Keyed

04 -



SM No. CNHPP0014020891

PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF

04

Overlay approximately 5 miles of US 98 from Industrial Park Rd. east to Old Hwy. 98 East, known as Federal Aid Project No. NHPP-0014-02(089) / 108366301 in Walthall County.

Project Completion: 104 Working Days

(STATE DELEGATED)

NOTICE

BIDDERS MUST COMPLETE AN ONLINE REQUEST FOR PERMISSION TO BID THIS PROJECT.

Electronic addendum updates will be posted on www.gomdot.com

SECTION 900

OF THE CURRENT 2017 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

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PROJECT: NHPP-0014-02(089)/108366301 - Walthall

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(REVISIONS TO THE ABOVE WILL BE INDICATED ON THE SECOND SHEET OF SECTION 905 AS ADDENDA)

04/27/2022 02:03 PM

SECTION 901 - ADVERTISEMENT

Electronic bids will be received by the Mississippi Transportation Commission at <u>10:00 o'clock A.M.</u>, <u>Tuesday</u>, <u>May 24</u>, <u>2022</u>, from the Bid Express Service and shortly thereafter publicly read on the Sixth Floor for:

Overlay approximately 5 miles of US 98 from Industrial Park Rd. east to Old Hwy. 98 East, known as Federal Aid Project No. NHPP-0014-02(089) / 108366301 in Walthall County.

The attention of bidders is directed to the Contract Provisions governing selection and employment of labor. Minimum wage rates have been predetermined by the Secretary of Labor and are subject to Public Law 87-581, Work Hours Act of 1962, as set forth in the Contract Provisions.

The Mississippi Department of Transportation hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively insure that in any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, sex, age, disability, religion or national origin in consideration for an award.

The award of this contract will be contingent upon the Contractor satisfying the DBE requirements.

Contractors may request permission to bid online at http://shopmdot.ms.gov at no cost. Upon approval, Contractors shall be eligible to submit a bid using Bid Express at http://bidx.com. Specimen proposals may be viewed and downloaded online at no cost at http://mdot.ms.gov or purchased online at http://shopmdot.ms.gov at a cost of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) per proposal plus a small convenience fee. Cash or checks will not be accepted as payment.

Plans must be purchased online at https://shopmdot.ms.gov. Costs of plans will be on a per sheet basis plus a small convenience fee. If you have any questions, you can contact the MDOT Plans Print Shop at (601) 359-7460, or e-mail at plans will be shipped upon receipt of payment.. Cash or checks will not be accepted as payment.

Bid bond, signed or countersigned by a Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent, with Power of Attorney attached, a Cashier's check or Certified Check for five (5%) percent of bid, payable to STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, must accompany each proposal.

The attention of bidders is directed to the provisions of Subsection 102.07 pertaining to irregular proposals and rejection of bids.

BRAD WHITE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUPPLEMENT TO NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1

DATE: 06/08/2021

SUBJECT: Governing Specifications

Change the web address at the end of the first paragraph to the following.

 $\underline{https://shop.mdot.ms.gov/default.aspx?StoreIndex=1}$

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1 CODE: (IS)

DATE: 03/01/2017

SUBJECT: Governing Specifications

The current (2017) Edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted by the Mississippi Transportation Commission is made a part hereof fully and completely as if it were attached hereto, except where superseded by special provisions, or amended by revisions of the Specifications contained within this proposal. Copies of the specification book may be purchased from the MDOT Construction Division, or online at shopmdot/default.aspx?StoreIndex=1.

A reference in any contract document to controlling requirements in another portion of the contract documents shall be understood to apply equally to any revision or amendment thereof included in the contract.

In the event the plans or proposal contain references to the 2004 Edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, it is to be understood that such references shall mean the comparable provisions of the 2017 Edition of the Standard Specifications.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2 CODE: (IS)

DATE: 03/01/2017

SUBJECT: Status of Right-of-Way

Although it is desirable to have acquired all rights-of-way and completed all railroad agreements, utility adjustments and work to be performed by others prior to receiving bids, sometimes it is not considered to be in the public interest to wait until each and every such clearance has been obtained. The bidder is hereby advised of possible unacquired rights-of-way, relocates, railroad agreements and utilities adjustments which have not been completed.

The status of right-of-way acquisition, utility adjustments, encroachments, potentially contaminated sites, railroad facilities, improvements, and asbestos contamination are set forth in the following attachments.

In the event right of entry is not available to <u>ALL</u> parcels of right-of-way and/or all work that is to be accomplished by others on the date set forth in the contract for the Notice to Proceed is not complete, the Department will issue a restricted Notice to Proceed.

STATUS OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

NHPP-0014-02(089) 108366/301000 Walthall County

All rights of way and legal rights of entry have been acquired except:

None.

ASBESTOS CONTAMINATION STATUS OF BUILDINGS
TO BE REMOVED BY THE CONTRACTOR
NHPP-0014-02(089)
108366/301000
Walthall County
February 3, 2022

Reference is made to notices to bidders entitled "Asbestos National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP)" and "Removal of Obstructions".

The following pertinent information is furnished concerning asbestos containing materials (ACMs), if any, found in buildings to be removed by the Contractor.

There is no Right of Way required for this project. There are no buildings to be removed by the contractor.

STATUS OF POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED SITES

NHPP-0014-02(089)

108366/301000

Walthall County

February 3, 2022

THERE IS NO RIGHT OF WAY REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT. NO INITIAL SITE ASSESSMENT WILL BE PERFORMED. IF CONTAMINATION ON EXISTING RIGHT OF WAY IS DISCOVERED, IT WILL BE HANDLED BY THE DEPARTMENT.



Inter-Departmental Memorandum

TO: Ms. Trudi Loflin

DATE: 2/1/22

Right-of-Way Division (84-01)

FROM: Lance Cutrer

Ce 2/1/22

SUBJECT OR PROJECT NO: NHPP-0014-02(089)

108366/301000

District Seven Preconstruction (17-01)

INFORMATION COPY TO:

COUNTY: Walthall

Preconstruction File

Central File

District Seven (Mr. White & Mr. Morris)

Right of Way Division (Ms. Brock)

Construction Division (Mr. Zivic)

1. STATUS OF RIGHT OF WAY: None required.

2. RIGHT OF WAY CLEARANCE: There are no encroachments.

3. STATUS OF AFFECTED RAILROAD OPERATING FACILITIES: None affected

4. STATUS OF REQUIRED UTILITY RELOCATIONS: None required.

5. STATUS OF CONSTRUCTION AGREEMENT: None required.

If any other information is required, please advise

Inter-Departmental Memorandum

TO:

Mr. Lance Cutrer

Dist. 7 Preconstruction Engineer

DATE:

January 31, 2022

FROM:

Jordan Whittington

Project Engineer 17-17

SUBJECT OR PROJECT NO: NHPP-0014-02(089)

108366/301000

INFORMATION COPY TO:

Project Office

COUNTY: Walthall

The above captioned project has been inspected and no encroachments were found to be located within the right of way limits of the project.

If any other information is required, please advise.

JSW

Improvements to be included in Notice to Bidders to be removed by the Construction Contractor FMS Construction Project No: 108366/301000 External ROW No: NHPP-0014-02(089)

Parcel No: Station No: Property Owner: Description/Pictures:

<u>NA</u>

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 01/17/2017

SUBJECT: Final Clean-Up

Immediately prior to final inspection for release of maintenance, the Contractor shall pick up, load, transport and properly dispose of all litter from the entire highway right-of-way that is within the termini of the project.

Litter shall include, but not be limited to, solid wastes such a glass, paper products, tires, wood products, metal, synthetic materials and other miscellaneous debris.

Litter removal is considered incidental to other items of work and will not be measured for separate payment.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 9

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 03/01/2017

SUBJECT: Federal Bridge Formula

Bidders are hereby advised that the latest revision of Federal Highway Administration Publication No. FHWA-HOP-06-105, **BRIDGE FORMULA WEIGHTS**, dated August 2006, is made a part of this contract when applicable.

Prior to the preconstruction conference, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer, in writing, what materials, if any, will be delivered to the jobsite via Interstate route(s).

Copies of the **BRIDGE FORMULA WEIGHTS** publication may be obtained by contacting:

Federal Highway Administration 400 7th Street, SW Washington, DC 20590 (202) 366-2212

or

http://www.ops.fhwa.dot.gov/Freight/publications/brdg frm wghts/bridge formula all rev.pdf

An on line BRIDGE FORMULA WEIGHTS CALCULATOR is available at

http://ops.fhwa.dot.gov/freight/sw/brdgcalc/calc_page.htm

CODE: (SP)

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 113

DATE: 04/18/2017

SUBJECT: Tack Coat

Bidders are advised that in addition to the products listed on the Department's APL as referenced in Subsection 401.03.1.2 on page 256, the Contractor may use one of the following as a tack coat.

- CSS-1
- CSS-1h
- SS-1
- SS-1h

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 296 CODE: (SP)

DATE: 07/25/2017

SUBJECT: Reduced Speed Limit Signs

Bidders are advised that when the plans or contract documents require the speed limit on a project to be reduced, the Contractor shall begin work within 48 hours of installing the reduced speed limit signs. Should the Contractor not start work or have no plans to start work within 48 hours of installing the signs, the reduced speed limit signs shall be covered and existing speed limit signs uncovered.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 445 CODE: (SP)

DATE: 10/10/2017

SUBJECT: Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent

Bidders are hereby advised of the requirements of Subsections 102.08, 103.05.2, and 107.14.2.1 of the 2017 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as it refers to bonding agents. Proposal guaranties, bonds, and liability insurance policies must be signed by a **Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent.**

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 516 CODE: (IS)

DATE: 11/28/2017

SUBJECT: Errata and Modifications to the 2017 Standard Specifications

<u>Page</u>	Subsection	<u>Change</u>					
16	102.06	In the seventh full paragraph, change "Engineer" to "Director."					
33	105.05.1	In the sixth sentence, change "Contract Administration Engineer" to "Contract Administration Director."					
34	105.05.2.1	In subparagraph 2, change "SWPPP, ECP" to "SWPPP and the ECP"					
35	105.05.2.2	In subparagraphs 2, add " and" to the end of the sentence. In subparagraph 3, remove ", and" and add ".".					
90	109.04.2	In the last paragraph of subparagraph (a), place a period "." at the end of the sentence.					
93	109.04.2	In the last paragraph of subparagraph (g), place a period "." at the end of the sentence. Also, in the first paragraph of subparagraph (h), place a period "." at the end of the sentence.					
97	109.07	Under ADJUSTMENT CODE, subparagraph (A1), change "HMA mixture" to "Asphalt mixtures."					
98	109.11	In the third sentence, change "Engineer" to "Director."					
219	308.04	In the last sentence of the last paragraph, change "Contractor's decision" to "Engineer's decision."					
300	405.02.5.9	In the first sentence of the second paragraph, change "Hot Mix Asphalt" to "Asphalt Mixtures."					
502	630.01.1	In the first paragraph, change "AASHTO" to "AASHTO's LRFD".					
636	646.05	Change "each" to "per each" for the pay item units of payment.					
640	656.02.6.2	In item 7), change "down stream" to "downstream".					
688	630.03.2	Change the subsection number from "630.03.2" to "680.03.2."					

725	702.08.3	In the second sentence of the first paragraph, change "hot-mix" to "asphalt."
954	804.02.13.1.6	In the definition for "M" in the % Reduction formulas, change "paragraph 7.3" to "paragraph 5.3."

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1225 CODE: (SP)

DATE: 11/13/2018

SUBJECT: Early Notice to Proceed

Bidders are advised that if an early notice to proceed is allowed by the Department and the Contractor experiences problems or delays between the early notice to proceed date and the original notice to proceed date, this shall not be justification for any monetary compensation or an extension of contract time.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1226

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 11/16/2018

SUBJECT: Material Storage Under Bridges

Bidders are advised that Subsection 106.08 of the Standard Specifications allows the Contractor to store materials and equipment on portions of the right-of-way. However, the Contractor will not be allowed to store or stockpile materials under bridges without written permission from the Project Engineer. The Contractor shall submit a detailed request of all proposed materials to be stored under bridges to the Engineer a minimum of 14 calendar days prior to anticipated storage. This detail shall include, but not limited to, bridge location, material type, material quantity, and duration of storage. The Project Engineer and any other needed Division will review this information and determine whether to grant approval. The Contractor shall not store any material under any bridge without written approval from the Project Engineer.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1241 CODE: (IS)

DATE: 11/27/2018

SUBJECT: Fuel and Material Adjustments

Bidder's attention is brought to the last paragraph of Subsection 109.07 of the Standard Specifications which states that no fuel or material adjustment will be made after the completion of contract time. Any fuels consumed or materials incorporated into the work during the monthly estimate period falling wholly after the expiration of contract time will not be subject a fuel or material adjustment.

CODE: (IS)

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2206

DATE: 01/14/2020

SUBJECT: MASH Compliant Devices

Bidders are hereby advised that compliance associated with the requirements of meeting either the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) for installations of certain traffic control devices and permanent safety hardware devices (guardrails, guardrail terminals, permanent portable barriers, cast-in-place barriers, all other permanent longitudinal barriers, crash cushions, cable barriers, cable barrier terminals, bridge rails, bridge rail transitions, all other terminals, sign supports, and all other breakaway hardware) as listed throughout the Standard Specifications and/or the Standard Drawings, or both, is now replaced with the requirements of meeting the 2016 version of MASH after December 31, 2019. This change applies to new permanent installations and to full replacements of existing installations.

At the preconstruction conference or prior to starting any work on the project, the Contractor shall submit a letter stating that the traffic control devices and permanent safety hardware devices as outlined within the paragraph above that are to be used on the project are certified to meet MASH 2016.

When a MASH 2016-compliant device does not exist for the new permanent installations and/or full replacement installations of permanent safety hardware devices, as listed above, a MASH 2009-compliant or a NCHRP 350-compliant device may be proposed by the Contractor for the project. A written request for such instances must be submitted by the Contractor either at the preconstruction conference or prior to starting any work on the project. The Contractor shall submit the following items to the Project Engineer: (1) a detailed list of the proposed devices and locations thereof; and (2) certification letters indicating that the proposed devices are compliant with either MASH 2009 or NCHRP 350.

When a MASH 2016-compliant device does not exist for the temporary work zone traffic control devices (Category 1, Category 2, and Category 3 devices), a MASH 2009-compliant or a NCHRP 350-compliant device may be proposed by the Contractor for the project. Temporary work zone traffic control devices (Category 1, Category 2, and Category 3 devices) that are MASH 2009-compliant or NCHRP 350-compliant that have been in use prior to December 31, 2019, and that have a remaining service life may be proposed for use throughout their normal service life on the project by the Contractor. For either of these scenarios for temporary work zone traffic control devices, a written request must be submitted by the Contractor either at the preconstruction conference or prior to starting any work on the project. The Contractor shall submit the following items to the Project Engineer: (1) a detailed list of the proposed devices and locations thereof; and (2) certification letters indicating that the proposed devices are compliant with either MASH 2009 or NCHRP 350.

Work will only be allowed to proceed after the Department has granted written concurrence(s) with the proposed request(s) as listed above.

CODE: (SP)

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2273

DATE: 02/12/2020

SUBJECT: Mississippi Special Fuel Tax Law

Bidder's attention is brought to the second paragraph of Subsection 107.02 of the Standard Specifications which states that all Contractors and Subcontractors must comply with all requirements contained in the Mississippi Special Fuel Tax Law, Section 27-55-501, et seq. Attached are two Fact Sheets provided by the Mississippi Department of Revenue (MDOR) with additional information.



Gasoline and Dyed Diesel Used for Non-Highway Purposes

Mississippi provides a reduced rate for gasoline and dyed diesel used for non-highway purposes. The reduced rates are 6.44 cents per gallon and 5.75 cents per gallon of gasoline or dyed diesel. These fuels are generally taxed at 18 cents per gallon if for on road use.

Gasoline Used for Non-Highway Purposes

You may be entitled to a refund of 11.56 cents per gallon (making this an equivalent to a tax rate of 6.44 cents per gallon) if you desire to purchase gasoline to be used off road. The gasoline must be used for agricultural, maritime, industrial, manufacturing, domestic or non-highway purposes only.

Examples of non-highway include gasoline used in boats, golf carts, machinery used for manufacturing or farm equipment used exclusively in plowing, planting or harvesting farm products.

Refund Gasoline User

The refund is based on the amount of gallons used. Before a refund is issued, you are required to...

- 1. Obtain a refund gasoline user's permit and a certificate for refund booklet from the Department of Revenue:
- 2. Have a storage tank marked "REFUND GASOLINE"; and,
- 3. Purchase the gasoline from someone who holds a refund gasoline dealer's permit.

No refund will be allowed for gasoline used in motor vehicles owned or operated by a government entity or used in Mississippi government contracts.

Refund Gasoline Dealer

You must obtain a refund gasoline dealer's permit from the Department of Revenue before selling refund gasoline. At no time should the gasoline be delivered to a tank that is not properly marked. The gasoline must be dyed a distinctive mahogany color at the time of delivery.

The Department of Revenue may waive the dye requirement if the dye may cause damage to the equipment. The refund gasoline user is required to obtain the waiver from the Department of Revenue.

Dyed Diesel Used for Non-Highway Purposes

Unlike gasoline, you are not required to apply for a refund if you desire to purchase dyed diesel to be used off road. Mississippi provides a reduced rate of 5.75 cents per gallon on dyed diesel used off road. Diesel used on road is subjected to 18 cents per gallon. Dyed diesel used in motor vehicles owned or operated by a government entity or used in Mississippi government contracts will be subjected to 18 cents per gallon.

Dyed Diesel Used on the Highway

Any person who purchases, receives, acquires or uses dyed diesel for highway use will be liable to pay 18 cents per gallon <u>and</u> subject to a penalty in the amount of \$1000.

Identifying Dyed Diesel

Storage facilities for dyed diesel must be plainly marked "NONHIGHWAY DIESEL FUEL" or "NONHIGHWAY KEROSENE". Retailers are also required to mark all pumps or dispensing equipment.



Page 1 of 1



Special Fuel Used on Government Contracts

State and Local Government Contracts

Special fuel purchased, acquired or used in performing contracts with the State of Mississippi, counties, municipalities or any political subdivision is taxed at a rate of 18 cents per gallon. Special fuel includes but is not limited to the following:

- Dyed diesel fuel;
- Kerosene;
- Undyed diesel fuel; and,
- Fuel oil.

State and local government contracts include construction, reconstruction and maintenance or repairs of projects such as roads, bridges, water systems, sewer systems, buildings, drainage canals and recreational facilities. The Department of Revenue may require contractors to remit the excise tax directly to the state in lieu of paying the tax to a distributor.

Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit

Contractors that remit the excise tax to the state will be issued a Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit. This permit relieves the distributor from collecting the tax and requires the contractor to file a monthly special fuel return. The distributor should include the contractor's permit number on all invoices that are related to tax-free sales.

The contractor is required to furnish a surety or cash bond guaranteeing the payment of the excise tax prior to receiving the Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit. The Department of Revenue may accept a contractors tax bond if the bond covers the excise tax levied on special fuel.

Special Fuel Distributors

If the contractor does not have a Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit, distributors are required to collect the 18 cents excise tax and remit the tax to the Department of Revenue. The additional 12.25 cents levied on special fuel (excluding undyed diesel) should be reported on schedules 5F and 5G of the special fuel return.

Environmental Protection Fee

Special fuel distributors are required to collect the environmental protection fee even if the contractor has a Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit. The fee is levied at 4/10^{ths} of a cent per gallon. The fee is suspended or reinstated when the trust fund has exceeded or fallen below the obligatory balance.

Penalties

Any person who knowingly and willfully purchases untaxed fuel for use in equipment utilized on a road or highway construction site in this state is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$100,000, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year, or both.

SUPPLEMENT TO NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2611

DATE: 05/02/2020

The goal is 2 percent for the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise. All Bidders are required to submit Form OCR-481 for all DBEs. Bidders are advised to check the bid tabulation link for this project on the MDOT website at:

https://mdot.ms.gov/portal/current letting

Bid tabulations are usually posted by 3:00 pm on Letting Day.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2611

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 05/21/2020

SUBJECT: Disadvantaged Business Enterprises In Federal-Aid Highway Construction

This contract is subject to the "Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21)" and applicable requirements of "Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 26." Portions of the Act are set forth in this Notice as applicable to compliance by the Contractor and all of the Act, and the MDOT DBE Program, is incorporated by reference herein.

The Department has developed a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program that is applicable to this contract and is made a part thereof by reference.

Copies of the program may be obtained from:

Office of Civil Rights Mississippi Department of Transportation P. O. Box 1850 Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1850

POLICY

It is the policy of the Mississippi Department of Transportation to provide a level playing field, to foster equal opportunity in all federally assisted contracts, to improve the flexibility of the DBE Program, to reduce the burdens on small businesses, and to achieve that amount of participation that would be obtained in a non-discriminatory market place. In doing so, it is the policy of MDOT that there will be no discrimination in the award and performance of federally assisted contracts on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin.

ASSURANCES THAT CONTRACTORS MUST TAKE

MDOT will require that each contract which MDOT signs with a sub-recipient or a Contractor, and each subcontract the Prime Contractor signs with a Subcontractor, includes the following assurances:

"The Contractor, sub-recipient or Subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR 26 in the award and administration of federally assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as MDOT deems appropriate."

DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this provision the following definitions will apply:

"Disadvantaged Business" means a small business concern: (a) which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individual(s) or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individual(s); and (b) whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individual(s) who own it. It is important to note that the business owners themselves must control the operations of the business. Absentee ownership or title ownership by an individual who does not take an active role in controlling the business is not consistent with eligibility as a DBE under 49 CFR Part 26.71.

CONTRACTOR'S OBLIGATION

The Contractor and all Subcontractors shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that DBE firms can compete for and participate in the performance of a portion of the work in this contract and shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin. Failure on the part of the Contractor to carry out the DBE requirements of this contract constitutes a breach of contract and after proper notification the Department may terminate the contract or take other appropriate action as determined by the Department.

When a contract has a zero percent (0%) DBE goal, the Contractor still has the responsibility to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that DBE firms can compete for and participate in the performance of the work in the contract. In this case, all work performed by a certified DBE firm is considered to be a "race neutral" measure and the Department will receive DBE credit towards the overall State goals when the DBE firm is paid for their work. If the Prime Contractor is a certified DBE firm, the Department can receive DBE credit only for the work performed by the Prime Contractor's work force or any work subcontracted to another DBE firm. Work performance by a non-DBE Subcontractor is not eligible for DBE credit.

CONTRACT GOAL

The goal for participation by DBEs is established for this contract in the attached Supplement. The Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that participation is equal to or exceeds the contract goal.

If the percentage of the contract that is proposed for DBEs is 1% or greater, the Contractor shall agree to meet or exceed the contract goal on the last bid sheet of the proposal.

All Bidders shall submit to the Office of Civil Rights Form OCR-481, signed by the Prime Contractor and the DBE Subcontractors, no later than the 3rd business day after opening of the bids.

Form OCR-481 is available on the MDOT website at <u>www.mdot.ms.gov</u> under the Civil Rights tab, or by calling 601-359-7466.

The OCR-481 Form must contain the following information:

The name and address of each certified DBE Contractor / Supplier;

The Reference Number, percent of work to be completed by the DBE subcontractor and the dollar amount of each item. If a portion of an item is subcontracted, a breakdown of that item including quantities and unit price must be attached, detailing what part of the item the DBE firm is to perform and who will perform the remainder of the item.

If the DBE Commitment shown on the last bid sheet of the proposal, does not equal or exceed the contract goal, the bidder must submit, to MDOT Contract Administration Division prior to bid opening, information to satisfy the Department that adequate good faith efforts have been made to meet the contract goal.

Failure of the lowest bidder to furnish acceptable proof of good faith efforts, <u>submitted to MDOT Contract Administration Division prior to bid opening</u>, shall be just cause for rejection of the proposal. Award may then be made to the next lowest responsive bidder or the <u>project may be re-advertised</u>.

GOOD FAITH EFFORTS

The following factors are illustrative of matters the Department will consider in judging whether or not the bidder has made adequate good faith effort to satisfy the contract goal.

- (1) Whether the bidder attended the pre-bid meeting that was scheduled by the Department to inform DBEs of subcontracting opportunities;
- (2) Whether the bidder advertised in general circulation, trade association, and minority-focus media concerning the subcontracting opportunities;
- (3) Whether the bidder provided written notice to a reasonable number of specific DBEs that their interest in the contract is being solicited;
- (4) Whether the bidder followed up initial solicitations of interest by contacting DBEs to determine with certainty whether they were interested;
- (5) Whether the bidder selected portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood of meeting the contract goal;
- (6) Whether the bidder provided interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications and requirements of the contract;

- (7) Whether the bidder negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs and did not reject them as unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities; and
- (8) Whether the bidder made efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining any required bonding or insurance.
- (9) Whether the bidder has written notification to certified DBE Contractors soliciting subcontracting for items of work in the contract.
- (10) Whether the bidder has a statement of why an agreement was not reached.
- (11) Proof of written notification to certified DBE Contractors by certified mail that their interest is solicited in subcontracting the work defaulted by the previous DBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.

The bidder's execution of the signature portion of the proposal shall constitute execution of the following assurance:

The bidder hereby gives assurance pursuant to the applicable requirements of "Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21)" and applicable requirements of "Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 26" that the bidder has made a good faith effort to meet the contract goal for DBE participation for which this proposal is submitted.

DIRECTORY

A list of "Certified DBE Contractors" which have been certified as such by the Mississippi Department of Transportation and other Unified Certification Partners (UPC) can be found on the Mississippi Department of Transportation website at www.mdot.ms.gov. The list is in the top left corner of the current Letting Calendar under Contracts & Letting. The DBE firm must be certified at the time the project is let and approved by MDOT to count towards meeting the DBE goal.

REPLACEMENT

If a DBE Subcontractor cannot perform satisfactorily, and this causes the OCR-481 commitment to fall below the contract goal, the Contractor shall take all necessary reasonable steps to replace the DBE with another certified DBE Subcontractor or submit information to satisfy the Mississippi Department of Transportation that adequate good faith efforts have been made to replace the DBE. The good faith efforts outlined previously in this document still apply. The replacement DBE must be a DBE who was on the Department's list of "Certified DBE Contractors" when the job was let, and who is still active. All DBE replacements must be approved by the Department.

Under no circumstances shall the <u>Prime</u> or any Subcontractor perform the DBE's work (as shown on the OCR-481) without prior written approval from the Department. See "Sanctions" at the end of this document for penalties for performing DBE's work.

When a Contractor proposes to substitute/replace/terminate a DBE that was originally named on the OCR-481, the Contractor must obtain a release, in writing, from the named DBE explaining why the DBE Subcontractor cannot perform the work. A copy of the original DBE's release must be attached to the Contractor's written request to substitute/replace/terminate along with appropriate Subcontract Forms for the substitute/replacement/terminated Subcontractor, all of which must be submitted to the DBE Coordinator and approved, in advance, by MDOT.

PRE-BID MEETING

A pre-bid meeting will be held in the Commission Room on the 1st Floor of the MDOT Administration Building in Jackson, at 2:00 P.M. on the day preceding the date of the bid opening.

This meeting is to inform DBE firms of subcontracting and material supply opportunities. Attendance at this meeting is considered of prime importance in demonstrating good faith effort to meet the contract goal.

PARTICIPATION / DBE CREDIT

Participation shall be counted toward meeting the goal in this contract as follows:

- (1) If the Prime Contractor is a certified DBE firm, only the value of the work actually performed by the DBE Prime can be counted towards the project goal, along with any work subcontracted to a certified DBE firm.
- (2) If the Contractor is not a DBE, the work subcontracted to a certified DBE Contractor will be counted toward the goal.
- (3) The Contractor may count toward the goal a portion of the total dollar value of a contract with a joint venture eligible under the standards of this provision equal to the percentage of the DBE partner in the joint venture.
- (4) Expenditures to DBEs that perform a commercially useful function may be counted toward the goal. A business is considered to perform a commercially useful function when it is responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work and carries out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved.
- (5) The Contractor may count 100% of the expenditures for materials and supplies obtained from certified DBE suppliers and manufacturers that produce goods from raw materials or substantially alters them for resale provided the suppliers and manufacturers assume the actual and contractual responsibility for the provision of the materials and supplies. The Contractor may count sixty percent (60%) of the expenditures to suppliers that are not

<u>manufacturers</u>, provided the supplier performs a commercially useful function in the supply process. Within 30 days after receipt of the materials, the Contractor shall furnish to the DBE Coordinator invoices from the certified supplier to verify the DBE goal.

- (6) Any work that a certified DBE firm subcontracts or sub-subcontracts to a non-DBE firm will not count towards the DBE goal.
- (7) Only the dollars <u>actually paid</u> to the DBE firm may be counted towards the DBE goal. The participation of a DBE Firm cannot be counted towards the Prime Contractor's DBE goal until the amount being counted towards the goal has been paid to the DBE.

AWARD

Award of this contract to the low bidder will be contingent upon the following conditions:

- (1) Concurrence from Federal Highway Administration, when applicable.
- (2) All Bidders must submit to the Office of Civil Rights for approval, Form OCR-481 (DBE Commitment) no later than the 3rd business day after opening of the bids to satisfy the Department and that <u>adequate good faith efforts</u> have been made to meet the contract goal. For answers to questions regarding Form OCR-481, contact the MDOT Office of Civil Rights at (601) 359-7466.
- (3) Bidder must include OCR-485 information with their bid proposal listing all firms that submitted quotes for material supplies or items to be subcontracted. OCR-485 information must be signed and included with the bid proposal. If the OCR-485 information is not included as part of bid proposal, your bid will be deemed irregular.

Prior to the start of any work, the bidder must notify the Project Engineer, in writing, of the name of the designated "DBE Liaison Officer" for this project. This notification must be posted on the bulletin board at the project site.

DEFAULT

If the <u>contract goal established</u> by MDOT in this proposal is 1% or greater, it must be met to fulfill the terms of the contract. The Contractor may list DBE Subcontractors and items that exceed MDOT's contract goal, but should unforeseen problems arise that would prevent a DBE from completing its total commitment percentage, the Contractor <u>will</u> meet the terms of the contract as long as it <u>meets</u> or <u>exceeds MDOT's Contract Goal</u>. For additional information, refer to "Replacement" section of this Notice.

DBE REPORTS

(1) OCR-481: Refer to "CONTRACT GOAL" section of this Notice to Bidders for information regarding this form.

- (2) OCR-482: At the conclusion of the project, before the final estimate is paid and the project is closed out, the Prime Contractor will submit to the Project Engineer for verification of quantities and further handling Form OCR-482 whereby the Contractor certifies to the amounts of payments made to all Contractors / Suppliers over the life of the contract. The Project Engineer shall submit the completed Form OCR-482 to the DBE Coordinator (Office of Civil Rights). Final acceptance of the project is dependent upon Contract Administration Division's receipt of completed Form OCR-482 which they will receive from the Office of Civil Rights.
- (3) OCR-483: The Project Engineer/Inspector will complete Form OCR-483, the Commercially Useful Function (CUF) Performance Report, in accordance with MDOT S.O.P. No. OCR-03-05-02-483. Evaluations reported on this form are used to determine whether or not the DBE firm is performing a CUF. The Prime Contractor should take corrective action when the report contains any negative evaluations. DBE credit may be disallowed and/or other sanctions imposed if it is determined the DBE firm is not performing a CUF. This form should also be completed and returned to the DBE Coordinator (Office of Civil Rights).
- (4) OCR-484: Each month, the Prime Contractor will submit to the Project Engineer OCR-484 that certifies payments to all Subcontractors and shows all firms even if the Prime Contractor has paid no monies to the firm during that estimate period (negative report). The Project Engineer will attach the form to the monthly estimate before forwarding to the Contract Administration Division for further processing. Failure of the Contractor to submit the OCR-484 will result in the estimate not being processed and paid.
- (5) OCR-485: <u>ALL BIDDERS</u> must submit <u>signed form with bid proposal</u> of all firms that submitted quotes for material supplies or items to be subcontracted. If the OCR-485 information is not included as part of bid proposal, the bid will be deemed irregular.
- (6) OCR-487: Only used by Prime Contractors that are certified DBE firms. This form is used in determining the exact percentage of DBE credit for the specified project. The low Bidder should return this form to MDOT with the OCR-481 form, or can also be returned with the Permission to Subcontract Forms (CAD-720, CAD-725 and CAD-521).

DBE Forms, can be obtained from the Office of Civil Rights Division, MDOT Administration Building, 401 North West Street, Jackson, MS, or at www.mdot.ms.gov under the Civil Rights tab.

SANCTIONS

The Department has the option to enforce any of the following penalties for failure of the Prime Contractor to fulfill the DBE goal as stated on the OCR-481 form or any violations of the DBE program guidelines:

(1) Disallow credit towards the DBE goal

- (2) Withhold progress estimate payments
- (3) Deduct from the final estimate or recover an amount equal to the unmet portion of the DBE goal which may include additional monetary penalties as outlined below based on the number of offenses and the severity of the violation as determined by MDOT.

1 st Offense	10% of unmet portion of goal	or	\$5,000 lump sum payment	or	Both
2 nd Offense	20% of unmet portion of goal	or	\$10,000 lump sum payment	or	Both
3 rd Offense	40% of unmet portion of goal	or	\$20,000 lump sum payment	or	\$20,000 lump sum payment and debarment

(4) Debar the Contractor involved from bidding on MDOT federally funded projects for a period of up to 12 months after notification by certified email.

CODE: (SP)

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2782

DATE: 8/13/2020

SUBJECT: DBE Pre-Bid Meeting

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the Department not allowing visitors in the Administration Building at this time, the DBE Pre-Bid Meeting referenced on Page 5 of Notice to Bidders No. 2611 will be held by <u>video conference only</u>. The meeting will be held at 2:00 P.M. on the day preceding the date of the bid opening using Zoom video conferencing software. Anyone interested in participating can download Zoom and connect to the meeting at the below link.

https://zoom.us/j/5548736403?pwd=SDh5S2hQSE5pNG5FOEkzR3NsUnBYQT09

Password (if prompted): 272147

For those unable to participate via Zoom, the below teleconference number may be used instead.

1-888-227-7517

Conference Code: 404496

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2812

CODE; (SP)

DATE: 09/01/2020

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal and ITS Components

Bidders are hereby advised that all products selected for use on this project shall be in compliance with 2 CFR 200.216. No telecommunication and video surveillance equipment or services shall be manufactured by the following companies: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, Dahua Technology Company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of these entities.

The Contractor shall provide a Certification Statement that the referenced product(s) is not manufactured by any of the following: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, Dahua Technology Company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of these entities. (as per 2 CFR 200.216)

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SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2954

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 12/01/2020

SUBJECT: Reflective Sheeting for Signs

Bidders are hereby advised that the retroreflective sign sheeting used for signs on this project shall be as listed below and shall meet the requirements of Subsection 721.06.

Temporary Construction Signs

Temporary traffic control (orange) sign sheeting shall be a minimum Type IX Fluorescent Orange sheeting as shown in Special Provision 907-721.

Permanent Signs

Permanent signs, except signs on traffic signal poles/mast arms, shall be as follows:

- Brown background sheeting on guide signs shall be a minimum Type VIII sheeting,
- Green and blue background sheeting on guide signs shall be a minimum Type IX sheeting, and
- All white, yellow, red, fluorescent yellow, and fluorescent yellow/green sheeting shall be Type XI sheeting.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3676 CODE: (SP)

DATE: 09/21/2021

SUBJECT: Asphalt Gyratory Compactor Internal Angle Calibration

Bidders are advised that by March 1, 2022, all asphalt gyratory compactors shall be calibrated to an internal angle of $1.16^{\circ} \pm 0.02^{\circ}$. This requirement will be reflected in updates made to MT-78, MT-80, and MT-83. This calibration requirement also extends to all QC/QA testing.

CODE: (IS)

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3875

DATE: 12/15/2021

SUBJECT: ITS General Requirements

For this Notice to Bidders, the "Engineer" shall mean the Project Engineer and/or their designee(s) throughout the rest of this NTB, unless stated otherwise.

Submittals

All submittals covered under this section shall be made electronically to the Project Engineer and to the ITS Engineer, shall clearly state the project name and project number, and should be in as few separate submittals as possible.

All products selected for use on this project shall be in compliance with 2 CFR 200.216, in addition to all other contract requirements as outlined throughout the specifications, special provisions and plans. No telecommunication and video surveillance equipment or services shall be manufactured by the following companies: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, Dahua Technology Company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of these entities.

<u>Product Data.</u> Manufacturers' product data including specifications/cut-sheets, design guides, installation manuals, operating manuals, and maintenance/service manuals shall be submitted by the Contractor for each component of the ITS system, including but not limited to cabinets, controllers, sensors, conduit, pull boxes, hardware, and all other parts of the system selected for installation.

The complete information for the original product data submittal shall be contained in as few submittals as possible and be in an organized fashion.

The product data submittal shall be accompanied by a specification checklist. At a minimum, this checklist shall clearly state the following:

- 1) The project name and project number
- 2) The date of the submittal
- 3) The pay item number and description
- 4) The part and/or model number, matching the cut-sheet
- 5) The manufacturer
- 6) A Certification Statement that the referenced product is not manufactured by any of the following: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, Dahua Technology Company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of these entities. (as per 2 CFR 200.216)
- 7) Every material requirement as stated in in this Notice to Bidders and as outlined elsewhere within this contract.

8) A statement of whether the product complies with the requirements set forth in the specifications, special provisions, plans and NTB. If product is not compliant, an explanation of non-compliance shall be provided.

All subsections of a particular section may be omitted if the section heading is included, is indicated to be not applicable, and that it is evident that all subsections being omitted are also not applicable.

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to guarantee the accuracy of the checklist.

Other Submittals. The following submittals shall be required:

- 1) Shop Drawings
- 2) Cabinet wiring diagrams with system labeling schedule.
- 3) Site wiring/connection drawings.
- 4) Rack diagrams showing rack mounted equipment.
- 5) All documentation as described in the Project Testing Plan Requirements section below.
- 6) Project Record Drawings:
 - a. The purpose of Project Record Drawings is to provide factual information regarding all aspects of the Work, to enable future service, modifications, and additions to the Work.
 - b. Project Record Drawings are an important element of this Work. Contractor shall accurately maintain Project Record Drawings throughout the course of this project.
 - c. Project Record Drawings shall include documentation of all Work, including the conduit locations, pull box locations, equipment locations, foundation details, setup parameters and wiring and block diagrams.
 - d. Project Record Drawings shall accurately show the physical placement of the following:
 - i. Cabinets, sensors, pull boxes, and other materials installed at each site.
 - ii. Conduit runs and splicing information.
 - e. Project Record Drawings shall show the physical placement of each system component installed during the project at each site. Where the plan details do not depict actual field conditions, the Contractor shall amend the construction plan as required.
- 7) Upon completion of Work, and prior to Final Acceptance, the Contractor shall prepare and submit the final record set of Project Record Drawings. This set shall reflect the installed Work.
- 8) Closeout Submittals A set of Project Record Drawings shall be provided to the Project Engineer and ITS Engineer for any items that changed or were not previously submitted, including:
 - a. Project Record Drawings
 - b. Product Data
 - c. Installation Manuals
 - d. Operating Manuals
 - e. Maintenance/Service Manuals

As-Built Plans. The Contractor shall provide GPS locations of all pull boxes, splices,

termination equipment cabinets, ITS field locations and all pole locations. The Contractor shall record and submit the sequential footage markers from the fiber optic trunk and drop cables for each GPS location. The Contractor shall provide scanned PDF files of all plan sheets with pen and ink markups. The Contractor shall provide a site location inventory of ITS devices to include manufacturer model, serial numbers, MAC addresses, and IP addresses (as applicable) for all installed devices. All documentation will be due to the Department a minimum of thirty (30) calendar days after the installation.

Additional Quality Assurance Measures

The project shall be constructed in such a manner as to comply with environmental regulations and erosion control as specified in the plans and elsewhere in MDOT standard specifications.

At the completion of the Work, the site shall be cleaned, restored, grassed and otherwise stabilized to a condition consistent with conditions before work began. This work shall be paid for under other items of work.

All disturbed signs, guardrail, markers, fencing, and other roadway appurtenances shall be restored. Disturbed roadway appurtenances that require complete removal and replacement will be identified within the contract and will have separate pay items and quantities set forth for such work.

The Contractor shall clean-up debris caused by Contractor's activities on a daily basis as the work progresses. This work shall be paid for under other items of work.

All work-related accidents shall be reported immediately to the Project Engineer or his/her representative.

<u>Maintenance and Technical Support.</u> The supplier must provide and have a parts support system capable of providing parts for the length of the warranty period.

Project Testing Plan Requirements

The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Plan as required below in addition to all other project testing and acceptance procedures required elsewhere in the specifications and Plans. Some specifications contain details regarding the testing for individual device types or attributes, but this section outlines the overall testing plans for the entire project as a whole. The Project Testing Plan shall include a series of tests on all project materials occurring at various stages in the project. All costs associated with the Project Testing Plan shall be absorbed in contract pay items; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

<u>General Requirements.</u> The Contractor is responsible for planning, coordinating, conducting and documenting all aspects of the Project Testing Plan as detailed below and providing all required equipment for the tests. The Engineer reserves the right to attend and observe all tests.

Each test shall be an individual and separate event for each type of test and for each type of equipment as defined elsewhere within this NTB. The Contractor shall follow the testing sequence as described in this NTB and shall perform the required tests on all applicable

devices and infrastructure.

Test procedures shall be submitted and approved for each test as part of the project submittals programs. Test procedures shall include every action necessary to fully demonstrate that the material under test is clearly and definitively in full compliance with all project requirements. Test procedure actions shall cross-reference to the specifications or Plans requirement that is the subject of the test action. Test procedure actions shall cross-reference the applicable sections of the final approved Project Submittal Compliance Form and the submittal materials for the subject of the test action. Test procedures shall contain test setup and block/wiring diagrams showing all materials being tested and all test and measurement equipment, with calibration documentation, and shall contain documentation regarding the equipment configurations and programming. Test procedures shall include checkoff blanks for each project requirement included in that test and shall include forms for the documentation of all measured test results.

No testing shall be scheduled until approval of all project submittals for all materials covered under a given test and approval of the test procedures for the given test has been granted.

Unless otherwise required herein, the Contractor shall request in writing the Engineer's approval for each test occurrence a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date. Test requests shall include the test to be performed and the material to be tested. The Engineer reserves the right to reschedule tests if needed.

For any series of tests on different installations of a given material (e.g., different sections of cable), the Contractor shall request in writing the Engineer's approval for the first test occurrence of the series a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date, regardless of the notification requirements for subsequent test occurrences.

The Contractor shall provide all ancillary equipment, materials, diagnostic and test software, and computers as required in the approved test procedures.

All test results shall be documented in writing by the Contractor in accordance with the test procedure and submitted to the Engineer within seven (7) days of the completion of the test. Any given test session is considered incomplete until the Engineer has approved the documentation for that test session.

The Contractor shall provide test results documentation in electronic format and printed format (3 copies). Electronic formats shall be provided in both PDF and Microsoft Excel or other approved application. Printed copies shall be bound and organized by test, equipment type, and individual unit.

- Two sets are for the Traffic Engineering ITS Department
- One set is for the Engineer

All test results shall be provided in English units of measure.

All test results deemed by the Engineer to be unsatisfactorily completed shall be repeated by the Contractor, following all test requirements as defined elsewhere in this NTB and contract specifications. This shall include a request in writing for the Engineer's approval for the repeated test a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date, unless this requirement is waived by the Engineer. In the written request for each test occurrence that is a repeat of a previous test, the Contractor shall summarize the diagnosis and correction of each aspect of the previous test that was deemed unsatisfactory. Any revisions to the test procedures for a repeated test occurrence shall meet all requirements for the original test procedures, including review and approval by the Engineer.

The satisfactory completion of any test shall not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility to provide a completely acceptable and operating system that meets all requirements of this project.

It is possible for the Contractor to schedule multiple test dates and revise the actual test being performed on a particular day if; 1) the Engineer approves of the change, 2) all test scheduling requirements above have still been met for the actual test to be performed on the date, and 3) there is not an unreasonable change of location, time, duration, or requirement of the Engineer.

<u>Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)</u>. FATs shall be conducted at the Manufacturer or Contractor's facility or at a facility acceptable to all parties prior to shipping from the factory. The goal of the FAT is to verify that the equipment meets the requirements of the specifications. All equipment to be utilized for this project shall be subject to tests that demonstrate the suitability of the design and manufacturing procedures and compliance with the contract requirements, unless an exception for a specific equipment item is granted by the Engineer. The tests shall be performed on production units identified to be delivered under this Contract. As a minimum, a FAT is required for each of the following project materials:

• Dynamic Message Signs

The FAT testing procedures and results for specifically identified materials shall demonstrate that all testing requirements as outlined within the contract (standard specifications, plans, special provisions, and notice to bidders) are met, including, but not limited to: functional/system performance requirements, electrical requirements, data transmission/communication requirements, safety/password requirements, environmental requirements, and interface requirements with other components of the project system.

The Engineer reserves the right to waive FATs which are deemed to be unnecessary and reserves the right to witness all FATs that are determined to be critical to the project. At the Engineer's discretion, the Engineer may be in attendance at the FAT for any units tested. The FAT for the first three (3) units shall be conducted during the same time period and shall be completed before additional units are produced.

The Engineer shall be notified a minimum of 45 calendar days in advance of such tests. Salary and travel expenses of the Engineer and his/her representatives will be the responsibility of the Department. In case of equipment or other failures that make a retest necessary, travel expenses associated with retests for the Engineer and his/her representatives shall be the responsibility of

the Contractor. The travel expenses shall include all costs associated with having a two-person Engineer review team on site, including but not limited to airfare, automobile rental, lodging, and per diem. These costs, excluding airfare, shall not exceed \$500.00 per representative, per day. These costs shall be deducted from the payments due or charged to the withholding account of the Contractor when the project is terminated.

The vendor must complete the FAT on all remaining units on their own and submit documentation to the Engineer that the FATs were completed. The Engineer reserves the right to randomly attend those FAT tests.

No equipment for which a FAT is required shall be shipped to the project site without successful completion of factory acceptance testing as approved by the Engineer and the Engineer's approval to ship.

Bench Test Components (BTC). The Contractor shall perform a complete BTC on the lesser of the full contract quantity of units of equipment and materials or the number of units required as specified in this subsection below. The quantity listed in the subsection below is a "minimum" quantity and the Engineer reserves the right to require testing of additional quantities if the initial testing is not deemed adequate. The Contractor shall provide the testing location and facility, which shall be in Mississippi and within a 25-mile radius of the project limits. The test location must be approved by the Engineer as part of the BTC test procedure submittal.

The BTC shall demonstrate that all equipment and materials are in full compliance with all project requirements and works "out of the box" by visual inspection, setup and operation "on the bench", functional testing of the component including manufacturer's recommended startup diagnostics, and testing prior to any field installation of that equipment or material. Test results documentation shall be provided for each equipment item and material in the full contract quantity; test results documentation shall include the manufacturer's serial number and the project location ID for each item.

As a minimum, a BTC is required for each of the following project materials for quantities as shown.

- Closed Circuit Television Equipment, 4 PTZ units & 6 fixed units
- Dynamic Message Sign, 2 complete units of each type
- Travel Time Signs, 2 compete units
- Network Switches Type A, 4 units
- Network Switches Type B & F, 2 units each
- Network Switches, Type C, D, & E, 1 unit each
- ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Sensors, 6 units
- Highway Advisory Radios, 2 units
- Radio Interconnect System, 4 units of each type
- Bluetooth Detection System, 6 units
- DSRC devices, 6 units
- Roadway Weather Information System, 2 complete units
- Traveler Information Video Kiosk, 2 complete units

- Smart Work Zone System
 - o Portable CCTV station, 2 complete units
 - o Non-Intrusive Vehicle Detection Devices / Portable Traffic Sensors, 4 complete units
 - o Highway Advisory Radio, 2 complete units
 - o Portable Changeable Message Signs, 2 complete units
 - o Portable Traffic Signal, 2 complete units
- Off-the-shelf and Vendor Software, all necessary
- Equipment Cabinet (Type A), 2 cabinets
- Equipment Cabinet (Type B), 4 cabinets
- Equipment Cabinet (Type C), 2 cabinets

<u>Pre-Installation Tests (PIT)</u>. The Contractor shall perform Pre-Installation Tests (PIT) on all device quantities that are not included in the BTC. The Contractor shall provide the testing location and facility, which shall be within a 25-mile radius of the project limits or as approved by the Engineer. The test location must be approved by the Engineer as part of the PIT test procedure submittal. The PIT shall be a shortened version of the BTC to ensure the equipment will power up, operate, and was not damaged during shipment. The Engineer reserves the right to attend any PIT as desired; however, the contractor shall submit documentation of the PITs whether the Engineer is present or not. In addition to these requirements, see the DMS, TTS, and Fiber Optic Cable Special Provisions for more details.

Stand Alone Site Tests (SAT). The Contractor shall perform a complete SAT on all equipment and materials associated with the field device site, including but not limited to electrical service, conduit, pull boxes, communication links infrastructure (fiber, leased copper, wireless), cable, poles, camera lowering devices, device communication cables, cabinet apparatus, etc. The goal of the SAT is to verify that the equipment has been properly installed and commissioned according to the manufacturer requirements. A SAT shall be conducted at every field device site including communications hubs. A SAT shall be conducted for a fully installed and completed control center in the TMC as described in the TMC modification NTB. A SAT shall be conducted for all fiber optic infrastructure.

The SAT shall demonstrate that all equipment and materials are in full compliance with all project requirements, are fully functional as installed, and are in their final configuration. As part of this demonstration, SATs shall include but are not limited to the following:

- A visual inspection of the cabinet and all construction elements at the site to ensure they are compliant with the Specifications and have no physical damage or deformities.
- The inspection of the cabinet at each site shall include the functional test of all cabinet equipment, including circuit breaker, receptacles, fan and thermostat, lights, and door switches.
- Verify that manufacturer documentation for each device is present.
- A measurement of the DC power supply shall be made at the cabinet when it is operating under full load.
- Verify that all equipment has proper power, surge protector, and grounding connections.
- Inspect the integrity of all cable connections and terminations and verify that the cables are

connected and terminated as specified in the Plans.

The SATs for each site type shall include but are not limited to the following:

- CCTV Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the CCTV Cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation of the CCTV, Network Switch, and the link(s) to any devices that are connected to the Power Supply in the CCTV Cabinet. The SAT shall include a 5-minute recording of each PTZ and Fixed camera showing the field of view and video quality. Two copies of the recording shall be provided to the Engineer on USB flash drives. The recording will start at the preset default position(s) and will demonstrate the full zoom capabilities of the cameras, as well as the full range of the pan and tilt functions of PTZ cameras. This recording shall be in a format playable with Windows Media Player or pre-approved by the Engineer.
- ITS Communications HUT Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the HUT and shall demonstrate the complete operation of all equipment inside the HUT including Network Switches. This also includes visual inspection of the Site elements associated with the HUT.
- ITS Termination Cabinet Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the termination cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation of all equipment inside the cabinet including Network Switches. This also includes visual inspection of the Site elements associated with the termination cabinet.
- Radio Interconnect System Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted from the cabinets at both ends of the communications link (even if one end consists of existing equipment) and shall demonstrate that the radios, the antennas, the entire link, the Network Switch, and the transmission of video and/or data are fully operational. See Radio Interconnect Special Provision for more details.
- *Highway Advisory Radio Site Test:* Shall be conducted at the HAR cabinet, antenna, and advisory signs and shall demonstrate complete operation of recordings, transmissions, and remote flashing beacon unit(s). See HAR Special Provision for more details.
- Fiber Optic Cable Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at each Cabinet and at each HUB and shall include both power meter tests and OTDR tests. See Fiber Optic Special Provision for more details.
- Conduit Detection Wire Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at each pull box and shall demonstrate that a continuous run of conduit detection wire was installed between pull boxes, vaults, cabinets, and structures as required.
- ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the IRVD Cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation, proper configuration, and verification of detection for each lane of traffic or zone of the IRVD unit(s).
- BDS Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the Device Cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation and proper configuration of the unit(s), verify network connection to the BDS through ping and telnet sessions from a remote PC, and confirm that the system is fully functional by detecting Bluetooth devices at a sample rate approved by the Engineer.
- RWIS Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the RWIS Cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation and proper configuration of the RWIS and shall verify that the remote flashing beacon unit(s) on the warning signs are activated properly as

- specified and will de-activate automatically without renewal at preset intervals.
- SWZ Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at each device at its initial location and shall demonstrate the complete operation and proper configuration of the device as described in the Smart Work Zone Special Provision and NTB. At any subsequent locations, at a minimum, a document verifying that the device is configured for the new location shall be submitted to the Engineer.
- Kiosk Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the device, verify all required video layouts and displays, demonstrate all required software features, and demonstrate the complete operation of the device and Network Switch. Refer to the Traveler Information Video Kiosk specification for more details.
 - DMS & TTS Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the Device Cabinet, verify that all pixels are operational, verify that the sign can be controlled locally through both the serial and Ethernet ports, and demonstrate the complete operation of the device and Network Switch. The signs shall be delivered with and tested using default fonts and sizes that are provided by the MDOT ATMS drivers.

The Contractor shall request in writing the Engineer's approval for each test occurrence a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date. The Contractor shall arrange, at no additional expense to the State, the attendance of a qualified technical representative of the equipment manufacturer to attend each test until a minimum of two (2) sites of that type are approved.

<u>Sub-System Test (SST)</u>. The Contractor shall perform an SST on each DMS and TTS to verify and document that all remote TTS and DMS functions and alarms are operational from the TMC.

An SST is required for at least ten percent (10%) of each of the following devices being placed for the project, taken by a random sampling: BDS, Network Switch, IRVD, HAR, Radio, CCTV, Video Vehicle Detection, and RWIS including beacons. The SST will require the Contractor to demonstrate and document that all functions and alarms are operational from the TMC.

An SST is required for each Traveler Information Kiosk in the project and will require the Contractor to demonstrate and document the features demonstrated in the Kiosk SAT using remote access from the TMC.

An SST is required for each Smart Work Zone device in the project and will require the Contractor to demonstrate and document the connection between the device and the central data/video collection site. Once a Smart Work Zone device has been verified to be properly configured, working, and communicating at its current location, the device can be utilized without further testing. The Conditional System Acceptance Test, Burn-in period, Final Inspection, or Final System Acceptance is not required for a device being solely utilized as part of the temporary Smart Work Zone System. Devices moved to a new location do require verification that they are still working as intended in the new location.

The Contractor shall coordinate the SST to be performed with the Project Engineer or designee present. The Contractor shall provide an SST plan to the Project Engineer for review and approval a minimum of two weeks in advance of tests being performed.

Conditional System Acceptance Test. The Contractor shall perform a complete conditional system acceptance test on all equipment and materials in the project. The Contractor shall not request the conditional system acceptance test until the SATs have been satisfactorily completed, all as-built documentation has been submitted and approved, and all other project work has been completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Prior to a Conditional System Acceptance Test, the Contractor shall provide advance notice of and written test results documenting that the Contractor has performed a dry-run of the conditional system acceptance test. The Engineer reserves the right to attend a dry-run test session.

The Contractor shall coordinate the CSAT with the Engineer. The Contractor shall provide a CSAT plan to the Engineer and be approved a minimum of fourteen (14) calendar days in advance of tests being performed. The CSAT plan shall be inclusive of steps and procedures to be performed and scheduled times to perform test procedures.

The Contractor shall test all project systems simultaneously from the State TMC in a manner equivalent to the normal day-to-day operation of the system. The Conditional System Acceptance Test shall demonstrate that all equipment and materials in the network are in full compliance with all project requirements and fully functional as installed and in final configuration, communicating with and being controlled through the control center at the State TMC. If pre-processing systems (e.g., edge computing) or post-processing systems (e.g., video image processing and analytics, detection in one device triggering an alarm or event in another device, etc.) are present, these shall be tested, verified, and documented as working as intended during the CSAT. Edge computing is where data-handling activities, such as analysis and event-triggering, takes place near the physical location that the data is collected.

The Engineer reserves the right to require, at no additional expense to the State, the attendance of a qualified technical representative of the equipment and/or software manufacturers to attend any given Conditional System Acceptance Test.

Upon completion and full approval of the Conditional System Acceptance Test for all equipment in all phases, Conditional System Acceptance will be given and the Burn-in Period will begin.

Burn-In Period. Following the Engineer's written notice of successful completion of the Conditional System Acceptance Test, the entire newly installed system must operate successfully for a thirty (30) day burn-in period. The Contractor shall be responsible for the full maintenance of the newly installed equipment during the burn-in period. This maintenance includes all troubleshooting and repairs as well as providing preventive maintenance that meets the equipment manufacturer's recommendations. However, no separate payment will be made during the burn-in period. Successful completion of the burn-in period will occur at the end of thirty (30) complete days of operation without a system failure attributable to hardware, software or communications components. Each system failure during the burn-in period will require an additional thirty (30) days of successful operation prior to being eligible for Final Acceptance (i.e., if the initial burn-in period is thirty (30) days and there are two (2) system failures during this time, the burn-in period would be increased to ninety (90) days).

Burn-In General Requirements:

- Determination of a system failure shall be at the sole discretion of the Engineer.
- System failure is defined as a condition under which the system is unable to function as a whole or in significant part to provide the services as designed. While a single component failure will not constitute a system failure, chronic failure of that component or component type may be sufficient to be considered a system failure. Chronic failure of a component or component type is defined as three (3) or more failures for the same component during the burn-in period.
- Components are defined as contract items or major material elements in a contract item. For electrical and electronic contract items, components are defined as the complete assembly of materials that makes up the contract item.
- Specifically exempted as system failures are failures caused by accident, acts of God, or other external forces that are beyond the control of the Contractor. However, failure of the contractor to respond to the repair request for that failure within 24 hours may be considered a system failure.
- The Department will advise the Contractor in writing when it considers that a system failure has occurred or chronic failure exists.
- If multiple system and/or chronic failures continue to occur throughout the burn-in period due to a single component type, the Contractor may be required to replace all units of that component type with a different model or manufacturer.
 - The Contractor shall document all failures and subsequent diagnosis and repair. The repair documentation shall include as a minimum:
 - o Description of the problem
 - o Troubleshooting and diagnosis steps
 - o Repairs made
 - o List of all equipment and materials changed including serial numbers.
 - o Update of the equipment inventory where needed.
 - O The Contractor shall provide the repair documentation to the Engineer within two (2) days of completing the repair; failure to provide acceptable documentation as required shall be reason to not approve the repair as complete. The Engineer will provide acceptance or rejection of the repair and documentation within seven (7) days of receiving the repair documentation.
 - o The Engineer reserves the right to require, at no additional expense to the State, the presence of a qualified technical representative of the equipment and/or software manufacturers as related to the diagnosis and/or repair of any system failure.
 - During the burn-in period, the Contractor shall perform incidental work such as touching up, cleaning of exposed surfaces, leveling and repair of sites, sodding/grassing and other maintenance work as may be deemed necessary by the Engineer to ensure the effectiveness and neat appearance of the work sites.
 - During the burn-in period, the Engineer shall maintain a "burn-in period punch list" that contains required Contractor actions but that the Engineer does not define as a system failure. Each burn-in period punch list action item shall be completed by the Contractor to the Engineer's satisfaction within seven (7) days of Contractor notification of the action item.
 - During the burn-in period, the Contractor is required to meet the following response times

once notified there is a problem. A response is defined as being on-site to begin diagnosing the problem.

- o Monday thru Friday: The Contractor shall respond no later than 9:00 a.m. the following morning after being notified.
- o Weekends: If the Contractor is notified on Friday afternoon or during the weekend, the Contractor shall respond by 9:00 a.m. on Monday morning.
- During the burn-in period, the Contractor shall provide all labor, materials, equipment and replacement parts to completely maintain, troubleshoot and repair all items installed under this contract. No separate payment will be made for any labor, materials, equipment, or replacement parts needed during the burn-in period.
- The overall burn-in period will be considered complete upon the successful completion of the burn-in time periods, the Engineer's acceptance of all repairs and repair documentation, completion of all burn-in period punch list actions, and a final inspection as described below.

Contract time will not cease during the burn-in period(s). Contract time for the burn-in period was considered when determining the original contract time.

<u>Final Inspection.</u> Upon successful completion of the burn-in period, the entire project shall be eligible for Final Inspection. The Final Inspection will be conducted provided the burn-in period has demonstrated the entire system is operating successfully. The Final Inspection shall include but is not limited to:

- 1. monitoring of all system functions at the State TMC to demonstrate the overall system is operational
- 2. a field visit to each site to ensure all field components are in their correct final configuration
- 3. verification that all burn-in punch list items have been completed
- 4. verification that all final cleanup requirements have been completed
- 5. approval of final as-built documentation

Prior to conducting the Final Inspection, the burn-in period shall demonstrate that all requirements defined in the specifications have been met, including, but not limited to: functional/system performance requirements, electrical requirements, data transmission/communication requirements, safety/password requirements, environmental requirements, and interface requirements with other components of the system.

The Contractor shall request in writing the Engineer's approval to start the Final Inspection a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested start date. The Engineer reserves the right to reschedule the start date if needed. The start date for the Final Inspection cannot be prior to the successful completion of the overall burn-in period.

An unsuccessful or incomplete Final Inspection shall require a new Final Inspection after the Contractor has made the necessary corrections. Up to 14 days shall be allowed for the Engineer to conduct a Final Inspection. The presence of the MDOT ITS Engineer or his/her designee is required during the final inspection.

The Engineer reserves the right to require, at no additional expense to the State, the attendance of a qualified technical representative of the equipment and/or software manufacturers to attend a portion of a Final Inspection.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the full maintenance of all project equipment and materials during the entire time period from the successful completion of the burn-in period until Final System Acceptance is granted.

<u>Final System Acceptance.</u> Upon successful completion of the Final Inspection and all other items of work on the project, the Engineer will grant Final System Acceptance in accordance with Subsection 105.20 of the Standard Specifications.

Beneficial Use of Dynamic Message Signs During Construction. Each DMS shall be roadside controllable (by sign vendor software) within 30 days of attachment to structures (visible to motorists). The Contractor's construction schedule shall clearly identify when installation of the signs over the roadway shall occur, and when roadside control shall be established for each sign. The Contractor shall not install a DMS over the roadway until all ancillary and infrastructure elements, including cabinets, controllers, conduits, cabling, etc. necessary to operate the sign are in place and functional. Once roadside controllable, the Contractor shall display emergency, special event, construction, safety or traveler information messages approved by MDOT, only when requested by MDOT, at no additional cost to MDOT. Normal diagnostic messaging for the purpose of installation and testing shall be determined by the Contractor but shall not be allowed to the extent that excessive power consumption or distraction to motorists occurs as determined by the Engineer. Any beneficial use of the signs to MDOT and the public prior to Final Acceptance does not constitute MDOT acceptance or waive any Contractor testing requirements. The cost that may be incurred by the Contractor to display messages as described above during this construction contract shall be considered incidental and included in the cost of other items.

Warranties

The following components of the Project shall be warranted against manufacturing defects and workmanship for a period of at least one (1) year:

- Radio interconnect system components as listed under SP 907-662-2
- Layer 2, Type A; Layer 3, Type C, Type C4, Type E1, and Type E2 Network Switches; and Network Terminal Server & Network Cellular Modem as listed under SP 907-663-5
- Communication Node Hut & Hut Modifications under SP 907-664-4
- Video Communication Equipment components under SP 907-665-1
- Bluetooth Detection System components under SP 907-666-3
- Roadway Weather Information System & Warning Signs with Flashing Beacon under SP 907-670-3
- Kiosk Monitoring Camera under SP 907-671-1
- Travel Time Sign under SP 907-674-1
- ITS Radar Vehicle Detector under SP 907-641-2
- On Street Video Equipment under SP 907-650-4;
- Highway Advisory System components under SP 907-655-2;
- Dynamic Message Signs under SP 907-656-1.

The following components of the Project shall be warranted against manufacturing defects and workmanship for a period as listed below for each respective item from the date of Final Maintenance Release.

- Fiber Optic Cable: Ten (10) year warranty on materials and workmanship
- Traveler Information Video Kiosk: Two (2) year extended warranty on materials/hardware
- *TMC Modification*: Two (2) year warranty on hardware and one (1) year warranty on software
- Type C1, C2, & C3 Network Switches: Five (5) year warranty on hardware
- Type D, E, & F Network Switches: Five (5) year warranty on hardware

The Contractor shall supply the warranties in writing with the Final Maintenance Release date documented on them. These warranties shall cover complete replacement at no charge for the equipment. The Contractor will be responsible for all labor, shipping, insurance and other charges until Final System Acceptance. Equipment covered by the manufacturers' warranties shall have the registration of that component placed in the Department's name prior to Final Inspection. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the vendors or manufacturers supplying the components and providing the equipment warranties recognize MDOT as the original purchaser and owner/end user of the components from new.

During the warranty period, the supplier shall repair or replace with new material of equal or greater kind and quality and meeting all of the applicable specifications herein, at no additional cost to the State, any product containing a warranty defect, provided the product is returned postage-paid by the Department to the supplier's factory or authorized warranty site. Products repaired or replaced under warranty by the supplier shall be returned prepaid by the supplier. During the warranty period, technical support shall be available from the Contractor via telephone within four (4) hours of the time a call is made by the Department. If it is deemed necessary by the Engineer, technical support shall be available from factory certified personnel of the supplier via telephone within eight (8) hours of the time of the initial call made by the Department. During the warranty period, updates, patches, performance improvements, and corrections to all software and firmware used during the project shall be made available to the Department by the supplier at no additional cost.

Training

After the Stand Alone Site Tests have been conducted but prior to Conditional System Acceptance, the Contractor shall provide separate training sessions for each subsystem training pay item included in the project. The training sessions may require multiple classes as noted below) and shall accommodate from six (6) to twelve (12) personnel per class. Additional sessions for additional personnel may be required if the make and model of the subject component is not currently in the MDOT system.

The training must include formal classroom and "hands-on" operations training with a complete demonstration of the configuration, operation, and capabilities of each component in the system. The training should also consist of a hands-on demonstration of all software configuration and functionality where applicable. Each training day shall include a mixture of classroom style

training in equipment operations, hands-on operator training using the same models of equipment furnished for the project, and question and answer sessions.

During the burn-in period, the Contractor shall also provide two (2) identical non-consecutive training sessions on the maintenance of the overall system. The training shall be provided for at least ten (10) personnel with individual copies of all training materials provided to each participant. The training must include both classroom style training and hands-on training in the field of the maintenance and troubleshooting procedures required for each component. Additional sessions for additional personnel may be required if the make and model of certain components are not currently in the MDOT system.

Prior to scheduling the training, the Contractor shall submit resume and references of the training instructor(s) to the Engineer for approval. The qualifications of the trainers must meet, at a minimum, the recommended qualifications of the equipment manufacturer with a minimum of four years of experience in training personnel. If qualified personnel are not on the Contractor's staff, a representative of the manufacturer shall provide the training.

The training shall be provided at an agreed upon location. If training requires travel on the part of training instructors, then the cost of travel shall be included.

The Contractor shall provide individual copies of documentation, training, and maintenance materials for each participant. These materials shall include detailed specifications and information pertaining to each device in the system. The documentation shall include details of the technical and operational aspects of the completed system. This shall include operational and maintenance manuals, system diagrams, cabling diagrams and mounting/positioning details. The Contractor shall supply emergency contact information and necessary procedures for obtaining vital replacement parts within a designated, agreed upon time frame.

The Contractor shall submit a detailed Training Plan including course agendas, detailed description of functions to be demonstrated, and a general schedule to the Engineer for approval within 90 days of Contract Notice-to-Proceed. The exact date of the training shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least four (4) weeks ahead of the date.

Grounding

The Contractor shall provide a grounding and lightning protection system to protect from electrical power surges caused by lightning or disruptions in the power supply system. Ground rods, ground conductor, lightning collectors and appurtenances shall be as detailed on the plans and as required by these specifications.

<u>General.</u> All non-current carrying metal parts of the site shall be grounded according to NEC specifications. In addition, all non-current carrying metal parts shall have a voltage potential of zero relative to reference ground. This reference ground shall be achieved via the equipment-grounding conductor.

Support cable, metallic cable sheaths, conduit, metal poles, pedestals, and communication building shall be made mechanically and electrically secure and grounded. Bonding and grounding jumpers

shall be properly sized according to the NEC and in no case shall they be smaller than a #6 AWG copper wire. Ground pole-mounted accessories to the pole. Equipment on wood poles shall be grounded.

Permanently ground the poles by bonding the No. 6 AWG solid copper wire to a separate ground rod.

Metal raceways, metal enclosures of electrical devices, lighting fixtures, panelboards, and other non-current carrying metallic parts of equipment shall be securely grounded.

Ground rods shall be installed according to plan details. A length of copper conductor shall be attached to the ground rod, utilizing the specified grounding methods, and connected to the grounding system. Do not ground to a permanent water system instead of the driven ground rod. Ensure that grounding devices conform to the requirements of the NEC and NEMA.

Cabinet Grounding. A single-point grounding system shall be constructed.

All grounds for the cabinet shall be installed on the side of the building that utilities, communication cables, and fiber enter. All earth grounds shall be connected to this point, including the grounding system for Surge Protection Devices (SPD). All connections to SPDs shall be made according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

A single ground bus bar shall be mounted on the side of the cabinet wall adjacent to the power panel for the connection of AC neutral wires and chassis ground wires.

The Contractor shall ensure that communication cables, AC power, emergency generator, and equipment frames are connected by the shortest practical route to the grounding system. The lead lengths from each device to the SPD shall be protected. Electrical continuity of all connections shall be verified. All non-conducting surface coatings shall be removed before each connection is made. Ground conductors shall be downward coursing, vertical, and as short and straight as possible. Sharp bends and multiple bends shall be avoided in grounding conductors.

Surge Suppressor

Surge protection device (SPD) shall be provided to protect electronics from lightning, transient voltage surges, and induced current. All SPDs shall be installed at the top and bottom of each pole to provide reliable lightning protection. SPDs shall be installed on all power, data, video and any other conductive circuit.

<u>SPD for 120 Volt or 120/240 Volt Power.</u> A SPD shall be installed at the utility disconnect to the cabinet. The SPD at the utility disconnect shall include L-N, L-G, and N-G protection. The SPD shall meet the requirements of UL 1449, Third Edition and be listed by a NRTL.

A SPD shall be provided where the supply circuit enters the cabinet. The SPD shall be located on the load side of the main disconnect and ahead of any and all electronic devices and connected in parallel with the AC supply. The SPD in the cabinet shall include L-N, L-G, and N-G protection. The SPD shall meet the requirements of UL 1449, Third Edition and be listed by a NRTL.

The SPD shall have a visual indication system that monitors the weakest link in each mode and shows normal operation or failure status and also provides one set of normally open (NO)/normally closed (NC) Form C contacts for remote alarm monitoring. The enclosure for a SPD shall have a NEMA 4 rating

<u>SPDs</u> for Low-Voltage Power, Control, Data and Signal Systems. A specialized SPD shall be installed on all conductive circuits including, but not limited to, data communication cables, coaxial video cables, and low-voltage power cables. These devices shall comply with recommendations from the device manufacturer.

<u>SPD at Point of Use.</u> A SPD shall be installed at the point the ITS devices receive 120 volt power and connected in series with the circuits. SPDs shall be selected and installed according to recommendation from the device manufacturer. The units shall be rated at 15 or 20 amps load and configured with receptacles. These units shall have internal fuse protection and provide common mode (L+N-G) protection.

SPDs shall meet the requirements of UL 497B or UL 497C, as applicable, and are listed by a NRTL.

Solar Power Systems

The Contractor shall provide a solar power system meeting the following requirements:

- 1. The supplier shall provide documentation specifying approximate daily power generation, power consumption, storage capacity, and charge rates representing an optimal power source to the satisfaction and approval of the Project Engineer.
- 2. Shall include a solar controller with automatic battery temperature compensation and automatic charging circuitry to prevent overcharging.
- 3. The battery back-up system chargers shall meet all specified requirements while operating between -40 °C to +74 °C (-40 °F to +165 °F), and 95% relative humidity.
- 4. Shall include metering for voltage and charging current.
- 5. Solar panels shall be Jet Propulsion Laboratory Block-5 tested and approved.
- 6. Solar panels shall be compliant with IEC 61215 and IEEE 1262.
- 7. Solar panels shall be break-resistant and sealed.
- 8. Battery shall be maintenance-free, sealed, gel-cell.
- 9. The Contractor shall test the battery for faulty irregularities and provide documentation to the Project Engineer stating the battery's voltage, and resistance. The battery voltage and resistance shall meet the manufacturer's specifications.

The Solar Power Systems for each site type shall include but are not limited to the following:

- *HAR Flashing Beacons*:
 - 1. A performance design study shall be conducted and submitted for approval for the proposed solar power system. The solar power system shall be designed on the performance design study.
 - 2. The solar system shall, at a minimum, operate the flashing beacons continuously at

full power for at least three (3) days with no sunlight. This must be accomplished without an auxiliary generator or AC power connection.

- 3. Solar panels shall have a power rating of 80-watts.
- 4. The Solar power system shall include a separate aluminum NEMA 3R enclosure to house the battery. This enclosure shall be designed to provide protection from rain, sleet, snow and corrosion.
 - a. The enclosure shall be constructed from 0.125" thick aluminum alloy type 5052- H32.
 - b. The enclosure shall be lockable.
 - c. The enclosure door shall include a EDPM rubber or equivalent closed-cell gasket

• *Type A BDS*:

- 1. All solar panels shall be in accordance with UL1703, or equivalent.
- 2. The solar cell shall have a minimum power capacity of 30 watts.
- 3. The battery shall provide sufficient power for all BDS component operation for a minimum of 168 hours (7 days).
- 4. Should solar power be specified with the Type A BDS, the NEMA 4 enclosure shall be sized appropriately for the solar power components.

<u>Performance Design Study.</u> A performance design study shall be conducted where required before the installation of a Solar Power System. The performance design study shall include, but is not limited to:

- 1. The daily Solar Insulation data averaged on a monthly basis.
- 2. The correct Tilt Angle for the solar array.
- 3. The daily Array Output, in Amp-Hours, averaged on a monthly basis.
- 4. The total Daily Load requirement, in Amp Hours, averaged on a monthly basis.
- 5. A monthly Loss of Load Probability (LOLP) of the designed power supply.
- 6. The number of Battery Reserve Days, averaged on a monthly basis.
- 7. The monthly Average Battery State of Charge.
- 8. The statistical Interval to Loss of Load, in years.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 4113 CODE: (SP)

DATE: 03/23/2022

SUBJECT: Unique Entity ID (SAM) Requirement for Federal Funded Projects

Bidders are advised that the Prime Contractor must register and maintain a current registration in the System for Award Management (http://sam.gov) at all times during this project. Upon registration, the Contractor will be assigned a SAM Unique Entity ID.

Bidders are also advised that prior to the award of this contract, they <u>MUST</u> be registered, active, and have no active exclusions in the System for Award Management.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 4158 CODE: (SP)

DATE: 04/04/2022

SUBJECT: Contract Time

PROJECT: NHPP-0014-02(089) / 108366301 – Walthall County

The completion of work to be performed by the Contractor for this project will not be a specified date but shall be when all allowable working days are assessed, or any extension thereto as provided in Subsection 108.06. It is anticipated that the Notice of Award will be issued no later than <u>June 14, 2022</u> and the date for Notice to Proceed / Beginning of Contract Time will be <u>July 14, 2022</u>.

Should the Contractor request a Notice to Proceed earlier than <u>July 14, 2022</u> and it is agreeable with the Department for an early Notice to Proceed, the requested date will become the new Notice to Proceed date. Regardless of whether or not an early Notice to Proceed is granted, contract time will start at the original Notice to Proceed date.

All requests for an early Notice to Proceed shall be sent to the Project Engineer who will forward it to the Contract Administration Division.

104 Working Days have been allowed for the completion of work on this project.

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 4159

DATE: 04/04/2022

SUBJECT: Specialty Items

PROJECT: NHPP-0014-02(089)/108366301 - WALTHALL

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108, the following work items are hereby designated as "Specialty Items" for this contract. Bidders are reminded that these items must be subcontracted in order to be considered as specialty items.

CATEGORY: DISPOSAL OF BUILDINGS, RIGHT OF WAY CLEARING & GRUBBING

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0010	202-B240	Removal of Traffic Stripe

CATEGORY: MISCELLANEOUS/ SPECIALTY WORK ITEMS

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0070	423-A001	Rumble Strips, Ground In

CATEGORY: PAVEMENT STRIPING AND MARKING

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0160	626-A001	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Traffic Stripe, Skip White
0170	626-C002	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous White
0180	626-F001	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous Yellow
0190	626-G002	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, White
0200	626-G003	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, Yellow
0210	626-H004	Thermoplastic Legend, White
0220	626-H005	Thermoplastic Legend, White
0230	627-H002	Chip Seal Reflective Raised Markers. Two-Way Yellow
0240	627-J001	Two-Way Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Markers
0250	627-K001	Red-Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Markers
0260	627-L001	Two-Way Yellow Reflective High Performance Raised Markers

CATEGORY: TRAFFIC CONTROL - PERMANENT

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0270	630-F002	Delineators, Flexible Post Mounted, Crossover, Type I, Yellow
0280	630-F006	Delineators, Guard Rail, White
0290	630-F007	Delineators, Guard Rail, Yellow
0320	907-632-D001	Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, Type 1
0330	907-637-C028	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground, Type 4, 2"
0340	907-637-D002	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground Drilled or Jacked, Rolled Pipe, 2"
0350	907-643-A004	Video Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type 1A
0360	907-643-B001	Video Vehicle Detection Cable
0370	907-643-E001	Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Sensor

CATEGORY: TRAFFIC CONTROL - PERMANENT

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0380	907-643-F001	Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Cable
0390	907-662-D002	Radio Interconnect, Broadband, Short Range
0400	907-663-A001	Network Switch, Type A
0410	907-663-D001	Category 6 Cable, Installed in Conduit

CATEGORY: TRAFFIC CONTROL - TEMPORARY

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0090	619-A1001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous White
0100	619-A2001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow
0110	619-A3001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Skip White
0120	619-A5001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Detail
0130	619-A6001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
0140	619-A6002	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend

"General Decision Number: MS20220124 02/25/2022

Superseded General Decision Number: MS20210124

State: Mississippi

Construction Type: Highway

Counties: Claiborne, Covington, Franklin, Issaquena, Sharkey,

Walthall and Wilkinson Counties in Mississippi.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2)-(60).

If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an |. The contractor must pay option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:

- Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract.
- all covered workers at least \$15.00 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2022.

If the contract was awarded on . or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:

- Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract.
- The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$11.25 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2022.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Modification Number

Publication Date 01/07/2022

1 02/25/2022

* SUMS2010-047 08/04/2014

	Rates		Fringes
CARPENTER (Form Work Only)\$	12.26	**	0.12
CARPENTER, Excludes Form Work\$	14.21	**	0.00
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER\$	13.23	**	0.00
ELECTRICIAN\$	22.64		7.73
HIGHWAY/PARKING LOT STRIPING: Truck Driver (Line Striping Truck)\$	12.63	**	0.00
INSTALLER - GUARDRAIL\$	11.42	**	0.00
INSTALLER - SIGN\$	12.04	**	0.00
IRONWORKER, REINFORCING\$	16.43		0.00
LABORER: Asphalt, Includes Raker, Shoveler, Spreader and Distributor\$	10.26	**	0.00
LABORER: Common or General, including concrete work\$	10.24	**	0.00
LABORER: Flagger\$	9.83	**	0.00
LABORER: Grade Checker\$	10.67	**	0.00
LABORER: Landscape\$	9.82	**	0.00
LABORER: Mason Tender - Cement/Concrete\$	11.69	**	0.00
LABORER: Pipelayer\$	13.13	**	0.00
LABORER: Laborer-Cones/ Barricades/Barrels - Setter/Mover/Sweeper\$	10.53	**	0.00
OPERATOR: Asphalt Spreader\$			0.00
OPERATOR: Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe\$		**	0.00
OPERATOR: Broom/Sweeper\$	10.17	**	0.00
OPERATOR: Bulldozer\$	13.30	**	0.00
OPERATOR: Concrete Saw\$	13.60	**	0.00
OPERATOR: Crane\$	16.00		0.00
OPERATOR: Distributor\$	11.70	**	0.00
OPERATOR: Drill\$	19.22		0.00
OPERATOR: Grader/Blade\$	13.84	**	0.00

3/14/22, 6:52 AM SAM.gov OPERATOR: Loader..... \$ 11.73 ** 0.00 OPERATOR: Mechanic.....\$ 16.28 0.00 OPERATOR: Milling Machine.....\$ 15.38 0.00 OPERATOR: Mixer.....\$ 14.85 ** 0.00 OPERATOR: Oiler..... \$ 13.08 ** 0.48 OPERATOR: Paver (Asphalt, Aggregate, and Concrete).....\$ 13.01 ** 0.00 OPERATOR: Piledriver.....\$ 15.13 0.00 OPERATOR: Roller (All Types)....\$ 11.05 ** 0.00 OPERATOR: Scraper..... \$ 12.63 ** 0.00 OPERATOR: Tractor..... 9.98 ** 0.00 OPERATOR: Trencher..... \$ 15.00 0.00 TRUCK DRIVER: Flatbed Truck.....\$ 13.29 ** 0.00 TRUCK DRIVER: Lowboy Truck.....\$ 12.49 ** 0.00 TRUCK DRIVER: Mechanic..... \$ 12.35 ** 0.00 TRUCK DRIVER: Off the Road Truck.....\$ 12.31 ** 0.00 TRUCK DRIVER: Water Truck......\$ 13.15 ** 0.00 TRUCK DRIVER: Dump Truck (All Types).....\$ 11.64 ** 0.00 TRUCK DRIVER: Semi/Trailer Truck.....\$ 17.34 0.00

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, demestic

^{**} Workers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$15.00) or 13658 (\$11.25). Please see the Note at the top of the wage determination for more information.

violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at

https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). White to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISIO"

SUPPLEMENT TO FORM FHWA-1273

DATE: 12/17/2018

SUBJECT: Federal Contract Provisions for Subcontracts and Cargo Preference Act

Federal Contract Provisions for Subcontracts

All subcontracts shall be in writing and contain all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

Each "Request for Permission to Subcontract" (Mississippi Department of Transportation Form CAD-720) shall include a copy of the subcontract. The federal contract provisions (FHWA-1273, SUPPLEMENT TO FORM FHWA-1273, NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246), DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS (WAGE RATES)) must be physically incorporated as part of the subcontract. A completed Mississippi Department of Transportation Form CAD-521 and Form CAD-725 must be attached to the CAD-720.

Cargo Preference Act

The Contractor is hereby advised of the requirements set forth in the following Attachment (Title 46 - Shipping) as it pertains to the implementation of Cargo Preference Act (CPA) requirements in the Federal-aid Highway Program.

By signing this contract, the Contractor agrees to conform to the requirements of the CPA.

Attachment

Title 46- Shipping

Volume: 8

Date: 2014-10-01

Original Date: 2014-10-01

Title: Section 381.7 - Federal Grant, Guaranty, Loan and Advance at Funds Agreements. Context: Title 46- Shipping. CHAPTER II- MARITIME ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF

TRANSPORTATION. SUBCHAPTER J - MISCELLANEOUS. PART 381 - CARGO PREFERENCE-U.S.-

FLAG VESSELS.

§ 381.7 Federal Grant, Guaranty, Loan and Advance of Funds Agreements.

In order to insure a fair and reasonable participation by privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels in transporting cargoes which are subject to the Cargo Preference Act of 1954 and which are generated by U.S. Government Grant, Guaranty, Loan and/or Advance of Funds Programs, the head of each affected department or agency shall require appropriate clauses to be inserted in those Grant. Guaranty₁ Loan and/or Advance of Funds Agreements and all third party contracts executed between the borrower/grantee and other parties, where the possibility exists for ocean transportation of items procured, contracted for or otherwise obtained by or on behalf of the grantee, borrower, or any of their contractors or subcontractors. The clauses required by this part shall provide that at least 50 percent of the freight revenue and tonnage of cargo generated by the U.S. Government Grant, Guaranty, Loan or Advance of Funds be transported on privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels. These clauses shall also require that all parties provide to the Maritime Administration the necessary shipment information as set forth in § 381.3. A copy of the appropriate clauses required by this part shall be submitted by each affected agency or department to the Secretary, Maritime Administration, for approval no later than 30 days after the effective date of this part. The following are suggested acceptable clauses with respect to the use of United States-flag vessels to be incorporated in the Grant, Guaranty, Loan and/or Advance of Funds Agreements as well as contracts and subcontracts resulting therefrom:

- (a) Agreement Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels:
- "(1) Pursuant to Pub. L 664 (43 U.S.C. 1241(b)) at least 50 percent of any equipment, materials or commodities procured, contracted for or otherwise obtained with funds granted, guaranteed, loaned, or advanced by the U.S. Government under this agreement, and which may be transported by ocean vessel, shall be transported on privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels, if available.
- "(2) Within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be furnished to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590."
- (b) Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees --
- "(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.
- (2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United

States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

"(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."

(Reorganization Plans No.21 of 1950(64 Stat. 1273) and No. 7 of 1961 (75 Stat. 840) as amended by Pub. L 91.469 (84 Stat 1036) and Department of Commerce Organization Order 10-8 (38 FR 19707, July 23, 1973)) (42 FR 57126, Nov. 1, 1977]

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under

this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are

applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar

with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
 - (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women:
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on FORM FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor

will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10.000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section, also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise

the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

- (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-

Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- b. (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker. and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..
- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly

rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- **8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees:
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the

contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented:

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

- 1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.
- 2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more — as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification - First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this

covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- "covered transaction," "debarred," terms "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the

department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENTS FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

- 1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications" set forth herein.
- 2. The goal for female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work, is 6.9%.

Until further notice Goals for minority participation for each trade (percent) SHSA Cities: Pascagoula - Moss Point ------ 16.9 Biloxi - Gulfport ------ 19.2 Jackson ----- 30.3 SMSA Counties: Desoto ------ 32.3 Hancock, Harrison, Stone------ 19.2 Hinds, Rankin ----- 30.3 Jackson ------ 16.9 Non-SMSA Counties: George, Greene ------ 26.4 Alcorn, Benton, Bolivar, Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Clay, Coahoma, Grenada, Itawamba, Lafayette, Lee, Leflore, Marshall, Monroe, Montgomery, Panola, Pontotoc, Prentiss, Quitman, Sunflower, Tallahatchie, Tate, Tippah, Tishomingo, Tunica, Union, Washington, Webster, Yalobusha ------ 26.5 Attala, Choctaw, Claiborne, Clarke, Copiah, Covington, Franklin, Holmes, Humphreys, Issaquena, Jasper, Jefferson, Jefferson Davis, Jones Kemper, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Leake, Lincoln, Lowndes, Madison, Neshoba, Newton, Noxubee, Oktibbeha, Scott, Sharkey, Simpson, Smith, Warren, Wayne, Winston, Yazoo----- 32.0 Forrest, Lamar, Marion, Pearl River, Perry, Pike, Walthall-----27.7 Adams, Amite, Wilkinson ----- 30.4

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4.2(d). Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

- 3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor, estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.
- 4. As used in this Notice, and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is to the county and city (if any), stated in the advertisement.
- 5. The notification required in Paragraph 3 shall be addressed to the following:

Contract Compliance Officer Mississippi Department of Transportation P.O. Box 1850 Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1850

(12/04/2018)

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-102-2

DATE: 11/22/2017

SUBJECT: Bidding Requirements and Conditions

Section 102, Bidding Requirements and Conditions, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

<u>907-102.01--Prequalification of Bidders.</u> Delete the last sentence of the third paragraph of Subsection 102.01 on page 13, and substitute the following.

The Bidder's Certificate of Responsibility number must be on file with the Department's Contract Administration Division prior to request for permission to bid.

<u>907-102.02--Contents of Proposal Forms</u>. Delete the fourth paragraph in Subsection 102.02 on page 13, and substitute the following.

Prospective bidders must complete an online request for permission to be eligible to bid a project. Upon approval, the bidder will be authorized to submit a bid electronically using Bid Express at http://bidx.com.

CODE: (SP)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-105-1

DATE: 05/07/2021

SUBJECT: Authority of the Engineer

Section 105, Control of Work, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

<u>907-105.1--Authority of the Engineer.</u> Delete the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 105.01 on page 31, and substitute the following.

The Engineer has the right to suspend the work wholly or in part and to withhold payments because of the Contractor's failure to correct conditions unsafe for workmen or the general public, for failure to carry out provisions of the Contract, or for failure to carry out orders.

CODE: (SP)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-108-4

DATE: 10/07/2020

SUBJECT: Subletting of Contract

Section 108, Prosecution and Progress, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-108.01--Subletting of Contract.

<u>907-108.01.1--General.</u> Delete the third sentence of the tenth paragraph of Subsection 108.01.1 on the bottom of page 72.

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-109-3

DATE: 02/23/2021

SUBJECT: Measurement and Payment

Section 109, Measurement and Payment, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi StandardSpecifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

<u>907-109.01--Measurement of Quantities</u>. Delete the sixth full paragraph of Subsection 109.01on page 88, and substitute the following.

If appropriate based on the specific circumstances of the project, the Contractor may request that material specified to be measured by the cubic yard or ton be converted to the other measure. The Contractor must submit this request to the Engineer. The Engineer will provide an approval or denial in writing. The decision is in the sole discretion of the Engineer. If approved, factors for this conversion will be determined by the District Materials Engineer and agreed to by the Contractor. The conversion of the materials along with the conversion factor will be incorporated into the Contract by supplemental agreement. The supplemental agreement must be executed before such method of measurement is used.

907-109.04--Extra Work.

<u>907-109.04.1--Supplemental Agreement</u>. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 109.04.1 on page 90.

907-109.06--Partial Payment.

<u>907-109.06.2--Advancement on Materials</u>. Delete the next to last paragraph of Subsection 109.06.2 on page 95, and substitute the following.

Materials for which an advanced payment has been allowed must be paid for by the Contractor within 30 days of the estimate on which the advanced payment was first allowed and proof of said payment must be verified by the supplier. If proof of payment is not furnished within the allowable 30 days, the advanced payment will be deducted on subsequent current estimates until such time that proof of payment is furnished.

CODE: (SP)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-414-1

DATE: 05/02/2017

SUBJECT: Polymer Modified Asphalt Rejuvenating Scrub Seal

Section 907-414, Scrub Seal, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

<u>SECTION 907-414 -- POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT REJUVENATING</u> <u>SCRUB SEAL</u>

<u>907-414.01--Description.</u> This work shall consist of, but not be limited to, furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and transportation for the application of a polymer modified asphalt rejuvenating scrub seal. All ingredients shall be properly proportioned, mixed, and spread on the paved surface in accordance with this Specification and as directed by the Engineer.

907-414.02--Materials.

<u>907-414.02.1--Aggregate</u>. Unless otherwise noted, the aggregate material shall be one of the seal aggregate cover materials listed in and meeting the requirements of Subsection 703.14 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>907-414.02.2--Asphalt Emulsion for Scrub Seal.</u> The asphalt emulsion for scrub seal shall meet the requirements of the following table and shall be composed of a polymer modifier, a petroleum based rejuvenating agent, and asphalt.

Test on Emulsion	Method	Specia	Specification				
		(min)	(max)				
Viscosity @77 (SFS)	AASHTO T 59	50	350				
Residue, w% (1)	AASHTO T 59	60	-				
Storage Stability, 24 h, %	AASHTO T 59	-	1.0				
Sieve, w%	AASHTO T 59		0.1				
Oil distillate, w%	AASHTO T 59		0.5				
Test on Residue ⁽¹⁾							
Viscosity @ 140°F, P	AASHTO T 202	-	3000				
Penetration @ 4°C (39.2°F),	AASHTO T 59	30	-				
200 g, 60 sec							
Test on Polymer Modifier							
Swelling in rejuvenating	ASTM D 471 ⁽²⁾	-	40%				
agent, %; 48 hours exposure	Modified		intact film				
@ 104°F							
Test on Rejuvenating Agent							
Flash point, COC, °F	AASHTO T 48	380	-				
Viscosity @ 140°F, CST	AASHTO T 201	50	175				
Saturate, % by weight	ASTM D 2007	-	30				
Asphaltenes	ASTM D 2007	-	1.0				
Test on Residue							
Weight Change, %			6.5				
Viscosity Ratio			3				

- (1) Exception to AASHTO T59: Bring the temperature on the lower thermometer slowly to 350°F plus or minus 10°F. Maintain at this temperature for 20 minutes. Complete total distillation in 60 plus or minus 5 minutes from first application of heat.
- (2) Polymer Modifier Testing: Suitable substrate for film formation shall be polyethylene boards, silicone rubber sheeting, glass, or any substrate which produces a cured film of uniform cross-section. Polymer film shall be prepared from latex as follows:

Resistance to Swelling: Polymer films shall be formed by using a 50 mil drawdown bar and drawing down 50 mils of the latex on polyethylene boards. Films shall be cured for 14 days at 75°F and 50% humidity. Samples for resistance to swelling in rejuvenating agent shall be 1" by 2" rectangles cut from the cured film. Cut at least 3 specimens for each sample to be tested for swelling. Fill 3- 8 oz ointment tins with at least a ½" deep of rejuvenating agent. Swelling samples shall be weighed and then placed in the ointment tins on top of the rejuvenating agent. Then, add at least another ½" deep of rejuvenating agent over each of the latex samples. The ointment tins shall be covered and placed in an oven at 104°F for the specified 48 hours +/- 15 minutes. The ointment tins are allowed to cool to 75°F and then the latex films are removed from the tins. Unabsorbed rejuvenating agent is removed from the intact latex film by scraping with a rubber policeman and blotting with paper towels. If the latex film does not remain intact during removal from the tins or while removing the unabsorbed rejuvenating agent the sample shall be rejected. After the rejuvenating agent is removed from the samples they are then weighed. Percent swelling is reported as weight increase of the polymer film; report mass increase as a percent by weight of the original latex film mass upon exposure of films to the rejuvenating agent.

When a fog seal is required, the asphalt emulsion shall meet the requirements of Subsection 702.07.

907-414.02.2.1--Certification and Acceptance. The Emulsion supplier shall submit a certification that the polymer modified rejuvenating emulsion meets the requirements of the specification. The certification shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to starting the work. The Engineer will sample the polymer modified rejuvenating emulsion according to Department procedures. Final acceptance of the emulsion for scrub seal will be based on the Manufacturer's Certification and testing conducted by the Department.

907-414.03--Construction Requirements. The attached sign drawings shall be used during scrub seal operations. Prior to any sealing operation, the rectangular "Loose Rock" signs shall be installed and remain in place until all sealing operations are complete. Prior to any daily sealing operation, the portable "Loose Rock" signs shall be installed in accordance with the attached drawings. Portable signs shall be installed and remain in place on a daily basis in the active sealing area. Payment for signs shown on the sign detail drawings shall be made under pay item no. 618-A, Maintenance of Traffic.

<u>907-414.03.1--Preparation.</u> The work shall be done in the following order: Prepare the pavement surface; apply the asphalt emulsion for scrub seal and scrub the applied emulsion with a scrub broom as specified herein; apply the aggregate, roll the aggregate, broom the aggregate with a secondary broom when specified; and sweep up and dispose of excess aggregate. Excess aggregate shall be removed from the project unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Prior to the scrub seal operation, the Contractor shall remove any and all vegetation within the limits of the scrub seal installation. The use of herbicides will be allowed at the discretion of the Engineer.

If used, the herbicide shall be applied at least 10 days prior to the scrub seal operation, or as directed by the manufacturer of the approved herbicide. The application of the herbicide shall be performed in accordance with all applicable regulations. Any and all fines or clean-up costs for unlawful misuse or discarding of herbicides shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor. Mixtures and spread rates for the herbicides shall be determined by the manufacturer's specifications. Wash down of equipment or discarding of herbicides shall not enter catch basins or positive drainage facilities.

Prior to the scrub seal operation, the Contractor shall remove all existing thermoplastic striping, thermoplastic legends and raised pavement markers within the scrub seal limits. Removal shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Prior to the scrub seal operation, all drain inlet covers, monument covers, and all other utility covers shall be protected from the Contractor's scrub seal operations by applying a sheet of plastic over the exposed facilities, or other methods approved by the Engineer. All traces of plastic, residual emulsion and aggregate shall be removed from covered objects after the application of the scrub seal and/or prior to final inspection of the project.

Immediately prior to the scrub sealing operations, the Contractor shall sweep the entire pavement surface.

<u>907-414.03.2--Application.</u> The scrub seal shall be applied from edge of pavement to edge of pavement. The edges of the scrub seal application shall be maintained in a neat and uniform line. Scrub seal shall not be applied on concrete gutters or pads unless directed by the Engineer.

The application of the asphalt emulsion for scrub seal shall be applied only when the ambient and pavement temperatures are above 70°F.

The asphalt emulsion for scrub seal shall be applied with a distributor truck at the following target rates. The actual emulsion application rate shall be determined from the surface demands and aggregate used. Any adjustments of the application rate shall be approved by the Engineer, and manufacturer's representative if necessary.

The optimum application rate of bituminous material is dependent on the chosen seal aggregate gradation as well as the condition of the pavement in which the bituminous surface treatment is to be applied. The application rate of the bituminous material may be adjusted by the Engineer based on field conditions at the time of construction. Following are target application rates for bituminous material.

Seal Aggregate Gradation	Bituminous Material	Target Application Rate (gal/yd²)	Tolerance
Size No. 7	Emulsified Asphalt	0.33	<u>+</u> 0.03
Size No. 8 or 89	Emulsified Asphalt	0.30	<u>+</u> 0.03

Note: Emulsified Asphalt shall not be diluted. A sample of emulsified asphalt should be obtained from the Contractor's distributor on the first day of production and thereafter at a frequency not to exceed 1 sample per 50,000 gallons. Because the time between sampling of the emulsified asphalt and the testing of the material can affect the test results, samples should be sent to the MDOT Central Lab for testing as soon as possible.

The asphalt emulsion for scrub seal temperature when applied shall be a minimum of 140° to 180°F. For smaller areas, the emulsion may be applied with a wand. The emulsion shall be immediately broomed to fill cracks and voids. The emulsion scrub broom shall be as described below.

Immediately following the application of the emulsion to the road surface, the material shall be scrubbed with a scrub broom for the purpose of forcing the emulsion into the existing surface and distributing the emulsion evenly over variable road surface contours.

The application of the asphalt emulsion for scrub seal and scrub broom operation shall cease 40 feet prior to the end of the application. The remaining asphalt emulsion for scrub seal shall be dragged out by the scrub broom, and the remaining emulsified material required to complete the pass shall be applied only by the distributor truck, at the specified rate.

Immediately following the scrubbing of emulsion, aggregate shall be applied at the following application rates.

The actual aggregate application rate shall be as required by the surface demands and the emulsion used. The rate shall be adjusted, within the specified limit, up or down so that no "bleed through" occurs during rolling.

During the first day of production and at least once a week thereafter, the application rate of the aggregate shall be verified by the Department to assure that the appropriate application rate of the aggregate is applied. The rate can be verified by placing a tarp of at least 1.0 yd² area on the roadway surface. After allowing the aggregate spreader to pass over the tarp, the aggregate on the tarp should be collected and weighed to determine the weight of aggregate. The measured weight should then be compared to the target weight calculated using the following formula.

```
W = 0.85(G_{sb})(U_w)(R)(A)(e)
```

Where:

W = target weight of aggregate in lbs.

G_{sb} = bulk specific gravity of aggregate

 $U_w = U_{\text{nit}}$ weight of water at $70^{\circ}F = 62.3 \text{ lbs./ft}^3$

 $R = target application rate in ft^3/yd^2$

 $A = area of tarp in yd^2$

e = air voids in loose aggregate = 0.4

 G_{sb} for gravel = 2.650 G_{sb} for limestone = 2.700

Note: Bulk specific gravities of expanded clay and steel slag should be obtained from the seal aggregate supplier.

Upon determining the target weight, it should be compared to the actual measured weight. If the difference in the target weight and the actual measured weight is over 2.5 pounds, the aggregate distributor should be adjusted such that the spread rate is within the above tolerance. The above procedure shall be repeated until the spread rate is within the allowable tolerance.

If at any point during production, excessive aggregate is noted, the aggregate application rate should be verified and the spread rate adjusted. The intent is to minimize the amount of excess aggregate. Excess aggregate removed from the roadway surface after brooming shall be removed from the job site and should not be reused in the aggregate operation.

The dry aggregate shall be spread uniformly to cover the bituminous material with the quantity of mineral aggregate specified by the Engineer. All deficient areas shall be covered by additional material. All excess cover material shall be removed from the surface and stockpiled or used as directed.

A minimum of two self-propelled pneumatic-tired rollers shall be used for the required rolling of the aggregate. The pneumatic-tired rollers shall be in good working condition and actively rolling at all times during the scrub seal operation. The pneumatic-tired rollers shall be minimum 5-ton rollers. The pneumatic-tired rollers shall be operated in such a manner to prevent the dislodging of newly applied aggregate.

If specified, a fog seal will be placed at a rate of 0.11 gallons per square yard, or as directed by the Project Engineer. The fog seal shall not be placed until after final brooming.

<u>907-414.03.3--Stockpile Sites.</u> Sites for stockpiles of materials shall be grubbed and cleaned prior to storing the aggregates, and the ground shall be firm, smooth, and well drained.

907-414.03.4--Equipment. The following equipment shall be used for the scrub-seal operations.

- A. <u>Asphalt Distributor</u>. The asphalt distributor for application of the emulsion shall have a full circulation spray bar that is adjustable to at least sixteen feet (16') wide in two (2) feet increments and capable of heating and circulating the emulsion simultaneously. It must have computerized rate control for adjusting and controlling the application from the cab within 0.01 gallons per square yard increments. The distributor shall also be equipped with a volume measuring device and a thermometer for measuring the emulsion temperature in the tank.
- B. <u>Scrub Broom</u>. A scrub broom as described herein shall be used to scrub the emulsion after application. The scrub broom frame shall be constructed of metal. The scrub broom shall be attached to and pulled by the distributor truck. The scrub broom must be equipped with a means of raising and lowering the scrub broom at desired points. It shall be towable in the elevated position to the next area of construction. The weight of the broom assembly shall be such that it does not squeegee the emulsion off the roadway surface.

The main body of the scrub broom shall have a frame size as shown in the drawing at the end of this special provision. The nearest and furthest members, paralleling the back of the distributor truck, and diagonal members shall be equipped with street brooms. The leading member and the trailing member shall have broom heads angled at 10 to 15 degrees off the centerline of the supporting member. The diagonal members shall have broom heads attached in line with the centerline of the supporting member. Each individual street broom attached to the scrub broom assembly shall be 3.5 inches wide x 6.5 inches high x 16 inches long and have stiff nylon bristles. Bristle height is to be maintained at a minimum of five inches (5"). The scrub broom shall be equipped with hinged wing assemblies attached to the main body not to exceed 4.5 feet per side, with diagonals and equipped with street brooms. The purpose of the maximum rigid frame width and the hinged wing extensions is not only for maximum width of 16 feet but to maintain the scrubbing process evenly as contours and cross-sections change across the existing road surface.

C. <u>Aggregate Spreader</u>. A self-propelled aggregate spreader with front discharge that can evenly distribute aggregate.

- D. Roller. A minimum of two (2) pneumatic rollers weighing at least five (5) tons each.
- E. Power Broom. Two (2) mechanically powered kick-brooms or vacuum type brooms.

<u>907-414.03.5--Opening to Traffic.</u> Unless otherwise advised, the Contractor's operations shall be schedule such that all lanes of traffic are open to the traveling public at the end of each day. Considering time needed for curing and preparation prior to opening traffic, the Contractor should not apply bituminous material two (2) hours before dusk, or longer, to allow sufficient time for bonding of the aggregates.

After the scrub seal has been rolled and the bituminous material has cured a minimum of one (1) hour, or longer if necessary to sufficiently hold the aggregate in place, the Contractor shall perform an initial brooming operation consisting of lightly sweeping excess aggregate material from the surface. After the initial brooming has been completed, public traffic will be allowed on the roadway.

Immediately the next morning, a final brooming shall be performed to remove any remaining excess aggregate material from the previous day's seal operation.

<u>907-414.04--Method of Measurement.</u> Scrub seal shall be measured by the square yard.

Accepted quantities for asphalt for fog seal will be measured by the gallon as prescribed in Subsection 109.01. Unless otherwise specified, distributor tank measurement will be used. The volume of material over five percent (5%) above the quantity ordered for each shot will be deducted from measured quantities, except that 15 percent will be allowed for irregular areas where hand spraying is necessary.

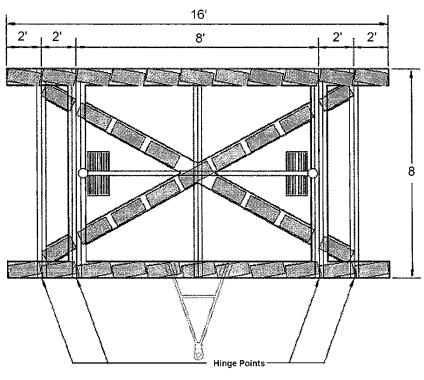
<u>907-414.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Scrub seal, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract bid price per square yard, which shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, equipment, temporary markers, vegetation removal, cleaning of the surface, presweeping, post-sweeping, doing all the work involved in mixing, applying and protecting the polymer modified asphaltic rejuvenating scrub seal, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Asphalt for fog seal will be paid for at the contract unit price per gallon, which shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, equipment, applying and protecting the fog seal, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

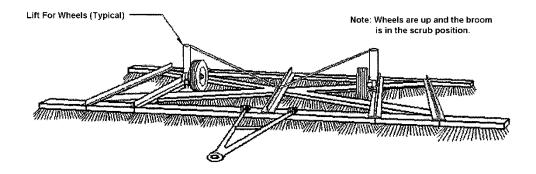
Payment will be made under:

907-414-A: Scrub Seal - per square yard

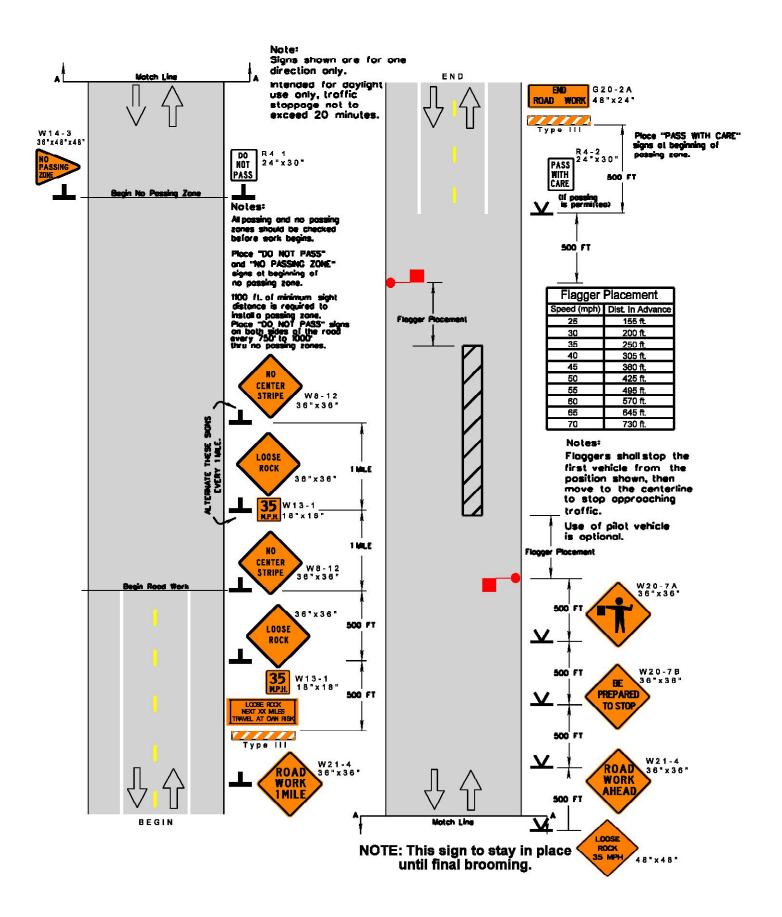
907-414-B: Asphalt for Fog Seal - per gallon

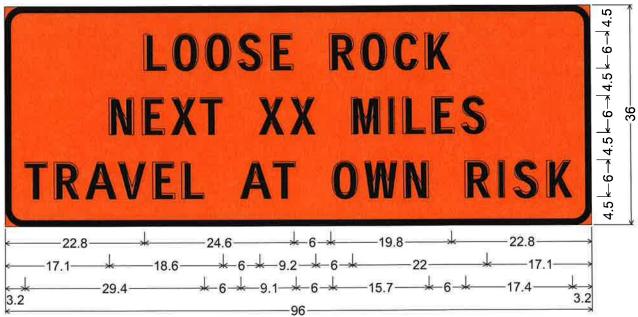


Street Broom w/ Nylon Bristles



Scrub Broom



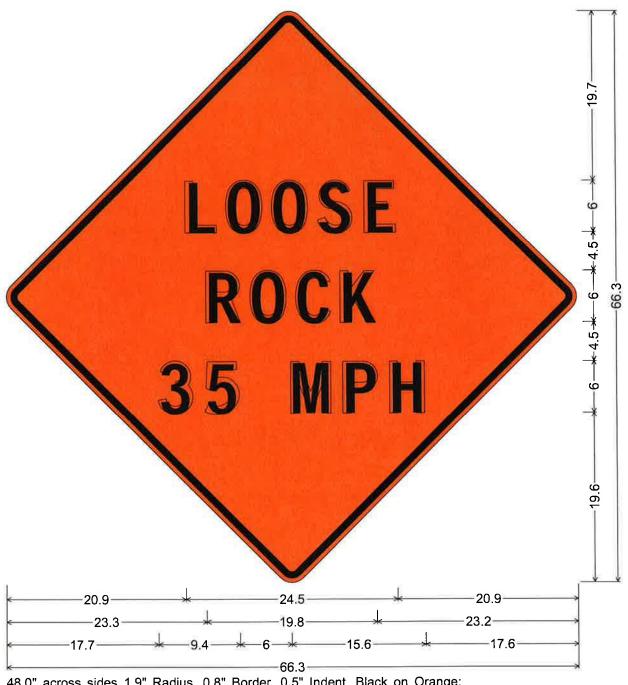


3.0" Radius, 1.0" Border, Black on Orange;

"LOOSE ROCK" D; "NEXT XX MILES" D; "TRAVEL AT OWN RISK" D;

Table of letter and object lefts.

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N 17.1	E 22.	5 X	27.3	T 32.1	X 41.	X 7 46	.9	M 56.9	I 63	.0	L 65.3	E 7	0.1	S 74.	9			
T 3.2	R 8.0	A 13	2 18	3.6 E	4.2	L 29.0	A 38	3.6	Γ 14.0	0 53	3.7	N 59.0	0 N	I 5.4	R 75.4	I 80.9	S 83.2	K 88.6



48.0" across sides 1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, 0.5" Indent, Black on Orange; "LOOSE" D; "ROCK" D; "35 MPH" D;

Table of letter and object lefts.

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CODE: (SP)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-420-2

DATE: 01/17/2017

SUBJECT: Undersealing Concrete Pavement

Section 907-420, Undersealing Concrete Pavement, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows:

SECTION 907-420 -- UNDERSEALING CONCRETE PAVEMENT

<u>907-420.01--Description.</u> Undersealing concrete pavement shall consist of placing a polyurethane foam mixture beneath existing concrete pavement at the locations shown in the plans, or directed by the Engineer.

The intent of the undersealing process is to lift, underseal, and fill the voids under existing concrete pavement, or bridge end slabs. When raising concrete pavement/slabs, care shall be taken to assure that the final elevation of the concrete pavement/slab is aligned vertically with the adjacent and surrounding pavement.

<u>907-420.02--Materials.</u> Material for undersealing shall meet the following requirements.

<u>Properties</u>	<u>Test Value</u>	Test Method
Density, lbs./ft., minimum	4.0	ASTM D 1622
Tensile Strength, psi, minimum	90	ASTM D 1622
Compression Strength, psi (at yield point), minimum	80	ASTM D 1621

Material for undersealing shall achieve 90% of its compressive strength in 15 minutes.

The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with certified test reports showing that the material meets the requirements of the specification.

907-420.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-420.03.1--General.</u> All undersealing will be done at the locations specified in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The equipment shall be that customarily used in undersealing. It shall consist of no less than the following:

1. A pneumatic or electric drill capable of drilling holes in the concrete pavement. The equipment shall be in satisfactory operating condition and operated in such a manner as to prevent unnecessary damage to the pavement.

- 2. A pump capable of injecting the high density polyurethane between the concrete pavement and the underlying material while controlling the rate of rise of the pavement.
- 3. A leveling unit to ensure the concrete pavement is raised to the desired elevation.

<u>907-420.03.2--Drilling Holes.</u> Unless otherwise shown in the plans, the injection holes shall be drilled at six to eight-foot intervals throughout the concrete pavement. The holes shall be a maximum of ³/₄ inch in diameter. Any other size hole must be approved by the Engineer.

<u>907-420.03.3--Injection Process.</u> The nozzle of the discharge hose shall be secured in the drilled hole in a manner that provides an adequate seal during the pumping process. As the polyurethane reacts, it expands and hardens resulting in a lift of the pavement. The amount of rise shall be controlled by regulating the rate of injection. When the nozzle is removed, the hole shall be plugged or sealed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Any excess polyurethane material shall be removed from the pavement.

A leveling device (survey level, laser level, string line, etc.) shall be used to monitor and verify the elevation of the pavement as it rises. After the pavement is raised, it shall meet a 1/4 inch in 25-foot string line requirement. The Contractor will be required to correct any pavement out of tolerance or raised in excess of the required elevation. Any necessary repairs due to out of tolerance or over height pavement shall be corrected at no additional cost to the State.

<u>907-420.03.4--Curing Time and Opening to Traffic.</u> Traffic shall not use the undersealed pavement within 30 minutes after the injection process has been completed. Any deposits of urethane on the pavement or shoulders shall be removed and the surface cleaned prior to opening to traffic.

<u>907-420.04--Method of Measurement.</u> Undersealing concrete pavement, complete and accepted, will be measured by the pound. The quantity of urethane will be based on the supplier's packaging information for the material delivered and incorporated into the project.

<u>907-420.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Undersealing concrete pavement, as measured above, will be paid for at the contract price per pound, which price shall include all mobilization, labor, equipment, traffic control, materials, and incidentals necessary to complete the required work.

Unless otherwise indicated in the plans, costs for maintenance of traffic and individual traffic control devices as required by the plans for undersealing operations shall be included in the unit price for undersealing and will not be measured for separate payment.

Payment will be made under:

907-420-A: Undersealing Concrete Pavement

- per pound

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-631-1

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal Systems - General

Section 631, Traffic Signal Systems - General, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-631.02--Materials.

<u>907-631.02.4--Operations.</u> Delete the second paragraph in Subsection 631.02.4 on page 513 and substitute the following.

The Contractor shall conduct the work at all times in such a manner as to ensure the least possible inconvenience to the traveling public, and to property owners on the streets, alleys, and other public places where the construction will take place.

<u>907-631.02.5--Electrical Service.</u> Delete the first paragraph in Subsection 631.02.5 on page 515 and substitute the following.

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary arrangements with the local power company to provide the electrical service for any new installation. The Contractor shall pay for, at no cost to the Department, all deposits, hook-up charges, or other service fees required by the power company for the establishment of new service. The cost of all such fees shall be considered incidental and absorbed within existing pay items. The Department or the local agency will be responsible for payment of the monthly service bill for the new power service installation. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to swap the electrical service account over to the Department or local agency.

907-631.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-631.03.2--Electrical Service Equipment.</u> Delete the paragraphs of Subsection 631.03.2 on pages 515 and 516, and substitute the following.

The power supply assembly shall consist of all equipment mounted in a Power Service Pedestal as described in Subsection 722.13 or as otherwise shown in the plans. The configuration and installation of the equipment mounted on the assembly shall meet the safety requirements and approval of the utility company or municipality furnishing power for operation.

When required, service poles shall be provided by the Contractor and consist of wood poles with required pole line hardware, conduit, ground rods, guy wires and anchors and all other accessories and appurtenances mounted on the pole, except those items furnished by the utility company or

municipality, or as specified separately in the contract or plans. Costs of service poles shall be included in other items bids.

Main disconnect switches shall be separately housed on the power supply assembly. Circuit breaker cabinets and meters shall not be installed on the street or walk side of the pole or pedestal.

<u>907-631.03.3--Performance Tests.</u> Delete the second sentence of Subsection 631.03.3 on page 516.

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-632-1

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal Cabinet Assemblies

Section 632, Traffic Signal Cabinet Assemblies, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete Section 632 on pages 517 thru 538, and substitute the following.

SECTION 907-632 - TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABINET ASSEMBLIES

<u>907-632.01--Description</u>. This work consists of furnishing, assembling, configuring and installing all component materials and software required to form completed traffic signal controller assemblies, closed loop master controller assemblies and signal system installation of the types specified, in conformity with these specifications, to ensure fully operational traffic signal installations as shown on the plans.

907-632.02--Materials.

<u>907-632.02.1--Cabinet Assembly.</u> Cabinet Assemblies shall meet the NEMA 3R requirements and be constructed principally of 0.125-inch thick, 5052-H32 aluminum. The aluminum shall have a mill finish per NEMA TS 2 7.7.3. Intermittent welds may be used for construction and any unwelded cabinet seams shall be sealed with clear RTV silicone. All external fasteners shall be stainless steel and no holes will be allowed in top of cabinet.

The door handles shall be stainless steel or cast aluminum. Door hinges shall be of the continuous type with a stainless steel hinge pin. Rivets are not be used to attach the hinge. The main door stop rod shall be constructed using stainless steel. The door stop mechanism shall be adjustable and capable of being securely latched in multiple opened positions including 90 degrees and a maximum of 120 degrees. The brackets attaching the stop rod to the door and cabinet shall be aluminum and welded in place. The main door cylinder lock shall be a #2 key type lock. Two (2) traffic industry standard No. 2 keys shall be provided with each cabinet and shall be made using heavy duty key blanks.

Extruded aluminum channels permanently attached to the right and left cabinet sides shall be provided for attaching adjustable shelving and mounting of other component panels. The cabinet shall have two (2) shelves installed. Both shelves shall be provided with the front edge pre-drilled with 0.25-inch holes located twelve (12) inches apart.

907-632.02.2--Physical Features.

907-632.02.2.1--Pull Out Drawer. A pull out drawer shall be installed and centered under the

bottom shelf. The drawer shall be made of 0.080-inch thick, 5052-H32 aluminum and come out on full extension drawer slides. The pull out drawer shall provide an approximate 16-inch x 14-inch working area and have the ability to bear a constant 25 pound burden. There shall be a compartment for document storage. The lid shall be hinged at the rear, to gain access to the storage area. The drawer will be used to store documents as well as support a notebook computer. The drawer slides shall be of the full extension ball bearing type. Dimensions of the drawer shall be large enough to support a notebook computer and a drawer of sufficient size to hold at least two (2) copies of the cabinet drawings and other related cabinet documentation. The surface of the lid shall have a non-slip surface.

<u>907-632.02.2.2--Cabinet Lighting.</u> Cabinets shall be provided with a minimum of two (2) white light LED modules. One (1) lighting module shall be installed along the front top section of the cabinet and the second lighting module shall be installed underneath the bottom cabinet shelf in such a location as to provide direct lighting of the load bay area of the cabinet but must not interfere with the cabinet drawer operation.

Both LED lighting modules shall be controlled by a NEMA rated, commercial quality, pushbutton door switch. The cabinet lighting shall turn on when the cabinet main door is opened and shall turn off when the main door is closed or an ON/OFF NEMA rated, commercial quality, toggle switch mounted on the inside cabinet door service panel shall be provided to turn both LED lighting modules on or off.

<u>907-632.02.2.3--Police Panel Switches</u>. Police panel switches shall be provided with all controller cabinets. All switches shall be hard wired and labeled as to their function.

NORMAL-FLASH: When this switch is in the FLASH position, all signal indications shall transfer to the flashing mode. AC power shall be removed from the load switches when the signal indications transfer to the flashing mode.

The controller unit shall operate in accordance with appropriate specifications during the flashing mode. When the switch is placed in the NORMAL position, transfer from the flash mode to normal operation shall be made in accordance with uniform code flash requirements.

SIGNAL ON-OFF: AC power shall be removed from the signal heads and the intersection will become dark when this switch is in the OFF position.

MANUAL CONTROL ON-OFF: When this switch is in the ON position, a logic ground shall be applied to the manual control enable input of the controller unit.

INTERVAL ADVANCE INPUT JACK: A manual jack shall be installed on the police panel. The jack shall inter-mate with a 3-circuit, ½-inch diameter phone plug. The tip and ring (middle) circuits of the jack shall be connected to the logic ground and the interval advance inputs of the controller unit. When the manual hand cord is plugged into the jack and the pushbutton is pressed, logic ground shall be connected to the interval advance input of the controller unit.

When specified in the contract documents, an interval advance cord shall be provided. The cord

shall have a minimum length of three (3) feet. It shall have a ¼-inch diameter, three circuit plug connected to one end and a manual pushbutton enclosed in a hand-held enclosure at the other end. A complete cycle (push-release) of the manual pushbutton shall terminate the controller unit interval which is active except the vehicular yellow and red clearance intervals. Cycling the pushbutton during the vehicular yellow or all red clearance intervals shall not terminate the timing of those intervals.

<u>907-632.02.2.4--Service Panel Switches</u>. Service panel switches shall be hard wired and clearly labeled to identify as to their functions. Service panel switches shall be mounted on the service panel located on the inside of the main cabinet door. Alternate switch locations may be described in the plans or contract documents but final switch design and location shall be approved by the Engineer prior to cabinet fabrication.

NORMAL-FLASH: When this switch is in the FLASH position, all signal indications shall transfer to the flashing mode. AC power shall be removed from the load switches when the signal indications transfer to the flashing mode.

The controller unit shall operate in accordance with appropriate specifications during the flashing mode. When the switch is placed in the NORMAL position transfer from the flash mode to normal operation shall be made in accordance with uniform code flash requirements.

CONTROLLER ON-OFF: When this switch is in the OFF position, AC power shall be removed from the controller. When this switch is returned to the ON position, the controller unit shall perform normal start up functions and resume normal operation in accordance with the applicable specification.

STOP TIME-RUN-NORMAL: A 3-position manual switch shall be provided which places the controller into Stop Time mode manually or through remote input.

VEHICLE DETECTORS: A 3-position switch shall be provided for each vehicle and pedestrian detector circuit. All switches shall be located on a panel mounted on the inside of the main cabinet door. The switch panel shall be labeled CALL SWITCH. Labeling of phase number and intended function (vehicles or pedestrian calls) shall be provided for each switch.

The vehicle detector switch functions are defined as follows:

Locked Call Call is continually placed into the controller unit.

Off (center) Vehicle detector is connected to the controller unit vehicle detector

input, i.e. normal detector operation.

Momentary Call Call is continuous as long as the switch is manually held in this

position.

<u>907-632.02.2.5--Police and Service Panel Locations</u>. The police and service panels shall be constructed of 5052-H32 0.125-inch thick aluminum.

The police panel shall be located behind the police door which is enclosed within the main door.

The police door shall be hinged and provided with a neoprene gasket seal. Access to any portion or equipment contained behind the main cabinet door shall not be accessible through any part of the police panel. The police panel shall be of appropriate dimensions to accommodate all switch or devices described within this specification, the plans or contract document. The police door shall be provided with a treasury #2 key type lock and two (2) keys for the police door lock shall be provided with each cabinet.

The service panel shall be mounted on the inside portion of the main cabinet door, adjacent to the back side of the police panel or on the left hand side of the cabinet.

<u>907-632.02.2.6--Cabinet Ventilation</u>. Cabinets shall be vented to allow dissipation of the heat generated by the equipment contained within. All cabinets shall have a thermostatically controlled exhaust fan located at the top of the cabinet that is capable of 100 cubic feet per minute air displacement. The thermostat shall be mounted on the inside top of the cabinet and shall have a nominal temperature range from 80°F to 170°F.

The intake vent shall be louvered or equivalent design to prevent rain infiltration. The vent area will be located along the bottom portion of the cabinet door. A 16-inch x 12-inch x 1-inch disposable pleated air filter shall be provided on the inside portion of the cabinet and shall fully cover the vent area.

<u>907-632.02.2.7--Air Filter Assembly.</u> Air filters shall be one piece and shall be held firmly in place against the cabinet door in order to prevent dust from bypassing the perimeter of the filter and shall fully cover the vent area. Wing nuts or thumbscrews are preferred. Air filter shall be a 16-inch x 12-inch x 1-inch disposable pleated filter.

907-632.02.2.8--Cabinet Sizes.

<u>907-632.02.2.8.1--Type I Cabinet.</u> A Type I cabinet, 51"H x 30"W x 18"D, may be used for both pole and base mounted cabinets that require a maximum eight (8) position load bay. Pole mounted cabinets do not require rear access.

<u>907-632.02.2.8.2—Type II Cabinet</u>. A Type II cabinet, 51"H x 36"W x 18"D, may be used for both pole and base mounted cabinets that require a maximum twelve (12) position load bay. Pole mounted cabinets do not require rear access.

<u>907-632.02.2.8.3--Type III Cabinet.</u> A Type III cabinet, 56"H x 44"W x 27"D, shall be used for base mount installations and shall require a sixteen (16) position load bay and rear access door.

907-632.02.2.8.4--Type IV Cabinet. A Type IV dual chamber cabinet, 56"H x 57"W x 29"D, shall be used for base mount installations and shall require a sixteen (16) position load bay, rear access door, and external generator plug. When called for in the plans, a UPS shall be housed inside this cabinet.

<u>907-632.02.2.8.5--Type V Cabinet</u>. A Type V cabinet, 77"H x 44"W x 27"D, shall be used for base mount installations and shall require a sixteen (16) position load bay and rear access door.

<u>907-632.02.3--Power Distribution Panel</u>. The power panel shall be wired to provide the necessary power to all equipment. It shall be manufactured from 0.125-inch thick, 5052- H32 aluminum. The power panel shall house the following components: Main Breaker, Auxiliary Breakers, and Terminal Block. The panel shall be of such design so as to allow a technician to easily access the main and auxiliary breakers.

A 3-position terminal block with a removable insulated cover accepting up to AWG #4 stranded wire shall be supplied for accepting only the incoming power lines. This terminal block shall be in advance of and supply only the 30-amp main breaker, 10-amp and 5-amp Auxiliary breakers, AC neutral buss and earth ground buss.

<u>907-632.02.3.1--Ground and Neutral Busbars</u>. Cabinet grounding shall meet the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.09 for grounding and ground rods. A solid copper ground busbar shall be mounted on the side of the cabinet wall adjacent to the power panel for the connection of chassis ground wires. If more than one (1) ground busbar is used in a cabinet, a minimum of an AWG #6 copper wire shall be used to bond them.

The copper ground busbar shall have a minimum of thirteen (13) connector points, each capable of securing at least one (1) AWG #6 conductor.

A solid copper neutral busbar shall be mounted on the side of the cabinet wall adjacent to the power panel for the connection of AC neutral wires.

The copper neutral busbar shall have a minimum of thirteen (13) connector points, each capable of securing at least one (1) AWG #6 conductor.

<u>907-632.02.3.2--Terminal Strips</u>. Conductors shall be terminated on terminal strips with insulated terminal lugs. When two (2) or more conductors are terminated on field wiring terminal strip screws, a terminal ring lug shall be used for termination of those conductors. The voltage and current rating of terminal strips shall be greater than the voltage and current rating of the wire which is terminated on the terminal strip.

<u>907-632.02.3.3--Cabinet Receptacles.</u> A 3-wire 115 Volt AC (15A) Ground Fault Circuit Interrupt (GFCI) duplex receptacle shall be provided in the cabinet for maintenance use. It shall be securely mounted near the bottom right side of the cabinet and easily accessible.

Two (2) 3-wire 115 Volt AC (15A) non-GFCI protected outlets shall be installed, one on each side of the cabinet. These two (2) outlets are used for communication or other auxiliary equipment.

<u>907-632.02.3.4--Operating Line Voltage</u>. All equipment shall be designed to operate from a 120 volt, 60 cycle AC supply. Operation shall be satisfactory at voltages from 105 volts to 130 volts. All operating voltages into and out of the controller shall be NEMA level DC voltages except for the controller AC power source (Connector A, Pin p – AC-Control and Pin U – AC Common).

907-632.02.3.5--Circuit Breakers. Circuit breakers shall meet the requirements set forth in

Subsection 722.07. A 30-amp main breaker, with a minimum of 10,000 amp interrupting capacity, shall be provided for all cabinets to supply power to the controller, MMU, signals, and rack power supply.

Two (2) auxiliary breakers shall be provided. The first breaker, 10-amp, shall supply power to the fan, light, GFCI utility receptacle and two (2) auxiliary standard receptacles. The second breaker, 5-amp, shall be installed to supply power for the Controller Unit and MMU2. The above circuit breakers line side shall be jumpered together and will be fed from an external main circuit. A third 5-amp breaker shall be required if an ITS camera panel is called for in the plans.

<u>907-632.02.3.6--Main Line Arrestors</u>. Surge protection shall be provided that meets the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.12. A main line arrestor shall be provided to reduce the effects of voltage transients on the AC power line. It shall be installed after the circuit breaker. The main line arrestor shall be sufficient to protect all equipment and devices as per the plans and the following minimum specifications.

- Multi-stage Hybrid Design
- Series induction filtering
- Thermally protected Metal Oxide Varistors (TMOV's)
- Operating Voltage: 120 VACClamping Voltage: 395 VAC
- Operating Current: 15 A
- Peak Surge Current: 50 kA/Mode, 100 kA/Phase
- Operating Frequency: 47-63Hz
- EMI Attenuation: 40 dB Typ
- SPD Technology: TMOV's w/ W-C Filter
- Modes of Protection: L-N, L-G, N-G
- Status Indication: Power On & TMOV's Functional
- Connection Type: 1/4-20 Stainless Steel Stud
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

<u>907-632.02.3.7--Solid State Main Line Relay (SSR)</u>. A normally-open, 75-amp, hybrid SSR shall be provided on the power distribution panel. The relay shall include a LED indicator to verify circuit power.

<u>907-632.02.4--Terminal Facilities Board</u>. The Terminal Facility shall be a hardwired load bay for NEMA TS 2 Type 1 actuated controllers. The load bay shall include either eight (8), twelve (12) or sixteen (16) load switch positions, as specified by the plans, and shall be centered along the back of the cabinet below the bottom shelf.

All wires terminated behind the backboard, as well as any additional panels, shall be soldered. No pressure or solderless connectors shall be used, unless they are soldered to the wire and tab after connection.

907-632.02.4.1--Load Switches and Flashers. Solid State Load Switches, compatible with low

wattage LED signals, shall be provided for the sequence called for on the plans. The load switch sockets shall be wired for triple-signal load switches conforming to NEMA TS 1-1994 and NEMA TS 2-2003 requirements.

The flasher socket shall be wired for and provided with a Type 3, two (2) circuit Solid State Flasher conforming to NEMA TS 1-1994 and NEMA TS 2-2003 requirements. It shall be possible to flash either the amber or red indication on any load switch outputs. It shall be possible to easily change the flash indication from the front side of the panel using readily available tools such as a screwdriver. A nominal flash rate of 50 to 60 FPM shall be provided. Flash rate shall be stable when used with generators or inverters.

Support(s) shall be provided to support the Flasher and Load Switches at some point approximately half of the total length from the panel surface. Sufficient area beneath the Load Switch or Flasher shall be clear in order to allow for free flow of air across the Load Switches or Flasher. Load Switches and Flashers must be provided with LED indicator lights on the side facing the cabinet door.

<u>907-632.02.4.2--Flash Transfer Relay.</u> All flash transfer relays, as a minimum, shall meet NEMA TS 1 requirements. The number of relays that shall be supplied with each cabinet shall accommodate the number of signal phases as indicated in the project plans. The coil of the flash transfer relay must be de-energized for flash operation.

<u>907-632.02.5--Cabinet Wiring</u>. Controller cabinets shall be wired in accordance with the signal phasing plans. If phases are indicated as omitted for future use, or if phases are not shown to be used in the plans, the cabinet shall be wired for use of the phases shown as future or unused. Load Switches shall not be provided for future or unused phases.

Wiring in the cabinets shall conform to the requirements of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and all of these specifications. All conductors in the cabinet shall be stranded copper. All wiring shall be laced. All wiring shall be in accordance as specified by Section 636 and Subsection 722.03 for Electric Cable and IMSA Specification 19 and/or 20 for Signal Wiring.

Connector harnesses for controller, conflict monitor, vehicle detectors, and accessory equipment (including NEMA defined Card Rack with power supply and pre-wired optical detection slots) shall be provided and wired into the cabinet circuitry. Connecting cables for controller and conflict monitor harnesses shall be sleeved in a braided mesh. All wires shall be securely terminated on terminal strips. The lay of the interconnect cable between the components must be such that when the door is closed, it does not press against the cables or force the cables against the various components inside the cabinets.

All communication wiring shall be bundled and routed independently of all other wiring. All live conductors shall be covered with suitable insulating material. All equipment grounds shall run directly and independently to the grounding bus.

All wires shall be cut and terminated as close as possible to the proper length before assembly. Consideration of equipment location adjustments must be made when determining appropriate

wire lengths. Excessive lengths of wire or cable shall not be allowed. All line voltage conductors used in controller cabinet shall conform to the following color code:

AC Neutral: White AC Hot: Black

Safety Ground: Green

<u>907-632.02.5.1--Signal Terminal Arrestor Grounding Bar</u>. A field terminal arrestor grounding bar shall be provided along the back portion of the cabinet for the installation of signal arrestors. This bar shall be attached using an AWG #10 stranded copper to the earth ground circuitry.

<u>907-632.02.5.2--Signal Terminal Arrestors</u>. The field terminal arrestor shall be a three (3) circuit protective device intended for use on traffic control load relay outputs. The arrestor shall be furnished with three (3) leads and a grounding stud which will be used to attach the arrestor to the grounding bar. The field terminal arrestor shall meet the following minimum specifications:

Operating Voltage: 120 VAC
Clamping Voltage: 475 VAC
Peak Surge Current: 10 kA

• Operating Frequency: 47 - 63 Hz

SPD Technology: MOV'sConnection Type: Wire Leads

Lead Wire: 14 AWG 12" Length
Ground Stud: 10 x 32 5/8" Length

• Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

907-632.02.6--Accessory Components.

907-632.02.6.1--Traffic Actuated Controller Unit. The fully actuated controller unit shall, at a minimum, meet the requirements of both NEMA TS 1–1989 and NEMA TS 2-2003 requirements for actuated controller units. The controller shall be of the TS 2 Type 2 configuration. The controller shall be provided with the multiple communication interface devices or properties as defined below.

- 10 Base-T Ethernet with front panel RJ-45 connector
- IEEE defined MAC address
- EIA-232 port
- External Serial Fiber options for both single and multi-mode (optional as per plans)
- External FSK 1200 bps modem (optional as per plans)
- D connector with 37 pin configuration for TS 1 compatibility
- USB port for signal controller database upload/download to the controller flash
- Controller
- ECOMM Compatible

The controller unit must have an alphanumeric backlit LCD display with a minimum of sixteen

(16) lines at 40 characters per line. The controller must be air-cooled with sufficient ventilation openings and capable of operating between -30°F and 165°F. The controller unit must be provided with a time-of-day clock, automatic daylight savings time adjustment and a power supply for maintaining SRAM during a power outage. The controller unit shall be capable of being used in a Closed-Loop System and must be capable of operating in the role of master controller in a Closed Loop System. The controller unit firmware shall be fully compatible with the Department's existing Traffic Signal Management Software. The Contractor shall ensure all controller firmware versions are compatible with the existing Traffic Signal Management Software that the Regional Department staff currently utilizes prior to submitting the controller for approval. The Contractor shall notify the Department if any special controller configuration or firmware is needed prior to submitting the controller for approval based on project requirements.

Where Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) operations are being used, all traffic signal controller firmware shall be capable of delaying the onset of the flashing yellow arrow.

All operator entered data shall be stored and backed up on to a flash memory device provided with the controller unit at no cost. This flash memory device shall require no battery to support value storage. No internal components of circuitry shall require battery support. The database shall be able to be backed up to a USB drive via the USB drive on the controller.

Traffic Actuated Controllers shall be of the Type shown on the plans. Type 1 Controllers shall have a Linux based processor and a minimum of one (1) USB port. Type 2 Controllers shall have the same features as Type 1 Controllers with the addition of an ATC backplane.

Type 3 Controllers shall have all features of the Type 2 Controller with the addition of the ATC module. All three (3) types of actuated controllers shall have Master controller capability, and if required shall be designated with 'M' in the plans.

<u>907-632.02.6.2--Closed Loop Master Controller Unit</u>. When called for in the plans, this work also consists of furnishing, installing and configuring the equipment, software and accessories necessary to connect one (1) traffic Closed-Loop Master Controller to its corresponding central or portable PC-based Traffic Computer Facility Control System via a communications connection. The communications or network connection device will be either existing or provided by the Contractor.

907-632.02.6.2.1--General. The Master shall monitor intersections in the system, display status and operational state and provide traffic flow data from intersection vehicle detectors. The Master shall include all communications equipment and software necessary to provide reporting to a remote terminal as well as upload/download of all local intersection data and provide timing synchronization. Communications to local controllers from the Master and from the Master to the central-office computer facility shall be by FSK, 900 MHz Radio, Broadband Radio, Serial Fiber, Ethernet, Fiber, Cell Modem or Leased Line, as indicated in the plans. The Master shall be able to run on the same controller simultaneously operating the intersection, with the local signal control software, on any given controller unit.

907-632.02.6.2.2--System Configuration. The system architecture shall be designed to minimize

the effect of equipment failures on system operation and performance. The system consists of four (4) principal elements:

- Local System Intersection Controllers
- Communication (Telemetry Links)
- On-Street Master(s)
- Central-Office Computer Software

<u>907-632.02.6.2.3--Local System Intersection Controller</u>. The local system intersection controllers connected to the Master controller unit shall be capable of controlling a fully actuated two (2) to sixteen (16) phase intersection and shall meet or exceed NEMA TS 1-1989 and TS 2-2003 standards for fully actuated traffic control units. The local controller shall have internal communication capability with direct access to the data memory. The local system controller shall be capable of processing controller and detector data and provide all necessary intersection control functions. The local system intersection controller shall meet the requirements of the Traffic Actuated Controller Unit.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.4--Communications (Telemetry) Links.</u> The communications links for the "Closed-Loop" System shall perform the following functions:

- Provide the medium (radio/fiber/hardwire/etc.) for two-way communications between the On-Street Master and the local intersection controllers.
- Provide the medium for two-way communication between the On-Street Master and the central-office computer facility.
- Error checking shall be included in both mediums to assure transmission and reception of valid data.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.5--On-Street Master.</u> The On-Street Master may be located at an intersection and connected via the communication network to at least 32 local intersection controllers. The Master shall be capable of implementing Traffic Responsive Control, Time Base Control, Manual Control or Remote Control modes of operation.

Analysis of sampling sensor data from at least 64 system detectors and corresponding selection of the best Traffic Responsive timing pattern shall be provided by the On-Street Master during the Traffic Responsive mode of operation.

Automatic and continuous monitoring of system activity shall be provided by the On-Street Master to include both Master and intersection alarm conditions.

System parameter entry shall be provided via the On-Street Master including all Master and local intersection assignment and group parameters. Master parameters shall include:

- System coordination setup and pattern data entry by group
- System time base event scheduler
- System traffic responsive computational and pattern selection setup by group
- Intersection system group and detector assignments

The On-Street Master shall provide comprehensive system report generation including, as a minimum: system, intersection, detector and failure status and history reports in addition to system performance reporting.

A RS-232C interface shall be provided on the On-Street Master to allow for printing of reports or for interconnecting to a remote central site.

To enhance overall system operation and increase system management flexibility, the On- Street Master shall also support two-way dial-up communications to a central office computer for control, monitoring, data collection and for timing pattern updating purposes, all from a remote central office location. Continuous, seven (7) days/week - 24 hours/day, system monitoring shall be enhanced by the On-Street Master's capability to automatically dial-up the central office computer upon detection of user defined critical alarm conditions.

907-632.02.6.2.6--System Functional Requirements.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.1--Operator Interface</u>. In order to provide ease in programming and operation, the system shall provide a simplified user-friendly menu format at each local, master and central office facility. No special programming skills shall be required for the user to fully access and operate this control and monitoring system at any level.

All programming, both of the local intersection controllers and the On-Street Master(s) shall be via a front panel keyboard and display, driven by English Language menus. All data change entries will be automatically verified against established ranges prior to acceptance to prevent programming data errors. Data access shall be controlled by user- definable access controls.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.2--System Traffic Control.</u> The system shall have the capability of controlling a minimum of sixteen (16) vehicle phases and eight (8) pedestrian phases. The system shall have the capability of implementing a minimum of four (4) timing rings, fifteen (15) alternate sequences, and sixteen (16) offsets.

The system shall provide the capability of selecting any of the following operational modes on a group basis:

- Traffic Responsive
- Time Base (Time-of-Day/Day-of-Week)
- Remote (External Command)
- Manual (Operator Entry)

The system shall be capable of implementing system FLASH and system FREE operation. The system shall have the capability to command, on/off based on time, up to eight (8) independent special functions.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.3--Detectors</u>. The system shall have the capability of accepting and processing data from at least 632 system detectors for Traffic Responsive program selection.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.4--Pattern Selection</u>. In addition to providing Manual and Remote program selection capability, the Master shall provide for Traffic Responsive and Time Base modes of operation for timing pattern selection.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.4.1--Traffic Responsive Mode</u>. Traffic plan selection in the Traffic Responsive mode shall be user-enabled and supplied with the controller, per the plans and specifications. The pattern selection shall be based on sampling detector volume and occupancy analysis by the On-Street Master.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.4.2--Time Base Mode</u>. The system shall provide the capability of implementing time-of-day, day-of-week and week-of-year control for each of the two (2) groups using an internal time clock referenced to the 60-Hz AC power line frequency for its time base. The Time Base mode shall contain automatic adjustment for leap year and daylight savings time changes.

The system Time Base mode shall provide, as a minimum, 100 events each capable of requesting any of the 48 traffic control patterns along with Traffic Responsive override enable or auxiliary events consisting of enable/disable any of up to four (4) system-wide special functions and setting sample and log interval time periods.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.5--System Control Priority</u>. The system coordination control (program-ineffect) for each group shall be selected on a priority basis. The priority from highest to lowest shall be as follows:

- Manual Control Entry
- External Control (Remote Command)
- Time Base Control (Time-of-Day/Day-of-Week) (Traffic Responsive control will prevail whenever Traffic Responsive Override Enable is active and the selected cycle length is greater than that being commanded by Time Base)
- Traffic Responsive Control

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.6--Measures of Effectiveness.</u> The system shall have the capability to report selected Measures of Effectiveness (MOE's) on an intersection basis. MOE calculations shall be made on all phases by the local system intersection controller and as a minimum shall include measures such as: volume, number of stops, delays and green utilization. These measures shall be calculated on the basis of the active timing plan. Alternate ways of reporting MOE'S may be approved on a case-by-case review.

907-632.02.6.2.6.7--Uploading and Downloading. The system shall provide, for any selected local system intersection controller, the capability of uploading and downloading any or all, new or modified local intersection parameters from the central-office computer and the Department Central Traffic Signal Management Software, and shall include, as a minimum, all: Phase Timing and Unit Data; Coordination Data, Time Base Data; Preemption Data, System Communication Parameters, System Traffic Responsive Data, and any other System Data residing at the intersection such as Detector Diagnostic Values, Report Parameters and Speed Parameters.

During either uploading or downloading operations, normal traffic control operations shall not be suspended. All data shall be continually accessible and may be displayed at the On- Street Master or the central office computer.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.8--System Monitoring and Diagnostics.</u> The system shall automatically and continually monitor system activity and log/report occurrences of Master and intersection alarm conditions. All alarm condition events shall include at the intersection, (Master and central-office computer) an alpha-numeric description of the event as well as the time and date of occurrence.

As a minimum, monitored master alarms conditions shall include:

- Insufficient or Improper Data
- Failed Computational Channels
- Failed System Detectors
- Intersection Communication Failure
- Failed Controllers
- Minimum of six (6) special user defined alarms for user application flexibility
- Monitored intersection alarms conditions shall include as a minimum:
- Cycle Faults and Failures
- Coordination Failures
- Voltage Monitor
- Conflict, Local and Remote Flash Conditions
- Preempt
- Local Free
- Minimum of six (6) special user defined alarms for additional user flexibility.

When the Master detects a critical alarm condition, as defined by the user, it shall automatically dial-up the central office computer and report the condition. On a BUSY or NO ANSWER, the system may be programmed, at user option, to alert a secondary computer.

The system shall also automatically and continually monitor, verify and attempt to correct Sync Pulse, Time Base Clock and Pattern-In-Effect. The system shall provide capabilities to perform diagnostics on system and local detectors, communications and intersection operations. When a fault has been detected, an indication shall be provided. It shall be possible to isolate the fault to the failed unit from controls and indicators available on the Master unit. Auxiliary equipment such as a data terminal or CRT shall not be required to identify the failure.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.9--Real Time Display.</u> The Master shall provide for any selected local system intersection controller, real-time status information on its front panel. Real-time intersection status information shall include simultaneous display of: vehicle and pedestrian signal and detector status by phase, overlap signal status and cars waiting count by phase. Real-time controller status information shall include simultaneous display of: two (2) Ring Active timers, On/Next, Call/Recall and Hold/Omit Status by phase, Coordination, Preempt and Stop Time Status.

907-632.02.6.2.6.10--System Management. The system, without hardware changes but with its

ability to directly modify Master and intersection parameters, shall provide the user system configuration and operational controls of the following functions: add/delete controllers and system detectors, enable Traffic Responsive mode, assign intersections to groups, assign system detectors to computational channels and channels to pattern select routines, and assign special and/or standard detectors as system detectors for use with computational channels or to track activity.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.6.11--System Logging and Reports.</u> The system shall automatically and continually process system data and log/report on occurrence of changes in intersection status, system detector status, communications status, controller status and local detector status in addition to system program changes, Traffic Responsive computations, measures of effectiveness and performance.

<u>907-632.02.6.12--Security</u>. The On-Street Master shall provide for a user-specified security code entry before any data may be altered. In order to view any parameter, security code entry shall not be required. Security access shall be automatically rescinded approximately ten (10) minutes after either access was gained or the last parameter change was entered. The Master and local controller shall have the ability via keyboard to disable security code requirements, allowing for perpetual access without requiring hardware changes.

907-632.02.6.2.7--Design Characteristics. The On-Street Master shall be designed to operate in either an office or field environment and shall be suitably housed in a separate enclosure or in a local intersection cabinet. The Master shall be designed to meet the following electrical and mechanical requirements:

<u>907-632.02.6.2.7.1--Programming and Security.</u> Operator programmable data entry shall be accomplished through panel keyboard(s). The Master shall prevent the alteration of keyboard set variables prior to the user having entered a specific access code through the keyboard. The Master shall maintain user-programmable variables in non-volatile memory with a battery-backed RAM to assure continued efficient system operation.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.7.2--Test and Repair.</u> To enhance maintenance and trouble-shooting activities, On-Street Masters shall include resident diagnostics as a standard. No extender- cards, special tools or PROMs shall be necessary to fully maintain these components. The Master unit design shall ensure that all printed circuit boards be readily accessible for maintenance testing purposes. All fuses, connectors and controls shall be accessible from the front of the Master unit.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.8--Traffic Signal System Software</u>. All Traffic Signal System Software shall be compatible with the latest version of the Department's existing Master and local controllers and existing Traffic Signal Management Software for the Department region.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.8.1--Traffic Signal Closed Loop Software.</u> The Traffic Signal Closed-Loop Software shall provide the ability to manage Master and local controller databases including the uploading and downloading of data parameters. The software shall provide status information and provide reporting capabilities for Master and local controller data, alarms and logs.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.8.2--Traffic Signal System Workstation Software</u>. The Traffic Signal System Workstation shall provide the ability to manage Master and local controller databases including the uploading and downloading of data parameters. The software shall provide status information and provide reporting capabilities for Master and local controller data, alarms and logs.

The Traffic Signal System Workstation Software shall also be capable of operating as a network-connected user workstation to existing centralized signal systems and their associated databases.

When disconnected from the centralized signal system, the software shall be capable of running as a standalone system similar to the Closed-Loop Software. Under this mode, the software shall provide management, report and status functions for Master and local controllers. Under Standalone Mode of operation the software shall allow for its own database(s) for data management without the need for connecting to a centralized signal system database.

<u>907-632.02.6.2.9--Services.</u> Technical services shall be provided, as required, to assist in installation and initial setup of the Closed-Loop Master System and its sub-components. Technical assistance with database migration and/or setup, as well as the development of graphics (such as master maps and local intersection depictions) and the assignment of associated attributes such as detectors, phasing, signals, etc., shall be provided as required. Additionally, training shall be provided on a basic or advanced target user level, as required.

907-632.02.6.3--Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2). The Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2) shall be a shelf-mountable, sixteen (16) channel, solid-state, IP addressable MMU. The MMU2 shall accomplish the detection of, and response to, improper and conflicting signals and improper operating voltages in a traffic signal controller assembly, including support for four (4) section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) left turn displays. The MMU2 shall be capable of running a minimum of twelve (12) different modes of FYA operation.

The MMU2 shall meet or exceed Section 4 requirements of the NEMA Standards Publication No. TS 2-2003 including NEMA TS 2 Amendment #4-2012 and provide downward compatibility to NEMA Standards Publication No. TS 1-1989: Type 12 Operation, in addition to those specifications set forth in this document.

The MMU2 shall include a graphics based Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) to view the current monitor status and navigate the unit's menus. An RJ-45 Ethernet Port shall be provided for communications.

A built-in Diagnostic Wizard shall be provided that displays detailed diagnostic information regarding the fault being analyzed. This mode shall provide a concise view of the signal states involved in the fault, pinpoint faulty signal inputs and provide guidance on how the technician should isolate the cause of the malfunction. The Diagnostic Wizard shall be automatically invoked when the MMU2 is in the fault mode and the HELP button is pressed. It shall also be automatically invoked when the MMU2 is in the Previous Fail (PF) event log display and the HELP button is pressed.

A built-in Setup Mode shall be provided that automatically configures the Dual Indication Enable, Field Check Enable, Red Fail Enable and Minimum Yellow Plus Red Clearance Enable parameters from user input consisting only of channel assignment and class (vehicle, ped, pp-turn, FYA, etc.) responses.

The MMU2 shall be capable of operating in the Type 12 mode with SDLC communications enabled on Port 1. The Channel Status display shall operate in the Type 12 configuration and provide the Field Check function for up to four (4) Pedestrian Walk inputs.

In the interest of reliability and repair ability, printed circuit board mounted MS connectors shall not be acceptable. Internal MS harness wire shall be a minimum of nineteen (19) strand AWG 22 wire.

907-632.02.6.4--NEMA defined Card Rack and Power Supply. A minimum of one (1) NEMA compliant detector card rack with five (5) slot positions (first slot for power supply and four (4) available slots) shall be provided in each cabinet. The detector rack shall be installed on the bottom shelf of the cabinet. The power supply for the NEMA defined card slots shall be provided as a 175W minimum with four (4) independent regulated channels of 24 VDC each rated at 0.75 amps over the full NEMA operating temperature range of -30°F to +165°F. The output should be regulated to 24 VDC +/- 15%. Each of the four (4) outputs shall be independently fused, each with a separate LED for displaying output and fuse status for each of the four (4) outputs. Each of the four (4) outputs shall be protected against voltage transients by a minimum 1500 watt suppressor. All card racks shall be wired for the type detection shown in the plan sheets.

Card Guides shall be provided on the top and bottom of the card rack for each connector position.

907-632.02.6.5--In-Cabinet Network.

<u>907-632.02.6.5.1--Communications Arrestor</u>. The Controller Cabinet network shall consist of an SDLC connection between the Controller Unit and MMU2. Surge suppression for this network shall meet the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.12 and the following minimum requirements below:

Operating Voltage: 5 VDC
Clamping Voltage: 8 VDC
Operating Current: 1.5 A

• Peak Surge Current: 47 A (10x1000 μs)

Frequency Range: 0 to 20 MHz
Insertion Loss: < 0.1 dB at 20 MHz

SPD Technology: SADConnection Type: DB-15

• Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

907-632.02.6.6--System Communications.

907-632.02.6.6.1--Traffic Signal Ethernet Switch. When specified in the plans or contract

documents, a traffic signal Ethernet switch shall be installed in the cabinet assembly. It shall meet the requirements for the type specified in Section 907-663. Ethernet patch cables of sufficient length shall be provided for all supplied Ethernet ready cabinet components. The switch and all components shall be connected and configured.

<u>907-632.02.6.6.2--Fiber Optic Patch Panel.</u> When specified in the plans or contract documents, fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be installed in the cabinet assembly as specified in Section 907-661.

<u>907-632.02.6.6.3--Wireless Communications.</u> When specified in the plans or contract documents, wireless communication components shall be installed in the cabinet assembly and shall be as specified in Section 907-662.

<u>907-632.02.6.6.4--Serial Port Server or Terminal Server.</u> When specified in the plans or contract documents, serial port servers shall be installed in the cabinet assembly and shall be as specified in Subsection 907-663.02.2.

907-632.02.6.6.5--GPS Clock. This work includes furnishing a Global Positioning System (GPS) Synchronization clock that can be used to sync the internal clocks in traffic signal controllers when coordination is desired, but communication is not necessary. The GPS Clock System shall provide GPS based time and date synchronization to provide coordination of traffic controllers to a common time base. The system shall process GPS Time data using a tamper/vandal resistant GPS antenna and correct for Time Zone, Daylight Savings Time, Leap Years, and GPS Leap Seconds. The processed time information shall be sent to the traffic controller in the native format for the respective controller. A contact closure synchronization pulse with variable pulse width shall be available for a once per day update. If the GPS antenna is blocked for up to one (1) hour prior to scheduled time of synchronization, the system shall synchronize the traffic controllers with less than 0.4 seconds variance from the accuracy provided under normal operation with GPS satellites in view.

- The GPS Clock shall also meet the following minimum specifications:
- Input Voltage: 9-24 VDC
- Current Draw: 150 mA (max) at 12 VDC: 125 mA (max) at 24 VDC
- Contact Closure: 750 mA at 30 VDC
- Temperature Rating: -29.4°F to +167°F

GPS unit shall be mounted to the traffic signal controller cabinet as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Any and all holes created in the cabinet for the purpose of mounting the GPS unit shall be sealed to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no direct pay.

<u>907-632.02.6.6.6--Power-Over-Ethernet Arrestor.</u> Surge suppression that meets the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.12 shall be provided. In addition, the following minimum specifications shall be supplied for loads that require Power-Over-Ethernet with isolated shielded or non-shielded cable:

- Operating Voltage: 48 VDCClamping Voltage: 68 VDC
- Operating Current: 0.75 A per Pin Continuous
- Peak Surge Current: 10 kAInsertion Loss: < 0.1 dB
- SPD Technology: GDT, SAD, with series PTC
- Modes of Protection: All Lines (1-8) Protected (L-L) and (L-G): Signal High-Low; High-Ground; Low-Ground
- Transmission Speeds: 10BaseT; 100BaseT; 1000BaseT
- Connection Type: RJ-45
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

<u>907-632.02.7--Detector Panel</u>. A vehicle detector harness shall be provided to connect the detector panel to the card rack. The detector panel shall accept the connection of sixteen (16) field loop inputs and four (4) pedestrian detector inputs.

<u>907-632.02.7.1--Detector Input Arrestors</u>. Field Loop and Pedestrian input arrestors shall meet the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.12. Field loop arrestors shall have differential and common mode protection and be provided with the following minimum specifications:

- Operating Voltage: 75 VDC
 Clamping Voltage: 130 VDC
 Peak Surge Current: 250 A
- SPD Technology: Silicon Break-Over
 Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

Pedestrian input arrestors shall be a four (4) circuit device provided with the following minimum specifications:

- Operating Voltage: 30 VDC
 Clamping Voltage: 36 VDC
 Operating Current: 0.15 A
- Peak Surge Current: 10 kA (8 x 20 μs)
- Frequency Range: 0 to 20 MHz
- Insertion Loss: < 0.1 dB at 20 MHz
- SPD Technology: GDT, SAD, with Series PTC
- Connection Type: Terminal Block with compression lugs; Terminals accept up to
- 10 AWG
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

907-632.02.8--System Detectors. The controller shall have the ability to receive input data from up to eight (8) special system detectors in addition to the normal actuated controller unit phase detectors. The user shall have the option to assign any of the phase detectors as "system detectors".

<u>907-632.02.9--Preemption</u>. The cabinet shall be completely wired to accept and service calls from preemption phase selector modules, associated optical detector units and GPS units. Optical detector units and GPS unit cabinet components shall be as specified in Section 639. Provision for two (2) standard card modules shall be accommodated in a separate card rack for preemption. The preemption card rack shall provide a minimum of eight (8) channels.

Provisions shall also be made in the cabinet to accommodate Railroad Preemption when specified in the plans or contract documents. Railroad Preemption shall meet the requirements set forth in Section 639. While it is not necessary that a Railroad Preemption interface board be provided with the cabinet, the cabinet and back panel shall be designed so that a Railroad Preemption interface panel that uses a relay to isolate the track switch from the controller cabinet circuitry can be installed. Preempt 1 and 2, in the case of gate down preemption, shall be reserved for Railroad Preemptions; all subsequent preemptions shall be reserved for Emergency Vehicle, Fire Station, or Police Preemption.

<u>907-632.02.10--Uninterruptable Power Supply.</u> When specified in the plans or contract documents an Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) System shall be installed in the cabinet assembly. The UPS shall be installed in the cabinet and meet the requirements set forth in Section 633.

<u>907-632.02.11--Power Service Pedestal.</u> A Power Service Pedestal shall be provided as described in Section 631.03.2.

907-632.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-632.03.1--Mounting.</u> Traffic Signal Cabinet Assemblies shall be wall or pole mounted, base mounted on a concrete cabinet pad, or base mounted using a composite enclosure as specified below and as shown in the plans.

Power Service Pedestal shall be base mounted on a concrete cabinet pad or on a composite enclosure as specified below and as shown in the plans.

<u>907-632.03.1.1--Wall or Pole Mounted.</u> Wall or pole mount hardware shall be provided for mounting cabinets in specific installations as indicated in the design plans. Wall or pole mounted cabinets shall be manufactured with rigid tabs, rigid brackets or other acceptable configuration for attachment of the cabinet to the wall or pole support. Rigid attachment devices must allow for field alignment of cabinet to the wall or pole support.

<u>907-632.03.1.2--Concrete Cabinet Pad.</u> Concrete foundations shall be constructed of Class B concrete in specific installations as indicated in the design plans.

Cabinets for installation on a concrete base shall be manufactured with rigid tabs, rigid brackets or other acceptable configuration for attachment of the cabinet bottom to its flat support structure. Rigid attachment devices must allow for field alignment of cabinet with the support base. Concrete base construction details shall be provided in the design plan drawings.

<u>907-632.03.1.3--Composite Enclosure</u>. Cabinets for installation on a composite enclosure base shall be manufactured with rigid tabs, rigid brackets or other acceptable configuration for attachment of the cabinet bottom to its' flat support structure. Rigid attachment devices must allow for field alignment of cabinet with the composite enclosure. Composite enclosure attachment details shall be provided as shown in the plans.

<u>907-632.03.2--Documentation</u>. Documentation packages shall be delivered for each unit at the same time as the equipment to which it pertains.

A minimum of two (2) sets of complete schematic drawings and equipment documentation shall be supplied with each cabinet. The first copy shall be placed in a clear re-sealable print pouch of sufficient size to accommodate one (1) complete set of folded cabinet prints and placed in the pull-out drawer of the cabinet and the second copy shall be provided to the Department. Comprehensive controller data shall be included as part of the cabinet documentation package and shall be placed in the cabinet drawer pouch. Digital copies of all cabinet documentation shall be provided to the Department before final acceptance.

The documentation packages shall contain a schematic wiring diagram of the controller cabinet assembly and all auxiliary equipment. The schematic wiring diagram, including a symbols legend, shall show in detail all integrated circuits, transistors, resistors, capacitors, inductors as well as switches and indicators. All parts shown shall be easily identified on both in the cabinet and on the schematic diagram. Model numbers shall be used on schematic diagram when available.

A complete physical description of the signal cabinet assembly shall be provided to include at least the physical dimensions of the unit, weight, temperature ratings, voltage requirements, power requirements, material of construction, and complete performance specifications.

A complete set of operation guides, user manuals, and performance specifications shall be provided.

Detailed programming instructions, preventative maintenance requirements, and troubleshooting procedures shall also be provided for the controllers. These documents shall fully cover all programming procedures and programmable options capable of being made to the controllers and associated traffic control equipment. Instructions for modifications within the range of the capabilities of the unit such as changes in phases or sequences and programming matrix boards shall be included.

An intersection diagram shall be provided on the cabinet door showing geometric configuration, lane use assignments, controller cabinet and signal pole locations, vehicle and pedestrian signal head locations, vehicle and pedestrian detector zone locations, ring-barrier phasing diagram, and detector channel assignments. The intersection diagram shall be labeled with, at a minimum, a North Arrow, main street name(s), side street name(s), signal pole numbers, vehicle and pedestrian head type(s), detector zone designations, volume density and phase recall requirements, flash sequence. All field wires within the cabinet shall be labeled to coincide with those shown on the intersection diagram.

<u>907-632.04--Method of Measurement</u>. Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly will be measured as a unit per each.

Remove and Replace Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly will be measured as unit per each.

Modify Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet will be measured as a unit per each.

Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, of the type specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

Signal Software License, of the type specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

Malfunction Management Unit, of the type specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

Card Rack, of the type specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

GPS Clock, as specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

Power Service Pedestal, as specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

All pay items shall be inclusive of all materials, work, system integration, testing and incidentals necessary for a complete and operable unit in place and accepted. All removal, turn on, and acceptance of equipment, devices, traffic signals, and traffic signal assemblies shall follow Section 631 - Traffic Signal Systems-General prior to payment.

<u>907-632.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, configuring, wiring, testing, and mounting foundation construction, cabinets, relays, terminals, circuit breakers, modules, coordination and time base control programs, connectors wiring, overlap equipment, load switches, power cables, power supplies, controller mechanism and housing, MMU2, mounting material, all other materials, and all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Remove and Replace Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, configuring, wiring, testing, cabinets, relays, terminals, circuit breakers, modules, coordination and time base control programs, connectors wiring, overlap equipment, load switches, power cables, power supplies, controller mechanism and housing, MMU2, mounting material, all other materials, removal, disposal, transfer, storage, and/or resetting of components that are existing, all other components included in the traffic signal cabinet, and all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Modify Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the

contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, configuring, and mounting all components, wiring, and devices; rewiring, reconfiguring, removal, disposal, transfer, storage, and/or resetting of existing components and devices, installing or changing coordination and time base control programs in the traffic signal cabinet assemblies, testing, final cleanup, all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of the controller mechanism(s) and housing(s), all power cables, power supplies, wiring, factory and manufacturing inspection, attachment hardware, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all work, equipment, and appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to provide a fully functional traffic controller ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the traffic controller.

Signal Software Licenses, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of furnishing, installing and configuring the Signal Software, all power cables, power supplies, wiring, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to provide fully functional Signal Software ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the Signal Software.

Malfunction Management Unit, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of furnishing, installing and configuring the Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2), all power cables, power supplies, wiring, attachment hardware, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all work, equipment, and appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to provide a fully functional Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2) ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2).

Card Rack, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of furnishing, installing and configuring the Card Rack, all power cables, power supplies, wiring, attachment hardware, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all work, equipment, and appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to provide a fully functional Card Rack ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the Card Rack.

GPS Clock, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of furnishing, installing and configuring the Global

Positioning System (GPS) Clock(s), all power cables, power supplies, wiring, attachment hardware, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all incidentals necessary to provide a fully functional GPS Clock ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the GPS Clock.

Power Service Pedestal, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, configuring, wiring, testing, and mounting foundation construction, cabinets, circuit breakers, connectors wiring, mounting material, all other materials, and all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

907-632-A:	Solid State Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly, Type Cabinet, Type Controller	- per each
907-632-B:	Remove and Replace Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly, Type Cabinet, Type Controller	- per each
907-632-C:	Modify Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly	- per each
907-632-D:	Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, Type	- per each
907-632-E:	Single-user Workstation Signal Software License	- per each
907-632-F:	Single-user Server Signal Software License	- per each
907-632-G:	Malfunction Management Unit	- per each
907-632-Н:	Card Rack, Position	- per each
907-632-I:	GPS Clock	- per each
907-632-J:	Power Service Pedestal	- per each

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-637-3

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 05/25/2021

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal Conduit and Pull Boxes

Section 637, Traffic Signal Conduit and Pull Boxes, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-637.02--Materials.

<u>907-637.02.1--Pull Box / Enclosures.</u> Delete the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 637.02.1 on page 558, and substitute the following.

For grade level pull boxes and enclosures only, Tier 22 (22,500-pound design load, 33,750-pound test load) enclosures with minimum size dimensions as shown in the detail drawings on the plans shall be installed for use in traffic signal construction. Enclosure boxes shall be open bottom.

Delete the fourth sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 637.02.1 on page 558.

907-637.03--Construction Requirements.

<u>907-637.03.1--Pull box/Enclosures.</u> Delete the sixth sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 637.03.1 on page 559, and substitute the following.

Enclosures located in soil or sodded areas shall be installed with a supporting poured concrete collar or approved composite collar assembly, as shown by details on the plans.

<u>907-637.03.2.1--Conduit Duct Bank</u>. Delete the first sentence of subparagraph a) under Bored or drilled conduit in Subsection 637.03.2.1 on page 560, and substitute the following.

All conduits under railroad tracks shall be horizontal directional bored or drilled at a minimum of ten (10) feet below the railroad bed, or as required by the Railroad Company.

Delete Subsections 637.03.2.4 and 637.03.2.5 on pages 561 & 562, and substitute the following.

907-637.03.2.4--Blank.

907-637.03.2.5--Blank.

After Subsection 637.03.2.7 on page 563, add the following.

<u>907-637.03.3--Submittals</u>. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met if the NTB is included as part of the Project Proposal

and Contract Documents. In all cases, submittals shall be thorough and timely. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

<u>907-637.03.4--Quality Assurance.</u> The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met if the NTB is included as part of the Project Proposal and Contract Documents. In all cases, the Contractor shall conduct, maintain, and leave the worksite in a professional and organized manner. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

<u>907-637.04--Method of Measurement</u>. Delete subparagraphs a) and b) in Subsection 637.04 on page 563, and substitute the following.

- a) From center to center of pull box and/or foundation.
- b) Any above ground vertical conduit runs, as indicated in the plans. Measurement in underground conduit is only in the horizontal plane and no additional quantity shall be added for conduit depth or change in elevation of the conduit.

<u>907-637.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Delete the first, second, third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Subsection 637.05 on page 564, and substitute the following.

Pull Box Enclosures, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials including the cover, installing, crushed gravel underlayment, poured concrete collars, replacement of sod or existing grassing, final clean-up and for all equipment, all documentation and submittals, tools, labor and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

Conduit / Duct Bank, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for per linear feet, which price shall be full compensation for all materials, equipment, labor, trenching, installing, backfilling trench, plowing, directional boring, restoration, marking tape, pull tape, duct plugs, fittings, testing, bore logs, all documentation and submittals, and all other incidentals necessary for the installation and quality assurance of the conduit system.

Rigid Galvanized Steel, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for per linear feet, which price shall be full compensation for all materials, equipment, labor, all documentation and submittals, all related materials including but not limited to couplings, mounting straps, bonding to ground, etc., that is installed on sign structures, poles or between the pull boxes, and all other incidentals necessary for the installation and quality assurance of the conduit system.

Duct Plugs and Sealant will be included in the cost of the conduit and will not be measured separately.

Delete the pay items listed on page 564 and substitute the following.

907-637-A: Pull Box Enclosure, Type

- per each

907-637-B:	Pull Box Enclosure, Structure Mounted, <u>Type</u>	- per each
907-637-C:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground, Type, Size	- per linear foot
907-637-D:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground Drilled or Jacked, Type , Size	- per linear foot
907-637-E:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Structural Conduit, Type, Size	- per linear foot
907-637-F:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Aerial Supported, <u>Type</u> , <u>No</u> , <u>Size</u>	- per linear foot
907-637-G:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground Encased in Concrete, Type , Size	- per linear foot
907-637-Н:	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Type, No., Size	- per linear foot
907-637-I:	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground Drilled or Jacked, Type , No. , Size	- per linear foot
907-637-J:	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Structural Conduit, Type , No. , Size	- per linear foot
907-637-K:	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Aerial Supported, <u>Type</u> , <u>Size and Number</u>	- per linear foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-643-3

DATE: 12/15/2021

SUBJECT: Video Vehicle Detection

Section 643, Video Vehicle Detection System, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete Section 643 on pages 601 thru 628, and substitute the following.

SECTION 907-643 - VIDEO VEHICLE DETECTION

<u>907-643.01--Description</u>. This section specifies the minimum requirements for Video Vehicle Detection (VVD) and Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection (MSVD) furnished and installed in accordance with the design(s) for the location(s) designated on the project plans, in any related notice to bidders, or as directed. The work shall consist of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, test, and operate VVD and/or MSVD. The video vehicle detection system shall at a minimum use one or more cameras recommended by the manufacturer or an integrated thermal sensor and video analytics hardware and software to detect vehicle presence, provide a detection output, and generate volume, occupancy, and speed data.

Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection will provide presence or pulse detection of vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians for Traffic Signal Controller inputs. There are two variations of Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection: Type 1A – camera with independent video detection processor, Type 1B – a single integrated camera with video detection processor. The work shall consist of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, and test the Video Vehicle Detection equipment, complete and ready for service.

Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection will provide presence or pulse detection of vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians for Traffic Signal Controller inputs. Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection shall be designed to be span wire mounted. The work shall consist of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, and test the Video Vehicle Detection equipment, complete and ready for service.

The Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection (MSVD) will provide detection of vehicles on a roadway using a Multi-Sensor Detection for Traffic Signal Controller inputs. The Multi-Sensor shall utilize two (2) different sensors of different technologies, video imaging and radar, to detect and track vehicles. The module shall process information from both video imaging and radar sensors simultaneously in real-time. The work shall consist of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, and test the Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection equipment, complete and ready for service.

907-643.02--Materials.

907-643.02.1--Materials Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection. The Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection shall consist of power supply, video camera, mounting brackets, and lightning protection as recommended by the manufacturer, video detection processors/extension modules capable of processing the number of camera and phase combination video sources shown on the project plans or in the purchase order. In addition, Type 1B Video Vehicle Detector shall consist of a single integrated camera with video detection processor, a cabinet interface which mounts in a standard detector rack or as a standalone shelf mount unit.

907-643.02.1.1--Functional Requirements for Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection. The Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection configuration shall utilize video processors with one or more video inputs and one (1) video output, responding to specific site applications, camera locations and detection zones shown on the project plans. Video processors or interface modules shall be provided which plug directly into NEMA TS 1 and TS 2 detector racks without adapters. Extension modules which allow detection zones from one camera to be routed to other card slots shall also be provided if required. The system shall be Ethernet compatible with an RJ45 port. The Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection shall be able to detect vehicles and bicycles in multiple lanes using only the video image.

<u>907-643.02.1.2--Interface Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection.</u> The following interfaces shall be provided:

- 1) Video inputs that accept RS 170 (NTSC) signals from an external video source. A BNC type interface connector shall be provided and located on the front of the video processing unit.
- 2) A LED indicator to indicate the presence of the video signal. The LED shall illuminate upon valid video synchronization and turn off when the presence of a valid video signal is removed.
- 3) One (1) video output per processor module. The video output shall be RS 170 compliant and shall pass through the input video signal. The video output shall have the capability to show text and graphical overlays to aid in system setup. The overlays shall display real-time actuation of detection zones upon vehicle detection or presence. Control of the overlays and video switching shall also be provided through the serial communications port. The video output interface connector shall be BNC or RCA type. If RCA connector is used, an RCA to BNC adapter shall be provided.
- 4) A serial communications port on the front panel. The serial port shall be compliant with RS-232 or RS-422 electrical interfaces and shall use a DB9 or RJ45 type connector. The serial communications interface shall allow the user to remotely configure the system and/or to extract calculated vehicle/roadway information.
- 5) Interface software. The interface protocol shall support multi-drop or point-to- multipoint communications. Each video detection sensor shall have the capability to be individually IP addressable either built in or with third party video server units.
- 6) Open collector contact closure outputs meeting NEMA TS-2 requirements. The open collector output will be used for vehicle detection indicators as well as discrete outputs for alarm conditions.
- 7) LED status indicators on the front panel. The LED's shall illuminate when a contact closure

- output occurs. Provide one output LED for each contact closure output.
- 8) A mouse compatible port (PS-2 or USB) on the front panel of the video processing unit. The mouse port shall be used as part of the system setup and configuration.
- 9) A Cabinet Interface shall be provided that is specifically designed to mount in a standard NEMA TS 1 and TS 2 detector rack without adapters or rewiring, or as a stand-alone shelf mount unit. The Interface shall operate in a temperature range from -31°F to +165°F and a humidity range from 0% to 95% relative humidity. The Cabinet Interface shall be powered by 100v to 240v AC, 50 or 60Hz. The front of the Interface shall include LED detection indications for each channel of detection. One BNC video output and detector test switches that allow the user to place calls on each channel

<u>907-643.02.1.3--Functionality Type 1 Video Vehicle Detection</u>. Detection zones shall be programmed via an on-board menu displayed on a video monitor and a pointing device connected to the video detection processor. The menu shall facilitate placement of detection zones and setting of zone parameters or to view system parameters. The video detection processor shall detect vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians in real time as they travel across each detection zone. The video detection processor shall have an RS-232 (DB9 or RJ45) port for communications with an external computer. The video detection processor port shall be multi-drop capable.

It shall be possible to upload and save all configuration data including loop placement and save the file on a computer. It shall be possible to download a configuration file from a computer to the detection device.

The video detection processor shall accept new detection patterns from an external computer through the RS-232 port when the external computer uses the correct communications protocol for downloading detection patterns.

A WindowsTM based software designed for local and remote connection shall be provided for video capture, real-time detection indication and detection zone modification capability. The video detection processor shall send its detection patterns to an external computer through the RS-232 port.

The video detection processor shall default to a safe condition, such as minimum recall, fixed recall or a constant call on each active detection channel, in the event of unacceptable interference with the video signal, low visibility conditions, or power failure.

The system shall be capable of automatically detecting a low-visibility condition such as fog and respond by placing all defined detection zones in a constant call mode. The system shall automatically revert to normal detection mode when the low-visibility condition no longer exists.

<u>907-643.02.1.4--Detection</u>. Type 1A shall have a minimum of 24 detection zones per camera input and each detection zone shall be capable of being sized to suit the site and the desired vehicle detection area. Type 1B shall have a minimum of 8 detection zones per camera input and each detection zone shall be capable of being sized to suit the site and the desired vehicle detection area.

A single detection zone shall be able to replace multiple inductive loops and the detection zones

shall be OR'ed as the default or may be AND'ed together to indicate vehicle presence on a single phase of traffic movement.

Placement of detection zones shall be done by using only a pointing device, and a Graphical Interface built into the video detection processor and displayed on a video monitor, to draw the detection zones on the video image from each video camera. Detection zones created in this manner shall be compatible with the PC-based software provided with the system.

The video detection processor shall support bicycle type zones where the zone can differentiate between motorized vehicles and bicycles, producing a call for one but not the other. Bicycle zones shall only output when a bicycle is detected. The video detection processor shall provide the ability to assign a separate output channel for bicycle zones to allow traffic controllers to implement special bicycle timing for applications where the traffic controller has separate bicycle detection inputs. Bicycle zones shall have the ability to have extensions assigned to individual bicycle zones for applications where the traffic controller does not have bicycle specific detection inputs.

For Type 1A, six (6) additional count zones for bicycles shall be provided to accumulate bicycle counts at user specified intervals.

The video detection processor's memory shall be non-volatile to prevent data loss during power outages.

When a vehicle is detected crossing a detection zone, the corners or entire zone of the detection zone shall flash/change color on the video overlay display to confirm the detection of the vehicle. It shall be possible to record the operation of the unit in real time with the detection zones operating.

Detection shall be at least 98% accurate in all weather conditions, with slight degradation acceptable under adverse weather conditions (e.g. rain, snow, or fog) which reduce visibility.

The video detection processor shall maintain normal operation of existing detection zones when one (1) zone is being added or modified.

The video detection processor shall output a constant call on any detector channel corresponding to a zone being modified and shall resume normal operation upon completion.

Detection zones shall be directional to reduce false detections from objects traveling in directions other than the desired direction of travel in the detection area.

The video detection processor shall process the video input from each camera using a microprocessor at 30 frames per second at one volt, peak to peak, 75 ohms, or EIA 170 NTSC video standard.

The video detection processor shall output minimum recall, fixed recall or constant call for each enabled detector output channel if a loss of video signal occurs. The recall behavior shall be user selectable for each output. The video detection processor shall output a constant call during the

background "learning" period.

Detection zone outputs shall be configurable to allow the selection of presence, pulse, extend, and delay outputs. Timing parameters of pulse extend, and delay outputs shall be user definable between 0.1 to 25.0 seconds in increments of 0.1 seconds.

Type 1A shall have up to six (6) detection zones per camera view that have the capability to count the number of vehicles detected, measure classification, occupancy, and speed. The data values shall be internally stored within the processor module for later retrieval through the RS-232 port. The data collection interval shall be user definable in periods of 5, 15, 30, or 60 minutes or by intersection cycle. Real-time data shall be retrieved from the PC-based software provided with the system.

<u>907-643.02.1.5--Camera</u>. Type 1A cameras shall be completely compatible with the video detection processor and shall be certified by the manufacturer to ensure proper system operation.

Type 1B shall be a single integrated camera with built in video detection processor.

The Video Vehicle Detection shall produce accurate detector outputs under all roadway lighting conditions, regardless of time of day. The minimum range of scene luminance over which the camera shall produce a useable video image shall be the minimum range from nighttime to daytime, but not less than the range 0.009 to 930 foot-candles.

The camera shall use a color CCD sensing element with resolution of not less than 470 lines horizontal and 400 lines vertical.

The camera shall include mechanisms to compensate for changing of lighting by using an electronic shutter and/or auto-iris lens.

The camera shall include a variable focal length lens with factory preset focus that requires no field adjustment. Zooming of the camera lens to suit the site geometry by means of a portable interface device designed for that purpose. The horizontal field of view shall be adjustable. Camera configuration shall be customized for each approach based on field site conditions and the project plans.

The camera electronics shall include automatic gain control (AGC) to produce a satisfactory image at night.

The camera shall be housed in a weather-tight sealed enclosure. The housing shall be field rotatable to allow proper alignment between the camera and the traveled road surface.

The camera enclosure shall be equipped with a sunshield. The sunshield shall include a provision for water diversion to prevent water from flowing in the camera's field of view.

The camera enclosure shall include a thermostatically controlled heater to assure proper operation of the lens shutter at low temperatures and prevent moisture condensation on the optical faceplate

of the enclosure. The heater shall directly heat the glass lens and require less than five (5) watts over the temperature range.

Power consumption of the camera shall be 15 watts or less under all conditions.

The camera enclosure shall be equipped with separate, weather-tight connections for power and setup video cables at the rear of the enclosure. These connections shall allow diagnostic testing and viewing of video at the camera while the camera is installed on a mast arm or pole using a lens adjustment module furnished under this bid item.

The video signal output by the camera shall in accordance with NTSC standards.

All necessary mounting brackets shall be mounted to pole shafts, mast arms, or other structures to mount cameras as indicated on the project plans. Mounting brackets shall result in a fixed-position mounting. Mounting Brackets shall be included at no additional cost.

<u>907-643.02.1.6--Video Cable</u>. The cable provided shall be as recommended by the manufacturer for optimal video detection performance. The power and video cable may be installed under the same outer jacket. The cable and installation tools shall be approved by the supplier and manufacturer's instructions must be followed to ensure proper connection.

<u>907-643.02.1.7--Power Cable</u>. The cable provided shall be as recommended by the manufacturer for optimal video detection performance.

Camera power cable shall be suitable for installation in conduit and in exposed sunlight environment, and UL listed.

The power and video cable may be installed under the same outer jacket. The cable and installation tools shall be approved by the supplier and manufacturer's instructions must be followed to ensure proper connection.

<u>907-643.02.1.8--Surge Protection</u>. Surge protection devices shall be provided for all new or added video detection devices as recommended by the manufacturer. A surge protection device (SPD) shall be installed at the point the video detection devices receive 120 volt power and connected in series with the circuits. SPDs shall be selected and installed according to recommendation from the device manufacturer. The units shall be configured with receptacles. The units shall have an internal fuse protection and shall provide common mode (L+N-G) protection.

Video and/or Power cable shall be protected with an inline surge suppressor as recommended by the manufacturer or a panel mounted surge suppressor as recommended by the manufacturer or approved equal, installed and grounded per manufacturer's recommendations.

<u>907-643.02.1.9--Physical and Environmental Specifications</u>. Physical and Environmental Specifications shall be as follows.

<u>Video Vehicle Detection Processor:</u> The video vehicle detection processor shall operate reliably in a typical roadside traffic cabinet environment. Internal cabinet equipment and a video vehicle detection processor shall be provided that meets the environmental requirements of NEMA TS-2-2003 Section 2. If the processor is located in the sensor, it shall meet the same requirements.

<u>Video Camera Sensor:</u> The operating ambient temperature range shall be -30°F to 140°F. Additionally, a heater shall be included to prevent the formation of ice and condensation in cold weather. The heater shall not interfere with the operation of the video camera sensor electronics, or cause interference with the video signal.

<u>Vibration:</u> Vibrations shall meet the requirements of NEMA TS 2-2003 Section 2.1.9. <u>Shock:</u> Shock shall meet the requirements of NEMA TS 2-2003 Section 2.1.10.

<u>Acoustic Noise</u>: A video camera sensor and enclosure shall be provided that can withstand 150 dB for 30 minutes continuously, with no reduction in function or accuracy.

<u>907-643.02.2--Materials Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection</u>. The Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection shall be span wire mounted and consist of power supply, video camera, mounting brackets, and lightning protection as recommended by the manufacturer, video detection processors/extension modules capable of processing the number of camera and phase combination video sources shown on the project plans or in the purchase order

<u>907-643.02.2.1--Functional Requirements for Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection</u>. The Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection configuration shall utilize video processors with one or more video inputs and one (1) video output, responding to specific site applications, camera locations and detection zones shown on the project plans. Video processors or interface modules shall be provided which plug directly into NEMA TS 1 and TS 2 detector racks without adapters. Extension modules which allow detection zones from one camera to be routed to other card slots shall also be provided if required. The system shall be Ethernet compatible with an RJ45 port. The Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection shall be able to detect vehicles and bicycles in multiple lanes using only the video image.

<u>907-643.02.2.2--Interface Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection</u>. The following interfaces shall be provided:

- 1) Video inputs that accept RS 170 (NTSC) signals from an external video source. A BNC type interface connector shall be provided and located on the front of the video processing unit.
- 2) A LED indicator to indicate the presence of the video signal. The LED shall illuminate upon valid video synchronization and turn off when the presence of a valid video signal is removed.
- 3) One (1) video output per processor module. The video output shall be RS 170 compliant and shall pass through the input video signal. The video output shall have the capability to show text and graphical overlays to aid in system setup. The overlays shall display real-time actuation of detection zones upon vehicle detection or presence. Control of the overlays and video switching shall also be provided through the serial communications port. The video output interface connector shall be BNC or RCA type. If RCA connector is used,

- an RCA to BNC adapter shall be provided.
- 4) A serial communications port on the front panel. The serial port shall be compliant with RS-232 or RS-422 electrical interfaces and shall use a DB9 or RJ45 type connector. The serial communications interface shall allow the user to remotely configure the system and/or to extract calculated vehicle/roadway information.
- 5) Interface software. The interface protocol shall support multi-drop or point-to- multipoint communications. Each video detection sensor shall have the capability to be individually IP addressable either built in or with third party video server units.
- 6) Open collector contact closure outputs meeting NEMA TS 2 requirements. The open collector output will be used for vehicle detection indicators as well as discrete outputs for alarm conditions.
- 7) LED status indicators on the front panel. The LED's shall illuminate when a contact closure output occurs. Provide one output LED for each contact closure output.
- 8) A mouse compatible port (PS-2 or USB) on the front panel of the video processing unit. The mouse port shall be used as part of the system setup and configuration.
- 9) A Cabinet Interface shall be provided that is specifically designed to mount in a standard NEMA TS 1 and TS 2 detector rack without adapters or rewiring, or as a stand-alone shelf mount unit. The Interface shall operate in a temperature range from -31°F to +165°F and a humidity range from 0% to 95% relative humidity. The Cabinet Interface shall be powered by 100v to 240v AC, 50 or 60Hz. The front of the Interface shall include LED detection indications for each channel of detection. One BNC video output and detector test switches that allow the user to place calls on each channel

<u>907-643.02.2.3--Functionality Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection</u>. Detection zones shall be programmed via an on-board menu displayed on a video monitor and a pointing device connected to the video detection processor. The menu shall facilitate placement of detection zones and setting of zone parameters or to view system parameters. The video detection processor shall detect vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians in real time as they travel across each detection zone. The video detection processor shall have an RS-232 (DB9 or RJ45) port for communications with an external computer. The video detection processor port shall be multi-drop capable.

It shall be possible to upload and save all configuration data including loop placement and save the file on a computer. It shall be possible to download a configuration file from a computer to the detection device.

The video detection processor shall accept new detection patterns from an external computer through the RS-232 port when the external computer uses the correct communications protocol for downloading detection patterns.

A WindowsTM based software designed for local and remote connection shall be provided for video capture, real-time detection indication and detection zone modification capability. The video detection processor shall send its detection patterns to an external computer through the RS-232 port.

The video detection processor shall default to a safe condition, such as minimum recall, fixed recall or a constant call on each active detection channel, in the event of unacceptable interference with

the video signal, low visibility conditions, or power failure.

The system shall be capable of automatically detecting a low-visibility condition such as fog and respond by placing all defined detection zones in a constant call mode. The system shall automatically revert to normal detection mode when the low-visibility condition no longer exists.

<u>907-643.02.2.3.1--Functionality for Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection</u>. The Video Detection Processor (VDP) for the Type 2 Video Vehicle Detection shall employ Dynamic Zone Stabilization to provide motion tracking and compensation for swaying camera sensors mounted on dual or single span wires. The VDP shall include software that discriminately detects the presence of vehicles and bicycles in single or multiple lanes using only the video image. The VDP shall compensate for swaying motions by tracking the position of the stop bar for the approaching vehicle or bicycle movement. The VDP shall compensate for low frequency (cable sag) motion due to temperature changes during the day. The VDP shall compensate for moderate frequency motion induced by winds. The VDP shall compensate for up to ± 5 degrees of tilt from vertical without any adverse detection false calls or dropped calls.

<u>907-643.02.2.4--Detection</u>. Type 2 shall have a minimum of 24 detection zones per camera input shall be possible, and each detection zone shall be capable of being sized to suit the site and the desired vehicle detection area.

A single detection zone shall be able to replace multiple inductive loops and the detection zones shall be OR'ed as the default or may be AND'ed together to indicate vehicle presence on a single phase of traffic movement.

Placement of detection zones shall be done by using only a pointing device, and a Graphical Interface built into the video detection processor and displayed on a video monitor, to draw the detection zones on the video image from each video camera. Detection zones created in this manner shall be compatible with the PC-based software provided with the system.

The video detection processor shall support bicycle type zones where the zone can differentiate between motorized vehicles and bicycles, producing a call for one but not the other. Bicycle zones shall only output when a bicycle is detected. The video detection processor shall provide the ability to assign a separate output channel for bicycle zones to allow traffic controllers to implement special bicycle timing for applications where the traffic controller has separate bicycle detection inputs. Bicycle zones shall have the ability to have extensions assigned to individual bicycle ones for applications where the traffic controller does not have bicycle specific detection inputs.

Six (6) additional count zones for bicycles shall be provided to accumulate bicycle counts at user specified intervals.

The video detection processor's memory shall be non-volatile to prevent data loss during power outages.

When a vehicle is detected crossing a detection zone, the corners or entire zone of the detection

zone shall flash/change color on the video overlay display to confirm the detection of the vehicle. It shall be possible to record the operation of the unit in real time with the detection zones operating.

Detection shall be at least 98% accurate in all weather conditions, with slight degradation acceptable under adverse weather conditions (e.g. rain, snow, or fog) which reduce visibility.

The video detection processor shall maintain normal operation of existing detection zones when one (1) zone is being added or modified.

The video detection processor shall output a constant call on any detector channel corresponding to a zone being modified and shall resume normal operation upon completion.

Detection zones shall be directional to reduce false detections from objects traveling in directions other than the desired direction of travel in the detection area.

The video detection processor shall process the video input from each camera using a microprocessor at 30 frames per second at one volt, peak to peak, 75 ohms, or EIA 170 NTSC video standard.

The video detection processor shall output minimum recall, fixed recall or constant call for each enabled detector output channel if a loss of video signal occurs. The recall behavior shall be user selectable for each output. The video detection processor shall output a constant call during the background "learning" period.

Detection zone outputs shall be configurable to allow the selection of presence, pulse, extend, and delay outputs. Timing parameters of pulse extend, and delay outputs shall be user definable between 0.1 to 25.0 seconds in increments of 0.1 seconds.

The processor shall have up to six (6) detection zones per camera view shall have the capability to count the number of vehicles detected, measure classification and speed. The data values shall be internally stored within the processor module for later retrieval through the RS-232 port. The data collection interval shall be user definable in periods of 5, 15, 30, or 60 minutes or by intersection cycle. Real-time data shall be retrieved from the PC-based software provided with the system.

<u>907-643.02.2.5--Camera</u>. Type 2 cameras shall be completely compatible with the video detection processor and shall be certified by the manufacturer to ensure proper system operation.

The Video Vehicle Detection shall produce accurate detector outputs under all roadway lighting conditions, regardless of time of day. The minimum range of scene luminance over which the camera shall produce a useable video image shall be the minimum range from nighttime to daytime, but not less than the range 0.009 to 930 foot-candles.

The camera shall use a color CCD sensing element with resolution of not less than 470 lines horizontal and 400 lines vertical.

The camera shall include mechanisms to compensate for changing of lighting by using an

electronic shutter and/or auto-iris lens.

The camera shall include a variable focal length lens with factory preset focus that requires no field adjustment. Zooming of the camera lens to suit the site geometry by means of a portable interface device designed for that purpose. The horizontal field of view shall be adjustable. Camera configuration shall be customized for each approach based on field site conditions and the project plans.

The camera electronics shall include automatic gain control (AGC) to produce a satisfactory image at night.

The camera shall be housed in a weather-tight sealed enclosure. The housing shall be field rotatable to allow proper alignment between the camera and the traveled road surface.

The camera enclosure shall be equipped with a sunshield. The sunshield shall include a provision for water diversion to prevent water from flowing in the camera's field of view.

The camera enclosure shall include a thermostatically controlled heater to assure proper operation of the lens shutter at low temperatures and prevent moisture condensation on the optical faceplate of the enclosure. The heater shall directly heat the glass lens and require less than five (5) watts over the temperature range.

Power consumption of the camera shall be 15 watts or less under all conditions.

The camera enclosure shall be equipped with separate, weather-tight connections for power and setup video cables at the rear of the enclosure. These connections shall allow diagnostic testing and viewing of video at the camera while the camera is installed on a mast arm or pole using a lens adjustment module furnished under this bid item.

The video signal output by the camera shall in accordance with NTSC standards.

All necessary mounting brackets shall be mounted to pole shafts, mast arms, or other structures to mount cameras as indicated on the project plans. Mounting brackets shall result in a fixed-position mounting. Mounting Brackets shall be included at no additional cost.

<u>907-643.02.2.6--Video Cable</u>. The cable provided shall be as recommended by the manufacturer for optimal video detection performance. The power and video cable may be installed under the same outer jacket. The cable and installation tools shall be approved by the supplier and manufacturer's instructions must be followed to ensure proper connection.

<u>907-643.02.2.7--Power Cable</u>. The cable provided shall be as recommended by the manufacturer for optimal video detection performance.

Camera power cable shall be suitable for installation in conduit and in exposed sunlight environment, and UL listed.

The power and video cable may be installed under the same outer jacket. The cable and installation tools shall be approved by the supplier and manufacturer's instructions must be followed to ensure proper connection.

<u>907-643.02.2.8--Surge Protection</u>. Surge protection devices shall be provided for all new or added video detection devices as recommended by the manufacturer.

Video and/or Power cable shall be protected with an inline surge suppressor as recommended by the manufacturer or a panel mounted surge suppressor as recommended by the manufacturer or approved equal, installed and grounded per manufacturer's recommendations.

<u>907-643.02.2.9--Physical and Environmental Specifications</u>. Physical and Environmental Specifications shall be as follows.

<u>Video Vehicle Detection Processor:</u> The video vehicle detection processor shall operate reliably in a typical roadside traffic cabinet environment. Internal cabinet equipment and a video vehicle detection processor shall be provided that meets the environmental requirements of NEMA TS 2-2003 Section 2. If the processor is located in the sensor, it shall meet the same requirements.

<u>Video Camera Sensor:</u> The operating ambient temperature range shall be -30°F to 140°F. Additionally, a heater shall be included to prevent the formation of ice and condensation in cold weather. Do not allow the heater to interfere with the operation of the video camera sensor electronics, or cause interference with the video signal.

<u>Vibration</u>: Vibrations shall meet the requirements of NEMA TS 2-2003 section 2.1.9. <u>Shock</u>: Shock shall meet the requirements of NEMA TS 2-2003 section 2.1.10.

<u>Acoustic Noise</u>: A video camera sensor and enclosure shall be provided that can withstand 150 dB for 30 minutes continuously, with no reduction in function or accuracy.

907-643.02.3--Materials Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection.

<u>907-643.02.3.1--General.</u> The Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detector shall utilize two (2) different sensors of different technologies, video imaging and radar, to detect and track licensed and unlicensed vehicles at distances up to 600 feet. The detector shall fuse vehicle information from the two sensors to provide highly accurate and precise detection for special or advanced applications.

The Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detector shall use a primary detector rack mounted processor to interface with the traffic control cabinet. The module shall process information from both video imaging and radar sensors simultaneously in real-time.

<u>907-643.02.3.2--Detector Configuration</u>. The proposed MSVD shall be available in various configurations to allow maximum deployment flexibility. Each configuration shall have an identical user interface for system setup and configuration. The communications protocol to each

configuration shall be identical and shall be hardware platform independent.

The detector shall include software that detects vehicles in multiple lanes. Video imaging detection zones shall be defined using only an on-board video menu and a pointing device to place the zones on a video image. Up to 24 video detection zones per camera view shall be available. Two (2) additional trigger zones for the radar sensor shall be available and be configurable by using the same system setup menu on the DP. A separate computer shall not be required to program the detection zones. A pre-programmed setup tool is required to align and input radar information and set the camera field of view (zoom and focus).

<u>907-643.02.3.3--Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Hardware</u>. The MSVD hardware shall consist of the following four (4) elements:

- 1) Video Imaging Camera Sensor
- 2) Radar Sensor
- 3) Sensor Data Combiner
- 4) Detection Processor

<u>907-643.02.3.3.1--Video Imaging Camera Sensor</u>. The video imaging camera sensor shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- To accommodate deployment flexibility, the MSVD camera sensor shall be compatible with the Data Processor platforms. The MSVD camera sensor shall be supplied by the MSVD manufacturer.
- The advanced camera enclosure shall utilize technology for the heating element of the front glass. The transparent coating shall not impact the visual acuity and shall be close to optically clear.
- Cable terminations at the data combiner for video and power shall not require crimping or special tools.
- The camera sensor shall allow the user to set the focus and field of view via Wi-Fi connectivity.
- The camera shall produce a useable video image of vehicles under all roadway lighting conditions, regardless of time of day. The minimum range of scene luminance over which the camera shall produce a useable video image shall be the minimum range from nighttime to daytime, but not less than the range 1.0 lux to 10,000 lux.
- The camera electronics shall include automatic gain control (AGC) to produce a satisfactory image at night.
- The imager luminance signal to noise ratio (S/N) shall be more than 50 dB with the automatic gain control (AGC) disabled.
- The imager shall employ three (3) dimensional dynamic noise reduction (3D-DNR) to remove unwanted image noise.
- The camera image shall employ wide dynamic range (WDR) technology to compensate for wide dynamic outdoor lighting conditions. The dynamic range shall be greater than 100 dB.
- The camera shall be digital signal processor (DSP) based and shall use a CCD sensing element and shall output color video with resolution of not less than 550 TV lines.
- The camera sensor shall include an electronic shutter control based upon average scene

luminance and shall be equipped with an auto-iris lens that operates in tandem with the electronic shutter. The electronic shutter shall operate between the range of 1/1 to 1/10,000th second.

- The camera sensor shall utilize automatic white balance.
- The camera sensor shall include a variable focal length lens with variable focus that can be adjusted, without opening up the camera housing, to suit the site geometry by means of a portable interface device designed for that purpose and manufactured by the detection system supplier.
- The horizontal field of view shall be adjustable. This camera configuration may be used for the majority of detection approaches in order to minimize the setup time and spares required by the user. The lens shall be a minimum 10X zoom lens with a variable focal length.
- The lens shall also have an auto-focus feature with a manual override to facilitate ease of setup.
- The camera shall incorporate the use of preset positioning that store zoom and focus positioning information. The camera shall have the capability to recall the previously stored preset upon application of power.
- The camera shall be housed in a weather-tight sealed enclosure conforming to IP-67 specifications. The housing shall allow the camera to be rotated to allow proper alignment between the camera and the traveled road surface.
- The camera enclosure shall be equipped with a sunshield. The sunshield shall include a provision for water diversion to prevent water from flowing in the camera's field of view.
- The camera enclosure shall be designed so that the pan, tilt and rotation of the camera assembly can be accomplished independently without affecting the other settings.
- The camera enclosure shall include a proportionally controlled heater design that maximizes heat transfer to the lens. The output power of the heater shall vary with temperature, to assure proper operation of the lens functions at low temperatures and prevent moisture condensation on the optical faceplate of the enclosure.
- The glass face on the front of the enclosure shall have an anti-reflective coating to minimize light and image reflections.
- When mounted outdoors in the enclosure, the camera shall operate in a temperature range from -29°F to +165°F and a humidity range from 0% RH to 100% RH.
- Measurement of satisfactory video shall be based upon DP system operation.
- The camera sensor shall acquire its power from the sensor data combiner.
- Recommended camera placement height shall be 18 to 33 feet above the roadway, and over
 the traveled way on which vehicles are to be detected. For optimum detection the camera
 should be centered above the traveled roadway. The camera shall view approaching vehicles
 at a distance not to exceed 350 feet for reliable detection (height to distance ratio of 10:100).
 Camera placement and field of view (FOV) shall be unobstructed and as noted in the
 installation documentation provided by the supplier.
- The video signal shall be fully isolated from the camera enclosure and power cabling.
- A weather-proof protective cover shall be provided to protect all terminations at the camera.

<u>907-643.02.3.3.2--Radar Sensor.</u> The radar sensor shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- The radar sensor shall operate in the 24 GHz frequency band.
- The radar detection range shall be 600 feet minimum, $\pm 5\%$.
- The radar sensor shall be able to track up to 20 independent objects simultaneously.
- Object speed detection shall be within a range of zero (0) to 150 mph ± 1.0 mph.
- The radar sensor shall be able to detect vehicles in one (1) to four (4) traffic lanes.
- The radar sensor shall be housed in a weather-tight sealed enclosure conforming to IP-67 specifications. The housing shall allow the radar to be adjusted to allow proper alignment between the sensor and the traveled road surface.
- When mounted outdoors in the enclosure, the radar shall operate in a temperature range from -29°F to +165°F and a humidity range from 0% RH to 100% RH.
- The radar sensor shall communicate with the sensor data combiner.
- The radar sensor shall acquire its power from the sensor data combiner.
- Data and power cables between the radar sensor and sensor data combiner shall be fully isolated from the sensor enclosure.

<u>907-643.02.3.3.3--Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Assembly.</u> Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Assembly shall meet the following requirements:

- Both camera and radar sensors shall be housed in an overall, single enclosure assembly.
- The maximum power consumption for the Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Assembly shall be less than ten (10) watts typical, 20 watts peak.

<u>907-643.02.3.3.4--Sensor Data Combiner</u>. The sensor data combiner (if required) shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- A sensor data combiner that combines sensor information from both video and radar sensors shall be employed.
- Sensor data combiner shall supply primary power to each sensor unit.
- Sensor data combiner shall facilitate digital communications between the sensor data combiner and each of the sensor units.
- Sensor data combiner shall get its primary power from an AC power source using industry standard 3-conductor cabling.
- Sensor data combiner shall communicate with the detection processor using a single coax cable. Both video imaging and radar data shall use the single coax cable.
- The sensor data combiner shall also employ industry standard Wi-Fi connectivity for remote sensor system setup using a mobile programming device such as anetbook or tablet computer. Video camera and radar sensor shall be able to be configured independently.
- Sensor data signal shall be fully isolated from the mechanical enclosure and power cabling.
- Cable terminations at the sensor data combiner shall not require crimping tools.
- The Sensor Data Combiner shall be housed in a weather-tight sealed enclosure conforming to IP-67 specifications.

<u>907-643.02.3.3.5--Detection Processor</u>. The detection processor shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- Each sensor input shall accept RS170 (NTSC) or CCIR (PAL) signals from an external video source. The interface connector shall be BNC type and shall be located on the front of the processing unit. The sensor input shall have the capability to be terminated into 75-ohms or high impedance (Hi-Z) using dip switches or software control from the user menu. The sensor input shall also facilitate the data from the radar sensor.
- A LED indicator shall be provided to indicate the presence of the sensor signal. The LED shall illuminate upon valid sensor synchronization and turn off when the presence of a valid sensor signal is removed.
- One (1) video output shall be provided. The video output shall be RS170 or CCIR compliant and shall pass through the input video signal. For multi-channel video input configurations, a momentary push-button shall be provided on the front panel to cycle through each input video channel. In the absence of a valid sensor signal, the channel shall be skipped and the next valid sensor signal shall be switched. The real time video output shall have the capability to show text and graphical overlays to aid in system setup. The video output interface connector shall be positive locking BNC type. Friction type (e.g. RCA type) connectors shall not be allowed.
- A communications port shall be provided on the front panel. The communications interface shall allow the user to remotely configure the system and/or to extract calculated vehicle/roadway information. The interface protocol shall be documented or interface software shall be provided. Each MSVD shall have the capability to be addressable. The DP shall support data rates of 1200 bps to 230,400 bps, inclusive.
- Open collector (contact closure) outputs shall be provided. Four (4) open collector outputs shall be provided for the single or dual channel rack-mount configuration. Additionally, the DP shall allow the use of extension modules to provide up to 24 open collector contact closures per camera input. Each open collector output shall be capable of sinking 30 mA at 24 VDC. Open collector outputs will be used for vehicle detection indicators as well as discrete outputs for alarm conditions. The DP outputs shall be compatible with industry standard detector racks assignments.
- Logic inputs such as delay/extend or delay inhibit shall be supported through the
 appropriate detector rack connector pin or front panel connector in the case of the I/O
 module. For DPs and extension modules, four (4) inputs shall be supported via detector
 rack interface. The I/O module shall accommodate eight (8) inputs through a 15-pin "D"
 connector.
- Detection status LEDs shall be provided on the front panel. The LEDs shall illuminate when a contact closure output occurs. The front panel of the DP shall have detector test switches to allow the user to manually place calls on each DP output channel. The test switch shall be able to place either a constant call or a momentary call depending on the position of the switch.
- A USB mouse port shall be provided on the front panel of the rack mount detection processing unit. The mouse port shall not require special mouse software drivers. The mouse port shall be used as part of system setup and configuration.
- Extension modules (if required) shall be connected to the DP by an 8-wire twisted-pair cable with modular RJ45 connectors. DP and EM communications shall be accommodated by methods using differential signals to reject electrically coupled noise.
- Extension modules (EM) shall be available to eliminate the need of rewiring the detector

rack, by enabling the user to plug an extension module into the appropriate slot in the detector rack to provide additional open collector outputs. The extension module shall be available in both two (2) and four (4)-channel configurations. The DP and EM shall be specifically designed to mount in a standard detector rack, using the edge connector to obtain power, provide contact closure outputs and accept logic inputs (e.g. delay/extend). No adapters shall be required to mount the DP or EM in a standard detector rack. Detector rack rewiring shall not be required.

- The DP shall utilize non-volatile memory technology to store on-board firmware and operational data.
- The DP shall enable the loading of modified or enhanced software through the EIA232 or USB port (using a USB thumb drive) and without modifying the DP hardware.
- The DP and EM shall be powered by 12 or 24 volts DC. DP and EM modules shall automatically compensate for either 12 or 24 VDC operation. DP power consumption shall not exceed 7.5 watts. The EM power consumption shall not exceed three (3) watts.
- The DP shall operate satisfactorily in a temperature range from -40°F to +165°F and a humidity range from zero (0) %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing as set forth in NEMA specifications.
- A video surge suppresser shall be provided for each sensor input. The surge suppresser shall be appropriately grounded to the cabinet ground rod using AWG 14 minimum.

<u>907-643.02.3.4--Detection Software</u>. The detection software shall meet the following general system functions:

- Detection zones shall be programmed via an on board menu displayed on a video monitor and a pointing device connected to the DP. The menu shall facilitate placement of detection zones and setting of zone parameters or to view system parameters. A separate computer shall not be required for programming detection zones or to view system operation.
- The DP shall store up to three (3) different detection zone patterns in non-volatile memory. The DP can switch to any one of the three (3) different detection patterns within one (1) second of user request via menu selection with the pointing device. Each configuration shall be uniquely labeled and able to be edited by the user for identification. The currently active configuration indicator shall be displayed on the monitor.
- The DP shall detect vehicles in real time as they travel across each detection zone.
- The DP shall accept new detection patterns from an external computer through a communications port when the external computer uses the correct communications protocol for downloading detection patterns. A WindowsTM based software designed for local or remote connection and providing video capture, real-time detection indication and detection zone modification capability shall be provided with the system.
- The DP system shall have the capability to automatically switch to any one of the stored configurations based on the time of day which shall be programmable by the user.
- The DP shall send its detection patterns to an external computer through the communications port when requested when the external computer uses the appropriate communications protocol for uploading detection patterns.
- The DP shall default to a safe condition, such as a constant call on each active detection channel, in the event of unacceptable interference or loss of the sensor signal.
- The system shall be capable of automatically detecting a low-visibility condition such as

fog and respond by placing all effected detection zones in a constant call mode. A user-selected alarm output shall be active during the low-visibility condition that can be used to modify the controller operation if connected to the appropriate controller input modifier(s). The system shall automatically revert to normal detection mode when the low-visibility condition no longer exists.

- Up to 24 detection zones per camera input shall be supported and each detection zone can be sized to suit the site and the desired vehicle detection region.
- The DP shall support two (2) independent trigger points for radar outputs for dilemma zone applications.
- The DP shall provide up to 24 open collector output channels per sensor input using one or more extension modules.
- A single detection zone shall be able to replace multiple inductive loops and the detection zones shall be OR'ed as the default or may be AND'ed together to indicate vehicle presence on a single approach of traffic movement.
- Placement of detection zones shall be done by using only a pointing device, and a graphical interface built into the DP and displayed on a video monitor or laptop computer to draw the detection zones on the video image from each video camera.
- When a vehicle is detected within a detection zone, a visual indication of the detection shall activate on the video overlay display to confirm the detection of the vehicle for the zone.
- Detection shall be at least 98% accurate in good weather conditions, with slight degradation possible under adverse weather conditions (e.g. rain, snow, or fog) which reduce visibility. Detection accuracy is dependent upon site geometry, camera placement, camera quality and detection zone location, and these accuracy levels do not include allowances for occlusion or poor video due to camera location or quality.
- The DP shall provide dynamic zone reconfiguration (DZR). DZR enables normal operation of existing detection zones when one zone is being added or modified during the setup process. The new zone configuration shall not go into effect until the configuration is saved by the operator.
- Detection zone setup shall not require site specific information such as latitude and longitude to be entered into the system.
- The DP shall process the video input from each camera at 30 frames per second. Multiple camera processors shall process all video inputs simultaneously.
- The DP shall output a constant call during the background learning period of no more than three (3) minutes.
- Detection zone outputs shall be configurable to allow the selection of presence, pulse, extend, and delay outputs. Timing parameters of pulse, extend, and delay outputs shall be user definable between 0.1 to 25.0 seconds.
- Up to six (6) video detection zones per sensor input shall have the capability to count the number of vehicles detected. The count value shall be internally stored for later retrieval through the communications port.
- In addition to the count type zone, the DP shall be able to calculate and/or acquire average speed and lane occupancy using both video and radar sensors. These values shall be stored in non-volatile memory for later retrieval.
- The DP shall have an "advance" zone type where detection outputs to the traffic controller

- are compensated for angular occlusion and distance.
- The user shall have the ability to enable or disable the display of the phase information on the video output.
- The DP shall have the capability to change the characteristics of a detection zone based on external inputs such as signal phase. Each detection zone shall be able to switch from one zone type (i.e. presence, extension, pulse, etc.) to another zone type based on the signal state. For example, a zone may be a "count" zone when the phase is green but change to a "presence" zone type when the phase is not green. Another application would be zone type of "extension" when the signal phase is green and then "delay" when red.
- The DP shall aid the user in drawing additional detection zones by automatically drawing and placing zones at appropriate locations with only a single click of the mouse. When the user wishes to modify the location of a zone, the DP shall allow the user move a single zone, multiple zones or all zones simultaneously.
- On-screen zone identifiers shall be modifiable by the user. The user shall be allowed to select channel output assignments, zone type, input status, zone labels or zone numbers to be the identifier.
- For multiple camera input DPs, the user shall have the ability to enable automatic video output switching. The dwell time for each sensor input shall be user programmable.
- For the radar sensor zones the output can be triggered by presence of a vehicle only or by presence of a vehicle above a speed defined by the user.

<u>907-643.02.3.5--Multi-Sensor Cable.</u> The cable to be used between the Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Assembly and the DP in the traffic cabinet shall be per manufacturer's specifications. This cable shall be suitable for installation in conduit or overhead with appropriate span wire. BNC plug connectors shall be used where applicable. The cable, BNC connector, and crimping tool shall be approved by the supplier of the MSVD, and the manufacturer's instructions must be followed to ensure proper connection.

<u>907-643.02.3.6--Power Cable.</u> The power cabling shall be per manufacturer's specifications. The cabling shall comply with the National Electric Code, as well as local electrical codes.

<u>907-643.03--Construction Requirements</u>. The Construction and testing requirements for Type 1, Type 2, and Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection are the same.

<u>907-643.03.1--General Requirements.</u> The Contractor shall perform the following:

- 1) Install all sensors, system processors and associated enclosures and equipment at the locations specified in the plans, in any related notice to bidders, per manufacturer's recommendations, or as directed.
- 2) Install all cabinet-mounted equipment in the intersection equipment cabinet or as specified in the plans.
- 3) Cabling from all sensors shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 4) Make all necessary adjustments and modifications to the total VVD/MSVD prior to requesting inspection for system/device acceptance.
- 5) Mount the sensors as per manufacturer's recommendations or as shown in the plans.

- 6) Mount the sensors so as to view approaching traffic unless otherwise directed.
- 7) Optimize the sensors location and zone of detection as directed by the Engineer, or authorized designee.
- 8) Adjust the sensor zoom lens to match the width of the road/detection area, and minimize lane vehicle occlusion.
- 9) Fasten all other cabinet components, with hex-head or Phillips-head machine screws insulated with nuts (with locking washer or insert) or into tapped and threaded holes. Do not use self-tapping or self-threading fasteners.
- 10) Provide electrical cables for video, communications signaling and power supply between the cabinet and the VVD/MSVD image sensor cameras as recommended by the manufacturer, and as required for a fully functional System.

<u>907-643.03.2--Contractor Training</u>. Installation of the Video Vehicle Detection shall be as recommended by the manufacturer and performed by a Contractor trained and certified by the supplier. Where time does not reasonably permit training of the installing Contractor, a supplier factory representative shall supervise and assist a Contractor during installation of the Video Vehicle Detection.

Installation of the Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection shall be as recommended by the supplier and performed by a Contractor with factory-certified installers and documented in installation materials provided by the supplier. Proof of factory certification shall be provided.

<u>907-643.03.3--Testing.</u> At the request of the Project Engineer or his/her Representative, all equipment associated with the Video Vehicle Detection System shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. All costs associated with testing shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-643.03.3.1--Standalone Acceptance Test (SAT). At the request of the Project Engineer or his/her Representative, a SAT shall be required and shall include videos of the approach with detection zones overlaid showing detector activations.

- 1) One (1) hour videos shall be made of each approach and compared to actual detection calls.
- 2) 30-minute videos shall be made starting 15 minutes prior to sunrise and sunset for each approach and compared to actual detection calls.
- 3) All videos shall be date and time stamped.
- 4) Provide all videos to the Engineer with a summary of the results included total calls, missed calls and false calls.
- 5) All test results must meet a 98% accuracy requirement.

At the request of the Project Engineer or his/her Representative, the Contractor must demonstrate the accuracy requirements specified in Subsections 907-643.02.1.4, 907-643.02.2.4 and 907-643.02.3.4 at selected intersections during the thirty (30) day burn in period. The intersections to be tested will be randomly selected by the Project Engineer.

907-643.03.4--Warranty. The Video Vehicle Detection shall be warranted to be free of

manufacturer defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of final acceptance. Equipment covered by the manufacturer's warranties shall have the registration of that component placed in the Department's name prior to final inspection. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the vendors and/or manufacturers supplying the components and providing the equipment warranties recognize the Department as the original purchaser and owner/end user of the components from new. During the warranty period, the supplier shall repair or replace with new or refurbished material, at no additional cost to the State, any product containing a warranty defect, provided the product is returned postage-paid by the Department to the supplier's factory or authorized warranty site. Products repaired or replaced under warranty by the supplier shall be returned prepaid by the supplier.

The Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detector shall be warranted to be free of manufacturer defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three years (3) from the date of final acceptance.

During the warranty period, technical support shall be available from the supplier via telephone within four (4) hours of the time a call is made by the Department, and this support shall be available from factory certified personnel. During the warranty period, updates and corrections to Control Unit Software shall be made available to the Department by the supplier at no additional cost.

<u>907-643.03.5--Training</u>. When called for in the Plans, the Contractor shall submit to the Project Engineer for approval a detailed Training Plan including course agendas, detailed description of functions to be demonstrated and a schedule. The Contractor must also submit the Trainer's qualifications to the Project Engineer for approval prior to scheduling any training. The training must include both classroom style training and hands-on training in the field of the maintenance and troubleshooting procedures required for each component. The training should also consist of a hands-on demonstration of all software configuration and functionality where applicable.

The supplier of the detection system shall, at a minimum, provide a 16-hour operations and maintenance training class with suitable documentation for up to eight (8) persons selected by the Department. The operations and maintenance class shall be scheduled at a mutually acceptable time and location.

<u>907-643.03.6--Maintenance and Technical Support</u>. The supplier shall maintain an adequate inventory of parts to support maintenance and repair of the detection system. Spare parts shall be available for delivery within 30 days of placement of an acceptable order at the supplier's then current pricing and terms of sale of said spare parts.

The suppliers shall maintain an ongoing program of technical support for the detection system. This technical support shall be available via telephone or via personnel sent to the installation site upon placement of an acceptable order at the supplier's then current pricing and terms of sale of said technical support services.

The installation or training support shall be provided by a factory-authorized representative and shall be a minimum IMSA-Level II Certified Traffic Signal Technician.

All product documentation shall be written in the English language.

<u>907-643.04--Method of Measurement</u>. Video Vehicle Detection Sensor of the type specified will be measured as a unit per each.

Video Vehicle Detection Cable and/or Power Cable will be measured by the linear foot, measured horizontally along the conduit, messenger cable or mast arm and vertically along the pole.

Video Vehicle Detection Training will be measured as a lump sum after the completion of all training.

Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection of the type specified will be measured as a unit per each.

Multi-Sensor Detection Cable and/or Power Cable will be measured by the linear foot, measured horizontally along the conduit, messenger cable or mast arm and vertically along the pole.

907-643.05--Basis of Payment. Video Vehicle Detection Sensor, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for installation, system integration, documentation, system software, and testing of a complete video detection sensor site including video camera sensor/processor, the sensor environmental enclosure, attachment hardware and brackets, completion of all testing requirements, warranties and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to provide and install a complete video detection system. The price bid shall also include all system documentation including: shop drawings, operations and maintenance manuals, wiring diagrams, block diagrams and other materials necessary to document the operation of the Video Vehicle Detection Sensor. This price shall be full compensation for all labor, tools, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

Video Vehicle Detection Cable and/or Power Cable will be paid at the contract unit price per linear foot, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment tools, furnishing, installing, system integration, connections, testing, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Video Vehicle Detection Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including all coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training.

Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Sensor, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for installation, system integration, documentation, and testing of a complete Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Sensor site including video imaging camera sensor, radar sensor, sensor data combiner, detection processor, system software, the sensor environment enclosure, attachment hardware and brackets, completion of all testing requirements and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to provide and install a complete Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Sensor. The price bid shall also include all system documentation including: shop drawings, operations and maintenance manuals, wiring

diagrams, block diagrams and other materials necessary to document the operation of the multisensor detection system. This price shall be full compensation for all labor, tools, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Multi-Sensor Detection Cable and/or Power Cable will be paid at the contract unit price per linear foot, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment tools, furnishing, installing, system integration, connections, testing, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

907-643-A:	Video Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type	- per each
907-643-B:	Video Vehicle Detection Cable	- linear foot
907-643-C:	Video Vehicle Detection Power Cable	- linear foot
907-643-D:	Video Vehicle Detection Training	- lump sum
907-643-E:	Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Sensor	- per each
907-643-F:	Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Cable	- linear foot
907-643-G:	Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Power Cable	- linear foot

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-662-2

DATE: 05/25/2021

SUBJECT: Radio Interconnect System

Section 662, Radio Interconnect System, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-662.02--Materials.

<u>907-662.02.1--General Requirements</u>. Delete the first sentence of the fourth paragraph in Subsection 662.02.1 on page 669, and substitute the following.

The Contractor shall obtain and reserve necessary frequencies, and apply for all required licenses by the FCC.

Delete the first sentence of the seventh paragraph in Subsection 662.02.1 on page 669, and substitute the following.

The Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF) shall be at least 87,658 hours.

Delete subparagraph e. under Network Feature in Subsection 662.02.1 on page 670, and substitute the following.

e. The wireless radio shall be a Layer 2 device by operating similar to a switch or bridge device and meeting all requirements of a Layer 2 switch as specified in the MDOT Networking Equipment Special Provision No. 907-663. The wireless radio shall be capable of connecting to the MDOT Network via an RJ-45 port.

<u>907-662.02.3--Radio Interconnect System, Broadband</u>. Delete subparagraphs 4) and 5) in Subsection 662.02.3 on page 671, and substitute the following.

- 4) The short range and long range broadband radios shall provide a minimum data rate of 150 Mbps as tested by bandwidth speed test.
- 5) The short range and long range broadband radios shall provide reliable communication and sufficient bandwidth (i.e., greater than the cumulative minimum bandwidth of each device that will utilize the link) for all devices utilizing the wireless link(s).
- 6) Short range and long range broadband radios shall support 802.11 a/n wireless standards.
- 7) Short range and long range radios shall have 2 or more Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- 8) Short range and long range radios shall be capable of a TX power of 24 dBm or better.
- 9) The Contractor may propose the use of multiband (dual band, tri band, etc.) radios using licensed 4.9 GHz and unlicensed 5.8 GHz and 2.4 GHz bands if bandwidth requirements and path interference warrants the use of such radios and approved by the Project Engineer.

907-662.02.4--Radio Interconnect System, Television Broadcast Radio (TVBR).

<u>907-662.02.4.1--Specific Requirements.</u> Delete the first sentence of subparagraph 7) in Subsection 662.02.4.1 on page 672, and substitute the following.

The MTBF shall be at least 43,829 hours for Type Short Range TVBR and 87,658 hours for Type Long Range TVBR.

907-662.03--Construction Requirements.

Delete Subsections 662.03.2 and 662.03.3 on pages 673 thru 675, and substitute the following.

<u>907-662.03.2--Testing.</u> All equipment associated with the Radio Interconnect System at each site shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-662.03.2.1--Standalone Acceptance Test (SAT). In addition to the requirements set forth in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", successful communications shall demonstrate, at minimum, the ability of a wireless transceiver to send clear, uninterrupted video if the radio is intended to carry a video signal or an error-free data message of at least 200 KB if the radio will not carry video signals, to the receiving station and have it processed for viewing and confirmation. A minimum of 30 test transmissions shall be attempted at each test site. If a failure occurs at the locations selected, it will be the responsibility of the Contractor to re-check the test area to determine if a problem exists. When problem(s) occur, it will be the Contractor's responsibility to perform additional tests as required to define the cause of the problem and confirm the final working functionality. If areas of non-performance represent more than the Contractor's predicted link reliability it will be the Contractor's responsibility to correct such problems at the sole expense of the Contractor. Additional costs associated with the repeated tests will be the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall prepare and execute a detailed system acceptance test plan, including detailed system acceptance test procedures. The Contractor shall submit a copy of all system acceptance test plans and link reliability predictions to the Project Engineer through the standard Department submittal process, as noted in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

<u>907-662.03.3--Submittals.</u> The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

<u>907-662.03.4--Quality Assurance</u>. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

<u>907-662.03.5--Warranty</u>. At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the warranty requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

<u>907-662.03.6--Training.</u> The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

<u>907-662.04--Method of Measurement</u>. In subparagraph 2) in Subsection 622.04 on page 675, change "Additional" to "additional."

At the end of Subsection 662.04 on page 675, add the following.

Radio Interconnect Training shall be measured as a lump sum which shall include all coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

<u>907-662.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 662.05 on pages 675 and 676, and substitute the following.

The radio interconnect system components, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, equipment, warranties, connecting, testing, materials inclusive of radio, software, base stations, power supply, antennas, cables and connectors, lightning suppressors, mounting and grounding hardware, enclosures, receivers, and transceivers, all documentation, submittals, and system documentation including shop drawings, operations and maintenance manuals, wiring diagrams, and block diagrams, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

After the third paragraph of Subsection 662.05 on page 676, add the following.

Radio Interconnect Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." Delete the list of pay items on page 676, and substitute the following.

907-662-A:	Radio Interconnect, Signal Control, Installed in New Controller Cabinet	- per each
907-662-B:	Radio Interconnect, Signal Control, Installed in Existing Controller Cabinet	- per each
907-662-C:	Radio Interconnect, Signal Control Repeater	- per each

907-662-D: Radio Interconnect, Broadband, * - per each
907-662-E: Radio Interconnect, TVBR, * - per each
907-662-F: Radio Interconnect, Spare Parts, Furnish Only - per each
907-662-G: Radio Interconnect Training - lump sum

^{*} Type – Long Range or Short Range

SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-663-5

DATE: 07/13/2021

SUBJECT: Networking Equipment

907-663.02--Materials.

907-663.02.3--Cell Modem.

<u>907-663.02.3.1--Functional Requirements.</u> Before the first sentence of Subsection 907-663.02.3.1 on page 11, add the following.

MDOT construction projects which require WAN (Wide Area Networks) telecommunications communications back to any one of the traffic management centers, will need a WAN circuit installed. MDOT does not expect the Contractor to establish the metro E data circuit on behalf of MDOT. However, MDOT requires that the Contractor provides the Information Systems Division network manager or the manger's team with either the E911 physical address, if already established, or the accurate latitude and longitude coordinates of where the data circuit and cabinet will reside at least 4 or 5 months before the construction stakeholders are ready to test data connectivity. MDOT will use this information to establish an E911 address if necessary, and/or order the metro E circuit from cSpire telecommunications. MDOT must receive this information as soon as possible because it takes a few months for cSpire or any telecommunications company to establish and install the circuit. The Contractor should also understand that cSpire will not install the circuit if the cabinet and power where the circuit will reside is not installed at the time they are ready to install it.

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-663-5

DATE: 05/25/2021

SUBJECT: Networking Equipment

Section 907-663, Networking Equipment, is hereby added to and made part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-663 -- NETWORKING EQUIPMENT

<u>907-663.01--Description.</u> This section specifies the minimum requirements for providing networking communication equipment, including network switches, terminal servers, fiber optic modems, cell modems, and associated cabling, furnished and installed.

Network Switches are divided into three (3) categories; Layer 2 hardened, Layer 3 hardened, and Layer 3 non-hardened. There can be multiple types per category such as Type A, B, C etc. Types will be defined by options based on versions and numbers of ports, and/or additional modules such as built in fiber modems, wireless components, and terminal servers. The number of specific port versions will also be defined by plan requirements, NTBs, and Special Provisions.

Field and core hardened category switches shall be environmentally hardened devices. These switches support Intelligent Transportation Elements deployed on arterial streets and the highway system where network switches are required for communications but HVAC systems are not available for environmental control. Elements include but are not limited to traffic signals, dynamic message signs, surveillance cameras, and vehicle detection systems. Field and core non-hardened category switches will support the Intelligent Transportation System and be installed in the Traffic Management Center and Communications Huts which are environmentally controlled.

This section also specifies the minimum requirements for stand alone and network switch module terminal servers, stand alone and network switch module cellular modems, and Ethernet Network cable. The terminal servers shall be hardened. The terminal server device, also commonly referred to as a port server device, will be used to communicate bi-directionally between IP-based Ethernet network systems and existing field devices that communicate or are controlled via a full-duplex serial interface. Cellular modems shall be used to communicate via a cellular network to remote sites such as portable traffic signal sites, portable CMS, smart work zones,ITS site locations, or devices that need serial or Ethernet communication that can be provided over cellular service.

The Ethernet network cable will be installed in conduit and cabinets between elements that are within 300 feet of each other to eliminate the need for two hardened switches. The work shall consist of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, and test the networking equipment.

<u>907-663.02--Materials.</u> Network switches, terminal servers, cell modems, and associated cabling will be placed in the field device cabinets and shall meet the following requirements.

<u>907-663.02.1--Network Switch Requirements.</u> All network switches shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

- 1) Field switch optical ports shall meet the following:
 - a. The minimum optical budget between transmit and received ports shall be 18dB.
 - b. Shall include LC connector types.
 - c. Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
 - d. Optical attenuators shall be added as needed; fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Standard Specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch.
 - e. The Contractor shall be required to measure the optical power on each optical port to ensure that power entering the receiver is within the acceptable power budget of the optical port.
 - f. Optical interface equipment shall operate at 1310 nm.
- 2) Operate from 100 VAC to 200 VAC.
- 3) Meet the IEEE 802.3 (10Mbps Ethernet) standard.
- 4) Meet the IEEE 802.3u (Fast Ethernet 100 Mbps) standard.
- 5) Meet the IEEE 802.3x (Full Duplex with Flow Control) standard.
- 6) Meet the IEEE 802.1p (Priority Queuing) standard.
- 7) Meet the IEEE 802.1Q (VLAN) standard per port for up to four VLAN's.
- 8) Meet the IEEE 802.1w (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol) standard.
- 9) Meet the IEEE 802.3ad (Port Trunking) standard for a minimum of two groups of four ports.
- 10) The field switches shall meet IEEE 802.3D (Spanning Tree Protocol) standard.
- 11) Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch.
- 12) Password manageable through:
 - a. SNMP
 - b. Telnet/CLI
 - c. HTTP (Embedded Web Server) with Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
- 13) Full implementation of SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c.
- 14) Full implementation of GVRP (Generic VLAN Registration Protocol).
- 15) Full implementation of IGMP and IGMP snooping.
- 16) Minimum MTBF of 100,000 hrs using Bellcore TS-332 standard.
- 17) Full implementation of RFC 783 (TFTP) to allow remote firmware upgrades.
- 18) UL approved.
- 19) The field switch shall provide LED status indicators as follows:
 - 1) power on and off
 - 2) network status per port (transmit, receive, link, speed)
- 20) Unused ports (copper and optical) shall be covered with rubber or plastic dust caps/covers.
- 21) Switches Types that are required to be Environmentally Hardened shall meet the following environmental requirements:
 - a. The field switches [this excludes Types C, E and F] shall operate between -34° to +74°C, including power supply.
 - b. The field switches [this excludes Types C, E and F] shall operate from 10% to 90% non-condensing humidity.

<u>907-663.02.1.1–Layer 2 Network Switch.</u> Layer 2 network switches shall be provided in locations where only Layer 2 network functionality is required. These locations will generally be field site locations. Layer 2 network switches shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

- 1) Shall be environmental hardened
- 2) Rack, shelf or DIN rail mountable. If shelf mounted, the Contractor must furnish and install a shelf if shelf space is not available in the facility. Any shelf used shall be ventilated as per the Network Switch manufacturer recommendation.
- 3) All power transformers provided shall be "fastening mechanism" type. No plug-in types shall be permitted. All corded transformers shall be mountable with the ability to neatly secure power cords.

907-663.02.1.1.1--Type A Network Switch. Type A network switches shall be a layer 2 network switch at minimum and shall be environmentally hardened. The Type A shall be provided in situations where a minimal number of interface ports are required. The Type A switch shall adhere to the following minimum requirements in addition to the Layer 2 network switch requirements.

- 1) Minimum of six 10/100/1000 Base-TX ports. Each port shall connect via RJ-45 connector.
- 2) Minimum of two 1000 Base Long Reach optical ports.

<u>907-663.02.1.1.2--Type B Network Switch.</u> Type B network switches shall be a Layer 2 network switch at minimum and shall be environmentally hardened. The Type B shall be provided in situation where minimal number of interface ports are required. The Type B switch shall adhere to the following minimum requirements in addition to the Layer 2 network switch requirements.

- 1) Minimum of twelve (12) 10/100/1000 Base-TX ports. Each port shall connect via RJ-45 connector.
- 2) Minimum of two (2) 1000 Base Long Reach optical ports.

<u>907-663.02.1.2–Layer 3 Network Switch.</u> Layer 3 network switches shall be provided in locations where Layer 2 and Layer 3 network functionality is required. These locations will generally be Environmental Controlled Field HUBs, TMC equipment rooms, and control rooms. Where Layer 3 Network Switching is required but Environmental Control is not available, Environmentally Hardened Type Layer 3 switches shall be provided. In addition to meeting the general network Requirements, Layer 3 Switches have the following additional Requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall provide Layer 2 and Layer 3 switching and routing services.
- 2) Each switch shall meet the IEEE 802.1d (Virtual Bridge) standard.
- 3) Each switch shall meet the IEEE 802.1x (authentication) standard.

<u>907-663.02.1.2.1--Type C Network Switch Requirements.</u> The Type C network switch, which is a base core switch, will be installed in the communication hubs and shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with modules including the following features and capabilities:
 - a. Minimum of 64Gbps/48Mpps module Bandwidth

- b. Minimum of 8-GE uplink ports available per network switch assembly. The Contractor shall provide an uplink SFP optical module compatible with the interface for the uplink as indicated in the Location & Configuration of Communication Nodes notice to bidders for each uplink
- c. In one (or more) modules: 24 Ethernet 10/100/1000 RJ-45 ports
- 2) Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
- 3) Optical attenuators shall be added as needed; fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Standard Specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch.
- 4) 19" rack mountable.
- 5) Supports 10 gigabit ethernet of SFP optics.
- 6) NEBS Level 3 compliant.
- 7) Meet the requirements of:
 - a. IEEE 802.3z
 - b. IEEE 802.3ab
 - c. IEEE 802.1Q
 - d. GR-20-CORE: Generic requirements for Optical Fiber and Optical Fiber Cable
 - e. GR-326-CORE: Generic Requirements for Singlemode
- 8) Full implementation of BGPv4 protocol as outlined by RFCs: 4271, 6286, 6608, 6793, 7606, 7705, 8212
- 9) Full implementation of OSPF protocol as outlined by RFCs: 2178, 1583, 1587, 1745, 1765, 1850, 2154, 2328, 1850, 1997, 2385, 2439, 2842, 2918, 2370.
- 10) Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch.
- 11) Password manageable through:
 - a. SSH (Secure Shell)
- 12) Full implementation of MLD (Multicast Listener Discovery).
- 13) Full implementation of IGMPv2.
- 14) Full implementation of PIM-SM and PIM-DM.
- 15) Comply with FCC 47 CRF Part 15 Class A emissions.
- 16) Bandwidth flow rate limiting policing support per port.
- 17) Full security implementation of
 - a. Support SSH, 802.1x (rel 2)
 - b. Access Control Lists (ACL's)
 - c. RADIUS authentication
 - d. TACACS+ authentication
- 18) The power supply units shall be hot swappable.

907-663.02.1.2.1.1--Type C1 Network Switch Requirements. The Type C1 network switch will be installed in communication hubs where a maximum total of 4 pair/(8 strands) of fiber optic cable will be actively in use or in environmentally controlled wireless towers and shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with an 4-port SFP gigabit ethernet module and also include the following features and capabilities:
 - a. Minimum of 88Gbps Switching Capacity and 480Gbps Stacking Bandwidth

- b. In one (or more) Fiber SFP-based module(s): a minimum of 8 1000Base-X (SFP-based) compatible access ports which may also be used as uplink ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of eight (8) and shall meet the following minimum requirements:
 - i. Optical budget of 18dB
 - ii. Switch shall be stackable and contain dual power supplies
 - iii. Same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches
 - iv. Same optical transmitter power as Type A & B switches
- 2) Non-Chassis based switch
- 3) Operate from 23° to 113°F.
- 4) RIPng, OSPFv6, and EIGRPv6 support
- 5) Full implementation of GMRP (Generic Multicast Registration Protocol).
- 6) Have redundant power supplies installed.

<u>907-663.02.1.2.1.2--Type C2 Network Switch Requirements.</u> The Type C2 network switch will be installed in the Communication Hubs where a minimum total of 5 pair/ (10 strands) of fiber optic cable will be actively in use. This type switch may also be installed in environmentally controlled wireless towers if the minimum total of 5 pair/(10 strands) fiber optic cable in-use rule applies. This type switch shall also meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with three (3) modules including the following features and capabilities:
 - a. In one (or more) Fiber SFP-based module(s): a minimum of 48 1000Base-X (SFP-based) compatible access ports and a minimum of 8 1000Base-X (SFP-based) uplink ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of 14 and shall meet the following minimum requirements:
 - i. Optical budget of 18dB
 - ii. Hot-swappable network modules
 - iii. Same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches
 - iv. Same optical transmitter power as Type A & B switches
- 2) Operate from 10 to 90% non-condensing humidity
- 3) Operate from 32° to 104°F.
- 4) Designed as a chassis with easy to remove modules.
- 5) Chassis backplane shall be passive.
- 6) All modules shall be hot-swappable.
- 7) Must have installed redundant power supplies in which each supports a minimum of 4200 watts.
- 8) Switch assembly shall have a minimum of three (3) module slots.
- 9) Blank covers for all remaining slots.

907-663.02.1.2.1.3--Type C3 Network Switch Requirements. The Type C3 network switch will be installed in the communication hubs where a minimum total of 5 pair/(10 strands) of fiber optic cable will be actively in use. This type switch may also be installed in environmentally controlled wireless towers if the minimum total of 5 pair/(10 strands) fiber optic cable in-use rule applies. This type switch shall also meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with modules including the following features and capabilities:
 - a. Redundant Layer 2/3 switching and routing services
 - b. In one (or more) Fiber SFP-based module(s): a minimum of 48 1000Base-X (SFP-based) compatible access ports and a minimum of 8 1000Base-X (SFP-based) uplink ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of 14 and shall meet the following minimum requirements:
 - i. Optical budget of 18dB
 - ii. Hot-swappable network modules
 - iii. Same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches
 - iv. Same optical transmitter power as Type A & B switches
- 2) Operate from 32° to 104°F.
- 3) Operate from 10 to 90% non-condensing humidity
- 4) Designed as a chassis with easy to remove modules.
- 5) Chassis backplane shall be passive.
- 6) All modules shall be hot-swappable.
- 7) Must have installed redundant power supplies in which each supports a minimum of 4200 watts.
- 8) Switch assembly shall have a minimum of 6 module slots.
- 9) Blank covers for all remaining slots.

<u>907-663.02.1.2.1.4--Type C4 Network Switch Requirements.</u> The Type C4 network switch will be installed in the communication hubs where no less than 21 pairs/(42 strands) of fiber optic cables will be active and in use and shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with modules including the following features and capabilities:
 - a. Redundant Layer 2/3 switching and routing services
 - b. The switch chassis shall be capable of accommodating up to 440 Gbps per slot.
 - c. In one (or more) Fiber SFP-based module(s): a minimum of 48 1000Base-X (SFP-based) compatible access ports and a minimum of 8 1000Base-X (SFP-based) uplink ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of 14 and shall meet the following minimum requirements:
 - i. Optical budget of 18dB
 - ii. Hot-swappable network modules
 - iii. Same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches
 - iv. Same optical transmitter power as Type A & B switches
- 2) Operate from 32° to 104°F.
- 3) Supports relative humidity Ambient (noncondensing) operating: 5% to 90%
- 4) Designed as a chassis with easy to remove modules.
- 5) Chassis backplane shall be passive.
- 6) All modules shall be hot-swappable.
- 7) Must have installed dual-redundant (4) power supplies in which each supports a minimum of 3000 watts.

- 8) Switch assembly shall have a minimum of seven (7) module slots.
- 9) Blank covers for all remaining slots.

<u>907-663.02.1.2.2--Type D Network Switch Requirements.</u> The Type D network switch shall be of chassis design. The switch shall be able to accept a minimum of four (4) different types of modular cards. The Type D network switch shall meet the minimum requirements specified below:

- 1) The switch shall be chassis designed with a minimum of four (4) module slots.
- 2) Each switch shall be able to accept the following type modules:
 - a. Ethernet module:
 - i. A minimum number of six (6) 10/100Base-TX compatible RJ45 ports.
 - ii. The Contractor shall provide the minimum number of modules necessary to meet or exceed the required number of ports as indicated in the plans and NTBs.
 - iii. Total required bandwidth per chassis shall not exceed 10 Gbps
 - b. Fiber based modules:
 - i. The module shall accept SFP type fiber modules.
 - ii. The Contractor shall supply any necessary fiber modules that meet the requirements of speed, type of fiber, and link budget connection.
 - iii. The Contractor shall provide the minimum number of modules necessary to meet or exceed the required number of ports as indicated in the plans and NTBs.
 - c. WAN module:
 - i. T1, DS3 or Metro Ethernet Interface (as per NTB or project plans)
 - 1) The Interface shall be T1, DS3 or Metro Ethernet
 - 2) The ports shall connect via RJ45 connector.
 - ii. Cellular Interface
 - 1) Contractor shall provide information to the Project Engineer to enable activation of the modem.
 - 2) Contractor shall get prior approval from the Project Engineer on selection of cellular radio type (HSPA/EVDO)
 - d. Terminal Server module:
 - i. Module that meets terminal server requirements Subsection 663.02.6
 - e. Power Supply module:
 - i. The power module provided shall be "screw terminal block" type. No pluggable terminal block.
 - ii. Input power: Same as Type A and Type B switches.
 - iii. Power module shall be hot-swappable.
 - iv. The Contractor shall supply the necessary amount of power supplies to meet power requirements for all cards installed and the chassis itself
- 3) Software license shall be provided to match functionality of installed modules.
- 4) Shall be DIN or Panel mountable.
- 5) Password manageable through:
 - a. SSHv2 (Secure Shell)
- 6) Full implementation of VRRP.
- 7) Comply with FCC 47 CRF Part 15 Class A emissions.
- 8) Bandwidth flow rate limiting policing support per port.
- 9) Full security implementation of

- a. Support SSH2, 802.1x (rel 2)
- b. Access Control Lists (ACL's)
- c. RADIUS
- 10) Blank covers for all remaining slots.
- 11) Electronic surfaces shall be covered with conformal coating for additional environmental protection.

<u>907-663.02.1.2.3--Type E Network Switch Requirements.</u> The Type E network switch will be installed in locations where multiple backbone fibers converge or high concentration of ports are needed for a field location but need a hardened switch and shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with redundant switch fabric modules that meet the following minimum requirements:
 - a. Minimum of 2-GE uplinks available per card with a minimum capability to expand to eight (8). The Contractor shall provide an uplink SFP optical module compatible with the interface for the uplink as indicated in the Notice to Bidders entitled "Location & Configuration of Communication Nodes" for each uplink.
- The Contractor will need to determine port count configuration based on the project plans for the Type E switch. Optical interfaces shall include 1000 Base-X (SFP-based module(s)) with a minimum of four (4) ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of six (6) and shall have a minimum Optical budget of 18dB and be the same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches.
 - a. Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
 - b. Optical attenuators shall be added as needed; fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Standard Specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch.
- 3) Include a minimum of eight (8) Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports
- 4) Include a minimum of four (4) SFP ports must support 1000-Base-X/10 gigabit-ethernet-optics.
- 5) 19" rack mountable.
- 6) Chassis backplane shall be passive.
- 7) Meet the requirements of:
 - a. IEEE 802.3z
 - b. IEEE 802.3ah
 - c. IEEE 802.1Q
 - d. GR-20-CORE: Generic requirements for Optical Fiber and Optical Fiber Cable
 - e. GR-326-CORE: Generic Requirements for Singlemode
- 8) Full implementation of BGPv4 protocol as outlined by RFCs: 4271, 6286, 6608, 6793, 7606, 7705, 8212
- 9) Full implementation of OSPF protocol as outlined by RFCs: 2178, 1583, 1587, 1745, 1765, 1850, 2154, 2328, 1850, 1997, 2385, 2439, 2842, 2918, 2370.
- 10) Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch.
- 11) Password manageable through:
 - a. SSHv2 (Secure Shell)
- 12) Full implementation of GMRP (Generic Multicast Registration Protocol).

- 13) Full implementation of IGMPv2.
- 14) Full implementation of PIM-SM and PIM-DM.
- 15) Full implementation of DVMRPv3.
- 16) Full implementation of VRRP.
- 17) Comply with FCC 47 CRF Part 15 Class A emissions.
- 18) Bandwidth flow rate limiting policing support per port.
- 19) Full security implementation of
 - a. Support SSH2, 802.1x (rel 2)
 - b. Access Control Lists (ACL's)
 - c. RADIUS
 - d. TACACS
- 20) Have redundant power supplies installed.
- 21) Blank covers for all remaining slots.
- 22) Have options or modules to add a terminal server as specified in Subsection 663.02.2
- 23) Have options or modules to add a cellular interface as specified in Subsection 663.02.3

907-663.02.1.2.3.1--Type E1 Network Switch Requirements. The Type E1 network switch will be installed in locations where multiple backbone fibers converge or a high concentration of ports are needed for a field location and a hardened switch is required and shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with redundant switch fabric modules that meet the following minimum requirements:
 - a. 56 to 64Gbps switching bandwidth/41.67 mpps with 64byte packets
- 2) Based from the project plans, the Contractor must determine the appropriate configuration of port types and count by selecting one of the options below:
 - a. Include a minimum of 12 10/100/1000 ethernet ports and a minimum of 16 optical 1000Base-X(SFP-Based).
 - b. Include a minimum of 24 10/100/1000 ethernet ports and a minimum of 4 optical 1000 base-X (SFP-Based).
- 3) Operate from -45° to $+75^{\circ}$ C.
- 4) Operate relative humidity of 5% to 95% noncondensing

<u>907-663.02.1.2.3.2--Type E2 Network Switch Requirements.</u> The Type E2 network switch will be installed in locations where multiple backbone fibers converge or a high concentration of ports are needed for a field location, a hardened switch and larger bandwidth are needed, and shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with redundant switch fabric modules that meet the following minimum requirements:
 - a. 128Gbps switching bandwidth/41.67 mpps with 64byte forwarding rate
- 2) Based from the project plans, the Contractor must determine the appropriate configuration of port types and count by selecting one of the options below:
 - A. Include a minimum of 12 10/100/1000 ethernet ports and a minimum of 12 optical 1000Base-X(SFP-Based).
 - B. Include a minimum of 12 10/100/1000 ethernet ports and a minimum of 16 optical 1000 base-X (SFP-Based).

- 3) Supports 10 gigabit ethernet of SFP optics.
- 4) Operate from -40° to $+85^{\circ}$ C.
- 5) Operate relative humidity of 0% to 95% noncondensing

<u>907-663.02.1.2.4--Type F Network Switch Requirements.</u> The Type F network switch will be Layer 3 switches installed in field locations with wireless communications or access points and shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Each switch shall be populated with switch modules that meet the following minimum requirements:
 - a. 20Gbps Aggregate Bandwidth
 - b. Minimum of 4-GE uplinks available per switch with a minimum of 2 being fiber ports. The Contractor shall provide an uplink SFP optical module compatible with the interface for the uplink as indicated in the Notice to Bidders entitled "Location & Configuration of Communication Nodes" for each uplink.
 - c. SD flash port for swappable Management Card configuration
 - d. Supports High Density Power over Ethernet (PoE) for up to 8 devices
 - e. Supports Cisco Common Industrial Protocol (CIP)
 - f. Support of SCADA (Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition) connectivity.
 - g. Can be supported with IP services.[RJMc1]
- 2) In addition to the uplink ports, interfaces ports shall include:
 - a. 8 PoE 10/100/1000
 - b. 4 SFP ports
 - i. Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
 - ii. Optical attenuators shall be added as needed; fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Standard Specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch.
- 3) DIN Rail Mountable.
- 4) Operate from -40° to $+70^{\circ}$ C.
- 5) Operate from 5% to 95% non-condensing humidity
- 6) Supports IEEE 802.1AE MACsec, Security Group Access Control Lists (SGACL)
- 7) RIPng, OSPFv6, and EIGRPv6 support
- 8) Full implementation of IGMPv2.
- 9) Full implementation of PIM-SM and PIM-DM.
- 10) Supports Redundant DC input voltage
- 11) Power supplies with PoE support and 6' minimum power cord(s).

<u>907-663.02.2--Terminal Server.</u> Terminal server shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

- 1) 10/100 Base-T Ethernet port connection
- 2) RJ-45/DB9 Serial port connection
- 3) RS-232/422/485 selectable serial connections
- 4) Baud rates up to 230 Kbps

- 5) Full Modem and hardware flow control
- 6) TCP/UDP Socket Services
- 7) UDP Multicast
- 8) Telnet and Reverse Telnet
- 9) Modem emulation
- 10) SNMP (Read/Write)
- 11) PPP
- 12) Port buffering
- 13) HTTP
- 14) Remote management
- 15) DHCP/RARP/ARP-Ping for IP address assignment
- 16) LED status for link and power
- 17) The terminal server shall support a minimum of four (4) bi-directional serial communications over Ethernet 10/100 Base-TX.
- 18) Each terminal server shall have a minimum of four (4) EIA-232/422/485 serial interface ports. These ports shall be individually and independently configurable, directly or over the network, to EIA-232/422/485 mode of operation as defined by the EIA for data format, data rate and data structure (e.g., the number of bits, parity, stop bits, etc.). Each serial port shall support up to 230 Kbps.
- 19) Each serial port shall support IP addressing and socket number selection.
- The equipment shall provide the capability to establish an IP connection directly from a workstation to any encoder IP address and socket number transport serial data.
- 21) Each terminal server shall have an Ethernet Interface (10/100Base-TX protocol, Full/Half-Duplex, Auto Sense (802.3), RJ-45).

<u>907-663.02.3--Cell Modem.</u> Cellular modem and associated equipment shall be new and constructed using the highest quality, commercially available components and techniques to assure high reliability and minimum maintenance and meet the following requirements.

907-663.02.3.1--Functional Requirements. Cellular modem, antenna, wiring assemble, configuration software, and installation necessary shall be provided and furnished for a working cellular wireless communication connection in accordance with plans and specifications and compatible with the requirements of the MDOT system, and the wireless service carrier used by MDOT. Unless otherwise indicated on the plans, all items that are required to complete the installation and ensure an operational system shall be supplied by the Contractor whether listed above or not. Items required but not listed above shall be at no direct pay. All components supplied by the Contractor are the responsibility of the Contractor. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to properly configure and deliver a working cellular communications system. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine the final configuration of all electrical connections. Cellular account setup shall be coordinated with MDOT Traffic Engineering Division. Warranty and cellular carrier account shall be transferred into MDOT's name upon acceptance of the project.

<u>907-663.02.3.2--Cellular Modem System.</u> The Cellular Modem shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

1) Model and type provided shall be pre-approved on a MDOT cellular service carrier.

- 2) Highest available on a MDOT cellular service carrier of 4G, EVO, or higher service.
- 3) Minimum of one 10/100 Base-T RJ45 Ethernet port
- 4) Minimum of one RS-232 serial port
- 5) Minimum of one external antenna connector
- 6) GPS Data available
 - a. Acquisition Time under 2 seconds
 - b. Accuracy: under 5m 90% of time
 - c. Tracking Sensitivity: -161 dBm
- 7) Device Configuration and Management Software via web interface.
- 8) Communications and Protocols supported:
 - a. Network: TCP/IP, UDP/IP, DNS
 - b. NAT and DHCP routing with VLAN, VRRP, and Static Routes configurable
 - c. Includes TELNET, SMTP, SNMP, SMS sessions and services
 - d. Serial: TCP/UDP PAD Mode, Modbus (ASCII,
 - e. GPS: NMEA V3.0, TAIP, RAP
 - f. Provides VPN security with up to 5 tunnels
- 9) Provides event reporting for GPS/AVL, Network Parameters, Data Usage, Time, Power, and Device Temperature over SMS, SNMP, or Email, SNMP.
- 10) Input Voltage: 10 to 36 VDC
- 11) Operating Temperature of -30° to +70°C

<u>907-663.02.4--Ethernet Network Cable.</u> Ethernet network cables shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

- 1) 4 Pair #24 AWG STP Category 6, Category 5e, or other ethernet cable (generally meeting Category 6 Specifications, the applicable requirements of Subsection 722.03 and approved by MDOT) as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 2) These items are paid for as ethernet network cable installed between cabinets and does not apply to other patch cords installed inside cabinets or huts.
- 3) Supplied ethernet network cable shall be suitable for use outdoors in ducts and as a minimum meet the following requirements:
 - a. Fully water blocked
 - b. Conforms to the National Electrical Code Article 800
 - c. UL 1581 certified
 - d. Voltage Rating 300 Volts or greater
 - e. Operating and installation temperature (-4°F to 140°F)
 - f. The allowable bend radius must be 10 times the Cable's Outside Diameter or smaller
 - g. Recommended for 1000Base-T applications for a distance of 100 meters.

<u>907-663.02.4.1--Ethernet Patch Cords.</u> The ethernet patch cords shall be furnished and installed as needed to connect the network switches with other equipment. Ethernet patch cords shall be considered an incidental component for this project and furnished and installed as needed to provide a functional system. Ethernet patch cords shall meet the following minimum requirements:

1) All patch cords shall be from the same manufacturer.

- 2) Shall incorporate four (4) pair 24 AWG stranded PVC Category 6, Category 5e, or other Ethernet cable (generally meeting Category 6 Specifications and approved by MDOT) as required by the manufacturer.
- 3) Shall be factory made; Contractor or vendor assembled patch cords are not permitted.
- 4) Shall be TIA/EIA 568-B.2-1 compliant. Patch Cords shall be compliant to T568B pin configuration (which ever is used).
- 5) Certified by the manufacturer for Category 5e or Category 6 performance criteria.
- 6) Length as needed. Excessive slack is not permitted.

<u>907-663.02.5--Submittals</u>. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", along with the requirements below and throughout this specification, shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

The Contractor shall provide project submittals for network switches including scheduling requirements. The project submittals for network switches, terminal servers, cellular modems, and fiber optic modems shall include but are not limited to the specific requirements in this subsection.

- 1) The Contractor shall submit detailed cut sheets which document compliance with all parameters required in this section. If a parameter is not covered in the cut sheet a signed statement from the manufacturer on letterhead shall be submitted as an attachment. Failure to address all requirements will result in rejection of the submittal.
- 2) The Contractor shall submit documentation and proof of manufacturer-recommended training and certification for the installation and configuration of network switches.
- 3) The Contractor shall submit technical specifications for the minimum transmitter port to receiver port optical attenuation required for the switches to function in accordance with this specification for the optical links shown on the plans.

<u>907-663.03--Construction Requirements.</u> All networking equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, the Plans and as follows:

- 1) Network switches shall only be configured and installed by the switch manufacturer trained personnel.
- 2) Network switches shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines and requirements.
- 3) The Contractor shall request from the Department, switch configuration information (such as IP address, VLAN Tag values, etc.) not more than 30 days after the switch submittals have been approved.
- 4) The Contractor shall provide as needed the necessary Ethernet patch cords and fiber optic patch cords for a complete and functional installation.
- 5) Ethernet network cable installed in conduit shall be installed and terminated per the manufacturers recommended procedures. Slack Ethernet network cable shall be provided in pullboxes as indicated in the plans.
- 6) The Contractor shall provide training for proper management of the equipment installed. This training should cover daily operation as well as maintenance and configuration of the switching equipment installed as part of this project and meet the requirements of Subsection 663.03.4 of this document.

- 7) The Contractor shall provide the MDOT with a written inventory of items received and the condition in which they were received. Inventory shall be inclusive of make, model, and serial numbers, MAC address, and installation GPS coordinates. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations or as directed by the MDOT.
- 8) Any new, additional or updated drivers required for the existing ATMS software to communicate and control new networking equipment installed by the Contractor shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

<u>907-663.03.1--Switch Configuration Requirements.</u> The Contractor shall configure network switches as follows:

- 1) All 100 Base-TX ports shall be configured as follows:
 - a. RSTP/STP Off.
 - b. Unused TX ports shall be disabled.
 - c. Operating TX ports shall be programmed to filter only for the MAC address of the connected device.
- 2) All 1000 Base-FX ports shall be configured as follows:
 - a. RSTP/STP On.
 - b. IGMP Snooping On.
- 3) The Type D switch configuration shall be as outline in the Project plans and details.
- 4) All network switches shall be installed and configured with the same firmware configuration. The optimum settings shall be used consistently system-wide. Any locations that require different settings for optimum performance shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 5) The Switches shall be configured to enable multicasting and turn on multicast protocols.
- 6) The Contractor may submit an alternate switch configuration to the ITS Engineer for review and approval. The ITS Engineer will review alternate switch configuration documentation. The goal of the switch configuration is to reduce the network delay, as well as provide network redundancy.
- 7) The Contractor shall submit an electronic copy of all final and approved configurations of all switches to the Project Engineer and to the ITS Engineer.

<u>907-663.03.2--Testing.</u> All networking equipment shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

<u>907-663.03.3--Documentation.</u> As-built Plans showing switch configuration and connections shall be provided to the Project Engineer and ITS Engineer in electronic format.

The Contractor shall submit documentation and proof of measured optical power budgets to all optical links of all type switches. All equipment and software must be fully functional and pass a Final Inspection by the ITS Manager and Project Engineer before being accepted by the MDOT

<u>907-663.03.4--Warranty</u> At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" or this specification, whichever is longer, shall be met. All costs associated with the warranty requirements shall be included in the overall contract

price.

<u>907-663.03.5--Training.</u> The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

<u>907-663.03.6--Quality Assurance</u>. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

<u>907-663.04--Method of Measurement.</u> Network switches of the type specified will be measured per each installation as specified in the Project plans. Such measurement shall be inclusive of furnishing, installing, system integration and testing of a network switch including all chassis, modules, power cables, power supplies, software, license, fiber optic patch cords, fiber optic attenuator patch cords, Ethernet patch cords and all incidental components, attachment hardware, mounting shelf and hardware, testing requirements, warranties and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to provide a fully functional switch ready for use. Type C, Type D, and Type E network switch module cards shall be specified per Project plans or NTBs for each site location. It shall also include all system documentation including: shop drawings, operations and maintenance manuals, wiring diagrams, block diagrams, and other material necessary to document the operation of the switch and network.

Terminal server will be measured per each installation. Such measurement shall be inclusive of furnishing, installing, system integration and testing of a Terminal Server including all incidental components, attachment hardware, mounting shelf and hardware, testing requirements, warranties, and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to provide a fully functional Terminal Server ready for use.

Cellular modem shall be measured per each and will include the, modem, antenna, reset timers, cabling, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all work, equipment, and appurtenances as required to effect the full operation and control of the cellular modem complete in place and ready for use.

Ethernet network cable, installed in conduit, will be measured by the linear foot, and shall be obtained by accurate measurement of the runs including horizontally, vertically, aerially along the messenger cable, from the device to the device cabinet, and with liberal allowances made for slack in boxes, as indicated in the plans.

Network equipment training shall be measured as a lump sum which shall include all coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

<u>907-663.05--Basis of Payment.</u> Network switches, terminal servers, cell modems and fiber optic modems, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per each. The price shall be full compensation for documentation and submittals, warranties, testing, all labor, tools, materials, equipment, quality assurance, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Ethernet network cable installed between cabinets will be paid for by linear foot measured horizontally.

Network equipment training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, submittals, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

Payment will be made under:

907-663-A: Network Switch, Type	- per each
907-663-B: Terminal Server	- per each
907-663-C Cellular Modem	- per each
907-663-D: Ethernet Network Cable, Installed in Conduit	- per linear foot
907-663-E: Network Equipment Training	- lump sum

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-701-3

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 05/04/2021

SUBJECT: Hydraulic Cement

Section 701, Hydraulic Cement, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

<u>907-701.01--General</u>. In the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 701.01 on page 718, change "mills" to "plants."

In the second sentence of the sixth paragraph of Subsection 701.01 on pages 718 and 719, change "shall" to "will."

<u>907-701.02--Portland Cement.</u>

907-701.02.1-General.

<u>907-701.02.1.2--Alkali Content</u>. Delete the sentence in Subsection 701.02.1.2 on page 719, and substitute the following.

When used in portland cement concrete, the total alkali contribution from all cement types in this Subsection shall not exceed 4.0 lb. per cubic yard of concrete calculated as follows:

lb alkali per cu Yd =
$$\frac{\text{(lb cement per cu Yd)x(\%Na}_2\text{O equivalent in cement)}}{100}$$

In the above calculation, the maximum cement alkali content reported on the cement mill certificate shall be used. An example calculation can be found in the Department's *Concrete Field Manual*.

<u>907-701.02.2--Replacement by Other Cementitious Materials.</u> Delete the paragraph in Subsection 701.02.2 on page 719, and substitute the following.

The maximum replacement of cement by weight is 25% for fly ash or 50% for ground granulated blast furnace slag (GGBFS). Replacement contents below 20% for fly ash or 45% for GGBFS may be used, but will not be given any special considerations, such as the maximum acceptance temperature for portland cement concrete containing pozzolans in Subsection 804.02.13.1.5. Special considerations shall only apply for replacement of cement by fly ash or GGBFS.

Delete Subsection 701.02.2.1 on pages 719 and 720, and substitute the following.

907-701.02.2.1--Portland Cement Concrete Exposed to Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater.

When portland cement concrete is exposed to moderate or severe soluble sulfate conditions, or to seawater, cement types and replacement of cement by Class F fly ash or GGBFS shall be as follows in Table 1. Class C fly ash shall not be used as a replacement for cement in any of the sulfate exposure conditions listed in Table 1.

Sulfate Exposure	Water-soluble sulfate (SO ₄) in soil, % by mass	Sulfate (SO ₄) in water, ppm	Cementitious material required
Moderate and Seawater	0.10 - 0.20	150 - 1,500	Type I cement with one of the following replacements of cement by weight: 24.5 - 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 - 50.0% GGBFS or Type II**** cement
Severe	0.20 - 2.00	1,500 - 10,000	Type I cement with a replacement by weight of 49.5 - 50.0% GGBFS, or Type II* cement with one of the following replacements of cement by weight: 24.5 - 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 - 50.0% GGBFS

Table 1- Cementitious Materials for Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater

Delete Subsection 701.02.2.2 on page 720, and substitute the following.

<u>907-701.02.2.2--Portland Cement for Soil Stabilization Exposed to Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater.</u> When portland cement for use in soil stabilization is exposed to moderate or severe soluble sulfate conditions, or to seawater, cement types and replacement of cement by Class F fly ash or GGBFS shall meet the requirements of Subsection 701.02.2.1.

907-701.04--Blended Hydraulic Cement.

907-701.04.1--General. Delete Subsection 701.04.1.1 on page 720, and substitute the following.

<u>907-701.04.1.1--Types of Blended Hydraulic Cement</u>. Blended hydraulic cements (blended cements) shall be of the following types and conform to AASHTO M 240:

^{*} Type III cement conforming to AASHTO M85 with a maximum 8% tricalcium aluminate (C₃A) may be used in lieu of Type II cement as allowed in Subsection 701.02.1; this cement is given the designation "Type III(MS)."

^{**} Class F fly ash or GGBFS may be added as a replacement for cement as allowed in Subsection 907-701.02.2.

Type IL – Portland-limestone cement

Type IP - Portland-pozzolan cement

Type IS - Portland blast-furnace slag cement

Blended cement Types IL, IP, and IS meeting the "MS" sulfate resistance requirement listed in AASHTO M 240, Table 3 shall have the "(MS)" suffix added to the type designation.

<u>907-701.04.1.2--Alkali Content</u>. Delete the sentence in Subsection 701.04.1.2 on page 720, and substitute the following.

All blended cement types shall be made with clinker that would result in cement meeting the requirements of Subsection 701.02.1.2 when used in the production of AASHTO M 85, Type I or Type II cement.

The blended cement manufacturer shall include the percent equivalent alkalis as Na₂O on their cement mill reports.

When calculating the total alkali contribution with blended cements, use the equivalent alkali content of the base portland cement. An example calculation for cases where blended cements are used can be found in the Department's *Concrete Field Manual*.

<u>907-701.04.2--Replacement by Other Cementitious Materials.</u> Delete the paragraph in Subsection 701.04.2 on page 720, and substitute the following.

The maximum replacement of blended cement Type IL by weight is 35% for fly ash or 50% for GGBFS. Replacement contents below 20% for fly ash or 45% for GGBFS may be used, but will not be given any special considerations, such as the maximum acceptance temperature for blended cement concrete containing pozzolans in Subsection 804.02.13.1.5. Special considerations shall only apply for replacement of blended cement by fly ash or GGBFS.

No additional cementitious materials, such as portland cement, blended cement, fly ash, GGBFS, or others, shall be added to or as a replacement for blended cement Types IP and IS.

Delete Subsection 701.04.2.1 on pages 720 and 721, and substitute the following.

<u>907-701.04.2.1--Blended Cement Concrete Exposed to Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater</u>. When blended cement concrete is exposed to moderate or severe soluble sulfate conditions, or to seawater, cement types and replacement of cement by Class F fly ash or GGBFS shall be as follows in Table 2. Class C fly ash shall not be used as a replacement for cement in any of the sulfate exposure conditions listed in Table 2.

Table 2- Cementitious Materials for Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater

Sulfate	Water-soluble	Sulfate (SO ₄)	Cementitious material required	
Exposure	sulfate (SO ₄) in	in water, ppm		
	soil, % by mass			
Moderate	0.10 - 0.20	150 - 1,500	Type IL (MS)* cement,	
and			Type IL cement with one of the following	
Seawater			replacements of cement by weight:	
			24.5 - 35.0% Class F fly ash, or	
			49.5 - 50.0% GGBFS,	
			Type IP (MS) cement,	
			or	
			Type IS (MS) cement	
Severe	0.20 - 2.00	1,500 - 10,000	Type IL cement with a replacement of	
			cement by weight of 49.5 - 50.0% GGBFS,	
			or	
			Type IL (MS) cement with one of following	
			replacements of cement by weight:	
			24.5 - 35.0% Class F fly ash, or	
			49.5 - 50.0% GGBFS	

^{*} Class F fly ash or GGBFS may be added as a replacement for cement as allowed in Subsection 907-701.04.2.

Delete Subsection 701.04.2.2 on page 721, and substitute the following.

<u>907-701.04.2.2--Blended Cement for Soil Stabilization Exposed to Soluble Sulfate Conditions</u> <u>or Seawater</u>. When blended cement for use in soil stabilization is exposed to moderate or severe soluble sulfate conditions, or to seawater, cement types and replacement of cement by Class F fly ash or GGBFS shall meet the requirements of Subsection 701.04.2.1.

Delete Subsection 701.04.3 on page 721.

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-702-4

DATE: 09/11/2018

SUBJECT: Bituminous Materials

Section 702, Bituminous Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

<u>907-702.04--Sampling.</u> Delete the sentence in Subsection 702.04 on page 722, and substitute the following.

Sampling of bituminous materials shall be as set out in AASHTO R 66.

<u>907-702.07--Emulsified Asphalt.</u> Delete the last sentence in Subsection 702.07 on page 724, and substitute the following.

Asphalt for fog seal shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 907-702.12, Table V.

<u>907-702.12--Tables.</u> Delete Table V in Subsection 702.12 on page 729, and substitute the following.

TABLE V SPECIFICATION FOR FOG SEAL

	LD-7		CHPF-1		
Test Requirements	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Test Method
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol, @ 25°C, Sec.	10	100	-	100	AASHTO T 72
Storage Stability Test, 24 hr, %	-	1	-	1	AASHTO T 59
Settlement, 5 day, %	-	5	-	-	AASHTO T 59
Oil Distillate, %	-	1	-	-	AASHTO T 59
Sieve Test, % *	-	0.3	-	0.1	AASHTO T 59
Residue by Distillation, %	40	-	40	-	AASHTO T 59
Test on Residue from Distillation					
Penetration @ 25°C, 100g, 5 sec	-	20	40	90	AASHTO T 49
Softening Point, °C	65	-	-	-	ASTM D 36
Solubility in trichloroethylene, %	97.5	-	-	-	AASHTO T 44
Elastic Recovery @ 25°C, %	-	-	40	-	AASHTO T 301
Original DSR @ 82° (G*/Sinδ, 10 rad/sec)	1	-	-	-	AASHTO T 111

^{*} The Sieve Test result is tested for reporting purposes only and may be waived if no application problems are present in the field.

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-703-1

DATE: 06/13/2018

SUBJECT: Gradation

Section 703, Aggregates, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-703.03--Course Aggregates for Hydraulic Cement Concrete.

907-703.03.2--Detail Requirements.

<u>907-703.03.2.4--Gradation.</u> In the table in Subsection 703.03.2.4 on page 734, add 100 for the percent passing by weight on the $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch sieve for Size No. 67 aggregates.

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-705-1

DATE: 06/13/2018

SUBJECT: Stone Riprap

Section 705, Stone Blanket Protection and Filter Blanket Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

<u>907-705.04--Stone Riprap</u>. Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 705.04 on page 750, and substitute the following.

Quality requirements for rock to be furnished under these specifications will come from a preapproved source and be visually approved prior to use.

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-707-3

CODE: (IS)

DATE: 10/27/2021

SUBJECT: Joint Materials

Section 707, Joint Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-707.02--Joint Filler.

907-707.02.2--Preformed Sponge, Rubber, Cork and Closed-Cell Polypropylene Foam Joint Fillers for concrete Paving and Structural Constructions. Delete the two paragraphs of Subsection 707.02.2 on page 755, and substitute the following.

Preformed joint filler shall conform to AASHTO M 153 for sponge, rubber, and cork and tested according to ASTM D545. The type required will be indicated on the plans.

Closed-cell polypropylene foam shall conform to the requirements in ASTM D8139 and tested in accordance with ASTM D545.

907-707.02.3--Wood. Delete paragraph (b) of Subsection 707.02.3 on page 755, and substitute the following:

(b) Dimensions shall be as shown on the plans Dimensions shown on the plans are "dressed" sizes in accordance with Table 3 of the American Softwood Lumber Standard, SP-20. At the discretion of the Engineer, a 3/4-inch dressed board may be used in lieu of a 1-inch dressed board. A tolerance of plus or minus 1/16 inch thickness and plus or minus 1/8 inch width will be permitted. For slip-form paving a tolerance of minus 1/4 inch on each end in length will be permitted.

907-707.06--Flexible Plastic Gasket for Joining Conduit. Delete the third paragraph of Subsection 707.06 on page 756, and substitute the following.

The Department may require the performance test described in ASTM C 990.

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-711-2

09/11/2018

SUBJECT: Plain Steel Wire

DATE:

Section 711, Reinforcement and Wire Rope, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-711.02--Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcing.

<u>907-711.02.3--Steel Welded and Non-Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete.</u>

<u>907-711.02.3.1--Plain Steel Wire.</u> Delete the sentence in Subsection 711.02.3.1 on pages 780 and 781, and substitute the following.

Plain steel wire and plain steel welded wire shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 336.

CODE: (SP)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-712-1

DATE: 12/07/2021

SUBJECT: Fence and Guardrail

Section 712, Fence and Guardrail, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

<u>907-712.01--General</u>. After the sentence in Subsection 712.01 on page 785, add the following.

All materials' inspection, testing, and certification will be performed in accordance with the requirements of the current version of the Department's *Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual*.

Delete Subsections 712.02 and 712.03 on page 785, and substitute the following.

<u>907-712.02--Barbed Wire.</u> Barbed wire shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 280. In the coastal counties of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson, either Coating Type Z Class 3 or Coating Type A shall be furnished. In all other areas of the State, either Coating Type Z Class 1, Coating Type Z Class 3, Coating Type ZA Class 60, or Coating Type A shall be furnished.

<u>907-712.03--Metallic-Coated, Steel Woven Wire Fence Fabric</u>. Woven wire fencing (i.e., "hog wire") shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 279. In the coastal counties of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson, either Coating Type Z Class 3 or Coating Type A shall be furnished. In all other areas of the State, either Coating Type Z Class 1, Coating Type Z Class 3, Coating Type ZA Class 60, or Coating Type A shall be furnished.

<u>907-712.04--Chain Link Fence.</u> Delete Subsections 712.04.1 thru 712.04.7 on pages 785 & 786, and substitute the following.

<u>907-712.04.1--Fabric.</u> In the coastal counties of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson, either Type I Class D, Type II, Type III, or Type IV fabrics shall be furnished. In all other areas of the State, either Type I Class C, Type I Class D, Type II, Type III, or Type IV fabrics shall be furnished.

<u>907-712.04.2--Tie Wire</u>. Tie wire shall be of the same material as the fencing wire being used, shall be of good commercial quality, and shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 181. Either Type I, Type II, Type III, or Type IV tie wire shall be furnished.

<u>907-712.04.3--Tension Wire.</u> Tension wire shall be of the same material as the fencing wire being used, shall be of good commercial quality, and shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 181. In the coastal counties of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson, either Type I Class 3, Type II, Type III, or Type IV tension shall be furnished. In all other areas of the State, either Type II, Type IV, or Type I Classes 1, 2, or 3 tension wires shall be furnished.

<u>907-712.04.4--Posts Rails, Gate Frames, and Expansion Sleeves.</u> Posts, rails, gate frames, and expansion sleeves shall conform to the requirements for posts in Subsection 712.05.2, unless otherwise designated in the contract.

<u>907-712.04.5--Miscellaneous Fittings and Hardware.</u> Miscellaneous fittings and hardware shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 712.16.

907-712.05--Fence Posts and Braces.

907-712.05.1--Treated Timber Posts and Braces.

<u>907-712.05.1.1--General.</u> Delete the third, fourth, fifth, and sixth paragraphs of Subsection 712.05.1.1 on page 787, and substitute the following.

All wood posts and braces shall be treated in accordance with Subsections 718.03 and 718.04.

<u>907-712.05.1.2--Round Posts.</u> Delete the last sentence of the last paragraph of Subsection 712.05.1.2 on page 788.

<u>907-712.05.1.3--Sawed Posts.</u> Delete the last sentence of the paragraph of Subsection 712.05.1.3 on page 788.

<u>907-712.05.1.4--Sawed Braces.</u> Delete the last sentence of the paragraph of Subsection 712.05.1.4 on page 788.

Delete Subsection 712.05.2 on page 788, and substitute the following.

907-712.05.2--Metal Posts.

<u>907-712.05.2.1--Round Steel Pipe.</u> Round steel pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 181, either Grade 1 (i.e., meeting the requirements in ASTM F 1083) or Grade 2 (i.e., meeting the requirements of ASTM F 1043).

Round steel pipe shall be sized in accordance with NPS (nominal pipe size) designations as shown on Plans, and not according to the outer or inner pipe diameter.

<u>907-712.05.2.2--Steel Fence Post and Assemblies, Hot-Wrought</u>. Steel posts with the following section shapes, Tee, channel or U, and Y-Bar shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 281, galvanized in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO M 111, unless otherwise specified in the contract. Acceptance of these steel posts shall be by certification from the manufacturer, producer, supplier, or fabricator, as applicable.

907-712.05.2.3--Blank.

907-712.05.2.4--Steel H-Beam Posts. Steel H-Beam posts shall be produced from structural quality weldable steel having a minimum yield strength of 45,000 psi and shall be galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 123. Steel H-Beam line posts shall be 2.250 inches by 1.625 inches and shall weigh 3.43 pounds per foot. A tolerance of plus or minus 5.0 percent is allowed for

weight per foot. A tolerance of plus or minus 1.0 percent is allowed for dimensions.

<u>907-712.05.2.5--Aluminum-Alloy Posts and Assemblies.</u> Round aluminum-alloy posts shall meet the requirements of ASTM B 241, Alloy 6061, T6. Aluminum-Alloy H-Beam posts shall meet the requirements of ASTM B 221, Alloy 6061, T6.

<u>907-712.05.2.6--Formed Steel Section Posts.</u> Formed steel section posts, "C" sections, shall be formed from sheet steel conforming to ASTM A 1011, Grade 45, and shall be galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 123.

907-712.06--Guard and Guardrail Posts.

907-712.06.2--Treated Wood Posts.

<u>907-712.06.2.1--Square Posts.</u> Delete the paragraph in Subsection 712.06.2.1 on page 789, and substitute the following.

All square posts shall be inspected for conformance with Section 712.05, except that the posts may be rough and shall be within $\pm 3/8$ " of the dimensions shown on the plans.

<u>907-712.06.2.2--Round Posts.</u> Delete the paragraph in Subsection 712.06.2.2 on page 789, and substitute the following.

All round posts shall be inspected for conformance with Section 712.05, except that the posts shall be of the shape and dimensions shown on the plans.

<u>907-712.06.5--Treated Wood Blocks for Use with Metal Guardrail Posts.</u> Delete the paragraphs of Subsection 712.06.5 on pages 789 & 790, and substitute the following.

Treated wood blocks for use with metal guardrail posts shall be within $\pm 3/8$ " of the size and dimensions shown on the plans, except that a minus tolerance shall not be allowed for the slotted width in which the metal post must fit.

Delete Subsection 712.16 on page 791, and substitute the following.

<u>907-712.16--Hardware.</u> All ferrous metal hardware for fencing such as bolts, nuts, washers, and metal straps shall be as specified on the plans and galvanizing shall not be less than 1.0 ounce per square foot of uncoated area. Aluminum coated hardware shall be coated with aluminum meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 181 for aluminum coating and at the rate of not less than 0.4 ounces per square foot of uncoated area.

Aluminum alloy hardware shall conform to the requirements of ASTM B 221 for extruded aluminum alloy 6063, T6. The finished members shall be of uniform quality.

Aluminum-zinc coated hardware shall be coated with an aluminum-zinc alloy meeting the chemical requirements and weight of coating specified for aluminum-zinc alloy coated metal gates.

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-714-3

CODE: (SP)

DATE: 08/31/2021

SUBJECT: Miscellaneous Materials

Section 714, Miscellaneous Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-714.01--Water.

907-714.01.1--General. Delete the last sentence of the second paragraph in Subsection 714.01.1 on page 794.

<u>907-714.01.2--Water for Use in Concrete.</u> Delete Subsection 714.01.2 on page 794, and substitute the following:

Water from municipal sources is permitted be used as mixing water in concrete, mortar, and grout without Department testing. Water from non-municipal water sources used in mixing of concrete, mortar, and grout which does not meet the requirements in Subsection 714.01.1 shall be tested for conformance as required in AASHTO M157, Table 1 and Table 2.

<u>907-714.01.3--Water for Use in Chemically Stabilized Based.</u> Delete the first sentence of first paragraph in Subsection 714.01.3 on page 794, and substitute the following:

Water used in the construction of bases that contain cement, lime, or other chemical additive shall be as set out in Subsection 714.01.1. Water from municipal sources is permitted to be used without testing for conformance to the requirements below. If water is not from a municipal source, it shall not contain impurities in excess of the following limits:

Delete Subsection 714.01.6 on page 795, and substitute the following.

907-714.01.6--Blank.

907-714.05--Fly Ash.

<u>907-714.05.1--General.</u> Delete the first sentence of the fifth paragraph in Subsection 714.05.1 on page 797.

907-714.13--Geotextiles.

<u>907-714.13.11--Tables.</u> Delete Table 1 in Subsection 714.13.11 on page 813, and substitute the following.

Notes: 1 - All property values, with the exception of apparent opening size (AOS), represent minimum average roll values in the weakest principal direction. Values for AOS represent the maximum average roll values, 2 - Values not identified in this table should meet manufacturer certification for the use and application, 3- Machine direction

Delete Subsection 714.15 on pages 816 and 817 and substitute the following.

907-714.15--Geogrids.

<u>907-714.15.1–General</u>. A geogrid is defined as a geosynthetic formed by a regular network of connected elements with apertures greater than 0.25 inch to allow interlocking with surrounding soil, rock, and other surrounding materials to function primarily as reinforcement.

Geogrid shall be manufactured from an expanded strain hardened monolithic polymer sheet composed of one or more synthetic polymers and shall be mildew resistant and inert to biological degradation and naturally encountered chemicals, alkalis and acids. The geogrid shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors, or a resistance finish or covering to make it resistant to deterioration from direct sunlight, ultraviolet rays, and heat.

Geogrid manufacturers shall participate in and be in compliance with the American Association of State Highway Transportation Officials (AASHTO) National Transportation Product Evaluation Program's (NTPEP) Geosynthetics audit program. Geogrid shall meet the requirements of Table II for the application and type shown on the plans and shall be selected from the Department's Approved Lists.

907-714.15.1.1--Geogrid for Retaining Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes. Geogrid for retaining walls and reinforced soil slopes shall be creep tested in accordance with AASHTO R69 and meet Long Term Design Load, Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength, and open area criteria listed in Table II. Manufacturers shall perform at least one long-term creep test for no less than 10,000 hours in accordance to ASTM D 5262 for each polymer or composition of polymers from which the geogrid is produced. The long-term design load that shall be reported for design use, shall be that load at which no more than 10% strain occurs over a 100-year design life of the geogrid, as calculated in accordance with AASHTO R69. Long-term design loads shall be reported unfactored, and the AASHTO strength reduction factors (Durability and Installation, and safety factors) will be considered by the Department's Geotechnical Branch on a site specific design basis.

<u>907-714.15.1.2--Geogrid for Subgrade Stabilization</u>. Geogrid for subgrade stabilization shall meet Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength and open area criteria listed in Table II.

907-714.15.2--Marking, Shipment, and Storage. Each roll or container of geogrid shall be visibly labeled with the name of the manufacturer, trade name of the product, lot number, and quantity of material. In addition, each roll or container shall be clearly tagged to show the type designation that corresponds to that required by the plans. During shipment and storage the geogrid shall be protected from direct sunlight, and temperatures above 120°F or below 0°F. The geogrid shall either be wrapped and maintained in a heavy duty protective covering or stored in a safe enclosed area to protect from damage during prolonged storage.

<u>907-714.15.3--Manufacturer Certification</u>. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer three copies of the manufacturer's certified test reports indicating that the geogrid furnished conforms to the requirements of the specifications and is of the same composition as the originally approved

by the Department.

<u>907-714.15.4--Acceptance Sampling and Testing</u>. Final acceptance of each shipment will be based upon results of tests performed by the Department on verification samples submitted from the project, as compared to the manufacturer's certified test reports. The Engineer will select one roll or container at random from each shipment for sampling. As sample extending full width of the randomly selected roll or container and being at least five (5) square yards in area will be obtained and submitted by the Engineer. All material samples shall be provided at no cost to the State.

TABLE II GEOGRIDS

Physical Properties			Test Method				
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
Long Term Design Load ¹ , pounds per foot, Machine Direction	250	500	750	1500	2500	3500	AASHTO R69, ASTM D5262
Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength ² , pounds per foot, Machine Direction	500	1000	1500	3000	5000	7000	ASTM D6637
Open Area, percent	70	70	50	50	50	50	Direct Measurement

¹ Minimum design criteria requirement.

² Minimum Average Roll Value (MARV).

CODE: (SP)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-718-1

DATE: 12/07/2021

SUBJECT: Timber and Dimension Lumber

Section 718, Timber and Dimension Lumber, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete the Subsections in Section 718 on pages 836 thru 838, and substitute the following.

<u>907-718.01--General.</u> All timber and dimension lumber shall be Southern pine and shall conform in all respects to applicable requirements of AASHTO M 168. The Department reserves the right to sample and to test all materials at any time; all inspection, testing, and certification of materials will be performed in accordance with the requirements of the current version of the Department's *Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual*.

Timber and dimension lumber shall be furnished in the sizes shown on the plans or as specified. Unless otherwise specified, timber and dimension lumber shall be No. 1, or better, graded according to the latest American Lumber Standards.

Only one type of preservative shall be used for the treatment of materials for any one class of construction on a project, unless otherwise specified.

Where treated timber and dimensional lumber is to be used in non-highway construction or use, such as decking, handrails in walking trails, or in any manner where general public exposure by touch is possible, the treatment requirements will be as per project plans and/or approved by the State Materials Engineer.

<u>907-718.02--Untreated Timber and Dimension Lumber</u>. Untreated timber and dimension lumber shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 168.

<u>907-718.03--Treated Timber and Dimension Lumber</u>. Timber and dimension lumber to be treated shall meet the requirements herein specified and shall be treated as specified. Treated timber or dimensional lumber will not be accepted for use unless it has been inspected by an authorized representative of the Department and found to be satisfactory after treatment.

907-718.03.1--Blank.

907-718.03.2--Treatment.

<u>907-718.03.2.1--General.</u> All materials shall be treated in accordance with AASHTO M 133 unless otherwise directed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

907-718.03.2.2--Blank.

<u>907-718.03.2.3--Inspection</u>. Treated timber and dimension lumber shall be inspected by an authorized representative of the Department before being incorporated into the work. Treatment reports shall be provided to the Department for each lot of material supplied.

907-718.03.3--Blank.

<u>907-718.03.4--Storage of Treated Material</u>. All material treated for stock shall be stacked as compactly as possible on a well-drained surface. Material shall be supported on sills spaced as necessary, not to exceed 10 foot intervals and shall have at least one foot of air space beneath the stacks.

All materials treated with preservatives for use in buildings and applications where painting is required shall be dried after treatment. The treated wood shall be dried in accordance with American Lumber Standards.

<u>907-718.04--Preservative</u>. Preservatives shall be as specified in AASHTO M 133 unless otherwise directed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-720-2

DATE: 09/11/2018

SUBJECT: Acceptance Procedure for Glass Beads

Section 720, Pavement Marking Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-720.01--Glass Beads.

<u>907-720.01.4--Acceptance Procedures.</u> Delete the last sentence of the paragraph in Subsection 720.01.4 on page 841, and substitute the following.

Acceptance sampling and testing of glass beads will be in accordance with the Department's Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual, Section 2.9.2 -- Glass Beads.

CODE: (SP)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-721-4

DATE: 04/19/2022

SUBJECT: Materials for Signing

Section 721, Materials for Signing, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-721.06--Reflective Sheeting.

<u>907-721.06.2--Performance Requirements.</u> Delete Table 4 and Table 5 in Subsection 721.06.2 on pages 860 & 861, and substitute the following.

MINIMUM COEFFICIENTS OF RETROREFLECTION Candela per foot candle per square foot (cd/fc/ft²) Per ASTM Designation D4956

TABLE 4
Type IX Sheeting

Observation Angle	Entrance Angle	White	Yellow	Green	Red	Blue	Fluorescent Yellow/Green	Fluorescent Yellow	Fluorescent Orange
0.2°	-4.0°	380	285	38	76	17	300	230	115
0.2°	+30.0°	215	162	22	43	10	170	130	65
0.5°	-4.0°	240	180	24	48	11	190	145	72
0.5°	+30.0°	135	100	14	27	6.0	110	81	41
1.0°	-4.0°	80	60	8.0	16	3.6	64	48	24
1.0°	+30.0°	45	34	4.5	9.0	2.0	36	27	14

TABLE 5
Type XI Sheeting

Observation Angle	Entrance Angle	White	Yellow	Green	Red	Blue	Brown	Fluorescent Yellow/Green	Fluorescent Yellow	Fluorescent Orange
0.2°	-4.0°	580	435	58	87	26	17	460	350	175
0.2°	+30.0°	220	165	22	33	10	7.0	180	130	66
0.5°	-4.0°	420	315	42	63	19	13	340	250	125
0.5°	+30.0°	150	110	15	23	7.0	5.0	120	90	45
1.0°	-4.0°	120	90	12	18	5.0	4.0	96	72	36
1.0°	+30.0°	45	34	5.0	7.0	2.0	1.0	36	27	14

After Subsection 721.10 on page 864, add the following.

<u>907-721.11--Digital Applied Printing</u>. The following addresses the requirements for digitally printed finished retroreflective traffic control signs on flat sheet aluminum and digitally printed traffic sign faces intended to be applied to a sign substrate.

<u>907-721.11.1--Digitally Printed Ink Systems</u>. Traffic signs must be produced using components, and processes that comply with the retroreflective sheeting manufacturer's recommendations.

Digital printed ink systems used to print traffic signs must meet and comply with daytime and nighttime chromaticity (color standards) as recognized in ASTM D4956 "Standard Specification for Retroreflective Sheeting for Traffic Control."

Digital printed ink systems must meet 70% of the initial retroreflectivity specifications of each respective reflective film color as found in ASTM D4956 "Standard Specification for Retroreflective Sheeting for Traffic Control."

Prior to fabrication and preferably at the preconstruction meeting, the Contractor shall advise the Project Engineer in writing as to which signs on the project will be digitally printed and which ones will be screen printed. The Contractor shall submit to the Project Engineer certifications for all digitally printed signs, which will be forwarded to the State Traffic Engineer for review.

<u>907-721.11.2--Protective Overlay Film.</u> Permanent traffic signs printed with digital ink systems will be fabricated with a full sign protective overlay film designed to provide a smooth surface needed for retroreflectivity, and to protect the sign from fading and UV degradation. The overlaminate shall comply with the retroreflective sheeting manufacturer's recommendations to ensure proper adhesion and transparency and will also meet the reflective film durability as identified in Table 1.

Table 1
Retroreflective Film Minimum Durability Requirements

ASTM D4956 Type	Full Sign Replacement Term (years)	Sheeting Replacement Term (years)
IV	7	10
VIII	7	10
IX	7	12
XI	7	12

Temporary signs used in work zones printed with black ink only will not require a protective overlay film as long as the finished sign is warranted for a minimum outdoor durability of three years by the sheeting manufacturer.

<u>907-721.11.3--Inspection</u>. During fabrication, the Contractor shall provide sufficient testing and quality control throughout fabrication to insure good workmanship. Once the material has been received, it may be subject to random testing to ensure compliance with all requirements. If any test samples do not conform to the requirements, the entire order may be returned at the vendor's expense.

<u>907-721.11.4--Traffic Sign Performance Warranty Provisions</u>. Based on the ASTM Type of sheeting specified, traffic control signs shall be warranted for the duration shown in Table 1. The Contractor shall supply a copy of the warranty document with complete details of terms and conditions upon request of the Department.

<u>907-721.11.5--Certified Digital Sign Fabricator</u>. Sign fabricators using digital imaging methods to produce regulated traffic signs must be certified by the reflective sheeting manufacturer whose materials are used to produce the delivered signs.

Certified sign fabricators must undergo an audit process by the sheeting manufacturer to ensure they have the proper equipment, manufacturing capabilities, manufacturing application processes and the materials required to fulfill the sheeting manufacturer's warranty obligations. Sign fabricators must recertify annually with reflective sheeting manufacturers or utilize a 3rd party certifier approved by the reflective sheeting manufacturer.

The Contractor shall submit proof of Sign Fabricator Certification as issued by the retroreflective sign sheeting manufacturer to the Project Engineer upon delivery of the signs, or with the Shop Drawings.

CODE: (IS)

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-722-1

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Materials for Traffic Signal Installation

Section 722, Materials for Traffic Signal Installation, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follow.

<u>907-722.02.3--Design Strength Requirements.</u> Delete Subsection 722.02.3 on pages 864 thru 866, and substitute the following.

Unless specified otherwise in the plans, poles shall meet the requirements of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, as specified in the plans with all interim supplements. All components of the assemblies shall be designed to the following:

- Importance Factor: 1.0; 50 year mean recurrence interval
- Basic Wind Speed (3 second gust): As shown on the project plans
- Minimum Gust Effect Factor: 1.14
- Fatigue Category: II
- Ice Loading: As shown on the project plans
- Natural Wind Gust Pressure Loads: Included
- Truck Induced Gust Pressure Loads: Not included
- Galloping: Not included

<u>907-722.02.5--Mast Arms for Traffic Signal and Equipment Poles</u>. Delete the first four sentences of the third paragraph of Subsection 722.02.5 on page 867, and substitute the following.

Anchor base plates must meet the minimum requirements of ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 36 or ASTM A572 Grade 50 and must be welded to the shaft by either telescoped with two continuous arc welds or by back up ring using full penetration welds. Flange plate shall telescope the large end of the arm and be welded by either two (2) continuous arc welds, one (1) being on the outside of the plate, adjacent to the shaft, and the other one (1) on the inside at the end of the tubular cross section or by back up ring using full penetration welds. The thru-bolt flange plate or tapped flange plate supporting the mast arm shall be welded to the pole near the top and supported side plate tangent to the pole and gusset plates both top and bottom. The thru-bolt or tapped flange plate must be sufficient to develop the full capacity of the connecting bolts.

<u>907-722.03--Electric Cable.</u> Delete the paragraphs for Loop Detector Wire and Loop Detector Lead-in Cable in Subsection 722.03 on page 869.

Delete the first sentence of "Communication Cable" in Subsection 722.03 on page 870, and substitute the following.

Communication cables shall be as per the manufacturer's recommendation.

<u>907-722.05.4--Type III or Type IV Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit.</u> After the last sentence of Subsection 722.05.4 on page 871, add the following.

Schedule 40 conduit shall be used unless otherwise noted in the plans.

Delete the title of Subsection 722.13.3 on page 876, and substitute the following.

907-722.13.3--Power Service Pedestal.

Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 722.13.3 on page 876, and substitute the following.

The pedestal shall be of NEMA Type 3R rainproof construction and shall be UL Listed as "Enclosed Industrial Control Equipment" (UL 508A). External construction shall comply with UL50 requirements and shall be unpainted aluminum.

Nominal size of the pedestal shall be 48"H x 16"W x 16"D.

Pedestal shall have a voltage rating or 120v/240v single phase with an Amperage rating of 800A.

After the first sentence of the seventh paragraph of Subsection 722.13.3 on page 876, add the following.

An outdoor rated heavy duty combination lock shall be provided to lock the customer compartment door.

<u>907-722.14.1.3--Optical System.</u> Delete the sixteenth paragraph of Subsection 722.14.1.3 on page 879, and substitute the following.

The signal module on-board circuitry shall include voltage surge protection to withstand high-repetition noise transients and low-repetition high-energy transients as stated in Section 2.1.6, NEMA Standard TS 2, 1992.

Delete the last sentence of the seventeenth paragraph of Subsection 722.14.1.3 on page 879, and substitute the following.

Load switches shall be compatible with NEMA TS 1 or later, or Model 170-1989 or later.

Delete Subsection 722.14.5 on page 882, and substitute the following.

907-722.14.5--Blank.

Delete Subsections 722.14.7 and 722.14.8 on page 882.

SECTION 905 - PROPOSAL

	Date	
Mississippi Transportation Commission		
Jackson, Mississippi		
Sirs: The following proposal is made on behalf of		
of		

for constructing the following designated project(s) within the time(s) hereinafter specified.

The plans are composed of drawings and blue prints on file in the offices of the Mississippi Department of Transportation, Jackson, Mississippi.

The Specifications are the current Standard Specifications of the Mississippi Department of Transportation approved by the Federal Highway Administration, except where superseded or amended by the plans, Special Provisions and Notice(s) to Bidders attached hereto and made a part thereof.

I (We) certify that I (we) possess a copy of said Standard and any Supplemental Specifications.

Evidence of my (our) authority to submit the Proposal is hereby furnished. The proposal is made without collusion on the part of any person, firm or corporation. I (We) certify that I (we) have carefully examined the Plans, the Specifications, including the Special Provisions and Notice(s) to Bidders, herein, and have personally examined the site of the work. On the basis of the Specifications, Special Provisions, Notice(s) to Bidders, and Plans, I (we) propose to furnish all necessary machinery, tools, apparatus and other means of construction and do all the work and furnish all the materials in the manner specified. I (We) understand that the quantities mentioned herein are approximate only and are subject to either increase or decrease, and hereby propose to perform any increased or decreased quantities of work at the unit prices bid, in accordance with the above.

I (We) acknowledge that this proposal will be found irregular and/or non-responsive unless a certified check, cashier's check, or Proposal Guaranty Bond in the amount as required in the Advertisement (or, by law) is submitted electronically with the proposal or is delivered to the Contract Administration Engineer prior to the bid opening time specified in the advertisement.

INSTRUCTION TO BIDDERS: Alternate and Optional Items on Bid Schedule.

- Two or more items entered opposite a single unit quantity WITHOUT DEFINITE DESIGNATION AS
 "ALTERNATE ITEMS" are considered as "OPTIONAL ITEMS". Bidders may or may not indicate on bids the
 Optional Item proposed to be furnished or performed WITHOUT PREJUDICE IN REGARD TO
 IRREGULARITY OF BIDS.
- 2. Items classified on the bid schedule as "ALTERNATE ITEMS" and/or "ALTERNATE TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION" must be preselected and indicated on bids. However, "Alternate Types of Construction" may include Optional Items to be treated as set out in Paragraph 1, above.
- 3. Optional items not preselected and indicated on the bid schedule MUST be designated in accordance with Subsection 102.06 prior to or at the time of execution of the contract.
- 4. Optional and Alternate items designated must be used throughout the project.

I (We) further propose to perform all "force account or extra work" that may be required of me (us) on the basis provided in the Specifications and to give such work my (our) personal attention in order to see that it is economically performed.

I (We) further propose to execute the attached contract agreement (Section 902) as soon as the work is awarded to me (us), and to begin and complete the work within the time limit(s) provided for in the Specifications and Advertisement. I (We) also propose to execute the attached contract bond (Section 903) in an amount not less than one hundred (100) percent of the total of my (our) part, but also to guarantee the excellence of both workmanship and materials until the work is finally accepted.

I (We) shall submit electronically with our proposal or deliver prior to the bid opening time a certified check, cashier's check or bid bond for <u>five percent (5%) of total bid</u> and hereby agree that in case of my (our) failure to execute the contract and furnish bond within Ten (10) days after notice of award, the amount of this check (bid bond) will be forfeited to the State of Mississippi as liquidated damages arising out of my (our) failure to execute the contract as proposed. It is understood that in case I am (we are) not awarded the work, the check will be returned as provided in the Specifications.

SECTION 905 -- PROPOSAL (CONTINUED)

I (We) hereby certify by digital signature and electronic submission via Bid Express of the Section 905 proposal below, that all certifications, disclosures and affidavits incorporated herein are deemed to be duly executed in the aggregate, fully enforceable and binding upon delivery of the bid proposal. I (We) further acknowledge that this certification shall not extend to the bid bond or alternate security which must be separately executed for the benefit of the Commission. This signature does not cure deficiencies in any required certifications, disclosures and/or affidavits. I (We) also acknowledge the right of the Commission to require full and final execution on any certification, disclosure or affidavit contained in the proposal at the Commission's election upon award. Failure to so execute at the Commission's request within the time allowed in the Standard Specifications for execution of all contract documents will result in forfeiture of the bid bond or alternate security.

	Respectfully Submitted,
	DATE
	Contractor
	BYSignature
	TITLE
	ADDRESS
	CITY, STATE, ZIP
	PHONE
	FAX
	E-MAIL
(To be filled in if a corporation)	
Our corporation is chartered under the Laws of the names, titles and business addresses of the executives are as	e State of and the s follows:
President	Address
Secretary	Address
Treasurer	Address

Revised 1/2016

The following is my (our) itemized proposal.

Overlay approximately 5 miles of US 98 from Industrial Park Rd. east to Old Hwy. 98 East, known as Federal Aid Project No. NHPP-0014-02 (089) / 108366301 in Walthall County.

Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units Roadway I	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
0010	202-B240		4,334	Linear Feet	Removal of Traffic Stripe
0020	304-A008	(GY)	7,003	Cubic Yard	Granular Material, LVM, Class 6, Group D
0030	403-A014	(BA1)	21,318	Ton	9.5-mm, MT, Asphalt Pavement
0040	403-B011	(BA1)	1,003	Ton	9.5-mm, MT, Asphalt Pavement, Leveling
0050	406-D001		32,156	Square Yard	Fine Milling of Bituminous Pavement, All Depths
0060	407-A001	(A2)	19,475	Gallon	Asphalt for Tack Coat
0070	423-A001		20	Mile	Rumble Strips, Ground In
0080	618-A001		1	Lump Sum	Maintenance of Traffic
0090	619-A1001		12	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous White
0100	619-A2001		12	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow
0110	619-A3001		12	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Skip White
0120	619-A5001		58,116	Linear Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Detail
0130	619-A6001		566	Square Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
0140	619-A6002		3,336	Linear Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
0150	620-A001		1	Lump Sum	Mobilization
0160	626-A001		10	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Traffic Stripe, Skip White
0170	626-C002		10	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous White
0180	626-F001		10	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Double Drop Edge Stripe, Continuous Yellow
0190	626-G002		36,536	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, White
0200	626-G003		21,580	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, Yellow
0210	626-H004		746	Square Feet	Thermoplastic Legend, White
0220	626-H005		4,326	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Legend, White
0230	627-H002		662	Each	Chip Seal Reflective Raised Markers. Two-Way Yellow
0240	627-J001		1,370	Each	Two-Way Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Markers
0250	627-K001		1,123	Each	Red-Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Markers
0260	627-L001		1,460	Each	Two-Way Yellow Reflective High Performance Raised Markers
0270	630-F002		60	Each	Delineators, Flexible Post Mounted, Crossover, Type I, Yellow
0280	630-F006		42	Each	Delineators, Guard Rail, White
0290	630-F007		42	Each	Delineators, Guard Rail, Yellow
0300	907-414-A001		141,243	Square Yard	Scrub Seal
0310	907-420-A002		1,000	Pounds	Undersealing Concrete Pavement
0320	907-632-D001		2	Each	Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, Type 1
0330	907-637-C028		20	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground, Type 4, 2"
0340	907-637-D002		120	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground Drilled or Jacked, Rolled Pipe, 2"
0350	907-643-A004		4	Each	Video Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type 1A

Line no. 0360	Item Code 907-643-B001	Adj Code	Quantity 1,039	Units Linear Feet	Description [Fixed Unit Price] Video Vehicle Detection Cable
0370	907-643-E001		4	Each	Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Sensor
0380	907-643-F001		999	Linear Feet	Multi-Sensor Vehicle Detection Cable
0390	907-662-D002		1	Each	Radio Interconnect, Broadband, Short Range
0400	907-663-A001		2	Each	Network Switch, Type A
0410	907-663-D001		80	Linear Feet	Category 6 Cable, Installed in Conduit

SECTION 905 - COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL (Continued)

CONDITIONS FOR COMBINATION BID

If a bidder elects to submit a combined bid for two or more of the contracts listed for this month's letting, the bidder must complete and execute these sheets of the proposal in each of the individual proposals to constitute a combination bid. In addition to this requirement, each individual contract shall be completed, executed and submitted in the usual specified manner. Failure to execute this Combination Bid Proposal in each of the contracts combined will be just cause for each proposal to be received and evaluated as a separate bid. It is understood that the Mississippi Transportation Commission not only reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, but also the right to award contracts upon the basis of lowest separate bids or combination bids most advantageous to the State. It is further understood and agreed that the Combination Bid Proposal is for comparison of bids only and that each contract shall operate in every respect as a separate contract in accordance with its proposal and contract documents.

I (We) agree to complete each contract on or before its specified completion date.

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COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL

* of Subsection 102.11 on the following contracts: This proposal is tendered as one part of a Combination Bid Proposal utilizing option * Option to be shown as either (a), (b), or (c).

County					
Project No.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
County					
Project No.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.

- (a) If Combination A has been selected, your Combination Bid is complete.
- (b) If Combination B has been selected, then complete the following page.

SECTION 905 - COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL (Continued)

SECTION 905 - COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL (Continued)

(c) If Combination C has been selected, then initial and complete ONE of the following.

I (We) desire to be awarded work not to exceed a total monetary value of \$_

number of contracts. _ I (We) desire to be awarded work not to exceed ___

Certification with regard to the Performance of Previous Contracts or Subcontracts subject to the Equal Opportunity Clause and the filing of Required Reports

subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity	, has not, participated in a previous contract or Clause, as required by Executive Orders 10925, 11114, or
11246, and that he has, has not, fi	iled with the Joint Reporting Committee, the Director of the
Office of Federal Contract Compliance, a Fe	ederal Government contracting or administering agency, or
the former President's Committee on Equal E	mployment Opportunity, all reports due under the applicable
filing requirements.	
	(COMPANY)
DATE:	

NOTE: The above certification is required by the Equal Employment Opportunity Regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1.7 (b) (1)), and must be submitted by bidders and proposed subcontractors only in connection with contracts and subcontracts which are subject to the Equal Opportunity Clause. Contracts and Subcontracts which are exempt from the Equal Opportunity Clause are set forth in 41 CFR 60-1.5. (Generally only contracts or subcontracts of \$10,000 or under are exempt.)

Currently, Standard Form 100 (EEO-1) is the only report required by the Executive Orders or their implementing regulations.

Proposed prime Contractors and Subcontractors who have participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Executive orders and have not filed the required reports should note that 41 CFR 60-1.7 (b) (1) prevents the award of contracts and subcontracts unless such Contractors submit a report covering the delinquent period or such other period specified by the Federal Highway Administration or by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance, U. S. Department of Labor.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CERTIFICATION

I,	
(Name of person signing	g bid)
individually, and in my capacity as	of
(T	itle of person signing bid)
	do hereby certify under
(Name of Firm, partnership, or Corporat	ion)
penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States a	and the State of Mississippi that
	, Bidder
(Name of Firm, Partnership, or Co	orporation)
on Project No. NHPP-0014-02(089)/ 108366301000	
in Walthall	_County(ies), Mississippi, has not either

Except as noted hereafter, it is further certified that said legal entity and its corporate officers, principal owners, managers, auditors and others in a position of administering federal funds:

in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this contract; nor have any of its corporate

directly or indirectly entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion; or otherwise taken any action

- a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in (b) above; and
- d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/ proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

Do exceptions exist and are made a part thereof? Yes / No

officers or principal owners.

Any exceptions shall address to whom it applies, initiating agency and dates of such action.

Note: Exceptions will not necessarily result in denial of award but will be considered in determining bidder responsibility. Providing false information may result in criminal prosecution or administrative sanctions.

The bidder further certifies that the certification requirements contained in Section XI of Form FHWA 1273, will be or have been included in all subcontracts, material supply agreements, purchase orders, etc. except those procurement contracts for goods or services that are expected to be less than the Federal procurement small purchase threshold fixed at 10 U.S.C. 2304(g) and 41 U.S.C. 253(g) (currently \$25,000) which are excluded from the certification requirements.

The bidder further certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- 1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- 2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this contract, Standard Form-LLL, Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying, in accordance with its instructions will be completed and submitted.

The certification contained in (1) and (2) above is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed and a prerequisite imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code prior to entering into this contract. Failure to comply shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000. The bidder shall include the language of the certification in all subcontracts exceeding \$100,000 and all subcontractors shall certify and disclose accordingly.

All of the foregoing is true and correct.		
Executed on		
	Signature	

(01/2016 F)

S	AM.GOV Registration and Unique Entity ID
f	Bidders are advised that the Prime Contractor must register and maintain a current registration in the System or Award Management (http://sam.gov) at all times during the project. Upon registration, the Contractor will be assigned a SAM Unique Entity ID.
	Bidders are advised that prior to the award of this contract, they MUST be registered in the System for award Management.
	(We) acknowledge that this contract cannot be awarded if I (We) are not registered in the System for Award Management prior to the award of this contract (Yes / No)
I	(We) have a SAM Unique Entity ID (Yes / No)
S	AM Unique Entity ID:
C	Company Name:
C	Company e-mail address:

SECTION 902

CONTRACT FOR NHPP-0014-02(089)/ 108366301000

LOCATED IN THE COUNTY(IES) OF Walthall

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, COUNTY OF HINDS

This contract entered into by and between the Mississippi Transportation Commission on one hand, and the undersigned contractor, on the other witnesseth;

That, in consideration of the payment by the Mississippi Transportation Commission of the prices set out in the proposal hereto attached, to the undersigned contractor, such payment to be made in the manner and at the time of times specified in the specifications and the special provisions, if any, the undersigned contractor hereby agrees to accept the prices stated in the proposal in full compensation for the furnishing of all materials and equipment and the executing of all the work contemplated in this contract.

It is understood and agreed that the advertising according to law, the Advertisement, the instructions to bidders, the proposal for the contract, the specifications, the revisions of the specifications, the special provisions, and also the plans for the work herein contemplated, said plans showing more particularly the details of the work to be done, shall be held to be, and are hereby made a part of this contract by specific reference thereto and with like effect as if each and all of said instruments had been set out fully herein in words and figures.

It is further agreed that for the same consideration the undersigned contractor shall be responsible for all loss or damage arising out of the nature of the work aforesaid; or from the action of the elements and unforeseen obstructions or difficulties which may be encountered in the prosecution of the same and for all risks of every description connected with the work, exceptions being those specifically set out in the contract; and for faithfully completing the whole work in good and workmanlike manner according to the approved Plans, Specifications, Special Provisions, Notice(s) to Bidders and requirements of the Mississippi Department of Transportation.

It is further agreed that the work shall be done under the direct supervision and to the complete satisfaction of the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Transportation, or his authorized representatives, and when Federal Funds are involved subject to inspection at all times and approval by the Federal Highway Administration, or its agents as the case may be, or the agents of any other Agency whose funds are involved in accordance with those Acts of the Legislature of the State of Mississippi approved by the Governor and such rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto by the Mississippi Transportation Commission and the authorized Federal Agencies.

The Contractor agrees that all labor as outlined in the Special Provisions may be secured from list furnished by

It is agreed and understood that each and every provision of law and clause required by law to be inserted in this contract shall be deemed to be inserted herein and this contract shall be read and enforced as though it were included herein, and, if through mere mistake or otherwise any such provision is not inserted, then upon the application of either party hereto, the contract shall forthwith be physically amended to make such insertion.

The Contractor agrees that he has read each and every clause of this Contract, and fully understands the meaning of same and that he will comply with all the terms, covenants and agreements therein set forth.

Witness our signatur	res this the day of
Contractor(s)	_
By	MISSISSIPPI TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
Title	By
Signed and sealed in the presence of: (names and addresses of witnesses)	Executive Director
	Secretary to the Commission
	ansportation Commission in session on the day of No, Page No
Revised 8/06/2003	

S E C T I O N 9 0 3 PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BOND

CONTRACT BOND FOR: NHPP-0014-02(089)/ 108366301000

LOCATED IN THE COUNTY(IES) OF: Walthall

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, COUNTY OF HINDS

esents: that we,	
Principal, a	
in the S	State of
(Surety) in the St	ate of,
in the State of Mississippi, und	der the laws thereof, as surety, effective as of the contract date
d firmly bound unto the State of	of Mississippi in the sum of
) Dollars, lawful mond	ey of the United States of America, to be paid to it for which
be made, we bind ourselves, o	ur heirs, administrators, successors, or assigns jointly and
s.	
nd are such, that whereas the sa	id
red into a contract with the Mis	sissippi Transportation Commission, bearing the date of
A.D	hereto annexed, for the construction of certain projects(s) in
mentioned in said contract in	accordance with the Contract Documents therefor, on file in the
Department of Transportation,	
ants, conditions, guarantees are performed and each of them specified in said contract in standard provisions are included in an all completion and acceptance dississisppi Transportation Comporterior or criminal act, overcharge, fragents, servants, or employee able and responsible in a civilon or any officer of the State one or be overcharged or otherwist, agents or employees, and so, material, equipment or supplied.	ide by and well and truly observe, do keep and perform all and agreements in said contract, contained on his (their) part to be a the time and in the manner and form and furnish all of the rict accordance with the terms of said contract which said plans, and form a part of said contract and shall maintain the said work as specified in Subsection 109.11 of the approved specifications, amission from any loss or damage arising out of or occasioned by raud, or any other loss or damage whatsoever, on the part of said in the performance of said work or in any manner connected action instituted by the State at the instance of the Mississippi e authorized in such cases, for double any amount in money or wise defrauded of, by reason of wrongful or criminal act, if any, of shall promptly pay the said agents, servants and employees and all plies therefor, including premiums incurred, for Surety Bonds, burance; with the additional obligation that such Contractor shall atts, contributions, damages,
	(Contractor) Principal, a

any liquidated damages which may arise prior to any termination of said principal's contract, any liquidated damages which may arise after termination of the said principal's contract due to default on the part of said principal, penalties and interest thereon, when and as the same may be due this state, or any county, municipality, board, department, commission or political subdivision: in the course of the performance of said work and in accordance with Sections 31-5-51 et seq. Mississippi Code of 1972, and other State statutes applicable thereto, and shall carry out to the letter and to the satisfaction of the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Transportation, all, each and every one of the stipulations, obligations, conditions, covenants and agreements and terms of said contract in accordance with the terms thereof and all of the expense and cost and attorney's fee that may be incurred in the enforcement of the performance of said contract, or in the enforcement of the conditions and obligations of this bond, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

(Contractors) Principal	Surety
Ву	By
	(Signature) Attorney in Fact
	Address
Title	
(Contractor's Seal)	(Printed) MS Agent
	(Signature) MS Agent
	Address
	(Surety Seal)
	Mississippi Insurance ID Number



BID BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRE	SENTS, that we		
	, <u></u>	Contractor	
		Address	
		City, State ZIP	
Address			
		•	
as Surety, hereinafter called the Sure	ty, are held and firmly	bound unto State of Mississippi	i, Jackson, Mississippi
As Obligee, hereinafter called Oblige	ee, in the sum of Five l	Per Cent (5%) of Amount Bid	
	Dollars(\$)	
NOW THEREFORE, the condition of said Principal will, within the time reperformance of the terms and conditiwill pay unto the Obligee the different which the Obligee legally contracts which the obligee legally contracts which in no event shall liability hereunder.	f this obligation is such quired, enter into a form ons of the contract, then nee in money between the with another party to per er exceed the penal sum	that if the aforesaid Principal shall mal contract and give a good and so this obligation to be void; otherwithe amount of the bid of the said Prform the work if the latter amount hereof.	be awarded the contract, the sufficient bond to secure the vise the Principal and Surety Principal and the amount for
	(Principal)		(Seal)
	By	:	
(Witness)	(Name)	(Title)	
	(Surety)	(Seal)	
(Witness)	(Attorney-in-Fac	By:	
	(MS Agent)		
	Mississi	ppi Insurance ID Number	

REV. 1/2016

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION OFFICE OF CIVIL RIGHTS JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

LIST OF FIRMS SUBMITTING QUOTES

I/we received quotes from the following firms on: Letting Date: May 24, 2022

Project No: NHPP-0014-02(089)/ 108366301000

County: Walthall

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Regulations as stated in 49 CFR 26.11 require the Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT) to create and maintain a comprehensive list of all firms quoting/bidding subcontracts on prime contracts and quoting/bidding subcontracts on federally-funded transportation projects. For every firm, we require the following information:

Firm Name:		
Contact Name/Title: Firm Mailing Address:		
Phone Number:	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
Firm Name: Contact Name/Title: Firm Mailing Address: Phone Number:		
Thone Ivallioer.	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
Firm Name: Contact Name/Title: Firm Mailing Address: Phone Number:		
	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
Firm Name: Contact Name/Title: Firm Mailing Address: Phone Number:		
Fholie Number.	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
Firm Name: Contact Name/Title: Firm Mailing Address: Phone Number:		
r none rumber.	DBE Firm	Non-DBE Firm
	S	SUBMITTED BY (Signature)
		FIRM NAME

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LINE NUMBERS	10, 80-150, 320-410	230, 300-310	20-60	70, 160-220, 240-290									5/24/2022	6/14/2022	7/14/2022	104		MONTH	ANTICIPATED WORKING DAYS PER MONTH
	_ ا												lε	Ä.	Ë	W.D.:			امًا
WORK PHASE DESCRIPTION	Miscellaneous	Undersealing, Scrub Seal	Paving, Shoulder Mat.	Pavement Markings	9								<u>"</u>	N	NTP/BCT:	.W			ANTICIPATE
	JAN FEB MAR APRIL	LINE NUMBERS JAD FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOV BEGJAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER SEPT	LINE NUMBERS JAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER MAY APRIL MAY AJUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NO.	Line Numbers Line	LINE NUMBERS JAN FEB MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER MAR APRIL MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER OCTO	10,84-150,320-410 APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER MAY APRIL MAY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER O	1,80-156,320-410	10,80-150,320-410	10.80-150, 320-410	TIME NUMBERS JAN PAPIL MAY JUNE JUNE	1.0 B-150, 320-410	This changes Link	1,080-150, 230-410	1.06 Discretive	10.06-140, 320-410	1.0 Mark Laurenine 1.0 Mar	1.00 1.00	1.04 E	10, 60, 100, 200, 100 10, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 1

NOTE: THE ANTICIPATED WORKING DAYS SHOWN ON THIS SCHEDULE ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE ACTUAL WORKING DAY TOTAL AS ASSESSED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER ON FORM CSD-765 SHALL GOVERN.