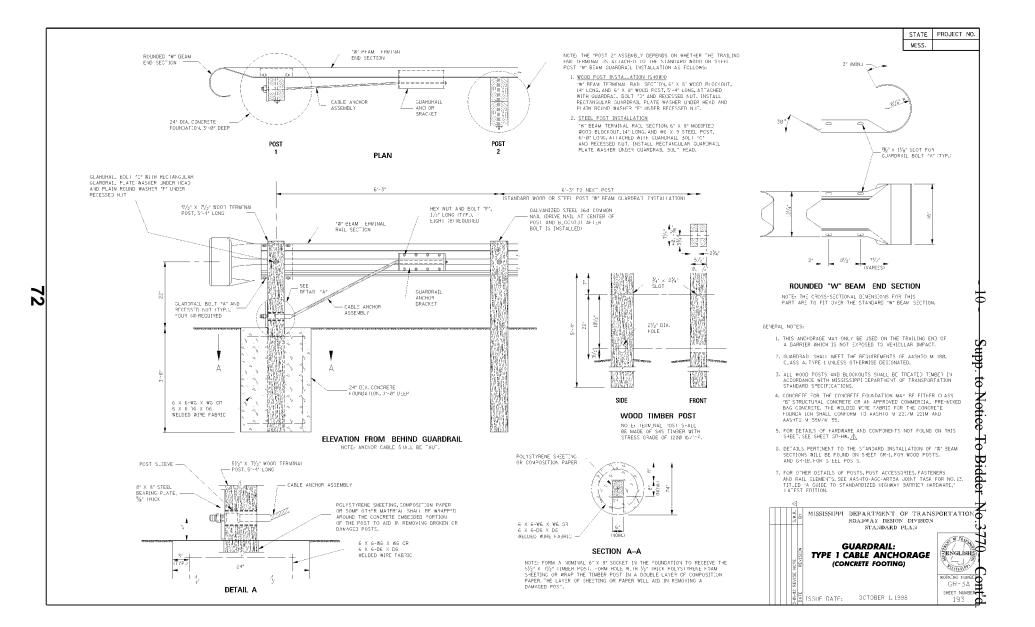
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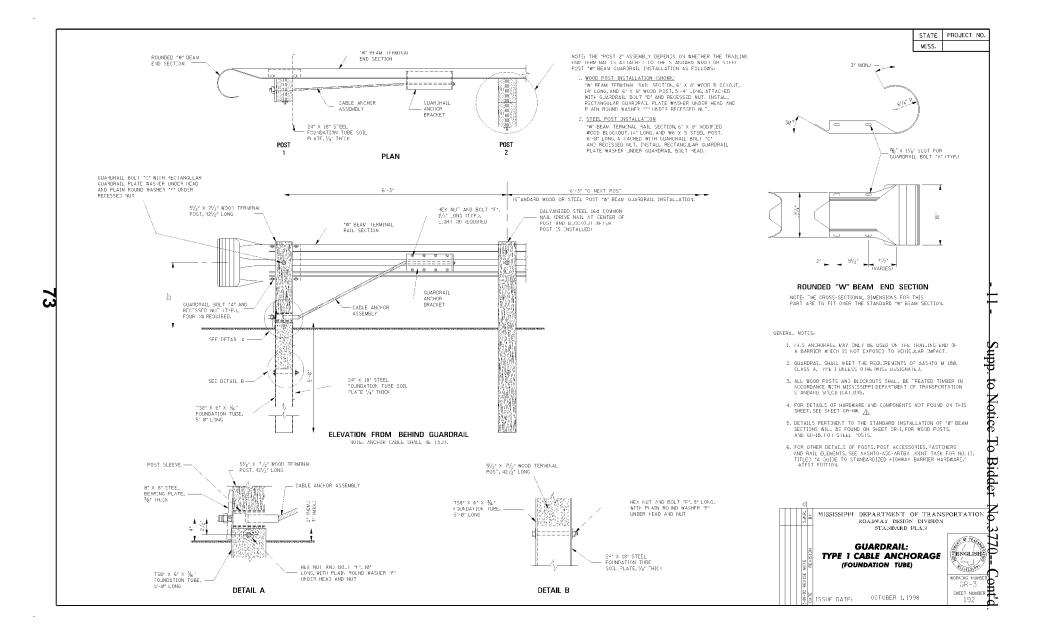


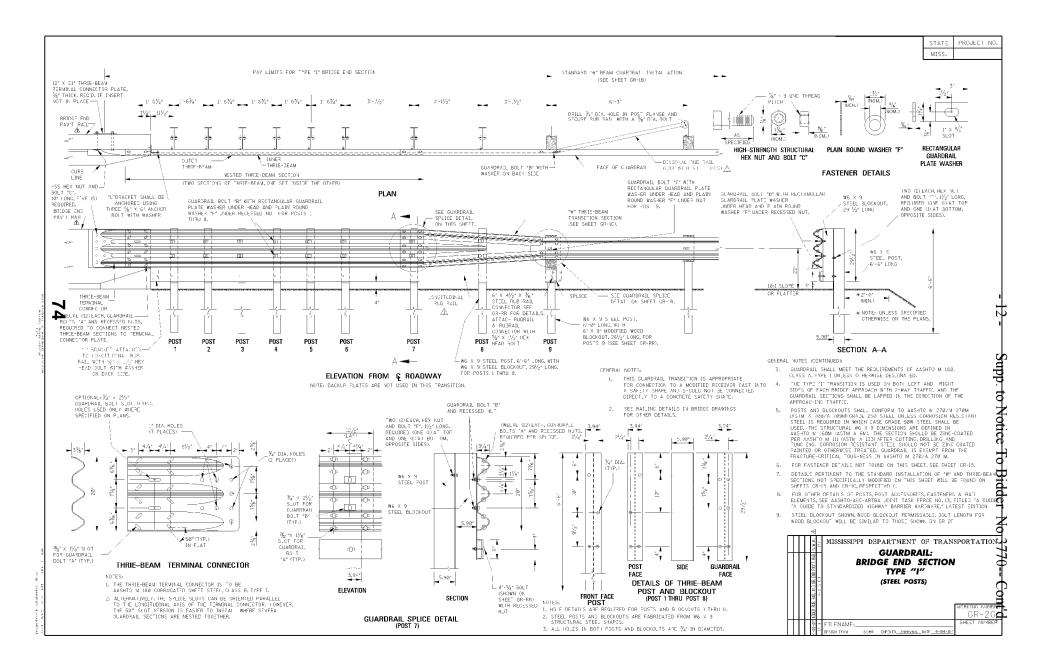


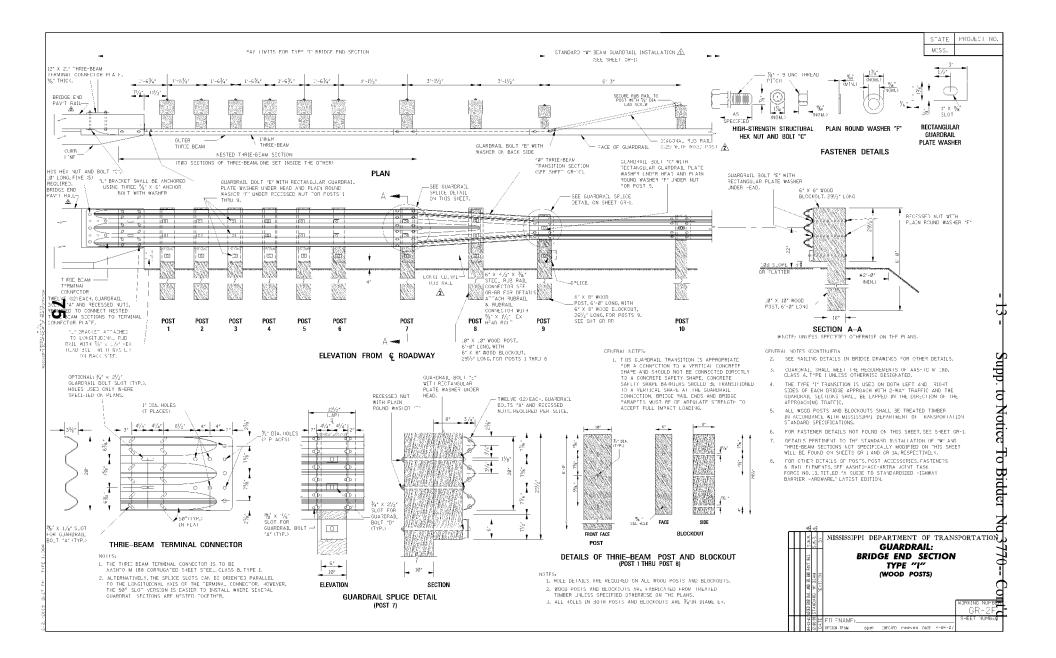


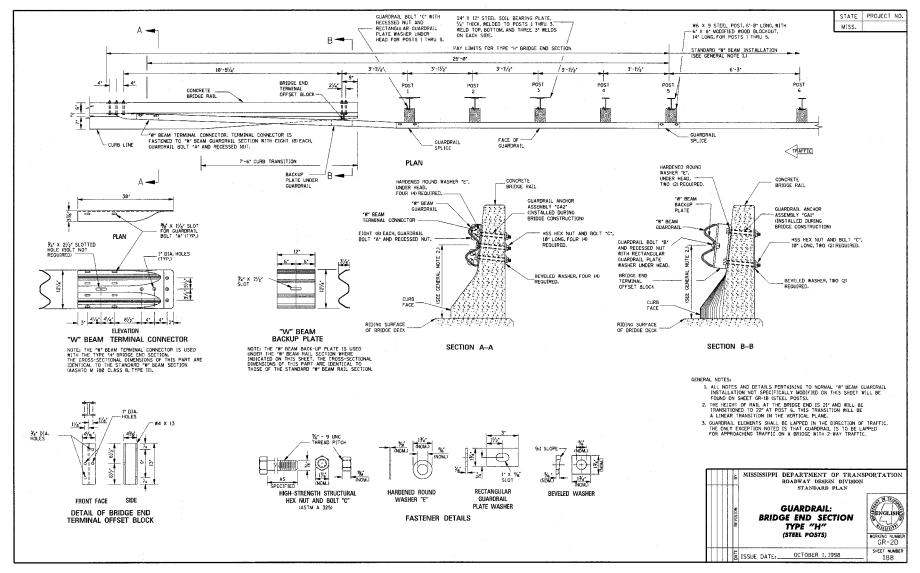
Supp. ಕ Notice To Bidder No .3770---· Cont'd.





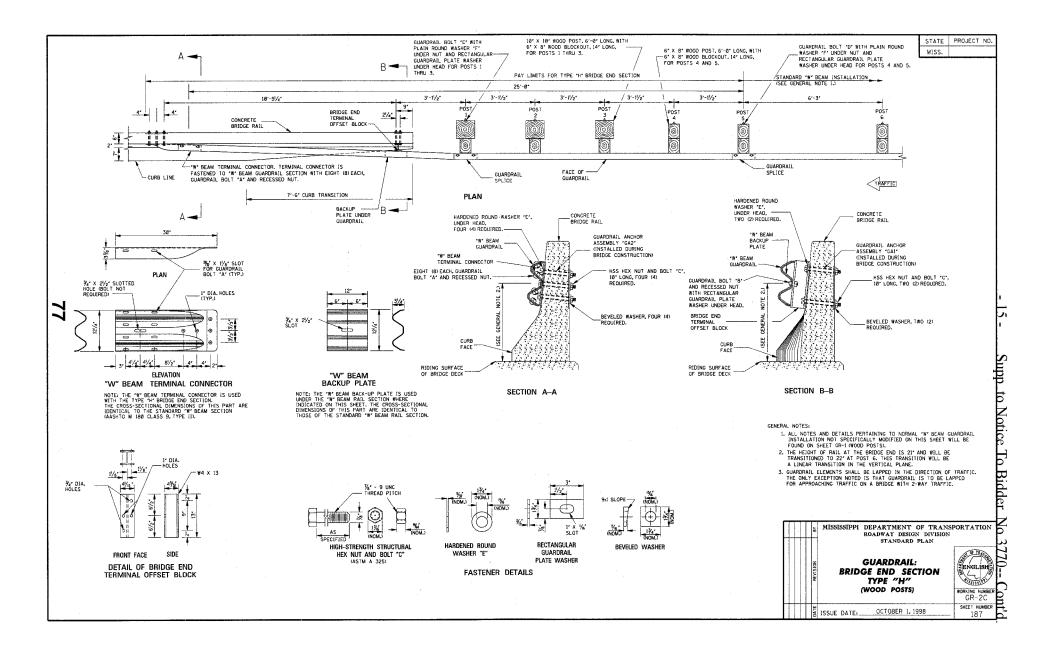


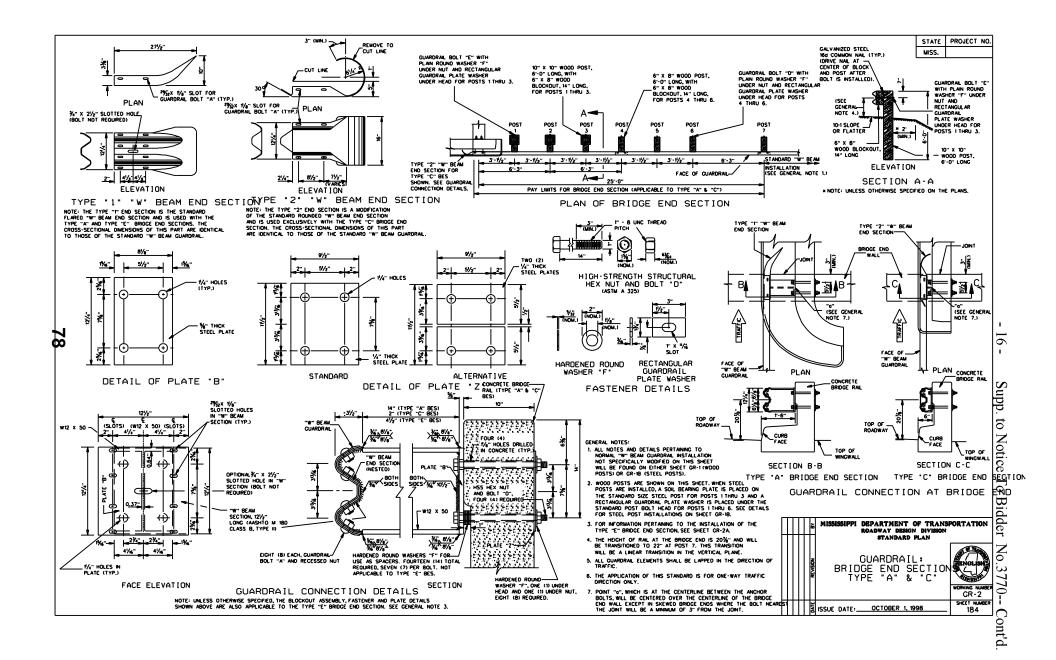


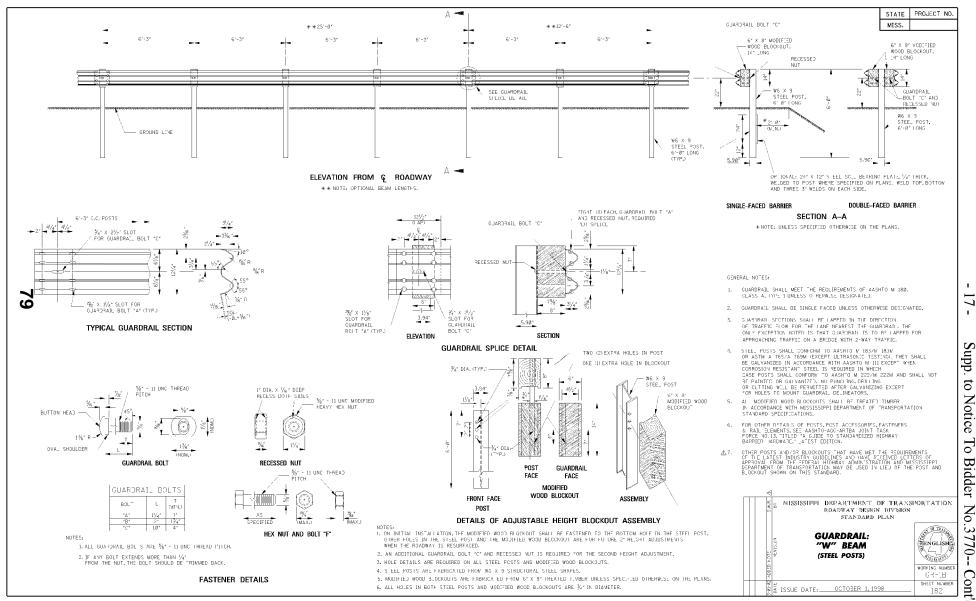


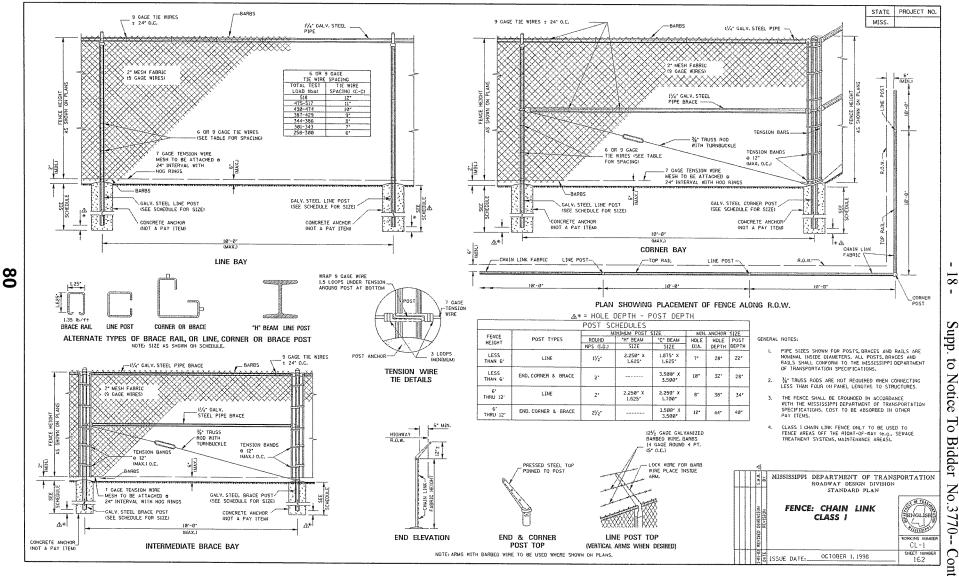
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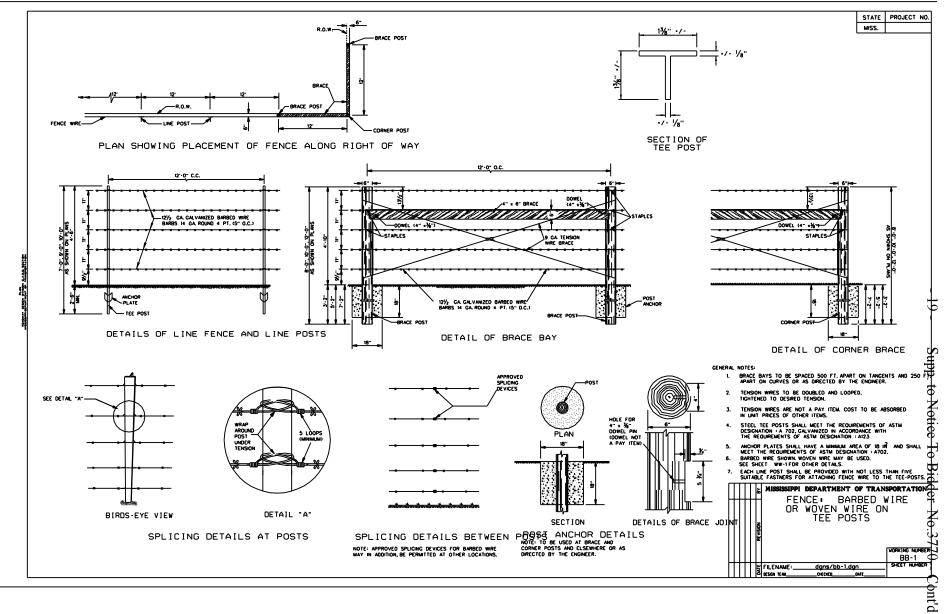
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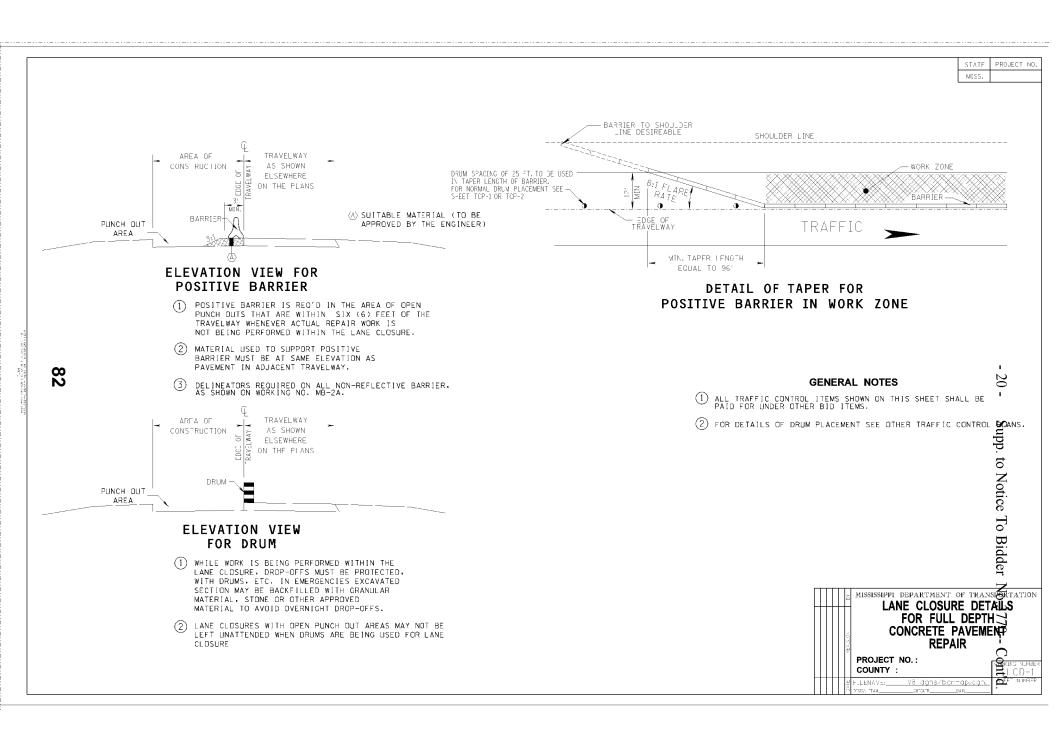








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# **MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **SECTION 904 – NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3770**

CODE: (SP)

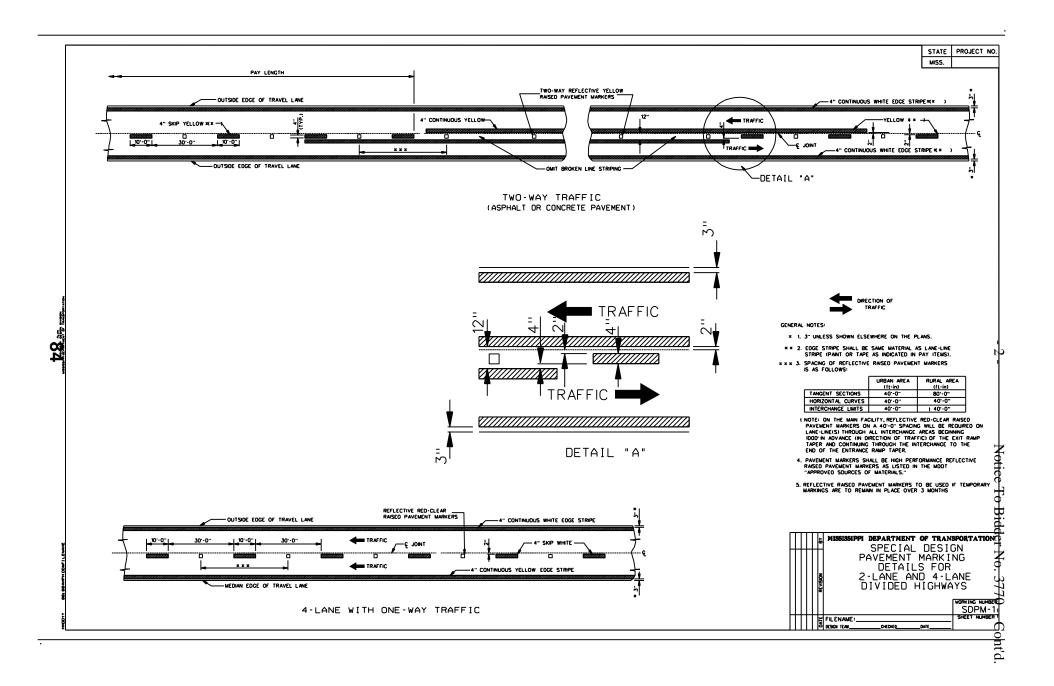
### DATE: 01/10/2012

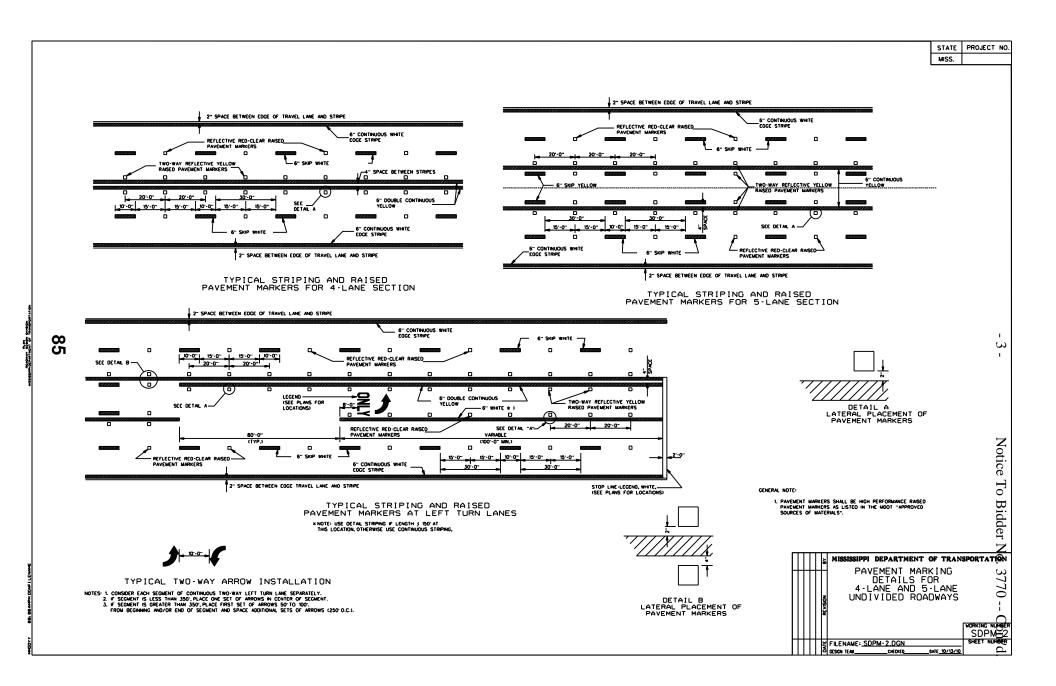
## **SUBJECT:** Standard Drawings

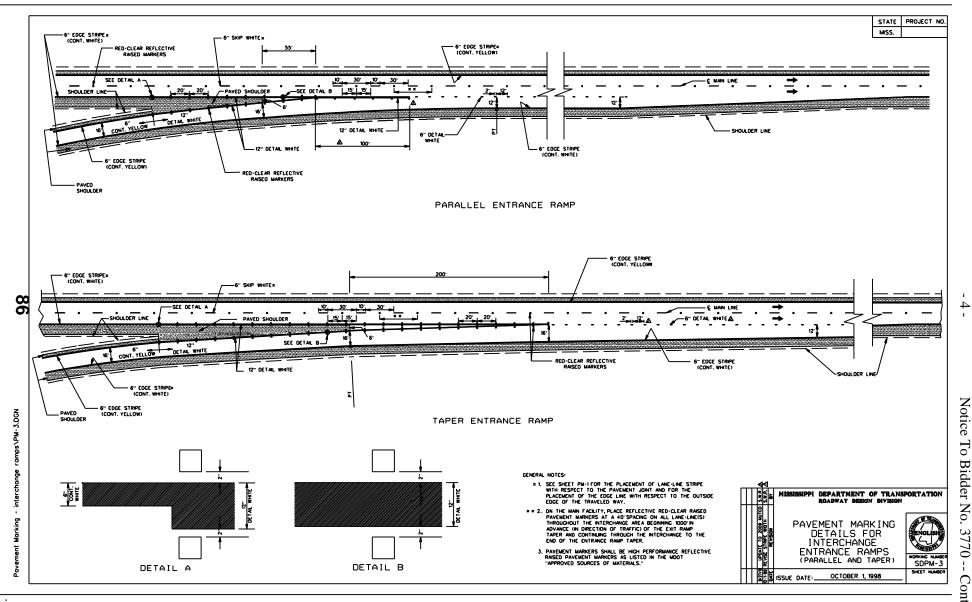
Standard Drawings attached hereto shall govern appropriate items of required work.

Larger copies of Standard Drawings may be purchased from:

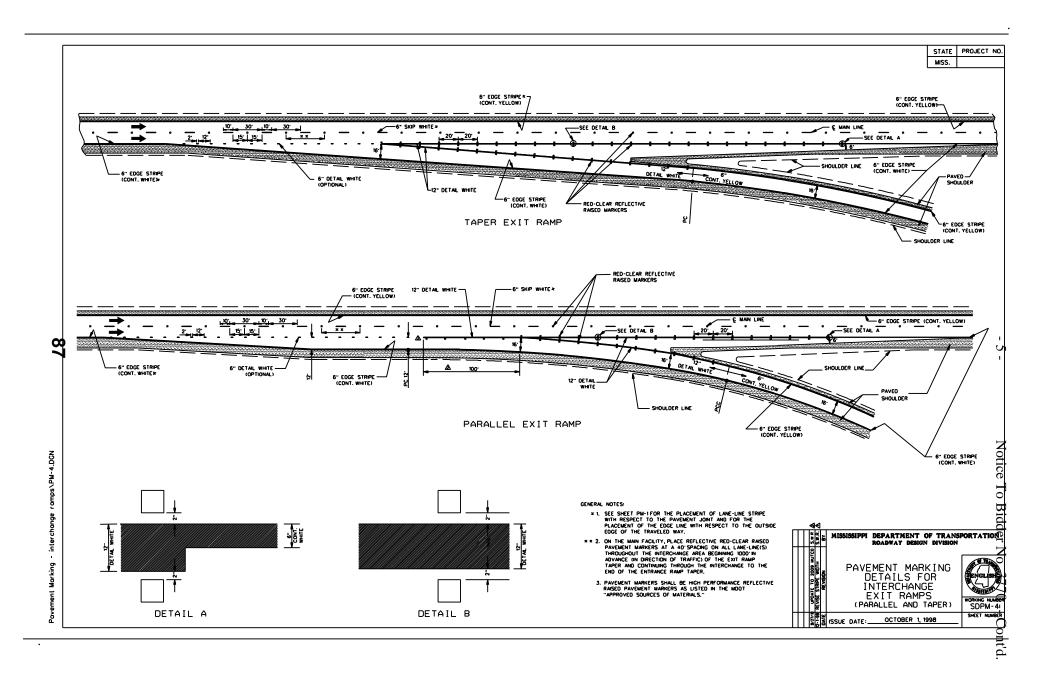
MDOT Plans Print Shop MDOT Shop Complex, Building C, Room 114 2567 North West Street P.O. Box 1850 Jackson, MS 39215-1850 Telephone: (601) 359-7460 or FAX: (601) 359-7461 or e-mail: <u>plans@mdot.state.ms.us</u>

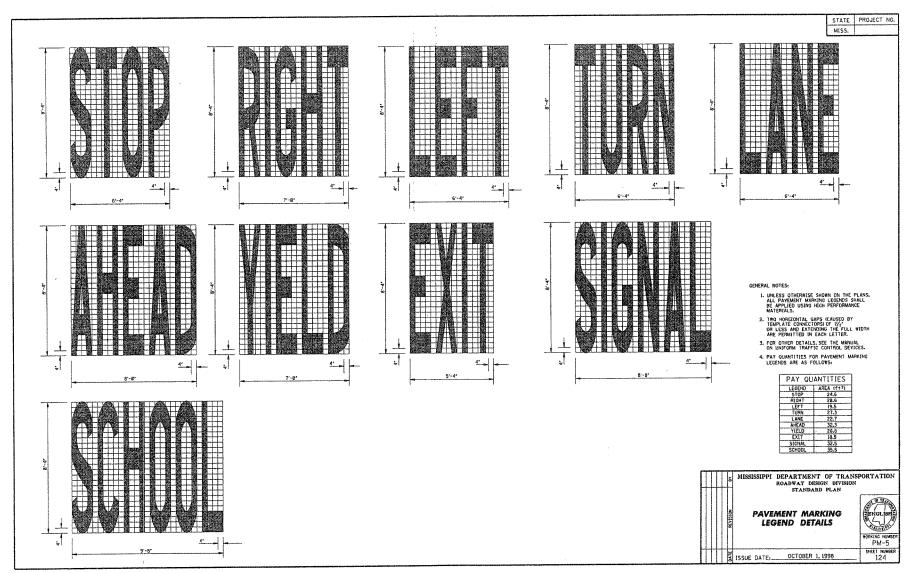






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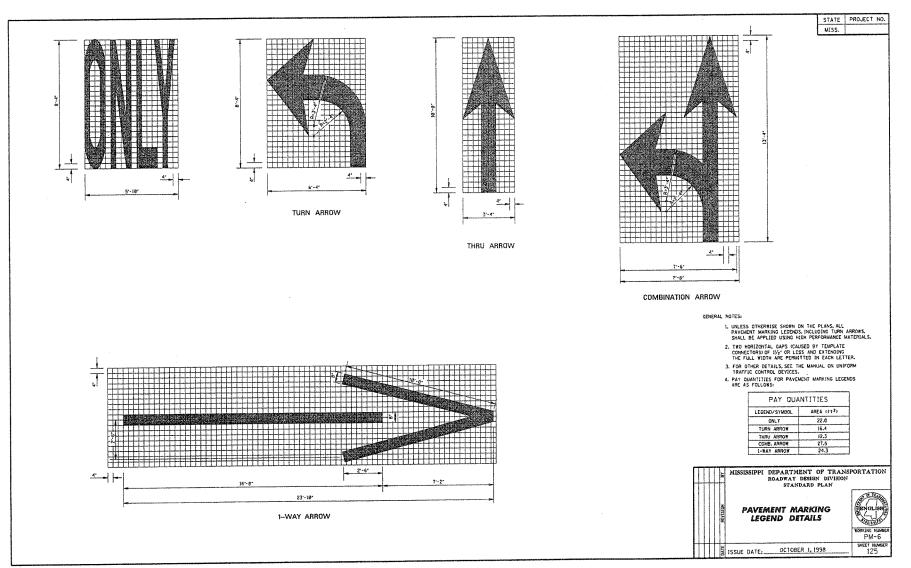




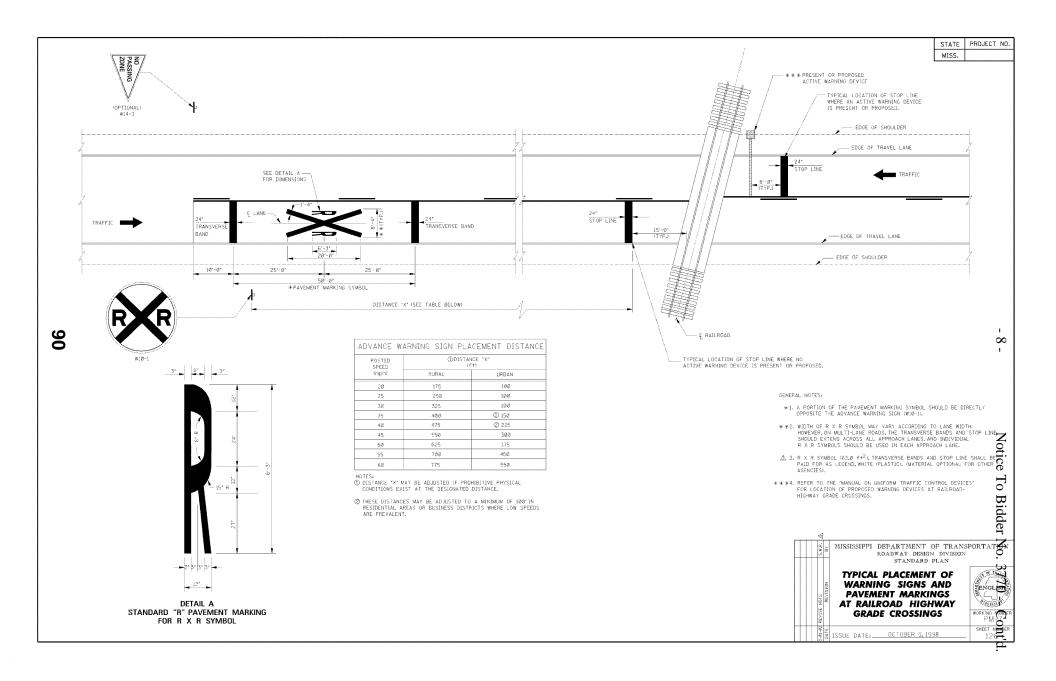
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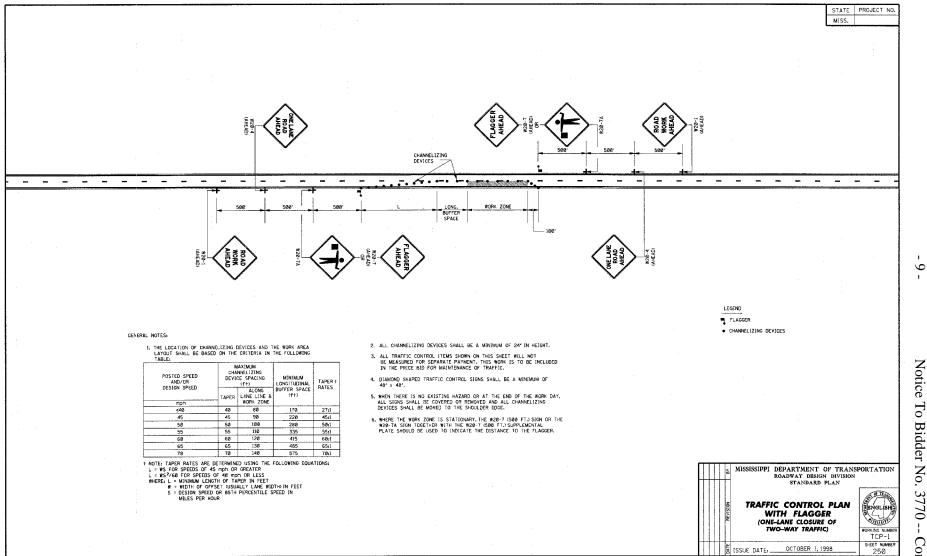
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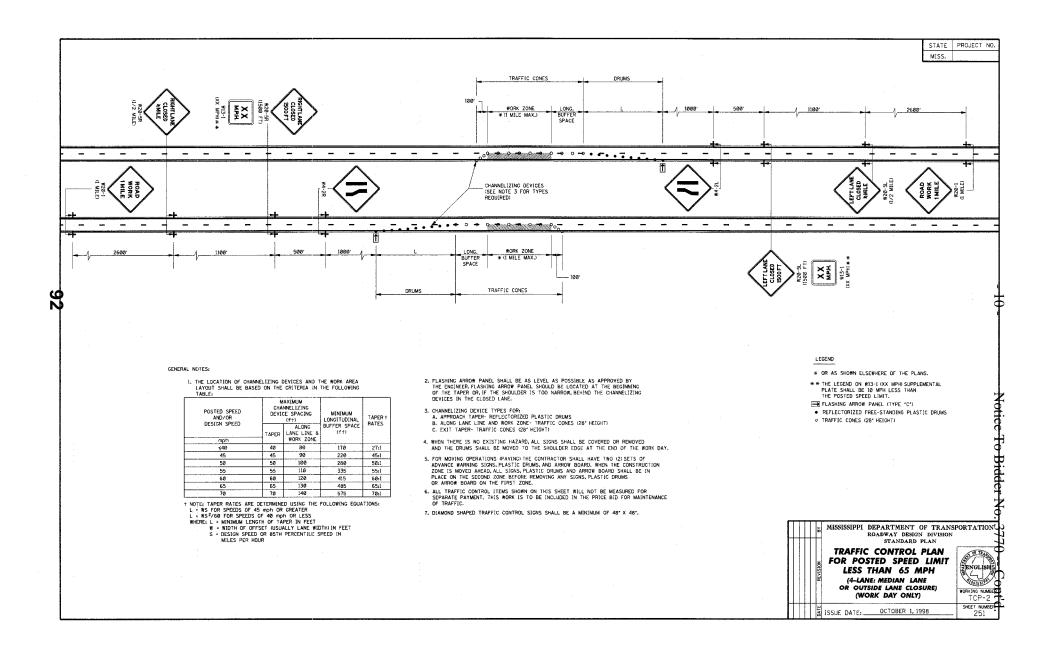
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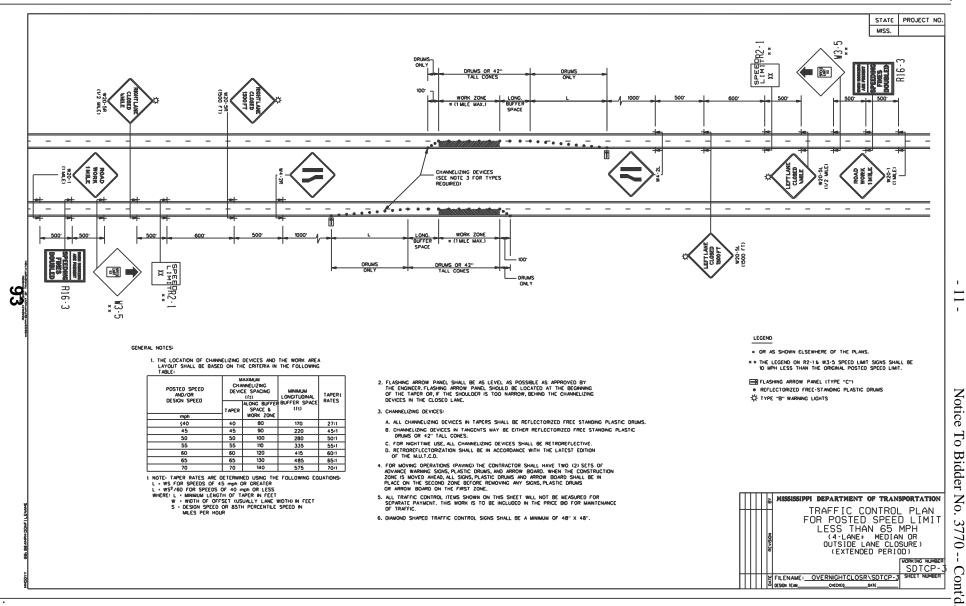


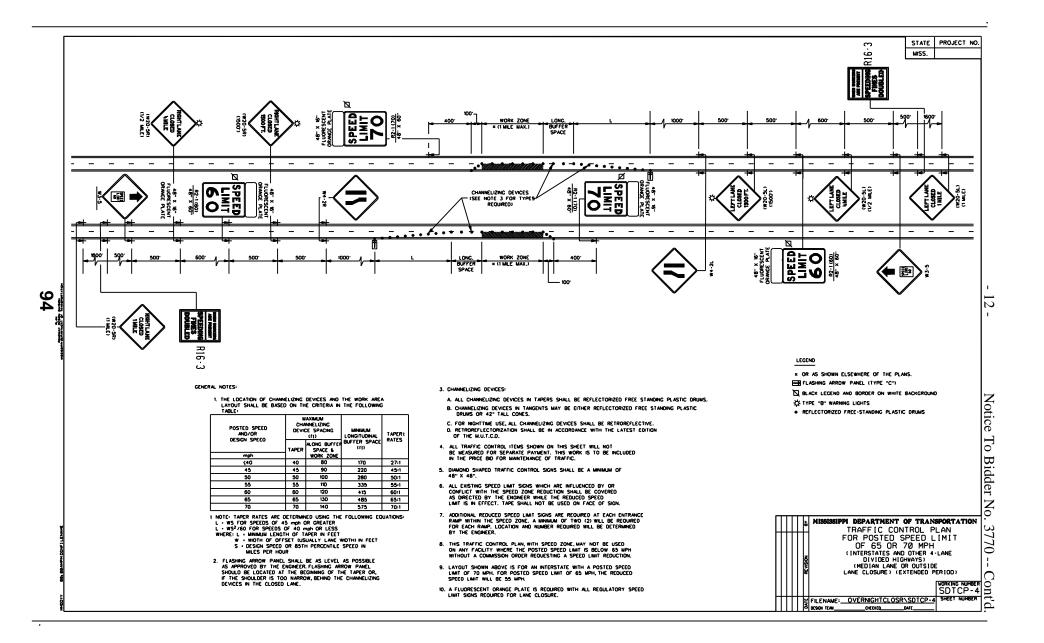
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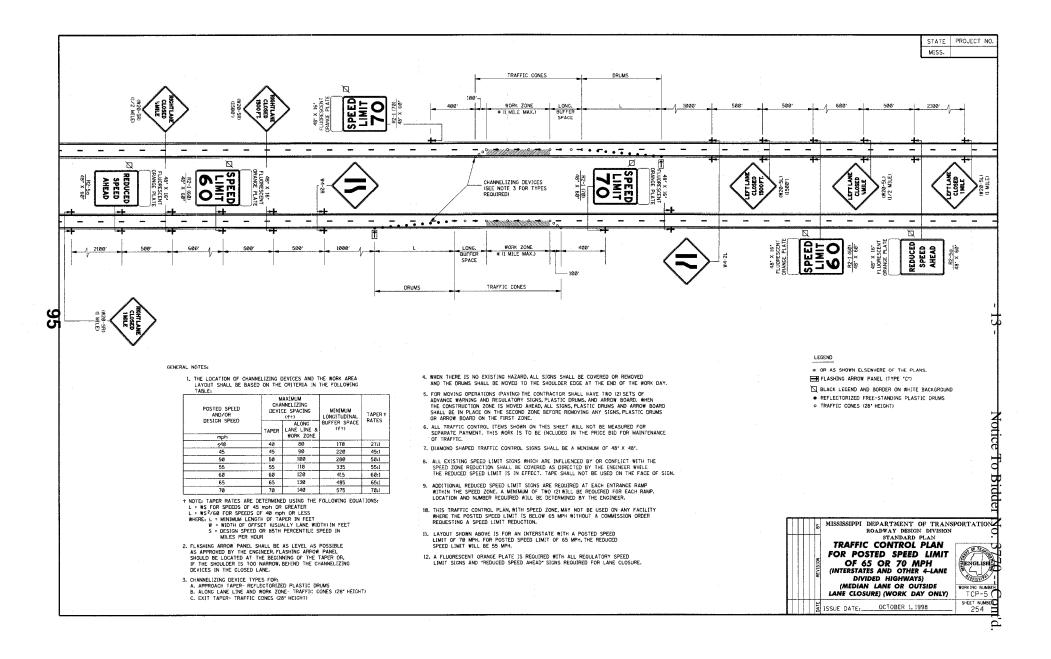


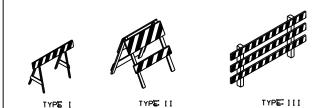






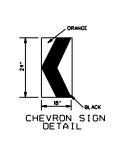




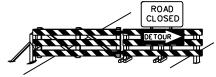


STANDARD BARRICADES

- 1. A TYPE IBARRICADE CONSISTS OF ONE (1) HORIZONTAL RAL SUPPORTED BY A DEMOUNTABLE FRAME OR A LIGHT "A" FRAME, A TYPE IBARRICADE NORMALLY WOULD BE USED ON CONVENTIONAL ROADS OR URBAN STREETS AND ARTERIALS.
- 2. A TYPE IIBARRICADE CONSISTS OF TWO (2) HORIZONTAL RALS ON A LIGHT "A" FRAME, TYPE IIBARRICADES ARE INTENDED FOR USE ON EXPRESSWAYS AND FREEWAYS AND OTHER HIGH-SPEED ROADWAYS.
- 3. TYPE IAND TYPE IIBARRICADES ARE INTENDED FOR USE WHERE THE HAZARD IS RELATIVELY SMALL AS, FOR EXAMPLE, ON CITY STREETS, OR FOR THE MORE OR LESS CONTINUOUS DELIMITING OF A RESTRICTED ROADWAY, OR FOR TEMPORARY DAYTIME USE.
- 4 A TYPE III BARRICADE CONSISTS OF THREE (3) HORIZONTAL RAILS SUPPORTED BY FIXED POSTS, A RIGID SKID, A HEAVY DEMOUNTABLE FRAME OR A HEAVY, HINGED "A" FRAME.
- 5. TYPE II BARRICADES ARE INTENDED FOR USE ON CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE PROJECTS AS WING BARRICADES AND AT ROAD CLOSURES, WHERE THEY MUST REMAIN IN PLACE FOR EXTENDED PERIODS.
- 6. THE MARKING FOR BARRICADE RAILS SHALL BE ORANGE AND WHITE (SLOPING DOWNWARD AT AN ANGLE OF 459 IN THE DIRECTION TRAFFIC IS TO PASS).
- 7. DO NOT PLACE SANDBAGS OR OTHER DEVICES TO PROVIDE MASS ON THE BOTTOM RAIL THAT WILL BLOCK VIEW OR RAIL FACE.
- 8. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR DETAILS, SEE MUTCO, LATEST EDITION.
- ശ 9 BARRICADES ARE CLASSIFIED BY FHWA AS CATEGORY I WORK ZONE DEVICES WHICH REQUIRE CRASHWORTHINESS đ A LIST OF CRASHWORTHY BARRICADES AND OTHER CATEGORY IDEVICES CAN BE FOUND ON FHWA'S WEBSITE http://salety.lhwa.dot.gov/roadway\_dept/policy\_guide/road\_hordware/cot2.clm



- 1. A CHEVRON SIGN CONSISTS OF A BLACK CHEVRON TYPE MARKING ON AN ORANGE BACKGROUND AND SHALL POINT IN THE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.
- 2. THE CHEVRON SIGN SHALL BE MOUNTED ON FIXED POST OR RIGID SKID.
- 3. CHEVRON SIGNS MAY BE USED TO SUPPLEMENT OTHER STANDARD DEVICES WHERE ONE OR MORE LAKES ARE CLOSED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR MANTENANCE. THEY SHALL BE PLACED APROXIMIARD PROVIDENT THE INFORMATION OR MANTENANCE. THEY SHALL BE PLACED APROXIMIARD FORM THE INFORMATION OR MANTENANCE. THEY SHALL AND SHALL BE PLACED ON THE LEFT SIDE OF THE OBJECT. BE PLACED APPROXIMATELY 2'-O" BEHIND THE LANE TRANSITION STRIPE.



BARRICADE CLOSING A ROAD

### BARRICADE CHARACTERISTICS Ŧι ŦΠ Ξ WIDTH OF RAIL × × 8" MIN. - 12" MAX. 8" MIN, - 12" MAX, 8" MIN. - 12" MAX. LENGTH OF RALX \* 24" MIN. 24" MIN. 48" MIN. WIDTH OF STRIPE \* 6.. 6" 6--60" MIN. HEIGH1 36" MIN. 36" MIN 3 IF FACING TRAFFIC NUMBER OF IN ONE DIRECTION 6 IF FACING TRAFFIC 2 (ONE EACH DIRECTION A (TWO EACH DIRECTION RAIL FACES IN TWO DIRECTIONS

LIGHT "A" FRAME

POST OR SKID

8" TO 12" IN WIDTH AND A MINIMUM OF 24" IN HEIGHT.

LIGHTMASS POST.

FACING TRAFFIC.

GENERAL NOTES:

PANELS SHALL BE USED.

VERTICAL PANEL

1. VERTICAL PANELS CONSIST OF AT LEAST ONE PANEL

2. THE DIAGONAL STRIPES SHALL SLOPE DOWNWARD IN THE DIRECTION THAT TRAFFIC IS TO PASS THE PANEL. THE PANELS SHALL BE MOUNTED WITH THE TOP A MINIMUM OF 36" ABOVE THE ROADWAY ON A SINGLE

3. VERTICAL PANELS USED ON EXPRESSWAYS, FREEWAYS AND OTHER HIGH-SPEED ROADWAYS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 270 in 20F RETROREFLECTIVE AREA

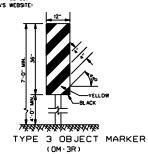
4. FOR TWO-WAY TRAFFIC OPERATIONS, BACK-TO-BACK

1. MARKINGS ON ALL DEVICES SHOWN ON THIS SHEET SHALL BE HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING.

2. THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WILL LIST THE VARIOUS TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES REQUIRED FOR EACH PROJECT.

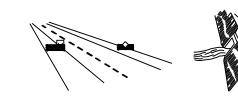
LIGHT \* 1. FOR RAILS LESS THAN 36" LONG, 4" WIDE STRIPES MAY BE USED.

\*\* 2. BARRICADES INTENDED FOR USE ON EXPRESSWAYS, FREEWAYS AND OTHER HIGH SPEED ROADWAYS, SHALL HAVE A MINMAUM OF 270 Å OF REFLECTIVE AREA FACING TRAFFIC.



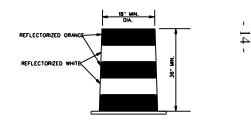
TYPE OF FRAME

- 1. TYPE 3 OBJECT MARKERS SHALL BE USED AT ALL EXPOSED BRIDGE ABUTMENTS AND AT OTHER LOCATIONS AS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. THE INSIDE EDGE OF THE MARKER SHALL BE IN LINE WITH THE INNER
- EDGE OF THE OBSTRUCTION.



### WING BARRICADES

- WING BARRICADES ARE TYPE II BARRICADES ERECTED ON THE SHOULDER ON ONE OR BOTH SIDES OF THE PAVEMENT TO GIVE THE SENSATION OF A NARROWING OR RESTRICTED ROADWAY, WING BARRICADES MAY BE USED AS A MOUNTING FOR THE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS OR FLASHERS.
- 2. WING BARRICADES SHOULD BE USED:
- A. IN ADVANCE OF A CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EVEN WHEN NO PART OF THE ROADWAY IS ACTUALLY CLOSED. B. IN ADVANCE OF ALL BRIDGE OR CULVERT WIDENING OPERATIONS.

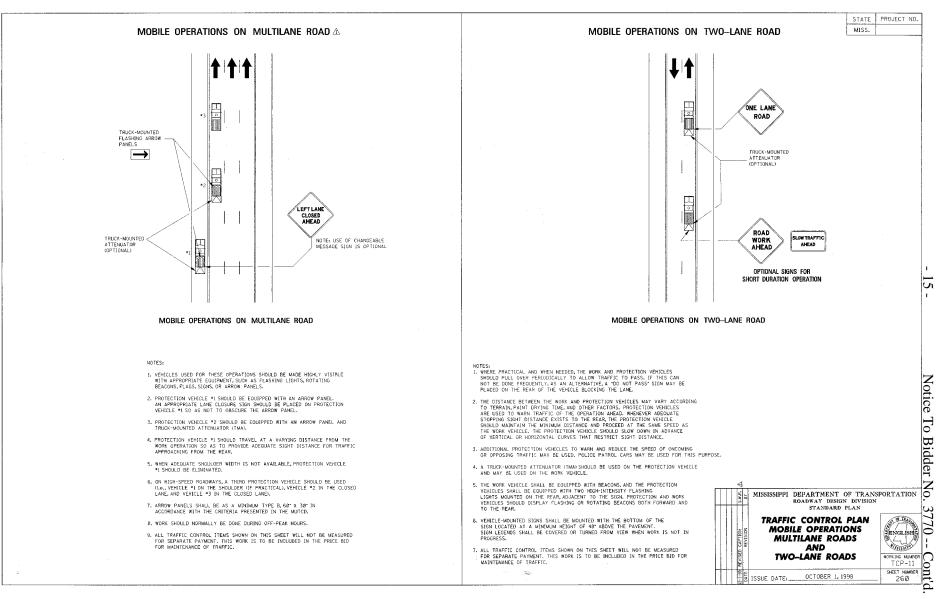


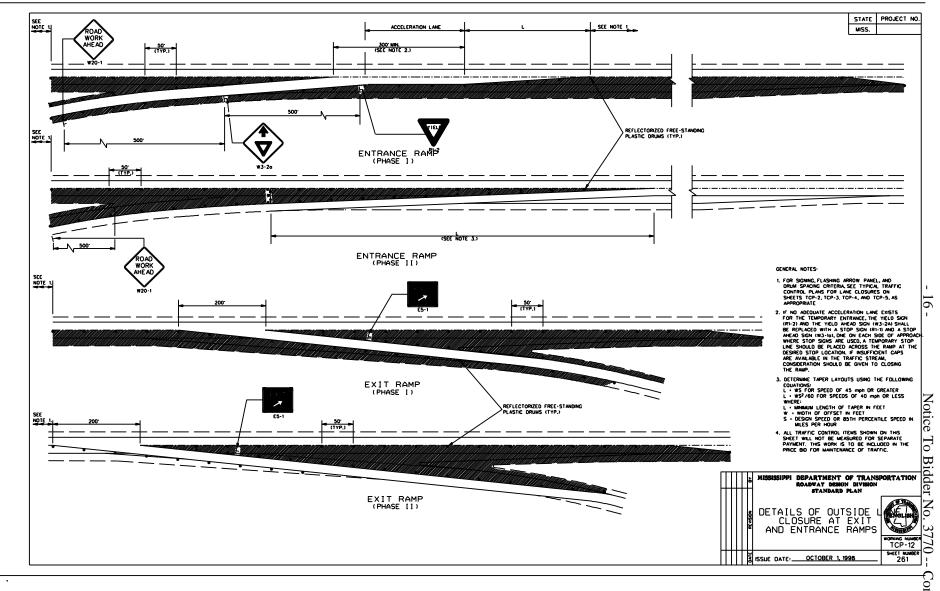
### PLASTIC DRUM STRIPING DETAIL

STATE PROJECT NO. MISS.

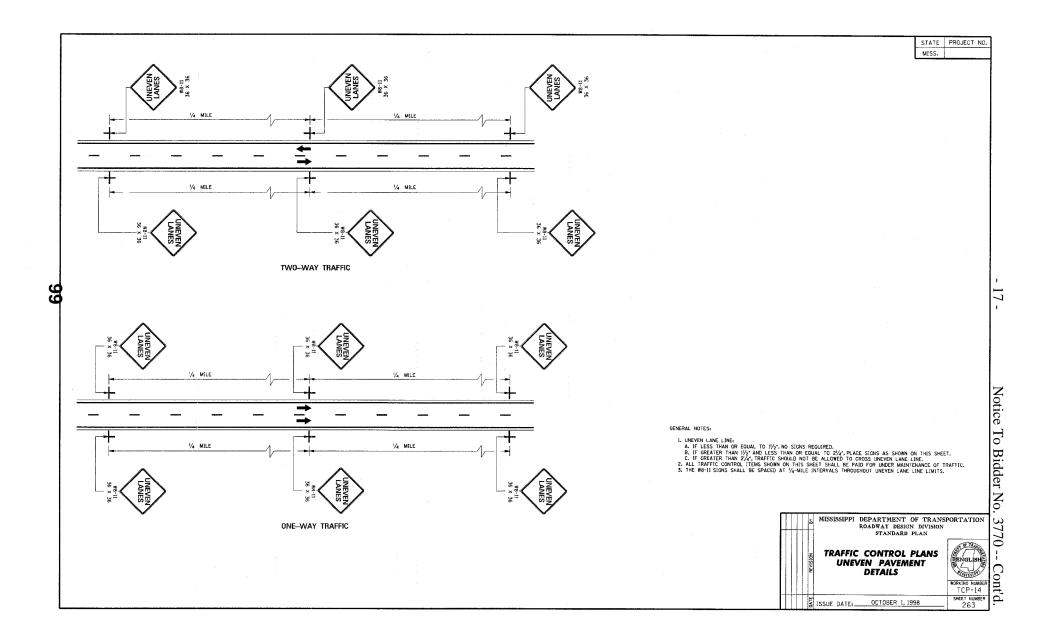
- 1. PLASTIC DRUMS SHALL BE ON END AND USED AS AN EXPEDIENT METHOD FOR TRAFFIC CHANNELIZATION. THE COLOR AND MARING OF DRUMS SHALL BE COMPSISE WITH MARING STANDARDS FOR BARRICAL THE PREDOMINANT COLOR ON OR HAS SHALL BE ORANGE WITH FOUR (4) REFLECTORIZED, HORIZONTAL, CIRCUMFERENTRAL STRAFES (2) ORANGE & 2 WHIELD & WOE.
- 2. DRUMS SHOULD NEVER BE PLACED IN THE ROADWAY WITHOUT WARNING SIGNE
- 3. WHERE PRACTICAL PLASTIC DRUMS SHALL BE PLACED NO CLOSER THAN 3'-0 FROM THE EDGE OF TRAVELED LANE. В

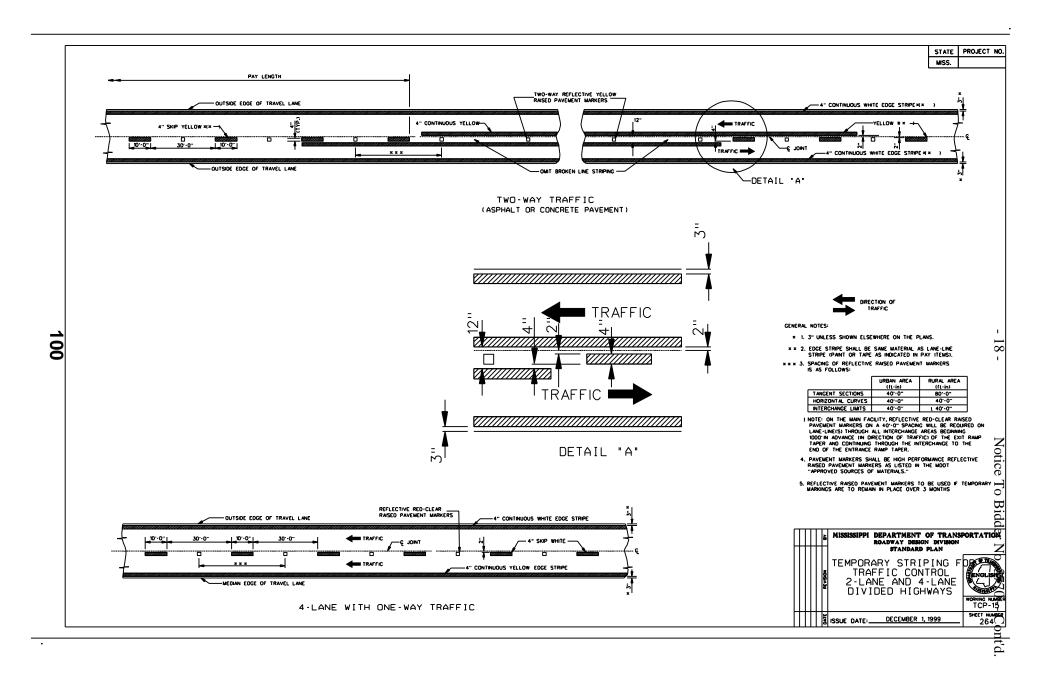


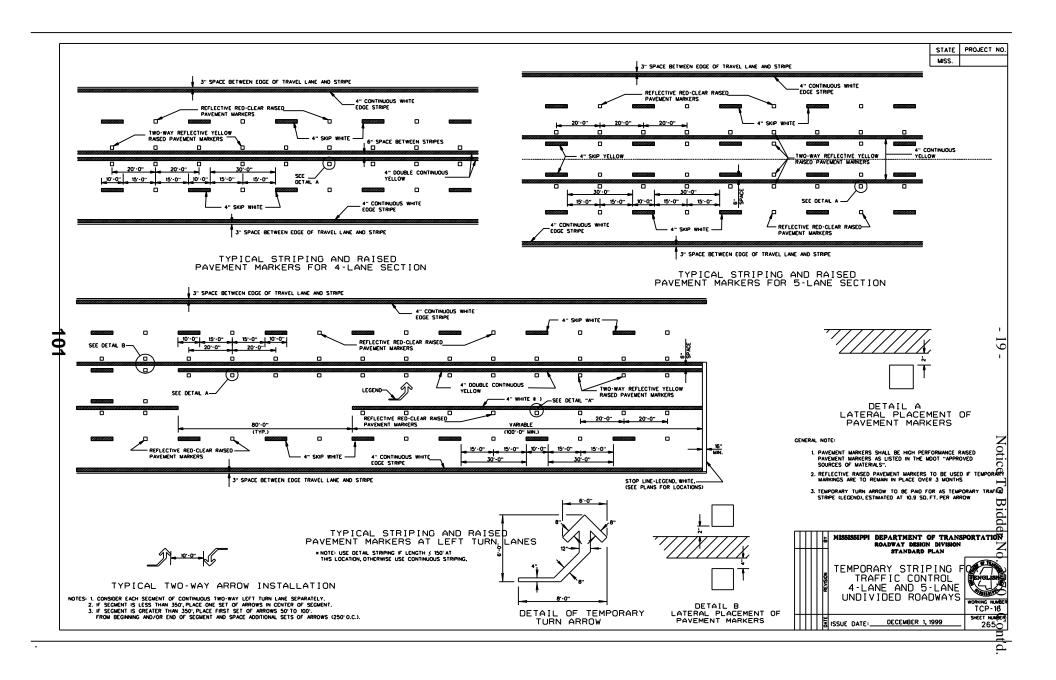




Cont'd.







### MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3897

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 04/22/2012

### **SUBJECT:** Cooperation Between Contractors

### **PROJECT: IM-0020-01**(165) / 103914303 -- Hinds County

The Bidder's attention is hereby called to Subsection 105.07, Cooperation between Contractors, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

The Bidder is advised that this project adjoins the following projects that may be under construction before the Completion Date set forth in this contract.

BR-0020-01(092) – I-20 Eastbound over Meridian Speedway Railroad (Replace Bridge)

The Contractor shall cooperate in all respects and shall coordinate construction of all phases of work with the Contractor of the adjoining project. Failure to coordinate work schedules, such as but not limited to lane closures, shall not be reason to modify contract time.

General Decision Number: MS120180 01/06/2012 MS180

Superseded General Decision Number: MS20100223

State: Mississippi

Construction Type: Highway

Counties: Copiah, Hinds and Rankin Counties in Mississippi.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (excluding tunnels, building structures in rest area projects & railroad construction; bascule, suspension & spandrel arch bridges designed for commercial navigation, bridges involving marine construction; and other major bridges).

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	01/06/2012

\* ELEC0480-007 07/01/2011

	Rates	Fringes	
ELECTRICIAN		8.12	
SUMS2008-141 09/04/2008			
	Rates	Fringes	
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER	.\$ 12.85	0.39	
LABORER: Common or General	.\$ 8.25	0.00	
LABORER: Pipelayer	.\$ 10.17	0.00	
OPERATOR: Backhoe	.\$ 13.38	0.00	
OPERATOR: Broom	.\$ 8.00	0.00	
OPERATOR: Bulldozer	.\$ 9.00	0.00	
OPERATOR: Grader/Blade	.\$ 11.67	0.00	
OPERATOR: Mechanic	.\$ 13.00	0.00	
OPERATOR: Piledriver	.\$ 12.50	1.23	
OPERATOR: Roller	.\$ 10.00	0.00	
OPERATOR: Scraper	.\$ 10.00	0.00	
TRUCK DRIVER		0.00	
WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.			

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http://www.wdol.gov/wdol/scafiles/davisbacon/ms180.dvb

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

\_\_\_\_\_

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is union or non-union.

### Union Identifiers

An identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" denotes that the union classification and rate have found to be prevailing for that classification. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2011. The first four letters , PLUM, indicate the international union and the four-digit number, 0198, that follows indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable , i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. The date, 07/01/2011, following these characters is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate/collective bargaining agreement which would be July 1, 2011 in the above example.

Union prevailing wage rates will be updated to reflect any changes in the collective bargaining agreements governing the rate.

### Non-Union Identifiers

Classifications listed under an "SU" identifier were derived from survey data by computing average rates and are not union rates; however, the data used in computing these rates may include both union and non-union data. Example: SULA2004-007 5/13/2010. SU indicates the rates are not union rates, LA indicates the State of Louisiana; 2004 is the year of the survey; and 007 is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. A 1993 or later date, 5/13/2010, indicates the classifications and rates under that identifier were issued as a General Wage Determination on that date.

Survey wage rates will remain in effect and will not change until a new survey is conducted.

### WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can

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http://www.wdol.gov/wdol/scafiles/davisbacon/ms180.dvb

be:

- \* an existing published wage determination
- \* a survey underlying a wage determination
- \* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- \* a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

\_\_\_\_\_

END OF GENERAL DECISION

### **SUPPLEMENT TO FORM FHWA-1273**

### DATE: 6/15/94

### **SUBJECT:** Final Certificate and Contract Provisions for Subcontracts

All subcontracts shall be in writing and contain all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

Each "Request for Permission to Subcontract" (Mississippi Department of Transportation Form CAD-720) shall include a copy of subcontract for review by the Mississippi Department of Transportation. The federal contract provisions may be omitted from the subcontract copy submitted for review provided the Contractor certifies that the provisions will be physically incorporated into the agreement furnished to the Subcontractor.

In lieu of submitting a copy of the subcontract for review, the Contractor may certify that the subcontract agreement is in writing and that it contains all the requirements and pertinent provisions of the prime contract.

Each Subcontractor will be required to provide a copy of the subcontract agreement for contract compliance reviews, along with physical evidence (copy of FHWA-1273) that requirements and pertinent provisions have been provided for review and adherence.

#### REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

		Pa	ge
١.	General		1
II.	Nondiscrimination		1
111.	Nonsegregated Facilities		3
IV.	Payment of Predetermined Minimum Wage		3
V.	Statements and Payrolls		6
VI.	Record of Materials, Supplies, and Labor		6
VII.	Subletting or Assigning the Contract		7
VIII.	Safety: Accident Prevention		7
IX.	False Statements Concerning Highway Projects		7
Х.	Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal		
	Water Pollution Control Act		8
XI.	Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension,		
	Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion		8
XII.	Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for		
	Lobbying		9

#### ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment Preference for Appalachian Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

#### I. GENERAL

1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

2. Except as otherwise provided for in each section, the contractor shall insert in each subcontract all of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions, and further require their inclusion in any lower tier subcontract or purchase order that may in turn be made. The Required Contract Provisions shall not be incorporated by reference in any case. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with these Required Contract Provisions.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions shall be sufficient grounds for termination of the contract.

4. A breach of the following clauses of the Required Contract Provisions may also be grounds for debarment as provided in 29 CFR 5.12:

Section I, paragraph 2; Section IV, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7; Section V, paragraphs 1 and 2a through 2g.

5. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of Section IV (except paragraph 5) and Section V of these Required Contract Provisions shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) as set forth in 29 CFR 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the DOL, or the contractor's employees or their representatives.

6. **Selection of Labor:** During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not:

a. discriminate against labor from any other State, possession, or territory of the United States (except for employment preference for Appalachian contracts, when applicable, as specified in Attachment A), or

 employ convict labor for any purpose within the limits of the project unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation.

#### II. NONDISCRIMINATION

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630 and 41 CFR 60) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set forth under 41 CFR 60-4.3 and the provisions of the American Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the State highway agency (SHA) and the Federal Government in carrying out EEO obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.

b. The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the SHA contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of EEO and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. **Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer. b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. **Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minority group applicants. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority group applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, he is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system permits the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. (The DOL has held that where implementation of such agreements have the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 11246, as amended.)

c. The contractor will encourage his present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. **Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly takecorrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with his obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.

#### 6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minority group and women employees, and applicants for employment.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision.

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of minority group and women employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. **Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the contractor either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use best efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the SHA and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within thetime limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minority group persons and women. (The DOL has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the SHA.

8. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers of his/her EEO obligations under this contract.

b. Disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE), as defined in 49 CFR 23, shall have equal opportunity to compete for and perform subcontracts which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract. The contractor will use his best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Contractors shall obtain lists of DBE construction firms from SHA personnel.

c. The contractor will use his best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

9. **Records and Reports:** The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the SHA and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

 The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women;

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and

(4) The progress and efforts being made in securing the services of DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.

b. The contractors will submit an annual report to the SHA each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data.

#### III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

a. By submission of this bid, the execution of this contract or subcontract, or the consummation of this material supply agreement or purchase order, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, material supplier, or vendor, as appropriate, certifies that the firm does not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that the firm does not permit its employees to perform their services at any location, under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained. The firm agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the EEO provisions of this contract. The firm further certifies that no employee will be denied access to adequate facilities on the basis of sex or disability.

b. As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, timeclocks, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive, or are, in fact, segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, age or disability, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. The only exception will be for the disabled when the demands for accessibility override (e.g. disabled parking).

c. The contractor agrees that it has obtained or will obtain identical certification from proposed subcontractors or material suppliers prior to award of subcontracts or consummation of material supply agreements of \$10,000 or more and that it will retain such certifications in its files.

#### IV. PAYMENT OF PREDETERMINED MINIMUM WAGE

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt.)

#### 1. General:

a. All mechanics and laborers employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account [except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations (29 CFR 3) issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. 276c)] the full amounts of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment. The payment shall be computed at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter "the wage determination") which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor or its subcontractors and such laborers and mechanics. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 2 of this Section IV and the DOL poster (WH-1321) or Form FHWA-1495) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers. For the purpose of this Section, contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of Section IV, paragraph 3b, hereof. Also, for the purpose of this Section, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than guarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics 109

shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Section IV.

b. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein, provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.

c. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon Act and related acts contained in 29 CFR 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

#### 2. Classification:

a. The SHA contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics employed under the contract, which is not listed in the wage determination, shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.

b. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification, wage rate and fringe benefits only when the following criteria have been met:

 the work to be performed by the additional classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;

(2) the additional classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry;

(3) the proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination; and

(4) with respect to helpers, when such a classification prevails in the area in which the work is performed.

c. If the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers and mechanics (if known) to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the DOL, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

d. In the event the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. Said Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30day period that additional time is necessary e. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 2c or 2d of this Section IV shall be paid to all workers performing work in the additional classification from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

#### 3. Payment of Fringe Benefits:

a. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly case equivalent thereof.

b. If the contractor or subcontractor, as appropriate, does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, he/she may consider as a part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

4. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOL) and Helpers:

#### a. Apprentices:

(1) Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the DOL, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his/her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State apprenticeship agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

(2) The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyman-level employees on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any employee listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate listed in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor or subcontractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman-level hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

(3) Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level ofprogress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator for the Wage and Hour Division determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

(4) In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the comparable work performed by regular employees until an acceptable program is approved.

#### b. Trainees:

(1) Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the DOL, Employment and Training Administration.

(2) The ratio of trainees to journeyman-level employees on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(3) Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for his/her level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman-level wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices, in which case such trainees shall receive the same fringe benefits as apprentices.

(4) In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

#### c. Helpers:

Helpers will be permitted to work on a project if the helper classification is specified and defined on the applicable wage determination or is approved pursuant to the conformance procedure set forth in Section IV.2. Any worker listed on a payroll at a helper wage rate, who is not a helper under a approved definition, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wagedetermination for the classification of work actually performed.

#### 5. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOT):

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of

Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

#### 6. Withholding:

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from the contractor or subcontractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, as much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the SHA contracting officer may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

#### 7. Overtime Requirements:

No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers, mechanics, watchmen, or guards (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers described in paragraphs 4 and 5 above) shall require or permit any laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard in any workweek in which he/she is employed on such work, to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard receives compensation at a rate not less than one-and-one-half times his/her basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.

#### 8. Violation:

Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages: In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7 above, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible thereof shall be liable to the affected employee for his/her unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such employee was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard work week of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 7.

#### 9. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages:

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of any authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 8 above.

#### V. STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural collectors, which are exempt.)

#### 1. Compliance with Copeland Regulations (29 CFR 3):

The contractor shall comply with the Copeland Regulations of the Secretary of Labor which are herein incorporated by reference.

#### 2. Payrolls and Payroll Records:

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor and each subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years from the date of completion of the contract for all laborers, mechanics, apprentices, trainees, watchmen, helpers, and guards working at the site of the work.

b. The payroll records shall contain the name, social security number, and address of each such employee; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalent thereof the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. In addition, for Appalachian contracts, the payroll records shall contain a notation indicating whether the employee does, or does not, normally reside in the labor area as defined in Attachment A, paragraph 1. Whenever the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to Section IV, paragraph 3b, has found that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act, the contractor and each subcontractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and show the cost anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing benefits. Contractors or subcontractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprentices and trainees, and ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

c. Each contractor and subcontractor shall furnish, each week in which any contract work is performed, to the SHA resident engineer a payroll of wages paid each of its employees (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, described in Section IV, paragraphs 4 and 5, and watchmen and guards engaged on work during the preceding weekly payroll period). The payroll submitted required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal stock number 029-005-0014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

d. Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his/her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(1) that the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V and that such information is correct and complete;

(2) that such laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR 3;

(3) that each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less that the applicable wage rate and fringe benefits or cash equivalent for the classification of worked performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

e. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 2d of this Section V.

f. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.

g. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 2b of this Section V available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the SHA, the FHWA, or the DOL, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the SHA, the FHWA, the DOL, or all may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such actions as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

#### VI. RECORD OF MATERIALS, SUPPLIES, AND LABOR

1. On all Federal-aid contracts on the National Highway System, except those which provide solely for the installation of protective devices at railroad grade crossings, those which are constructed on a force account or direct labor basis, highway beautification contracts, and contracts for which the total final construction cost for roadway and bridge is less than \$1,000,000 (23 CFR 635) the contractor shall:

a. Become familiar with the list of specific materials and supplies contained in Form FHWA-47, "Statement of Materials and Labor Used by Contractor of Highway Construction Involving Federal Funds," prior to the commencement of work under this contract.

b. Maintain a record of the total cost of all materials and supplies purchased for and incorporated in the work, and also of the quantities of those specific materials and supplies listed on Form FHWA-47, and in the units shown on Form FHWA-47.

c. Furnish, upon the completion of the contract, to the SHA resident engineer on Form FHWA-47 together with the data required in paragraph 1b relative to materials and supplies, a final labor summary of all contract work indicating the total hours worked and the total amount earned.

2. At the prime contractor's option, either a single report covering all contract work or separate reports for the contractor and for each subcontract shall be submitted.

#### VII. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

 The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the State. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635).

a. "Its own organization" shall be construed to include only workers employed and paid directly by the prime contractor and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor, assignee, or agent of the prime contractor.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of Section VII is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the SHA contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the SHA contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the SHA has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

#### **VIII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION**

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provideall safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the SHA contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

# IX. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, the following notice shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

#### NOTICE TO ALL PERSONNEL ENGAGED ON FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROJECTS

#### 18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended andsupplemented;

Shall be fined not more that \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

#### X. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$100,000 or more.)

By submission of this bid or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any facility that is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract, unless such contract is exempt under the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1857 <u>et seq</u>., as amended by Pub.L. 91-604), and under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 <u>et seq</u>., as amended by Pub.L. 92-500), Executive Order 11738, and regulations in implementation thereof (40 CFR 15) is not listed, on the date of contract award, on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities pursuant to 40 CFR 15.20.

2. That the firm agrees to comply and remain in compliance with all the requirements of Section 114 of the Clean Air Act and Section 308 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and all regulations and guidelines listed thereunder.

3. That the firm shall promptly notify the SHA of the receipt of any communication from the Director, Office of Federal Activities, EPA, indicating that a facility that is or will be utilized for the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities.

4. That the firm agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph 1 through 4 of this Section X in every nonexempt subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the government may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

#### XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

1. Instructions for Certification - Primary Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all Federal-aid contracts - 49 CFR 29)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowinglyrendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

f. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the nonprocurement portion of the "Lists of Parties Excluded From Federal Procurement or Nonprocurement Programs" (Nonprocurement List) which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph f of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Primary Covered Transactions

1. The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

b. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgement rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph 1b of this certification; and

d. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

\* \* \* \* \*

# 2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions of \$25,000 or more - 49 CFR 29)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "primary covered transaction," "participant," "person," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

# Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

\* \* \* \* \*

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### XII. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 - 49 CFR 20)

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

#### NOTICE OF REQUIREMENTS FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications" set forth herein.

2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Timetables	Goals for female participation in each trade (percent)
From April 1, 1978 until March 31, 1979 From April 1, 1979 until March 31, 1980	3.1 5.1
From April 1, 1979 until March 31, 1980 From April 1, 1980 until March 31, 1981	6.9

Until further notice

Goals for minority participation for each trade (percent)

SHSA Cities:		
Pascagoula - Moss Point	169	
Biloxi - Gulfport		
Jackson		
	0.0	
SMSA Counties:		
Desoto	32.3	
Hancock, Harrison, Stone	19.2	
Hinds, Rankin	30.3	
Jackson	16.9	
Non-SMSA Counties:		
George, Greene	26.4	
Alcorn, Benton, Bolivar, Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw,		
Clay, Coahoma, Grenada, Itawamba, Lafayette, Lee,		
Leflore, Marshall, Monroe, Montgomery, Panola,		
Pontotoc, Prentiss, Quitman, Sunflower, Tallahatchie,		
Tate, Tippah, Tishomingo, Tunica, Union,		
Washington, Webster, Yalobusha	26.5	
Attala, Choctaw, Claiborne, Clarke, Copiah, Covington,		
Franklin, Holmes, Humphreys, Issaquena, Jasper, Jefferson,		
Jefferson Davis, Jones Kemper, Lauderdale, Lawrence,		
Leake, Lincoln, Lowndes, Madison, Neshoba, Newton,		

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontract, estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

4. As used in this Notice, and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is to the county and city (if any), stated in the advertisement.

5. The notification required in Paragraph 3 shall be addressed to the following:

Contract Compliance Officer Mississippi Department of Transportation P.O. Box 1850 Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1850

(9/30/87)

## **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-101-4**

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 11/05/2008

### **SUBJECT:** Definitions

Section 101, Definitions and Terms, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-101.02--Definitions.</u> Replace the following definitions in Subsection 101.02 on pages 3 through 13.

**Contract** - The written agreement between the Mississippi Transportation Commission and the Contractor setting forth the obligations of the parties thereunder, including but not limited to, the performance of the work, the furnishing of labor and materials, and the basis of payment.

The contract includes the invitation for bids, proposal, contract form and contract bonds, specifications, supplemental specifications, interim specifications, general and detailed plans, special provisions, notices to bidders, notice to proceed, and also any agreements that are required to complete the construction of the work in an acceptable manner, including authorized extensions thereof, all of which constitute one instrument.

**Contract Bonds** - The approved form of security, executed by the Contractor and the Contractor's Surety(ies), guaranteeing complete execution of the contract and all supplemental agreements pertaining thereto and the payment of all legal debts pertaining to the construction of the project. This term includes Performance and Payment Bond(s).

**Surety** - A corporate body, qualified under the laws of Mississippi, which is bound with and for the successful bidder by "contract bond(s)" to guarantee acceptable performance of the contract and payment of all legal taxes and debts pertaining to the construction of the project, including payment of State Sales Tax as prescribed by law, and any overpayment made to the Contractor.

Add the following to the list of definitions in Subsection 101.02 on pages 3 through 13.

**Performance Bond** - The approved form of security, executed by the Contractor and issued by the Contractor's Surety(ies), guaranteeing satisfactory completion of the contract and all supplemental agreements pertaining thereto.

**Payment Bond** - The approved form of security, executed by the Contractor and issued by the Contractor's Surety(ies), guaranteeing the payment of all legal debts pertaining to the construction of the project including, but not limited to, the labor and materials of subcontractors and suppliers to the prime contractor.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-102-8

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 01/20/2011

## **SUBJECT:** Bidding Requirements and Conditions

<u>907-102.06--Preparation of Proposal.</u> Delete the fifth, sixth, and seventh paragraphs of Subsection 102.06 on page 18 and substitute the following:

Bid sheets generated by the Department's Electronic Bid System (Trns•port Expedite Bid) along with a completed proposal package will constitute the official bid and shall be signed on the last sheet of the Expedite Bid generated bid sheets and delivered to the Department in accordance with the provisions of Subsection 102.09.

Bidders are cautioned that using other versions of the Expedite Bid may result in improperly printed bid sheets. The correct version of Expedite Bid can be obtained at no cost from the MDOT Contract Administration Division or at the MDOT website, <u>www.gomdot.com</u>.

If bidders submit Expedite Bid generated bid sheets, then the bid sheets included in the proposal should not be completed. The Expedite Bid generated bid sheets should be stapled together, signed and included in the bid proposal package in the sealed envelope. If both the forms in the proposal and the Expedite Bid generated bid sheets are completed and submitted, only the Expedite Bid generated sheets will be recognized and used for the official bid. The USB Flash Drive containing the information printed on the Expedite Bid generated bid sheets should be placed in the padded envelope included with the bid proposal package and enclosed in the sealed envelope. Bid sheets printed from Expedite Bid should be a representation of the data returned on the flash drive. To have a true representation of the bid sheets, the Bidder must copy the EBS and EBS amendment files used to prepare the bid sheets to the flash drive. Otherwise, the unit prices bid will not be recorded to the flash drive. Bidders are cautioned that failure to follow proper flash drive handling procedures could result in the Department being unable to process the flash drive. Any modification or manipulation of the data contained on the flash drive, other than entering unit bid prices and completing all required Expedite Bid sections, will not be allowed and will cause the Contractor's bid to be considered irregular.

<u>907-102.08--Proposal Guaranty</u>. Delete the first and second paragraphs in Subsection 102.08 on page 20 and substitute the following:

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by certified check, cashier's check or bid bond, made payable to the State of Mississippi, in an amount of not less than five percent (5%) of the total amount of the proposal offered. The guaranty shall be evidence of good faith that, if awarded the contract, the bidder will execute the contract and give performance and payment contract bond(s) as stipulated in Subsection 907-103.05.1, 907-103.05.2, and as required by law.

If a bid bond is offered as guaranty, the bond must be on a form approved by the Executive Director, made by a Surety acceptable to the Executive Director and signed or countersigned by a Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent and the Bidder. Such bid bond shall also conform to the requirements and conditions stipulated in Subsection 907-103.05.2 as applicable.

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# SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-103-8

CODE: (SP)

## DATE: 12/15/2009

## SUBJECT: Award and Execution of Contract

Section 103, Award and Execution of Contract, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>**907-103.04--Return of Proposal Guaranty</u></u>. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 103.04 on page 23 and substitute the following:</u>** 

Certified checks or cashier's checks submitted as proposal guaranties, except those of the two lowest bidders, will be returned within 10 days of contract award. The retained proposal guaranty of the unsuccessful of the two lowest bidders will be returned within ten days following the execution of a contract with the successful low bidder. The retained proposal guaranty of the successful bidder will be returned after satisfactory performance and payment bonds have been furnished and the contract has been executed.

In the event all bids are rejected by the Commission, certified checks or cashier's checks submitted as proposal guaranty by all bidders will be returned within 10 days of rejection.

Delete Subsection 103.05 on page 23 and substitute the following:

## 907-103.05--Contract Bonds.

<u>907-103.05.1--Requirement of Contract Bonds</u>. Prior to the execution of the contract, the successful bidder shall execute and deliver to the Executive Director a performance and payment bond(s), in a sum equal to the full amount of the contract as a guaranty for complete and full performance of the contract and the protection of the claimants and the Department for materials and equipment and full payment of wages in accordance with Section 65-1-85 Miss. Code Ann. (1972 as amended). In the event of award of a joint bid, each individual, partnership, firm or corporation shall assume jointly the full obligations under the contract and the contract bond(s).

<u>907-103.05.2--Form of Bonds</u>. The form of bond(s) shall be that provided by or acceptable to the Department. These bonds shall be executed by a Mississippi agent or qualified nonresident agent and shall be accompanied by a certification as to authorization of the attorney-in-fact to commit the Surety company. A power of attorney exhibiting the Surety's original seal supporting the Mississippi agent or the qualified nonresident agent's signature shall be furnished with each bond. The Surety company shall be currently authorized and licensed in good standing to conduct business in the State of Mississippi with a minimum rating by A.M. Best of (A-) in the latest printing "Best's Key Rating Guide" to write individual bonds up to ten percent of the policy holders' surplus or listed on the current list of "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies" as

published by the United States Department of the Treasury, Financial Management Service, Circular 570 (latest revision as published and supplemented on the Financial Management Service Web site and in the Federal Register) within the underwriting limits listed for that Surety. All required signatures on the bond(s) and certifications shall be original signatures, in ink, and not mechanical reproductions or facsimiles. The Mississippi agent or qualified nonresident agent shall be in good standing and currently licensed by the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Mississippi to represent the Surety company(ies) executing the bonds.

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Surety bonds shall continue to be acceptable to the Commission throughout the life of the Contract and shall not be canceled by the Surety without the consent of the Department. In the event the Surety fails or becomes financially insolvent, the Contractor shall file a new Bond in the amount designated by the Executive Director within thirty (30) days of such failure, insolvency, or bankruptcy. Subsequent to award of Contract, the Commission or the Department may require additional security for any supplemental agreements executed under the contract or replacement security in the event of the surety(ies) loss of the ratings required above. Suits concerning bonds shall be filed in the State of Mississippi and adjudicated under its laws without reference to conflict of laws principles.

<u>907-103.08--Failure to Execute Contract.</u>. In the first sentence of Subsection 103.08 on page 24, change "bond" to "performance and payment bonds".

## **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-104-1**

CODE: (IS)

#### DATE: 05/03/2004

#### **SUBJECT:** Partnering Process

Section 104, Scope of Work, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>**907-104.01--Intent of Contract.**</u> At the end of Subsection 104.01 on Page 24, add the following:

#### 907-104.01.1--Partnering Process.

## COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING:

This contract imposes an obligation of good faith and fair dealing in its performance and enforcement.

The contractor and the Department, with a positive commitment to honesty and integrity, agree to the following mutual duties:

- A. Each will function within the laws and statutes applicable to their duties and responsibilities.
- B. Each will assist in the other's performance.
- C. Each will avoid hindering the other's performance.
- D. Each will proceed to fulfill its obligations diligently.
- E. Each will cooperate in the common endeavor of the contract.

## **VOLUNTARY PARTNERING:**

The Mississippi Department of Transportation intends to encourage the foundation of a cohesive partnership with the contractor and its principal subcontractors and supplier. This partnership will be structured to draw on the strengths of each organization to identify and achieve reciprocal goals. The objectives are effective and efficient contract performance and completion within budget, on schedule, and in accordance with plans and specifications.

This partnership will be bilateral in make-up, and participation will be totally voluntary. Any cost associated with effectuating this partnering will be agreed to by both parties and will be shared equally.

To implement this partnering initiative prior to starting of work in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 108.02 Notice to Proceed and prior to the preconstruction conference, the contractor's management personnel and MDOT's District Engineer, will initiate a partnering development seminar/team building workshop. The Contractor working with the assistance of the District and the State Construction Engineer will make arrangements to determine attendees for the workshop, agenda of the workshop, duration, and location. Persons required to be in attendance will be the MDOT key project personnel, the contractor's on-site project manager and key project supervision personnel of both the prime and principal subcontractors and suppliers. The project design engineers, FHWA and key local government personnel will be also be invited to attend as necessary. The contractors and MDOT will also be required to have Regional/District and Corporate/State level managers on the project team.

Follow-up workshops may be held periodically throughout the duration of the contract as agreed by the contractor and Mississippi Department of Transportation.

The establishment of a partnership charter on a project will not change the legal relationship of the parties to the contract nor relieve either party from any of the terms of the contract.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-104-4

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 03/01/2011

## **SUBJECT:** Disposal of Materials

Section 104, Scope of Work, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-104.05--Removal and Disposal of All Materials From the Project.</u> Delete the second sentence of the first full paragraph of Subsection 104.05 on page 30 and substitute the following:

The Contractor shall also furnish the Engineer a certified letter stating that the area of disposal is not in a wetland or in Waters of the U.S.

# SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-105-6

DATE: 12/12/2011

# **SUBJECT:** Control of Work

After Subsection 907-105.05 on page 1, add the following.

<u>**907-105.14--Maintenance During Construction</u></u>. Before the first sentence Subsection 105.14 on page 39, add the following:</u>** 

The Contractor will be responsible for the maintenance of existing roadways within the limits of this project starting on the date of the Notice To Proceed / Beginning of Contract Time. Anytime work is performed in a travel lane, the Contractor shall install portable lane closure signs meeting the requirement of the MDOT Standard Drawing or MUTCD.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-105-6

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 01/20/2011

## SUBJECT: Control of Work

Section 105, Control of Work, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is modified as follows:

<u>907-105.05--Cooperation by Contractor.</u> In the third sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 105.05 on page 35, change "Notice to Proceed" to "Notice of Award".

Delete the fourth paragraph of Subsection 105.05 on page 35, and substitute the following.

On projects that include erosion control pay items, the Contractor shall also designate a responsible person whose primary duty shall be to monitor and maintain the effectiveness of the erosion control plan, including NPDES permit requirements. This responsible person must be a Certified Erosion Control Person certified by an organization approved by the Department. Prior to or at the pre-construction conference, the Contractor shall designate in writing the Certified Erosion Control Person to the Project Engineer. The designated Certified Erosion Control Person shall be assigned to only one (1) project. When special conditions exist, such as two (2) adjoining projects or two (2) projects in close proximity, the Contractor may request in writing that the State Construction Engineer approve the use of one (1) Certified Erosion Control Person for both projects. The Contractor may request in writing that the Engineer authorize a substitute Certified Erosion Control Person to act in the absence of the Certified Erosion Control Person. The substitute Certified Erosion Control Person must also be certified by an organization A copy of the Certified Erosion Control Person's certification approved by the Department. must be included in the Contractor's Protection Plan as outlined in Subsection 907-107.22.1. This in no way modifies the requirements regarding the assignment and availability of the superintendent.

# SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-107-9

DATE: 08/23/2011

## SUBJECT: Legal Relations and Responsibility to Public

<u>907-107.14.2.2--Railroad Protective.</u> Delete the first sentence of subparagraph (b) of Subsection 907-107.14.2.2 on page 3 and substitute the following.

(b) **Contractor's Liability - Railroad**, including subcontractors, XCU and railroad contractual with limits of \$1,000,000 each occurrence; \$2,000,000 aggregate.

After Subsection 907-107.17 on page 4, add the following:

<u>907-107.18--Contractor's Responsibility for Utility Property and Services</u>. After the first sentence of Subsection 107.18 on page 63, add the following:

Prior to any excavation on the project, the Contractor shall contact MS 811 and advise them to mark all known utilities in the area of the excavation.

# SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-107-9

CODE: (IS)

## DATE: 01/20/2011

## SUBJECT: Legal Relations and Responsibility to Public

Section 107, Legal Relations and Responsibility to Public, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-107.02--Permits, Licenses and Taxes</u>. Delete in toto Subsection 107.02 on page 49 and substitute the following:

The Contractor or any Subcontractor shall have the duty to determine any and all permits and licenses required and to procure all permits and licenses, pay all charges, fees and taxes and issue all notices necessary and incidental to the due and lawful prosecution of the work. At any time during the life of this contract, the Department may audit the Contractor's or Subcontractor's compliance with the requirements of this section.

The Contractor or any Subcontractor is advised that the "Mississippi Special Fuel Tax Law", Section 27-55-501, et seq. and the Mississippi Use Tax Law, Section 27-67-1, et seq., and their requirements and penalties, apply to any contract or subcontract for construction, reconstruction, maintenance or repairs, for contracts or subcontracts entered into with the State of Mississippi, any political subdivision of the State of Mississippi, or any Department, Agency, Institute of the State of Mississippi or any political subdivision thereof.

The Contractor or any Subcontractor will be subject to one or more audits by the Department during the life of this contract to make certain that all applicable fuel taxes, as outlined in Section 27-55-501, et seq., and any sales and/or use taxes, as outlined in Section 27-67-1, et seq. are being paid in compliance with the law. The Department will notify the Mississippi State Tax Commission of the names and addresses of any Contractors or Subcontractors.

907-107.14--Damage Claims and Insurance.

<u>907-107.14.2--Liability Insurance</u>. Delete Subsection 107.14.2 beginning on page 60 and substitute:

<u>907-107.14.2.1--General</u>. The Contractor shall carry Contractor's liability, including subcontractors and contractual, with limits not less than: \$500,000 each occurrence; \$1,000,000 aggregate; automobile liability - \$500,000 combined single limit - each accident; Workers' Compensation and Employers' Liability - Statutory & \$100,000 each accident; \$100,000 each employee; \$500,000 policy limit. Each policy shall be signed or countersigned by a Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent of the Insurance Company.

The Contractor shall have certificates furnished to the Department from the insurance companies providing the required coverage. The certificates shall be on the form furnished by the Department and will show the types and limits of coverage.

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<u>907-107.14.2.2--Railroad Protective.</u> The following provisions are applicable to all work performed under a contract on, over or under the rights-of-way of each railroad shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall assume all liability for any and all damages to work, employees, servants, equipment and materials caused by railroad traffic.

Prior to starting any work on railroad property, the Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence to the Department that insurance of the forms and amounts set out herein in paragraphs (a) and (b) has been obtained. Also, the Contractor shall furnish similar evidence to the Railroad Company that insurance has been obtained in accordance with the Standard Provisions for General Liability Policies and the Railroad Protective Liability Form as published in the Code of Federal Regulations, 23 CFR 646, Subpart A. Evidence to the Railroad Company shall be in the form of a Certificate of Insurance for coverages required in paragraph (b), and the original policy of the Railroad Protective Liability Insurance for coverage required in paragraph (a).

All insurance herein specified shall be carried until the contract is satisfactorily complete as evidenced by a release of maintenance from the Department.

The Railroad Company shall be given at least 30 days notice prior to cancellation of the Railroad Protective Liability Insurance policy.

For work within the limits set out in Subsection 107.18 and this subsection, the Contractor shall provide insurance for bodily injury liability, property damage liability and physical damage to property with coverages and limits no less than shown in paragraphs (a) and (b). Bodily injury shall mean bodily injury, sickness, or disease, including death at anytime resulting therefrom. Property damage shall mean damages because of physical injury to or destruction of property, including loss of use of any property due to such injury or destruction. Physical damage shall mean direct and accidental loss of or damage to rolling stock and their contents, mechanical construction equipment or motive power equipment.

(a) **Railroad Protective Liability Insurance** shall be purchased on behalf of the Railroad Company with limits of \$2,000,000 each occurrence; \$6,000,000 aggregate applying separately to each annual period for lines without passenger trains. If the line carries passenger train(s), railroad protective liability insurance shall be purchased on behalf of the Railroad Company with limits of \$5,000,000 each occurrence; \$10,000,000 aggregate applying separately to each annual period.

Coverage shall be limited to damage suffered by the railroad on account of occurrences arising out of the work of the Contractor on or about the railroad right-of-way, independent of the railroad's general supervision or control, except as noted in paragraph 4 below.

Coverage shall include:

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(1) death of or bodily injury to passengers of the railroad and employees of the railroad not covered by State workmen's compensation laws,

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- (2) personal property owned by or in the care, custody or control of the railroads,
- (3) the Contractor, or any of the Contractor's agents or employees who suffer bodily injury or death as a result of acts of the railroad or its agents, regardless of the negligence of the railroads, and
- (4) negligence of only the following classes of railroad employees:
  - (i) any supervisory employee of the railroad at the job site
  - (ii) any employee of the railroad while operating, attached to, or engaged on, work trains or other railroad equipment at the job site which are assigned exclusively to the Contractor, or
  - (iii) any employee of the railroad not within (i) or (ii) above who is specifically loaned or assigned to the work of the Contractor for prevention of accidents or protection or property, the cost of whose services is borne specifically by the Contractor or Governmental authority.

(b) **Regular Contractor's Liability**, including subcontractors, XCU and railroad contractual with limits of \$1,000,000 each occurrence; \$2,000,000 aggregate. **Automobile** with limits of \$1,000,000 combined single limit any one accident; **Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability** - statutory and \$100,000 each accident; \$100,000 each employee; \$500,000 policy limit. **Excess/Umbrella Liability** \$5,000,000 each occurrence; \$5,000,000 aggregate. All coverage to be issued in the name of the Contractor shall be so written as to furnish protection to the Contractor respecting the Contractor's operations in performing work covered by the contract. Coverage shall include protection from damages arising out of bodily injury or death and damage or destruction of property which may be suffered by persons other than the Contractor's own employees.

In addition, the Contractor shall provide for and on behalf of each subcontractor by means of a separate and individual liability and property damage policy to cover like liability imposed upon the subcontractor as a result of the subcontractor's operations in the same amounts as contained above; or, in the alternative each subcontractor shall provide same.

<u>907-107.15--Third Party Beneficiary Clause.</u> In the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 107.15 on page 61, change "create the public" to "create in the public".

<u>907-107.17--Contractor's Responsibility for Work.</u> Delete the fifth sentence of the fifth paragraph of Subsection 107.17 on page 63 and substitute the following:

The eligible permanent items shall be limited to traffic signal systems, changeable message signs, roadway signs and sign supports, lighting items, guard rail items, delineators, impact attenuators, median barriers, bridge railing or pavement markings. The eligible temporary items shall be limited to changeable message signs, guard rail items, or median barriers.

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## SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-107-10

### DATE: 04/19/2012

## SUBJECT: Contractor's Erosion Control Plan

In the second paragraph of Subsection 907-107.22.1 on page 1, change "60 calendar days" to "30 calendar days".

Delete the three (3) minimum plan requirements listed after the second paragraph of Subsection 907-107.22.1 on pages 1 and 2, and substitute the following:

The Contractor shall submit an erosion and siltation control plan that shows a typical protection plan for any drainage structure on the project. A site specific erosion and siltation control plan shall be provided for any sensitive areas, such as creeks, streams, rivers, box culverts, etc.

A narrative of the Contractor's temporary erosion control plan shall be submitted in a format similar to the form attached to this special provision, but must include the heading and subheading information.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-107-10

CODE: (SP)

## DATE: 03/14/2011

## SUBJECT: Contractor's Erosion Control Plan

Section 107, Legal Relations and Responsibility to Public, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

Delete in toto Subsection 107.22.1 on pages 65 and 66, and substitute the following:

<u>907-107.22.1--Contractor's Erosion Control Plan</u>. At the preconstruction conference or prior to starting any work on the project, the Contractor shall submit to the Project Engineer for concurrence a comprehensive erosion and siltation control plan utilizing temporary measures and permanent erosion control features to provide acceptable controls during all stages of construction.

The contract time for this project has allowed 60 calendar days for the submittal and concurrence of the Contractor's erosion control plan, MDOT's review of the plan, and any revisions that may be necessary. The original contract time shall not be adjusted unless delays are caused solely by the Department for the submission, review, and concurrence of the Contractor's erosion control plan.

As a minimum, the plan shall include the following:

- 1. Erosion Control Plan (ECP) sheets or the plan profile sheets, 11" x 17" or larger, of all areas within the rights-of-way from the Beginning of the Project (BOP) to the End of the Project (EOP) showing the location of all temporary erosion control devices. Erosion control devices should be identified by exact type, temporary or permanent, configuration, and placement of each item to prevent erosion and siltation. A narrative of the Contractor's temporary erosion control plan shall be submitted in a format similar to the form attached to this special provision, but must include the heading and sub-heading information. As a minimum, the narrative shall include the following:
  - A detailed description, including locations (station numbers) of the Contractor's proposed sequence of operations including, but not limited to, clearing and grubbing, excavation, drainage, and structures.
  - A detailed description, including locations, and best management practices (BMP) that will be used to prevent siltation and erosion from occurring during the Contractor's proposed sequence of operations.
- 2. A copy of the certification for the Contractor's Certified Erosion Control Person whose primary duty shall be monitoring and maintaining the effectiveness of the erosion control plan, BMPs, and compliance with the NPDES permit requirements.
- 3. A plan for the disposal of waste materials on the project right-of-way which shall include but not be limited to the following:

- containment and disposal of materials resulting from the cleaning (washing out) of concrete trucks that are delivering concrete to the project site.
- containment and disposal of fuel / petroleum materials at staging areas on the project.

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The erosion and siltation control plan shall be maintained on the project site at all times, updated as work progresses to show changes due to revisions in the sequences of construction operations, replacement of inadequate BMPs, and the maintenance of BMPs. Work shall not be started until an erosion control plan has been concurred with by the MDOT. The Engineer will have the authority to suspend all work and/or withhold payments for failure of the Contractor to carry out provisions of MDEQ's Storm Water Construction General Permit, the erosion control plan, updates to the erosion control plan, and /or proper maintenance of the BMPs.

**<u>907-107.22.2--Clearing and Grubbing, Haul Roads, Waste Areas, Plant Sites or Other</u>** <u>Areas Occupied by the Contractor.</u> Delete the fourth paragraph of Subsection 107.22.2 on page 66 and substitute the following:

Unless otherwise determined by the Engineer from a study of overall job conditions, the exposed surface area of erodible material at any one time for each of the separate operations of this subsection shall not exceed 19 acres without prior approval by the Engineer.

#### EXAMPLE MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Narrative

General Permit Coverage No: MSR	_
Project Number:	
County:	
Route:	

#### SITE INFORMATION

This project consists of grading and installing drainage structures necessary to construct approximately 6 miles of parallel lanes on SR 31 between the Hinds County Line and the Rankin County Line.

#### SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS

**VEGETATIVE CONTROLS:** Clearing and grubbing areas will be minimized to comply with the buffer zones (minimum of 15 feet along the ROW lines and 5 feet along creeks) as per the contract documents. A combination of temporary and permanent grassing will be used to protect slopes as construction progresses. Should a disturbed area be left undisturbed for 14 days or more, temporary or permanent vegetation will be placed within 7 calendar days.

**STRUCTURAL CONTROLS:** Gravel construction entrance/exit will be installed near Stations 145+50, 159+50, 164+50 & 172+50. Riprap ditch checks will be constructed at Stations 144+50, 151+75, 162+00 & 166+25. The Concrete washout area will be at Stations 140+25, 152+00 & 168+50.

**HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES:** Structural BPM's will be cleaned out when sediment reaches 1/3 to 1/2 of the height of the BMP. Maintenance and repair of equipment will be performed off-site, material wash out will occur either off-site or within designated wash out areas.

**POST-CONSTRUCTION CONTROL MEASURES:** As construction is completed, permanent vegetative growth will be established on disturbed soils to improve soil stability and provide a buffer zone for loose material. Paved ditches and flumes will be placed as specified in the ECP to reduce erosion in concentrated flow areas and rip rap will be placed as specified to dissipate flow energy and reduce flow velocity.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION SEQUENCE**

Perimeter controls will be installed first. Clearing and grubbing will be performed in 19-acre sections beginning at the BOP and temporary grassing will be installed as needed. Temporary erosion control BMP's will be installed at the drainage structures prior/during construction of the drainage structures. Grading activities will commence at the BOP and proceed towards the EOP, fill slopes will be permanently grassed in stages for fill heights that exceed 5 feet. Base materials will be installed on completed grading sections with the paving to follow.

#### MAINTENANCE PLAN

All erosion and sediment control practices will be checked for stability and operation following every rainfall but in no case less than once every week. Any needed repairs will be made immediately to maintain all practices as designed. Sediment basins will be cleaned out when the level of sediment reaches 2.0 feet below the top of the riser. Sediment will be removed from behind BMP's when it becomes about 1/3 to 1/2 height of BMP.

Prime Contractor's Signature

Date

**Printed Name** 

Title

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-108-24

CODE: (SP)

## DATE: 03/15/2011

### **SUBJECT: Prosecution and Progress**

Section 108, Prosecution and Progress, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

#### 907-108.01--Subletting of Contract.

<u>**907-108.01.1--General</u>**. At the end of the last paragraph of Subsection 108.01.1 on page 73, add the following:</u>

The Engineer will have the authority to suspend the work wholly or in part and to withhold payments because of the Contractor's failure to make prompt payment within 15 calendar days as required above, or failure to submit the required OCR-484 Form, Certification of Payments to Subcontractors, which is also designed to comply with prompt payment requirements.

<u>907-108.02--Notice To Proceed</u>. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 108.02 on page 75 and substitute the following:

The anticipated date of the Notice to Proceed (NTP) / Beginning of Contract Time (BCT) will be specified in the proposal.

Delete the fourth paragraph of Subsection 108.02 on page 75 and substitute the following:

Upon written request from the Contractor and if circumstances permit, the Notice to Proceed may be issued at an earlier date subject to the conditions stated therein. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any monetary damages or extension of contract time for any delay claim or claim of inefficiency occurring between the early issuance Notice To Proceed date and the Notice to Proceed date stated in the contract.

<u>**907-108.03--Prosecution and Progress.</u>** Delete Subsection 108.03.1 on pages 75 & 76, and substitute the following:</u>

**<u>907-108.03.1--Progress Schedule.</u>** Prior to or at the Pre-Construction Conference, the Contractor shall furnish a progress schedule and be prepared to discuss both its proposed methodologies for fulfilling the scheduling requirements and its sequence of operations. The Engineer will review the schedule and approve the schedule as it relates to compliance with the specifications and logic. The progress schedule must be approved by the Engineer prior to commencing work. The schedule shall be a bar-chart type schedule submitted on 11"x17" paper meeting the below minimum requirements. These activities shall be significantly detailed enough to communicate the Contractor's understanding of the construction sequencing and phasing of the project.

When preparing the progress schedule, the Contractor shall include the following:

• Show a time scale to graphically show the completion of the work within contract time.

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- Define and relate activities to the contract pay items.
- Show all activities in the order the work is to be performed including submittals, submittal reviews, fabrication and delivery.
- Show all activities that are controlling factors in the completion of the work.
- Show the time needed to perform each activity and its relationship in time to other activities.

Should the schedule not include the above requirements or becomes unrealistic during construction, the Contractor should immediately submit a revised, more realistic schedule for approval.

<u>**907-108.03.2--Preconstruction Conference**</u>. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 108.03.2 on page 76 and substitute the following:

Prior to commencement of the work, a preconstruction conference shall be held for the purpose of discussing with the Contractor essential matters pertaining to the prosecution and satisfactory completion of the work. The Contractor will be responsible for scheduling the preconstruction conference. The Contractor will advise the Project Engineer in writing 14 days prior to the requested date that a conference is requested. When the contract requires the Contractor to have a certified erosion control person, the Contractor's certified erosion control person shall be at the preconstruction conference. The Department will arrange for utility representatives and other affected parties to be present.

Delete the third paragraph of Subsection 108.03.2 on page 76.

**<u>907-108.06--Determination and Extension of Contract Time.</u>** Delete Subsections 108.06.1 and 108.06.2 on pages 79 thru 85 and substitute the following:

## 907-108.06.1--Blank.

## 907-108.06.2--Based on Calendar Date Completion.

<u>907-108.06.2.1--General.</u> Contract Time will be established on the basis of a Completion Date, as indicated in the contract. The span of time allowed for the completion of the work included in the contract will be indicated in the contract documents and will be known as "Contract Time".

The span of time allowed in the contract as awarded is based on the quantities used for comparison of bids. If satisfactory fulfillment of the contract requires performance of work in greater quantities than those set forth in the proposal, the time allowed for completion shall be increased in Calendar Days in the same ratio that the cost of such added work, exclusive of the cost of work altered by Supplemental Agreement for which a time adjustment is made for such altered work in the Supplemental Agreement, bears to the total value of the original contract unless it can be established that the extra work was of such character that it required more time

than is indicated by the money value.

The Contractor shall provide sufficient materials, equipment and labor to guarantee the completion of the work in the contract in accordance with the plans and specifications within the Contract Time.

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<u>907-108.06.2.2--Contract Time.</u> The following TABLE OF ANTICIPATED PRODUCTIVE DAYS indicates an average/anticipated number of productive days per month.

Month	Available Productive Days
January	6
February	7
March	11
April	15
May	19
June	20
July	21
August	21
September	20
October	16
November	11
December	5
Calendar Year	172

#### TABLE OF ANTICIPATED PRODUCTIVE DAYS

Allocation of anticipated productive days for a fractional part of the month will be computed as a proportion of the listed anticipated productive days for the applicable month.

An available productive day will be assessed (a) any day of the week, Monday through Friday, exclusive of legal holidays recognized by the Department in Subsection 108.04.1, in which the Contractor works or could have worked for more than six (6) consecutive hours on the controlling items of work, as determined by the Engineer, or (b) any Saturday, exclusive of legal holidays recognized by the Department in Subsection 108.04.1, in which the Contractor works for more than six (6) consecutive hours on the controlling items of work, as determined by the Engineer. When the Contractor works less than four consecutive hours during the day, no time will be charged for that day. When the Contractor works more than four but less than six consecutive hours, one-half (0.5) of an available work day will be charged for that day. When he Contractor works six or more consecutive hours during the day, one (1.0) available work day will be charged for that day.

Should the weather or other conditions be such that four (4) consecutive satisfactory hours are not available prior to noon (for daytime operations) or midnight (for nighttime operations), no time will be assessed for that day regardless of the above conditions. However, if the Contractor elects to work, time will be assessed in accordance with the previous paragraph.

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Weather delays will not be considered for Saturdays, Sundays or legal holidays recognized by the Department in Subsection 108.04.1.

Available productive days will be based on soil and weather conditions and other specific conditions cited in the contract. The Engineer will determine on each applicable day the extent to which work in progress could have been productive, regardless of whether the Contractor actually worked.

Each month the Engineer will complete, and furnish to the Contractor, an "Assessment Report for Available Productive Days" (CSD-765). This report shows the number of available productive days during the estimate period and the cumulative available productive days to date. The Contractor should review the Engineer's report as to the accuracy of the assessment and confer with the Resident or Project Engineer to rectify any differences. Each should make a record of the differences, if any, and conclusions reached. In the event mutual agreement cannot be reached, the Contractor will be allowed a maximum of 15 calendar days following the ending date of the monthly report in question to file a protest Notice of Claim in accordance with the provisions of Subsection 105.17. Otherwise, the Engineer's assessment shall be final unless mathematical errors of assessment are subsequently found to exist, and any claim of the Contractor as to such matter shall be waived.

At any given date, the ratio of the accumulated monetary value of that part of the work actually accomplished to the total contract bid amount adjusted to reflect approved increases or decreases shall determine the "percent complete" of the work.

The "percentage of elapsed time" shall be calculated as a direct ratio of the expired calendar days to the total calendar days between the Beginning of Contract Time and the Specified Completion Date in the contract.

When the "percent complete" lags more than 20 percent behind the "percentage of elapsed time", the Contractor shall immediately submit a written statement and revised progress schedule indicating any additional equipment, labor, materials, etc. to be assigned to the work to ensure completion within the specified contract time. When the "percent complete" lags more than 40 percent behind the "percentage of elapsed time", the contract may be terminated.

<u>907-108.06.2.3--Extension of Time</u>. The Contractor may, prior to the expiration of the Contract Time, make a written request to the Engineer for an extension of time with a valid justification for the request. The Contractor's plea that insufficient time was specified is not a valid reason for extension of time.

No extension of the specified completion date will be granted except as provided herein. An extension of contract time may be granted for unusually severe weather, abnormal delays caused

solely by the State or other governmental authorities, or unforeseeable disastrous phenomena of nature of the magnitude of earthquakes, hurricanes, tornadoes, or flooded essential work areas which are deemed to unavoidably prevent prosecuting the work.

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Unusually severe weather is defined as when the actual available productive days for the contract time are less than the number of available productive days shown in the Table of Anticipated Productive Days.

Any extension of contract time will be based on a calendar days basis, excluding Saturdays, Sundays or legal holidays recognized by the Department in Subsection 108.04.1. No proration of contract time will be made. Any extension of contract time will be made on or after the specified completion date. No extension of contract time will be made on a monthly basis.

Any revision of the specified completion date provided in the contract will be made automatically on the specified completion date as established in the contract, and at a later date if additional conditions so warrant.

If the completion of the project is extended into a season of the year in which completion of certain items of work would be prohibited or delayed because of seasonal or temperature limitations, the Engineer may waive the limitations provided the completion of the work will not result in a reduction in quality. When determined that the completion of the out-of-season items will cause a reduction in the quality of the work, the completion of the project will be further extended so the items may be completed under favorable weather conditions. In either case, the Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing.

Liquidated damages as set forth in Subsection 108.07 under the heading "Daily Charge Per Calendar Day" in the Table titled "Schedule of Deductions for Each Day of Overrun in Contract Time", shall be applicable to each calendar day after the specified completion date, or authorized extension thereof, and until all work under the contract is completed.

**907-108.06.2.4--Cessation of Contract Time.** When the Engineer by written notice schedules a final inspection, time will be suspended until the final inspection is conducted and for an additional 14 calendar days thereafter. If after the end of the 14-day suspension all necessary items of work have not been completed, time charges will resume. If the specified completion date had not been reached at the time the Contractor called for a final inspection, the calendar day difference between the specified completion date and the date the Contractor called for a final inspection will be added after the 14-day period before starting liquidation damages. If a project is on liquidated damages at the time a final inspection is scheduled, liquidated damages will be suspended until the final inspection is conducted and for seven (7) calendar days thereafter. If after the end of the 7-day suspension all necessary items of work have not been completed, liquidated damages will resume. When final inspection has been made by the Engineer as prescribed in Subsection 105.16 and all items of work have been completed, the daily time charge will cease.

<u>907-108.10--Termination of Contractor's Responsibility</u>. In the last sentence of Subsection 108.10 on page 88, change "bond" to "performance and payment bond(s)".

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-109-5

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 1/20/2011

## **SUBJECT:** Measurement and Payment

Section 109, Measurement and Payment, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-109.01--Measurement of Quantities.</u> Delete the third full paragraph of Subsection 109.01 on page 90 and substitute the following.

When requested by the Contractor, material specified to be measured by the cubic yard or ton may be converted to the other measure as appropriate. Factors for this conversion will be determined by the District Materials Engineer and agreed to by the Contractor. The conversion of the materials along with the conversion factor will be incorporated into the contract by supplemental agreement. The supplemental agreement must be executed before such method of measurement is used.

<u>907-109.04--Extra and Force Account Work</u>. In the last sentence of subparagraph (b) in Subsection 109.04 on page 91, change "bond" to "bond(s)".

Delete the first sentence of the second paragraph of subparagraph (d) in Subsection 109.04 on page 92 and substitute the following:

In the event an agreement cannot be reached for a particular piece of equipment, the book entitled "Rental Rate Blue Book For Construction Equipment" as published by EquipmentWatch® and is current at the time the force account work is authorized will be used to determine equipment ownership and operating expense rates.

#### <u>907-109.06--Partial Payment.</u>

<u>907-109.06.1--General</u>. Delete the fourth and fifth sentences of the third paragraph of Subsection 109.06.1 on page 94, and substitute the following:

In the event mutual agreement cannot be reached, the Contractor will be allowed a maximum of 25 calendar days following the Contractor's receipt of the monthly estimate in question to file in writing, a protest Notice of Claim in accordance with the provisions Subsection 105.17. Otherwise, the Engineer's estimated quantities shall be considered acceptable pending any changes made during the checking of final quantities.

<u>907-109.07--Changes in Material Costs</u>. Delete the third full paragraph of Subsection 109.07 on page 96 and substitute the following:

A link to the established base prices for bituminous products and fuels will be included in the contract documents under a Notice to Bidders entitled "Petroleum Products Base Prices."

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### SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-110-2

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 04/02/2010

### **SUBJECT:** Wage Rates

Section 110, Required Contract Provisions, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

907-110.02--Application. Delete Subsection 110.02.2 on page 100 and substitute the following.

<u>907-110.02.2--Wage Rates.</u> All persons employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination decision of the Secretary of Labor in effect 10 days prior to taking bids.

Bidders are advised that regardless of the wage rates listed in the Supplement to FHWA 1273 in the contract, minimum federal wage rates must be paid.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-237-4

CODE: (SP)

### DATE: 03/13/2012

### **SUBJECT:** Wattles

Section 907-237, Wattles, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

### SECTION 907-237 - WATTLES

<u>907-237.01--Description</u>. This work consists of furnishing, constructing and maintaining wattles for the retention of soil around inlets, swale areas, small ditches, sediment basins and other areas as necessary. Also, the work includes removing and disposing of the wattles and silt accumulations.

Measurement and payment for wattles will be made only when a pay item is included in the bid schedule of the proposal. The quantity is estimated for bidding purposes only and will be dependent upon actual conditions which occur during construction of the project.

<u>907-237.02--Materials.</u> Wattles used around inlets shall have a diameter of twelve inches (12") and a length adequate to meet field conditions. Wattles used at other locations shall have a diameter of twenty inches (20") and a length adequate to meet field conditions. The minimum diameter for the above wattle sizes shall be one inch (1") less than the specified diameter.

The stakes used in securing the wattles in place shall be placed approximately three feet (3') apart throughout the length of the wattle. Stakes shall be wooden and of adequate size to stabilize the wattles to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

In addition to the requirements of this specifications, wattles shall be listed on the Department's "Approved Sources of Materials".

### 907-237.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-237.03.1--General.</u> The wattles shall be constructed at the locations and according to the requirements shown on the erosion control plan.

<u>907-237.03.2--Maintenance and Removal.</u> The Contractor shall maintain the wattles and remove and dispose of silt accumulations.

When the wattles are no longer needed, they shall be removed and the Contractor shall dispose of silt accumulations and treat the disturbed areas in accordance with the contract requirements.

<u>907-237.04--Method of Measurement</u>. Wattles of the size specified will be measured per linear foot.

<u>907-237.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Wattles, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot, which price shall be full compensation for installation, maintaining and removal of the wattles, the removal and disposal of silt accumulations and any required restoration of the disturbed areas.

Payment will be made under:

907-237-A: Wattles, <u>Size</u>

- per linear foot

### SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-246-3

CODE: (SP)

### DATE: 11/08/2010

### SUBJECT: Sandbags and Rockbags

Section 907-246, Sandbags and Rockbags, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

### SECTION 907-246 -- SANDBAGS AND ROCKBAGS

<u>907-246.01--Description</u>. This item of work shall consist of the furnishing, installing, and maintaining sandbags and rockbags for the purpose of temporary erosion control by intercepting and slowing the flow of sediment-laden runoff water, or for use as a temporary dam.

<u>907-246.02--Materials</u>. The filler material for sandbags shall consist of a fine aggregate meeting the requirements of Subsection 703.02. The filler material for rockbags shall consist of a size 57 aggregate meeting the requirements of Subsection 703.03.

The bag material shall be woven polypropylene, polyethylene or polyamide fabric with a minimum unit weight of four (4) ounces per square yard. The bags shall be a minimum of 21 inches in length, 12 inches in width, and four (4) in thickness when filled.

<u>907-246.03--Construction Requirements</u>. Sandbags and rockbags shall be used to construct a berm/dam which will intercept sediment-laden storm water runoff from disturbed areas, create a retention pond, detain sediment, and release water in sheet flow. Sand or rock shall be placed in the bag so that at least the top six (6) inches of the bag is unfilled to allow for proper tying of the open end. Any subsequent rows of bags shall be offset one-half the length of the preceding row to provide a layered brick-type arrangement.

The sandbag and rockbag berm/dam installation shall be maintained in good condition by the Contractor. All necessary work and materials to maintain the integrity of the installation shall be provided until earthwork construction is complete and permanent erosion-control features are in place. The maintenance of the bags will not be paid for separately and will be included in the cost for sandbags or rockbags.

<u>907-246.04--Method of Measurement</u>. Sandbags and rockbags will be measured per linear foot or each.

Sandbags and rockbags measured by the linear foot shall be in accordance with the details in the erosion control drawing. The length of the sandbag or rockbag berm/dam will be measured end-to-end along the cross-section of the ditch in accordance with the erosion control drawing.

907-246.05--Basic of Payment. Sandbags and rockbags, measured as prescribed above, will be

paid for per linear foot or each, which prices shall be full compensation for furnishing bags, fine aggregate, size 57 aggregate, placement of bags, maintenance of the installation, removal and disposal of the sediment deposits and removal after construction has been completed, and for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

907-246-A: Sandbags

- per linear foot or each

907-246-B: Rockbags

- per linear foot or each

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-249-1

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 03/01/2011

### **SUBJECT:** Riprap for Erosion Control

Section 907-249, Riprap for Erosion Control, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

### SECTION 907-249 -- RIPRAP FOR EROSION CONTROL

<u>907-249.01--Description</u>. Riprap for erosion control consists of furnishing and installing riprap for the purpose of temporary erosion control by intercepting and slowing the flow of sediment-laden runoff water, or for use as a temporary dam. It also includes the maintenance and removal of riprap when no longer needed.

Remove and reset riprap consists of the removal and relocation of riprap to other locations shown on the plans, directed by the Engineer, or indicated on the Contractor's Erosion Control Plan.

Riprap shall be installed in accordance with the specifications in reasonably close conformity with the locations and dimensions shown on the plans or established.

<u>907-249.02--Materials</u>. Stones for riprap shall be Size 100 meeting the requirements of Subsection 705.04.

<u>907-249.03--Construction Requirements</u>. Riprap shall be used to construct a berm/dam which will intercept sediment-laden storm water runoff from disturbed areas, create a retention pond, detain sediment, and release water in sheet flow.

The riprap installation shall be maintained in good condition by the Contractor. All necessary work and materials to maintain the integrity of the installation shall be provided until earthwork construction is complete and permanent erosion-control features are in place. The maintenance of the riprap will not be paid for separately and will be included in the cost for riprap for erosion control.

When required, existing riprap may need to be removed and reset at other locations. These locations may be for additional temporary erosion control or may be placed in permanent locations designated by the Engineer.

<u>907-249.04--Method of Measurement</u>. Riprap for erosion control will be measured per ton. Remove and reset riprap shall be measured per cubic yard, FM.

907-249.05--Basic of Payment. Riprap for erosion control, measured as prescribed above, will

be paid for per ton, which prices shall be full compensation for furnishing, installation, maintenance of the installation, and removal/disposal after construction has been completed; and for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Remove and reset of riprap, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for per cubic yard, which prices shall be full compensation for loading, transporting, installing, maintenance of the new installation, and removal/disposal after construction has been completed; and for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

907-249-A: Riprap for Erosion Control

907-249-B: Remove and Reset Riprap

- per cubic yard

- per ton

### SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-304-12

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 06/01/2009

#### **SUBJECT:** Granular Courses

Section 907-304, Granular Courses, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-304.02--Materials.</u> After the first paragraph of Subsection 304.02.1 on page 183, add the following:

When the contract includes pay item 907-304-E, Granular Material, LVM, RAP, it shall be milled recycled asphalt pavement and shall be visually inspected by the Engineer to insure it is free from chunks and deleterious materials.

Crushed concrete meeting the requirements of Subsection 907-703.04.4 may be used in lieu of other crushed courses specificed in the contract.

#### 907-304.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-304.03.5--Shaping, Compacting and Finishing.</u> Delete the sixth paragraph of Subsection 304.03.5 on page 185.

Delete the first table in Subsection 304.03.5 on page 186 and substitute the following:

Granular Material	Lot	Individual
<u>Class</u>	Average	Test
7,8,9 or 10	97.0	93.0
5 or 6	99.0	95.0
3 or 4	100.0	96.0
1 or 2	102.0	98.0
Crushed Courses*	99.0	95.0

\* When placed on filter fabric on untreated subgrade, the individual tests and the average of the five (5) tests shall equal or exceed the following values:

Lot Average	Individual Test
96.0	92.0

Before the last paragraph of Subsection 304.03.5 on page 186, add the following:

Unless otherwise specified, density for granular material, RAP, shall be achieved by two passes of an approved roller and density tests will not be required.

907-304.05--Basis of Payment. Add the "907" prefix to the pay items listed on page 187.

# SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-401-2

DATE: 10/25/2011

# **SUBJECT:** Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)

Add the following before 907-401.02.6.2 on page 1.

<u>907-401.02.4--Substitution of Mixture</u>. Delete the table in Subsection 401.02.4 on page 242, and substitute the following:

	Single Lift Laying Thickness Inches		
Mixture	Minimum	Maximum	
25 mm	3	4	
19 mm	2 1⁄4	3 1/2	
12.5 mm	1 1/2	2 1/2	
9.5 mm	1	1 1/2	
4.75 mm	1/2	3⁄4	

After Subsection 907-401-02.6.2 on page 2, add the following:

<u>907-401.02.6.4.1--Roadway Density</u>. Delete subparagraphs 1., 2., & 3. on page 251 and substitute the following:

- 1. For all leveling lifts, when full lane width and with a thickness as specified in the table in Subsection 401.02.4, the required lot density shall be 92.0 percent of maximum density.
- 2. For all single lift overlays, with or without leveling and/or milling, the required lot density shall be 92.0 percent of maximum density.
- 3. For all multiple lift overlays of two (2) or more lifts excluding leveling lifts, the required lot density of the bottom lift shall be 92. 0 percent of maximum density. The required lot density for all subsequent lifts shall be 93.0 percent of maximum density.
- 4. For all pavements on new construction, the required lot density for all lifts shall be 93.0 percent of maximum density.

<u>907-401.02.6.5--Acceptance Procedure for Pavement Smoothness.</u> Delete the third sentence of the sixth paragraph of Subsection 401.02.6.5 on page 254, and substitute the following.

The wheel paths shall be designated as being located three feet (3') and nine feet (9') from centerline or longitudinal joint, respectively.

<u>907-401.03.1.2--Tack Coat.</u> Delete the three sentences of Subsection 401.03.1.2 on page 259, and substitute the following:

Tack coat shall be applied to previously placed HMA and between lifts, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Tack coat shall be applied with a distributor spray bar. A hand wand will only be allowed for applying tack coat on ramp pads, irregular shoulder areas, median crossovers, turnouts, or other irregular areas. Bituminous materials and application rates for tack coat shall be as specified in Table 410-A on page 293. Construction requirements shall be in accordance with Subsection 407.03 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>**907-401.03.1.4--Density</u>**. Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 401.03.1.4 on page 259 and substitute the following:</u>

The lot density for all dense graded pavement lifts, except as provided below for preleveling, wedging [less than fifty percent (50%) of width greater than minimum lift thickness], ramp pads, irregular shoulder areas, median crossovers, turnouts, or other areas where the established rolling pattern cannot be performed, shall not be less than the specified percent (92.0% or 93.0%) of the maximum density based on AASHTO Designation: T 209 for the day's production. For all leveling lifts, when full lane width and with a thickness as specified in the table in Subsection 401.02.4, the required lot density shall be 92.0 percent of maximum density.

<u>907-401.03.9--Material Transfer Equipment</u>. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 401.03.9 on page 264 and substitute the following:

Excluding the areas mentioned below, the material transferred from the hauling unit when placing the top lift, or the top two (2) lifts of a multi-lift HMA pavement with density requirements, shall be remixed prior to being placed in the paver hopper or insert by using an approved Materials Transfer Device. Information on approved devices can be obtained from the State Construction Engineer. Areas excluded from this requirement include: leveling courses, temporary work of short duration, detours, bridge replacement projects having less than 1,000 feet of pavement on each side of the structure, acceleration and deceleration lanes less than 1,000 feet in length, tapered sections, transition sections for width, shoulders less than 10 feet in width, crossovers, ramps, side street returns and other areas designated by the Engineer.

<u>907-401.03.12--Joints</u>. Delete the third paragraph of Subsection 401.03.12 on page 265 and substitute the following:

The contact surface of transverse joints and longitudinal joints in the surface lift, except hot joints, shall be sealed by spraying a thin, uniform coat of Pavon<sup>TM</sup>, Crafco<sup>TM</sup> Pavement Joint Adhesive No. 34524, Dura-Fill Cold Joint Adhesive, or approved equal, prior to placement of additional HMA against the previously placed material. Manufacture's recommendations shall be followed if the material needs to be re-heated, and when placing the thin, uniform coat.

Prior to application of the sealant, the face of the joint shall be thoroughly dry and free from dust or any other material that would prevent proper sealing. All joints shall be swept or blown free of loose material, dirt, vegetation, and other debris by means of compressed air or a power sweeper. Truck and vehicle traffic shall not drive across a sealed joint until it has dried sufficient to prevent damage from tracking.

The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer three copies of the manufacturer's certification stating that the material used meets the requirement of the specifications.

After Subsection 401.03.13 on page 266, add the following:

<u>907-401.03.14--Shoulder Wedge</u>. The Contractor shall attach a device to the screed of the paver that confines the material at the end gate and extrudes the asphalt material in such a way that results in a compacted wedge shape pavement edge of approximately 30 degrees, but not steeper than 35 degrees. The device shall maintain contact between itself and the road shoulder surface and allow for automatic transition to cross roads, driveways, and obstructions. The device shall be used to constrain the asphalt head reducing the area by 10% to 15% increasing the density of the extruded profile. Conventional single plate strike off shall not be used.

The device shall be TransTech Shoulder Wedge Maker, the Advant-Edge, or a similar approved equal device that produces the same wedge consolidation results. Contact information for these wedge shape compaction devices is the following:

- 1. TransTech Systems, Inc. 1594 State Street Schenectady, NY 12304 800-724-6306 <u>www.transtechsys.com</u>
- Advant-Edge Paving Equipment, LLC P.O. Box 9163 Niskayuna, NY 12309-0163 518-280-6090 Contact; Gary D. Antonelli Cell: 518-368-5699 email: <u>garya@nycap.rr.com</u> Website: <u>www.advantedgepaving.com</u>

Before using a similar device, the Contractor shall provide proof that the device has been used on previous projects with acceptable results, or construct a test section prior to the beginning of work and demonstrate wedge compaction to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Short sections of handwork will be allowed when necessary for transitions and turnouts, or otherwise authorized by the Engineer.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-401-2

CODE: (IS)

### DATE: 11/04/2005

### **SUBJECT:** Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)

Section 401, Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) - General, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

Delete in toto Subsection 401.02.6.2 on pages 248 and 249, and substitute:

<u>907-401.02.6.2--Assurance Program for Mixture Quality.</u> The Engineer will conduct a quality assurance program. The quality assurance program will be accomplished as follows:

- 1) Conducting verification tests.
- 2) Validate Contractor test results.
- 3) Periodically observing Contractor quality control sampling and testing.
- 4) Monitoring required quality control charts and test results.
- 5) Sampling and testing materials at any time and at any point in the production or laydown process.

The rounding of all test results will be in accordance with Subsection 700.04.

The Engineer will conduct verification tests on samples taken by the Contractor under the direct supervision of the Engineer at a time specified by the Engineer. The frequency will be equal to or greater than ten percent (10%) of the tests required for Contractor quality control and the data will be provided to the Contractor within two asphalt mixture production days after the sample has been obtained by the Engineer. At least one sample shall be tested from the first two days of production. All testing and data analysis shall be performed by a Certified Asphalt Technician-I (CAT-I) or by an assistant under the direct supervision of the CAT-I. Certification shall be in accordance with the *MDOT HMA Technician Certification Program* chapter in the Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual. The Department shall post a chart giving the names and telephone numbers for the personnel responsible for the assurance program.

The Engineer shall be allowed to inspect Contractor testing equipment and equipment calibration records to confirm both calibration and condition. The Contractor shall calibrate and correlate all testing equipment in accordance with the latest versions of the Department's Test Methods and AASHTO Designation: R 18.

Random differences between the Engineer's verification tests and the current running average of four quality control tests at the time of obtaining the verification sample will be considered acceptable if within the following limits:

Item	Allowable Differences
Sieve - % Passing	
3/8-inch and above	6.0
No. 4	5.0
No. 8	4.0
No. 16, for 4.75 mm mixtures ONLY	3.5
No. 30	3.5
No. 200	2.0
AC Content	0.4
Specimen Bulk SG, Gmb @ N <sub>Design</sub>	0.030
Maximum SG, Gmm	0.020

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If four quality control tests have not been tested prior to the time of the first verification test, the verification test results will be compared to the average of the preceding quality control tests. If the verification test is the first material tested on the project or if a significant process adjustment was made just prior to the verification test, the verification test results will be compared to the average of four subsequent quality control test results. For all other cases after a significant process adjustment, the verification test results will be compared to the average of the preceding quality control tests (taken after the adjustment) as in the case of a new project start-up when four quality control tests are not available.

In the event that; 1) the comparison of the Contractor's running average quality control data and Engineer's quality assurance verification test results are outside the allowable differences in the above table, or 2) if a bias exists between the results, such that one of the results is predominately higher or lower than the other, and the Engineer's results fail to meet the JMF control limits, the Engineer will investigate the reason immediately. As soon as the need for an investigation becomes known, the Engineer will increase the quality assurance sampling rate to the same frequency required for Contractor testing. The additional samples obtained by the Engineer may be used as part of the investigation process or for routine quality assurance verification tests. The Engineer's investigation may include testing of the remaining quality control split samples, review and observation of the Contractor's testing procedures and equipment, and a comparison of split sample test results by the Contractor quality control laboratory, Department quality assurance laboratory and the Materials Division laboratory. The procedures outlined in the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA may be used as a guide for the investigation. In the event that the Contractor's results are determined to be incorrect, the Engineer's results will be used for the quality control data and the appropriate payment for the mixture will be based on the procedures specified in Subsection 401.02.5.8(j).

The Engineer will periodically witness the sampling and testing being performed by the Contractor. The Engineer, both verbally and in writing, will promptly notify the Contractor of any observed deficiencies. When differences exist between the Contractor and the Engineer which cannot be resolved, a decision will be made by the State Materials Engineer, acting as the referee. The Contractor will be promptly notified in writing of the decision. If the deficiencies are not corrected, the Engineer will stop production until corrective action is taken.

### SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-401-3

CODE: (SP)

### DATE: 01/31/2006

### **SUBJECT:** Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA)

Section 401, Plant Mix Pavements-General, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as amended by this special provision is applicable to Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) Only.

### SECTION 907-401 – STONE MATRIX ASPHALT (SMA)

<u>907-401.01--Description</u>. These specifications include general requirements that are applicable to Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA).

This work consists of the construction of one or more lifts of SMA in accordance with these specifications and the specific requirements for the mixture to be produced and placed in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thicknesses and typical sections shown on the plans or established by the Engineer.

### <u>907-401.01.1--Definitions.</u>

**Maximum Sieve Size** - Maximum sieve size is the smallest sieve size at which 100 percent of the aggregate passes.

**Nominal Maximum Sieve Size** - The nominal maximum sieve size is one sieve size larger than the first sieve to retain more than 10 percent of the aggregate.

**Maximum Density Line** - The maximum density line is a straight line plot on the FHWA 0.45 power gradation chart which extends from the zero origin point of the chart through the plotted point of the combined aggregate gradation curve on the nominal maximum sieve size.

**Mechanically Fractured Face** - An angular, rough, or broken surface of an aggregate particle created by crushing as determined by ASTM Designation: D 5821.

#### 907-401.02--Materials.

### 907-401.02.1--Component Materials.

<u>907-401.02.1.1--General.</u> Component materials will be conditionally accepted at the plant subject to later rejection if incorporated in a mixture or in work that fails to meet contract requirements.

<u>907-401.02.1.2--Aggregates.</u> The source of aggregates shall meet the applicable requirements of Section 703.

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<u>907-401.02.1.2.1--Coarse Aggregate Blend.</u> Mechanically fractured faces by weight of the combined mineral aggregate coarser than the No. 4 sieve shall be 95 percent two or more fractured faces for all SMA mixtures.

The maximum percentage by weight of flat and elongated particles, maximum to minimum dimension greater than 3, shall not exceed 20% for SMA mixtures. This shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D 4791, Section 8.4, on the combined mineral aggregate retained on the 3/8" sieve.

### 907-401.02.1.2.2--Fine Aggregate Blend.

All SMA mixture fine aggregate blends shall have a minimum fine aggregate angularity index of 44.0 (ASTM C1252, Method A). The minus No. 40 fraction of the combined aggregate shall be non-plastic when tested according to AASHTO T 90. The clay content for the combined aggregate used in underlying layers shall not exceed 1.0 percent, and when used in top layers shall not exceed 0.5 percent by weight of the total mineral aggregate when tested according to AASHTO T 88.

### 907-401.02.1.2.3--Combined Aggregate Blend.

All gradations will be based on percent passing by volume and not mass. Refer to Mississippi Test Method MT-80 Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) Volumetric Mix Design, Section 11 for the procedure to calculate gradations based on volumes. The gradation requirements, by volume, for SMA mixtures are provided in the following table.

	Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size					
Sieve	19.0	mm	12.5 mm		9.5 mm	
Size	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
	Control	Control	Control	Control	Control	Control
1 in.	100	100				
3/4 in.	90	100	100	100		
1/2 in.	50	74	90	100	100	100
3/8 in.	25	60	26	78	90	100
No. 4	20	28	20	28	26	60
No. 8	16	24	16	24	20	28
No. 16	13	21	13	21	13	21
No. 30	12	18	12	18	12	18
No. 50	12	15	12	15	12	15
No. 200	8.0	10.0	8.0	10.0	8.0	10.0

<u>907-401.02.1.3--Bituminous Materials</u>. Bituminous materials shall meet the applicable requirements of Section 702 for the grade specified. A PG 76-22 asphalt binder shall be used for

all SMA mixtures. The asphalt content (by weight of total mix) shall be based on the bulk specific gravity of the combined aggregate blend ( $G_{sb}$ ) to ensure a constant asphalt binder volume in the mix for durability purposes. The relationship between  $G_{sb}$  and the minimum asphalt binder content by weight of total mix is provided in the following table.

Based on Minimum Asphalt Content by Volume of 6.0 Percent			
Combined Aggregate Bulk	Minimum Asphalt	Rounded Minimum	
Specific Gravity, G <sub>sb</sub>	Content (%)	Asphalt Content (%)	
2.40	6.58	6.6	
2.45	6.46	6.5	
2.50	6.34	6.3	
2.55	6.22	6.2	
2.60	6.11	6.1	
2.65	6.00	6.0	
2.70	5.90	5.9	
2.75	5.79	5.8	
2.80	5.70	5.7	
2.85	5.60	5.6	
2.90	5.51	5.5	
2.95	5.42	5.4	
3.00	5.34	5.3	
Minimum AC, % (mass) = $0.724*(G_{sb})^2 - 5.98*G_{sb} + 16.76$			

Tack coat shall be the same neat grade asphalt cement used in the mixture being placed or those materials specified for tack coat in Table 410-A on the last page of Section 410. Emulsified asphalt shall not be diluted without approval of the Engineer.

907-401.02.1.4--Mineral Filler. Mineral filler shall meet the requirements of Subsection 703.16.

<u>907-401.02.1.5--Hydrated Lime</u>. Hydrated lime shall meet the requirements of Subsection 714.03.2 for lime used in soil stabilization.

<u>907-401.02.1.6--Asphalt Admixtures.</u> Additives for liquid asphalt, when required or permitted, shall meet the requirements of Subsection 702.08.

<u>907-401.02.1.7-Polymers.</u> Polymers for use in polymer modified SMA pavements shall meet the requirements of Subsection 702.08.3.

**<u>907-401.02.1.8--Stabilizing Fiber.</u>** Stabilizing fiber shall meet the requirements of Subsection 714.07.

907-401.02.2--Blank.

907-401.02.3--Composition of Mixtures.

<u>907-401.02.3.1--General.</u> Unless otherwise specified or permitted, the SMA shall consist of a uniform mixture of asphalt, aggregate, mineral filler, stabilizing fibers, hydrated lime and, when required or necessary to obtain desired properties, antistripping agent and/or other materials.

The total amount of crushed limestone aggregate, in the top lift, shall not exceed 50 percent of the total combined aggregate by weight.

Hydrated lime shall be used in all SMA at the rate of one percent (1%) by weight of the total dry aggregate. The aggregate, prior to the addition of the hydrated lime, shall contain sufficient surface moisture. If necessary, the Contractor shall add moisture to the aggregate according to the procedures set out in Subsection 907-401.03.2.1.2.

The Contractor shall obtain a shipping ticket for each shipment of hydrated lime. The Contractor shall provide the District Materials Engineer with a copy of each shipping ticket from the supplier, including the date, time and weight of hydrated lime shipped.

Mixtures will require the addition of an antistripping agent when the Tensile Strength Ratio (MT-63) and/or the Boiling Water Test (MT-59) fail to meet the following criteria.

Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR - MT-63)	
Wet Strength / Dry Strength	85 percent minimum
Interior Face Coating	95 percent minimum
Boiling Water Test (MT-59)	
Particle Coating	95 percent minimum

Reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) or crushed reclaimed concrete may not be used as an aggregate component in the production of SMA.

### 907-401.02.3.1.1--Mixture Properties.

The mortar is defined as the combination of the percent passing the 0.075 mm sieve, liquid asphalt binder, and the stabilizing fiber. Mix design and approval shall include mortar preparation and testing conducted in accordance with Mississippi Test Method MT-81. The mortar shall have a minimum unaged dynamic shear rheometer (DSR)  $G^*/\sin\delta$  of 5.00 kPa, a minimum rolling thin film oven (RTFO) DSR  $G^*/\sin\delta$  of 11.00 kPa, and a maximum pressure aging vessel (PAV) bending beam rheometer (BBR) stiffness (S) of 1500 MPa.

All mixes shall be designed according to Mississippi Test Method MT-80. SMA mixes shall be designed with the Superpave gyratory compactor utilizing an  $N_{design}$  of 75 gyrations. The design air voids and voids in the mineral aggregate for all SMA mixes are 4.0 and a minimum of 17.0 percent, respectively. The ratio of the voids in the coarse aggregate in the compacted mix (VCA<sub>mix</sub>) to the voids in the coarse aggregate as determined with the dry rodded unit weight test (VCA<sub>dr</sub>) shall be less than 1.0.

The designed mixture shall have a draindown of less than 0.3 percent when tested in accordance with Mississippi Test Method MT-82, Draindown Determination for Stone Matrix Asphalt Mixtures.

<u>907-401.02.3.2--Job Mix Formula</u>. The job mix formula shall be established in accordance with Mississippi Test Method MT-80.

At least 10 working days prior to the proposed use of each mixture, the Contractor shall submit in writing to the Engineer a proposed job-mix formula or request the transfer of a verified job-mix formula as set forth in the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA and MT-80. The job-mix formula shall be signed by a Certified Mixture Design Technician (CMDT).

The Department will perform the tests necessary for review of a proposed job-mix formula for each required mixture free of charge one time only. A charge will be made for additional job-mix formulas submitted by the Contractor for review.

Review of the proposed job-mix formula will be based on percent maximum specific gravity at  $N_{Design}$ , VMA @  $N_{Design}$ , ratio of voids in the Coarse Aggregate (VCA<sub>mix</sub>/VCA<sub>dr</sub>), draindown, mortar properties, resistance to stripping, and other criteria specified for the mixture.

The mixture shall conform thereto within the range of tolerances specified for the particular mixture. No change in properties or proportion of any component of the job-mix formula shall be made without permission of the Engineer. The job-mix formula for each mixture shall be in effect until revised in writing by the Engineer.

A job-mix formula may be transferred to other contracts in accordance with conditions set forth in the Department's Field Manual for HMA.

The Contractor shall not place any SMA prior to receiving "tentative" approval and a MDOT design number from the Central Laboratory.

When a change in source of materials, unsatisfactory mixture production results (such as segregation, bleeding, shoving, rutting over 1/8", raveling & cracking) or changed conditions make it necessary, a new job-mix formula will be required. The conditions set out herein for the original job-mix formula are applicable to the new job-mix formula.

<u>907-401.02.4--Layer Thickness.</u> The minimum and/or maximum laying thickness for SMA mixtures are provided in the following table.

Mixture Nominal	Single Lift Laying Thickness (Inches)	
Maximum Size	Minimum	Maximum
19 mm	2 1/4	3
12.5 mm	1 1/2	2
9.5 mm	1 1/8	1 1/2

#### 907-401.02.5--Contractor's Quality Management Program.

<u>907-401.02.5.1--General.</u> The Contractor shall have full responsibility for quality management and maintain a quality control system that will furnish reasonable assurance that the mixtures and all component materials incorporated in the work conform to contract requirements. The Contractor shall have responsibility for the initial determination and all subsequent adjustments in proportioning materials used to produce the specified mixture. Adjustments to plant operation and spreading and compaction procedures shall be made immediately when results indicate that they are necessary. Mixture produced by the Contractor without the required testing or personnel on the project shall be subject to removal and replacement by the Contractor at no additional cost to the State.

**907-401.02.5.2--Personnel Requirements.** The Contractor shall provide at least one Certified Asphalt Technician-I (CAT-I) full-time during SMA production at each plant site used to furnish material to the project. Sampling shall be conducted by a certified technician or by plant personnel under the direct observation of a certified technician. All testing, data analysis and data posting will be performed by the CAT-I or by an assistant under the direct supervision of the CAT-I. The Contractor shall have a Certified Asphalt Technician-II (CAT-II) available to make any necessary process adjustments. Technician certification shall be in accordance with MDOT SOP TMD-22-10-00-000, MDOT HMA Technician Certification Program. An organizational chart, including names, telephone numbers and current certification, of all those responsible for the quality control program shall be posted in the contractor's laboratory while the SMA paving work is in progress.

<u>**907-401.02.5.3--Testing Requirements.</u>** As a minimum, the Contractor's quality management program shall include the following:</u>

- (a) Bituminous Material. Provide Engineer with samples in a sealed one quart metal container at the frequency given in MDOT SOP TMD-20-04-00-000.
- (b) Mechanically Fractured Face. Determine mechanically fractured face content of aggregates retained on the No. 4 sieve, at a minimum of one test per day of production.
- (c) Mixture Gradation. Conduct extraction tests for gradation determination on the mixture. Sample according to the frequency in paragraph (i) and test according to Mississippi Test Method MT-31.
- (d) Total Voids and VMA. Determine total voids and voids in mineral aggregate (VMA), at N<sub>Design</sub>, from the results of bulk specific gravity tests on laboratory compacted specimens.

Sample according to the sampling frequency in paragraph (i) and test according to the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA.

- (e) Asphalt Content. Sample according to the sampling frequency in paragraph (i), and determine the asphalt content using one of the following procedures.
  - (1) Nuclear gauge. (Mississippi Test Method MT-6)
  - (2) Incinerator oven. (AASHTO T 308, Method A)

Draindown tests shall also be conducted according to Mississippi Test Method MT-82, at a minimum of one test per day of production.

- (f) Stripping Tests. Conduct a minimum of one stripping test at the beginning of each jobmix production and thereafter, at least once per each two weeks of production according to Mississippi Test Method: MT-63 and one stripping test per day of production according to Mississippi Test Method: MT-59. Should either the TSR (MT-63) or the boiling water (MT-59) stripping tests fail, a new antistrip additive or rate shall be established or other changes made immediately that will result in a mixture which conforms to the specifications; otherwise, production shall be suspended until corrections are made.
- (g) Density Tests. Conduct density tests as necessary to control and maintain required compaction according to Mississippi Test Method: MT-16, Method C (nuclear gauge), or AASHTO T 166.
- (h) Quality Control Charts. Plot the individual test data, the average of the last four tests and the control limits for the following items as a minimum:

Mixture Gradation (Percent Passing) Sieves: 1/2-in, 3/8-in, No. 4, No. 8, No. 30, and No. 200. Asphalt Content, Percent Maximum Specific Gravity Total Voids @ N<sub>Design</sub>, Percent VMA @ N<sub>Design</sub>, Percent

Keep charts up-to-date and posted in a readily observable location. Charts may be kept on a computer, however, the charts shall be printed out a minimum of once each production day and displayed in the laboratory. Note any process changes or adjustments on the Air Voids chart.

(i) Sampling Frequency. Conduct those tests as required above at the following frequency for each mixture produced based on the estimated plant tonnage at the beginning of the day.

Total Estimated Production, tons	Number of Tests
1-700	1
701-1400	2
1401-2100	3
2101+	4

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(j) Sample Requirements. Obtain the asphalt mixture samples from trucks at the plant. Obtain aggregate samples from cold feed bins or aggregate stockpile. Save a split portion of all mixture samples at the laboratory site in a dry and protected location for 14 calendar days. At the completion of the project, the remaining samples may be disposed of with the approval of the Engineer.

The above testing frequencies are for the estimated plant production for the day. If production is discontinued or interrupted, the tests will be conducted at the previously established sample tonnage points for the materials that are actually produced. If the production exceeds the estimated tonnage, sampling and testing will continue at the testing increments previously established for the day. A testing increment is defined as the estimated daily tonnage divided by the required number of tests from the table in Subsection 907-401.02.5.3 paragraph (i).

In addition to the above program, aggregate stockpile gradation tests (AASHTO T-11 and T-27) shall be conducted every other production day. Fine aggregate angularity tests (ASTM C 1252, Method A) shall be conducted on the first day of production and once for every eight production samples thereafter, with a minimum of one test per production week.

907-401.02.5.4--Documentation. The Contractor shall document all observations, records of inspection, adjustments to the mixture, and test results on a daily basis. All tests conducted by the Contractor in accordance with Subsection 907-401.02.5.3(h) shall be included in the running average calculations. If single tests are performed as a check on individual SMA properties, between regular samples, without performing all tests required in Subsection 907-401.02.5.3(h), the results of those individual tests shall not be included in the running average calculations for that particular property. The Contractor shall record the results of observations and records of inspection as they occur in a permanent field record. The Contractor shall record all process adjustments and job mix formula (JMF) changes on the air void charts. The Contractor shall provide copies of all test data sheets and the daily summary reports on the appropriate Mississippi DOT forms to the Engineer on a daily basis. The Contractor shall provide a written description of any process change, including blend proportions, to the Engineer as they occur. Information provided to the Engineer must be received in the Engineer's office by no later than 9:00 AM the day after the SMA is produced. Fourteen days after the completion of the placement of the SMA, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with the original testing records and control charts in a neat and orderly manner.

<u>907-401.02.5.5--Control Limits.</u> The following control limits for the job mix formula (JMF) and warning limits are based on a running average of the last four data points.

Item	JMF Limits	Warning Limits
Sieve - % Passing		
1/2-in	$\pm 5.5$	$\pm 4.0$
3/8-in	± 5.5	$\pm 4.0$
No. 4	$\pm 4.0$	$\pm 3.0$
No. 8	$\pm 4.0$	$\pm 3.0$
No. 30	$\pm 4.0$	$\pm 3.0$
No. 200	$\pm 2.0$	$\pm 1.5$
Asphalt Content, %	-0.3 to +0.5	-0.2 to +0.4
Total Voids @ N <sub>Design</sub> , %	$\pm 1.3$	$\pm 1.0$
VMA @ N <sub>Design</sub> , %	- 1.5	- 1.0

<u>907-401.02.5.6--Warning Bands.</u> Warning bands are defined as the area between the JMF limits and the warning limits.

**907-401.02.5.7--Job Mix Formula Adjustments.** A request for a JMF adjustment signed by a CAT-II may be made to the Engineer by the Contractor. Submit sufficient testing data with the request to justify the change. The requested change will be reviewed by the State Materials Engineer for the Department. If current production values meet the mixture design requirements, a revised JMF will be issued. Adjustments to the JMF shall conform to the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA. Adjustments to the JMF to conform to actual production shall not exceed the tolerances specified for the JMF limits. Regardless of such tolerances, any adjusted JMF gradation shall be within the range given in Subsection 907-401.02.1.2.3 for the mixture specified. The JMF asphalt content may only be reduced if the production VMA meets or exceeds the minimum design VMA requirements for the mixture being produced.

<u>907-401.02.5.8--Actions and Adjustments.</u> Based on the process control test results for any property in question, the following actions shall be taken or adjustments made when appropriate:

- (a) When the running average trends toward the warning limits, the Contractor shall consider taking corrective action. The corrective action, if any, shall be documented. All tests shall be part of the contract files and shall be included in the running average calculations.
- (b) The Contractor shall notify the Engineer whenever the running average exceeds the warning limits.
- (c) If two consecutive running averages exceed the warning limit, the Contractor shall stop production and make adjustments. Production shall only be restarted after notifying the Engineer of the adjustments made.
- (d) If the adjustment made under (c) improves the process such that the running average after four additional tests is within the warning limits, the Contractor may continue production with no reduction in payment.
- (e) If the adjustment made under (c) does not improve the process and the running average after four additional tests stays in the warning band, the mixture will be considered unsatisfactory. Reduced payment for unsatisfactory mixtures will be applied starting

(f) Failure to stop production and make adjustments when required shall subject all mixture produced from the stop point to the point when the running average is back within the warning limits to be considered unsatisfactory. Reduced payment for unsatisfactory mixtures will be applied in accordance with Subsection 907-401.02.6.3.

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- (g) If the running average exceeds the JMF limits, the Contractor shall stop production and make adjustments. Production shall only be restarted after notifying the Engineer of the adjustments made.
- (h) All materials for which the running average exceeds the JMF limits will be considered unacceptable and shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the State. The Engineer will determine the quantity of material to be replaced based on a review of the individual testing data which make up the running average in question and an inspection of the completed pavement. If the Engineer decides to leave the mixture in place because of special circumstances, the quantity of mixture, as defined above, will be paid for in accordance with Subsection 907-401.02.6.3.
- (i) Single test results shall be compared to 1.7 times the warning and JMF limits. If the test results verified by QA testing, within allowable differences in Subsection 907-401.02.6.2, exceed these limits, the pay factor provided in Subsection 907-401.02.6.3 will apply for the quantity of material represented by the test(s). Single test limits will be used for the acceptance of projects when insufficient tonnage is produced to require four (4) Contractor's tests.
- (j) The above corrective action will also apply for a mixture when the Contractor's testing data has been proven incorrect. The Contractor's data will be considered incorrect when; 1) the Contractor's tests and the Engineer's tests do not agree within the allowable differences given in Subsection 907-401.02.6.2 and the difference can not be resolved, or 2) the Engineer's tests indicates that production is outside the JMF limits and the results have been verified by the Materials Division. The Engineer's data will be used in place of the Contractor's data to determine the appropriate pay factor.

**<u>907-401.02.5.9--Trial Section.</u>** At the beginning of placement for each lift, the Contractor shall construct a trial section of a maximum of 400 tons of mix, for the purpose of establishing and evaluating consistent mixture properties and the compactibility of the mixture. Another purpose of the trial section will be to permit the Contractor to adjust the production process and for Contractor QC personnel and Department QA personnel to calibrate or coordinate their testing procedures. The Contractor shall determine the production point at which the mix shall be sampled during trial section construction. This sample does not have to be selected by the formal random selection procedures used during actual production, but should be representative of the mix produced.

Density tests shall be performed according to the procedures in Chapter 7 of MDOT's Field Manual for Hot Mix Asphalt (First Day Production). The Department will conduct verification tests for mixture quality within 24 hours of receipt of the split sample. If a pay factor of less than 1.00 is determined for mix quality or density, a second trial section consisting of 200 tons shall be constructed. If a pay factor of less than 1.00 is obtained in the second trial section, additional 200

ton trial sections shall be constructed until pay factors are equal to 1.00, at which time full production can begin. The Engineer reserves the right to have any trial section removed and replaced at no additional cost to the State, if the pay factor for any characteristic for a trial section is less than 0.75.

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For actual payment purposes, a pay factor of 1.00 will be used for all first and second trial sections allowed to remain in place. Pay factors in accordance with Subsections 907-401.02.6.3 and 907-401.02.6.4.1 will be applied to the third and any subsequent 200 ton trial sections. No contract time will be charged during trial section construction, provided that the pavement operation is the controlling item of work.

### 907-401.02.6--Standards of Acceptance.

<u>907-401.02.6.1--General.</u> Acceptance for mixture quality (VMA and total voids @  $N_{Design}$ , gradation, and asphalt content) will be based on random samples tested in accordance with the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA. Pavement densities and smoothness will be accepted by lots as set out in Subsections 907-401.02.6.4 and 907-401.02.6.5.

<u>907-401.02.6.2--Assurance Program for Mixture Quality</u>. The Engineer will conduct a quality assurance program. The quality assurance program will be accomplished as follows:

- 1) Conducting verification tests.
- 2) Validate Contractor test results.
- 3) Periodically observing Contractor quality control sampling and testing.
- 4) Monitoring required quality control charts and test results.
- 5) Sampling and testing materials at any time and at any point in the production or laydown process.

The rounding of all test results will be in accordance with Subsection 700.04.

The Engineer will conduct verification tests on samples taken by the Contractor under the direct supervision of the Engineer at a time specified by the Engineer. The frequency will be equal to or greater than ten percent (10%) of the tests required for Contractor quality control and the data will be provided to the Contractor within two asphalt mixture production days after the sample has been obtained by the Engineer. At least one sample shall be tested from the first two days of production. All testing and data analysis shall be performed by a Certified Asphalt Technician-I (CAT-I) or by an assistant under the direct supervision of the CAT-I. Certification shall be in accordance with the *MDOT HMA Technician Certification Program* chapter in the Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual. The Department shall post a chart giving the names and telephone numbers for the personnel responsible for the assurance program.

The Engineer shall be allowed to inspect Contractor testing equipment and equipment calibration records to confirm both calibration and condition. The Contractor shall calibrate and correlate all testing equipment in accordance with the latest versions of the Department's Test Methods and AASHTO Designation: R 18.

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Item	Allowable Differences
Sieve - % Passing	
3/8-in and above	6.0
No. 4	5.0
No. 8	4.0
No. 16, for 4.75 mm mixtures ONLY	3.5
No. 30	3.5
No. 200	2.0
AC Content	0.4
Specimen Bulk SG, Gmb @ N <sub>Design</sub>	0.030
Maximum SG, Gmm	0.020

If four quality control tests have not been tested prior to the time of the first verification test, the verification test results will be compared to the average of the preceding quality control tests. If the verification test is the first material tested on the project or if a significant process adjustment was made just prior to the verification test, the verification test results will be compared to the average of four subsequent quality control test results. For all other cases after a significant process adjustment, the verification test results will be compared to the average of the preceding quality control tests (taken after the adjustment) as in the case of a new project start-up when four quality control tests are not available.

In the event that; 1) the comparison of the Contractor's running average quality control data and Engineer's quality assurance verification test results are outside the allowable differences in the above table, or 2) if a bias exists between the results, such that one of the results is predominately higher or lower than the other, and the Engineer's results fail to meet the JMF control limits, the Engineer will investigate the reason immediately. As soon as the need for an investigation becomes known, the Engineer will increase the quality assurance sampling rate to the same frequency required for Contractor testing. The additional samples obtained by the Engineer may be used as part of the investigation process or for routine quality assurance verification tests. The Engineer's investigation may include testing of the remaining quality control split samples, review and observation of the Contractor's testing procedures and equipment, and a comparison of split sample test results by the Contractor quality control laboratory, Department quality assurance laboratory and the Materials Division laboratory. The procedures outlined in the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA may be used as a guide for the investigation. In the event that the Contractor's results are determined to be incorrect, the Engineer's results will be used for the quality control data and the appropriate payment for the mixture will be based on the procedures specified in Subsection 401.02.5.8(j).

The Engineer will periodically witness the sampling and testing being performed by the Contractor. The Engineer, both verbally and in writing, will promptly notify the Contractor of any observed deficiencies. When differences exist between the Contractor and the Engineer which cannot be resolved, a decision will be made by the State Materials Engineer, acting as the referee. The Contractor will be promptly notified in writing of the decision. If the deficiencies are not corrected, the Engineer will stop production until corrective action is taken.

<u>907-401.02.6.3--Acceptance Procedure for Mixture Quality.</u> All obviously defective material or mixture will be subject to rejection by the Engineer. Such defective material or mixture shall not be incorporated into the finished work. If the defective material has already been placed in the work, the material shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the State.

The Engineer will base final acceptance of the asphalt mixture production on the results of the Contractor's testing for total voids and VMA @  $N_{Design}$ , gradation, and asphalt content as verified by the Engineer in the manner hereinbefore described and the uniformity and condition of the completed pavement. Areas of pavement that exhibit nonuniformity or failures (materials or construction related) such as but not limited to segregation, bleeding, shoving, rutting over 1/8", raveling, slippage, or cracking will not be accepted. Such areas will be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the State.

Bituminous mixture placed prior to correction for deficiencies in VMA and total voids @  $N_{Design}$ , gradation, or asphalt content, as required in Subsection 907-401.02.5.8 and determined by the Engineer satisfactory to remain in place will be paid for in accordance with the following pay factors times the contract unit price per ton.

Item	Produced in Warning Bands	Produced Outside JMF Limits
		(Allowed to Remain in Place)
Gradation	0.90	0.75
Asphalt Content	0.85	0.75
Total Voids @ N <sub>Design</sub>	0.70	0.50
VMA @ N <sub>Design</sub>	0.90	0.75

# **Pay Factor for Mixture Quality \***

\* The minimum single payment will apply.

**907-401.02.6.4--Acceptance Procedure for Density.** Each completed lift will be accepted with respect to compaction on a lot to lot basis from density tests performed by the Department. Material produced and placed during the trial section(s), if placed on the roadway, will be designated as separate lots. For normal production days, divide the production into approximately equal lots as shown in the following table. When cores are being used for the compaction evaluation, randomly obtain one core from each lot. When the nuclear density gauge is being used for compaction evaluation, obtain two random readings from each lot and average the results (see Chapter 7 of the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA). Additional tests may be required by the Engineer to determine acceptance of work appearing deficient. The Contractor shall furnish and maintain traffic control for all compaction evaluations, including coring, required in satisfying specified density requirements.

Daily Production - Tons	Number of Lots
0-300	1
301-600	2
601-1000	3
1001-1500	4
1501-2100	5
2101-2800	6
2801+	7

### Lot Determination

<u>907-401.02.6.4.1--Roadway Density.</u> The density requirement for each completed lift on a lot to lot basis from density tests performed by the Department shall be 93.0 percent of maximum density. When it is determined that the density for a lot is below 93.0 percent but not lower than 91.0 percent of maximum density, the Contractor will have the right to remove and replace the lot(s) not meeting the specified density requirements in lieu of accepting reduced payment for the lot(s).

When it is determined that the density for a lot is above 96.0 percent, the Engineer shall notify the Contractor who will make plant adjustments to resolve the problem.

When it is determined that the density for a lot is below 91.0 percent, the lot(s), or portions thereof, shall be removed and replaced in accordance with Chapter 7 of the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA at no additional cost to the State. A corrected lot will be retested for approval. No resampling will be performed when pavement samples are used for determining density.

At any time the average daily compaction (the total of the percent compaction for the lots produced in one day divided by the total number of lots for the day) does not meet 93.0 percent compaction or more for two consecutive days, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer of proposed changes to the compactive effort. If the average daily compaction does not meet 93.0 percent compaction or more for a third consecutive day, the Contractor shall stop production and construct another trial section to establish proper compaction procedures.

Each lot of work found not to meet the density requirement of 93.0 percent of maximum density may remain in place with a reduction in payment as set out in the following table:

### PAYMENT SCHEDULE FOR COMPACTION

	Lot Density **
Pay Factor	<u>% of Maximum Density</u>
1.00	93.0 and above
0.90	92.0 - 92.9
0.70	91.0 - 91.9

\*\* Any lot or portion thereof with a density of less than 91.0 percent of maximum density shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the State.

The compaction pay factors and mixture quality pay factor will each apply separately (See Subsection 907-401.02.6.3). However, the combined pay factor shall not be less than 0.50 for any mixture allowed to remain in place.

**<u>907-401.02.6.5--Acceptance Procedure for Pavement Smoothness.</u>** When compaction is completed, the lift shall have a uniform surface and be in reasonably close conformity with the line, grade and cross section shown on the plans.

The smoothness of each applicable lift will be determined by using a profilograph to produce a profilogram (profile trace) at each designated location. The surface shall be tested and corrected to a smoothness index as described herein with the exception of those locations or specific projects that are excluded from a smoothness test with the profilograph.

The profilograph, furnished and operated by the Contractor under supervision of the Engineer, shall consist of a frame at least 25 feet in length supported upon multiple wheels having no common axle. The wheels shall be arranged in a staggered pattern so that no two wheels will simultaneously cross the same bump. A profile is to be recorded from the vertical movement of a sensing mechanism. This profile is in reference to the mean elevation of the contact points established by the support wheels. The sensing mechanism, located at the mid-frame, may consist of a single bicycle-type wheel or a dual-wheel assembly consisting of either a bicycle-type (pneumatic tire) or solid rubber tire vertical sensing wheel and a separate bicycle-type (pneumatic tire) longitudinal sensing wheel. The wheel(s) shall be of such circumference(s) to produce a profilogram recorded on a scale of one (1) inch equal to 25 feet longitudinally and one (1) inch equal to one (1) inch (full scale) vertically. Motive power may be provided manually or by the use of a propulsion unit attached to the center assembly. In operation, the profilograph shall be moved longitudinally along the pavement at a speed no greater than 3 MPH so as to reduce bounce as much as possible. The testing equipment and procedure shall comply with the requirements of Department SOP.

The Contractor may elect to use a computerized version of the profilograph in lieu of the standard profilograph. If the computerized version of the profilograph is used, it shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-401.02.6.6.

The smoothness of each applicable lift will be determined for traffic lanes, auxiliary lanes, climbing lane and two-way turn lanes. Areas excluded from a smoothness test with the profilograph are

acceleration and deceleration lanes, tapered sections, transition sections (for width), shoulders, crossovers, ramps, side street returns, etc. The roadway pavement on bridge replacement projects having 1,000 feet or less of pavement on each side of the structure will be excluded from a test with the profilograph. Pavement on horizontal curves having a radius of less than 1,000 feet at the centerline and pavement within the superelevation transition of such curves is excluded from a test with the profilograph. The profilogram shall terminate 15 feet from each transverse joint that separates the pavement from a bridge deck, bridge approach slab or existing pavement not constructed under the contract.

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A profilogram will be made for each applicable lift. The measurements will be made in the outside wheel path of exterior lanes and either wheel path of interior lanes. The wheel path is designated as being located three feet from the edge of pavement or longitudinal joint. The testing will be limited to a single profilogram for each lift of a lane except that a new profilogram will be made on segments that have been surface corrected. When surface corrections are required and/or made, a new profilogram will be made. The new profilogram shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-403.03.2.

Each applicable lift will be accepted on a segment to segment basis for pavement smoothness. Where the profile index requirement of the lift is 30.0 inches per mile, no segment of the lift with a profile index greater than 30.0 inches per mile shall be allowed to remain in place without correction. For the purpose of determining pavement smoothness and contract price adjustment for rideability (See Subsection 907-403.03.2), each day's production will be sub-divided into sections which terminate at bridges, transverse joints or other interruptions. Each section will be sub-divided into section, it will be combined with the preceding 528-foot segment for calculation of the profile index. The last 15 feet of a day's lift may not be obtainable until the lift is continued and for this reason may be included in the subsequent segment.

A profile index will be determined for each segment as inches per mile in excess of the "Zero" blanking band which is simply referred to as the "Profile Index". From the profilogram of each segment, the scallops above and below the "Zero" blanking band are totaled in tenths of an inch. The totaled count of tenths is converted to inches per mile to establish a smoothness profile index for that segment.

Individual bumps and/or dips that are identified on the profilogram by locating vertical deviations that exceed four tenths of an inch when measured from a chord length of 25 feet or less shall be corrected regardless of the profile index value of the segment. Surface correction by grinding shall be in accordance with Subsection 907-401.02.6.7. The Contractor shall also make other necessary surface corrections to ensure that the final profile index of the segment meets the requirements of Subsection 907-403.03.2.

Segment(s) exceeding the accepted profile index value shall be corrected as specified in Subsection 907-403.03.4. All such corrections shall be at the expense of the Contractor.

Scheduling will be the responsibility of the Contractor with approval of the Engineer, and the tests shall be conducted within 72 hours after each day's production unless authorized otherwise by the

Engineer. The Contractor will be responsible for traffic control associated with this testing operation.

### 907-401.02.6.6--Computerized Profilograph.

<u>907-401.02.6.6.1--General</u> The computerized profilograph, furnished and operated by the Contractor under the supervision of the Engineer, shall be equipped with an on-board computer capable of meeting the following conditions.

Vertical displacement shall be sampled every three (3) inches or less along the roadway. The profile data shall be bandpass filtered in the computer to remove all spatial wavelengths shorter than two (2) feet. This shall be accomplished by a third order, low pass Butterworth filter. The resulting band limited profile will then be computer analyzed according to the California Profilograph reduction process to produce the required inches per mile index. This shall be accomplished by fitting a linear regression line to each 528 feet of continuous pavement section. This corresponds to the perfect placement of the blanking band bar by a human trace reducer. Scallops above and below the blanking band are then detected and totaled according to the California Profilograph reduction process.

The computerized profilograph shall be capable of producing a plot of the profile and a printout which will give the following data: Stations every twenty five (25) feet, bump/dip height and bump/dip length of specification (4/10 of an inch and 25 feet respectively), the blanking band width, date of measurement, total profile index in inches per mile for the measurement, total length of the measurement, and the raw inches for each tenth mile segment.

**907-401.02.6.6.2--Mechanical Requirements.** The profilograph shall consists of a frame twenty five (25) feet long supported at each end by multiple wheels. The frame shall be constructed to be easily dismantled for transporting. The profilograph shall be constructed from aluminum, stainless steel and chromed parts. The end support wheels shall be arranged in a staggered pattern such that no two wheels cross a transverse joint at the same time. The relative smoothness shall be measured by the vertical movement of an eight (8) inch or larger diameter sensing wheel at the midpoint of the 25-foot frame. The horizontal distance shall be measured by a twenty (20) inch or larger diameter pneumatic wheel. This profile shall be the mean elevation referenced to the twelve points of contact with the pavement established by the support wheels. Recorded graphical trace of the profile shall be on a scale of one inch equals one inch (full scale) vertical motion of the sensing wheel and one inch equals 25 feet horizontal motion of the profilograph.

<u>907-401.02.6.6.3--Computer Requirements.</u> The computer shall have the ability to produce output on sight for verification. The computerized output shall indicate the profile index for each specified section of roadway. Variable low and high pass third-order Butterworth filtering options shall be available. The printout shall be capable of showing station marks automatically on the output. Blanking band positioning for each specified section of the roadway shall be placed according to the least squares fit line of the collected data. Variable bump and dip tests shall be available to show "must correct" locations on the printout. The computer must have the ability to display on screen "must correct" conditions and alert the user with an audible warning

when a "must correct" location has been located. The computer must have the ability to store profile data for later reanalysis. The measurement program must be menu driven and IBM compatible. User selected options, identification, calibration factors, and time and date stamps shall be printed at the top of each printed report for verification. The control software must be upgradeable. A power source shall be included for each profilograph and be capable of supplying all power needs for a full days testing.

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<u>907-401.02.6.7--Surface Correction.</u> Corrective work to bumps shall consist of diamond grinding in accordance with these specifications or methods approved by the Engineer. All surface areas corrected by grinding shall be sealed with a sealant approved by the Engineer.

<u>907-401.02.6.7.1--Diamond Grinding.</u> Grinding of asphalt surfaces shall consist of diamond grinding the existing asphalt pavement surface to remove surface distortions to achieve the specified surface smoothness requirements.

<u>907-401.02.6.7.2--Equipment.</u> The grinding equipment shall be a power driven, self-propelled machine that is specifically designed to smooth and texture pavement surfaces with diamond blades. The effective wheel base of the machine shall not be less than 12.0 feet. It shall have a set of pivoting tandem bogey wheels at the front of the machine and the rear wheels shall be arranged to travel in the track of the fresh cut pavement. The center of the grinding head shall be no further than 3.0 feet forward from the center of the back wheels.

The equipment shall be of a size that will cut or plane at least 2.0 feet wide. It shall also be of a shape and dimension that does not encroach on traffic movement outside of the work area. The equipment shall be capable of grinding the surface without causing spalls at joints, or other locations.

<u>907-401.02.6.7.3--Construction</u>. The construction operation shall be scheduled and proceed in a manner that produces a uniform finish surface. Grinding will be accomplished in a manner to provide positive lateral drainage by maintaining a constant cross-slope between grinding extremities in each lane.

The operation shall result in pavement that conforms to the typical cross-section and the requirements specified in Subsection 907-401.02.6.7.4. It is the intent of this specification that the surface smoothness characteristics be within the limits specified.

The Contractor shall establish positive means for removal of grinding residue. Solid residue shall be removed from pavement surfaces before it is blown by traffic action or wind. Residue shall not be permitted to flow across lanes used by public traffic or into gutters or drainage facilities, but may be allowed to flow into adjacent ditches.

<u>907-401.02.6.7.4--Finished Pavement Surface</u>. The grinding process shall produce a pavement surface that is smooth and uniform in appearance with a longitudinal line type texture. The line type texture shall contain parallel longitudinal corrugations that present a narrow ridge corduroy type appearance. The peaks of the ridges shall not be more than 1/16 inch higher than the bottoms of the grooves.

The finished pavement surface will be measured for riding quality. The grinding shall produce a riding surface which does not exceed either the specified profile index or the specified bump and dip limit.

### 907-401.02.7--Nuclear Gauges.

<u>907-401.02.7.1--Nuclear Moisture-Density Gauge.</u> The nuclear gauge unit used to monitor density shall contain a full data processor which holds all calibration constants necessary to compute and directly display wet density, moisture, and dry density in pounds per cubic foot. The data processor shall compute and display the percent moisture and percent density based on dry weight.

<u>907-401.02.7.2--Nuclear Asphalt Content Gauge.</u> The Contractor shall furnish and calibrate, unless designated otherwise in the contract, a Troxler Nuclear Asphalt Content Gauge (Model 3241 or updated model) or a Campbell Nuclear Asphalt Content Gauge (Model AC-2) or an approved equal.

<u>907-401.03--Construction Requirements.</u> Mississippi DOT has adopted the "Hot-Mix Asphalt Paving Handbook" as the guideline for acceptable SMA construction practices.

### 907-401.03.1--Specific Requirements.

<u>907-401.03.1.1--Weather Limitations.</u> The mixture shall not be placed when weather conditions prevent the proper handling and finishing or the surface on which it is to be placed is wet or frozen. At the time of placement, the air and pavement surface temperature limitations shall be equal to or exceed  $55^{\circ}$ F.

When paving operations are discontinued because of rain, the mixture in transit shall be protected until the rain ceases. The surface on which the mixture is to be placed shall be swept to remove as much moisture as possible and the mixture may then be placed subject to removal and replacement at no additional cost to the State if contract requirements are not met.

<u>907-401.03.1.2--Tack Coat.</u> Tack coat shall be applied to previously placed courses and between lifts, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. The tack coat shall be applied as a spray coating, fog coating, or "spider webbing". Construction requirements shall be in accordance with Subsection 407.03.

### 907-401.03.1.3--Blank.

<u>907-401.03.1.4--Density</u>. The lot density for all SMA pavement lifts, except as provided below for preleveling, wedging [less than fifty percent (50%) of width greater than minimum lift thickness], ramp pads, irregular shoulder areas, median crossovers, turnouts, or other areas where the established rolling pattern cannot be performed, shall not be less than 93.0 percent of the maximum density based on AASHTO Designation: T 209 for the day's production. If a job-mix

formula adjustment is made during the day which affects the maximum specific gravity, calculate a new average maximum density for the lot(s) placed after the change.

Pavement core samples obtained for determining density which have a thickness less than two times the maximum size aggregate permitted by the job-mix formula will not be used as a representative sample.

Preleveling, wedging [less than fifty percent (50%) of width greater than minimum lift thickness], ramp pads, irregular shoulder areas, median crossovers, turnouts, and other areas where an established rolling pattern cannot be obtained shall be compacted to refusal densification.

### 907-401.03.2--Bituminous Mixing Plants.

## 907-401.03.2.1--Plant Requirements.

<u>907-401.03.2.1.1--Cold Aggregate Storage</u>. The cold storage for hydrated lime shall be a separate bulk storage bin with a vane feeder or other approved feeder system which can readily be calibrated. The system shall provide a means for easy sampling of the hydrated lime additive and verifying the quantity of lime dispensed. The feeder system shall require a totalizer.

The hydrated lime additive equipment shall be interlocked and synchronized with the cold feed controls to operate concurrently with the cold feed operation which will automatically adjust the hydrated lime feed to variations in the cold aggregate feed. A positive signal system shall be installed which will automatically shut the plant down when malfunctions cause an improper supply of hydrated lime or water.

The plant shall not operate unless the entire hydrated lime system is functioning properly.

<u>907-401.03.2.1.2--Cold Aggregate Feed.</u> The hydrated lime shall be dispensed dry, or as a slurry using 1 part hydrated lime to 3 parts water, directly onto the composite aggregate between the cold feed and the dryer.

When hydrated lime is introduced dry, a spray bar or other approved system capable of spraying all aggregate with water shall be installed in order to maintain all aggregate at the moisture condition set out in Subsection 907-401.02.3.1 prior to addition of the hydrated lime. An alternate system for spraying the coarse aggregate stockpiles may be allowed when approved by the Engineer. The approved equipment and methods shall consistently maintain the aggregate in a uniform, surface wet condition. The moisture content of the aggregate-hydrated lime mixture, following spraying and mixing, shall be introduced into the automatic moisture controls of the plant.

The aggregate-hydrated lime mixture shall be uniformly blended by some mechanical means such as a motorized "on the belt" mixer or pug mill located between the cold feed and the dryer. Other mixing devices may be used subject to approval by the Engineer.

A maximum of forty five (45) percent of the total aggregate blend may be fed through any single cold feed bin. If the JMF calls for more than forty five (45) percent of a specific aggregate, that aggregate must be fed through two (2) or more separate cold feed bins.

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<u>907-401.03.2.1.3--Dryer</u>. The efficiency of drying aggregates shall be such that the moisture content of a top lift SMA mixture shall not exceed 0.50 percent by weight of the total mixture, and the moisture content of any underlying lifts shall not exceed 0.75 percent by weight of the total mixture being produced.

### 907-401.03.2.1.4--Stabilizing Fiber Addition.

For **batch plants**, fibers shall be added (manually or automatic) to either the pugmill or the weigh hopper. At least one aggregate source shall be added prior to the fiber addition, if fibers are added to the weigh hopper. Otherwise, fibers shall be added to the pugmill immediately after the addition of all the aggregate and prior to the addition of the asphalt binder.

<u>907-401.03.2.1.4.1--Manual Method.</u> Provided it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the proper dosage rate of the stabilizing fibers is uniformly distributed into the mix, manual introduction of the fibers is acceptable when a **batch plant** is used to make the mix. When the fibers are available in prepackaged (weighed) containers, proper dosage may be predetermined per batch. A device is required to interrupt mixture production and warn the plant operator if the operator manually feeding the fiber fails to introduce it properly.

Manual introduction of fibers shall not be used in drum plants.

<u>907-401.03.2.1.4.2--Automatic Method.</u> The automatic method requires specialized equipment that can accurately proportion and meter, by weight {mass}, the proper amount per batch for batch plants, or continuously and in a steady uniform manner for drum plants. Fiber, pelletized or loose, shall not be fed through the cold feed bins or through the RAP bins.

These proportioning devices shall be interlocked with the plant system and controlled to  $\pm 10^{-10}$  percent of the weight of the fibers required so as to maintain the correct proportions for all production rates and batch sizes. During trial section construction, an equipment calibration check shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Engineer that shows the fiber is being accurately metered and uniformly distributed into the mix. These metering devices shall provide in- process high flow ( $\geq 10$  percent or more) and low flow (<10 percent or less) plant operator notification and interrupt the mix production where the fiber rate is not properly controlled. The fiber metering system shall also provide a record of feed rate (weight or mass per time) and include a section a minimum of two feet long of translucent pipe for visual confirmation of consistent flow rates. Care shall be taken to insure that the fibers are not entrained in the plant's exhaust system. If there is any evidence of fiber in the bag-house or wet-washer fines, the liquid asphalt binder line and/or the fiber line shall be relocated so that the fiber is captured by liquid asphalt binder spray and incorporated into the mix. If there is any evidence of clumps of fibers or pellets at the discharge chute, the contractor shall increase the mixing time and/or intensity. This may entail extending the liquid asphalt binder and fiber feeding lines further into the drum.

**Note:** Various stabilizing fiber suppliers have developed methodology and equipment for metering bulk loose and pelletized fiber into asphalt plants. Whenever the fiber supplier's recommendations are more stringent than this specification, the fiber supplier's recommendations shall control.

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**907-401.03.2.1.5--Control of Bituminous Material and Antistripping Agent.** Specified bituminous materials from different manufacturers or from different refineries of a single manufacturer shall not be mixed in the plant's asphalt cement supply system storage tank and used in the work without prior written approval of the Engineer. Approval is contingent upon the Engineer's receipt of three copies of the manufacturer's certified test report(s) from the Contractor showing that the bituminous material blend conforms to the specifications.

A satisfactory method of weighing or metering shall be provided to ensure the specified quantity of bituminous material. Provisions shall be provided for checking the quantity or rate of flow. Weighing or metering devices shall be accurate within plus or minus one-half percent.

The antistripping agent shall be injected into the bituminous material immediately prior to the mixing operation with an approved in-line injector system capable of being calibrated so as to ensure the prescribed dosage.

An in-line spigot for sampling of asphalt shall be located between the asphalt storage tank and the antistripping agent in-line injector.

<u>907-401.03.2.1.6--Thermometric Equipment</u>. An armored thermometer of adequate range and calibrated in 5°F increments shall be fixed at a suitable location in the bituminous line near the charging valve of the mixer unit.

The plant shall be equipped with an approved dial-scale, mercury-actuated thermometer, pyrometer or other approved thermometric instrument placed at the discharge chute of the dryer to measure the temperature of the material.

When the temperature control is unsatisfactory, the Engineer may require an approved temperature-recording apparatus for better regulation of the temperature.

907-401.03.2.1.7--Screens. A scalping screen shall be used.

<u>907-401.03.2.1.8--Dust Collector.</u> The plant shall be equipped with a dust collector constructed to waste or return collected material. When collected material is returned, it shall be returned through a controlling device which will provide a uniform flow of material into the aggregate mixture.

<u>907-401.03.2.1.9--Safety Requirements.</u> A platform or other suitable device shall be provided so the Engineer will have access to the truck bodies for sampling and mixture temperature data.

# 907-401.03.2.1.10--Blank.

<u>907-401.03.2.1.11--Truck Scales.</u> The specifications, tolerances and regulations for commercial weighing and measuring devices as recommended by the National Bureau of Standards [National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Handbook 44] shall govern truck scales used in the State of Mississippi, except weighing devices with a capacity of ten thousand (10,000) pounds or more used to weigh road construction materials (i.e. sand, gravel, asphalt, fill dirt, topsoil and concrete) shall have a tolerance of one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) in lieu of the requirements of Handbook 44 and shall be regulated by the Mississippi Department of Transportation.

Scales shall be checked and certified by a scale company certified in heavy truck weights by the Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce. In the case of scales used for measurement of materials on Department of Transportation projects, certification shall be performed in the presence of an authorized representative of the Department or a copy of the certification may be furnished for scales that have been checked and certified within the last six months for use on other Department of Transportation projects and are still in the position where previously tested. Scales that have not been checked and certified under NIST Handbook 44 guidelines, except for the herein modified tolerances allowed, shall be so checked and certified prior to use for measurement of materials on Department of Transportation projects. Tests shall be continued on six month intervals with the test conducted in the presence of an authorized representative of the Department.

Truck scales shall be accurate to one-half of one percent of the applied load, shall be sensitive to 20 pounds, and shall have a graduation of not more than 20 pounds.

The Contractor may use an electronic weighing system approved by the Engineer in lieu of truck scales. The system shall be equipped with an automatic print out system which will print a ticket for each load with the following information:

MDOT, Contractor's name, project number, county, ticket number, load number, pay item number, item description of the material delivered, date, time of day, haul vehicle number, gross weight, tare weight, net weight and total daily net weight.

When approved by the Engineer and materials are measured directly from a storage bin equipped with load cells, exceptions may be made to the gross and tare weight requirements.

The ticket shall also have a place for recording the temperature of SMA mixtures, if applicable, and the signatures of MDOT's plant and roadway inspectors. The load numbers for each project shall begin with load number one (1) for the first load of the day and shall be numbered consecutively without a break until the last load of the day. The Contractor shall provide MDOT with an original and one copy of each ticket. When the ticket information provided by the Contractor proves to be unsatisfactory, MDOT will use imprinter(s) and imprinter tickets to record load information. All recorded weights shall be in pounds and shall be accurate to within one-half of one percent of the true weight, and the system shall be sensitive to 20 pounds. The Engineer will require random loads to be checked on certified platform scales at no cost to the Department.

When an electronic weighing system utilizes the plant scales of a batch plant, the system may be used only in conjunction with a fully automatic batching and control system.

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## 907-401.03.2.2--Additional Requirements for Batching Plants.

<u>907-401.03.2.2.1--Plant Scales.</u> The plant batch scale weight shall not exceed the platform scale weight by more than one percent (1%).

## 907-401.03.2.3--Additional Requirements for Drum Mixing Plants.

<u>907-401.03.2.3.1--Plant Controls.</u> The plant shall be operated with all the automatic controls as designed and provided by the plant manufacturer. If the automatic controls malfunction, brief periods of manual operations to complete the day's work or to protect the work already placed may be conducted with the approval of the Engineer. During manual operation, the Contractor must continue to produce a uniform mixture meeting all contract requirements.

<u>907-401.03.2.3.2--Aggregate Handling and Proportioning.</u> A screening unit shall be placed between the bins and the mixer to remove oversized aggregate, roots, clayballs, etc.

<u>907-401.03.2.4--Surge or Storage Bins.</u> Normally the surge bins shall be emptied at the end of each day's operation. During breakdowns or adverse weather conditions, the material may be stored for a period not to exceed 3 hours in a well sealed, well insulated, heated bin.

<u>907-401.03.3--Hauling Equipment.</u> The inside surfaces of each vehicle bed shall be coated with a light application of water and thin oil, soap solution, lime water solution or other approved material to prevent the mixture from sticking. Diesel fuel or gasoline shall not be used to lubricate vehicle beds. Truck beds shall be raised to drain excessive lubricants before placing mixture in the bed. An excess of lubricant will not be permitted.

<u>907-401.03.4--Bituminous Pavers.</u> The screed or strikeoff assembly shall be capable of vibrating and heating the full width of the mixture being placed and shall lay the lift with an automatic control device to the specified slope and grade without tearing, pulling or gouging the mixture surface.

**<u>907-401.03.5--Rollers.</u>** All rollers shall be self-propelled units capable of maintaining a smooth and uniform forward and reverse speed as required for proper compaction. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall not be permitted for compacting SMA mixes. Rollers shall be equipped with adjustable scrapers, water tanks, mats and a device for wetting the wheels to prevent the mixture from sticking. Adhesion of the mixture to the rollers will not be permitted. The use of diesel fuel or gasoline for cleaning roller wheels, or to aid in preventing the mixture from sticking to the wheels, is prohibited.

All rollers shall be in good mechanical condition, free from leaking fuels and lubricants, loose link motion, faulty steering mechanism, worn king bolts and bearings. They shall be operational at slow speeds to avoid displacement of the mixture and capable of reversing direction smoothly and without backlash.

<u>907-401.03.6--Preparation of Grade.</u> The foundation upon which SMA pavement is to be placed shall be prepared in accordance with the applicable Section of the Standard Specifications.

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Unless otherwise directed, tack coat shall be applied to the underlying surface on which the mixture is to be placed. Emulsions, if used, must be allowed to "break" prior to placement of the bituminous mixture.

Bituminous mixture shall not be placed against the edge of pavements, curbs, gutters, manholes and other structures until sprayed with a thin uniform tack coating. The tack coat shall be protected until the mixture has been placed.

Existing pavements that require preliminary leveling or patching in advance of placing the SMA mixture shall be sprayed with a tack coat material and then brought as nearly as practicable to uniform grade and cross section. The material shall be placed by hand or machine in one or more compacted layers approximately two (2) inches or less in compacted thickness.

#### 907-401.03.7--Blank.

<u>907-401.03.8--Preparation of Mixture.</u> The temperature of the mixture, when discharged from the mixer, shall not exceed 340°F.

<u>907-401.03.9--Material Transfer Equipment.</u> Except for the areas mentioned below, the material transferred from the hauling unit shall be remixed prior to being placed in the paver hopper or insert by using an approved Materials Transfer Device. Information on approved devices can be obtained from the State Construction Engineer. Areas excluded from this requirement include: temporary work of short duration, detours, bridge replacement projects having less than 1,000 feet of pavement on each side of the structure, acceleration and deceleration lanes less than 1,000 feet in length, tapered sections, transition sections (for width), shoulders less than 10 feet in width, crossovers, ramps, side street returns and other areas designated by the Engineer.

<u>907-401.03.10--Spreading and Finishing</u>. Grade control for SMA pavements shall be established by stringline at least 500 feet ahead of spreading, unless placement is adjacent to curb and gutter, concrete pavement, or other allowed grade control.

The mixture shall be spread to the depth and width that will provide the specified compacted thickness, line, grade and cross section. Placing of the mixture shall be as continuous as possible. On areas where mechanical spreading and finishing is impracticable, the mixture may be spread, raked and luted by hand tools.

Immediately after screeding and prior to compaction, the surface shall be checked by the Contractor and irregularities adjusted. When the edge is feathered as in a wedge lift, it may be sealed by rolling. Irregularities in alignment and grade along the edges shall be corrected before the edges are rolled.

Hauling, spreading and finishing equipment shall be furnished that is capable of and operated in such a manner that the rolling operation will satisfactorily correct any surface blemishes.

The longitudinal joint in the subsequent lift shall offset that in the underlying lift by approximately six (6) inches. However, the joint in the top lift shall be at the centerline or lane line.

<u>907-401.03.11--Compaction</u>. After the mixture has been spread and surface irregularities corrected, it shall be thoroughly and uniformly compacted to the required line, grade, cross section and density. It is recommended that compaction of SMA mixtures be completed before the mat temperature drops to 250°F.

<u>907-401.03.12--Joints.</u> Joints between previously placed pavement and pavement being placed shall be so formed as to insure thorough and continuous bond.

Transverse construction joints shall be formed by cutting the previously placed mixture to expose the full depth of the lift.

The contact surface of transverse joints and longitudinal joints, except hot joints, shall be sprayed with a thin uniform tack coating before additional mixture is placed against the previously placed material.

Longitudinal joints shall be formed by overlapping the screed on the previously placed material for a width of at least one (1) inch and depositing the quantity of mixture to form a smooth, tight joint.

**<u>907-401.03.13--Pavement Samples.</u>** The Contractor shall cut samples from each lift of SMA at the time and locations designated by the Engineer. The samples shall be taken for the full depth of each lift and shall be of a size approved by the Engineer but not to exceed 120 square inches. Tools used for cutting or coring of samples shall be of the revolving blade type such as saw or core drill. If a core drill is used, pavement cores shall be obtained using a 4.0 to 6.0 inch inside diameter coring bit. The sample hole shall be filled, compacted and finished by the Contractor to conform with the surrounding area. No additional compensation will be allowed for furnishing samples and repairing the areas with new pavement.

## SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-401-4

DATE: 10/05/2010

## **SUBJECT:** Warm Mix Asphalt

Delete Subsection 907-401.03.8 on page 2 and substitute the following:

<u>907-401.03.8--Preparation of Mixture.</u> After the sentence in Subsection 401.03.8 on page 264, add the following:

Warm mix asphalt is defined as a plant produced asphalt mixture that can be produced and constructed at lower temperatures than typical hot mix asphalt. Typical temperature ranges of non-polymer modified, WMA produced by foaming the asphalt binder at the plant are typically 270°F to 295°F at the point of discharge of the plant. Typical temperature ranges of polymer modified, WMA produced by foaming the asphalt binder at the plant are typically 280°F to 305°F at the point of discharge of the plant. WMA produced by addition of a terminal blended additive may allow the producer to reduce the temperatures below 270°F as long as all mixture quality and field density requirements are met. Production temperatures at the plant may need to be increased or decreased due to factors such as material characteristics, environmental conditions, and haul time to achieve mixture temperatures at the time of compaction in which uniform mat density can be achieved.

### **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-401-4**

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 03/22/2010

### **SUBJECT:** Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA)

Section 401, Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) - General, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as amended by this special provision is applicable to Warm Mix Asphalt Only.

<u>907-401.01--Description</u>. Delete the first and second paragraphs of Subsection 401.01 on page 236, and substitute the following:

These specifications include general requirements for all types of WMA.

This work consists of the construction of one or more lifts of WMA in accordance with these specifications and the specific requirements for the mixture to be produced and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thicknesses and typical sections shown on the plans or established by the Engineer.

907-401.02--Materials. Delete Subsection 401.02.2 on page 239, and substitute the following:

<u>907-401.02.2--WMA Products and Processes.</u> The Department will maintain a list of qualified WMA products and processes. No product or process shall be used unless it appears on this list.

The Contractor may propose other products or processes for approval by the Product Evaluation Committee. Documentation shall be provided to demonstrate laboratory performance, field performance, and construction experience.

#### 907-401.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-401.03.1.1--Weather Limitations.</u> Delete the second sentence of the first paragraph and the Temperature Limitation Table in Subsection 401.03.1.1 on page 258, and substitute the following:

The air and pavement temperature at the time of placement shall equal or exceed 40°F, regardless of compacted lift thickness.

<u>907-401.03.1.2--Tack Coat.</u> Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 401.03.1.2 on page 259 and substitute the following:

Tack coat shall be applied to previously placed WMA and between lifts, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

<u>**907-401.03.8--Preparation of Mixture.</u>** Delete the sentence in Subsection 401.03.8 on page 264, and substitute the following:</u>

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The temperature of the WMA mixture, when discharged from the mixer, shall not exceed 280° F.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-402-5

CODE: (SP)

## DATE: 12/21/2011

## **SUBJECT:** Open Graded Friction Course (OGFC)

Section 907-402, Open Graded Friction Course (OGFC), is hereby added to and made part of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows:

## SECTION 907-402 -- OPEN GRADED FRICTION COURSE (OGFC)

<u>907-402.01--Description</u>. These specifications include general requirements that are applicable to Open Graded Friction Course (OGFC).

This work consists of the construction of one lift of OGFC in accordance with these specifications and the specific requirements for the mixture to be produced and placed in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thicknesses and typical sections shown on the plans or established by the Engineer.

#### 907-402.01.1--Definitions.

**Maximum Sieve Size** - Maximum sieve size is the smallest sieve size at which 100 percent of the aggregate passes.

**Nominal Maximum Sieve Size** - The nominal maximum sieve size is one sieve size larger than the first sieve to retain more than 10 percent of the aggregate.

**Mechanically Fractured Face** - An angular, rough, or broken surface of an aggregate particle created by crushing as determined by ASTM Designation: D 5821.

**Break Point Sieve** – The sieve size which separates the coarse and fine aggregate fractions of an OGFC mixture.

#### 907-402.02--Materials.

### 907-402.02.1--Component Materials.

<u>907-402.02.1.1--General.</u> Component materials will be conditionally accepted at the plant subject to later rejection if incorporated in a mixture or in work that fails to meet contract requirements.

<u>907-402.02.1.2--Aggregates.</u> The source of aggregates shall meet the applicable requirements of Section 703.

<u>907-402.02.1.2.1--Coarse Aggregate Blend.</u> Mechanically fractured faces by weight of the combined aggregate blend retained on the break point sieve shall be 90 percent two or more fractured faces, as determined by ASTM Designation: D 5821.

The maximum percentage by weight of flat and elongated particles, maximum to minimum dimension greater than three (3), shall not exceed 20% for OGFC mixtures. This shall be determined in accordance with ASTM Designation: D 4791, Section 8.4, on the combined mineral aggregate retained on the break point sieve.

The following table indicates the break point sieves for various nominal maximum size OGFC mixes.

Mixture Size	Break Point Sieve
12.5-mm	No. 4
9.5-mm	No. 8

<u>907-402.02.1.2.2--Combined Aggregate Blend.</u> All gradations will be based on percent passing by weight. The gradation requirements for OGFC mixtures are provided in the following table. Natural sand shall not be used in OGFC mixtures.

Sieve Size	12.5-mm	9.5-mm
12.5-mm	100	100
9.5-mm	80-89	90-100
4.75-mm	15-30	15-30
2.36-mm	10-20	10-20
75-µm	2-5	2-5

<u>907-402.02.1.3--Bituminous Materials</u>. Bituminous materials shall meet the applicable requirements of Section 702 for the grade specified. A PG 76-22 asphalt binder shall be used for all OGFC mixtures. The asphalt content (by weight of total mix) shall be based on the bulk specific gravity of the combined aggregate blend ( $G_{sb}$ ) to ensure a constant asphalt binder volume in the mix for durability purposes. The relationship between  $G_{sb}$  and the minimum asphalt binder content by weight of total mix is provided in the following table.

Combined Aggregate Bulk	Minimum
Specific Gravity, G <sub>sb</sub>	Asphalt Content (%)
2.40	6.6
2.45	6.5
2.50	6.3
2.55	6.2
2.60	6.1
2.65	6.0
2.70	5.9
2.75	5.8
2.80	5.7

2.85	5.6
2.90	5.5
2.95	5.4
3.00	5.3

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Tack coat shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-402.03.1.2.

<u>907-402.02.1.4--Hydrated Lime</u>. Hydrated lime shall meet the requirements of Subsection 714.03.2 for lime used in soil stabilization.

<u>907-402.02.1.5--Asphalt Admixtures.</u> Additives for liquid asphalt, when required or permitted, shall meet the requirements of Subsection 702.08.

<u>907-402.02.1.6--Polymers.</u> Polymers for use in OGFC shall meet the requirements of Subsection 702.08.3.

**<u>907-402.02.1.7--Stabilizing Fiber.</u>** Stabilizing fiber shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-714.07, with the exception that if mineral fibers are used, the minimum dosage rate shall be 0.40 percent.

#### 907-402.02.2--Blank.

#### 907-402.02.3--Composition of Mixtures.

<u>907-402.02.3.1--General.</u> Unless otherwise specified or permitted, the OGFC shall consist of a uniform mixture of asphalt, aggregate, stabilizing fibers, hydrated lime and, when required or necessary to obtain desired properties, antistripping agent and/or other materials.

The total amount of crushed limestone aggregate shall not exceed 50 percent of the total combined aggregate by weight.

Hydrated lime shall be used in all OGFC at the rate of one percent (1%) by weight of the total dry aggregate. The aggregate, prior to the addition of the hydrated lime, shall contain sufficient surface moisture. If necessary, the Contractor shall add moisture to the aggregate according to the procedures set out in Subsection 401.03.2.1.2.

The Contractor shall obtain a shipping ticket for each shipment of hydrated lime. The Contractor shall provide the District Materials Engineer with a copy of each shipping ticket from the supplier, including the date, time and weight of hydrated lime shipped.

Mixtures will require the addition of an antistripping agent when the Tensile Strength Ratio (MT-63\*) and/or the Boiling Water Test (MT-59) fail to meet the following criteria.

<u>Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR - MT-63\*)</u> Wet Strength / Dry Strength Interior Face Coating

85 percent minimum 95 percent minimum

95 percent minimum

\*<u>Note:</u> MT-63 shall be performed at design air void content of OGFC mixtures rather than seven percent (7%) air voids. Vacuum saturation shall not be required. All other testing parameters shall apply.

Reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) or crushed reclaimed concrete may not be used as an aggregate component in the production of OGFC.

<u>907-402.02.3.1.1--Mixture Properties.</u> All mixes shall be designed according to Mississippi Test Method MT-83. OGFC mixes shall be designed with the Superpave gyratory compactor utilizing an  $N_{design}$  of 50 gyrations. The design air voids for all OGFC mixes shall be a minimum of 15.0 percent, as determined by ASTM Designation: D 6752 (vacuum sealing method). The ratio of the voids in the coarse aggregate in the compacted mix (VCA<sub>mix</sub>) to the voids in the coarse aggregate as determined with the dry rodded unit weight test (VCA<sub>dr</sub>) shall be less than 1.0.

The designed mixture shall have a draindown of less than 0.3 percent when tested in accordance with Mississippi Test Method MT-82. The minimum permeability of the mixture shall be 30 meters per day as determined by Mississippi Test Method MT-84. The aged abrasion loss of compacted specimens at the optimum asphalt content shall not exceed 40%, and the unaged abrasion loss of compacted specimens at the optimum asphalt content shall not exceed 30%, as determined by Mississippi Test Method MT-85.

<u>907-402.02.3.2--Job Mix Formula.</u> At least 14 working days prior to the proposed use of each mixture, the Contractor shall submit in writing to the Engineer a proposed job-mix formula or request the transfer of a verified job-mix formula as set forth in the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA and MT-83. The job-mix formula shall be signed by a Certified Mixture Design Technician (CMDT).

The Department will perform the tests necessary for review of a proposed job-mix formula for each OGFC mixture free of charge one time only. A charge will be made for additional job-mix formulas submitted by the Contractor for review.

Review of the proposed job-mix formula will be based on ratio of Voids in the Coarse Aggregate  $(VCA_{mix}/VCA_{dr})$ , draindown, permeability, abrasion loss, resistance to stripping, and other criteria specified for the mixture.

The mixture shall conform thereto within the range of tolerances specified for the particular mixture. No change in properties or proportion of any component of the job-mix formula shall be made without permission of the Engineer. The job-mix formula for each mixture shall be in effect until revised in writing by the Engineer.

A job-mix formula may be transferred to other contracts in accordance with conditions set forth in the Department's Field Manual for HMA.

The Contractor shall not place any OGFC prior to receiving "tentative" approval and a MDOT design number from the Central Laboratory.

When a change in source of materials, unsatisfactory mixture production results (such as segregation, bleeding, shoving, rutting over <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub> inch, raveling & cracking) or changed conditions make it necessary, a new job-mix formula will be required. The conditions set out herein for the original job-mix formula are applicable to the new job-mix formula.

<u>907-402.02.4--Layer Thickness.</u> The minimum and maximum laying thickness for OGFC mixtures are provided in the following table.

Mixture Nominal	Single Lift Laying	Thickness, Inches
Maximum Size	Minimum	Maximum
12.5-mm	1	1 1⁄4
9.5-mm	3⁄4	1

### 907-402.02.5--Contractor's Quality Management Program.

**<u>907-402.02.5.1--General.</u>** The Contractor shall have full responsibility for quality management and maintain a quality control system that will furnish reasonable assurance that the mixtures and all component materials incorporated in the work conform to contract requirements. The Contractor shall have responsibility for the initial determination and all subsequent adjustments in proportioning materials used to produce the specified mixture. Adjustments to plant operation and spreading and compaction procedures shall be made immediately when results indicate that they are necessary. Mixture produced by the Contractor without the required testing or personnel on the project shall be subject to removal and replacement by the Contractor at no additional cost to the State.

**<u>907-402.02.5.2--Personnel Requirements.</u>** The Contractor shall provide at least one Certified Asphalt Technician-I (CAT-I) full-time during OGFC production at each plant site used to furnish material to the project. Sampling shall be conducted by a certified technician or by plant personnel under the direct observation of a certified technician. All testing, data analysis and data posting will be performed by the CAT-I or by an assistant under the direct supervision of the CAT-I. The Contractor shall have a Certified Asphalt Technician-II (CAT-II) available to make any necessary process adjustments. Technician certification shall be in accordance with MDOT's *Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual*, Section 1.3.3 - MDOT HMA Technician Certification Program. An organizational chart, including names, telephone numbers and current certification, of all those responsible for the quality control program shall be posted in the contractor's laboratory while the OGFC paving work is in progress.

<u>907-402.02.5.3--Testing Requirements.</u> As a minimum, the Contractor's quality management program shall include the following:

(a) Bituminous Material. Provide the Engineer with samples in a sealed one quart metal container at the frequency given in MDOT SOP TMD-20-04-00-000.

- (b) Mechanically Fractured Face. Determine mechanically fractured face content of aggregates retained on the break point sieve, at a minimum of one test per day of production.
- (c) Mixture Gradation. Conduct extraction tests for gradation determination on the mixture. Sample according to the frequency in paragraph (h) and test according to Mississippi Test Method MT-31.
- (d) Total Voids. Determine total voids at N<sub>Design</sub> from the results of bulk specific gravity tests on laboratory compacted specimens. Sample according to the sampling frequency in paragraph (h) and test according to ASTM Designation: D 6752.
- (e) Asphalt Content. Sample according to the sampling frequency in paragraph (h), and determine the asphalt content using one of the following procedures.
  - (1) Nuclear gauge. (Mississippi Test Method MT-6)
  - (2) Incinerator oven. (AASHTO Designation: T 308, Method A)

Draindown tests shall also be conducted according to Mississippi Test Method MT-82, at a minimum of one test per day of production..

- (f) Stripping Tests. Conduct a minimum of one stripping test at the beginning of each job-mix production and thereafter, at least once per each two weeks of production according to Mississippi Test Method: MT-63 (as amended) and one stripping test per day of production according to Mississippi Test Method: MT-59. Should either the TSR (MT-63) or the boiling water (MT-59) stripping tests fail, a new antistrip additive or rate shall be established or other changes made immediately that will result in a mixture which conforms to the specifications; otherwise, production shall be suspended until corrections are made.
- (g)Quality Control Charts. Plot the individual test data, the average of the last four tests and the control limits for the following items as a minimum:

Mixture Gradation (Percent Passing) Sieves: 1/2-in, 3/8-in, No. 4, No. 8, and No. 200 Asphalt Content, Percent Maximum Specific Gravity Total Voids @ N<sub>Design</sub>, Percent

Keep charts up-to-date and posted in a readily observable location. Charts may be kept on a computer; however, the charts shall be printed out a minimum of once each production day and displayed in the laboratory. Note any process changes or adjustments on the Air Voids chart.

(h) Sampling Frequency. Conduct those tests as required above at the following frequency for each mixture produced based on the estimated plant tonnage at the beginning of the day.

Total Estimated Production, tons	Number of Tests
1-400	1
401-800	2
801-1200	3
1201+	4

(i) Sample Requirements. Obtain the OGFC mixture samples from trucks at the plant. Obtain aggregate samples from cold feed bins or aggregate stockpile. Save a split portion of all mixture samples at the laboratory site in a dry and protected location for 14 calendar days. At the completion of the project, the remaining samples may be disposed of with the approval of the Engineer.

The above testing frequencies are for the estimated plant production for the day. If production is discontinued or interrupted, the tests will be conducted at the previously established sample tonnage points for the materials that are actually produced. If the production exceeds the estimated tonnage, sampling and testing will continue at the testing increments previously established for the day. A testing increment is defined as the estimated daily tonnage divided by the required number of tests from the table in Subsection 907-402.02.5.3 paragraph (h).

In addition to the above program, aggregate stockpile gradation tests (AASHTO Designations: T-11 and T-27) shall be conducted every other production day. Tests to determine VCA<sub>dr</sub> shall be conducted on the first day of production and once for every eight production samples thereafter, with a minimum of one test per production week.

907-402.02.5.4--Documentation. The Contractor shall document all observations, records of inspection, adjustments to the mixture, and test results on a daily basis. All tests conducted by the Contractor in accordance with Subsection 907-402.02.5.3(g) shall be included in the running average calculations. If single tests are performed as a check on individual OGFC properties, between regular samples, without performing all tests required in Subsection 907-402.02.5.3(g), the results of those individual tests shall not be included in the running average calculations for that particular property. The Contractor shall record the results of observations and records of inspection as they occur in a permanent field record. The Contractor shall record all process adjustments and job mix formula (JMF) changes on the air void charts. The Contractor shall provide copies of all test data sheets and the daily summary reports on the appropriate Mississippi DOT forms to the Engineer on a daily basis. The Contractor shall provide a written description of any process change, including blend proportions, to the Engineer as they occur. Information provided to the Engineer must be received in the Engineer's office by no later than 9:00 AM the day after the OGFC is produced. Fourteen days after the completion of the placement of the OGFC, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with the original testing records and control charts in a neat and orderly manner.

<u>907-402.02.5.5--Control Limits.</u> The following control limits for the job mix formula (JMF) and warning limits are based on a running average of the last four data points.

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Item	JMF Limits	Warning Limits
Sieve - % Passing		
1/2-inch	$\pm 4.0$	± 3.0

3/8-inch	$\pm 4.0$	$\pm 3.0$
No. 4	$\pm 3.0$	$\pm 2.0$
No. 8	$\pm 3.0$	$\pm 2.0$
No. 200	$\pm 1.5$	$\pm 1.0$
Asphalt Content, %	-0.3 to +0.5	-0.2 to +0.4
Total Voids @ N <sub>Design</sub> , %	-1.3 to +2.5	-1.0 to +2.0

<u>907-402.02.5.6--Warning Bands.</u> Warning bands are defined as the area between the JMF limits and the warning limits.

<u>907-402.02.5.7--Job Mix Formula Adjustments.</u> A request for a JMF adjustment signed by a CAT-II may be made to the Engineer by the Contractor. Sufficient testing data shall be submitted with the request to justify the change. The requested change will be reviewed by the State Materials Engineer for the Department. If current production values meet the mixture design requirements, a revised JMF will be issued. Adjustments to the JMF shall conform to the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA. Adjustments to the JMF to conform to actual production shall not exceed the tolerances specified for the JMF limits. Regardless of such tolerances, any adjusted JMF gradation shall be within the range given in Subsection 907-402.02.1.2.3 for the mixture specified. The JMF asphalt content may only be adjusted after verification for minimum voids, permeability, and abrasion loss.

<u>907-402.02.5.8--Actions and Adjustments.</u> Based on the process control test results for any property in question, the following actions shall be taken or adjustments made when appropriate:

- (a) When the running average trends toward the warning limits, the Contractor shall consider taking corrective action. The corrective action, if any, shall be documented. All tests shall be part of the contract files and shall be included in the running average calculations.
- (b) The Contractor shall notify the Engineer whenever the running average exceeds the warning limits.
- (c) If two consecutive running averages exceed the warning limit, the Contractor shall stop production and make adjustments. Production shall only be restarted after notifying the Engineer of the adjustments made.
- (d) If the adjustment made under (c) improves the process such that the running average after four additional tests is within the warning limits, the Contractor may continue production with no reduction in payment.
- (e) If the adjustment made under (c) does not improve the process and the running average after four additional tests stays in the warning band, the mixture will be considered unsatisfactory. Reduced payment for unsatisfactory mixtures will be applied starting from the stop point to the point when the running average is back within the warning limits in accordance with Subsection 907-402.02.6.3.
- (f) Failure to stop production and make adjustments when required shall subject all mixture produced from the stop point to the point when the running average is back within the warning limits to be considered unsatisfactory. Reduced payment for unsatisfactory mixtures will be applied in accordance with Subsection 907-402.02.6.3.
- (g) If the running average exceeds the JMF limits, the Contractor shall stop production and make adjustments. Production shall only be restarted after notifying the Engineer of the adjustments made.

- (h) All materials for which the running average exceeds the JMF limits will be considered unacceptable and shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the State. The Engineer will determine the quantity of material to be replaced based on a review of the individual testing data which make up the running average in question and an inspection of the completed pavement. If the Engineer decides to leave the mixture in place because of special circumstances, the quantity of mixture, as defined above, will be paid for in accordance with Subsection 907-402.02.6.3.
- (i) Single test results shall be compared to 1.7 times the warning and JMF limits. If the QC test results, as verified by the Engineer's tests (within allowable differences in Subsection 907-402.02.6.2), exceed these limits, the pay factor provided in Subsection 907-402.02.6.3 will apply for the quantity of material represented by the test(s). Single test limits will be used for the acceptance of projects when insufficient tonnage is produced to require four (4) Contractor's tests.
- (j) The above corrective action will also apply for a mixture when the Contractor's testing data has been proven incorrect. The Contractor's data will be considered incorrect when; 1) the Contractor's QC tests and the Engineer's verification tests do not agree within the allowable differences given in Subsection 907-402.02.6.2 and the difference can not be resolved, or 2) the Engineer's verification tests indicates that production is outside the JMF limits and the results have been substantiated by the Materials Division's test results. The Engineer's data will be used in place of the Contractor's data to determine the appropriate pay factor.

<u>907-402.02.5.9--Trial Section.</u> At the beginning of placement for the lift, the Contractor shall construct a trial section of a maximum of 500 linear feet of lane with the OGFC mix, for the purpose of establishing and evaluating consistent mixture and compaction properties. The Contractor shall use the trial section to adjust production process, if necessary, and to establish coordinated testing efforts between Contractor QC personnel and Department testing personnel. The Department shall determine the production point at which the mix shall be sampled and split with the Contractor during any trial section construction.

The Department will conduct verification tests for mixture quality within 24 hours of receipt of the sample. If the Department's tests on the mixture indicate both compliance with specified mix properties for a pay factor of 1.00 and verification of the Contractor's test results within the allowable differences specified in Subsection 907-402.02.6.2, no further trial sections are necessary. If a pay factor of less than 1.00 is determined for mix quality, a second trial section consisting of no more than 500 linear feet shall be constructed. If a pay factor of less than 1.00 is obtained in the second trial section, the Contractor will be required to repeat the above procedure at an offsite location until all pay factors are equal to 1.00. Full production may begin upon completion of a successful trial section. The Engineer reserves the right to have any trial section removed and replaced at no additional cost to the State, if the pay factor for any characteristic for a trial section is less than 0.75.

For actual payment purposes, a pay factor of 1.00 will be used for the first and second trial sections allowed to remain in place. Any required offsite trial sections will be constructed at no additional cost to the State.

### 907-402.02.6--Standards of Acceptance.

<u>907-402.02.6.1--General.</u> Acceptance for mixture quality (Total voids @  $N_{Design}$ , gradation, and asphalt content) will be based on random samples tested in accordance with the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA.

### 907-402.02.6.2--Assurance Program for Mixture Quality.

The Engineer will conduct a quality assurance program. The quality assurance program will be accomplished as follows:

- 1) Conducting verification tests.
- 2) Validate Contractor test results.
- 3) Periodically observing Contractor quality control sampling and testing.
- 4) Monitoring required quality control charts and test results.
- 5) Sampling and testing materials at any time and at any point in the production or laydown process.

The rounding of all test results will be in accordance with Subsection 700.04.

The Engineer will conduct verification tests on samples taken by the Contractor under the direct supervision of the Engineer at a time specified by the Engineer. The frequency will be equal to or greater than ten percent (10%) of the tests required for Contractor quality control and the data will be provided to the Contractor within two asphalt mixture production days after the sample has been obtained by the Engineer. At least one sample shall be tested from the first two days of production. All testing and data analysis shall be performed by a Certified Asphalt Technician-I (CAT-I) or by an assistant under the direct supervision of the CAT-I. Certification shall be in accordance with the *MDOT HMA Technician Certification Program* chapter in the Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual. The Department shall post a chart giving the names and telephone numbers for the personnel responsible for the assurance program.

The Engineer shall be allowed to inspect Contractor testing equipment and equipment calibration records to confirm both calibration and condition. The Contractor shall calibrate and correlate all testing equipment in accordance with the latest versions of the Department's Test Methods and AASHTO Designation: R 18.

Random differences between the Engineer's verification tests and the current running average of four quality control tests at the time of obtaining the verification sample will be considered acceptable if within the following limits:

Item	Allowable Differences
Sieve - % Passing	
3/8-inch and above	6.0
No. 4	5.0
No. 8	4.0
No. 200	2.0
AC Content	0.4
Specimen Bulk SG, Gmb @ N <sub>Design</sub>	0.030
Maximum SG,Gmm	0.020

If four quality control tests have not been tested prior to the time of the first verification test, the verification test results will be compared to the average of the preceding quality control tests. If the verification test is the first material tested on the project or if a significant process adjustment was made just prior to the verification test, the verification test results will be compared to the average of four subsequent quality control test results. For all other cases after a significant process adjustment, the verification test results will be compared to the average of the preceding quality control tests results will be compared to the average of the preceding quality control tests, taken after the adjustment, as in the case of a new project start-up when four quality control tests are not available.

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In the event that; 1) the comparison of the Contractor's running average quality control data and Engineer's quality assurance verification test results are outside the allowable differences in the above table, or 2) if a bias exists between the results, such that one of the results is predominately higher or lower than the other, and the Engineer's results fail to meet the JMF control limits, the Engineer will investigate the reason immediately. As soon as the need for an investigation becomes known, the Engineer will increase the quality assurance sampling rate to the same frequency required for Contractor testing. The additional samples obtained by the Engineer may be used as part of the investigation process or for routine quality assurance verification tests. The Engineer's investigation may include testing of the remaining quality control split samples, review and observation of the Contractor's testing procedures and equipment, and a comparison of split sample test results by the Contractor quality control laboratory, Department quality assurance laboratory and the Materials Division laboratory. The procedures outlined in the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for HMA may be used as a guide for the investigation. In the event that the Contractor's results are determined to be incorrect, the Engineer's results will be used for the quality control data and the appropriate payment for the mixture will be based on the procedures specified in Subsection 907-402.02.5.8(j).

The Engineer will periodically witness the sampling and testing being performed by the Contractor. The Engineer, both verbally and in writing, will promptly notify the Contractor of any observed deficiencies. When differences exist between the Contractor and the Engineer which cannot be resolved, a decision will be made by the State Materials Engineer, acting as the referee. The Contractor will be promptly notified in writing of the decision. If the deficiencies are not corrected, the Engineer will stop production until corrective action is taken.

<u>907-402.02.6.3--Acceptance Procedure for Mixture Quality.</u> All obviously defective material or mixture will be subject to rejection by the Engineer. Such defective material or mixture shall not be incorporated into the finished work. If the defective material has already been placed in the work, the material shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the State.

The Engineer will base final acceptance of the asphalt mixture production on the results of the Contractor's testing for total voids, gradation, and asphalt content as verified by the Engineer in the manner hereinbefore described and the uniformity and condition of the completed pavement. Areas of pavement that exhibit nonuniformity or failures (materials or construction related) such as but not limited to segregation, bleeding, shoving, rutting over 1/8 inch, raveling, slippage, or cracking will not be accepted. Such areas will be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the State.

Bituminous mixture placed prior to correction for deficiencies in total voids @ N<sub>Design</sub>, gradation, or asphalt content, as required in Subsection 907-402.02.5.8 and determined by the Engineer

satisfactory to remain in place will be paid for in accordance with the following pay factors times the contract unit price per ton.

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Item	Produced in Warning Bands	Produced Outside JMF Limits (Allowed to Remain in Place)
Gradation	0.90	0.50
Asphalt Content	0.85	0.50
Total Voids @ N <sub>Design</sub>	0.70	0.50

## Pay Factor for Mixture Quality \*

\* The minimum single payment will apply.

**<u>907-402.02.7--Acceptance Procedure for OGFC Pavement Smoothness.</u>** The OGFC will not be considered to be a surface lift in the completed pavement structure. The smoothness of finished OGFC pavement surfaces shall meet the requirements established in Subsection 907-402.02.7.2.

The profilograph shall meet the requirements established in Section 401.

**<u>907-402.02.7.1-Surface Correction.</u>** Diamond grinding shall not be allowed on completed OGFC pavements. If the Profile Index exceeds the requirement specified in Subsection 907-402.02.7.2, the Contractor shall replace the segments at no charge to the State.

<u>907-402.02.7.2--OGFC Pavement Smoothness Requirements.</u> The requirements for OGFC pavement shall be as follows:

The profile index for any segment shall not exceed the required profile index of the underlying lift.

When the profile index for any segment exceeds the required profile index of the underlying lift, a reduction in payment, or removal of pavement, will be in accordance with the following table.

Profile Index Greater Than Required Underlying Lift	Contract Price Adjustment
inches / mile / segment	percent of unit bid price
0.1 to 5.0	75
5.1 to 10.0	50
over 10.0	Removal and Replacement

When removal and replacement is required, the Contractor shall remove the OGFC pavement using a micro-milling machine resulting in a surface that is smooth and drainable. After the segment(s) has been removed and replaced, the Contractor shall test the segment(s) to assure that it meets the above profile index requirement.

There shall be no bump and/or dip requirement for OGFC pavements.

<u>**907-402.03--Construction Requirements.</u>** Mississippi DOT has adopted the "Hot-Mix Asphalt Paving Handbook" as the guideline for acceptable asphalt construction practices.</u>

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## 907-402.03.1--Specific Requirements.

<u>907-402.03.1.1--Weather Limitations.</u> The mixture shall not be placed when weather conditions prevent the proper handling and finishing or the surface on which it is to be placed is wet or frozen. At the time of placement, the air and pavement surface temperature limitations shall be equal to or exceed  $55^{\circ}$ F.

When paving operations are discontinued because of rain, the mixture in transit shall be protected until the rain ceases. The surface on which the mixture is to be placed shall be swept to remove as much moisture as possible and the mixture may then be placed subject to removal and replacement at no additional cost to the State if contract requirements are not met.

<u>907-402.03.1.2--Tack Coat.</u> Asphalt cement of performance grade PG67-22 shall be used for bituminous tack coat. Bituminous tack coat shall be applied within the temperature range of 300 to 340° F. Tack coat shall be applied with distributor spray bars instead of hand hoses. Tack coat shall be applied at a rate of 0.06 gallon per square yard to 0.08 gallon per square yard.

### 907-402.03.1.3--Blank.

### 907-402.03.2--Bituminous Mixing Plants.

### 907-402.03.2.1--Plant Requirements.

<u>907-402.03.2.1.1--Cold Aggregate Storage</u>. The cold storage for hydrated lime shall be a separate bulk storage bin with a vane feeder or other approved feeder system which can readily be calibrated. The system shall provide a means for easy sampling of the hydrated lime additive and verifying the quantity of lime dispensed. The feeder system shall require a totalizer.

The hydrated lime additive equipment shall be interlocked and synchronized with the cold feed controls to operate concurrently with the cold feed operation which will automatically adjust the hydrated lime feed to variations in the cold aggregate feed. A positive signal system shall be installed which will automatically shut the plant down when malfunctions cause an improper supply of hydrated lime or water.

The plant shall not operate unless the entire hydrated lime system is functioning properly.

<u>907-402.03.2.1.2--Cold Aggregate Feed.</u> The hydrated lime shall be dispensed dry or as a slurry (1 part hydrated lime to 3 parts water) directly onto the composite aggregate between the cold feed and the dryer.

When hydrated lime is introduced dry, a spray bar or other approved system capable of spraying all aggregate with water shall be installed in order to maintain all aggregate at the moisture

condition set out in Subsection 907-402.02.3.1 prior to addition of the hydrated lime. An alternate system for spraying the coarse aggregate stockpiles may be allowed when approved by the Engineer. The approved equipment and methods shall consistently maintain the aggregate in a uniform, surface wet condition. The moisture content of the aggregate-hydrated lime mixture, following spraying and mixing, shall be introduced into the automatic moisture controls of the plant.

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The aggregate-hydrated lime mixture shall be uniformly blended by some mechanical means such as a motorized "on the belt" mixer or pug mill located between the cold feed and the dryer. Other mixing devices may be used subject to approval by the Engineer.

A maximum of forty five (45) percent of the total aggregate blend may be fed through any single cold feed bin. If the JMF calls for more than forty five (45) percent of a specific aggregate, that aggregate must be fed through two (2) or more separate cold feed bins.

907-402.03.2.1.3--Dryer. The efficiency of drying aggregates shall be such that the moisture content of an OGFC mixture shall not exceed 0.50 percent by weight of the total mixture, and the moisture content of any underlying lifts shall not exceed 0.75 percent by weight of the total mixture being produced.

907-402.03.2.1.4--Stabilizing Fiber Addition. For batch plants, fibers shall be added (manually or automatic) to either the pugmill or the weigh hopper. At least one aggregate source shall be added prior to the fiber addition, if fibers are added to the weigh hopper. Otherwise, fibers shall be added to the pugmill immediately after the addition of all the aggregate and prior to the addition of the asphalt binder.

907-402.03.2.1.4.1--Manual Method. Provided it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the proper dosage rate of the stabilizing fibers is uniformly distributed into the mix, manual introduction of the fibers is acceptable when a batch plant is used to make the mix. When the fibers are available in prepackaged (weighed) containers, proper dosage may be predetermined per batch. A device is required to interrupt mixture production and warn the plant operator if the operator manually feeding the fiber fails to introduce it properly.

Manual introduction of fibers shall not be used in drum plants.

907-402.03.2.1.4.2--Automatic Method. The automatic method requires specialized equipment that can accurately proportion and meter, by weight, the proper amount per batch for batch plants, or continuously and in a steady uniform manner for drum plants. Fiber, pelletized or loose, shall not be fed through the cold feed bins or through the RAP bins.

These proportioning devices shall be interlocked with the plant system and controlled to  $\pm 10$ percent of the weight of the fibers required so as to maintain the correct proportions for all production rates and batch sizes. During trial section construction, an equipment calibration check shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Engineer that shows the fiber is being accurately metered and uniformly distributed into the mix. These metering devices shall provide in- process high flow (>10 percent or more) and low flow (<10 percent or less) plant operator notification and interrupt the mix production where the fiber rate is not properly controlled. The

fiber metering system shall also provide a record of feed rate (weight per time) and include a minimum two-foot long section of translucent pipe for visual confirmation of consistent flow rates. Care shall be taken to insure that the fibers are not entrained in the plant's exhaust system. If there is any evidence of fiber in the bag-house or wet-washer fines, the liquid asphalt binder line and/or the fiber line shall be relocated so that the fiber is captured by liquid asphalt binder spray and incorporated into the mix. If there is any evidence of clumps of fibers or pellets at the discharge chute, the contractor shall increase the mixing time and/or intensity. This may entail extending the liquid asphalt binder and fiber feeding lines further into the drum.

**Note:** Various stabilizing fiber suppliers have developed methodology and equipment for metering bulk loose and pelletized fiber into asphalt plants. Whenever the fiber supplier's recommendations are more stringent than this specification, the fiber supplier's recommendations shall control.

<u>907-402.03.2.1.5--Control of Bituminous Material and Antistripping Agent.</u> Specified bituminous materials from different manufacturers or from different refineries of a single manufacturer shall not be mixed in the plant's asphalt cement supply system storage tank and used in the work without prior written approval of the Engineer. Approval is contingent upon the Engineer's receipt of three copies of the manufacturer's certified test report(s) from the Contractor showing that the bituminous material blend conforms to the specifications.

A satisfactory method of weighing or metering shall be provided to ensure the specified quantity of bituminous material. Provisions shall be provided for checking the quantity or rate of flow. Weighing or metering devices shall be accurate within plus or minus one-half percent.

The antistripping agent shall be injected into the bituminous material immediately prior to the mixing operation with an approved in-line injector system capable of being calibrated so as to ensure the prescribed dosage.

An in-line spigot for sampling of asphalt shall be located between the asphalt storage tank and the antistripping agent in-line injector.

<u>907-402.03.2.1.6--Thermometric Equipment</u>. An armored thermometer of adequate range and calibrated in 5°F increments shall be fixed at a suitable location in the bituminous line near the charging valve of the mixer unit.

The plant shall be equipped with an approved dial-scale, mercury-actuated thermometer, pyrometer or other approved thermometric instrument placed at the discharge chute of the dryer to measure the temperature of the material.

When the temperature control is unsatisfactory, the Engineer may require an approved temperature-recording apparatus for better regulation of the temperature.

907-402.03.2.1.7--Screens. A 1-inch scalping screen shall be used.

<u>907-402.03.2.1.8--Dust Collector</u>. The plant shall be equipped with a dust collector constructed to waste or return collected material. When collected material is returned, it shall be returned

through a controlling device which will provide a uniform flow of material into the aggregate mixture.

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<u>907-402.03.2.1.9--Safety Requirements.</u> A platform or other suitable device shall be provided so the Engineer will have access to the truck bodies for sampling and mixture temperature data.

## 907-402.03.2.1.10--Blank.

<u>907-402.03.2.1.11--Truck Scales.</u> The specifications, tolerances and regulations for commercial weighing and measuring devices as recommended by the National Bureau of Standards [National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Handbook 44] shall govern truck scales used in the State of Mississippi, except weighing devices with a capacity of ten thousand (10,000) pounds or more used to weigh road construction materials (i.e. sand, gravel, asphalt, fill dirt, topsoil and concrete) shall have a tolerance of one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) in lieu of the requirements of Handbook 44 and shall be regulated by the Mississippi Department of Transportation.

Scales shall be checked and certified by a scale company certified in heavy truck weights by the Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce. In the case of scales used for measurement of materials on Department of Transportation projects, certification shall be performed in the presence of an authorized representative of the Department or a copy of the certification may be furnished for scales that have been checked and certified within the last six months for use on other Department of Transportation projects and are still in the position where previously tested. Scales that have not been checked and certified under NIST Handbook 44 guidelines, except for the herein modified tolerances allowed, shall be so checked and certified prior to use for measurement of materials on Department of Transportation projects. Tests shall be continued on six month intervals with the test conducted in the presence of an authorized representative of the Department.

Truck scales shall be accurate to one-half of one percent of the applied load, shall be sensitive to 20 pounds, and shall have a graduation of not more than 20 pounds.

The Contractor may use an electronic weighing system approved by the Engineer in lieu of truck scales. The system shall be equipped with an automatic print out system which will print a ticket for each load with the following information:

MDOT, Contractor's name, project number, county, ticket number, load number, pay item number, item description of the material delivered, date, time of day, haul vehicle number, gross weight, tare weight, net weight and total daily net weight.

When approved by the Engineer and materials are measured directly from a storage bin equipped with load cells, exceptions may be made to the gross and tare weight requirements.

The ticket shall also have a place for recording the temperature of OGFC mixtures, if applicable, and the signatures of MDOT's plant and roadway inspectors. The load numbers for each project shall begin with load number one (1) for the first load of the day and shall be numbered consecutively without a break until the last load of the day. The Contractor shall provide MDOT with an original and one copy of each ticket. When the ticket information provided by the

Contractor proves to be unsatisfactory, MDOT will use imprinter(s) and imprinter tickets to record load information. All recorded weights shall be in pounds and shall be accurate to within one-half of one percent of the true weight, and the system shall be sensitive to 20 pounds. The Engineer will require random loads to be checked on certified platform scales at no cost to the Department.

When an electronic weighing system utilizes the plant scales of a batch plant, the system may be used only in conjunction with a fully automatic batching and control system.

## 907-402.03.2.2--Additional Requirements for Batching Plants.

<u>907-402.03.2.2.1--Plant Scales.</u> The plant batch scale weight shall not exceed the platform scale weight by more than one percent (1%).

## 907-402.03.2.3--Additional Requirements for Drum Mixing Plants.

<u>907-402.03.2.3.1--Plant Controls.</u> The plant shall be operated with all the automatic controls as designed and provided by the plant manufacturer. If the automatic controls malfunction, brief periods of manual operations to complete the day's work or to protect the work already placed may be conducted with the approval of the Engineer. During manual operation, the Contractor must continue to produce a uniform mixture meeting all contract requirements.

<u>907-402.03.2.3.2--Aggregate Handling and Proportioning.</u> A screening unit shall be placed between the bins and the mixer to remove oversized aggregate, roots, clayballs, etc.

<u>907-402.03.2.4--Surge or Storage Bins.</u> Normally the surge bins shall be emptied at the end of each day's operation. During breakdowns or adverse weather conditions, the material may be stored for a period not to exceed three hours in a well sealed, well insulated, heated bin.

**<u>907-402.03.3--Hauling Equipment.</u>** The inside surfaces of each vehicle bed shall be coated with a light application of water and thin oil, soap solution, lime water solution or other approved material to prevent the mixture from sticking. Diesel fuel or gasoline shall not be used to lubricate vehicle beds. Truck beds shall be raised to drain excessive lubricants before placing mixture in the bed. An excess of lubricant will not be permitted.

<u>907-402.03.4--Bituminous Pavers.</u> The screed or strikeoff assembly shall be capable of vibrating and heating the full width of the mixture being placed and shall lay the lift with an automatic control device to the specified slope and grade without tearing, pulling or gouging the mixture surface.

<u>907-402.03.5--Rollers.</u> All rollers shall be self-propelled units capable of maintaining a smooth and uniform forward and reverse speed as required for proper compaction. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall not be permitted for compacting OGFC mixes. Rollers shall be equipped with adjustable scrapers, water tanks, mats and a device for wetting the wheels to prevent the mixture from sticking. Adhesion of the mixture to the rollers will not be permitted. The use of diesel fuel or gasoline for cleaning roller wheels, or to aid in preventing the mixture from sticking to the wheels, is prohibited.

All rollers shall be in good mechanical condition, free from leaking fuels and lubricants, loose link motion, faulty steering mechanism, worn king bolts and bearings. They shall be operational at slow speeds to avoid displacement of the mixture and capable of reversing direction smoothly and without backlash.

<u>907-402.03.6--Preparation of Grade</u>. The foundation upon which OGFC pavement is to be placed shall be prepared in accordance with the applicable Section of the Standard Specifications.

Unless otherwise directed, tack coat shall be applied to the underlying surface on which the mixture is to be placed. Emulsions, if used, must be allowed to "break" prior to placement of the bituminous mixture.

Bituminous mixture shall not be placed against the edge of pavements, curbs, gutters, manholes and other structures until sprayed with a thin uniform tack coating. The tack coat shall be protected until the mixture has been placed.

Existing pavements that require preliminary leveling or patching in advance of placing the OGFC mixture shall be sprayed with a tack coat material and then brought as nearly as practicable to uniform grade and cross section. The material shall be placed by hand or machine in one or more compacted layers approximately two (2) inches or less in compacted thickness.

### 907-402.03.7--Blank.

<u>907-402.03.8--Preparation of Mixture.</u> The temperature of the mixture, when discharged from the mixer, shall not exceed 340°F.

<u>907-402.03.9--Material Transfer Equipment.</u> Except for the areas mentioned below, the material transferred from the hauling unit shall be remixed prior to being placed in the paver hopper or insert by using an approved Materials Transfer Device. Information on approved devices can be obtained from the State Construction Engineer. Areas excluded from this requirement include: temporary work of short duration, detours, bridge replacement projects having less than 1,000 feet of pavement on each side of the structure, acceleration and deceleration lanes less than 1,000 feet in length, tapered sections, transition sections (for width), shoulders less than 10 feet in width, crossovers, ramps, side street returns and other areas designated by the Engineer.

<u>907-402.03.10--Spreading and Finishing</u>. The mixture shall be spread to the depth and width that will provide the specified compacted thickness, line, grade and cross section. Placing of the mixture shall be as continuous as possible. On areas where mechanical spreading and finishing is impracticable, the mixture may be spread, raked and luted by hand tools.

Immediately after screeding and prior to compaction, the surface shall be checked by the Contractor and irregularities adjusted. When the edge is feathered as in a wedge lift, it may be sealed by rolling. Irregularities in alignment and grade along the edges shall be corrected before the edges are rolled.

Hauling, spreading and finishing equipment shall be furnished that is capable of and operated in such a manner that the rolling operation will satisfactorily correct any surface blemishes.

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The longitudinal joint in the subsequent lift shall offset that in the underlying lift by approximately six (6) inches. However, the joint in the top lift shall be at the centerline or lane line.

<u>907-402.03.11--Roadway Compaction</u>. Compaction shall be achieved by two to three passes of a 10 to 12-ton steel wheel roller operating in static mode. Finish rolling to remove any roller marks shall be performed after the mat temperature decreases to 250°F.

<u>907-402.03.12--Joints.</u> Joints between previously placed pavement and pavement being placed shall be so formed as to insure thorough and continuous bond.

Transverse construction joints shall be formed by cutting the previously placed mixture to expose the full depth of the lift.

Longitudinal joints shall be formed by overlapping the screed on the previously placed material for a width of at least one (1) inch and depositing the quantity of mixture to form a smooth, tight joint.

The contact surface of transverse joints and longitudinal joints, except hot joints, shall be sprayed with a thin uniform tack coating before additional mixture is placed against the previously placed material.

The contact surface of transverse joints and longitudinal joints in the asphalt lift immediately below the OGFC, except hot joints, shall be sealed by spraying a thin, uniform coat of Pavon<sup>TM</sup>, Crafco<sup>TM</sup> Pavement Joint Adhesive No. 34524, or approved equal, prior to placement of additional asphalt against the previously placed material. Manufacture's recommendations shall be followed if the material needs to be re-heated, and when placing the thin, uniform coat.

Prior to application of the sealant, the face of the joint shall be thoroughly dry and free from dust or any other material that would prevent proper sealing. All joints shall be swept or blown free of loose material, dirt, vegetation, and other debris by means of compressed air or a power sweeper.

Truck and vehicle traffic shall not drive across a sealed joint until it has dried sufficient to prevent damage from tracking.

The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer three copies of the manufacturer's certification stating that the material used meets the requirement of the specifications.

<u>907-402.04--Method of Measurement.</u> Open Graded Friction Course, complete in place and accepted, will be measured by the ton. The weight of the composite mixture shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Subsection 907-402.03.2.1.11.

Bituminous Tack Coat for Open Graded Friction Course shall be measured by the gallon as in accordance with the provisions of Subsections 109.01 and 410.04.

**<u>907-402-05-Basis of Payment.</u>** Subject to the adjustments set forth in Subsection 907-402.02.6.3, Open Graded Friction Course, complete-in-place, accepted, and measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton and shall be full compensation for completing the work.

Bituminous Tack Coat for Open Graded Friction Course will be paid for at the contract unit price per gallon, which price shall be full compensation for completing the work.

Payment will be made under the following items:

907-402-A: Open Graded Friction Course, <u>\*</u> - per ton Mixture

907-402-B: Bituminous Tack Coat

\* 9.5-mm mixture or 12.5-mm mixture

- per gallon

## SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-403-4

## DATE: 03/15/2012

## **SUBJECT:** Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)

Before Subsection 907-403-05.2 on page 1, add the following:

907-403.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-403.03.2--Smoothness Tolerances.</u> Delete the fourth paragraph of Subsection 403.03.2 on page 267 and substitute the following.

Where only a surface lift is required, the finished surface lift shall have a profile index of not more than 60.0 inches per mile.

Delete the last paragraph of Subsection 403.03.2 at the bottom of page 268, and the table at the top of page 269 and substitute the following:

Except for a single lift overlay, when the Profile Index for the final surface lift is less than or equal to eighteen inches per mile (18.0 inches / mile) per segment, a unit price increase will be added. The following schedule lists the Profile Index range and the corresponding contract price adjustment:

Profile Index inches / mile / segment	Contract Price Adjustment percent of unit bid price
less than 6.0	108
6.0 to 10.0	106
10.1 to 14.0	104
14.1 to 18.0	102
18.1 to Required P.I.	100
over Required P.I.	100
	(with correction to Required P.I.)

For a single lift overlay, when the Profile Index for the final surface lift is less than or equal to eighteen inches per mile (18.0 inches / mile) per segment, a unit price increase will be added. The following schedule lists the Profile Index range and the corresponding contract price adjustment:

Profile Index inches / mile / segment	Contract Price Adjustment percent of unit bid price
less than or equal to 18.0	103
18.1 to Required P.I.	100
over Required P.I.	100
	(with correction to Required P.I.)

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Delete the first full paragraph of Subsection 403.03.2 on page 269 and substitute the following:

Contract price adjustments for rideability shall only be applicable to the surface lift and furthermore to only the segment(s) or portions of the segments(s) of the surface lift that require smoothness be determined by using a profilograph.

Delete the third full paragraph of Subsection 403.03.2 on page 269 and substitute the following:

Any contract price adjustment for rideability will be applied on a segment to segment basis on the theoretical tonnage based on 12-foot lanes, determined in accordance with Subsections 401.02.6.5 and 403.04, for the segment(s) or portions thereof for which an adjustment is warranted.

Delete Subsection 403.03.5.5 on page 273 and substitute the following:

<u>907-403.03.5.5--Preliminary Leveling.</u> All irregularities of the existing pavement, such as ruts, cross-slope deficiencies, etc., shall be corrected by spot leveling, skin patching, feather edging or a wedge lift in advance of placing the first overall lift.

<u>**907-403.04--Method of Measurement.</u>** After the second paragraph of Subsection 403.04 on page 274, add the following:</u>

Joint sealant will be measured by the linear foot for each joint sealed.

<u>**907-403.05--Basis of Payment.</u>** After the first paragraph of Subsection 403.05 on page 275, add the following:</u>

Joint sealant will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot for each joint which shall be full compensation for furnishing the joint sealant material, cleaning the joint, applying the sealant, and for all equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

After the last pay item listed on page 276, add the following:

907-403-S: Joint Sealant

- per linear foot or mile

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-403-4

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 11/04/2005

### **SUBJECT:** Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)

Section 403, Hot Bituminous Pavement, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

**<u>907-403.05.2-Pav Items.</u>** Add the "907" prefix to the pay items listed on page 275 & 276.

## SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-403-5

### DATE: 02/23/2012

### **SUBJECT:** Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA)

Delete the fifth full paragraph, the table and the first paragraph after the table in Subsection 907-403.03.2 on page 3, and substitute the following:

Regardless of the Surface Profile Index requirement, when the Profile Index for the final surface lift is less than or equal to eighteen inches per mile (18.0 inches / mile) per segment, a unit price increase will be added. The following schedule lists the Profile Index range and the corresponding contract price adjustment:

Profile Index inches / mile / segment	Contract Price Adjustment percent of unit bid price
less than 6.0	108
6.0 to 10.0	106
10.1 to 14.0	104
14.1 to 18.0	102
18.1 to Required P.I.	100
over Required P.I.	100
	(with correction to Required P.I.)

Contract price adjustments for rideability shall only be applicable to the surface lift and furthermore to only the segment(s) or portions of the segments(s) of the surface lift that require smoothness be determined by using a profilograph.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-403-5

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 01/31/2006

### **SUBJECT:** Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA)

Section 403, Hot Bituminous Pavement, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as amended by this special provision is applicable to Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) Only.

## SECTION 907-403 - STONE MATRIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

<u>907-403.01--Description</u>. This work consists of constructing one or more lifts of SMA pavement meeting the requirements of Section 401 on a prepared surface in accordance with the requirements of this section and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thicknesses, and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established by the Engineer. This work shall also include applicable in-grade preparation of the underlying course in accordance with Section 321.

<u>907-403.02--Material Requirements</u>. Materials and their use shall conform to the applicable requirements of Subsection 401.02.

### 907-403.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-403.03.1--General</u>. Construction requirements shall be as specified in Subsection 401.03 except as otherwise indicated in this section or applicable special provisions.

<u>907-403.03.2--Smoothness Tolerances.</u> Except as noted herein, the finished smoothness of each lift shall conform to the designated grade and cross section within the following tolerances from grade stakes or other grade reference points set at 25 foot intervals:

	Lower* & Leveling Lifts	Lower* Intermediate Lift	Top Intermediate Lift	Surface Lift
Max. deviation from grade and cross sec- tion at any point	1/2"	3/8"	1/4"	1/4"
Max. deviation from a 10 foot straight edge	3/8"	1/4"	1/8"	1/8"

Profile Index (PI)

(inches/mile) ...... - - - 45.0 30.0

Note: Where more than four (4) lifts of SMA are required, all lifts, excluding the top three (3) lifts, shall meet the requirements of the lower lift.

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\* When tested longitudinally from a stringline located equidistant above points 50 feet apart, the distance from the stringline to the surface at any two points located 12½ feet apart shall not vary one from the other more than the maximum deviation allowed above from a 10 foot straight edge.

Where only one intermediate lift is required, it shall meet the smoothness requirements for lower intermediate lifts and shall have a Profile Index of not more than 60.0 inches per mile. The surface lift shall have a Profile Index of not more than 30.0 inches per mile.

Where only a leveling lift and a surface lift are required, the surface lift shall meet the smoothness requirements for lower intermediate lifts, and shall have a Profile Index of not more than 60.0 inches per mile.

Where only a surface lift is required, the Contractor shall determine the existing surface profile index at no additional cost to the State. The finished surface lift shall have a profile index of sixty percent (60%) of the profile index of the existing surface or 60.0 inches per mile, whichever is greater.

Where milling is required to remove undesirable material and/or correction of the cross-slope and only one (1) lift is required, the lift shall have a Profile Index of not more than 45.0 inches per mile.

Where milling is required to remove undesirable material and/or correction of the cross-slope and a leveling lift and a surface lift are required, the surface lift shall have a Profile Index of not more than 45.0 inches per mile.

Where milling is required to remove undesirable material and/or correction of the cross-slope and two (2) lifts are required, the lower lift shall have a Profile Index of not more than 45.0 inches per mile and the surface lift shall have a Profile Index of not more than 30.0 inches per mile.

Grade stakes or other grade reference points set at 25-foot intervals and maximum deviation from grade and cross section will not be required provided an approved profile averaging device is furnished and properly used for the four conditions set forth herein; however, all other surface requirements are applicable.

- (a) Overlays with one overall lift.
- (b) Overlays with two or more overall lifts -- for each lift above the first overall lift provided each underlying overall lift is within the allowable tolerances.

(c) Surface lift of new construction provided the underlying lift is within the allowable tolerances.

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(d) Full-depth asphalt construction for lifts above the lower lift provided the lower lift is within the specified tolerances for the lower intermediate lift.

Approved contacting type profile averaging devices are those devices capable of working in conjunction with a taut string or wire set to grade, or ski-type device with extreme contact points with the surface at least 30 feet apart. Approved non-contacting type profile averaging devices are laser type ski devices with at least four referencing mobile stations at a minimum length of 24 feet, or an approved equal.

When approved by the Engineer, a short ski or shoe may be substituted for a long ski on the second paving operation working in tandem.

During the finishing and compacting of pavement lifts, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to check the surface and joints for progress toward conformance to surface requirements set forth herein. Variations from surface requirements exceeding the allowable tolerances shall be corrected at the Contractor's expense.

When a portland cement concrete pavement is to be placed on a SMA lift, the finished top of the SMA lift shall meet the requirements of Sections 321 and 501.

When the Profile Index for the final surface lift is less than or equal to twenty-two inches per mile (22.0 inches / mile), per segment, a unit price increase will be added. The following schedule lists the Profile Index range and the corresponding contract price adjustment:

Profile Index inches / mile / segment	Contract Price Adjustment percent of SMA unit bid price
less than 10.0	108
10.0 to 14.0	106
14.1 to 18.0	104
18.1 to 22.0	102
22.1 to 30.0	100
over 30.0	100
	(with correction of $PI \leq 30.0$ )

Contract price adjustments for rideability shall only be applicable to the surface lift and furthermore to only the segment(s) or portions of the segments(s) of the surface lift that require smoothness be determined by using a profilograph and then only when the surface tolerance requirements include a profile index of 30.0 inches / mile.

Segment(s) or portions thereof representing areas excluded from a smoothness test with the profilograph shall also be excluded from consideration for a contract price adjustment for rideability.

Any contract price adjustment for rideability will be applied on a segment to segment basis to the pay tonnage, determined in accordance with Subsections 401.02.6.5 and 907-403.04, for the segment(s) or portions thereof for which an adjustment is warranted.

<u>907-403.03.3--Thickness Requirements.</u> Stone matrix asphalt overlay lifts shall be constructed as nearly in accordance with the thickness shown on the plans as the underlying pavement and foundation will permit. Periodic and cumulative yield tests will be made to determine practicable conformity to the thickness of each lift. The Engineer may order modifications in placement thicknesses to prevent unwarranted variations in plan quantities.

When the paver is operating off an established grade line, no thickness determination will be required for the various lifts of pavement. It is understood that the tolerances from design grade will control the thickness requirements.

When grade stakes are eliminated by Notice to Bidders or as outlined in Subsection 907-403.03.2(d) and where resulting in the placement of two (2) or more lifts, acceptance and payment will be determined on a lot to lot basis by cores taken from the completed pavement. Lots will be coincidental with acceptance lots for the surface lift as provided in Subsection 401.02.6.4, except that only lots resulting from the placement of mainline surface lift will be used for thickness assessment. One core will be obtained at random from each lot. Irregular areas will not be cored.

When the average thickness of all the cores from the lots representing a day's production (excluding any discarded by the Engineer for justifiable reason) is within 3/8 of an inch of the total pavement thickness shown on the plans, excluding lift(s) placed using an established grade line, corrective action will not be required and a price adjustment will not be made for non-conformity to specified thickness.

When the average thickness of all the cores from the lots representing a day's production is deficient in thickness by more than 3/8 of an inch of the total pavement thickness shown on the plans, excluding lift(s) placed using an established grade line, the deficiency shall be corrected by overlaying the entire length of the day's production. The thickness of the overlay shall be equal to the thickness deficiency but no less than the minimum single lift laying thickness for the specified mixture.

When the thickness of all the cores from the lots representing a day's production is more than 3/8 of an inch thicker than the total thickness shown on the plans, excluding lift(s) placed using an established grade line, a price adjustment will be made in accordance with Subsection 907-403.05.1.

The cores shall be cut and removed by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer's representative and turned over to the Engineer's representative for further handling. The Contractor shall fill each core hole with surface lift mixture and compact to the satisfaction of the Engineer within 24 hours after coring.

<u>907-403.03.4--Lift Corrections.</u> Pavement exceeding the allowable surface tolerances shall be corrected at the Contractor's expense by the following methods:

Lower, Leveling and Lower Intermediate Lifts:

- (a) Removal or addition of mixture by skin patching, feather edging, wedge lift construction or full depth patching where appropriate and can be completed in a satisfactory manner.
- (b) Superimposing an additional layer which shall be an approved grade raise for the full roadway width and length of the area to be corrected.

Top Intermediate Lift:

- (a) Removal and the addition of sufficient mixture to provide the specified thickness. Corrections by this method shall be square or rectangular in shape and shall completely cover the area to be corrected.
- (b) Superimposing an additional layer (minimum lift thickness for mixture being used) which shall be an approved grade raise for full roadway width of the area to be corrected. Transverse joints shall be perpendicular to the centerline of the pavement.

Surface Lift:

- (a) Removal and the addition of sufficient mixture to provide new material of at least minimum single lift laying thickness for full lane width of the area to be corrected. Transverse joints shall be perpendicular to the centerline of the lane.
- (b) Superimposing an additional layer (minimum lift thickness for mixture being used) which shall be an approved grade raise for full roadway width of the area to be corrected. Transverse joints shall be perpendicular to the centerline of the pavement.

All mixtures used in the correction of unacceptable pavement shall be approved by the Engineer prior to use.

<u>907-403.03.5--Overlays or Widening and Overlays.</u> In addition to the requirements of Subsection 907-403.03.1 through 907-403.03.4, the following requirements will be applicable when an existing pavement is to be overlaid or widened and overlaid.

### 907-403.03.5.1--Blank.

<u>907-403.03.5.2--Sequence of Operations.</u> In order to expedite the safe movement of traffic and to protect each phase of the work as it is performed, a firm sequence of operations is essential. Unless otherwise provided in the traffic control plan and/or the contract, the following appropriate items of work shall be begun and continually prosecuted in the order listed:

- (a) In sections designated by the Engineer, trim the shoulders along the pavement edges to provide drainage from the pavement.
- (b) Perform prerolling to locate areas of pavement with excessive movement (Section 511).
- (c) Perform selective undercutting and patching as directed (Subsection 907-403.03.5.4).
- (d) Perform pressure grouting as specified (Section 512).
- (e) Clean and seal joints (Section 413).
- (f) Complete preparation on one side of roadway to be widened and place widening materials.
- (g) Reconstruct shoulders to elevation necessary to assure traffic safety.
- (h) Open the widened section to traffic.
- (i) Complete above work for other side of roadway.
- (j) Perform preliminary leveling as directed.
- (k) Apply interlayer as specified.
- (l) Place the first overall leveling lift.
- (m) After the first overall leveling lift, reconstruct shoulders as necessary to eliminate vertical differentials which may be hazardous to traffic.
- (n) Place first intermediate lift.
- (o) Construct shoulders to the contiguous elevation of the first intermediate lift.
- (p) Place remaining intermediate lift, if required.
- (q) Place surface lift.
- (r) Complete construction of shoulders.
- (s) Apply permanent traffic marking.

(t) Final cleanup.

The above operations shall be performed in such a manner that traffic will be maintained on a paved surface at all times. Two-lane, two-way highways should not be restricted to a single lane in excess of a 3,000 foot section.

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**<u>907-403.03.5.3--Widening of Pavement.</u>** The foundation for widening shall be formed by trenching or excavating to the required depth and constructing a smooth, firm and compacted foundation. It shall have sufficient density and stability to withstand the placement and compaction of subsequent lifts. Soft, yielding and other unsuitable material which the Engineer determines will not compact readily shall be removed and backfilled with granular material or stone matrix asphalt as directed.

Except as provided herein, excavation for widening, undercutting or other required excavation shall be spread along the edge of the shoulders, foreslopes or other adjacent areas as directed and will be an absorbed item. When the quantity is in excess of what may be used satisfactorily on adjacent areas, the Engineer may direct that the material be loaded, hauled and spread uniformly on other designated areas. In this case, compensation for handling surplus material will be in accordance with the appropriate pay items as provided in the contract or as extra work.

If the plans require widening of the shoulders or embankment with contractor furnished material, all suitable material obtained from widening excavation may be used and will be measured and paid for as Contractor furnished materials. No measurement for payment of haul will be made.

Removal and disposal of old stakes, forms and other debris encountered in excavating shall be in accordance with Section 201 and shall be considered as incidental to and included in the unit prices bid for other items. No separate measurement will be made therefor. Pavement edges and surfaces shall be cleaned prior to final shaping and compaction of adjacent trenching or undercut areas.

Granular material for widening shall be placed on a previously prepared, smooth, firm and unyielding foundation in accordance with the typical section. Density of the granular material shall be as specified.

Stone matrix asphalt for widening, including trench widening, shall meet the applicable requirements of this section and Section 401 and shall be placed in one or more layers as shown on the plans or directed. The surface of the mixture shall be finished as a continuation of the adjacent pavement slope.

Trench rollers or other compaction equipment shall be used to compact the foundation, granular material and bituminous mixtures for widening when standard width rolling equipment cannot be used.

<u>907-403.03.5.4--Patching.</u> Existing pavement which has failed or unsatisfactorily stabilized shall be removed as directed. Removal of pavement will be measured and paid for under the appropriate pay items as provided in the contract.

Backfill shall consist of stone matrix asphalt or a combination of compacted layers of granular material and stone matrix asphalt. Unless otherwise specified, the Engineer will make this determination based on depth and field conditions.

Stone matrix asphalt used for backfilling will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price for the mixture designated on the plans as the lowest lift. Granular material will be measured and paid for under the appropriate pay item as provided in the contract or as extra work.

<u>907-403.03.5.5--Preliminary Leveling</u>. All irregularities of the existing pavement that result in a thickness greater than approximately two and one-half inches for the first overall leveling lift shall be corrected by skin patching, feather edging or a wedge lift and shall be approved by the Engineer in advance of placing the first overall lift.

<u>907-403.03.5.6--Placement of Lifts.</u> The leveling lift shall be placed in a layer (or layers) not exceeding approximately two and one-half inches compacted thickness.

When single lane construction is required, placement of a lift on the adjacent lane may be performed by an approved profile averaging device provided the lane previously placed is within the allowable tolerances for all surface requirements. When any of the tolerances are exceeded, the contractor shall reestablish the control stringline for laying the adjacent lane should he elect to perform this work prior to correcting the deficiencies of the lane previously placed. In no case shall a "matching shoe" be used to control the grade of an adjacent lane.

In instances where there are only minor deviations from the allowable tolerances in the first overall lift, the Engineer may permit the Contractor to place the next higher lift by graded stringline in lieu of making the corrections.

Single lane placement of leveling, intermediate and surface lifts shall be limited to the distance covered in one and one-half days in advance of that placed in the adjacent lane.

<u>907-403.03.5.7--Protection of Pavement.</u> The pavement shall be protected and properly maintained until it has been compacted and cooled sufficiently for use by traffic.

<u>**907-403.04--Method of Measurement.</u>** SMA pavement, complete in place and accepted, will be measured by the ton. The weight of the composite mixture shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Subsection 401.03.2.1.11.</u>

Unless shown as a separate pay item, the furnishing and application of the tack coat will not be measured for payment. When payment is provided, tack coat will be measured as set out in Subsection 407.04.

The quantity of bituminous mixture required to correct the work, when made at the expense of the Contractor, will not be measured for payment.

Any trenching required for widening will not be measured for payment; the cost thereof shall be included in other items of work.

Undercut required by the Engineer will be measured for payment under the appropriate excavation item as provided in the contract or as extra work. Pavement removal and any required trenching will not be included in the measurement for undercut.

<u>907-403.05--Basis of Pavment.</u> Subject to the adjustments set out in Subsections 401.02.6.3, 401.02.6.4, 401.02.6.5 & 907-403.03.2, stone matrix asphalt pavement, complete-in-place, accepted, and measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for each lift of pavement specified in the bid schedule and shall be full compensation for completing the work.

**907-403.05.1--Price Adjustment for Thickness Requirement.** When grade stakes are eliminated as provided in Subsection 907-403.03.3 and the average thickness of all cores from lots representing a day's production is more than 3/8 inch thicker than the total specified thickness of the pavement, excluding lift(s) placed using an established grade line, a lump sum reduction in payment for the surface lift of lots representing a day's production will be made as follows:

Individual Day's	=	(Monetary Value of the Day's	Х	<u>(D - 3/8)</u>
L.S. Reduction		Surface Lift Production)		ST

Where:

- D = The day's average deviation from total pavement thickness shown on the plans, excluding lift(s) placed using an established grade line.
- ST = Specified thickness for surface lift.

The total L.S. reduction for the project is the summation of the individual day's reductions in payment.

#### 907-403.05.2--Pay Items.

Payment will be made under:

907-403-AA: Stone Matrix Asphalt, <u>(1)</u> - per ton Mixture

(1) 9.5 mm mixture, 12.5 mm mixture, or 19 mm mixture

## SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-403-9

DATE: 10/26/2011

## **SUBJECT:** Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA)

Delete Subsection 403.05 on page 1 and substitute the following.

<u>907-403.04--Method of Measurement.</u> WMA pavement, complete in place and accepted, will be measured by the ton. The weight of the composite mixture shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Subsection 401.03.2.1.11.

<u>907-403.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Subject to the adjustments set out in Subsections 401.02.6.3, 401.02.6.4, 401.02.6.5 & 403.03.2, warm mix asphalt pavement, complete-in-place, accepted, and measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for each lift of pavement specified in the bid schedule and shall be full compensation for completing the work.

#### **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-403-9**

CODE: (SP)

#### DATE: 03/15/2010

### **SUBJECT:** Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA)

Section 403, Hot Bituminous Pavement, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as amended by this special provision is applicable to Warm Mix Asphalt Only.

<u>907-403.01--Description.</u> Delete the first sentence of Subsection 403.01 on page 266, and substitute the following:

This work consists of constructing one or more lifts of WMA pavement meeting the requirements of Section 401 on a prepared surface in accordance with the requirements of this section and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grade, thicknesses, and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established by the Engineer.

#### <u>907-403.05--Basis of Payment.</u>

907-403.05.2--Pay Items. After the last pay item listed on page 276, add the following:

907-403-M: Warm Mix Asphalt, <u>(1)</u> , <u>(2)</u> Type Mixture	- per ton
907-403-N: Warm Mix Asphalt, <u>(1)</u> , <u>(3)</u> , Leveling Type Mixture	- per ton
907-403-O: Warm Mix Asphalt, <u>(1)</u> , <u>(4)</u> , Trench Widening Type Mixture	- per ton
907-403-P: Warm Mix Asphalt, HT, <u>(3)</u> , Polymer Modified Mixture	- per ton
907-403-Q: Warm Mix Asphalt, HT, <u>(3)</u> , Polymer Modified, Leveling Mixture	- per ton

### SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-407-1

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 02/26/2008

### **SUBJECT:** Tack Coat

Section 407, Tack Coat, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-407.02.1--Bituminous Material</u>. Delete the second sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 407.02.1 on page 281, and substitute the following:

When not specified, the materials shall be as specified in Table 410-A on page 293.

<u>**907-407.03.3--Application of Bituminous Material**</u>. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 407.03.3 on page 281, and substitute the following.

Tack coat shall be applied with a distributor spray bar. A hand wand will only be allowed for applying tack coat on ramp pads, irregular shoulder areas, median crossovers, turnouts, or other irregular areas. Bituminous materials and application rates for tack coat shall be as specified in Table 410-A on page 293. Tack coat shall not be applied during wet or cold weather, after sunset, or to a wet surface. Emulsions shall be allowed to "break" prior to superimposed construction.

<u>**907-407.05--Basis of Payment.</u>** Delete the pay item at the end of Subsection 407.05 on page 282, and substitute the following:</u>

907-407-A: Asphalt for Tack Coat \*

- per gallon

\* Grade may be specified

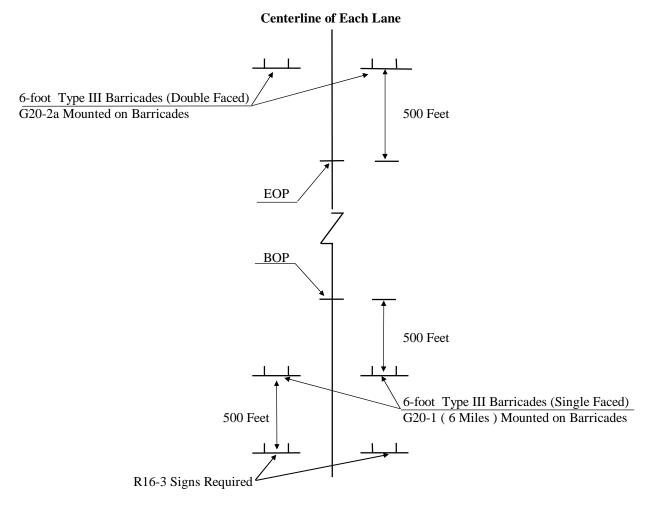
### SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-618-1

## DATE: 1/25/2012

### **PROJECT:** IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303 – Hinds County

After the first paragraph of Subsection 907-618.01.2 on page 1, add the following:

Additional signs will be required as follows:

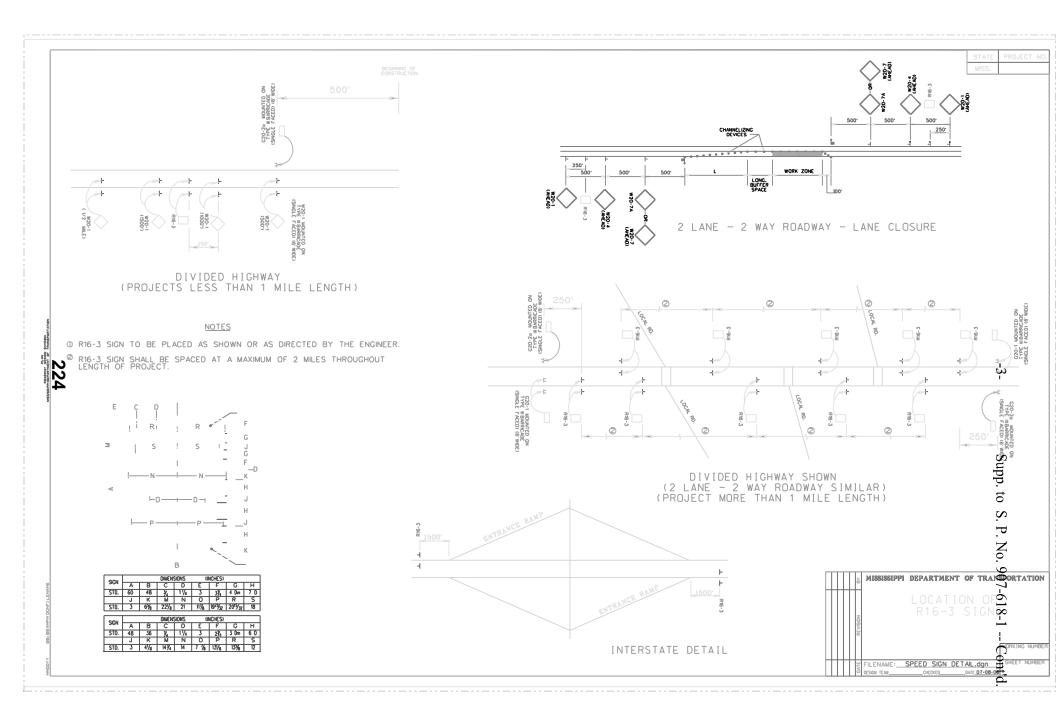


ADDITIONAL TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS REQUIRED:

- <u>5</u> W20-1 (AHEAD) signs required. One (1) sign is required at each local road or street entering the project.
- <u>20</u> R16-3 (SPEEDING FINES DOUBLED) signs required.

When included in the contract, R16-3 signs shall be spaced in accordance with sheet titled "Location of R16-3 Signs".

All Construction signing is included in the bid for Pay Item 618-A, Maintenance of Traffic. Fluorescent orange sheeting shall be used on all construction and traffic control signs except for R16-3 which shall be black legend and border on white background.



### **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-618-1**

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 04/29/2004

### **SUBJECT:** Additional Signing Requirements

Section 618, Maintenance of Traffic and Traffic Control Plan, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

**<u>907-618.01.2--Traffic Control Plan</u>**. At the end of Subsection 618.01.2 on page 413, add the following:

For compliance with the traffic control plan, the Contractor will be required to install and maintain construction signs at various location throughout the project. Payment for these signs will be included in the price bid for pay item no. 618-A, Maintenance of Traffic per lump sum.

### **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-618-4**

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 12/12/2006

### SUBJECT: Placement of Temporary Traffic Stripe

Section 618, Maintenance of Traffic and Traffic Control Plan, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>**907-618.03.3--Safe Movement of Traffic.</u>** Delete subparagraphs (2) and (3) of Subsection 618.03.3 on pages 415 & 416, and substitute the following:</u>

(2) Temporary edge lines on projects requiring shoulders constructed of granular material may be delayed for a period not to exceed three (3) days.

Temporary edge lines placed on the final pavement course of projects requiring paved shoulders with surface treatment may be placed on the adjacent shoulder in as near the permanent location as possible until the surface treatment is placed. When the edge lines are obliterated by the placement of the surface treatment, the edge lines shall be placed in the permanent stripe location. The replacement of edge lines may be delayed for a period not to exceed three (3) days for a two or three-lane roads.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-626-15

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 03/17/2008

### **SUBJECT:** Thermoplastic Traffic Markings

Section 626, Thermoplastic Traffic Markings, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

907-626.05--Basis of Payment. Add the "907" prefix to the pay items listed on page 446.

### SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-626-22

CODE: (SP)

#### DATE: 04/06/2010

#### **SUBJECT:** Double Drop Thermoplastic Markings

Section 626, Thermoplastic Traffic Markings, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>**907-626.03.1.1--Equipment.</u>** After the second paragraph of Subsection 626.03.1.1 on page 444, add the following:</u>

When edge lines are placed over rumble strips, the equipment must be able to apply the markings using the atomization method instead of extrusion / ribbon method.

<u>907-626.03.1.2--Construction Details.</u> After the second sentence of the first full paragraph of Subsection 626.03.1.2 on page 445 add the following:

When edge lines are placed on rumble strips, the thickness of the edge line shall be 90 mils.

After the last sentence of the third full paragraph of Subsection 626.03.1.2 on page 445, add the following:

When double drop thermoplastic stripe is called for in the contract, additional beads by the dropon method shall be applied as follows:

Class A glass beads at a rate of not less than three pounds of beads per 100 feet of six-inch stripe. Class B glass beads at a rate of not less than three pounds of beads per 100 feet of six-inch stripe.

The Class B glass beads shall be applied to the newly placed stripe first, followed by the application of the Class A glass beads.

<u>907-626.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Add the following to the list of pay items on page 446.

907-626-A:	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Traffic Stripe, Skip White *	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-B:	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Traffic Stripe, Continuous White *	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-C:	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous White *	- per linear foot or mile

907-626-D:	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Traffic Stripe, Skip Yellow	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-E:	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-F:	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous Yellow, *	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-G:	Thermoplastic Double Drop Detail Stripe, Color	- per linear foot
907-626-H:	Thermoplastic Double Drop Legend, White	- per linear foot or sqauare foot

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\* Thickness may be specified

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-687-15

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 01/05/2012

SUBJECT: Traffic Recorder Classification System

### **PROJECT: IM-0020-01**(165) / 103914303 – Hinds County

Section 907-687, Traffic Recorder Classification System, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows:

## SECTION 907-687 - TRAFFIC RECORDER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

<u>907-687.01--Description</u>. This work consists of furnishing Traffic Recorder Classification Systems of the types specified which includes assembling, constructing, erecting, and installing a new complete system in conformity with these specifications to insure properly operating units in accordance with the designs and at the locations shown on the plans, or as directed. This axle detector system should classify vehicles in all lanes of traffic. Submittals shall be sent directly to the Planning Analysis Section of the Planning Division with a copy of the cover letter sent to the Project Engineer. The submittals will be returned within a seven (7) business day period from when they are received.

The Contractor shall include all hardware and software necessary to operate the field station unattended. The station is to operate continuously without human intervention.

The system may be a Traffic Recorder Classification Permanent System (907-687-A) or a Traffic Recorder Classification Short Term Permanent System (907-687-B). The type of system shall be defined in the plans or contract documents.

The Traffic Recorder Classification Permanent System shall require an AC power source and communication source via a data communication phone line as referenced in the plans.

The Traffic Recorder Classification Short Term Permanent System shall not require an AC power source and communication source via a data communication phone line.

Both systems shall utilize two (2) Class 1 Brass Linguini (BL) Piezo strips as utilized by Mikros RAKTEL 8010 System or latest system as approved by MDOT and one (1) loop per lane in all lanes as recommended by the manufacturer.

A multiplexer shall be required for sites utilizing two (2) Mikros RAKTEL Systems in order for both systems to have access to one phone line.

The Contractor shall provide three (3) copies of all manuals on Installation, Operating, Schematics, and Maintenance for the entire System.

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The BL Piezo sensors, equipment cabinet, inductive loops, cables, leads and electronic hardware and software will be furnished, installed, tested, calibrated and made operational by the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide all services required for construction, tests, the satisfactory performance period(s), and miscellaneous usage on this project until the site inspection of the project. Deposits, customer charges, connection cost, etc., associated with the System up to and including the date of the site inspection (Subsection 907-687.03.18.1--Site Inspection) of the System shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. At least five (5) business days prior to starting work, the Contractor shall provide notice to the MDOT Planning Division and the MDOT Project Office so that a representative of the Planning Division can be on site while the work is being performed.

<u>907-687.02--Materials.</u> The materials used in the traffic recorder classification system shall conform with the requirements of these specifications as set out herein. Prior to the scheduled start of work, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with submittals on the following items and shall obtain the Engineer's approval before starting affected work. The Contractor shall use new materials and equipment. Any existing traffic counting equipment at the site is the sole property of the MDOT and shall not be removed by the Contractor.

**<u>907-687.02.1--Sensors.</u>** Vehicle axle detectors shall utilize piezoelectric cable in a sensor assembly and be of a type that has been shown to be successful for vehicle classification in both asphaltic and portland cement concrete pavements. BL Piezo sensor length shall be eleven (11) feet minimum. Sensors as delivered from manufacturer shall include a shielded transmission cable of sufficient length for a continuous run to the equipment cabinet without splicing.

<u>907-687.02.1.1--Automatic Traffic Recorder Station</u>. Piezoelectric Cable/Sensors shall be as those utilized by Mikros RAKTEL 8010 System or latest system as approved by MDOT. Sensitivity dispersion shall be Class  $1, \pm 5\%$ .

<u>907-687-02.2--Shielded Transmission Cable.</u> Coaxial cable type RG58 C/U shall conform to IMSA 50-2 for polyethylene insulated, polyethylene jacketed cable, AWG #14. Cable shall meet the requirements of Section 636 for the Standard Specifications.

<u>907-687.02.3--Conduit and Pull Boxes.</u> Conduit and pull boxes shall meet the requirements of Sections 647 & 668 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>907-687.02.3.1--Under Roadways.</u> Conduits under the roadway shall be Schedule 80 PVC or coated rigid galvanized steel.

<u>907-687.02.3.2--Other Conduit.</u> Other conduit shall be Schedule 40 PVC direct buried conduit unless noted otherwise.

<u>907-687.02.3.3--Pull Boxes.</u> Pull boxes shall be size Type 2 and the cover does not require words inscribed on the top.

<u>**907-687.02.4--Loop Wire.</u>** Loop wire, IMSA 51-3, AWG #14, shall meet the requirements of Subsection 722.03 of the Standard Specifications.</u>

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<u>907-687.02.5--Loop Sealant.</u> Loop sealant shall be "Traffic Loop Sealant" as manufactured by 3M Corporation, or approved equal.

<u>907-687.02.6--Sensor Cement.</u> The sensor assembly shall be cemented into the pavement with an epoxy resin of a type recommended by the sensor manufacturer.

<u>907-687.02.7--Equipment Cabinet.</u> The installation and setup of the equipment cabinet and all its applications must comply with all requirements of the plans. The Contractor will install the equipment cabinet along the highway right of way at a location approved by the Engineer. The equipment cabinet shall utilize a locking door. The housing shall be positioned so that the data collector will be approximately four (4) feet above the ground and mounted on a timber pole meeting the requirements of Subsection 723.08.6 unless an equivalent pole is specified and depicted in the plans. Lightning protection shall be provided for each installation. A 5/8-inch by 12-foot ground rod shall be used with AWG #6 copper conductors. Class B concrete shall be used for equipment cabinet footings.

<u>907-687.03--Construction Requirements.</u> The general layout of the work shall conform to the details shown on the typical installation plans and shall be verified at each location with the Project Engineer. No hazards, such as open holes on site during construction, shall be left overnight.

All traffic control shall meet the requirements as defined in the most updated Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

<u>907-687.03.1--Manufacturer's Recommendations.</u> Sensors must be installed in accordance with the approved procedures and specifications provided by the sensor manufacturer. All sensors and connecting cables shall be positioned and installed to assure compatibility with the inductive loops to provide electrical signals for vehicle classification.

<u>907-687.03.2--Conflicts.</u> Conflicts between any piece of equipment, which if installed as shown in relation to any previously installed equipment that may impair the proper operation of that equipment, shall be resolved by the Contractor as approved by the Engineer.

<u>907-687.03.3--Conduit Runs.</u> The number of conductors, conduits and fittings necessary to produce an operative system as specified herein shall be provided. All joints, connections, etc. shall be completely water and moisture tight. Shielded transmission cable and wire leads shall be installed in conduit from paved shoulders to pull boxes.

<u>907-687.03.4--Slots in Pavement.</u> All slots required in pavement and paved shoulders shall be saw cut with diamond blade power saw. Edges shall be straight, smooth and true. Depth shall be uniform.

<u>907-687.03.4.2--Cable Slots.</u> Slots for cable shall be 3/8-inch width ( $\pm 1/16$ ") and  $2\frac{1}{4}$ -inch depth. To ensure that the slots are full depth, all turns and overlay cuts shall not exceed 45 degrees. There shall be no jagged edges or protrusions which may damage cable. Cable leads from each sensor shall be run in individual saw cut slots at a minimum spacing of 12 inches.

<u>907-687.03.4.3--Sensors Slots.</u> Slots for sensors shall be of the width and depth specified by the sensor manufacturer. Cavity of sensor slots may be made with chisel between saw cut sides, but the bottom shall be smooth and level without protrusions. In overlays of four inches (4") or less, the slot shall extend to the top of the course below the overlay. Before placing sensor, the slot shall be cleaned with compressed air.

<u>907-687.03.5--Loop Assemblies.</u> Inductive loop assemblies shall meet the requirements of Section 635 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>907-687.03.6--Inspection.</u> Pavement slots shall be inspected at time of sensor and cable installation. Surfaces shall be clean and dry, free of all dust, grit, moisture and other contaminants that might affect sealant or cement bond.

<u>907-687.03.6.1--Sensor Check.</u> Prior to final installation, sensor assembly shall be placed in position in slot and inspected for compliance with manufacturer's requirements as to clearance, surface alignment, etc. Sensor output shall be checked using an oscilloscope or other test equipment recommended by the sensor manufacturer.

<u>907-687.03.6.2--Cable Inspection.</u> The cable shall not have any cuts, nicks, abrasions or breaks in the insulation at the time of filling slot with sealant. Any sensor having defects in the shielded transmission cable shall be replaced.

<u>907-687.03.6.3--Loop Inspection.</u> The loop wire shall not have any cuts, nicks, abrasions or breaks in the insulation before or after installation in the slot. Loop inductance shall be 124 microhenries.

<u>907-687.03.7--Sensor Installation.</u> Approved epoxy cement shall completely fill the cavity spaces and surround all four sides of the sensor assembly. All excess encapsulant shall be removed from pavement surface and sensor to conduit to prevent damage during installation. Sensor installation shall be protected from traffic until epoxy cement is sufficiently cured.

**<u>907-687.03.8--Sleeves.</u>** Flexible sleeve or other protection shall be provided for shielded cable at sensor ends to prevent damage. The Contractor shall take care to insure that the sleeve is not filled with epoxy cement. In addition, the Contractor shall provide flexible sleeve, approximately 12 inches long, at pavement construction joints including joints between lanes and between pavement and paved shoulder.

**<u>907-687.03.9--Cable and Wire Installation.</u>** The cable or lead wires shall be placed in the bottom of the slot so that there are no kinks, curls, straining or stretching of the insulation. The two loop lead wires shall be twisted two to five turns per foot before placement in the slot. Special care shall be taken in seating the cable and wire so that the insulation will not be broken or abraded. No sharp tools such as screwdriver or metal object shall be used for this operation.

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<u>907-687.03.9.1--Conditions.</u> The Contractor shall install the sealant in strict adherence to the manufacturer's recommendation and these specifications. No sealant shall be installed during inclement weather or under any condition which might introduce moisture into the pavement slots.

<u>907-687.03.9.2--Sealant</u>. The viscosity of the sealant shall be such that it can be readily placed in the slot, completely surround the wires, displace all air and fill the slot so that the sealant is flush with the roadway surface. The finished installation shall be waterproof and present a neat workmanlike appearance. Minimum required clearance shall be maintained to cable and wire.

907-687.03.9.3--Protection. The sealant shall be sufficiently hardened before opening to traffic.

<u>907-687.03.10--Cleaning.</u> All excess encapsulate and sealant shall be removed from pavement surface, inductive loop, and sensor after installation. A hand grinder shall be used, if necessary, to smooth out rough or high areas that might affect sensor operation.

<u>907-687.03.11--Tags.</u> Each shielded transmission cable and pair of lead wires shall be uniquely identified by an insulated, waterproof tag in every pull box.

<u>907-687.03.12--Trenching and Backfilling.</u> All trenching shall be done by mechanical means and all sides shall be straight and vertical. Width of trenches shall not exceed eight (8) inches on either side of placed conduits. All backfill shall be made with a friable material, which has been approved by the Engineer. Material shall be placed in compacted lifts as approved by the Engineer. The site, including shoulders and grassing, shall be returned to its original condition.

<u>907-687.03.13--Jacking or Boring.</u> Approved jacking or boring methods shall be used where a conduit must be placed under an existing roadway. Jacking/boring pits shall be kept a minimum of five (5) feet from the edge of shoulder, and care shall be taken not to disturb existing pavement. Excessive use of water or other methods which could undermine pavements shall not be permitted. The jacking/boring site must be returned to its undisturbed state upon completion of the operation. Only experienced labor shall be used for jacking/boring work. Conduit shall be not less than 36 inches below pavement surface.

<u>907-687.03.14--Pull Boxes.</u> The location of the pull boxes must be approved by the Project Engineer. Pull boxes shall be set on 12-inch minimum thickness washed gravel. Holes for drainage shall be provided in bottom of pull box. Conduit entering pull box shall be located so as to leave the major portion of the box clear.

<u>907-687.03.15--Conduit.</u> Conduit shall be laid to a depth of not less than 36 inches below the finished grade, except at conduit ends. All conduits shall be run at least 10 feet outside shoulder unless otherwise approved. One size of conduit shall be used for each run; no reducing couplings will be permitted.

<u>907-687.03.16--Conductor Installation</u>. Before placing shielded cable or wire leads in conduit, the conduit shall be cleaned with compressed air and rigid metal conduit shall be cleaned with a mandrel. Only approved lubricants which will not injure conductor insulation while pulling cables shall be used.

Loop splices shall be made in pull boxes only, soldered, and sealed in an inline resin splice kit. An insulation equal in rating and thickness to the conductor insulation shall be provided.

<u>907-687.03.17--System Acceptance.</u> The Contractor shall be required to demonstrate to the Engineer the satisfactory operation of each device installed on this project.

<u>907-687.03.18--Material Warranty.</u> The following warranty stipulations are in addition to those covered by Subsection 106.01 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>907-687.03.18.1--Site Inspection.</u> After meeting the consecutive polling requirement, a site inspection may be made upon completion of an individual site but must be made before the final inspection of the project.

The Contractor, with MDOT's representatives present to verify that the site is working properly, shall test all Traffic Recorder Classification Systems.

Sensors, loops and related components at all sites shall be operational at the final inspection of the project.

<u>907-687.03.18.1.1--Consecutive Polling.</u> All Traffic Recorder Classification Permanent Systems shall have polled without any problems for at least 10 consecutive days and data for each day must pass quality control and quality assurance checks prior to the site inspection.

<u>907-687.03.18.1.2--Data Collection.</u> The Contractor shall provide 48 hours of data (IMG files) to the Planning Division for all Traffic Recorder Classification Short Term Permanent Systems prior to the site inspection.

<u>907-687.03.18.2--Guarantee.</u> At each location, the Contractor shall warrant and guarantee all sensors, loops and related components for a period of 12 months, beginning at the date of release from maintenance, or partial release from maintenance, of the project.

<u>907-687.03.18.3--Responsibility.</u> It is the intent of the preceding paragraph to provide for equipment that performs as intended by the manufacturer. It is the further intent to obtain from the Contractor a level of workmanship that will assure the Department of an operation system devoid of Contractor laxities. Failure to perform as indicated shall require the Contractor to replace in kind or repair, at the Contractor's option, the equipment or workmanship in question.

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<u>907-687.03.18.4--Repairs.</u> The Department shall report any failures and outages to the Contractor. The Contractor will be required to make the necessary repairs within 10 business days of the report. The Contractor shall not be responsible for outages occurring during the 12-month warranty period due to vandalism, traffic accidents, or any problems not related to materials or workmanship. The Contractor will be required to make the necessary repairs for such outages and a reasonable cost for such repair(s) will be borne by the Department.

<u>907-687.03.18.5--Manufacturer's Guarantees.</u> All manufacturer's standard warranties or guarantees for all electrical and mechanical equipment which are provided as customary trade practice shall be made out to the Department and shall begin simultaneously with the commencement of the 12-month warranty period.

<u>907-687.03.18.6--Guarantee of Repairs.</u> This warrantee and guarantee on the fixed or replaced items shall be identical in scope to the warrantee and guarantee in Subsections 907-687.03.18.1 through 907-687.03.18.5.

<u>907-687.04--Method of Measurement.</u> Traffic Recorder Classification system of the type specified, complete in place and accepted, will be measured per each location.

<u>907-687.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Traffic Recorder Classification system, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, testing and guaranteeing all equipment, and for all materials, labor, equipment, operation, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

907-687-A:	Traffic Recorder Classification Permanent System, <u>*</u>		- per each
907-687-B:	Traffic Recorder Classification Short Term Permanent System,	*	- per each

\* Site No. or Location may be specified

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-699-4

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 02/15/2012

### **SUBJECT:** Construction Stakes

Section 699, Construction Stakes, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

<u>907-699.01--Description</u>. After the first paragraph of Subsection 699.01 on page 585, add the following:

This work may be performed utilizing Automated Machine Guidance technologies and systems in accordance with the standard specifications and contract documents. Automated Machine Guidance (AMG) is defined as the utilization of positioning technologies such as Global Positioning Systems (GPS), Robotic Total Stations, lasers, and sonic systems to automatically guide and adjust construction equipment according to the intended design requirements. The Contractor may use any type of AMG system(s) that result in compliance with the contract documents and applicable Standard Specifications.

Automated Machine Guidance (AMG) is not a mandatory requirement. Automated Machine Guidance (AMG), conventional staking, or a combination of both may be used at the Contractor's option for staking on this project.

<u>907-699.02--Materials.</u> After the last sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 699.02 on page 585, add the following.

All equipment required to accomplish automated machine guidance shall be provided by the Contractor. The Contractor may use any type of AMG equipment that achieves compliance with the contract documents and applicable Standard Specifications.

<u>907-699.03--Construction Requirements.</u> Delete the first sentence of Subsection 699.03 on page 585 and substitute the following:

The Department will establish, one time only, secondary control points with elevations at distances not to exceed 1500 feet or that minimum distance necessary to maintain inter-visibility.

Delete the third sentence of the fourth paragraph of Subsection 699.03 on page 587, and substitute the following.

The duties performed by said Registrant shall conform to the definitions under the "practice of engineering" and practice of "land surveying" in Mississippi Law and the latest edition of the MDOT Survey Manual. The MDOT Survey Manual can be obtained online at the following address.

http://www.gomdot.com/Divisions/Highways/Resources.aspx?Div=RoadwayDesign.

After the last paragraph of Subsection 699.03 on page 587, add the following.

## 907-699.03.1--Automated Machine Guidance.

<u>907-699.03.1.1--Automated Machine Guidance Work Plan</u>. The Contractor shall submit a comprehensive written Automated Machine Guidance Work Plan to the Engineer for review at least 30 days prior to use. The submittal of a AMG Work Plan shall be an indication of the Contractor's intention to utilize AMG instead of conventional methods on the project areas and elements stated in the Work Plan. The Engineer shall review the Automated Machine Guidance Work Plan to ensure that the requirements of this special provision are addressed. The Contractor shall assume total responsibility for the performance of the system utilized in the Work Plan. Any update or alteration of the Automated Machine Guidance Work Plan. Any update or alteration of the Automated Machine Guidance with requirements of this special provision of conformance with requirements of this special provision.

The Automated Machine Guidance Work Plan shall describe how the automated machine guidance technology will be integrated into other technologies employed on the project. This shall include, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. A description of the manufacturer, model, and software version of the AMG equipment.
- 2. Information on the Contractor's experience in the use of Automated Machine Guidance system (or Related Technologies) to be used on the project, including formal training and field experience of project staff.
- 3. A single onsite staff person as the primary contact, and up to one alternate contact person for Automated Machine Guidance technology issues.
- 4. A definition of the project boundaries and scope of work to be accomplished with the AMG system.
- 5. A description of how the project proposed secondary control(s) is to be established. It shall also include a list and map detailing control points enveloping the site.
- 6. A description of site calibration procedures including, but not limited to, equipment calibration and the frequency of calibration as well as how the equipment calibration and information will be documented to MDOT and the Project Engineer. The documentation shall contain a complete record of when and where the tests were performed and the status of each equipment item tested within or out of the ranges of required tolerances.
- 7. A description of the Contractor's quality control procedures for checking mechanical calibration and maintenance of equipment. It shall also include the frequency and type of checks to be performed.
- 8. A description of the method and frequency of field verification checks and the submission schedule of results to the Project Engineer.
- 9. A description of the Contractor's contingency plan in the event of failure/outage of the AMG system.
- 10. A schedule of Digital Terrain Models (DTM) intended for use on the project. This shall be submitted to the Engineer for review, feedback, and communication.

The Contractor and MDOT will agree on the quantity and schedule of Contractor-provided training on the utilized AMG system required under Subsection 907-699.03.1.3.

<u>907-699.03.1.2--State's Responsibilities</u>. The District Surveyor will set the primary horizontal **238** 

and vertical control points in the field for the project as per latest edition of the MDOT Survey Manual. The control points shall be in Mississippi State Plane coordinate system.

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MDOT will provide an electronic alignment file and primary control file for the project. This file will be based on the appropriate Mississippi State Plane Coordinate Zone either West or East. These files will be created with the computer software applications MicroStation (CADD software) and GEOPAK (civil engineering software). The data files will be provided in the native formats. The Contractor shall perform necessary conversion of the files for their selected grade control equipment, field verify the data for accuracy, and immediately report any errors to MDOT.

MDOT will provide design data, if available, in an electronic format to the Contractor. These files will be created with the computer software applications MicroStation (CADD software) and GEOPAK (civil engineering software). The data files will be provided in the native formats as specified in the Data Format section of this specification. No guarantee is made to the data accuracy or completeness, or that the data systems used by MDOT will be directly compatible with the systems used by the Contractor. Information shown on the paper plans marked with the seal (official plans as advertised) shall govern.

The Engineer will perform spot checks as necessary of the Contractor's machine control grading results, surveying calculations, records, field procedures, and actual staking. If the Engineer determines that the work is not being performed in accordance with the Specifications, the Engineer shall order the Contractor to re-construct the work to the requirements of the contract documents at no additional cost to the Department.

<u>907-699.03.1.3--Contractor's Responsibilities</u> The Contractor shall provide formal training, if requested, on the use of the Automated Machine Guidance Equipment and the Contractor's systems to MDOT project personnel prior to the start of construction activities utilizing AMG. This training is for providing MDOT project personnel with an understanding of the equipment, software, and electronic data being used by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the alignment and control data provided by MDOT.

The Contractor shall bear all costs, including but not limited to the cost of actual reconstruction work that may be incurred due to errors in application of Automated Machine Guidance techniques or manipulation of MDOT design data in Digital Terrain Models (DTM).

The Contractor shall be responsible for converting the information on the plans and/or electronic data file provided by MDOT into a format compatible with the Contractor's AMG system.

The Contractor shall establish secondary control points at locations along the length of the project and outside the project limits and/or where work is performed beyond the project limits as required by the Automated Machine Guidance system utilized. The Contractor shall establish this secondary control using survey procedures as outlined in the latest edition of the MDOT Survey Manual. A copy of all new control point information shall be provided to the Engineer prior to construction activities. The Contractor shall be responsible for all errors resulting from their efforts and shall correct deficiencies to the satisfaction of the Engineer and at no additional cost to the State.

The Contractor shall preserve all reference points and monuments that are established by the District Surveyor outside the construction limits. If the Contractor fails to preserve these items, they shall be re-established by the Contractor to their original quality at no additional cost to the State.

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The Contractor shall set grade stakes at the top of the finished sub-grade and base course at all hinge points on the typical sections at 2000-foot maximum intervals on mainline, critical points such as, but not limited to, PC's, PT's, beginning and ending super elevation transition sections, middle of the curve, and at least two locations on each of the side roads and ramps, and at the beginning and end of each cross slope transition where Automated Machine Guidance is used. These grade stakes shall be established using conventional survey methods for use by the Engineer to check the accuracy of the construction.

The Contractor shall meet the same accuracy requirements as detailed in the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. Grade stakes shall be established as per Section 699 of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction for use by the Engineer to check the accuracy of the construction.

The Contractor shall be responsible for implementing the AMG system using the Mississippi State Plane Coordinate System. <u>No localization methods will be accepted</u>.

<u>907-699.03.1.4--Data Format</u>. It is the Contractor's responsibility to produce the Digital Terrain Model(s) and/or 3D line work needed for Automated Machine Guidance. MDOT does not produce this data in its design process. MDOT does provide CADD files created in the design process to the Contractor. The CADD files provided by MDOT are provided in the native software application formats in which they are created with no conversions, and their use in developing 3D data for machine guidance is at the discretion of the Contractor. The CADD files that may be available are listed below. Cross-Sections are one of the items provided but are not necessarily created at critical design locations. Therefore their use in Digital Terrain Models (DTM) for AMG is limited.

- 1. Project Control Microstation DGN file and ASCII file
- 2. Existing Topographic Data Microstation DGN file(s)
- 3. Preliminary Surveyed Ground Surface GeoPak TIN, if available
- 4. Horizontal and Vertical alignment information GeoPak GPK file and/or Microstation DGN file(s)
- 5. 2D Design line work (edge of pavement, shoulder, etc.) Microstation DGN file(s)
- 6. Cross sections Microstation DGN file(s), GeoPak format
- 7. Superelevation Microstation DGN file(s), GeoPak format
- 8. Form Grades Microstation DGN file(s)
- 9. Design Drainage Microstation DGN file(s)

It is expressly understood and agreed that MDOT assumes no responsibility in respect to the sufficiency or accuracy of these CADD files. These files are provided for convenience only and the contract plans are the legal document for constructing the project.

907-699.05--Basis of Payment. Add the "907" prefix to the pay items listed on page 588.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-701-4

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 11/09/2010

### **SUBJECT:** Hydraulic Cement

Section 701, Hydraulic Cement, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

Delete Subsection 701.01 on pages 595 & 596, and substitute the following:

<u>907-701.01--General</u>. The following requirements shall be applicable to hydraulic cement:

Only hydraulic cements conforming to Section 701 shall be used. Hydraulic cements shall not be listed or designated as meeting more than one AASHTO or Department type.

Different brands of hydraulic cement, or the same brand of hydraulic cement from different mills, shall not be mixed or used alternately in any one class of construction or structure, without written permission from the Engineer; except that this requirement will not be applicable to hydraulic cement treatment of design soils, or bases.

The Contractor shall provide suitable means for storing and protecting the hydraulic cement against dampness. Hydraulic cement, which for any reason, has become partially set or which contains lumps of caked hydraulic cement will be rejected. Hydraulic cement salvaged from discarded or used bags shall not be used.

The temperature of bulk hydraulic cement shall not be greater than 165°F at the time of incorporation in the mix.

Acceptance of hydraulic cement will be based on the certification program as described in the Department's Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual and job control sampling and testing as established by Department SOP.

Retests of hydraulic cement may be made for soundness and expansion within 28 days of test failure and, if the hydraulic cement passes, it may be accepted. Hydraulic cement shall not be rejected due to failure to meet the fineness requirements if upon retests after drying at 212°F for one hour, it meets such requirements.

Delete Subsection 701.02 on page 596, and substitute the following:

### 907-701.02--Portland Cement.

### <u>907-701.02.1--General.</u>

<u>907-701.02.1.1--Types of Portland Cement.</u> Portland cement (cement) shall be either Type I or Type II conforming to AASHTO Designation: M85 or Type I(MS), as defined by the description below Table 1. Type III cement conforming to AASHTO Designation: M85 or Type III(MS), as defined by the description below Table 1, may be used for the production of precast or precast-prestressed concrete members.

<u>907-701.02.1.2--Alkali Content</u>. All cement types in this Subsection shall meet the Equivalent alkali content requirement for low-alkali cements listed in AASHTO Designation: M85, Table 2.

<u>907-701.02.2--Replacement by Other Cementitious Materials</u>. The maximum replacement of cement by weight is 25% for fly ash or 50% for ground granulated blast furnace slag (GGBFS). The minimum tolerance for replacement shall be 5% below the maximum replacement content. Replacement contents below this minimum tolerance by fly ash or GGBFS may be used, but shall not be given any special considerations, like the maximum acceptance temperature for Portland cement concrete containing pozzolans. Special considerations shall only apply for replacement of cement by fly ash or GGBFS.

<u>907-701.02.2.1--Portland Cement Concrete Exposed to Soluble Sulfate Conditions or</u> <u>Seawater.</u> When Portland cement concrete is exposed to moderate or severe soluble sulfate conditions, or to seawater, cement types and replacement of cement by Class F fly ash, GGBFS, or silica fume shall be as follows in Table 1.

Sulfate Exposure	Water-soluble sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> ) in soil, % by mass	Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )in water, ppm	Cementitious material required*
Moderate and Seawater	0.10 - 0.20	150 - 1,500	Type II **, ***, **** cement, or Type I cement with one of the following replacements of cement by weight: 25% Class F fly ash, 50% GGBFS, or 8% silica fume
Severe	0.20 - 2.00	1,500 - 10,000	Type I cement with a replacement by weight of 50% GGBFS, or Type II ** cement with one of the following replacements of cement by weight: 25% Class F fly ash, 50% GGBFS, or 8% silica fume

# Table 1- Cementitious Materials for Soluble Sulfate Conditions

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- \*\* Type I cement conforming to AASHTO Designation: M85 with a maximum 8% tricalcium aluminate ( $C_3A$ ) may be used in lieu of Type II cement; this cement is given the designation "Type I(MS)". Type III cement conforming to AASHTO Designation: M85 with a maximum 8% tricalcium aluminate ( $C_3A$ ) may be used in lieu of Type II cement as allowed in Subsection 907-701.02.1; this cement is given the designation "Type III(MS)".
- \*\*\* Blended cement meeting the sulfate resistance requirements of Subsection 907-701.04 may be used in lieu of Type II as allowed in Subsection 907-701.04. No additional cementitious materials shall be added to or as a replacement for blended cement.
- \*\*\*\* Class F fly ash or GGBFS may be added as a replacement for cement as allowed in Subsection 907-701.02.2.

Class C fly ash shall not be used as a replacement for cement in any of the sulfate exposure conditions listed above.

**907-701.02.2.2--Cement for Soil Stabilization Exposed to Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater.** When Portland cement for use in soil stabilization is exposed to moderate or severe soluble sulfate conditions, or to seawater, cement types and replacement of cement by Class F fly ash or GGBFS shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-701.02.2.1. Neither metakaolin nor silica fume shall be used to bring the cementitious materials into compliance with the requirements of Table 1.

Delete Subsection 701.03 on page 596, and substitute the following:

<u>**907-701.03--Masonry Cement**</u>. Masonry cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 91 and shall only be used in masonry applications.

Delete Subsection 701.04 on page 596, and substitute the following:

### 907-701.04--Blended Hydraulic Cement.

#### 907-701.04.1--General.

<u>**907-701.04.1.1--Types of Blended Cement.</u>** Blended hydraulic cements (blended cements) shall be of the following types and conform to AASHTO Designation: M 240:</u>

Type I(SM)–Slag-modified Portland cementType IS–Portland blast-furnace slag cementType I(PM)–Pozzolan-modified Portland cementType IP–Portland-pozzolan cement

Blended cement for use in Portland cement concrete or soil stabilization exposed to the moderate soluble sulfate condition or exposure to seawater as defined in Table 1 shall meet the Sulfate resistance requirement listed in AASHTO Designation: M 240, Table 2 and the "(MS)" suffix shall be added to the type designation.

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<u>907-701.04.1.2--Alkali Content.</u> All blended cement types in this Subsection shall meet the Mortar expansion requirements listed in AASHTO Designation: M 240, Table 2.

<u>907-701.04.2--Replacement by Other Cementitious Materials</u>. No additional cementitious materials, such as Portland cement, performance hydraulic cement, fly ash, GGBFS, metakaolin, or others, shall be added to or as a replacement for blended cement.

<u>907-701.04.3--Exposure to Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater.</u> When Portland cement concrete or blended cement for soil stabilization is exposed to moderate soluble sulfate conditions or to seawater, where the moderate soluble sulfate condition is defined in Table 1, the blended cement shall meet the sulfate resistance requirement listed in AASHTO Designation: M 240, Table 2.

When Portland cement concrete or blended cement for soil stabilization is exposed to severe soluble sulfate conditions, where the severe soluble sulfate condition is defined in Table 1, blended cements shall not be used.

### SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-703-9

DATE: 12/12/2011

### **SUBJECT:** Aggregates

After the last paragraph on page 3, add the following:

<u>**907-703.20.3--Gradation</u>**. Delete the table and notes in Subsection 703.20.3 at the top of page 626, and substitute the following</u>

	Shell		Coarse		Medium	Fine
Square Mesh		Size I	Size II	Size III		
Sieves			Note (1)	Note (3)		
3 inch				100		
2 1/2 inch	90-100			90-100		
2 inch		100				
1 1/2 inch		90-100	100	25-60		
1 inch		80-100	97-100			
3/4 inch		55-100	55-100	0-10		
1/2 inch		35-85	35-85	0-5	100	
3/8 inch		12-65	12-65		97-100	
No. 4, Note (2)		0-30	0-30		92-100	
No. 10		0-8	0-8		80-100	100
No. 40					10-40	80-100
No. 60					0-20	30-100
No. 100						15-80
No. 200	0-5	0-4	0-4		0-5	0-30
PI Material Passing No. 40					6 or less	0

## PERCENT PASSING BY WEIGHT

Note (1): Size II is intended for use in bases in which portland cement is used.

Note (2): Ground shell shall contain at least 97% passing the No. 4 sieve.

Note (3): Size III is intended for use in stabilized construction entrances.

## SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-703-9

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 11/09/2010

### **SUBJECT:** Aggregates

Section 703, Aggregates, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-703.03.2.4--Gradation</u>. Delete the last sentence of the last paragraph of Subsection 703.03.2.4 on page 611.

### 907-703.04--Aggregate for Crushed Stone Courses.

<u>907-703.04.1--Coarse Aggregate.</u> Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 703.04.1 on page 611, and substitute the following:

Coarse aggregate, defined as material retained on No. 8 sieve, shall be either crushed stone, slag, granite, shell, concrete, or combination thereof.

<u>907-703.04.2--Fine Aggregate.</u> Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 703..04.2 on page 612, and substitute the following:

Fine aggregate, defined as material passing no. 8 sieve, shall be material resulting from the crushing of stone, slag, concrete, or combination thereof.

<u>907-703.04.3--Gradation.</u> Add the following to the "TABLE OF SIZES AND GRADATION OF CRUSHED STONE AGGREGATE" in Subsection 703.04.3 on page 613.

	Percent Passing By Weight			
Sieve Size	Size No. 825	Crushed Stone		
2 inch	100			
1 1/2 inch	90 - 100	100		
1 inch	75 - 98	90 - 100		
3/4 inch				
1/2 inch	60 - 85	62 - 90		
3/8 inch				
No. 4	40 - 65	30 - 65		
No. 8	28 - 54			
No. 10		15 - 40		
No. 16	19 - 42			
No. 40				
No. 50	9 - 27			
No. 200	4 - 18	3 - 16		

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After the "TABLE OF SIZES AND GRADATION OF CRUSHED STONE AGGREGATE" in Subsection 703.04.3 on page 613, add the following:

<u>907-703.04.4--Crushed Concrete.</u> Crushed reclaimed concrete shall also be allowed as a crushed aggregate course provided it meets the requirements of Subsection 703.04 and the following.

Crushed Concrete			
Sieve Size	Percent Passing By Weight		
2 inch			
1 1/2 inch	100		
1 inch	90 - 100		
3/4 inch			
1/2 inch	60 - 85		
3/8 inch			
No. 4	40 - 65		
No. 8	28 - 54		
No. 10			
No. 16	19 - 42		
No. 40			
No. 50	9 - 27		
No. 200	2 - 18		

907-703.06--Aggregates for Hot Mix Asphalt.

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<u>907-703.06.1.2--Fine Aggregates</u>. Delete the last sentence of Subsection 703.06.1.2 on page 614.

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## **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-710-1**

CODE: (SP)

### DATE: 06/24/10

### SUBJECT: Fast Dry Solvent Traffic Paint

Section 710, Paint, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is amended as follows:

After Subsection 710.05 on Page 661, add the following:

<u>907-710.06--Fast Dry Solvent Traffic Paint.</u> Fast dry solvent traffic paints intended for use under this specification shall include products that are single packaged and ready mixed. Upon curing, these materials shall produce an adherent, reflective pavement marking capable of resisting deformation by traffic. The manufacturer shall have the option of formulating the material according to their own specifications. However, the requirements delineated in this specification, Section 619 and Section 710 shall apply regardless of the formulation used. The material shall be free from all skins, dirt and foreign objects.

### 907-710.06.1--Composition.

<u>907-710.06.1.1--Percent Pigment.</u> The percent pigment by weight shall be not less than 51% nor more than 58% when tested in accordance with ASTM D 3723.

<u>907-710.06.1.2--Viscosity.</u> The consistency of the paint shall be not less than 75 nor more than 95 Krebs Units (KU) when tested in accordance with ASTM D 562.

<u>907-710.06.1.3--Weight per Gallon</u>. The paint shall weigh a minimum 11.8 pounds per gallon and the weight of the production batches shall not vary more than +/- 0.5 pounds per gallon from the weight of the qualification samples when tested in accordance with ASTM D 1475.

<u>907-710.06.1.4--Total Solids.</u> The percent of total solids shall not be less than 70% by weight when tested in accordance with ASTM D 2369.

<u>907-710.06.1.5--Dry Time (No pick-up).</u> The paint shall dry to a no tracking condition in a maximum of 10 minutes.

<u>907-710.06.1.6--Volatile Organic Content.</u> The volatile organic content (VOC) shall contain a maximum of 1.25 pounds of volatile organic matter per gallon of total non-volatile paint material when tested in accordance with ASTM D 3960.

<u>907-710.06.1.7--Bleeding.</u> The paint shall have a minimum bleeding ratio of 0.95 when tested in accordance with Federal Specification TT-P-115D.

<u>907-710.06.1.8--Color.</u> The initial daytime chromaticity for yellow materials shall fall within the box created by the following coordinates:

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	Initial Daytine Chromatienty Coordinates (Corner Fonts)					
_		1	2	3	4	
	X	0.53	0.51	0.455	0.472	
	у	0.456	0.485	0.444	0.4	

### **Initial Daytime Chromaticity Coordinates (Corner Points)**

The initial daytime chromaticity of white materials shall fall within the box created by the following coordinates:

	1	2	3	4
X	0.355	0.305	0.285	0.355
у	0.355	0.305	0.325	0.375

### **Initial Daytime Chromaticity Coordinates (Corner Points)**

<u>907-710.06.2--Environmental Requirements.</u> All yellow materials using lead chromate pigments shall meet the criteria of non-hazardous waste as defined by 40 CFR 261.24 when tested in accordance with EPA Test Method 1311, Toxicity Characteristics Leaching Procedures (TCLP). The striping and marking material, upon preparation and installation, shall not exude fumes which are toxic, or detrimental to persons or property. All material using lead free pigments shall NOT contain either lead or other Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCCA) materials in excess of the standard defined by EPA Method 3050 and 6010.

<u>907-710.06.3--Acceptance Procedures.</u> Acceptance of all fast dry solvent based traffics paint will be based on the Manufacturer's Certification and Certified Test Results. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with three copies of the manufacturer's certification stating that each lot of material in a shipment complies with the requirements of this contract. In addition, the Contractor shall provide Certified Test Reports for all tests required by this specification. The test results shall be representative of the material contained with the shipment.

# SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-711-4

CODE: (IS)

# DATE: 06/26/2009

### SUBJECT: Synthetic Structural Fiber Reinforcement

Section 711, Reinforcement and Wire Rope, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

After Subsection 711.03.4.3 on page 665, add the following:

<u>907-711.04--Synthetic Structural Fiber.</u> The synthetic structural fibers shall be approved for listing in the Department's "Approved Sources of Materials" prior to use. The synthetic structural fibers shall be added to the concrete and mixed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended methods.

<u>907-711.04.1--Material Properties.</u> The fibers shall meet the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 1116, Section 4.1.3. The fibers shall be made of polypropylene, polypropylene/polyethylene blend, nylon, or polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).

<u>907-711.04.2--Minimum Dosage Rate.</u> The dosage rate shall be such that the average residual strength ratio ( $R_{150,3.0}$ ) of fiber reinforced concrete beams is a minimum of 20.0 percent when the beams are tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1609. The dosage rate for fibers shall be determined by the following.

The fiber manufacturer shall have the fibers tested by an acceptable, independent laboratory acceptable to the Department and regularly inspected by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory of the National Institutes of Standards and Technology and approved to perform ASTM Designations: C 39, C 78, and C192.

The laboratory shall test the fibers following the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 1609 in a minimum of three (3) test specimens cast from the same batch of concrete, molded in 6 x 6 x 20-inch standard beam molds meeting the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 31. The beams shall be tested on an 18-inch span. The tests for  $R_{150,3.0}$  shall be performed when the average compressive strength of concrete used to cast the beams is between 3500 and 4500 psi. The tests for compressive strength shall follow the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 39. The average compressive strength shall be determined from a minimum of two (2) compressive strength cylinders.

The value for  $R_{150,3}$  shall be determined using the following equation:

$$R_{150,3.0} = \frac{f_{150,3.0}}{f_1} \times 100$$

The residual flexural strength  $(f_{150,3,0})$  shall be determined using the following equation:

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$$f_{150,3.0} = \frac{P_{150,3.0} \times L}{b \times d^2}$$

where:

 $f_{150,3,0}$  is the residual flexural strength at the midspan deflection of L/150, (psi),

 $P_{150,3.0}$  is the residual load capacity at the midspan deflection of L/150, (lbf),

L is the span, (in),

b is the width of the specimen at the fracture, (in), and

*d* is the depth of the specimen at the fracture, (in).

For a 6 x 6 x 20-inch beam, the  $P_{150,3.0}$  shall be measured at a midspan deflection of 0.12 inch.

Additionally,  $R_{150,3.0}$ ,  $f_{150,3.0}$ , and  $P_{150,3.0}$  may also be referred to as  $R_{150}^{150}$ ,  $f_{150}^{150}$ , and  $P_{150}^{150}$  respectively.

At the dosage rate required to achieve the minimum  $R_{150,3}$ , the mixture shall both be workable and the fibers shall not form clumps.

The manufacturer shall submit to the State Materials Engineer certified test reports from the independent laboratory showing the test results of each test specimen.

**<u>907-711.04.3--Job Control Requirements.</u>** The synthetic structural fibers shall be one from the Department's "Approved Sources of Materials."

At the required dosage rate, the mixture shall both be workable and the fibers shall not form clumps to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the mixture is determined by the Engineer to not be workable or have clumps of fibers, the mixture may be rejected.

# SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-713-2

# DATE: 04/04/2012

### **SUBJECT:** Admixtures for Concrete

After the last sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 907-713.02 on page 1, add the following.

Admixtures providing a specific performance characteristic(s) other than those of water reduction or set retardation shall meet the minimum requirements for Type S. For admixtures meeting the requirements for Type S, the manufacturer shall provide data to substantiate the specific performance characteristic(s) to the satisfaction of the State Materials Engineer.

# SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-713-2

CODE: (IS)

# DATE: 11/09/2010

# **SUBJECT:** Admixtures for Concrete

Section 713, Concrete Curing Materials and Admixtures, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

After the second paragraph of Subsection 713.01.2 on page 676, add the following.

Type 1-D compound may be used on bridge rails, median barriers, and other structures requiring a spray finish. When Type 1-D compound is used, it will be the Contractor's responsibility to assure that the compound has dissipated from the structure prior to applying the spray finish and that the spray finish adheres soundly to the structure.

Delete Subsection 713.02 on pages 676 & 677, and substitute the following:

<u>907-713.02--Admixtures for Concrete</u>. Air-entraining admixtures used in Portland cement concrete shall comply with AASHTO Designation: M 154. Set-retarding, accelerating, and/or water-reducing admixtures shall comply with AASHTO Designation: M 194. Water-reducing admixture shall meet the minimum requirements for Type A. Set-retarding admixtures shall meet the minimum requirements for Type D.

In order to obtain approval of an admixture, the State Materials Engineer shall have been furnished certified test reports, made by an acceptable independent laboratory regularly inspected by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory of the National Institutes of Standards and Technology, which show that the admixture meets all the requirements of the applicable AASHTO Standard Specification.

The Department reserves the right to sample, for check tests, any shipment or lot of admixture delivered to a project.

The Department reserves the right to require tests of the material to be furnished, using the specific cement and aggregates proposed for use on the project, as suggested in AASHTO Designation: M 154 and outlined in AASHTO Designation: M 194.

After an admixture has been approved, the Contractor shall submit to the State Materials Engineer, with each new lot of material shipped, a certification from the manufacturer in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 700.05.1 and stating the material is of the same composition as originally approved and has not been changed or altered in any way. The requirement in Subsection 700.05.1(b) is not required on the certification from the manufacturer.

Admixtures containing chlorides will not be permitted.

Failure to maintain compliance with any requirement of these specifications shall be cause for rejection of any previously approved source or brand of admixture.

Admixtures shall only be used in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended dosage range as set forth in the manufacturer's approval request correspondence. When an admixture is used in Portland cement concrete, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to produce satisfactory results.

<u>907-713.02.1--Source Approval.</u> In order to obtain approval of an admixture, the Producer/Suppliers shall submit to the State Materials Engineer the following for review: certified test reports, made by an acceptable independent laboratory regularly inspected by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory of the National Institutes of Standards and Technology, which show that the admixture meets all the requirements of the applicable AASHTO or Department Specification for the specific type and the dosage range for the specific type of admixture.

907-713.02.2--Specific Requirements. Admixtures containing chlorides will not be permitted.

<u>907-713.02.3--Acceptance.</u> The Department reserves the right to sample, for check tests, any shipment or lot of admixture delivered to a project.

The Department reserves the right to require tests of the material to be furnished, using the specific cement and aggregates proposed for use on the project, as suggested in AASHTO Designation: M 154 and outlined in AASHTO Designation: M 194.

Failure to maintain compliance with any requirement of these specifications shall be cause for rejection of any previously approved source or brand of admixture.

With each new lot of material shipped the Contractor shall submit to the State Materials Engineer, a notarized certification from the manufacturer showing that the material complies with the requirements of the applicable AASHTO or Department Specification.

When an admixture is used, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to produce satisfactory results.

# **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-714-3**

CODE: (SP)

### DATE: 04/19/2006

# **SUBJECT:** Stabilizing Fibers

Section 714, Miscellaneous Materials, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

Delete Subsection 714.07 on page 682 and substitute the following:

#### 907-714.07--Stabilizing Fibers.

<u>907-714.07.1--General.</u> Stabilizing fibers shall be used in Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) mixtures and other mixtures, as necessary, for draindown reduction. Fibers shall be added at a minimum dosage rate of 0.30 percent for both cellulose and mineral fibers by weight of total mix. The produced mixture containing the fibers shall exhibit a draindown of 0.30 percent or less when tested in accordance with Mississippi Test Method MT-82.

Either cellulose or mineral fibers may be used. A pelletized fiber comprised of either cellulose or mineral fiber may also be used.

907-714.07.2Cellulose Fibers.	Cellulose fibers shall conform to the following properties:

Property	Specification Requirement
Fiber Length	0.25 inch maximum
Sieve Analysis	
a. Alpine Air Jet Sieve Method	60 – 80 percent
(Passing No. 100 sieve)	
b. Mesh Screen Sieve Method	
(Passing No. 20 sieve)	75 – 95 percent
(Passing No. 40 sieve)	55 – 75 percent
(Passing No. 100 sieve)	20 - 40 percent
Ash Content	$18.0 \pm 5$ percent
РН	$7.5 \pm 1.0$
Oil Absorption	$5.0 \pm 1.0$
Moisture Content	5.0 percent maximum

Property	Specification Requirement		
Average Fiber Length	0.25 inch maximum		
Average Fiber Thickness	0.0002 inch maximum		
Shot Content (ASTM C612)			
(Passing the No. 60 sieve)	85 – 95 percent		
(Passing the No. 230 sieve)	60 – 80 percent		

<u>907-714.07.3--Mineral Fibers.</u> Mineral fibers shall conform to the following properties:

# 907-714.07.4--Pelletized Fibers.

Pelletized fibers shall conform to the properties provided in Subsection 907-714.07.2 or 907-714.07.3.

# SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-714-6

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 11/09/2010

# **SUBJECT:** Miscellaneous Materials

Section 714, Miscellaneous Materials, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-714.05--Fly Ash</u>. Delete Subsections 714.05.1 & 714.05.2 on pages 680 & 681, and substitute the following:

<u>907-714.05.1--General.</u> The fly ash source must be approved for listing in the Department's "Approved Sources of Materials" prior to use. The acceptance of fly ash shall be based on certified test reports, certification of shipment from the supplier, and tests performed on samples obtained after delivery in accordance with the Department's Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual and Department SOP.

Different classes of fly ash or different sources of the same class shall not be mixed or used in the construction of a structure or unit of a structure without written permission from the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide suitable means for storing and protecting the fly ash from dampness. Separate storage silos, bins, or containers shall be provided for fly ash. Fly ash which has become partially set or contains lumps of caked fly ash shall not be used.

The temperature of the bulk fly ash shall not be greater than 165°F at the time of incorporation into the work.

All classes of fly ash shall meet the supplementary option chemical requirement for available alkalies listed in AASHTO Designation: M 295, Table 2. Class F fly ash shall have a calcium oxide (CaO) content of less than 6.0%. Class C fly ash shall have a CaO content of greater than or equal to 6.0%.

The replacement of Portland cement with fly ash shall be in accordance with the applicable replacement content specified in Subsection 907-701.02.2.

In addition to these requirements, fly ash shall meet the following specific requirements for the intended use.

<u>907-714.05.2--Fly Ash for Use in Concrete</u>. When used with Portland cement in the production of concrete or grout, the fly ash shall meet the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M 295, Class C or F, with the following exception:

The loss on ignition shall not exceed 6.0 percent.

No additional cementitious materials, such as blended hydraulic cement, GGBFS, metakaolin, or others, shall be added to or as a replacement for Portland cement when used with fly ash.

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<u>**907-714.06--Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS)**</u>. Delete Subsection 714.06.1 on page 681, and substitute the following:

<u>907-714.06.1--General.</u> The GGBFS source must be approved for listing in the Department's "Approved Sources of Materials" prior to use. The acceptance of GGBFS shall be based on certified test reports, certification of shipment from the supplier, and tests performed on samples obtained after delivery in accordance with the Department's Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual and Department SOP.

The Contractor shall provide suitable means for storing and protecting the GGBFS against dampness and contamination. Separate storage silos, bins, or containers shall be provided for GGBFS. GGBFS which has become partially set, caked or contains lumps shall not be used.

The State Materials Engineer shall be notified in writing of the nature, amount and identity of any processing or other additions made to the GGBFS during production.

GGBFS from different mills shall not be mixed or used alternately in any one class of construction or structure without written permission from the Engineer; except that this requirement will not be applicable to cement treatment of design soils or bases.

No additional cementitious materials, such as blended hydraulic cement, fly ash, metakaolin, or others, shall be added to or as a replacement for Portland cement when used with GGBFS in the production of concrete. The replacement of Portland cement with GGBFS shall be in accordance with the applicable replacement content specified in Subsection 907-701.02.2.

Delete Subsection 714.07 on page 682, and substitute the following:

# 907-714.07--Additional Cementitious Materials.

# 907-714.07.1--Metakaolin.

<u>907-714.07.1.1--General.</u> Metakaolin shall only be used as a supplementary cementitious material in Portland cement concrete for compliance with the requirements for cementitious materials exposed to soluble sulfate conditions. Metakaolin from different sources shall not be mixed or used alternately in any one class of construction or structure without written permission from the Engineer. No additional cementitious materials, such as blended hydraulic cement, fly ash, GGBFS, or others, shall be added to or as a replacement for Portland cement when used with metakaolin in the production of concrete.

The State Materials Engineer shall be notified in writing of the nature, amount and identity of any processing, or other additions made to the metakaolin during production.

<u>907-714.07.1.2--Source Approval.</u> The approval of each metakaolin source shall be on a case by case basis as determined by the State Materials Engineer. In order to obtain approval of a metakaolin source, the Producer/Suppliers shall submit to the State Materials Engineer the

following for review: certified test reports, made by an acceptable, independent laboratory regularly inspected by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory of the National Institutes of Standards and Technology, which show that the metakaolin meets all the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M295, including the Effectiveness in contributing to sulfate resistance, Procedure A, listed in AASHTO Designation: M295, Table 4 for Supplementary Optional Physical Requirements, and other requirements listed herein.

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In order to demonstrate effectiveness in contributing to sulfate resistance, included in this test data shall be results of metakaolin from the proposed source tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1012. There shall be two sets of test specimens per the following:

- a. One set of test specimens shall be prepared using a Type I Portland cement meeting the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M85 and having a tricalcium aluminate  $(C_3A)$  content of more than 8.0%,
- b. One set of test specimens shall be prepared using a Type II Portland cement meeting the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M85.
- c. The proposed metakaolin shall be incorporated at the rate of 10% cement replacement in each set of test specimens and shall meet both of the acceptance criteria listed below for source approval.

The requirement for acceptance of the test sample using Type I Portland cement is an expansion of 0.10% or less at the end of six months. The requirement for acceptance of the test sample using Type II Portland cement is an expansion of 0.05% or less at the end of six months.

<u>907-714.07.1.3--Storage</u>. The Contractor shall provide suitable means for storing and protecting the metakaolin against dampness and contamination. Metakaolin which has become partially set, caked, or contains lumps shall not be used.

<u>907-714.07.1.4--Specific Requirements</u>. Metakaolin shall meet the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M 295, Class N with the following modifications:

- 1. The sum of  $SiO_2 + Al_2O_3 + Fe_2O_3$  shall be at least 85%. The Material Safety Data Sheet shall indicate that the amount of crystalline silica, as measured by National Institute of Occupation Safety and Health (NIOSH) 7500 method, after removal of the mica interference, is less than 1.0%.
- 2. The loss on ignition shall be less than 3.0%.
- 3. The available alkalies, as equivalent  $Na_2O$ , shall not exceed 1.0%.
- 4. The amount of material retained on a No. 325 mesh sieve shall not exceed 1.0%.
- 5. The strength activity index at seven (7) days shall be at least 85%.

<u>907-714.07.1.5--Acceptance.</u> With each new lot of material shipped the Contractor shall submit to the State Materials Engineer a certified test report from the manufacturer showing that the material meets the requirements AASHTO Designation: M295, Class N and the requirements of this Subsection.

The Department reserves the right to sample, for check tests, any shipment or lot of metakaolin delivered to a project.

#### 907-714.07.2--Silica Fume.

<u>907-714.07.2.1--General.</u> Silica fume shall only be used as a supplementary cementitious material in Portland cement concrete for compliance with the requirements for cementitious materials exposed to soluble sulfate conditions. Silica fume from different sources shall not be mixed or used alternately in any one class of construction or structure without written permission from the Engineer. No additional cementitious materials, such as blended hydraulic cement, performance hydraulic cement, fly ash, GGBFS, or others, shall be added to or as a replacement for Portland cement when used with silica fume in the production of concrete.

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The State Materials Engineer shall be notified in writing of the nature, amount and identity of any processing, or other additions made to the silica fume during production.

<u>907-714.07.2.2--Source Approval.</u> The approval of each silica fume source shall be on a case by case basis as determined by the State Materials Engineer. In order to obtain approval of a silica fume source, the Producer/Suppliers shall submit to the State Materials Engineer the following for review: certified test reports, made by an acceptable, independent laboratory regularly inspected by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory of the National Institutes of Standards and Technology, which show that the silica fume meets all the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M307, Table 3, including the Sulfate resistance expansion, listed in the table for Optional Physical Requirements, and other requirements listed herein.

In order to demonstrate effectiveness in contributing to sulfate resistance, included in this test data shall be results of silica fume from the proposed source tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1012. There shall be two sets of test specimens per the following:

- a. One set of test specimens shall be prepared using a Type I Portland cement meeting the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M85 and having a tricalcium aluminate ( $C_3A$ ) content of more than 8.0%,
- b. One set of test specimens shall be prepared using a Type II Portland cement meeting the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M85.
- c. The proposed silica fume shall be incorporated at the rate of 8% cement replacement in each set of test specimens and shall meet both of the acceptance criteria listed below for source approval.

The requirement for acceptance of the test sample using Type I Portland cement is an expansion of 0.10% or less at the end of six months. The requirement for acceptance of the test sample using Type II Portland cement is an expansion of 0.05% or less at the end of six months.

<u>907-714.07.2.3--Storage.</u> The Contractor shall provide suitable means for storing and protecting the silica fume against dampness and contamination. Silica fume which has become partially set, caked, or contains lumps shall not be used.

<u>907-714.07.2.4--Acceptance.</u> With each new lot of material shipped, the Contractor shall submit to the State Materials Engineer a certified test report from the manufacturer showing that the material meets the Chemical and Physical Requirements of AASHTO Designation: M307.

The Department reserves the right to sample, for check tests, any shipment or lot of silica fume

delivered to a project.

Delete Subsection 714.11.6 on pages 690 and 691, and substitute the following:

# 907-714.11.6--Rapid Setting Cementitious Patching Compounds for Concrete Repair.

Rapid setting concrete patching compounds must be approved for listing in the Department's "Approved Sources of Materials" prior to use. Upon approval, a product must be recertified every four (4) years to remain on the "Approved Sources of Materials" list. Each product shall be pre-measured and packaged dry by the manufacturer. All liquid solutions included by the manufacturer as components of the packaged material shall be packaged in a watertight container. The manufacturer may include aggregates in the packaged material or recommend the addition of Contractor furnished aggregates.

The type, size and quantity of aggregates, if any, to be added at the job site shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and shall meet the requirements of Subsection 703.02 for fine aggregate and Subsection 703.03 for coarse aggregate. Required mixing water to be added at the job site shall meet the requirements of Subsection 714.01.2.

Only those bonding agents, if any, recommended by the manufacturer of the grout or patching compounds may be used for increasing the bond to old concrete or mortar surfaces.

Patching compounds containing soluble chlorides will not be permitted when in contact with steel.

Site preparation, proportioning of materials, mixing, placing and curing shall be performed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation for the specific type of application, and the Contractor shall furnish a copy of these recommendations to the Engineer.

Rapid setting cementitious concrete patching compounds, including components to be added at the job site, shall conform to the following physical requirements:

Non-shrink cementitious grouts shall not be permitted for use.

Compressive strength shall equal or exceed 3000 psi in 24 hours in accordance with ASTM C 928 for Type R2 concrete or mortar.

Bond strength shall equal or exceed 1000 psi in 24 hours in accordance with ASTM C 928 for Type R2 concrete or mortar.

The material shall have a maximum length change of  $\pm 0.15\%$  in accordance with ASTM C 928 for Type R2 concrete or mortar.

The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer three copies of the manufacturer's certified test report(s) showing results of all required tests and certification that the material meets the specifications when mixed and place in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. When the mixture is to be placed in contact with steel, the certification shall further state that the packaged material contains no chlorides. Certified test report(s) and certification shall be furnished for each lot in a shipment.

The proportioning of materials must be approved by the State Materials Engineer and any subsequent change in proportioning must also be approved. A sample of each component shall be submitted to the Engineer along with the quantity or percentage of each to be blended. At least 45 days must be allowed for initial approval.

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The proportioning of materials for subsequent lots may be approved by the State Materials Engineer upon receipt of certification from the manufacturer that the new lot of material is the same composition as that originally approved by the Department and that the material has not been changed or altered in any way.

# **<u>907-714.11.7--Commercial Grout for Anchoring Doweled Tie Bars in Concrete.</u> Before Subsection 714.11.7.1 on page 691, add the following:**

Approved Non-"Fast Set" Epoxy anchor systems as specified below may be used for the repair of concrete pavements that do not involve permanent sustained tension applications or overhead applications.

"*Fast Set Epoxy*" may not be used for any Adhesive Anchor Applications. Adhesive Anchor Systems (Fast Set epoxy or otherwise) shall not be used for permanent sustained tension applications or overhead applications. "Fast Set Epoxy" refers to an epoxy produced by the Sika Corporation called Sikadur AnchorFix-3 and repackaged for sale under a variety of names/companies listed at the Federal Highway Administration web site at the following link:

http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/Bridge/adhesives.cfm

<u>907-714.11.7.4--Acceptance Procedure</u>. After the last sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 714.11.4 on page 691, add the following:

Upon approval, a product must be recertified every four (4) years to remain on the "Approved Sources of Materials" list.

# 907-714.11.8--Epoxy Joint Repair System.

**<u>907-714.11.8.1--General.</u>** After the last sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 714.11.8.1 on page 692, add the following:

Upon approval, a product must be recertified every four (4) years to remain on the "Approved Sources of Materials" list.

# **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-720-1**

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 3/17/2008

# **SUBJECT:** Pavement Markings Materials

Section 720, Pavement Marking Materials, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

<u>907-720.02--Thermoplastic Pavement Markings</u>. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 720.02 on page 730 and substitute the following:

The thermoplastic material shall be lead free and conform to AASHTO Designation: M 249 except the glass beads shall be moisture resistant coated.

After the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 720.02 on page 730, add the following:

In addition, the certification for the thermoplastic material shall state that the material is lead free.

# SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-804-13

# DATE: 04/12/2012

# SUBJECT: Concrete Bridges And Structures

Delete the first sentence of Subsection 907-804.03.16.1 on page 9, and substitute the following.

At the option of the Contractor with the approval of the Engineer, when concrete is placed during cold weather and there is a probability of ambient temperatures lower that 40°F, an approved maturity meter may be used to determine concrete strengths by inserting probes into concrete placed in a structure.

# SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-804-13

CODE: (IS)

#### DATE: 11/09/2010

#### **SUBJECT: Concrete Bridges And Structures**

Section 804, Concrete Bridges And Structures, of the 2004 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

#### 907-804.02-- Materials.

907-804.02.1--General. Delete the third and fourth sentences of the first paragraph of Subsection 804.02.1 on page 846, and substitute the following:

For projects with 1000 cubic yards and more, quality control and acceptance shall be achieved through statistical evaluation of test results. For projects of more than 200 but less than 1000 cubic yards, quality control and acceptance shall be achieved by individual test results.

Add the following materials to the list of materials in Subsection 804.02.1 on page 847.

Blended Cement	
Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS)	
Silica Fume	

907-804.02.8--Laboratory Accreditation. In Table 1 of Subsection 804.02.8 on page 849, substitute AASHTO: R 39 - Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory for AASHTO: T 126 - Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory.

907-804.02.9--Testing Personnel. Delete Table 2 in this subsection and replace it with the following.

Concrete Technician's Tasks	Test Method Required	Certification Required**
Sampling or Testing of Plastic Concrete	AASHTO Designation:T 23, T 119, T 121, T 141, T 152, T 196, and ASTM Designation: C 1064	MDOT Class I certification
Compressive Strength Testing of Concrete Cylinders	AASHTO Designation: T 22 and T 231	MDOT Concrete Strength Testing Technician certification
Sampling of Aggregates	AASHTO Designation: T 2	Work under the supervision of an MDOT Class II certified technician

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Testing of Aggregates	AASHTO Designation: T 19, T 27, T 84, T 85, T 248, and T 255	MDOT Class II certification
Proportioning of Concrete Mixtures*	AASHTO Designation: M 157 and R 39	MDOT Class III
Interpretation and Application of Maturity Meter Readings	AASHTO Designation: T 325 and ASTM Designation: C 1074	MDOT Class III or Two hours maturity method training

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- \* Technicians making concrete test specimens for meeting the requirements of Subsection 804.02.10.1.2 shall be MDOT Class I certified and under the direct supervision of an MDOT Class III certified technician.
- \*\* MDOT Class I certification encompasses the same test procedures and specifications as ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician Grade I. MDOT Class II certification encompasses the same test procedures and specifications as ACI Aggregate Testing Technician Level 1. MDOT Concrete Strength Testing Technician encompasses the same test procedures and specifications as ACI Concrete Strength Testing certification.

For specifics about the requirements for each level of certification, please refer to the latest edition of the Department's *Concrete Field Manual*. Technicians holding current MDOT Class I, MDOT Class II and/or MDOT Class III certifications shall be acceptable until those certifications expire. Upon a current certification expiration, recertification with the certifications listed in Table 2 shall be required. Technicians currently performing either specific gravity testing of aggregates or compressive strength tests shall be required to either:

- have the required MDOT certification listed in Table 2, or
- have a current MDOT Class III certification or work under the direct supervision of current MDOT Class III technician, and have demonstrated the specific gravity and/or compressive strength test during the inspection of laboratory equipment by the Materials Division, Concrete Section.

<u>907-804.02.10--Portland Cement Concrete Mix Design</u>. Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 804.02.10 on page 850 and substitute the following:

At least 30 days prior to production of concrete, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer proposed concrete mixture designs complying with the Department's *Concrete Field Manual*.

Delete the Notes under Table 3 of Subsection 804.02.10 on pages 850 & 851, and substitute the following:

- \* Maximum size aggregate shall conform to the concrete mix design for the specified aggregate.
- \*\* The replacement limits of Portland cement by weight by other cementitious materials (such as fly ash, GGBFS, metakaolin, silica fume, or others) shall be in accordance with the values in Subsection 907-701.02. Other hydraulic cements may be used in accordance with the specifications listed in Section 701.

- an approved water-reducing admixture,
- an approved water-reducing/set-retarding admixture, or
- a combination of an approved water-reducing admixture and an approved setretarding admixture, in accordance with 907-713.02. Minus slump requirements shall meet those set forth in Table 3 of AASHTO Designation: M157.
- \*\*\*\* Entrained air is not required except for concrete exposed to seawater. For concrete exposed to seawater, the total air content shall be 3.0 % to 6.0%. For concrete not exposed to seawater, the total air content shall not exceed 6.0%.

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\*\*\*\*\* Class DS Concrete for drilled shafts shall have an 8±1-inch slump.

Delete the last paragraph of Subsection 804.02.10 on page 851 and substitute the following:

At least one water-reducing admixture shall be used in all classes of concrete in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended dosage range. Any combinations of admixtures shall be approved by the Engineer before their use.

**907-804.02.10.1.1--Proportioning on the Basis of Previous Field Experience of Trial** <u>Mixtures.</u> Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 804.02.10.1.1 on page 851, and substitute the following:

Where a concrete production facility has a record, based on at least 10 consecutive strength tests from at least 10 different batches within the past 12 months from a mixture not previously used on Department projects, the standard deviation shall be calculated.

<u>907-804.02.10.3--Field Verification of Concrete Mix Design</u>. Delete the first sentence of the third paragraph of Subsection 804.02.10.3 on page 853 and substitute the following:

For all Classes of concrete, the mixture shall be verified to yield within 2.0% of the correct volume when all the mix water is added to the batch.

For all Classes of concrete other than DS, F, and FX, the mixture shall produce a slump within a minus  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch tolerance of the maximum permitted for mixtures with a maximum permitted slump of three inches (3") or less or within a minus  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch tolerance of the maximum permitted for mixtures with a maximum permitted slump of greater than three inches (3"), and producing a total air content within a minus  $1\frac{1}{2}$  percent tolerance of the maximum allowable air content in Table 3.

For Class DS, the slump shall be within the requirements in Note \*\*\*\*\* below Table 3. For Class DS exposed to seawater, the total air content shall be within a minus 1½ percent tolerance of the maximum allowable air content in Note \*\*\*\* below Table 3. For Class DS not exposed to seawater the total air content shall be within the requirements in Note \*\*\*\* below Table 3.

For Classes F and FX, the slump shall be within a minus 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch tolerance of the maximum permitted for mixtures with a maximum permitted slump of three inches (3") or less or within a minus 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch tolerance of the maximum permitted for mixtures with a maximum permitted

slump of greater than three inches (3"). For Classes F and FX exposed to seawater, the total air content shall be within a minus 1½ percent tolerance of the maximum allowable air content in Note \*\*\*\* below Table 3. For Classes F and FX not exposed to seawater the total air content shall be within the requirements in Note \*\*\*\* below Table 3.

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Delete the third sentence of the third paragraph of Subsection 804.02.10.3 on page 853, and substitute the following:

If the requirements of yield, slump, or total air content are not met within three (3) production days after the first placement, subsequent field verification testing shall not be permitted on department projects, and the mix design shall not be used until the requirements listed above are met

<u>907-804.02.10.4--Adjustments of Mixture Proportions</u>. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 804.02.10.4 on page 854, and substitute the following:

The mixture may be adjusted by the Class III Certified Technician representing the Contractor in accordance with the allowable revisions listed in the Department's Concrete Field Manual, paragraph 5.7. Written notification shall be submitted to the Engineer a minimum of seven (7) days prior to any source or brand of material change, aggregate size change, allowable material type change, or decrease in any cementitious material content. Any adjustments of the concrete mixture design shall necessitate repeat of field verification procedure as described in Subsection 804.02.10.3 and approval by the Engineer.

<u>907-804.02.11--Concrete Batch Plants.</u> Delete the first three paragraphs of Subsection 804.02.11 on page 854, and substitute the following:

The concrete batch plant shall meet the requirements of the National Ready Mixed Concrete Association *Quality Control Manual, Section 3, Plant Certification Checklist* as outlined in the latest edition of the Department's *Concrete Field Manual*. The Contractor shall submit a copy of the approved checklist along with proof of calibration of batching equipment, i.e., scales, water meter, and admixture dispenser, to the Engineer 30 days prior to the production of concrete.

For projects with 1000 cubic yards and more, the concrete batch plant shall meet the requirements for an automatic system capable of recording batch weights. It shall also have automatic moisture compensation for the fine aggregate. For projects of more than 200 but less than 1000 cubic yards the plant can be equipped for manual batching with a fine aggregate moisture meter visible to the plant operator.

The concrete batch plant shall have available adequate facilities to cool concrete during hot weather.

Mixer trucks to be used on the project are to be listed in the checklist and shall meet the requirements of the checklist.

<u>907-804.02.12--Contractor's Quality Control.</u> Delete the fourth paragraph of Subsection 804.02.12 on page 854 & 855, and substitute the following:

The Contractor's Quality Control program shall encompass the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M 157 into concrete production and control, equipment requirements, testing, and batch ticket information. The requirement of AASHTO Designation: M 157, Section 11.7 shall be followed except, on arrival to the job site, a maximum of 1½ gallons per cubic yard is allowed to be added. Water shall not be added at a later time. If the maximum permitted slump is exceeded after the addition of water at the job site, the concrete shall be rejected.

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<u>907-804.02.12.3--Documentation</u>. After the second sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 804.02.12.3 on page 856, add the following:

Batch tickets and gradation data shall be documented in accordance with Department requirements. Batch tickets shall contain all the information in AASHTO Designation: M157, Section 16 including the additional information in Subsection 16.2 with the following exception: the information listed in paragraphs 16.2.7 and 16.2.8 is not required. Batch tickets shall also contain the concrete producer's permanent unique mix number assigned to the concrete mix design.

<u>907-804.02.12.5--Non-Conforming Materials.</u> In Table 4 of Subsection 804.02.12.5 on page 857, delete "/ FM" from the requirements on line B.3.a.

In Table 4 of Subsection 804.02.12.5 on page 857, replace "One set (two cylinders) for 0-100 yd<sup>3</sup> inclusive" with "A minimum of one set (two cylinders) for each 100 yd<sup>3</sup>,"

<u>907-804.02.13--Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing.</u> Delete subparagraph c) in Subsection 804.02.13 on page 858 and substitute the following:

c) For concrete, the Contractor's QC and Department's QA testing of concrete compressive strengths compare when using the data comparison computer program with an alpha value of 0.01 for projects with 1000 cubic yards and more; or, strength comparisons are within 990 psi for projects of more than 200 but less than 1000 cubic yards.

In Table 5 of Subsection 804.02.13 on page 858, delete "and FM" from the requirements on line A.3.

Delete Subsection 907-804.02.13.1 beginning on page 859 and substitute the following:

907-804.02.13.1--Basis of Acceptance.

<u>907-804.02.13.1.1--Sampling</u>. Sampling of concrete mixture shall be performed in accordance with the latest edition of the Department's *Concrete Field Manual*.

<u>907-804.02.13.1.2--Slump</u>. Slump of plastic concrete shall meet the requirements of Table 3: MASTER PROPORTION TABLE FOR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE DESIGN. A check test shall be made on another portion of the sample before rejection of any load.

<u>907-804.02.13.1.3--Air</u>. Total air content of concrete shall be within the specified range for the class of concrete listed in Table 3: MASTER PROPORTION TABLE FOR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE DESIGN. A check test shall be made on another portion of the sample before rejection of any load.

**<u>907-804.02.13.1.4--Yield</u>**. If the yield of the concrete mix design is more than plus or minus 3% of the designed volume, the mix shall be adjusted by a Class III Certified Technician representing the Contractor to yield the correct volume plus or minus three percent ( $\pm$ 3%). If batching of the proportions of the mix design varies outside the batching tolerance range of the originally approved proportions by more than the tolerances allowed in Subsection 804.02.12.1, the new proportions shall be field verified per Subsection 804.02.10.3.

<u>907-804.02.13.1.5--Temperature</u>. Cold weather concreting shall follow the requirements of Subsection 907-804.03.16.1. Hot weather concreting shall follow the requirements of Subsection 804.03.16.2 with a maximum temperature of 95°F for Class DS concrete or for concrete mixes containing cementitious materials meeting the requirements of Subsection 907-701.02.2 as a replacement of Portland cement. For other concrete mixes, the maximum concrete temperature shall be 90°F. Concrete with a temperature more than the maximum allowable temperature shall be rejected and not used in Department work.

<u>907-804.02.13.1.6--Compressive Strength</u>. Laboratory cured concrete compressive strength tests shall conform to the specified strength  $(f'_c)$  listed in the specifications. Concrete represented by compressive strength test below the specified strength  $(f'_c)$  may be removed and replaced by the Contractor. If the Contractor elects not to remove the material, it will be evaluated by the Department as to the adequacy for the use intended. All concrete evaluated as unsatisfactory for the intended use shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Department. For concrete allowed to remain in place, reduction in payment will be as follows:

**Projects with 1000 Cubic Yards and More.** When the evaluation indicates that the work may remain in place, a statistical analysis will be made of the QC and QA concrete test results. If this statistical analysis indicates at least 93% of the material would be expected to have a compressive strength equal to or greater than the specified strength  $(f_c)$  and 99.87% of the material would be expected to have a compressive strength at least one standard deviation above the allowable design stress  $(f_c)$ , the work will be accepted. If the statistical analysis indicates that either of the two criteria are not met, the Engineer will provide for an adjustment in pay as follows for the material represented by the test result.

Total Pay on Material in Question = Unit Price - (Unit Price x % Reduction)

% Reduction = 
$$\frac{\left(f_c' - X\right)}{f_c' - \left(f_c + s\right)} \times 100$$

where:

 $f'_c$  = Specified 28-day compressive strength, psi

- X = Individual compressive strength below  $f'_c$ , psi
- s =standard deviation, psi\*
- $f_c$  = allowable design stress, psi
- \* Standard deviation used in the above reduction of pay formula shall be calculated from the applicable preceding compressive strengths test results plus the individual compressive strength below  $f'_c$ . If below  $f'_c$  strengths occur during the project's first ten compressive strength tests, the standard deviation shall be calculated from the first ten compressive strength tests results.

**Projects of More Than 200 but Less Than 1000 Cubic Yards.** When the evaluation indicates that the work may remain in place, a percent reduction in pay will be assessed based on a comparison of the deficient 28-day test result to the specified strength. The Engineer will provide for an adjustment in pay as follows for the material represented by the test result.

Total Pay on Material in Question = Unit Price - (Unit Price x % Reduction)

% Reduction = 
$$\frac{(f'_c - X(f'_c) - X(f'_c))}{f'_c} \times 100$$

where:

 $f'_c$  = Specified 28-day compressive strength, psi X = Individual compressive strength below  $f'_c$ , psi

#### 907-804.03--Construction Requirements.

#### 907-804.03.6--Handling and Placing Concrete.

**<u>907-804.03.6.2--Consolidation.</u>** After the last sentence of Subsection 804.03.6.2 on page 864, add the following:

If the Department determines that there is an excessive number of projections, swells, ridges, depressions, waves, voids, holes, honeycombs or other defects in the completed structure, removal of the entire structure may be required as set out in Subsection 105.12.

<u>907-804.03.15--Removal of Falsework, Forms, and Housing</u>. Delete the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 804.03.15 on page 871, and substitute the following:

Concrete in the last pour of a continuous superstructure shall have attained a compressive strength of 2,400 psi, as determined by cylinder tests or maturity meter probe, prior to striking any falsework.

Delete the first sentence of the third paragraph of Subsection 804.03.15 on page 871, and substitute the following:

At the Contractor's option and with the approval of the Engineer, the time for removal of forms may be determined by cylinder tests, in accordance with the requirements listed in Table 6, in which case the Contractor shall furnish facilities for testing the cylinders.

- 8 -

Delete the fourth and fifth paragraphs of Subsection 804.03.15 on pages 871 & 872, and substitute the following:

The cylinders shall be cured under conditions which are not more favorable than those existing for the portions of the structure which they represent.

Delete the table in Subsection 804.03.15 on page 872, and substitute the following:

# Table 6 Minimum Compressive Strength Requirements for Form Removal

#### Forms:

Columns	1000 psi
Side of Beams	1000 psi
Walls not under pressure	1000 psi
Floor Slabs, overhead	2000 psi
Floor Slabs, between beams	2000 psi
Slab Spans	2400 psi
Other Parts	1000 psi

#### **Centering:**

Under Beams	2400 psi
Under Bent Caps	2000 psi

#### Limitation for Placing Beams on:

Pile Bents, pile under beam	2000 psi
Frame Bents, two or more columns	2200 psi
Frame Bents, single column	2400 psi

In lieu of using concrete strength cylinders to determine when falsework, forms, and housing s can be removed, an approved maturity meter may be used to determine concrete strengths by inserting probes into concrete placed in a structure. The minimum number of maturity meter probes required for each structural component shall be in accordance with Table 7. Falsework, forms, and housings may be removed when maturity meter readings indicate that the required concrete strength is achieved. Procedures for using the maturity meter and developing the strength/maturity relationship shall follow the requirements of AASHTO Designation: T 325 and ASTM Designation: C 1074 specifications. Technicians using the maturity meter or calculating strength/maturity graphs shall be required to have at least two hours of training prior to using the maturity equipment.

Structure Component	<b>Ouantity of Concrete</b>	No. of Probes
Slabs, beams, walls, & miscellaneous items	$0 - 30 \text{ yd}^3$	2
	$> 30 \text{ to } 60 \text{ yd}^3$	3
	$> 60 \text{ to } 90 \text{ yd}^3$ $> 90 \text{ yd}^3$	4
		5
Footings, Columns & Caps	$0 - 13 \text{ yd}^3$	2
	$> 13 \text{ yd}^3$	3
Pavement, Pavement Overlays	$1200 \text{ yd}^2$	2
Pavement Repairs	Per repair or 900 yd <sup>2</sup>	2
	Whichever is smaller	

# Table 7Requirements for use of Maturity Meter Probes

-9-

### 907-804.03.16--Cold or Hot Weather Concreting.

<u>907-804.03.16.1--Cold Weather Concreting.</u> After the third paragraph of Subsection 804.03.16.1 on page 873, add the following:

In lieu of the protection and curing of concrete in cold weather, at the option of the Contractor with the approval of the Engineer, when concrete is placed during cold weather and there is a probability of ambient temperatures lower that 40°F, an approved maturity meter may be used to determine concrete strengths by inserting probes into concrete placed in a structure. The minimum number of maturity meter probes required for each structural component shall be in accordance with Table 7. An approved insulating blanketing material shall be used to protect the work when ambient temperatures are less than 40°F and shall remain in place until the required concrete strength in Table 6 is achieved. Procedures for using the maturity meter and developing the strength/maturity relationship shall follow the requirements of AASHTO Designation: T 325 and ASTM Designation: C 1074 specifications. Technicians using the maturity meter or calculating strength/maturity graphs shall be required to have at least two hours of training prior to using the maturity equipment.

Rename the Table in Subsection 804.03.16.1 on page 874 from "Table 6" to "Table 8".

# 907-804.03.19--Finishing Concrete Surfaces.

#### 907-804.03.19.7--Finishing Bridge Floors.

<u>907-804.03.19.7.4--Acceptance Procedure for Bridge Deck Smoothness.</u> After the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 804.03.19.7.4 on page 886, add the following:

Auxiliary lanes, tapers, shoulders and other areas that are not checked with the profilograph, shall meet a 1/8 inch in 10-foot straightedge check made transversely and longitudinally across the deck or slab.

907-804.05--Basis of Payment. Add the "907" prefix to the pay items listed on page 898.

### **SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 906-7**

#### **Training Special Provision**

This Training Special Provision supersedes subparagraph 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities," (Attachment 1), and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a). Additional information regarding On the Job Training (OJT), Forms, and *Exhibits* are available at the following website.

#### http://www.gomdot.com/Divisions/CivilRights/Resources.aspx

As part of the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program training shall be provided as follows:

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeymen in the type of trade or job classification involved.

The number of trainee hours to be trained under this special provision will be as indicated in the bid schedule of the contract.

In the event that a Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, the Contractor shall determine how many, if any, of the trainee hours are to be trained by the Subcontractor, provided, however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The Contractor shall also insure that this training special provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the Contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the State transportation agency for approval an OJT Trainee Schedule Form indicating the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification, training program to be used and start date of training for each classification. Furthermore, the Contractor shall provide a Trainee Enrollment Form for each trainee enrolled. The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeymen status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g., by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that they take in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he/she has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he/she has been employed as a journeyman. The Contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used the Contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

#### Page 2 of 7

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the Contractor and approved by the State highway agency and the Federal Highway Administration. The State transportation agency and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the Contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved but not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor, Manpower Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather than clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., where the training is oriented toward construction applications. Training in the laborer classification may be permitted provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the division office.

Except as otherwise noted below, the Contractor will be reimbursed \$5.00 per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the engineer, reimbursement will be made for training persons in excess of the number specified herein.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if failure to provide the required training is caused by the Contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor in meeting the requirements of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in the work classification or until the trainee has completed the training program. It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A Contractor's responsibility will have been fulfilled under this Training Special Provision if the Contractor has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The Contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program being followed in providing the training. The Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

The Contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports to include an OJT Trainee Monthly Report form and a OJT Trainee Termination Report form when appropriately documenting performance under this Training Special Provision.

**Contractor's Responsibility** 

Page 3 of 7

- 1. Provide On-the-Job Training aimed at developing full journeymen in the type of trade or job classification involved. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g., conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment.
- 2. Contractors are expected to fulfill their obligations under the Training Special Provisions. Those obligations will be considered fulfilled if Contractors have provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified in the OJT Plan.
- 3. Upon deciding to sub-contract out a portion of the contract work, determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the sub-Contractor. The Contractor however, shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by the special provision. Additionally, the Contractor will ensure that the Training Special Provision is made applicable to such sub-contract. Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeymen status is a primary objective of the Training Special Provision.
- 4. Prior to commencing construction (no more than 60 days from the date of the Notice to Proceed), the Contractor shall submit to the State Transportation Agency (STA) (MDOT) for approval the Trainee Schedule Form indicating the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and any appropriate attachments representing their training program or OJT Plan (*See Exhibit 1*) to be used. The Contractor shall also submit Trainee Enrollment Forms for each trainee to be trained (*See Exhibit 2*). Contractors should submit the above-mentioned forms as their OJT Plan to the Project Engineer who will in turn forward on to the Office of Civil Rights for Approval.
- 5. Designate and make known at the preconstruction conference to the Office of Civil Rights and the Project Engineer the name of the company **Equal Employment Officer** (**EEO Officer**)/**Designated Representative** who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active Contractor program of equal employment opportunity and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so. These individuals should have the authority to sign monthly trainee enrollment/time reports.
- 6. **Implement the EEO policy** and contractual responsibilities to provide equal employment opportunity in each grade and classification of employment. To assure that the preceding policy is adhered to, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
  - a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six (6) months.
  - b. Ensure that supervisors brief all employees which include trainees on company EEO Policies.
- 7. Utilize the following procedures to request additional training classifications not presently approved by the STA for assignment to the OJT for training.
  - a. Initially, for a "trainee" to be trained, there must be a "journeyman" on the project site to train the employee. The "trainer" can be a supervisor, foreman or another employee in the "trainee classification" who already is a "journeyman".

- b. If a classification is not on the "Wage Determination" included in the contract, a written request for an additional classification should be submitted by the Contractor to the Project Engineer.
- c. Preferably, the request (written) should originate in the Project Office so that they will know that the Contractor has applied for the needed classification and that payrolls will not be delayed. The Project Office will ensure that they have been given the project number, Contractor, subcontractor, craft and rate and will submit to the Office of Civil Rights.

For documentation purposes it is recommended to the Contractor that the request for additional classifications should be written and addressed to the Office of Civil Rights that states in concise manner the need for the new classification in lieu of using an existing classification within the OJT Manual. In addition, the training program with required hours and job description similar to the OJT Manual.

- d. After receipt of the Request for Additional Classification, the OJT Coordinator will:
  - 1. Review for preliminary approval and submit a new Trainee Schedule Form to the Contractor for signature.
  - 2. Upon receipt of the signed form from the Project Office/Contractor, a cover letter is attached to the appropriate documentation. The cover letter and documentation are transmitted to Department of Labor (DOL) in Washington D.C. requesting concurrence of the new classification.
- e. If an individual is hired for the requested classification during the time frame when the STA (OJT Coordinator) is awaiting approval, the individual will be paid at the proposed wage rate.
- f. If the DOL does not agree with the proposed classification and wage rate, the DOL will make a determination on the appropriate wage rate for the classification. The Labor Compliance Officer will make a copy of the letter and attach a cover letter which cites the recommendation and rationale for the disapproval.
- g. If the DOL approves the request, a letter will be sent to the STA (OJT Coordinator) citing approval and the accompanying wage rate. The OJT Coordinator will make a copy of the approval letter and attach a cover letter which cites the approval of the classification and wage rate. This letter is sent to the Contractor and all "paper copies" listed at the end of the cover letter.
- 8. Begin training as soon as possible after the start date indicated on the Trainee Schedule Form for work utilizing the skill involved. In addition, if training does not begin at the preceding time, a written explanation will be given to the Project Engineer citing the rationale and time frame when training will commence on the project. The trainee should be briefed (furnished a copy) at this juncture on the training program for which he/she has started to ensure understanding of the phases of work and wage rates within each section of the program.

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9. After commencement of work at the project site, the Contractor shall implement the following **Trainee Wage Rates** according to the Davis Bacon rules.

Normally, trainees are paid a percentage of journeyman's wages (Davis Bacon rates). The following payment plan is required in the FHWA Training Special Provision;

- a. Sixty percent (60%) of the journeyman's wages for the first half of the training period;
- b. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the journeyman's wages for the third quarter of the training period; and
- c. Ninety percent (90%) of the journeyman's wages for the last quarter of the training period.
- 10. Indicate on the payroll records the trainer i.e. roller operator trainer for a given classification.
- 11. Recruit a replacement for the trainee when training obligations have not been met on a project provided that there are enough work hours remaining on the project as well as time within the work phase to complete training. Contractors will document in writing all Good Faith Efforts (GFE) in accordance with FHWA Form 1273 Section II 4a- 4e Recruitment and 6a-6d Training and Promotions) (*See Exhibit 9*). The Contractor must submit documentation of GFE i.e. efforts made to hire replacements for trainees who terminated their training program to the Office of Civil Rights. The GFE will be complied into a letter which is attached to the MDOT Monthly Training Report and submitted to the along a MDOT Termination Report (*See Exhibit 4*) that includes the names/reasons of individuals who separated from the company during the respective reporting period. The GFE will be evaluated to determine if it is sufficient or insufficient. The Project Engineer will forward documentation to the Office of Civil Rights within five (5) days of receipt.
- 12. Transferring trainees from one federal-aid project to another.
  - a. Contractors are to make written requests for transferring trainees from one federalaid project to another federal aid project and submit to the Project Engineer to be forwarded to the Office of Civil Rights for review and approval.
  - b. In addition, if trainees are approved for transfer, the gaining project must have the same training classification approved for that project. The Contractor must provide documentation i.e. written letter that the gaining project will have sufficient work time to complete training requirements.
  - c. All hours trained by employees on a project other than their originally assigned project without the proper transfer approval will not be counted towards the OJT obligation for that project. If the OJT obligation is not met, the prime Contractor will have to show good faith efforts in fulfilling this portion of the contract requirement.
- 13. Utilize and submit monthly trainee reports (*See Exhibit 3*) to document training activities to the respective Project Engineer. Monthly training reports should be accurate, concise and include the following items:

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S.P. No. 906-7 -- Cont'd.

- a. Report Period (month) the date at the top of the training report reflects the month and year the trainee received the training (not the date the report was completed by the Contractor)
- b. Project Number project number on the certified payroll and training report should match
- c. Contractor Name
- d. County
- e. Trainee Name
- f. Job Classification/Hours Required obtained from OJT Manual certified payrolls and training reports should match
- g. Hours required obtained from OJT Manual should match the Job Classification
- h. Date Training Started/Terminated inserted by the Contractor
- i. Hours trained for the month training performed this month on federal aid projects and inserted by a respective week ending date i.e. Sunday
- j. Hours to date all training annotated on report for previous and current month
- k. Hours training remaining subtraction of total training hours to date from training hours required
- 1. Trainee wage rate Contractor cite the appropriate wage rate for phase of training
- m. Original signatures and dates for respective training period citing trainee, trainer, and Company EEO Officer/Designated Representative
- n. Every applicable field on the training report is completed
- 14. Monthly training reports intended for submission to the MDOT Central Office should cite activities illustrated in the individual training forms received from project personnel. Monthly Training Reports should be submitted to the Project Engineer within fifteen (15) days of the current month with data covering the previous month's activities. However, if monthly training reports are not submitted within this time frame, the Contractor will provide written explanation to the Project Engineer citing the reason for the delay. In addition, a copy of this documentation will be provided to the MDOT Office of Civil Rights within ten (10) days of receipt by the Project Engineer.
- 15. Provide the trainee with a certification (*See Exhibit* 7) showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.
- 16. Retain all EEO records, i.e. employment breakdown by race and craft on a project, recruitment and hiring of minority and females for a period of three (3) years following the completion of contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the STA and the FHWA.

#### Page 7 of 7

S.P. No. 906-7 -- Cont'd.

- 17. Submit an annual report to the STA each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form PR 1391 (*See Exhibit 8*). Contractors are provided an annual notice for this reporting requirement.
- 18. Periodically evaluate the effectiveness of their OJT Programs and trainees' progress within the training program. Based on these evaluations, forward comments / recommendations through the Project Engineer to the Office of Civil Rights for improving or correcting deficiencies in the training program.

### SECTION 905 - PROPOSAL

for constructing the following designated project(s) within the time(s) hereinafter specified.

The plans are composed of drawings and blue prints on file in the offices of the Mississippi Department of Transportation, Jackson, Mississippi.

The Specifications are the current Standard Specifications of the Mississippi Department of Transportation approved by the Federal Highway Administration, except where superseded or amended by the plans, Special Provisions and Notice(s) to Bidders attached hereto and made a part thereof.

I (We) certify that I (we) possess a copy of said Standard and Supplemental Specifications.

Evidence of my (our) authority to submit the Proposal is hereby furnished. The proposal is made without collusion on the part of any person, firm or corporation. I (We) certify that I (we) have carefully examined the Plans, the Specifications, including the Special Provisions and Notice(s) to Bidders, herein, and have personally examined the site of the work. On the basis of the Specifications, Special Provisions, Notice(s) to Bidders, and Plans, I (we) propose to furnish all necessary machinery, tools, apparatus and other means of construction and do all the work and furnish all the materials in the manner specified. I (We) understand that the quantities mentioned herein are approximate only and are subject to either increase or decrease, and hereby propose to perform any increased or decreased quantities of work at the unit prices bid, in accordance with the above.

Attached hereto is a certified check, cashier's check or Proposal Guaranty Bond in the amount as required in the Advertisement (or, by law).

INSTRUCTION TO BIDDERS: Alternate and Optional Items on Bid Schedule.

- 1. Two or more items entered opposite a single unit quantity WITHOUT DEFINITE DESIGNATION AS "ALTERNATE ITEMS" are considered as "OPTIONAL ITEMS". Bidders may or may not indicate on bids the Optional Item proposed to be furnished or performed WITHOUT PREJUDICE IN REGARD TO IRREGULARITY OF BIDS.
- 2. Items classified on the bid schedule as "ALTERNATE ITEMS" and/or "ALTERNATE TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION" must be preselected and indicated on bids. However, "Alternate Types of Construction" may include Optional Items to be treated as set out in Paragraph 1, above.
- 3. Optional items not preselected and indicated on the bid schedule MUST be designated in accordance with Subsection 102.06 prior to or at the time of execution of the contract.
- 4. Optional and Alternate items designated must be used throughout the project.

I (We) further propose to perform all "force account or extra work" that may be required of me (us) on the basis provided in the Specifications and to give such work my (our) personal attention in order to see that it is economically performed.

Date \_\_\_\_\_

# $S \ E \ C \ T \ I \ O \ N \quad 9 \ 0 \ 5 \ -- \ P \ R \ O \ P \ O \ S \ A \ L \quad (CONTINUED)$

I (We) further propose to execute the attached contract agreement (Section 902) as soon as the work is awarded to me (us), and to begin and complete the work within the time limit(s) provided for in the Specifications and Advertisement. I (We) also propose to execute the attached contract bond (Section 903) in an amount not less than one hundred (100) percent of the total of my (our) part, but also to guarantee the excellence of both workmanship and materials until the work is finally accepted.

I (We) enclose a certified check, cashier's check or bid bond for <u>five percent (5%) of total bid</u> and hereby agree that in case of my (our) failure to execute the contract and furnish bond within Ten (10) days after notice of award, the amount of this check (bid bond) will be forfeited to the State of Mississippi as liquidated damages arising out of my (our) failure to execute the contract as proposed. It is understood that in case I am (we are) not awarded the work, the check will be returned as provided in the Specifications.

	Respectfully Submitted,	,		
	DATE			
		Contractor		
	BY	Signature		
	TITLE			
	ADDRESS			
	CITY, STATE, ZIP			
	PHONE			
	FAX			
	E-MAIL			
(To be filled in if a corporation)				
Our corporation is chartered under the Laws of titles and business addresses of the executives are as follo			and	the names,
President		Address		
Secretary		Address		
Treasurer		Address		

The following is my (our) itemized proposal.

Section 905 Proposal (Sheet 2 - 1)

Mill & Overlay Approximately 10 Miles On I-20 from Edwards to the Natchez Trace, known as Federal Aid Project No. IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303, in Hinds County.

I (We) agree to complete the entire project within the specified contract time.

# \*\*\* SPECIAL NOTICE TO BIDDERS \*\*\* BIDS WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED UNLESS BOTH UNIT PRICES AND ITEM TOTALS ARE ENTERED. BIDS WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED UNLESS THE BID CERTIFICATION LOCATED AT THE END OF THE BID SHEETS IS SIGNED

#### \*\*\*BID SCHEDULE\*\*\*

Line			Quantity	Units	Units Description	Unit Pric	Unit Price		Item Amount	
No.		Code				Dollar	Ct	Dollar	Ct	
					Roadway Items					
0010	202-B028		667	Square Yard	Removal of Concrete Pavement, 8" Depth					
0020	202-B041		91,000	Linear Feet	Removal of Fence, All Types					
0030	202-B076		12,375	Linear Feet	Removal of Traffic Stripe					
0040	202-B086		225	Each	Removal of Guard Post					
0050	202-B102		4,868	Linear Feet	Removal of Guard Rail					
0060	234-A001		5,000	Linear Feet	Temporary Silt Fence					
0070	406-A001		444,120	Square Yard	Cold Milling of Bituminous Pavement, All Depths					
0080	423-A001		40	Mile	Rumble Strips, Ground In					

Section 905
Proposal (Sheet 2 - 2)

IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303
Hinds County

Line No.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0090	606-A001		225	Each	Guard Posts		
0100	606-B007		3,663	Linear Feet	Guard Rail, Class A, Type 1, 'W' Beam, Metal Post		
0110	606-C003		7	Each	Guard Rail, Cable Anchor, Type 1		
0120	606-D002		6	Each	Guard Rail, Bridge End Section, Type C		
0130	606-D008		6	Each	Guard Rail, Bridge End Section, Type H		
0140	606-D012		2	Each	Guard Rail, Bridge End Section, Type I		
0150	606-E002		20	Each	Guard Rail, Terminal End Section, Flared		
0160	606-E003		1	Each	Guard Rail, Terminal End Section, Non-Flared		
0170	607-A001		91,000	Linear Feet	31.5" Type"A" Woven Wire Fence, w/ Barbed Wire as Shown		
0180	607-B001		7,200	Linear Feet	60" Type I Chain Link Fence, Class I		
0190	607-G115		10	Each	Gate, 12' x 5' Aluminum		
0200	607-P1007		720	Each	Line Post, 7' x 1 1/2" Galvanized Steel		

Section 905
Proposal (Sheet 2 - 3)

Line No.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description	Unit Price		Bid Amoun	.t
0210	607-P1013		7,200	Each	Line Post, 7' Tee Post Steel				
0220	607-P1014		50	Each	Line Post, 9' Tee Post Steel				
0230	607-P1015		50	Each	Line Post, 10' Tee Post Steel				
0240	607-P1016		550	Each	Line Post, 7' x 4" x 4" Concrete				
0250	607-P2001		800	Each	Brace Post, 8' x 6" Timber				
0260	607-P2002		10	Each	Brace Post, 10' x 6" Timber				
0270	607-P2003		10	Each	Brace Post, 12' x 6" Timber				
0280	607-P2004		30	Each	Brace Post, 8' x 6" x 6" Concrete				
0290	607-P2023		90	Each	Brace Post, 8' x 2" Galvanized Steel				
0300	618-A001		1	Lump Sur	n Maintenance of Traffic	xxxxxxx	XXX		
0310	619-A1002		47	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous White				
0320	619-A2002		47	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow				

Section 905	
Proposal (Sheet 2 - 4)	)

Line No.	Item Code	Code Adj Quantity Units Code		Units	Description	Unit Price	:	Bid Amoun	ıt
0330	619-A3006		43	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Skip White				
0340	619-A5001		25,000	Linear Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Detail				
0350	619-A6001		412	Linear Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend				
0360	619-A6002		225	Square Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend				
0370	619-F3003		74	Each	Delineators, Guard Rail, Yellow				
0380	619-F3004		74	Each	Delineators, Guard Rail, White				
0390	620-A001		1	Lump Sum	Mobilization	XXXXXXXX	XXX		
0400	627-H001		200	Each	Chip Seal Reflective Raised Markers. Two-Way Yellow				
0410	627-K001		1,050	Each	Red-Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Markers				
0420	627-L001		200	Each	Two-Way Yellow Reflective High Performance Raised Markers				
0430	907-237-A003	3	350	Linear Feet	Wattles, 20"				
0440	907-246-B002	2	125	Each	Rockbags	1			

Section 905	
Proposal (Sheet 2 - 5)	

IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303
Hinds County

Line No.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0450	907-249-A001		650	Ton	Riprap for Erosion Control		
0460	907-249-B001		100	Cubic Yard	Remove and Reset Riprap		
0470	907-304-A001	(GY )	1,000	Cubic Yard	Granular Material, LVM, Class 5, Group C		
0480	907-402-A002	(BA1)	14,100	Ton	Hot Mix Asphalt, Open Graded Friction Course, 9.5mm Mixture		
0490	907-402-B001	(A3)	6,015	Gallon	Bituminous Tack Coat		
0500	907-403-AA0	01(BA1)	30,700	Ton	Stone Matrix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Mixture		
0510	907-403-AA0	02(BA1)	37,200	Ton	Stone Matrix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Mixture		
0520	907-403-S004		41	Mile	Joint Sealant		
0530	907-407-A001	(A2)	21,705	Gallon	Asphalt for Tack Coat		
0540	907-626-A003		22	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Skip White		
0550	907-626-C003		27	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous White		
0560	907-626-F003		24	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous Yellow		

Line No.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Units Description		;	Bid Amour	nt
0570	907-626-Y002		24,000	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Detail Traffic Stripe, White, 6" Equivalent Length, 40-mil. min.				
0580	907-626-Y004		6,000	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Detail Traffic Stripe, Yellow, 6" Equivalent Length, 40-mil. min.				
0590	907-626-Z003		412	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Legend, White, 6" Equivalent Length, 40-mil. min.				
0600	907-626-Z004		225	Square Feet	Thermoplastic Legend, White, 6" Equivalent Length, 40-mil. min.				
0610	907-687-A018		1	Each	Traffic Recorder Classification Permanent System 4.3 miles West of Natchez Trace Parkway				
0620	907-699-A002		1	Lump Sum	Roadway Construction Stakes	XXXXXXXX	xxx		
0630	907-906001	520 Hours		Hours	Trainees	5.	00	2,600.	00
					ALTERNATE GROUP AA NUMBER 1				
0640	907-403-A001	(BA1)	9,000	Ton	Hot Mix Asphalt, HT, 12.5-mm mixture				
					ALTERNATE GROUP AA NUMBER 2		1 1		
0650	907-403-M010	(BA1)	9,000	Ton	Warm Mix Asphalt, HT, 12.5-mm mixture				
					ALTERNATE GROUP BB NUMBER 1	1			
0660	907-403-A002	(BA1)	140	Ton	Hot Mix Asphalt, HT, 19-mm mixture				
					ALTERNATE GROUP BB NUMBER 2		1 1		

# Section 905 Proposal (Sheet 2 - 6)

# IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303 Hinds County

Line No.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0670	907-403-M011	(BA1)	140	Ton	Warm Mix Asphalt, HT, 19-mm mixture		
					ALTERNATE GROUP CC NUMBER 1		
0680	907-403-A011	(BA1)	20,000	Ton	Hot Mix Asphalt, ST, 12.5-mm mixture		
					ALTERNATE GROUP CC NUMBER 2		
0690	907-403-M003	(BA1)	20,000	Ton	Warm Mix Asphalt, ST, 12.5-mm mixture		
					ALTERNATE GROUP DD NUMBER 1		
0700	907-403-A012	(BA1)	140	Ton	Hot Mix Asphalt, ST, 19-mm mixture		
					ALTERNATE GROUP DD NUMBER 2		1
0710	907-403-M004	(BA1)	140	Ton	Warm Mix Asphalt, ST, 19-mm mixture		
					ALTERNATE GROUP EE NUMBER 1		1
0720	907-403-A015	(BA1)	18,800	Ton	Hot Mix Asphalt, ST, 9.5-mm mixture		
					ALTERNATE GROUP EE NUMBER 2		1
0730	907-403-M001	(BA1)	18,800	Ton	Warm Mix Asphalt, ST, 9.5-mm mixture		
					ALTERNATE GROUP FF NUMBER 1		
0740	907-403-B003	(BA1)	6,000	Ton	Hot Mix Asphalt, HT, 9.5-mm mixture, Leveling		
					ALTERNATE GROUP FF NUMBER 2	I I	I I

# IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303 Hinds County

Proposa	al (Sheet 2 - 8)							Hinds Co	unty
Line No.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description	Unit Price	e	Bid Amount	t
0750	907-403-N008	(BA1)	6,000	Ton	Warm Mix Asphalt, HT, 9.5-mm mixture, Leveling				

## Section 905 Proposal (Sheet 2 - 8)

(Date Printed 04/24/12)

#### IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303 Hinds County

Section 905 Proposal (Sheet 2 - 9)

## \*\*\* BID CERTIFICATION \*\*\*

TOTAL BID.....\$

### \*\*\* DBE/WBE SECTION \*\*\*

Complete item nos. 1, 2, and/or 3 as appropriate. See Notice to Bidders addressing Disadvantaged Business Enterprises in Highway Construction.

- 1. I/We agree that no less than \_\_\_\_\_\_ percent shall be expended with small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals (DBE and WBE).
- 2. Classification of Bidder: Small Business (DBE) Small Business (WBE)

3. A joint venture with a Small Business (DBE/WBE):

\*\*\* SIGNATURE STATEMENT \*\*\*

BIDDER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT HE/SHE HAS CHECKED ALL ITEMS IN THIS PROPOSAL FOR ACCURACY AND CERTIFIED THAT THE FIGURES SHOWN THEREIN CONSTITUTE THEIR OFFICIAL BID.

BIDDER'S SIGNATURE

BIDDER'S COMPANY

BIDDER'S FEDERAL TAX ID NUMBER

(Date Printed 04/24/12)

## SECTION 905 - COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL (Continued)

## **CONDITIONS FOR COMBINATION BID**

If a bidder elects to submit a combined bid for two or more of the contracts listed for this month's letting, the bidder must complete and execute these sheets of the proposal in each of the individual proposals to constitute a combination bid. In addition to this requirement, each individual contract shall be completed, executed and submitted in the usual specified manner.

Failure to execute this Combination Bid Proposal in each of the contracts combined will be just cause for each proposal to be received and evaluated as a separate bid.

## **COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL**

I. This proposal is tendered as one part of a Combination Bid Proposal utilizing option \_\_\_\_\* of Subsection 102.11 on the following contracts:

\* Option to be shown as either (a), (b), or (c).

	Project No.	<u>County</u>	Project No.	County
1			6	
2			7	
3			8	
4			9	
5			10	

A. If option (a) has been selected, then go to II, and sign Combination Bid Proposal.

B. If option (b) has been selected, then complete the following, go to II, and sign Combination Bid Proposal.

# SECTION 905 - COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL (Continued)

Project Number	Pay Item Number	Unit	Unit Price Reduction	Total Item Reduction	Total Contract Reduction
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					

Project Number	Pay Item Number	Unit	Unit Price Reduction	Total Item Reduction	Total Contract Reduction
9					
10.			·		

C. If option (c) has been selected, then initial and complete one of the following, go to II. and sign Combination Bid Proposal.

\_\_\_\_\_ I (We) desire to be awarded work not to exceed a total monetary value of \$\_\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ I (We) desire to be awarded work not to exceed \_\_\_\_\_ number of contracts.

II. It is understood that the Mississippi Transportation Commission not only reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, but also the right to award contracts upon the basis of lowest separate bids or combination bids most advantageous to the State.

It is further understood and agreed that the Combination Bid Proposal is for comparison of bids only and that each contract shall operate in every respect as a separate contract in accordance with its proposal and contract documents.

I (We), the undersigned, agree to complete each contract on or before its specified completion date.

SIGNED \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# Certification with regard to the Performance of Previous Contracts or Subcontracts subject to the Equal Opportunity Clause and the filing of Required Reports

The Bidder \_\_\_\_\_, proposed Subcontractor \_\_\_\_\_, hereby certifies that he has \_\_\_\_\_, has not \_\_\_\_\_, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity Clause, as required by Executive Orders 10925, 11114, or 11246, and that he has \_\_\_\_\_, has not \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the Joint Reporting Committee, the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, a Federal Government contracting or administering agency, or the former President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, all reports due under the applicable filing requirements.

(COMPANY)

BY \_\_\_\_\_

(TITLE)

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE: The above certification is required by the Equal Employment Opportunity Regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1.7 (b) (1)), and must be submitted by bidders and proposed subcontractors only in connection with contracts and subcontracts which are subject to the Equal Opportunity Clause. Contracts and Subcontracts which are exempt from the Equal Opportunity Clause are set forth in 41 CFR 60-1.5. (Generally only contracts or subcontracts of \$10,000 or under are exempt.)

Currently, Standard Form 100 (EEO-1) is the only report required by the Executive Orders or their implementing regulations.

Proposed prime Contractors and Subcontractors who have participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Executive orders and have not filed the required reports should note that 41 CFR 60-1.7 (b) (1) prevents the award of contracts and subcontracts unless such Contractors submit a report covering the delinquent period or such other period specified by the Federal Highway Administration or by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance, U. S. Department of Labor.

### Page 1 of 2

# MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CERTIFICATION (Execute in duplicate)

I,	
7	(Name of person signing certification)
individually, and	l in my capacity as of
	(Title)
	do hereby certify under
	(Name of Firm, Partnership, or Corporation)
penalty of perjur	y under the laws of the United States and the State of Mississippi that
	, Bidder
	(Name of Firm, Partnership, or Corporation)
on Project No.	IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303 ,
in <u>Hinds</u>	County(ies), Mississippi, has not either
	ectly entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion; or otherwise taken any action ee competitive bidding in connection with this contract; nor have any of its corporate officers ers.

Except as noted hereafter, it is further certified that said legal entity and its corporate officers, principal owners, managers, auditors and others in a position of administering federal funds:

- a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in (b) above; and
- d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/ proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

Initial here "\_\_\_\_\_" if exceptions are attached and made a part thereof. Any exceptions shall address to whom it applies, initiating agency and dates of such action.

<u>Note:</u> Exceptions will not necessarily result in denial of award but will be considered in determining bidder responsibility. Providing false information may result in criminal prosecution or administrative sanctions.

The bidder further certifies that the certification requirements contained in Section XI of Form FHWA 1273, will be or have been included in all subcontracts, material supply agreements, purchase orders, etc. except those procurement contracts for goods or services that are expected to be less than the Federal procurement small purchase threshold fixed at 10 U.S.C. 2304(g) and 41 U.S.C. 253(g) (currently \$25,000) which are excluded from the certification requirements.

The bidder further certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- 1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- 2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this contract, Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions will be completed and submitted.

The certification contained in (1) and (2) above is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed and a prerequisite imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code prior to entering into this contract. Failure to comply shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000. The bidder shall include the language of the certification in all subcontracts exceeding \$100,000 and all subcontractors shall certify and disclose accordingly.

All of the foregoing and attachments (when indicated) is true and correct.

Executed on \_\_\_\_\_

Signature

### Page 1 of 2

# **MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## CERTIFICATION (Execute in duplicate)

I,	,
(Name of person signing certifi	ication)
individually, and in my capacity as	of
(Title)	
	do hereby certify under
(Name of Firm, Partnership, or Corporation)	
penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and the Sta	te of Mississippi that
	, Bidder
(Name of Firm, Partnership, or Co	prporation)
on Project No. IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303	,
in <b>Hinds</b>	_ County(ies), Mississippi, has not either

directly or indirectly entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion; or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this contract; nor have any of its corporate officers or principal owners.

Except as noted hereafter, it is further certified that said legal entity and its corporate officers, principal owners, managers, auditors and others in a position of administering federal funds:

- a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in (b) above; and
- d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/ proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

Initial here "\_\_\_\_\_" if exceptions are attached and made a part thereof. Any exceptions shall address to whom it applies, initiating agency and dates of such action.

<u>Note:</u> Exceptions will not necessarily result in denial of award but will be considered in determining bidder responsibility. Providing false information may result in criminal prosecution or administrative sanctions.

The bidder further certifies that the certification requirements contained in Section XI of Form FHWA 1273, will be or have been included in all subcontracts, material supply agreements, purchase orders, etc. except those procurement contracts for goods or services that are expected to be less than the Federal procurement small purchase threshold fixed at 10 U.S.C. 2304(g) and 41 U.S.C. 253(g) (currently \$25,000) which are excluded from the certification requirements.

The bidder further certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- 1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- 2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this contract, Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions will be completed and submitted.

The certification contained in (1) and (2) above is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed and a prerequisite imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code prior to entering into this contract. Failure to comply shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000. The bidder shall include the language of the certification in all subcontracts exceeding \$100,000 and all subcontractors shall certify and disclose accordingly.

All of the foregoing and attachments (when indicated) is true and correct.

Executed on \_\_\_\_\_

Signature

## SECTION 902

### CONTRACT FOR **IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303**

#### LOCATED IN THE COUNTY(IES) OF Hinds

#### STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,

### COUNTY OF HINDS

This contract entered into by and between the Mississippi Transportation Commission on one hand, and the undersigned contractor, on the other witnesseth;

That, in consideration of the payment by the Mississippi Transportation Commission of the prices set out in the proposal hereto attached, to the undersigned contractor, such payment to be made in the manner and at the time of times specified in the specifications and the special provisions, if any, the undersigned contractor hereby agrees to accept the prices stated in the proposal in full compensation for the furnishing of all materials and equipment and the executing of all the work contemplated in this contract.

It is understood and agreed that the advertising according to law, the Advertisement, the instructions to bidders, the proposal for the contract, the specifications, the revisions of the specifications, the special provisions, and also the plans for the work herein contemplated, said plans showing more particularly the details of the work to be done, shall be held to be, and are hereby made a part of this contract by specific reference thereto and with like effect as if each and all of said instruments had been set out fully herein in words and figures.

It is further agreed that for the same consideration the undersigned contractor shall be responsible for all loss or damage arising out of the nature of the work aforesaid; or from the action of the elements and unforeseen obstructions or difficulties which may be encountered in the prosecution of the same and for all risks of every description connected with the work, exceptions being those specifically set out in the contract; and for faithfully completing the whole work in good and workmanlike manner according to the approved Plans, Specifications, Special Provisions, Notice(s) to Bidders and requirements of the Mississippi Department of Transportation.

It is further agreed that the work shall be done under the direct supervision and to the complete satisfaction of the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Transportation, or his authorized representatives, and when Federal Funds are involved subject to inspection at all times and approval by the Federal Highway Administration, or its agents as the case may be, or the agents of any other Agency whose funds are involved in accordance with those Acts of the Legislature of the State of Mississippi approved by the Governor and such rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto by the Mississippi Transportation Commission and the authorized Federal Agencies.

The Contractor agrees that all labor as outlined in the Special Provisions may be secured from list furnished by

It is agreed and understood that each and every provision of law and clause required by law to be inserted in this contract shall be deemed to be inserted herein and this contract shall be read and enforced as though it were included herein, and, if through mere mistake or otherwise any such provision is not inserted, then upon the application of either party hereto, the contract shall forthwith be physically amended to make such insertion.

The Contractor agrees that he has read each and every clause of this Contract, and fully understands the meaning of same and that he will comply with all the terms, covenants and agreements therein set forth.

Witness our signatures this the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

Contractor (s) By Title			N	MISSISSIPPI TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION									
			By	_ By									
Signed and sealed in the presence of:				· ·	Executive Director								
(names a	and addresses	s of w	itness	es)									
						Secr	etary	to the Co	mmis	sion			
Award	authorized	by	the	Mississippi	Transportation	Commission	in	session	on	the		day	of
			,	, Minu	te Book No	, Page	No.		_•				
Revised	8/06/2003												

# SECTION 903 PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BOND

CONTRACT BOND FOR: IM-0020-0	<u>1(165) / 103914303</u>
LOCATED IN THE COUNTY(IES) OF:	Hinds
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,	
COUNTY OF HINDS	
Know all men by these presents: that we,	
	(Contractor)
	al, a
residing at	in the State of
and	( Granden)
	-
	in the State of,
authorized to do business in the State of Mi	ssissippi, under the laws thereof, as surety, are held and firmly bound
unto the State of Mississippi in the sum of	
(\$	) Dollars, lawful money of the United States of America, to be paid
to it for which payment well and truly to	be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, administrators, successors, or
assigns jointly and severally by these present	
Signed and sealed this the _	day of A.D
The conditions of this bond are such, that wh	ereas the said
principal, has (have) entered into a contract	with the Mississippi Transportation Commission, bearing the date of
day of	A.D hereto annexed, for the construction of certain projects(s)
	said contract in accordance with the Contract Documents therefor, on
file in the offices of the Mississippi Departm	
	in all things shall stand to and abide by and well and truly observe,
	ms, covenants, conditions, guarantees and agreements in said contract, l, done, kept and performed and each of them, at the time and in the

contained on his (their) part to be observed, done, kept and performed and each of them, at the time and in the manner and form and furnish all of the material and equipment specified in said contract in strict accordance with the terms of said contract which said plans, specifications and special provisions are included in and form a part of said contract and shall maintain the said work contemplated until its final completion and acceptance as specified in Subsection 109.11 of the approved specifications, and save harmless said Mississippi Transportation Commission from any loss or damage arising out of or occasioned by the negligence, wrongful or criminal act, overcharge, fraud, or any other loss or damage whatsoever, on the part of said principal (s), his (their) agents, servants, or employees in

## **SECTION 903 - CONTINUED**

the performance of said work or in any manner connected therewith, and shall be liable and responsible in a civil action instituted by the State at the instance of the Mississippi Transportation Commission or any officer of the State authorized in such cases, for double any amount in money or property, the State may lose or be overcharged or otherwise defrauded of, by reason of wrongful or criminal act, if any, of the Contractor(s), his (their) agents or employees, and shall promptly pay the said agents, servants and employees and all persons furnishing labor, material, equipment or supplies therefor, including premiums incurred, for Surety Bonds, Liability Insurance, and Workmen's Compensation Insurance; with the additional obligation that such Contractor shall promptly make payment of all taxes, licenses, assessments, contributions, damages, any liquidated damages which may arise prior to any termination of said principal's contract, any liquidated damages which may arise after termination of the said principal's contract due to default on the part of said principal, penalties and interest thereon, when and as the same may be due this state, or any county, municipality, board, department, commission or political subdivision: in the course of the performance of said work and in accordance with Sections 31-5-51 et seq. Mississippi Code of 1972, and other State statutes applicable thereto, and shall carry out to the letter and to the satisfaction of the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Transportation, all, each and every one of the stipulations, obligations. conditions, covenants and agreements and terms of said contract in accordance with the terms thereof and all of the expense and cost and attorney's fee that may be incurred in the enforcement of the performance of said contract, or in the enforcement of the conditions and obligations of this bond, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Witness our signatures and seals this the	day of A.D
(Contractors) Principal	Surety
Зу	By By (Signature) Attorney in Fact
	(Signature) Attorney in Fact
	Address
Title	
(Contractor's Seal)	(Printed) MS Agent
	(Signature) MS Agent
	Address
	(Surety Seal)
	Mississippi Insurance ID Number



KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we _		
	Contractor	
-	Address	
-	City, State ZIP	
as Principal, hereinafter called the Principal, and		
	Surety	
a corporation duly organized under the laws of the stat	e of	
as Surety, hereinafter called the Surety, are held and fin	rmly bound unto <u>State of Mississippi, Jackso</u>	on, Mississippi
As Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the sum of 1	Five Per Cent (5%) of Amount Bid	
	Dollars (\$	)
for the payment of which sum will and truly to be executors, administrators, successors and assigns, joint		d ourselves, our heirs,
WHEREAS, the Principal has submitted a bid for Mill Natchez Trace, known as Federal Aid Project No. D		
NOW THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is said Principal will, within the time required, enter int performance of the terms and conditions of the contra will pay unto the Obligee the difference in money be which the Obligee legally contracts with another party in no event shall liability hereunder exceed the penal st	o a formal contract and give a good and suffici- act, then this obligation to be void; otherwise the tween the amount of the bid of the said Princip to perform the work if the latter amount be in ex-	ient bond to secure the ne Principal and Surety pal and the amount for
Signed and sealed this day of		xcess of the former, but
Signed and sealed this day of		xcess of the former, but
Signed and sealed this day of		xcess of the former, but
	, 20 (Principal)	(Seal)
Signed and sealed this day of	, 20	
	, 20 (Principal)	(Seal)
	, 20(Principal)	(Seal) (Title)
	, 20 (Principal)	(Seal) (Title) (Seal)

Mississippi Insurance ID Number

## MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION OFFICE OF CIVIL RIGHTS JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI LIST OF FIRMS SUBMITTING QUOTES

**OCR-485** 

REV. 3/08

I/we received quotes from the following firms on Project No: **IM-0020-01(165) / 103914303** County: **Hinds** 

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Regulations as stated in 49 CFR 26.11 require the Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT) to create and maintain a comprehensive list of all firms quoting/bidding subcontracts on prime contracts and quoting/bidding subcontracts on federally-funded transportation projects. For every firm, we require the following information:

Firm Name:		
Contact Name/Title:		
Phone Number:		
-	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
Firm Name:		
Contact Name/Title:		
Phone Number:		
_	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
Firm Name:		
Contact Name/Title:		
Phone Number:		
-	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
Firm Name:		
Phone Number:		
-	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
Firm Name:		
Contact Name/Title:		
Firm Mailing Address_		
Phone Number:		
-	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
		SUBMITTED BY (Signature)
		SODWITTED DT (Signature)

FIRM NAME

Submit this form to **Contract Administration as a part of your bid package**. If this form is not **signed** and included as part of the bid packet, your bid will be deemed irregular. For further information about this form, call Mississippi DOT's Office of Civil Rights at (601) 359-7466; FAX (601) 576-4504.

Please make copies of this form when needed and also add those copies to the bid package.