MDOT Use Only
Checked _____
Loaded _____
Keyed _____

05 -

SM No. CSTP0055022712

PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF

05
Add 2 Lanes to I-55 from SR 463 to Gluckstadt Road, & Mill & Overlay approximately 0.77 miles on I-55 from Gluckstadt Road north, known as Federal Aid Project Nos. STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302 in Madison County.

Project Completion: Contractor Determined

(STATE DELEGATED)

NOTICE

BIDDERS MUST COMPLETE AN ONLINE REQUEST FOR PERMISSION TO BID THIS PROJECT.

Electronic addendum updates will be posted on www.gomdot.com

SECTION 900

OF THE CURRENT 2017 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8312

DATE: **10/5/2026**

SUBJECT: **Readvertisement**

PROJECT: **STP-0055-02(271)/ 108168301000 & STP-0055-02(275)/ 108168302000 - Madison County(ies)**

The contents of this proposal are the same as when advertised for the August 25, 2026 Letting, except as follows:

Revised Advertisement;

Revised NTB Nos. 8125 & 8309;

SP 907-105-3 replaces SP 907-105-2;

SP 907-618-10 revised to SP 907-618-1;

SP 907-626-13 replaces SP 907-626-12;

Add this Notice to Bidders No. 8312.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
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(REVISIONS TO THE ABOVE WILL BE INDICATED ON THE SECOND SHEET
OF SECTION 905 AS ADDENDA)

10/01/2026 07:31 AM

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 901 - ADVERTISEMENT

Electronic bids will be received by the Mississippi Transportation Commission at 10:00 o'clock A.M., Tuesday, October 27, 2026, from the Bid Express Service and shortly thereafter publicly read on the Sixth Floor for:

Add 2 Lanes to I-55 from SR 463 to Gluckstadt Road, & Mill & Overlay approximately 0.77 miles on I-55 from Gluckstadt Road north, known as Federal Aid Project Nos. STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302 in Madison County.

The attention of bidders is directed to the Contract Provisions governing selection and employment of labor. Minimum wage rates have been predetermined by the Secretary of Labor and are subject to Public Law 87-581, Work Hours Act of 1962, as set forth in the Contract Provisions.

Contractors may request permission to bid online at http://shop.mdot.ms.gov at no cost. Upon approval, Contractors shall be eligible to submit a bid using Bid Express at http://bidx.com. Specimen proposals may be viewed and downloaded online at no cost at http://mdot.ms.gov or purchased online at http://shop.mdot.ms.gov at a cost of Ten Dollars ($10.00) per proposal plus a small convenience fee. Cash or checks will not be accepted as payment.

Plans must be purchased online at <https://shop.mdot.ms.gov>. Costs of plans will be on a per sheet basis plus a small convenience fee. If you have any questions, you can contact the MDOT Plans Print Shop at (601) 359-7460, or e-mail at plans@mdot.state.ms.us. Plans will be shipped upon receipt of payment. Cash or checks will not be accepted as payment.

Bid bond, signed or countersigned by a Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent, with Power of Attorney attached, a Cashier's check or Certified Check for five (5%) percent of bid, payable to STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, must accompany each proposal.

The attention of bidders is directed to the provisions of Subsection 102.07 pertaining to irregular proposals and rejection of bids.

BRAD WHITE
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUPPLEMENT TO NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1

DATE: **06/08/2021**

SUBJECT: **Governing Specifications**

Change the web address at the end of the first paragraph to the following.

https://shop.mdot.ms.gov/default.aspx?StoreIndex=1

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 03/01/2017

SUBJECT: Governing Specifications

The current (2017) Edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted by the Mississippi Transportation Commission is made a part hereof fully and completely as if it were attached hereto, except where superseded by special provisions, or amended by revisions of the Specifications contained within this proposal. Copies of the specification book may be purchased from the MDOT Construction Division, or online at shopmdot/default.aspx?StoreIndex=1.

A reference in any contract document to controlling requirements in another portion of the contract documents shall be understood to apply equally to any revision or amendment thereof included in the contract.

In the event the plans or proposal contain references to the 2004 Edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, it is to be understood that such references shall mean the comparable provisions of the 2017 Edition of the Standard Specifications.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 03/01/2017

SUBJECT: Status of Right-of-Way

Although it is desirable to have acquired all rights-of-way and completed all railroad agreements, utility adjustments and work to be performed by others prior to receiving bids, sometimes it is not considered to be in the public interest to wait until each and every such clearance has been obtained. The bidder is hereby advised of possible unacquired rights-of-way, relocates, railroad agreements and utilities adjustments which have not been completed.

The status of right-of-way acquisition, utility adjustments, encroachments, potentially contaminated sites, railroad facilities, improvements, and asbestos contamination are set forth in the following attachments.

In the event right of entry is not available to ALL parcels of right-of-way and/or all work that is to be accomplished by others on the date set forth in the contract for the Notice to Proceed is not complete, the Department will issue a restricted Notice to Proceed.

STATUS OF RIGHT-OF-WAY
STP-0055-02(271) 108168/301000
STP-0055-02(275) 108168/302000
Madison County

All rights of way and legal rights of entry have been acquired, **except**:

There are no known utility conflicts. Contractors shall be aware of the two power poles owned by Entergy that service the utility poles with radar attached located at approximately Station 467+00. The Contractor shall contact Entergy to remove said power poles once the utility poles have been removed. Permits showing the approximate location of utilities within or along the ROW are on file with the Department. The Department cannot and does not warrant that this information is complete and accurate. The Contractor is advised to contact MS 811 and MDOT to have utility lines marked prior to subsurface work. The Contractor must coordinate directly with the involved utility owners to have underground utility lines field located in advance of construction.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Inter-Departmental Memorandum

TO: Don Drake
ROW Division

DATE: May 31, 2026

FROM: Adam L. McDaniel
District Five

SUBJECT OR PROJECT NO: STP-0055-02(271)/108168-301000
STP-0055-02(275)/108168-302000
ROW Documentation

INFORMATION COPY TO:

COUNTY: Madison

Project File
Construction Division

District Status Report

1. STATUS OF RIGHT OF WAY: All necessary ROW has been acquired.

2. RIGHT OF WAY CLEARANCE: There are no visible encroachments that conflict with construction.

3. STATUS OF AFFECTED RAILROAD OPERATING FACILITIES: No railroads affected.

4. STATUS OF REQUIRED UTILITY RELOCATIONS: There are no known utility conflicts. Contractors shall be aware of the two power poles owned by Entergy that service the utility poles with radar attached located at approximately Station 467+00. The Contractor shall contact Entergy to remove said power poles once the utility poles have been removed. Permits showing the approximate location of utilities within or along the ROW are on file with the Department. The Department cannot and does not warrant that this information is complete and accurate. The Contractor is advised to contact MS 811 and MDOT to have utility lines marked prior to subsurface work. The Contractor must coordinate directly with the involved utility owners to have underground utility lines field located in advance of construction.

5. STATUS OF CONSTRUCTION AGREEMENT: Construction Agreements with the City of Madison, the City of Gluckstadt, and Rankin County have been executed.

ALM:alm

ASBESTOS ABATEMENT STATUS REPORT

STP-0055-02(271) 108168-301000
STP-0055-02(275) 108168-302000

Madison County

June 1, 2026

Reference is made to notices to bidders entitled "Asbestos National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP)" and "Removal of Obstructions".

The following pertinent information is furnished concerning asbestos-containing materials (ACMs), if any, found in buildings to be removed by the Contractor.

There is no right-of-way required for this project, and the contractor will not need to remove any buildings.

STATUS OF POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED SITES REPORT

STP-0055-02(271) 108168-301000
STP-0055-02(275) 108168-302000

Madison County

June 1, 2026

THERE IS NO RIGHT-OF-WAY REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT. NO INITIAL SITE ASSESSMENT WILL BE PERFORMED. IF CONTAMINATION ON THE EXISTING RIGHT-OF-WAY IS DISCOVERED, IT WILL BE HANDLED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

IMPROVEMENTS STATUS REPORT

Improvements to be included in the Notice to Bidders to be removed by the Construction Contractor

FMS Construction Project No: 108168-301000
108168-302000

FMS ROW Project No:

External ROW No: STP-0055-02(271)
STP-0055-02(275)

Parcel No:
Station No:
Property Owner:
Description/Pictures:

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 01/17/2017

SUBJECT: Final Clean-Up

Immediately prior to final inspection for release of maintenance, the Contractor shall pick up, load, transport and properly dispose of all litter from the entire highway right-of-way that is within the termini of the project.

Litter shall include, but not be limited to, solid wastes such a glass, paper products, tires, wood products, metal, synthetic materials and other miscellaneous debris.

Litter removal is considered incidental to other items of work and will not be measured for separate payment.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 22 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 03/01/2017

SUBJECT: Exposure to Severe Sulfate Areas Below Ground Level

Bidders are hereby advised that this project, or portions of this project, is located in areas considered as areas of severe sulfate exposure and will require certain restrictions on the cementitious materials. A geotechnical investigation has indicated the presence of severe sulfate soils below the ground surface. Therefore, the cementitious materials used in concrete mixtures for the construction items of work listed below shall conform to the requirements listed in Subsection 701.02 for severe sulfate exposure.

Items of work requiring restrictions on the cementitious materials are as follows:

1) Drilled Shafts
2) Precast/prestressed Piling
3) Spread Footings
4) Box Culverts & Box Bridges

Unless otherwise specified, no other restrictions on the cementitious materials shall apply to other concrete items or structures.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 296 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 07/25/2017

SUBJECT: Reduced Speed Limit Signs

Bidders are advised that when the plans or contract documents require the speed limit on a project to be reduced, the Contractor shall begin work within 48 hours of installing the reduced speed limit signs. Should the Contractor not start work or have no plans to start work within 48 hours of installing the signs, the reduced speed limit signs shall be covered and existing speed limit signs uncovered.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 445 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 10/10/2017

SUBJECT: Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent

Bidders are hereby advised of the requirements of Subsections 102.08, 103.05.2, and 107.14.2.1 of the *2017 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction* as it refers to bonding agents. Proposal guaranties, bonds, and liability insurance policies must be signed by a **Mississippi Agent or Qualified Nonresident Agent.**

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 516 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/28/2017

SUBJECT: Errata and Modifications to the 2017 Standard Specifications

Page	Subsection	Change
16	102.06	In the seventh full paragraph, change "Engineer" to "Director."
33	105.05.1	In the sixth sentence, change "Contract Administration Engineer" to "Contract Administration Director."
34	105.05.2.1	In subparagraph 2, change "SWPPP, ECP" to "SWPPP and the ECP"
35	105.05.2.2	In subparagraphs 2, add " and" to the end of the sentence. In subparagraph 3, remove ", and" and add ".".
90	109.04.2	In the last paragraph of subparagraph (a), place a period "." at the end of the sentence.
93	109.04.2	In the last paragraph of subparagraph (g), place a period "." at the end of the sentence. Also, in the first paragraph of subparagraph (h), place a period "." at the end of the sentence.
97	109.07	Under ADJUSTMENT CODE, subparagraph (A1), change "HMA mixture" to "Asphalt mixtures."
98	109.11	In the third sentence, change "Engineer" to "Director."
219	308.04	In the last sentence of the last paragraph, change "Contractor's decision" to "Engineer's decision."
300	405.02.5.9	In the first sentence of the second paragraph, change "Hot Mix Asphalt" to "Asphalt Mixtures."
502	630.01.1	In the first paragraph, change "AASHTO" to "AASHTO's LRFD".
636	646.05	Change "each" to "per each" for the pay item units of payment.
640	656.02.6.2	In item 7), change "down stream" to "downstream".
688	630.03.2	Change the subsection number from "630.03.2" to "680.03.2."

725	702.08.3	In the second sentence of the first paragraph, change "hot-mix" to "asphalt."
954	804.02.13.1.6	In the definition for "M" in the % Reduction formulas, change "paragraph 7.3" to "paragraph 5.3."

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 757 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 03/20/2018

SUBJECT: Additional Erosion Control Requirements

Bidders are hereby advised of the following requirements that relate to erosion control activities on the project.

THE MAXIMUM TOTAL ACREAGE THAT CAN BE DISTURBED, AT ONE TIME, ON THE PROJECT IS NINETEEN (19) ACRES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS PRIOR TO OPENING UP ADDITIONAL SECTIONS OF THE PROJECT. STABILIZED SHALL BE WHEN THE DISTURBED AREA MEETS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

- **THE AREA HAS BEEN SEEDED, EITHER TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT, AND MULCHED ACCORDING TO THE SPECIFICATIONS,OR**
- **A CRUSHED STONE COURSE OR A LIFT OF ASPHALT PAVEMENT HAS BEEN PLACED, OR**
- **THE AREA HAS BEEN CHEMICALLY TREATED USING PORTLAND CEMENT OR LIME-FLY ASH, AND SEALED.**

DISTURBED AREAS INCLUDE THE ROADBED, SLOPES AND REMAINING AREA OUT TO THE ROW LINE.

Clearing and Grubbing: Prior to beginning any clearing and grubbing operations on the project, controls shall be in place to address areas such as drainage structures, wetlands, streams, steep slopes and any other sensitive areas in accordance with the approved Erosion Control Plan or as directed by the Engineer. Clearing and grubbing should be limited to the minimum area necessary to construct the project. Grubbing operations should be minimized in areas outside the construction limits and stumps should be cut off flush with the existing ground elevations. A buffer area of at least fifteen (15) feet or as shown in the Plans shall be in place adjacent to the right-of-way line. The buffer area can either be the existing vegetation that is left undisturbed or re-established by planting new vegetation if clearing and grubbing was required. As applicable, see the Riparian Buffer Erosion Control sheet(s) in the Plans for clearing and grubbing limits adjacent to stream banks.

Unclassified Excavation: Cut sections shall be graded in accordance with the typical sections and plan grades. Permanent erosion control BMP's should be placed as soon as possible after the cut material has been moved. Fill sections that are completed shall have permanent erosion control BMP's placed. Fill sections that are not completed shall be either permanently or temporarily seeded until additional material is made available to complete these sections. All unclassified excavation on the project is be required to be moved prior to incorporating any borrow excavation. The Contractor may have to stockpile unclassified excavation in order to comply with the nineteen (19) acre requirement. No additional compensation will be made for stockpiling operations.

Disturbed areas that remain inactive for a period of more than fourteen (14) days shall be temporary grassed and mulched. Temporary grassing and mulching shall only be paid one time for a given area.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1225 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 11/13/2018

SUBJECT: Early Notice to Proceed

Bidders are advised that if an early notice to proceed is allowed by the Department and the Contractor experiences problems or delays between the early notice to proceed date and the original notice to proceed date, this shall not be justification for any monetary compensation or an extension of contract time.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1226 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/16/2018

SUBJECT: Material Storage Under Bridges

Bidders are advised that Subsection 106.08 of the Standard Specifications allows the Contractor to store materials and equipment on portions of the right-of-way. However, the Contractor will not be allowed to store or stockpile materials under bridges without written permission from the Project Engineer. The Contractor shall submit a detailed request of all proposed materials to be stored under bridges to the Engineer a minimum of 14 calendar days prior to anticipated storage. This detail shall include, but not limited to, bridge location, material type, material quantity, and duration of storage. The Project Engineer and any other needed Division will review this information and determine whether to grant approval. The Contractor shall not store any material under any bridge without written approval from the Project Engineer.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1241 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/27/2018

SUBJECT: Fuel and Material Adjustments

Bidder's attention is brought to the last paragraph of Subsection 109.07 of the Standard Specifications which states that no fuel or material adjustment will be made after the completion of contract time. Any fuels consumed or materials incorporated into the work during the monthly estimate period falling wholly after the expiration of contract time will not be subject a fuel or material adjustment.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1434 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 03/06/2019

SUBJECT: Erosion Control Plan

Bidders are advised that the Best Management Practices (BMPs) shown at sensitive areas on the Erosion Control Sheets in the Plans shall be shown on the Contractor's Erosion Control Plan and shall be used in the field as indicated on the original plans sheets. Should the installation of these BMPs produce an unsatisfactory result, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer alternate BMPs for approval. Once approved, the Contractor shall revise the Contractor's Erosion Control Plan to include these changes.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 1963 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 9/23/2019

SUBJECT: Guardrail Pads

Bidders are hereby advised that prior to construction of the guardrail pads, the Contractor shall coordinate with the guardrail Subcontractor to determine the guardrail pad dimensions necessary to meet MASH compliance.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2172 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **01/06/2020**

SUBJECT: **App for Storm Water Reports**

Bidders are advised that the Department has created a smart phone App for completing and submitting storm water reports required on this project. The Contractor who monitors storm water activities and completes storm water reports will be required to download and use this App when completing and submitting storm water reports. The reports will then be readily available to all persons who need access to the forms. The App is free and is available for downloading at the following location.

https://extacctmgmt.mdot.state.ms.us/

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2206 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 01/14/2020

SUBJECT: MASH Compliant Devices

Bidders are hereby advised that compliance associated with the requirements of meeting either the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) for installations of certain traffic control devices and permanent safety hardware devices (guardrails, guardrail terminals, permanent portable barriers, cast-in-place barriers, all other permanent longitudinal barriers, crash cushions, cable barriers, cable barrier terminals, bridge rails, bridge rail transitions, all other terminals, sign supports, and all other breakaway hardware) as listed throughout the Standard Specifications and/or the Standard Drawings, or both, is now replaced with the requirements of meeting the 2016 version of MASH after December 31, 2019. This change applies to new permanent installations and to full replacements of existing installations.

At the preconstruction conference or prior to starting any work on the project, the Contractor shall submit a letter stating that the traffic control devices and permanent safety hardware devices as outlined within the paragraph above that are to be used on the project are certified to meet MASH 2016.

When a MASH 2016-compliant device does not exist for the new permanent installations and/or full replacement installations of permanent safety hardware devices, as listed above, a MASH 2009-compliant or a NCHRP 350-compliant device may be proposed by the Contractor for the project. A written request for such instances must be submitted by the Contractor either at the preconstruction conference or prior to starting any work on the project. The Contractor shall submit the following items to the Project Engineer: (1) a detailed list of the proposed devices and locations thereof; and (2) certification letters indicating that the proposed devices are compliant with either MASH 2009 or NCHRP 350.

When a MASH 2016-compliant device does not exist for the temporary work zone traffic control devices (Category 1, Category 2, and Category 3 devices) , a MASH 2009-compliant or a NCHRP 350-compliant device may be proposed by the Contractor for the project. Temporary work zone traffic control devices (Category 1, Category 2, and Category 3 devices) that are MASH 2009-compliant or NCHRP 350–compliant that have been in use prior to December 31, 2019, and that have a remaining service life may be proposed for use throughout their normal service life on the project by the Contractor. For either of these scenarios for temporary work zone traffic control devices, a written request must be submitted by the Contractor either at the preconstruction conference or prior to starting any work on the project. The Contractor shall submit the following items to the Project Engineer: (1) a detailed list of the proposed devices and locations thereof; and (2) certification letters indicating that the proposed devices are compliant with either MASH 2009 or NCHRP 350.

Work will only be allowed to proceed after the Department has granted written concurrence(s) with the proposed request(s) as listed above.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2273 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 02/12/2020

SUBJECT: Mississippi Special Fuel Tax Law

Bidder's attention is brought to the second paragraph of Subsection 107.02 of the Standard Specifications which states that all Contractors and Subcontractors must comply with all requirements contained in the Mississippi Special Fuel Tax Law, Section 27-55-501, *et seq*. Attached are two Fact Sheets provided by the Mississippi Department of Revenue (MDOR) with additional information.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

Gasoline and Dyed Diesel Used for Non-Highway Purposes

Mississippi provides a reduced rate for gasoline and dyed diesel used for non-highway purposes. The reduced rates are 6.44 cents per gallon and 5.75 cents per gallon of gasoline or dyed diesel. These fuels are generally taxed at 18 cents per gallon if for on road use.

Gasoline Used for Non-Highway Purposes

You may be entitled to a refund of 11.56 cents per gallon (making this an equivalent to a tax rate of 6.44 cents per gallon) if you desire to purchase gasoline to be used off road. The gasoline must be used for agricultural, maritime, industrial, manufacturing, domestic or non-highway purposes only.

Examples of non-highway include gasoline used in boats, golf carts, machinery used for manufacturing or farm equipment used exclusively in plowing, planting or harvesting farm products.

Refund Gasoline User

The refund is based on the amount of gallons used. Before a refund is issued, you are required to…

1. Obtain a refund gasoline user's permit and a certificate for refund booklet from the Department of Revenue;
2. Have a storage tank marked "REFUND GASOLINE"; and,
3. Purchase the gasoline from someone who holds a refund gasoline dealer's permit.

No refund will be allowed for gasoline used in motor vehicles owned or operated by a government entity or used in Mississippi government contracts.

Refund Gasoline Dealer

You must obtain a refund gasoline dealer's permit from the Department of Revenue before selling refund gasoline. At no time should the gasoline be delivered to a tank that is not properly marked. The gasoline must be dyed a distinctive mahogany color at the time of delivery.

The Department of Revenue may waive the dye requirement if the dye may cause damage to the equipment. The refund gasoline user is required to obtain the waiver from the Department of Revenue.

Dyed Diesel Used for Non-Highway Purposes

Unlike gasoline, you are not required to apply for a refund if you desire to purchase dyed diesel to be used off road. Mississippi provides a reduced rate of 5.75 cents per gallon on dyed diesel used off road. Diesel used on road is subjected to 18 cents per gallon. Dyed diesel used in motor vehicles owned or operated by a government entity or used in Mississippi government contracts will be subjected to 18 cents per gallon.

Dyed Diesel Used on the Highway

Any person who purchases, receives, acquires or uses dyed diesel for highway use will be liable to pay 18 cents per gallon and subject to a penalty in the amount of $1000.

Identifying Dyed Diesel

Storage facilities for dyed diesel must be plainly marked "NONHIGHWAY DIESEL FUEL" or "NONHIGHWAY KEROSENE". Retailers are also required to mark all pumps or dispensing equipment.

This fact sheet is intended to help you become more familiar with Mississippi tax laws and your rights and responsibilities under the laws. Nothing in this fact sheet supersedes, alters, or otherwise changes any provisions of the tax law, regulations, court decisions, or notices.

Petroleum Tax Bureau
P. O. Box 1033
Jackson, MS 39215-1033
Phone: (601) 923-7150

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

Special Fuel Used on Government Contracts

State and Local Government Contracts

Special fuel purchased, acquired or used in performing contracts with the State of Mississippi, counties, municipalities or any political subdivision is taxed at a rate of 18 cents per gallon. Special fuel includes but is not limited to the following:

- Dyed diesel fuel;
- Kerosene;
- Undyed diesel fuel; and,
- Fuel oil.

State and local government contracts include construction, reconstruction and maintenance or repairs of projects such as roads, bridges, water systems, sewer systems, buildings, drainage canals and recreational facilities. The Department of Revenue may require contractors to remit the excise tax directly to the state in lieu of paying the tax to a distributor.

Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit

Contractors that remit the excise tax to the state will be issued a Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit. This permit relieves the distributor from collecting the tax and requires the contractor to file a monthly special fuel return. The distributor should include the contractor's permit number on all invoices that are related to tax-free sales.

The contractor is required to furnish a surety or cash bond guaranteeing the payment of the excise tax prior to receiving the Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit. The Department of Revenue may accept a contractors tax bond if the bond covers the excise tax levied on special fuel.

Special Fuel Distributors

If the contractor does not have a Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit, distributors are required to collect the 18 cents excise tax and remit the tax to the Department of Revenue. The additional 12.25 cents levied on special fuel (excluding undyed diesel) should be reported on schedules 5F and 5G of the special fuel return.

Environmental Protection Fee

Special fuel distributors are required to collect the environmental protection fee even if the contractor has a Special Fuel Direct Pay Permit. The fee is levied at 4/10^{ths} of a cent per gallon. The fee is suspended or reinstated when the trust fund has exceeded or fallen below the obligatory balance.

Penalties

Any person who knowingly and willfully purchases untaxed fuel for use in equipment utilized on a road or highway construction site in this state is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than $1,000 or more than $100,000, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year, or both.

This fact sheet is intended to help you become more familiar with Mississippi tax laws and your rights and responsibilities under the laws. Nothing in this fact sheet supersedes, alters, or otherwise changes any provisions of the tax law, regulations, court decisions, or notices.

Petroleum Tax Bureau
P. O. Box 1033
Jackson, MS 39215-1033
Phone: (601) 923-7150

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2812 **CODE; (SP)**

DATE: 09/01/2020

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal and ITS Components

Bidders are hereby advised that all products selected for use on this project shall be in compliance with 2 CFR 200.216. No telecommunication and video surveillance equipment or services shall be manufactured by the following companies: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, Dahua Technology Company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of these entities.

The Contractor shall provide a Certification Statement that the referenced product(s) is not manufactured by any of the following: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, Dahua Technology Company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of these entities. (as per 2 CFR 200.216)

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MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2895 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 10/14/2020

SUBJECT: Exploratory Joint Cleanout

Bidders are hereby advised that work on this project shall consist of exploratory investigation of bridge joints to determine the appropriate level of repair and will include removal of any trash and debris (including, but not limited to, compacted dirt, vegetation and trash) located at any depth within the joint. Costs of this work will be absorbed in the cost of other items of work if further joint repair work is not required.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 2954 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **12/01/2020**

SUBJECT: **Reflective Sheeting for Signs**

Bidders are hereby advised that the retroreflective sign sheeting used for signs on this project shall be as listed below and shall meet the requirements of Subsection 721.06.

Temporary Construction Signs

Temporary traffic control (orange) sign sheeting shall be a minimum Type IX Fluorescent Orange sheeting as shown in Special Provision 907-721.

Permanent Signs

Permanent signs, except signs on traffic signal poles/mast arms, shall be as follows:

- Brown background sheeting on guide signs shall be a minimum Type VIII sheeting,
- Green and blue background sheeting on guide signs shall be a minimum Type IX sheeting, and
- All white, yellow, red, fluorescent yellow, and fluorescent yellow/green sheeting shall be Type XI sheeting.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3676 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 09/21/2021

SUBJECT: Asphalt Gyratory Compactor Internal Angle Calibration

Bidders are advised that by March 1, 2022, all asphalt gyratory compactors shall be calibrated to an internal angle of 1.16° ±0.02°. This requirement will be reflected in updates made to MT-78, MT-80, and MT-83. This calibration requirement also extends to all QC/QA testing.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3875 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 12/15/2021

SUBJECT: ITS General Requirements

For this Notice to Bidders, the "Engineer" shall mean the Project Engineer and/or their designee(s) throughout the rest of this NTB, unless stated otherwise.

Submittals
All submittals covered under this section shall be made electronically to the Project Engineer and to the ITS Engineer, shall clearly state the project name and project number, and should be in as few separate submittals as possible.

All products selected for use on this project shall be in compliance with 2 CFR 200.216, in addition to all other contract requirements as outlined throughout the specifications, special provisions and plans. No telecommunication and video surveillance equipment or services shall be manufactured by the following companies: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, Dahua Technology Company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of these entities.

Product Data. Manufacturers' product data including specifications/cut-sheets, design guides, installation manuals, operating manuals, and maintenance/service manuals shall be submitted by the Contractor for each component of the ITS system, including but not limited to cabinets, controllers, sensors, conduit, pull boxes, hardware, and all other parts of the system selected for installation.

The complete information for the original product data submittal shall be contained in as few submittals as possible and be in an organized fashion.

The product data submittal shall be accompanied by a specification checklist. At a minimum, this checklist shall clearly state the following:

1) The project name and project number
2) The date of the submittal
3) The pay item number and description
4) The part and/or model number, matching the cut-sheet
5) The manufacturer
6) A Certification Statement that the referenced product is not manufactured by any of the following: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, Dahua Technology Company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of these entities. (as per 2 CFR 200.216)
7) Every material requirement as stated in in this Notice to Bidders and as outlined elsewhere within this contract.

8) A statement of whether the product complies with the requirements set forth in the specifications, special provisions, plans and NTB. If product is not compliant, an explanation of non-compliance shall be provided.

All subsections of a particular section may be omitted if the section heading is included, is indicated to be not applicable, and that it is evident that all subsections being omitted are also not applicable.

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to guarantee the accuracy of the checklist.

Other Submittals. The following submittals shall be required:

1) Shop Drawings
2) Cabinet wiring diagrams with system labeling schedule.
3) Site wiring/connection drawings.
4) Rack diagrams showing rack mounted equipment.
5) All documentation as described in the Project Testing Plan Requirements section below.
6) Project Record Drawings:
   a. The purpose of Project Record Drawings is to provide factual information regarding all aspects of the Work, to enable future service, modifications, and additions to the Work.
   b. Project Record Drawings are an important element of this Work. Contractor shall accurately maintain Project Record Drawings throughout the course of this project.
   c. Project Record Drawings shall include documentation of all Work, including the conduit locations, pull box locations, equipment locations, foundation details, setup parameters and wiring and block diagrams.
   d. Project Record Drawings shall accurately show the physical placement of the following:
      i. Cabinets, sensors, pull boxes, and other materials installed at each site.
      ii. Conduit runs and splicing information.
   e. Project Record Drawings shall show the physical placement of each system component installed during the project at each site. Where the plan details do not depict actual field conditions, the Contractor shall amend the construction plan as required.
7) Upon completion of Work, and prior to Final Acceptance, the Contractor shall prepare and submit the final record set of Project Record Drawings. This set shall reflect the installed Work.
8) Closeout Submittals - A set of Project Record Drawings shall be provided to the Project Engineer and ITS Engineer for any items that changed or were not previously submitted, including:
   a. Project Record Drawings
   b. Product Data
   c. Installation Manuals
   d. Operating Manuals
   e. Maintenance/Service Manuals

As-Built Plans. The Contractor shall provide GPS locations of all pull boxes, splices,

termination equipment cabinets, ITS field locations and all pole locations. The Contractor shall record and submit the sequential footage markers from the fiber optic trunk and drop cables for each GPS location. The Contractor shall provide scanned PDF files of all plan sheets with pen and ink markups. The Contractor shall provide a site location inventory of ITS devices to include manufacturer model, serial numbers, MAC addresses, and IP addresses (as applicable) for all installed devices. All documentation will be due to the Department a minimum of thirty (30) calendar days after the installation.

Additional Quality Assurance Measures

The project shall be constructed in such a manner as to comply with environmental regulations and erosion control as specified in the plans and elsewhere in MDOT standard specifications.

At the completion of the Work, the site shall be cleaned, restored, grassed and otherwise stabilized to a condition consistent with conditions before work began. This work shall be paid for under other items of work.

All disturbed signs, guardrail, markers, fencing, and other roadway appurtenances shall be restored. Disturbed roadway appurtenances that require complete removal and replacement will be identified within the contract and will have separate pay items and quantities set forth for such work.

The Contractor shall clean-up debris caused by Contractor's activities on a daily basis as the work progresses. This work shall be paid for under other items of work.

All work-related accidents shall be reported immediately to the Project Engineer or his/her representative.

Maintenance and Technical Support. The supplier must provide and have a parts support system capable of providing parts for the length of the warranty period.

Project Testing Plan Requirements

The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Plan as required below in addition to all other project testing and acceptance procedures required elsewhere in the specifications and Plans. Some specifications contain details regarding the testing for individual device types or attributes, but this section outlines the overall testing plans for the entire project as a whole. The Project Testing Plan shall include a series of tests on all project materials occurring at various stages in the project. All costs associated with the Project Testing Plan shall be absorbed in contract pay items; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

General Requirements. The Contractor is responsible for planning, coordinating, conducting and documenting all aspects of the Project Testing Plan as detailed below and providing all required equipment for the tests. The Engineer reserves the right to attend and observe all tests.

Each test shall be an individual and separate event for each type of test and for each type of equipment as defined elsewhere within this NTB. The Contractor shall follow the testing sequence as described in this NTB and shall perform the required tests on all applicable

devices and infrastructure.

Test procedures shall be submitted and approved for each test as part of the project submittals programs. Test procedures shall include every action necessary to fully demonstrate that the material under test is clearly and definitively in full compliance with all project requirements. Test procedure actions shall cross-reference to the specifications or Plans requirement that is the subject of the test action. Test procedure actions shall cross-reference the applicable sections of the final approved Project Submittal Compliance Form and the submittal materials for the subject of the test action. Test procedures shall contain test setup and block/wiring diagrams showing all materials being tested and all test and measurement equipment, with calibration documentation, and shall contain documentation regarding the equipment configurations and programming. Test procedures shall include checkoff blanks for each project requirement included in that test and shall include forms for the documentation of all measured test results.

No testing shall be scheduled until approval of all project submittals for all materials covered under a given test and approval of the test procedures for the given test has been granted.

Unless otherwise required herein, the Contractor shall request in writing the Engineer's approval for each test occurrence a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date. Test requests shall include the test to be performed and the material to be tested. The Engineer reserves the right to reschedule tests if needed.

For any series of tests on different installations of a given material (e.g., different sections of cable), the Contractor shall request in writing the Engineer's approval for the first test occurrence of the series a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date, regardless of the notification requirements for subsequent test occurrences.

The Contractor shall provide all ancillary equipment, materials, diagnostic and test software, and computers as required in the approved test procedures.

All test results shall be documented in writing by the Contractor in accordance with the test procedure and submitted to the Engineer within seven (7) days of the completion of the test. Any given test session is considered incomplete until the Engineer has approved the documentation for that test session.

The Contractor shall provide test results documentation in electronic format and printed format (3 copies). Electronic formats shall be provided in both PDF and Microsoft Excel or other approved application. Printed copies shall be bound and organized by test, equipment type, and individual unit.

- Two sets are for the Traffic Engineering ITS Department
- One set is for the Engineer

All test results shall be provided in English units of measure.

All test results deemed by the Engineer to be unsatisfactorily completed shall be repeated by the Contractor, following all test requirements as defined elsewhere in this NTB and contract specifications. This shall include a request in writing for the Engineer's approval for the repeated test a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date, unless this requirement is waived by the Engineer. In the written request for each test occurrence that is a repeat of a previous test, the Contractor shall summarize the diagnosis and correction of each aspect of the previous test that was deemed unsatisfactory. Any revisions to the test procedures for a repeated test occurrence shall meet all requirements for the original test procedures, including review and approval by the Engineer.

The satisfactory completion of any test shall not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility to provide a completely acceptable and operating system that meets all requirements of this project.

It is possible for the Contractor to schedule multiple test dates and revise the actual test being performed on a particular day if; 1) the Engineer approves of the change, 2) all test scheduling requirements above have still been met for the actual test to be performed on the date, and 3) there is not an unreasonable change of location, time, duration, or requirement of the Engineer.

Factory Acceptance Test (FAT). FATs shall be conducted at the Manufacturer or Contractor's facility or at a facility acceptable to all parties prior to shipping from the factory. The goal of the FAT is to verify that the equipment meets the requirements of the specifications. All equipment to be utilized for this project shall be subject to tests that demonstrate the suitability of the design and manufacturing procedures and compliance with the contract requirements, unless an exception for a specific equipment item is granted by the Engineer. The tests shall be performed on production units identified to be delivered under this Contract. As a minimum, a FAT is required for each of the following project materials:

- Dynamic Message Signs

The FAT testing procedures and results for specifically identified materials shall demonstrate that all testing requirements as outlined within the contract (standard specifications, plans, special provisions, and notice to bidders) are met, including, but not limited to: functional/system performance requirements, electrical requirements, data transmission/communication requirements, safety/password requirements, environmental requirements, and interface requirements with other components of the project system.

The Engineer reserves the right to waive FATs which are deemed to be unnecessary and reserves the right to witness all FATs that are determined to be critical to the project. At the Engineer's discretion, the Engineer may be in attendance at the FAT for any units tested. The FAT for the first three (3) units shall be conducted during the same time period and shall be completed before additional units are produced.

The Engineer shall be notified a minimum of 45 calendar days in advance of such tests. Salary and travel expenses of the Engineer and his/her representatives will be the responsibility of the Department. In case of equipment or other failures that make a retest necessary, travel expenses associated with retests for the Engineer and his/her representatives shall be the responsibility of

the Contractor. The travel expenses shall include all costs associated with having a two-person Engineer review team on site, including but not limited to airfare, automobile rental, lodging, and per diem. These costs, excluding airfare, shall not exceed $500.00 per representative, per day. These costs shall be deducted from the payments due or charged to the withholding account of the Contractor when the project is terminated.

The vendor must complete the FAT on all remaining units on their own and submit documentation to the Engineer that the FATs were completed. The Engineer reserves the right to randomly attend those FAT tests.

No equipment for which a FAT is required shall be shipped to the project site without successful completion of factory acceptance testing as approved by the Engineer and the Engineer's approval to ship.

Bench Test Components (BTC). The Contractor shall perform a complete BTC on the lesser of the full contract quantity of units of equipment and materials or the number of units required as specified in this subsection below. The quantity listed in the subsection below is a "minimum" quantity and the Engineer reserves the right to require testing of additional quantities if the initial testing is not deemed adequate. The Contractor shall provide the testing location and facility, which shall be in Mississippi and within a 25-mile radius of the project limits. The test location must be approved by the Engineer as part of the BTC test procedure submittal.

The BTC shall demonstrate that all equipment and materials are in full compliance with all project requirements and works "out of the box" by visual inspection, setup and operation "on the bench", functional testing of the component including manufacturer's recommended startup diagnostics, and testing prior to any field installation of that equipment or material. Test results documentation shall be provided for each equipment item and material in the full contract quantity; test results documentation shall include the manufacturer's serial number and the project location ID for each item.

As a minimum, a BTC is required for each of the following project materials for quantities as shown.

- Closed Circuit Television Equipment, 4 PTZ units & 6 fixed units
- Dynamic Message Sign, 2 complete units of each type
- Travel Time Signs, 2 compete units
- Network Switches Type A, 4 units
- Network Switches Type B & F, 2 units each
- Network Switches, Type C, D, & E, 1 unit each
- ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Sensors, 6 units
- Highway Advisory Radios, 2 units
- Radio Interconnect System, 4 units of each type
- Bluetooth Detection System, 6 units
- DSRC devices, 6 units
- Roadway Weather Information System, 2 complete units
- Traveler Information Video Kiosk, 2 complete units

- Smart Work Zone System
  - Portable CCTV station, 2 complete units
  - Non-Intrusive Vehicle Detection Devices / Portable Traffic Sensors, 4 complete units
  - Highway Advisory Radio, 2 complete units
  - Portable Changeable Message Signs, 2 complete units
  - Portable Traffic Signal, 2 complete units
- Off-the-shelf and Vendor Software, all necessary
- Equipment Cabinet (Type A), 2 cabinets
- Equipment Cabinet (Type B), 4 cabinets
- Equipment Cabinet (Type C), 2 cabinets

Pre-Installation Tests (PIT). The Contractor shall perform Pre-Installation Tests (PIT) on all device quantities that are not included in the BTC. The Contractor shall provide the testing location and facility, which shall be within a 25-mile radius of the project limits or as approved by the Engineer. The test location must be approved by the Engineer as part of the PIT test procedure submittal. The PIT shall be a shortened version of the BTC to ensure the equipment will power up, operate, and was not damaged during shipment. The Engineer reserves the right to attend any PIT as desired; however, the contractor shall submit documentation of the PITs whether the Engineer is present or not. In addition to these requirements, see the DMS, TTS, and Fiber Optic Cable Special Provisions for more details.

Stand Alone Site Tests (SAT). The Contractor shall perform a complete SAT on all equipment and materials associated with the field device site, including but not limited to electrical service, conduit, pull boxes, communication links infrastructure (fiber, leased copper, wireless), cable, poles, camera lowering devices, device communication cables, cabinet apparatus, etc. The goal of the SAT is to verify that the equipment has been properly installed and commissioned according to the manufacturer requirements. A SAT shall be conducted at every field device site including communications hubs. A SAT shall be conducted for a fully installed and completed control center in the TMC as described in the TMC modification NTB. A SAT shall be conducted for all fiber optic infrastructure.

The SAT shall demonstrate that all equipment and materials are in full compliance with all project requirements, are fully functional as installed, and are in their final configuration. As part of this demonstration, SATs shall include but are not limited to the following:

- A visual inspection of the cabinet and all construction elements at the site to ensure they are compliant with the Specifications and have no physical damage or deformities.
- The inspection of the cabinet at each site shall include the functional test of all cabinet equipment, including circuit breaker, receptacles, fan and thermostat, lights, and door switches.
- Verify that manufacturer documentation for each device is present.
- A measurement of the DC power supply shall be made at the cabinet when it is operating under full load.
- Verify that all equipment has proper power, surge protector, and grounding connections.
- Inspect the integrity of all cable connections and terminations and verify that the cables are

connected and terminated as specified in the Plans.

The SATs for each site type shall include but are not limited to the following:

- *CCTV Stand Alone Site Test*: Shall be conducted at the CCTV Cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation of the CCTV, Network Switch, and the link(s) to any devices that are connected to the Power Supply in the CCTV Cabinet. The SAT shall include a 5-minute recording of each PTZ and Fixed camera showing the field of view and video quality. Two copies of the recording shall be provided to the Engineer on USB flash drives. The recording will start at the preset default position(s) and will demonstrate the full zoom capabilities of the cameras, as well as the full range of the pan and tilt functions of PTZ cameras. This recording shall be in a format playable with Windows Media Player or pre-approved by the Engineer.
- *ITS Communications HUT Stand Alone Site Test:* Shall be conducted at the HUT and shall demonstrate the complete operation of all equipment inside the HUT including Network Switches. This also includes visual inspection of the Site elements associated with the HUT.
- *ITS Termination Cabinet Stand Alone Site Test:* Shall be conducted at the termination cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation of all equipment inside the cabinet including Network Switches. This also includes visual inspection of the Site elements associated with the termination cabinet.
- *Radio Interconnect System Stand Alone Site Test:* Shall be conducted from the cabinets at both ends of the communications link (even if one end consists of existing equipment) and shall demonstrate that the radios, the antennas, the entire link, the Network Switch, and the transmission of video and/or data are fully operational. See Radio Interconnect Special Provision for more details.
- *Highway Advisory Radio Site Test:* Shall be conducted at the HAR cabinet, antenna, and advisory signs and shall demonstrate complete operation of recordings, transmissions, and remote flashing beacon unit(s). See HAR Special Provision for more details.
- *Fiber Optic Cable Stand Alone Site Test*: Shall be conducted at each Cabinet and at each HUB and shall include both power meter tests and OTDR tests. See Fiber Optic Special Provision for more details.
- *Conduit Detection Wire Stand Alone Site Test*: Shall be conducted at each pull box and shall demonstrate that a continuous run of conduit detection wire was installed between pull boxes, vaults, cabinets, and structures as required.
- *ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Stand Alone Site Test*: Shall be conducted at the IRVD Cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation, proper configuration, and verification of detection for each lane of traffic or zone of the IRVD unit(s).
- *BDS Stand Alone Site Test*: Shall be conducted at the Device Cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation and proper configuration of the unit(s), verify network connection to the BDS through ping and telnet sessions from a remote PC, and confirm that the system is fully functional by detecting Bluetooth devices at a sample rate approved by the Engineer.
- *RWIS Stand Alone Site Test*: Shall be conducted at the RWIS Cabinet and shall demonstrate the complete operation and proper configuration of the RWIS and shall verify that the remote flashing beacon unit(s) on the warning signs are activated properly as

specified and will de-activate automatically without renewal at preset intervals.

- *SWZ Stand Alone Site Test*: Shall be conducted at each device at its initial location and shall demonstrate the complete operation and proper configuration of the device as described in the Smart Work Zone Special Provision and NTB. At any subsequent locations, at a minimum, a document verifying that the device is configured for the new location shall be submitted to the Engineer.
- *Kiosk Stand Alone Site Test*: Shall be conducted at the device, verify all required video layouts and displays, demonstrate all required software features, and demonstrate the complete operation of the device and Network Switch. Refer to the Traveler Information Video Kiosk specification for more details.
  DMS & TTS Stand Alone Site Test: Shall be conducted at the Device Cabinet, verify that all pixels are operational, verify that the sign can be controlled locally through both the serial and Ethernet ports, and demonstrate the complete operation of the device and Network Switch. The signs shall be delivered with and tested using default fonts and sizes that are provided by the MDOT ATMS drivers.

The Contractor shall request in writing the Engineer's approval for each test occurrence a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date. The Contractor shall arrange, at no additional expense to the State, the attendance of a qualified technical representative of the equipment manufacturer to attend each test until a minimum of two (2) sites of that type are approved.

Sub-System Test (SST). The Contractor shall perform an SST on each DMS and TTS to verify and document that all remote TTS and DMS functions and alarms are operational from the TMC.

An SST is required for at least ten percent (10%) of each of the following devices being placed for the project, taken by a random sampling: BDS, Network Switch, IRVD, HAR, Radio, CCTV, Video Vehicle Detection, and RWIS including beacons. The SST will require the Contractor to demonstrate and document that all functions and alarms are operational from the TMC.

An SST is required for each Traveler Information Kiosk in the project and will require the Contractor to demonstrate and document the features demonstrated in the Kiosk SAT using remote access from the TMC.

An SST is required for each Smart Work Zone device in the project and will require the Contractor to demonstrate and document the connection between the device and the central data/video collection site. Once a Smart Work Zone device has been verified to be properly configured, working, and communicating at its current location, the device can be utilized without further testing. The Conditional System Acceptance Test, Burn-in period, Final Inspection, or Final System Acceptance is not required for a device being solely utilized as part of the temporary Smart Work Zone System. Devices moved to a new location do require verification that they are still working as intended in the new location.

The Contractor shall coordinate the SST to be performed with the Project Engineer or designee present. The Contractor shall provide an SST plan to the Project Engineer for review and approval a minimum of two weeks in advance of tests being performed.

Conditional System Acceptance Test. The Contractor shall perform a complete conditional system acceptance test on all equipment and materials in the project. The Contractor shall not request the conditional system acceptance test until the SATs have been satisfactorily completed, all as-built documentation has been submitted and approved, and all other project work has been completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Prior to a Conditional System Acceptance Test, the Contractor shall provide advance notice of and written test results documenting that the Contractor has performed a dry-run of the conditional system acceptance test. The Engineer reserves the right to attend a dry-run test session.

The Contractor shall coordinate the CSAT with the Engineer. The Contractor shall provide a CSAT plan to the Engineer and be approved a minimum of fourteen (14) calendar days in advance of tests being performed. The CSAT plan shall be inclusive of steps and procedures to be performed and scheduled times to perform test procedures.

The Contractor shall test all project systems simultaneously from the State TMC in a manner equivalent to the normal day-to-day operation of the system. The Conditional System Acceptance Test shall demonstrate that all equipment and materials in the network are in full compliance with all project requirements and fully functional as installed and in final configuration, communicating with and being controlled through the control center at the State TMC. If pre-processing systems (e.g., edge computing) or post-processing systems (e.g., video image processing and analytics, detection in one device triggering an alarm or event in another device, etc.) are present, these shall be tested, verified, and documented as working as intended during the CSAT. Edge computing is where data-handling activities, such as analysis and event-triggering, takes place near the physical location that the data is collected.

The Engineer reserves the right to require, at no additional expense to the State, the attendance of a qualified technical representative of the equipment and/or software manufacturers to attend any given Conditional System Acceptance Test.

Upon completion and full approval of the Conditional System Acceptance Test for all equipment in all phases, Conditional System Acceptance will be given and the Burn-in Period will begin.

Burn-In Period. Following the Engineer's written notice of successful completion of the Conditional System Acceptance Test, the entire newly installed system must operate successfully for a thirty (30) day burn-in period. The Contractor shall be responsible for the full maintenance of the newly installed equipment during the burn-in period. This maintenance includes all troubleshooting and repairs as well as providing preventive maintenance that meets the equipment manufacturer's recommendations. However, no separate payment will be made during the burn-in period. Successful completion of the burn-in period will occur at the end of thirty (30) complete days of operation without a system failure attributable to hardware, software or communications components. Each system failure during the burn-in period will require an additional thirty (30) days of successful operation prior to being eligible for Final Acceptance (i.e., if the initial burn-in period is thirty (30) days and there are two (2) system failures during this time, the burn-in period would be increased to ninety (90) days).

Burn-In General Requirements:

- Determination of a system failure shall be at the sole discretion of the Engineer.
- System failure is defined as a condition under which the system is unable to function as a whole or in significant part to provide the services as designed. While a single component failure will not constitute a system failure, chronic failure of that component or component type may be sufficient to be considered a system failure. Chronic failure of a component or component type is defined as three (3) or more failures for the same component during the burn-in period.
- Components are defined as contract items or major material elements in a contract item. For electrical and electronic contract items, components are defined as the complete assembly of materials that makes up the contract item.
- Specifically exempted as system failures are failures caused by accident, acts of God, or other external forces that are beyond the control of the Contractor. However, failure of the contractor to respond to the repair request for that failure within 24 hours may be considered a system failure.
- The Department will advise the Contractor in writing when it considers that a system failure has occurred or chronic failure exists.
- If multiple system and/or chronic failures continue to occur throughout the burn-in period due to a single component type, the Contractor may be required to replace all units of that component type with a different model or manufacturer.
- The Contractor shall document all failures and subsequent diagnosis and repair. The repair documentation shall include as a minimum:
    - Description of the problem
    - Troubleshooting and diagnosis steps
    - Repairs made
    - List of all equipment and materials changed including serial numbers.
    - Update of the equipment inventory where needed.
    - The Contractor shall provide the repair documentation to the Engineer within two (2) days of completing the repair; failure to provide acceptable documentation as required shall be reason to not approve the repair as complete. The Engineer will provide acceptance or rejection of the repair and documentation within seven (7) days of receiving the repair documentation.
    - The Engineer reserves the right to require, at no additional expense to the State, the presence of a qualified technical representative of the equipment and/or software manufacturers as related to the diagnosis and/or repair of any system failure.
- During the burn-in period, the Contractor shall perform incidental work such as touching up, cleaning of exposed surfaces, leveling and repair of sites, sodding/grassing and other maintenance work as may be deemed necessary by the Engineer to ensure the effectiveness and neat appearance of the work sites.
- During the burn-in period, the Engineer shall maintain a "burn-in period punch list" that contains required Contractor actions but that the Engineer does not define as a system failure. Each burn-in period punch list action item shall be completed by the Contractor to the Engineer's satisfaction within seven (7) days of Contractor notification of the action item.
- During the burn-in period, the Contractor is required to meet the following response times

once notified there is a problem. A response is defined as being on-site to begin diagnosing the problem.
    - Monday thru Friday: The Contractor shall respond no later than 9:00 a.m. the following morning after being notified.
    - Weekends: If the Contractor is notified on Friday afternoon or during the weekend, the Contractor shall respond by 9:00 a.m. on Monday morning.
- During the burn-in period, the Contractor shall provide all labor, materials, equipment and replacement parts to completely maintain, troubleshoot and repair all items installed under this contract. No separate payment will be made for any labor, materials, equipment, or replacement parts needed during the burn-in period.
- The overall burn-in period will be considered complete upon the successful completion of the burn-in time periods, the Engineer's acceptance of all repairs and repair documentation, completion of all burn-in period punch list actions, and a final inspection as described below.

Contract time will not cease during the burn-in period(s). Contract time for the burn-in period was considered when determining the original contract time.

Final Inspection. Upon successful completion of the burn-in period, the entire project shall be eligible for Final Inspection. The Final Inspection will be conducted provided the burn-in period has demonstrated the entire system is operating successfully. The Final Inspection shall include but is not limited to:

1. monitoring of all system functions at the State TMC to demonstrate the overall system is operational
2. a field visit to each site to ensure all field components are in their correct final configuration
3. verification that all burn-in punch list items have been completed
4. verification that all final cleanup requirements have been completed
5. approval of final as-built documentation

Prior to conducting the Final Inspection, the burn-in period shall demonstrate that all requirements defined in the specifications have been met, including, but not limited to: functional/system performance requirements, electrical requirements, data transmission/communication requirements, safety/password requirements, environmental requirements, and interface requirements with other components of the system.

The Contractor shall request in writing the Engineer's approval to start the Final Inspection a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested start date. The Engineer reserves the right to reschedule the start date if needed. The start date for the Final Inspection cannot be prior to the successful completion of the overall burn-in period.

An unsuccessful or incomplete Final Inspection shall require a new Final Inspection after the Contractor has made the necessary corrections. Up to 14 days shall be allowed for the Engineer to conduct a Final Inspection. The presence of the MDOT ITS Engineer or his/her designee is required during the final inspection.

The Engineer reserves the right to require, at no additional expense to the State, the attendance of a qualified technical representative of the equipment and/or software manufacturers to attend a portion of a Final Inspection.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the full maintenance of all project equipment and materials during the entire time period from the successful completion of the burn-in period until Final System Acceptance is granted.

Final System Acceptance. Upon successful completion of the Final Inspection and all other items of work on the project, the Engineer will grant Final System Acceptance in accordance with Subsection 105.20 of the Standard Specifications.

Beneficial Use of Dynamic Message Signs During Construction. Each DMS shall be roadside controllable (by sign vendor software) within 30 days of attachment to structures (visible to motorists). The Contractor's construction schedule shall clearly identify when installation of the signs over the roadway shall occur, and when roadside control shall be established for each sign. The Contractor shall not install a DMS over the roadway until all ancillary and infrastructure elements, including cabinets, controllers, conduits, cabling, etc. necessary to operate the sign are in place and functional. Once roadside controllable, the Contractor shall display emergency, special event, construction, safety or traveler information messages approved by MDOT, only when requested by MDOT, at no additional cost to MDOT. Normal diagnostic messaging for the purpose of installation and testing shall be determined by the Contractor but shall not be allowed to the extent that excessive power consumption or distraction to motorists occurs as determined by the Engineer. Any beneficial use of the signs to MDOT and the public prior to Final Acceptance does not constitute MDOT acceptance or waive any Contractor testing requirements. The cost that may be incurred by the Contractor to display messages as described above during this construction contract shall be considered incidental and included in the cost of other items.

Warranties

The following components of the Project shall be warranted against manufacturing defects and workmanship for a period of at least one (1) year:

- Radio interconnect system components as listed under SP 907-662-2
- Layer 2, Type A; Layer 3, Type C, Type C4, Type E1, and Type E2 Network Switches; and Network Terminal Server & Network Cellular Modem as listed under SP 907-663-5
- Communication Node Hut & Hut Modifications under SP 907-664-4
- Video Communication Equipment components under SP 907-665-1
- Bluetooth Detection System components under SP 907-666-3
- Roadway Weather Information System & Warning Signs with Flashing Beacon under SP 907-670-3
- Kiosk Monitoring Camera under SP 907-671-1
- Travel Time Sign under SP 907-674-1
- ITS Radar Vehicle Detector under SP 907-641-2
- On Street Video Equipment under SP 907-650-4;
- Highway Advisory System components under SP 907-655-2;
- Dynamic Message Signs under SP 907-656-1.

The following components of the Project shall be warranted against manufacturing defects and workmanship for a period as listed below for each respective item from the date of Final Maintenance Release.

- *Fiber Optic Cable*: Ten (10) year warranty on materials and workmanship
- *Traveler Information Video Kiosk*: Two (2) year extended warranty on materials/hardware
- *TMC Modification*: Two (2) year warranty on hardware and one (1) year warranty on software
- *Type C1, C2, & C3 Network Switches*: Five (5) year warranty on hardware
- *Type D, E, & F Network Switches*: Five (5) year warranty on hardware

The Contractor shall supply the warranties in writing with the Final Maintenance Release date documented on them. These warranties shall cover complete replacement at no charge for the equipment. The Contractor will be responsible for all labor, shipping, insurance and other charges until Final System Acceptance. Equipment covered by the manufacturers' warranties shall have the registration of that component placed in the Department's name prior to Final Inspection. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the vendors or manufacturers supplying the components and providing the equipment warranties recognize MDOT as the original purchaser and owner/end user of the components from new.

During the warranty period, the supplier shall repair or replace with new material of equal or greater kind and quality and meeting all of the applicable specifications herein, at no additional cost to the State, any product containing a warranty defect, provided the product is returned postage-paid by the Department to the supplier's factory or authorized warranty site. Products repaired or replaced under warranty by the supplier shall be returned prepaid by the supplier. During the warranty period, technical support shall be available from the Contractor via telephone within four (4) hours of the time a call is made by the Department. If it is deemed necessary by the Engineer, technical support shall be available from factory certified personnel of the supplier via telephone within eight (8) hours of the time of the initial call made by the Department. During the warranty period, updates, patches, performance improvements, and corrections to all software and firmware used during the project shall be made available to the Department by the supplier at no additional cost.

Training

After the Stand Alone Site Tests have been conducted but prior to Conditional System Acceptance, the Contractor shall provide separate training sessions for each subsystem training pay item included in the project. The training sessions may require multiple classes as noted below) and shall accommodate from six (6) to twelve (12) personnel per class. Additional sessions for additional personnel may be required if the make and model of the subject component is not currently in the MDOT system.

The training must include formal classroom and "hands-on" operations training with a complete demonstration of the configuration, operation, and capabilities of each component in the system. The training should also consist of a hands-on demonstration of all software configuration and functionality where applicable. Each training day shall include a mixture of classroom style

training in equipment operations, hands-on operator training using the same models of equipment furnished for the project, and question and answer sessions.

During the burn-in period, the Contractor shall also provide two (2) identical non-consecutive training sessions on the maintenance of the overall system. The training shall be provided for at least ten (10) personnel with individual copies of all training materials provided to each participant. The training must include both classroom style training and hands-on training in the field of the maintenance and troubleshooting procedures required for each component. Additional sessions for additional personnel may be required if the make and model of certain components are not currently in the MDOT system.

Prior to scheduling the training, the Contractor shall submit resume and references of the training instructor(s) to the Engineer for approval. The qualifications of the trainers must meet, at a minimum, the recommended qualifications of the equipment manufacturer with a minimum of four years of experience in training personnel. If qualified personnel are not on the Contractor's staff, a representative of the manufacturer shall provide the training.

The training shall be provided at an agreed upon location. If training requires travel on the part of training instructors, then the cost of travel shall be included.

The Contractor shall provide individual copies of documentation, training, and maintenance materials for each participant. These materials shall include detailed specifications and information pertaining to each device in the system. The documentation shall include details of the technical and operational aspects of the completed system. This shall include operational and maintenance manuals, system diagrams, cabling diagrams and mounting/positioning details. The Contractor shall supply emergency contact information and necessary procedures for obtaining vital replacement parts within a designated, agreed upon time frame.

The Contractor shall submit a detailed Training Plan including course agendas, detailed description of functions to be demonstrated, and a general schedule to the Engineer for approval within 90 days of Contract Notice-to-Proceed. The exact date of the training shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least four (4) weeks ahead of the date.

Grounding

The Contractor shall provide a grounding and lightning protection system to protect from electrical power surges caused by lightning or disruptions in the power supply system. Ground rods, ground conductor, lightning collectors and appurtenances shall be as detailed on the plans and as required by these specifications.

General. All non-current carrying metal parts of the site shall be grounded according to NEC specifications. In addition, all non-current carrying metal parts shall have a voltage potential of zero relative to reference ground. This reference ground shall be achieved via the equipment-grounding conductor.

Support cable, metallic cable sheaths, conduit, metal poles, pedestals, and communication building shall be made mechanically and electrically secure and grounded. Bonding and grounding jumpers

shall be properly sized according to the NEC and in no case shall they be smaller than a #6 AWG copper wire. Ground pole-mounted accessories to the pole. Equipment on wood poles shall be grounded.

Permanently ground the poles by bonding the No. 6 AWG solid copper wire to a separate ground rod.

Metal raceways, metal enclosures of electrical devices, lighting fixtures, panelboards, and other non-current carrying metallic parts of equipment shall be securely grounded.

Ground rods shall be installed according to plan details. A length of copper conductor shall be attached to the ground rod, utilizing the specified grounding methods, and connected to the grounding system. Do not ground to a permanent water system instead of the driven ground rod. Ensure that grounding devices conform to the requirements of the NEC and NEMA.

Cabinet Grounding. A single-point grounding system shall be constructed.

All grounds for the cabinet shall be installed on the side of the building that utilities, communication cables, and fiber enter. All earth grounds shall be connected to this point, including the grounding system for Surge Protection Devices (SPD). All connections to SPDs shall be made according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

A single ground bus bar shall be mounted on the side of the cabinet wall adjacent to the power panel for the connection of AC neutral wires and chassis ground wires.

The Contractor shall ensure that communication cables, AC power, emergency generator, and equipment frames are connected by the shortest practical route to the grounding system. The lead lengths from each device to the SPD shall be protected. Electrical continuity of all connections shall be verified. All non-conducting surface coatings shall be removed before each connection is made. Ground conductors shall be downward coursing, vertical, and as short and straight as possible. Sharp bends and multiple bends shall be avoided in grounding conductors.

Surge Suppressor

Surge protection device (SPD) shall be provided to protect electronics from lightning, transient voltage surges, and induced current. All SPDs shall be installed at the top and bottom of each pole to provide reliable lightning protection. SPDs shall be installed on all power, data, video and any other conductive circuit.

SPD for 120 Volt or 120/240 Volt Power. A SPD shall be installed at the utility disconnect to the cabinet. The SPD at the utility disconnect shall include L-N, L-G, and N-G protection. The SPD shall meet the requirements of UL 1449, Third Edition and be listed by a NRTL.

A SPD shall be provided where the supply circuit enters the cabinet. The SPD shall be located on the load side of the main disconnect and ahead of any and all electronic devices and connected in parallel with the AC supply. The SPD in the cabinet shall include L-N, L-G, and N-G protection. The SPD shall meet the requirements of UL 1449, Third Edition and be listed by a NRTL.

The SPD shall have a visual indication system that monitors the weakest link in each mode and shows normal operation or failure status and also provides one set of normally open (NO)/normally closed (NC) Form C contacts for remote alarm monitoring. The enclosure for a SPD shall have a NEMA 4 rating

SPDs for Low-Voltage Power, Control, Data and Signal Systems. A specialized SPD shall be installed on all conductive circuits including, but not limited to, data communication cables, coaxial video cables, and low-voltage power cables. These devices shall comply with recommendations from the device manufacturer.

SPD at Point of Use. A SPD shall be installed at the point the ITS devices receive 120 volt power and connected in series with the circuits. SPDs shall be selected and installed according to recommendation from the device manufacturer. The units shall be rated at 15 or 20 amps load and configured with receptacles. These units shall have internal fuse protection and provide common mode (L+N-G) protection.

SPDs shall meet the requirements of UL 497B or UL 497C, as applicable, and are listed by a NRTL.

Solar Power Systems

The Contractor shall provide a solar power system meeting the following requirements:

1. The supplier shall provide documentation specifying approximate daily power generation, power consumption, storage capacity, and charge rates representing an optimal power source to the satisfaction and approval of the Project Engineer.
2. Shall include a solar controller with automatic battery temperature compensation and automatic charging circuitry to prevent overcharging.
3. The battery back-up system chargers shall meet all specified requirements while operating between -40 °C to +74 °C (-40 °F to +165 °F), and 95% relative humidity.
4. Shall include metering for voltage and charging current.
5. Solar panels shall be Jet Propulsion Laboratory Block-5 tested and approved.
6. Solar panels shall be compliant with IEC 61215 and IEEE 1262.
7. Solar panels shall be break-resistant and sealed.
8. Battery shall be maintenance-free, sealed, gel-cell.
9. The Contractor shall test the battery for faulty irregularities and provide documentation to the Project Engineer stating the battery's voltage, and resistance. The battery voltage and resistance shall meet the manufacturer's specifications.

The Solar Power Systems for each site type shall include but are not limited to the following:

- *HAR Flashing Beacons*:
  1. A performance design study shall be conducted and submitted for approval for the proposed solar power system. The solar power system shall be designed on the performance design study.
  2. The solar system shall, at a minimum, operate the flashing beacons continuously at

full power for at least three (3) days with no sunlight. This must be accomplished without an auxiliary generator or AC power connection.
3. Solar panels shall have a power rating of 80-watts.
4. The Solar power system shall include a separate aluminum NEMA 3R enclosure to house the battery. This enclosure shall be designed to provide protection from rain, sleet, snow and corrosion.
    a. The enclosure shall be constructed from 0.125" thick aluminum alloy type 5052- H32.
    b. The enclosure shall be lockable.
    c. The enclosure door shall include a EDPM rubber or equivalent closed-cell gasket

- *Type A BDS*:
    1. All solar panels shall be in accordance with UL1703, or equivalent.
    2. The solar cell shall have a minimum power capacity of 30 watts.
    3. The battery shall provide sufficient power for all BDS component operation for a minimum of 168 hours (7 days).
    4. Should solar power be specified with the Type A BDS, the NEMA 4 enclosure shall be sized appropriately for the solar power components.

Performance Design Study. A performance design study shall be conducted where required before the installation of a Solar Power System. The performance design study shall include, but is not limited to:

1. The daily Solar Insulation data averaged on a monthly basis.
2. The correct Tilt Angle for the solar array.
3. The daily Array Output, in Amp-Hours, averaged on a monthly basis.
4. The total Daily Load requirement, in Amp Hours, averaged on a monthly basis.
5. A monthly Loss of Load Probability (LOLP) of the designed power supply.
6. The number of Battery Reserve Days, averaged on a monthly basis.
7. The monthly Average Battery State of Charge.
8. The statistical Interval to Loss of Load, in years.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 3963 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **01/19/2022**

SUBJECT: **Super Silt Fence**

Bidders are hereby advised that Kengro Siltron SIL-M-36 may be used as a substitute material for pay item 907-234-C001, Super Silt Fence, in accordance with Subsection 234.03.1.2 of the Standard Specifications. In the event that the material fails to perform, the Department reserves the right to require Super Silt Fence be installed as per the Standard Drawing at no additional cost to the Department.

https://www.kengro.com/products/siltron

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 4113 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **03/23/2022**

SUBJECT: **Unique Entity ID (SAM) Requirement for Federal Funded Projects**

Bidders are advised that the Prime Contractor must register and maintain a current registration in the System for Award Management (http://sam.gov) at all times during this project. Upon registration, the Contractor will be assigned a SAM Unique Entity ID.

Bidders are also advised that prior to the award of this contract, they MUST be registered, active, and have no active exclusions in the System for Award Management.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 4638 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 10/05/2022

SUBJECT: Storm Water Discharge Associated with Construction Activity (≥ 5 Acres)

PROJECT: STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302 Madison County

A Construction Storm Water General NPDES Permit to discharge storm water associated with construction activity is required.

The Department has acquired Certificate of Permit Coverage MSR-109895 under the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality's (MDEQ) Storm Water Large Construction General Permit. Projects issued a certificate of permit coverage are granted permission to discharge treated storm water associated with construction activity into State waters. Copies of said permit, completed Large Construction Notice of Intent (LCNOI), and Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) are on file with the Department.

Prior to the execution of the contract, the successful bidder shall execute and deliver to the Executive Director an original signed copy of the completed Prime Contractor Certification Forms.

Failure of the bidder to execute and file the completed Prime Contractor Certification Forms shall be just cause for the cancellation of the award.

The executed Prime Contractor Certification Forms shall be prima facie evidence that the bidder has examined the permit, is satisfied as to the terms and conditions contained therein, and that the bidder has the primary responsibility for meeting all permit terms including, but not limited to, the inspection and reporting requirements. For this project, the Contractor shall furnish, set up and read, as needed, an on-site rain gauge.

The Contractor shall make inspections in accordance with condition No. S-5, page 26, and shall furnish the Project Engineer with the results of each weekly inspection as soon as possible following the date of inspection. A copy of the inspection form is provided with the packet. The weekly inspections must be documented monthly on the Inspection and Certification Form. The Contractor's representative and the Project Engineer shall jointly review and discuss the results of the inspections so that corrective action can be taken. The Project Engineer shall retain copies of the inspection reports.

The Engineer will have the authority to suspend all work and/or withhold payments for failure of the Contractor to carry out provisions of MDEQ's Storm Water Construction General Permit, the erosion control plan, updates to the erosion control plan, and /or proper maintenance of the BMPs.

By a full maintenance release or confirmation by the Permit Closeout Committee that the permit is ready for termination, the Construction Division shall submit a completed Request for Termination (RFT) of Coverage to the Office of Pollution Control.

Securing a permit (s) for storm water discharge associated with the Contractor's activity on any other regulated area the Contractor occupies, shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 4699 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 11/22/2022

SUBJECT: Right-of-Way Plat

Bidders are advised that pay item 617-A: Right-of-Way Marker or 617-B: Permanent Easement Markers not only addresses the requirements for furnishing and placing right-of-way markers or permanent easement markers but also includes the preparation and submittal of a Final Right-of-Way Plat by a Licensed Professional Surveyor. Since the submittal of the plat is considered a part of the pay item and the pay item is not complete until the plat is received, contract time will not be suspended while waiting on the Contractor to submit the plat.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 4702 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 11/22/2022

SUBJECT: App for Traffic Control Reports

Bidders are advised that the Department has created a smart phone App for completing and submitting traffic control reports (Form CSD-762) required on this project. The Contractor who monitors traffic control activities and completes traffic control reports will be required to download and use this App when completing and submitting traffic control reports. The reports will then be readily available to all persons who need access to the forms. The App is free and is available for downloading at the following location.

https://extacctmgmt.mdot.state.ms.us/

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 5086 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 05/02/2023

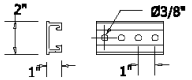
SUBJECT: Detail of Square Tube Sign Posts

Bidders are advised that the following drawings shall be used in the manufacture and installation of square tube sign posts, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

FMS CON:

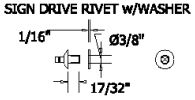
STATE	PROJECT NO.
MISS.	

FLAT PANEL SIGN BRACE



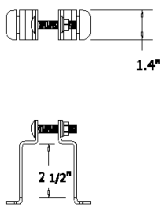
6061-T6 ALUMINUM ALLOY; 2" MOUNTING SURFACE x 7/8" DEPTH x 1/8" NOMINAL WALL THICKNESS. 3/8" HOLES ON 1" CENTERS, CENTERED ALONG ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE BRACE. A MINIMUM OF TWO HORIZONTAL BRACES MUST BE USED.

SIGN DRIVE RIVET w/WASHER



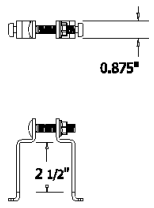
3/8" ALUMINUM SHELL / STEEL CORE RIVET WITH NYLON WASHER. MAXIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN RIVETS SHOULD BE 12". WASHER MUST BE PRE-INSTALLED AND FIT INTO SIGN BRACE TO SECURE ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL. ALL EXTRUDED PANEL SIGNS SHALL USE 3/16"x3/8" GRIP RANGE ALUMINUM POP RIVITS (#66).

FLAT PANEL SIGN CLAMP



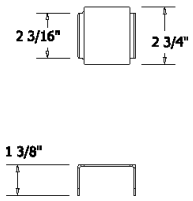
MATERIALS: 1.4" WIDE x 11ga. TYPE 304, #2B FINISHED STAINLESS STEEL BRACKET. INCLUDES STAINLESS STEEL 3/8"-16 x 2" CARRIAGE BOLT AND SERRATED FLANGED NUT. ONE CLAMP REQUIRED FOR EACH BRACE TO POST JUNCTION.

EXTRUDED PANEL SIGN CLAMP



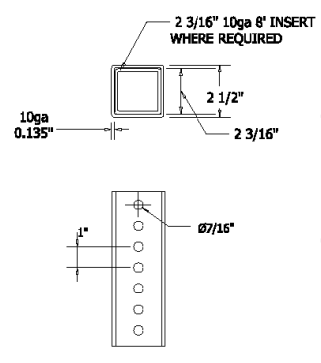
MATERIALS: 1.4" WIDE x 11ga. TYPE 304, #2B FINISHED STAINLESS STEEL BRACKET. INCLUDES STAINLESS STEEL 3/8"-16 x 2" CARRIAGE BOLT AND SERRATED FLANGED NUT. ONE CLAMP REQUIRED FOR EACH BRACE TO POST JUNCTION.

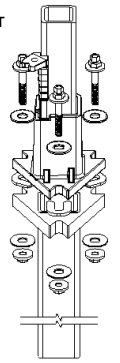
POST CAP



MADE OF 16GA PREGALVANIZED STEEL WITH AN ID CAPABLE OF FITTING INTO THE INSIDE OF A 2-1/2" SQUARE STEEL POST WITHOUT ANY FASTENERS. A CAST ALUMINUM FRICTION FIT CAP MAY ALSO BE USED.

SIGN POSTS



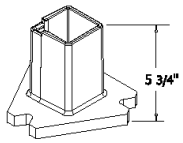


example slip base assembly (detailed below)

NOTES:

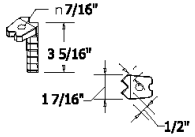
A. CONCRETE FOOTING MUST BE 12" DIAMETER x 36" DEEP.
B. BRASS SHIMS MAY BE USED BETWEEN SLIP PLATES TO LEVEL THE UPPER SLIP PLANE.
C. SLIP BASE IS FHWA ACCEPTED, MEETING CURRENT AASHTO & NCHRP 350 REQUIREMENTS.
D. SIGN BRACE CLAMPS ALLOW SIGN BRACE TO BE ADJUSTED UP, DOWN, LEFT OR RIGHT IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE PERFECT POSITION OF SIGN PANEL.
E. USE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION RT280U-SQ1.
F. PRODUCT MUST MEET FHWA's MADE IN AMERICA CLAUSE.
G. PAID BY LENGTH OF POST, 36" STUB TO BE ABSORBED.

2-1/2" SQUARE POST RECEIVER



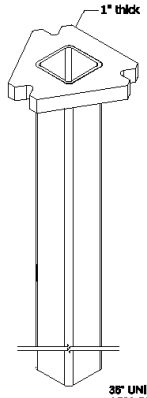
RECEIVER TO BE CAST FROM DUCTILE IRON ASTM A536 CLASS 65-45-12, GALVANIZED PER ASTM A153.

POST LOCKING WEDGE



LOCKING WEDGE FORGED FROM SAE 1035 STEEL AND GALVANIZED PER ASTM A153.

UNIBASE ANCHOR STUB



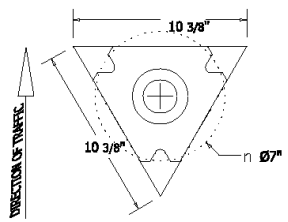
35" UNIBASE ANCHOR A500 GRADE B TUBE WELDED TO A572 SLIP PLATE. GALVANIZED PER ASTM A153.

SIGN CENTROID	2-1/2" x 10ga PSST	2-1/2" x 10ga & 2-3/16" x 10ga Inserted PSST	Sign Bracing**
16'	24.82	43.46	18" maximum distance between braces
15'	26.48	46.36	18" maximum distance between braces
14'	28.38	49.66	18" maximum distance between braces
13'	30.56	53.48	18" maximum distance between braces
12'	33.10	57.94	18" maximum distance between braces
11'	36.12	63.20	18" maximum distance between braces

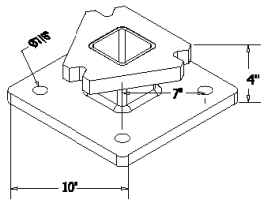
* based on two legs per sign
** Minimum of two braces per flat panel sign

NOTE: Sign area is in square feet.

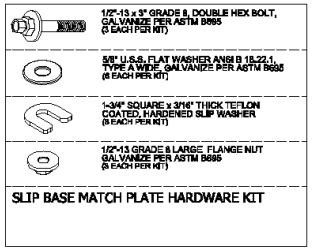
SLIP PLATE DIMENSION



SURFACE MOUNT BASE

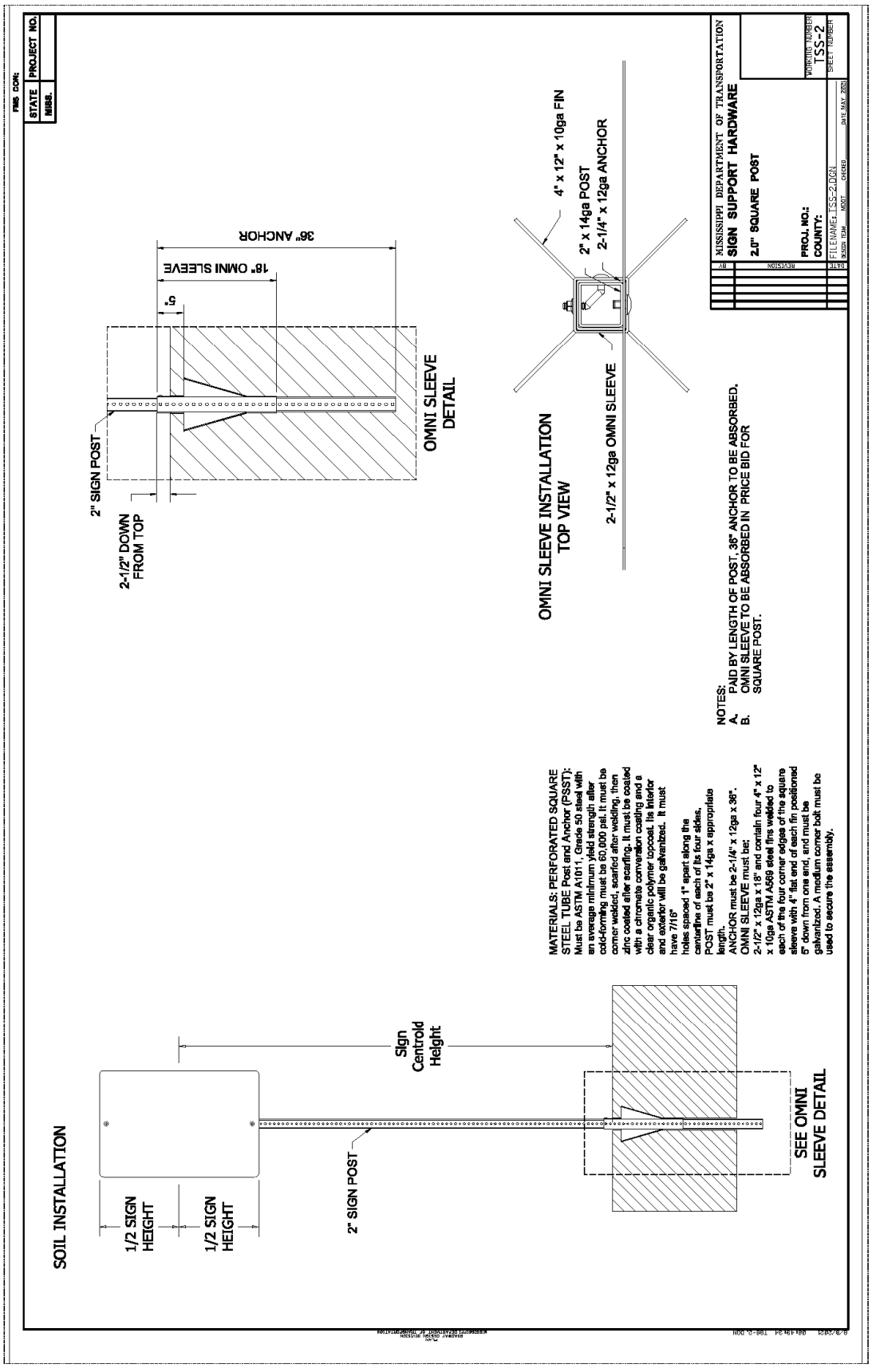


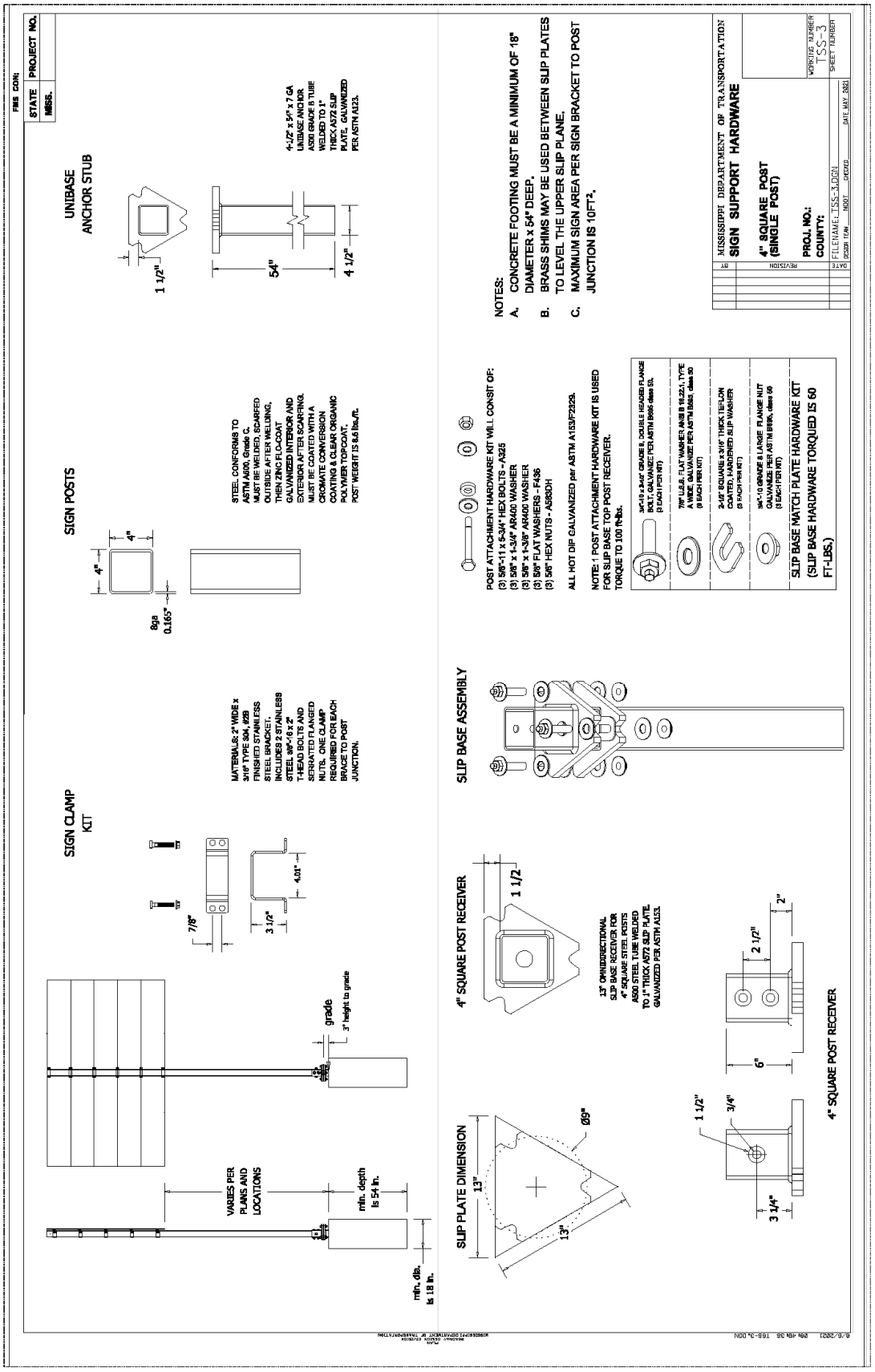
A572 SLIP PLATE WELDED TO A500 GRADE B TUBE WELDED TO A572 MOUNTING PLATE. GALVANIZED PER ASTM A153.

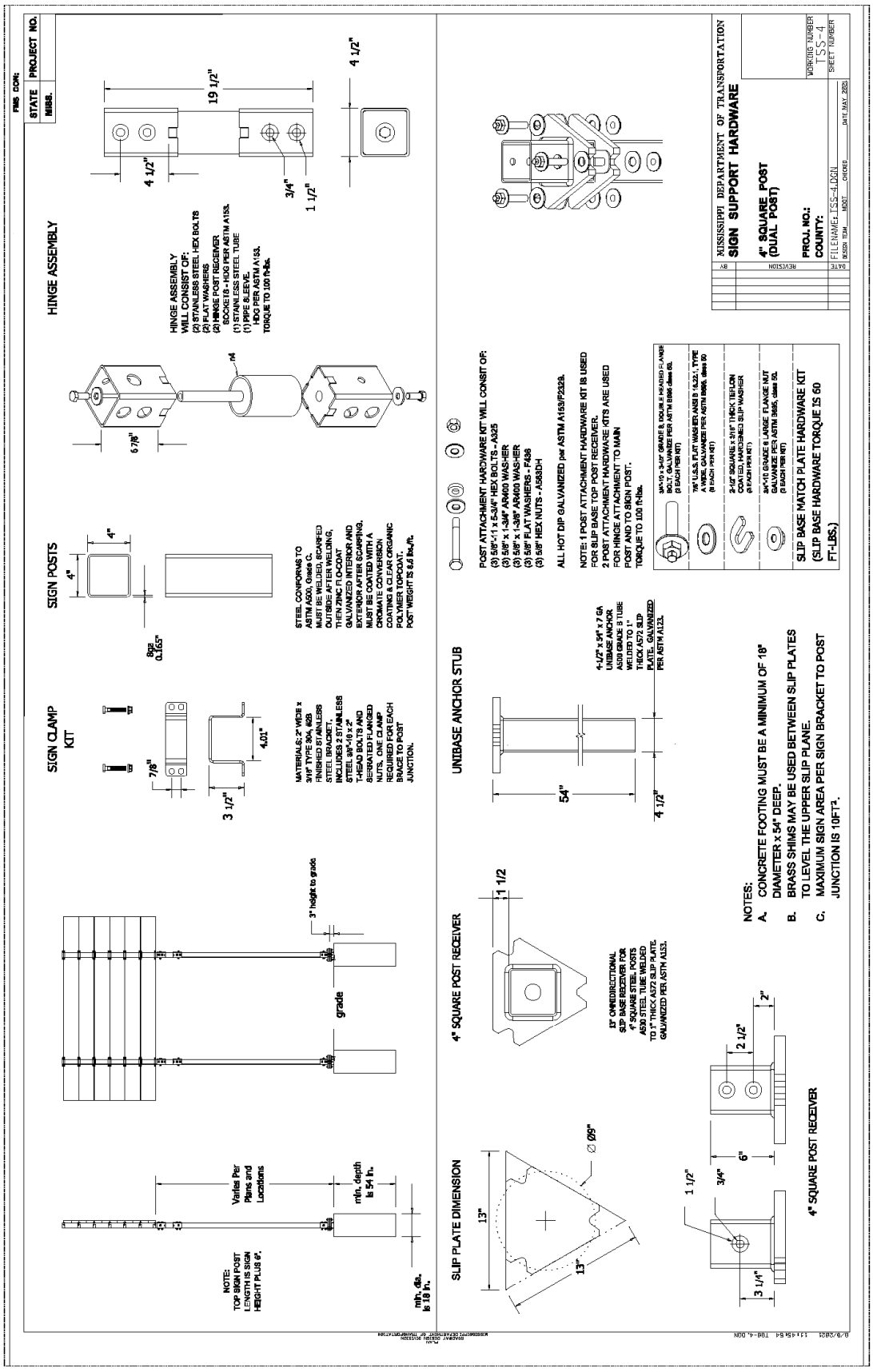


MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SIGN SUPPORT HARDWARE
2.5" SQUARE POST

PROJ. NO.:
COUNTY:
WORKING NUMBER: TSS-1
SHEET NUMBER
DATE
FILENAME: TSS-1.DGN
DESIGN TEAM: MDOT CHECKED: DATE: MAY 2021


FHWA CON:
STATE
MISS.
PROJECT NO.
SOIL INSTALLATION
1/2 SIGN HEIGHT
1/2 SIGN HEIGHT
Sign Centroid Height
2" SIGN POST
SEE OMNI SLEEVE DETAIL
MATERIALS: PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBE Post and Anchor (PSST): Must be ASTM A1011, Grade 50 steel with an average minimum yield strength after cold-forming must be 60,000 psi. It must be corner welded, scarfed after welding, then zinc coated after scarfing. It must be coated with a chromate conversion coating and a clear organic polymer topcoat. Its interior and exterior will be galvanized. It must have 7/16" holes spaced 1" apart along the centerline of each of its four sides.
POST must be 2" x 14ga x appropriate length.
ANCHOR must be 2-1/4" x 12ga x 36".
OMNI SLEEVE must be: 2-1/2" x 12ga x 18" and contain four 4" x 12" x 10ga ASTM A569 steel fins welded to each of the four corner edges of the square sleeve with 4" flat end of each fin positioned 5" down from one end, and must be galvanized. A medium corner bolt must be used to secure the assembly.
NOTES:
A. PAID BY LENGTH OF POST. 36" ANCHOR TO BE ABSORBED.
B. OMNI SLEEVE TO BE ABSORBED IN PRICE BID FOR SQUARE POST.
OMNI SLEEVE INSTALLATION TOP VIEW
4" x 12" x 10ga FIN
2" x 14ga POST
2-1/4" x 12ga ANCHOR
2-1/2" x 12ga OMNI SLEEVE
OMNI SLEEVE DETAIL
36" ANCHOR
18" OMNI SLEEVE
5"
2" SIGN POST
2-1/2" DOWN FROM TOP
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SIGN SUPPORT HARDWARE
2.0" SQUARE POST
REVISION
BY
DATE
PROJ. NO.:
COUNTY:
FILENAME: TSS-2.DGN
DESIGN ITEM
MDOT
CHECKED
DATE: MAY 2005
WORKING NUMBER
TSS-2
SHEET NUMBER


FMS CON:
STATE
PROJECT NO.
MISS.
UNIBASE ANCHOR STUB
1 1/2"
54"
4 1/2"
4-1/2" x 54" x 7 GA UNIBASE ANCHOR A500 GRADE B TUBE WELDED TO 1" THICK A572 SLIP PLATE, GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123.
SIGN POSTS
4"
4"
8ga 0.165"
STEEL CONFORMS TO ASTM A600, Grade C. MUST BE WELDED, SCARFED OUTSIDE AFTER WELDING, THEN ZINC FLO-COAT GALVANIZED INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR AFTER SCARFING. MUST BE COATED WITH A CROMATE CONVERSION COATING & CLEAR ORGANIC POLYMER TOPCOAT. POST WEIGHT IS 8.6 lbs./ft.
SIGN CLAMP KIT
7/8"
3 1/2"
4.01"
MATERIALS: 2" WIDE x 3/16" TYPE 304, #2B FINISHED STAINLESS STEEL BRACKET. INCLUDES 2 STAINLESS STEEL 3/8"-16 x 2" T-HEAD BOLTS AND SERRATED FLANGED NUTS. ONE CLAMP REQUIRED FOR EACH BRACE TO POST JUNCTION.
grade
3" height to grade
VARIES PER PLANS AND LOCATIONS
min. depth is 54 in.
min. dia. is 18 in.
SLIP BASE ASSEMBLY
POST ATTACHMENT HARDWARE KIT WILL CONSIT OF:
(3) 5/8"-11 x 5-3/4" HEX BOLTS - A325
(3) 5/8" x 1-3/4" AR400 WASHER
(3) 5/8" x 1-3/8" AR400 WASHER
(3) 5/8" FLAT WASHERS - F436
(3) 5/8" HEX NUTS - A563DH
ALL HOT DIP GALVANIZED per ASTM A153/F2329.
NOTE: 1 POST ATTACHMENT HARDWARE KIT IS USED FOR SLIP BASE TOP POST RECEIVER. TORQUE TO 100 ft-lbs.
3/4"-10 x 3-1/2" GRADE 8, DOUBLE HEADED FLANGE BOLT, GALVANIZE PER ASTM B695 class 50. (3 EACH PER KIT)
7/8" U.S.S. FLAT WASHER ANSI B 18.22.1, TYPE A WIDE, GALVANIZE PER ASTM B695, class 50 (8 EACH PER KIT)
2-1/2" SQUARE x 3/16" THICK TEFLON COATED, HARDENED SLIP WASHER (3 EACH PER KIT)
3/4"-10 GRADE 8 LARGE FLANGE NUT GALVANIZE PER ASTM B695, class 50 (3 EACH PER KIT)
SLIP BASE MATCH PLATE HARDWARE KIT (SLIP BASE HARDWARE TORQUED IS 60 FT-LBS.)
4" SQUARE POST RECEIVER
1 1/2
13" OMNIDIRECTIONAL SLIP BASE RECEIVER FOR 4" SQUARE STEEL POSTS A500 STEEL TUBE WELDED TO 1" THICK A572 SLIP PLATE, GALVANIZED PER ASTM A153.
SLIP PLATE DIMENSION
13"
13"
Ø9"
1 1/2"
3/4"
3 1/4"
6"
2 1/2"
2"
4" SQUARE POST RECEIVER
NOTES:
A. CONCRETE FOOTING MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 18" DIAMETER x 54" DEEP.
B. BRASS SHIMS MAY BE USED BETWEEN SLIP PLATES TO LEVEL THE UPPER SLIP PLANE.
C. MAXIMUM SIGN AREA PER SIGN BRACKET TO POST JUNCTION IS 10FT².
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SIGN SUPPORT HARDWARE
4" SQUARE POST (SINGLE POST)
PROJ. NO.:
COUNTY:
FILENAME: TSS-3.DGN
WORKING NUMBER TSS-3
SHEET NUMBER
DATE MAY 2021


HINGE ASSEMBLY
SIGN POSTS
SIGN CLAMP KIT
UNIBASE ANCHOR STUB
4" SQUARE POST RECEIVER
SLIP PLATE DIMENSION
4" SQUARE POST RECEIVER
NOTES:
A. CONCRETE FOOTING MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 18" DIAMETER x 54" DEEP.
B. BRASS SHIMS MAY BE USED BETWEEN SLIP PLATES TO LEVEL THE UPPER SLIP PLANE.
C. MAXIMUM SIGN AREA PER SIGN BRACKET TO POST JUNCTION IS 10FT².
SLIP BASE MATCH PLATE HARDWARE KIT (SLIP BASE HARDWARE TORQUE IS 60 FT-LBS.)
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SIGN SUPPORT HARDWARE
4" SQUARE POST (DUAL POST)
PROJ. NO.:
COUNTY:
WORKING NUMBER TSS-4
SHEET NUMBER
FILENAME: TSS-4.DGN
DATE MAY, 2021

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 5551 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **12/06/2023**

SUBJECT: **Federal Bridge Formula**

Bidders are hereby advised that the latest revision of Federal Highway Administration Publication No. FHWA-HOP-06-105, **BRIDGE FORMULA WEIGHTS**, dated August 2006, is made a part of this contract when applicable.

Prior to the preconstruction conference, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer, in writing, what materials, if any, will be delivered to the jobsite via Interstate route(s).

Copies of the **BRIDGE FORMULA WEIGHTS** publication may be obtained by contacting:

Federal Highway Administration
400 7th Street, SW
Washington, DC 20590
(202) 366-2212

or

https://ops.fhwa.dot.gov/freight/publications/brdg_frm_wghts/

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 – NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 5570 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 07/28/2025

SUBJECT: Special Provisions Related to Concrete

Bidders are hereby advised that this contract contains one or more of the following **new** Special Provisions related to concrete:

Special Provision No. 907-501-1, Subject: Concrete Pavement
Special Provision No. 907-502-1, Subject: Concrete Bridge End Pavement
Special Provision No. 907-503-1, Subject: Replacement of Concrete Pavement
Special Provision No. 907-504-4, Subject: Fiber-reinforced Concrete Pavement
Special Provision No. 907-601-1, Subject: Structural Concrete
Special Provision No. 907-605-1, Subject: Underdrains
Special Provision No. 907-701-4, Subject: Hydraulic Cement
Special Provision No. 907-799-1, Subject: Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixtures
Special Provision No. 907-803-6, Subject: Deep Foundations
Special Provision No. 907-804-13, Subject: Concrete Bridges and Structures
Special Provision No. 907-804-14, Subject: Bridge Deck Overlay

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 7304 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 08/25/2025

SUBJECT: Erosion Control Contract Compliance

Bidders are hereby advised that Erosion Control measures will be monitored for contract compliance at the specified intervals as per the Contract Documents. The Contractor will be subject to the following conditions:

If a Contractor is found to be in violation of Notice to Bidders 2172 in excess of the time allotted per the MDEQ General Permit without a Contractor's Inspection, or a second consecutive Stormwater Inspection showing a recurring major/critical deficiency without any Corrective Action report showing that the area had been addressed, said Contractor will be issued a Non-Compliance Assessment per violation until the project is found to be back in compliance with the Contract Documents (Stormwater permit included).

Non-Compliance Assessments will accrue per each reporting period that the Contractor remains in violation of the above referenced items. A deduction, calculated from the Non-Compliance Assessment charges listed in Table I, will be made from money due the Contractor. The charges set out in Table I of non-compliance assessments are based on Penalty amounts developed by MDEQ to encourage Contractor Compliance. The Contractor and the Contractor's Sureties shall be liable for all non-compliance assessments in excess of any money due the Contractor.

Erosion Control Inspection reports are required to be submitted until there is a Full Maintenance Release, documented in writing by the State Construction Engineer. The non-compliance assessments may be returned to the Contractor at the completion of the project if the Contractor is found to have three (3) or fewer documented violations during the life of the project. The Contractor will forfeit any non-compliance assessments if found to have been assessed penalties for more than three (3) documented violations.

Should the Contractor come upon an issue that causes a delay or an inability to submit the required reports, said Contractor has twenty-four (24) hours to report to the MDOT's Project Engineer or MDOT's LPA Division (for LPA Projects) of the issue and get assistance. Lack of willingness to use or learn to use the application will not be accepted as a valid reason for nonuse.

Table I

Non-Compliance Assessments of Construction and Mining Storm Water Permits (Per Documented Violation)

Violation	Original Contract Amount		Type of Stormwater Permit*	
			SCNOI	LCNOI
Failure to complete weekly inspection, failure to address a documented major/critical Deficiency (noted as a recurring deficiency)	$<10,000,000	$ 10,000,000	$ 1,000	$ 2,500
	$ 10,000,000	$ 40,000,000	$ 1,000	$ 4,000
	$ 40,000,000	>$40,000,000	$ 1,000	$ 7,000

- **Permit defined by project documents.**

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8125 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **9/09/2026**

SUBJECT: **Contract Time**

PROJECT: **STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302**
Madison County

The completion of work to be performed by the Contractor for this project will not be a specified date but shall be when all allowable working days are assessed, or any extension thereto as provided in Subsection 108.06. The working days will be as shown by the Contractor on the Expedite Bid Sheets.

It is anticipated that the Notice of Award will be issued no later than **November 10, 2026** and the effective date of the Notice to Proceed / Beginning of Contract Time will be **March 10, 2027**.

Should the Contractor request a Notice to Proceed earlier than **March 10, 2027** and it is agreeable with the Department for an early Notice to Proceed, the requested date will become the new Notice to Proceed / Beginning of Contract Time date.

Prior to beginning work, the Contractor is required to submit a Progress Schedule to the Project Engineer for review and approval.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8126

DATE: 09/10/2026

SUBJECT: Specialty Items

PROJECT: STP-0055-02(271)/108168301 & STP-0055-02(275)/108168302 - MADISON

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108, the following work items are hereby designated as "Specialty Items" for this contract. Bidders are reminded that these items must be subcontracted in order to be considered as specialty items.

CATEGORY: CURBING, SIDEWALKS, GUTTERS

Line No	Pay Item	Description
1070	609-C001	Concrete Integral Curb, Type 1
1080	609-D004	Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter Type 2 Modified
1090	609-D007	Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter Type 3 Modified

CATEGORY: DISPOSAL OF BUILDINGS, RIGHT OF WAY CLEARING & GRUBBING

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0250	202-B240	Removal of Traffic Stripe

CATEGORY: EROSION CONTROL

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0350	213-C001	Superphosphate
0360	216-A001	Solid Sodding
0370	217-A001	Ditch Liner
0380	219-A001	Watering
0390	220-A001	Insect Pest Control
0400	221-A001	Concrete Paved Ditch
0410	223-A001	Mowing
0420	224-A001	Soil Reinforcing Mat
0430	225-A001	Grassing
0440	225-B001	Agricultural Limestone
0450	225-C001	Mulch, Vegetative Mulch
0460	226-A001	Temporary Grassing
0470	236-A008	Silt Basin, Type D
0480	237-A002	Wattles, 20"
0490	239-A001	Temporary Slope Drains
0500	245-A001	Silt Dike
0510	246-B002	Rockbags
0520	249-A001	Riprap for Erosion Control
2180	907-234-A001	Temporary Silt Fence
2190	907-234-C001	Super Silt Fence

2200	907-234-D001	Inlet Siltation Guard
2210	907-234-E001	Reset Inlet Siltation Guard
2220	907-248-A001	Temporary Site Drainage
2230	907-253-A001	Coir Fiber Baffle

CATEGORY: FENCE, GATES

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0980	607-B018	60" Type I Chain Link Fence, Class II
0990	607-E001	Barbed Wire Fence, Single Strand
1000	607-G127	Gate, 3' x 60" Chain Link
1010	607-P1003	Line Post, 14' x 2 1/2" Galvanized Steel
1020	607-P1008	Line Post, 7' x 1 1/2" Galvanized Steel
1030	607-P2004	Brace Post, 7 1/2' x 2" Galvanized Steel
1040	607-P2022	Brace Post, 5' x 2 1/2" Galvanized Steel
1050	607-P3004	Gate Post, 8' x 2 1/2" Galvanized Steel

CATEGORY: GUARDRAIL, GUIDERAIL

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0930	606-B001	Guard Rail, Class A, Type 1
0940	606-B006	Guard Rail, Class A, Type 1, Double Faced
0950	606-C003	Guard Rail, Cable Anchor, Type 1
0960	606-D022	Guard Rail, Bridge End Section, Type I
0970	606-E001	Guard Rail, Terminal End Section

CATEGORY: INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

Line No	Pay Item	Description
3080	907-659-A001	Traffic Management Center Modifications

CATEGORY: LIGHTING, ALUMINUM TRUSSED ARM

Line No	Pay Item	Description
1820	682-A005	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 1/0, 3 Conductor
1830	682-A007	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 1/0, 5 Conductor
1840	682-A018	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 2, 3 Conductor
1850	682-A034	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 6, 3 Conductor
1860	682-A039	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 8, 3 Conductor
1870	682-B005	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 1/0, 3 Conductor
1880	682-B007	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 1/0, 5 Conductor
1890	682-B016	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 2, 3 Conductor
1900	682-B025	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 4, 3 Conductor
1910	682-B032	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 6, 3 Conductor
1920	682-B037	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 8, 3 Conductor
1930	682-C006	Structure Mounted Branch Circuit, AWG 1/0, 5 Conductor

1940	682-C009	Structure Mounted Branch Circuit, AWG 10, 3 Conductor
1950	682-C015	Structure Mounted Branch Circuit, AWG 2, 3 Conductor
1960	682-D002	Structure Mounted Pull Box
1970	682-D003	Underground Pull Box
1980	682-E001	Structure Mounted Junction Box
1990	682-E003	Underground Junction Box With Concrete Pad
2000	682-F002	Secondary Power Controllers
2010	683-A002	Lighting Assembly, High Mast, LED, Type 120-4-A
2020	683-A124	Lighting Assembly, High Mast, LED, Type 120-8-S
2030	683-A137	Lighting Assembly, High Mast, LED, Type 120-8-A
2040	683-A138	Lighting Assembly, High Mast, LED, Type 120-6-A
2050	683-B212	Lighting Assembly, Low Mast, LED, Type 40-1-8-110
2060	683-B213	Lighting Assembly, Low Mast, LED, Type 40-2-8-110
2070	683-C010	Lighting Assembly, Underpass, Type UP
2080	683-D001	Portable Electric Power Units
2090	684-A003	Pole Foundation, 24" Diameter
2100	684-A006	Pole Foundation, 42" Diameter
2110	684-B003	Slip Casing, 24" Diameter
2120	684-B006	Slip Casing, 42" Diameter
3180	907-682-A1011	Branch Circuit Wire, AWG #2, 3 Conductor
3190	907-682-A1019	Branch Circuit Wire, AWG #4, 3 Conductor

CATEGORY: MISCELLANEOUS/ SPECIALTY WORK ITEMS

Line No	Pay Item	Description
0610	423-A001	Rumble Strips, Ground In
1380	622-A004	Engineer's Field Office Building, Type 3

CATEGORY: MOBILIZATION

Line No	Pay Item	Description
1370	620-A001	Mobilization

CATEGORY: PAVEMENT STRIPING AND MARKING

Line No	Pay Item	Description
2550	907-626-A010	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Skip White
2560	907-626-B006	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Continuous White
2570	907-626-E005	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow
2580	907-626-G004	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, White
2590	907-626-G005	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, Yellow
2600	907-626-H009	Thermoplastic Legend, White
2610	907-626-H010	Thermoplastic Legend, White

2620	907-627-K001	Red-Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Markers

CATEGORY: SURVEY AND STAKING

Line No	Pay Item	Description
2130	699-A001	Roadway Construction Stakes

CATEGORY: TRAFFIC CONTROL - PERMANENT

Line No	Pay Item	Description
1390	629-A005	Vehicular Impact Attenuator, 70 MPH
1400	630-A001	Standard Roadside Signs, Sheet Aluminum, 0.080" Thickness
1410	630-A003	Standard Roadside Signs, Sheet Aluminum, 0.125" Thickness
1420	630-A005	Standard Roadside Signs, Sheet Aluminum, 0.1" Thickness
1430	630-B002	Interstate Directional Signs, Bolted Extruded Aluminum Panels, Ground Mounted
1440	630-B003	Interstate Directional Signs, Bolted Extruded Aluminum Panels, Overhead Mounted
1450	630-C001	Square Tube Posts, 4.0 lb/ft
1460	630-C004	Square Tube Posts, 9.0 lb/ft
1470	630-C005	Square Tube Posts, 2.0 lb/ft
1480	630-C1001	Square Post Inner Sleeve
1490	630-D006	Structural Steel Beams, W6 x 12
1500	630-D008	Structural Steel Beams, W6 x 9
1510	630-E001	Structural Steel Angles & Bars, 3 1/2" x 3 1/2" x 1/4" Angles
1520	630-E002	Structural Steel Angles & Bars, 3" x 3" x 1/4" Angles
1530	630-F006	Delineators, Guard Rail, White
1540	630-F007	Delineators, Guard Rail, Yellow
1550	630-F010	Delineators, Post Mounted, Double White
1560	630-F011	Delineators, Post Mounted, Double Yellow
1570	630-F012	Delineators, Post Mounted, Single White
1580	630-F013	Delineators, Post Mounted, Single Yellow
1590	630-G004	Type 3 Object Markers, OM-3R or OM-3L
1600	630-I003	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 1, Contractor Designed
1610	630-I004	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 10, Contractor Designed
1620	630-I005	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 11, Contractor Designed
1630	630-I006	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 12, Contractor Designed
1640	630-I007	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 13, Contractor Designed
1650	630-I008	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 14, Contractor Designed
1660	630-I009	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 15, Contractor Designed
1670	630-I010	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 16, Contractor Designed
1680	630-I015	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 2, Contractor Designed
1690	630-I020	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 3, Contractor Designed
1700	630-I022	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 4, Contractor Designed
1710	630-I024	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 5, Contractor Designed

1720	630-I025	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 6, Contractor Designed
1730	630-I026	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 7, Contractor Designed
1740	630-I027	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 8, Contractor Designed
1750	630-I028	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 9, Contractor Designed
1760	635-A059	Traffic Signal Head, Type 1
1770	635-A065	Traffic Signal Head, Type 2 FYA
1780	635-A070	Traffic Signal Head, Type 3
1790	635-A073	Traffic Signal Head, Type 4
1800	635-A076	Traffic Signal Head, Type 6
1810	647-A001	Removal of Existing Traffic Signal Equipment
2630	907-632-A007	Solid State Traffic Cabinet Assembly, Type III Cabinet, Type 1 Controller
2640	907-632-D001	Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, Type 1
2650	907-632-G001	Malfunction Management Unit
2660	907-632-J001	Power Service Pedestal
2670	907-634-A047	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type II(L), 30' Shaft, 55' Arm
2680	907-634-A083	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type II, 17' Shaft, 45' Arm
2690	907-634-A374	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type III, 17' Shaft, 35' & 40' Arms
2700	907-634-A397	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type III, 17' Shaft, 50' & 50' Arms
2710	907-634-A545	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type VI, 8' Shaft
2720	907-634-C001	Pole Foundations, Class "B" Concrete
2730	907-634-E001	Camera Pole with Foundation, 50' Pole
2740	907-636-B003	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 10, 2 Conductor
2750	907-636-B014	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 14, 5 Conductor
2760	907-636-B016	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 14, 8 Conductor
2770	907-636-B025	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 6, 3 Conductor
2780	907-636-B043	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, THHN, AWG #2, 4 Conductor
2790	907-636-B053	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, THHN, AWG #6, 3 Conductor
2800	907-636-D001	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 10, 2 Conductor
2810	907-636-D006	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 14, 5 Conductor
2820	907-636-D008	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 14, 8 Conductor
2830	907-636-D022	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 6, 3 Conductor
2840	907-637-A002	Pullbox Enclosure, Type 2
2850	907-637-A003	Pullbox Enclosure, Type 3
2860	907-637-A004	Pullbox Enclosure, Type 4
2870	907-637-A005	Pullbox Enclosure, Type 5
2880	907-637-C028	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground, Type 4, 2"
2890	907-637-C030	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground, Type 4, 3"
2900	907-637-D003	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground Drilled or Jacked, Rolled Pipe, 3"
2910	907-637-H001	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Rolled Pipe, 2 @ 2"
2920	907-637-H002	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Rolled Pipe, 2"

2930	907-637-I001	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Drilled or Jacked, Rolled Pipe, 2 @ 2"
2940	907-637-I002	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Drilled or Jacked, Rolled Pipe, 2"
2950	907-640-B001	Shielded Cable, AWG #14, 2 Conductor
2960	907-641-A002	Signal Stop Bar Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type 2
2970	907-641-B002	Signal Advanced Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type 2
2980	907-641-C002	ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor
2990	907-641-D001	Radar Vehicle Detection Cable
3000	907-641-F002	Signal Radar Vehicle Detection Processor, Type 2
3010	907-641-G002	ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Processor, Type 2
3020	907-645-B001	Accessible Pedestrian Detection Assembly
3030	907-650-A002	On Street Video Equipment, Fixed Type
3040	907-650-A003	On Street Video Equipment, PTZ Type
3050	907-650-A004	On Street Video Equipment, PTZ Type, Signal Monitoring
3060	907-653-A001	Traffic Sign
3070	907-656-A001	Dynamic Message Sign, Type 1
3090	907-660-A002	Equipment Cabinet, Type B
3100	907-660-A003	Equipment Cabinet, Type C
3110	907-661-A004	Fiber Optic Cable, 72 SM
3120	907-661-B002	Fiber Optic Drop Cable, 12 SM
3130	907-663-A001	Network Switch, Type A
3140	907-663-A002	Network Switch, Type B
3150	907-663-A003	Network Switch, Type C
3160	907-663-A005	Network Switch, Type E
3170	907-666-A001	Bluetooth Detection System, Type A

CATEGORY: TRAFFIC CONTROL - TEMPORARY

Line No	Pay Item	Description
1180	619-A1001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous White
1190	619-A2001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow
1200	619-A3001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Skip White
1210	619-A5001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Detail
1220	619-A6001	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
1230	619-A6002	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
1240	619-C6001	Red-Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Marker
1250	619-C8001	One-Way Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Marker
1260	619-C9001	One-Way Yellow Reflective High Performance Raised Marker
1270	619-D1001	Standard Roadside Construction Signs, Less than 10 Square Feet
1280	619-D2001	Standard Roadside Construction Signs, 10 Square Feet or More
1290	619-F1001	Concrete Median Barrier, Precast
1300	619-F2001	Remove and Reset Concrete Median Barrier, Precast

1310	619-G4005	Barricades, Type III, Single Faced
1320	619-G5001	Free Standing Plastic Drums
1330	619-G7001	Warning Lights, Type "B"
1340	619-J1004	Impact Attenuator, 60 MPH
1350	619-J2004	Impact Attenuator, 60 MPH, Replacement Package
1360	619-J3001	Remove and Reset Impact Attenuator
2460	907-619-E3001	Changeable Message Sign
2470	907-619-M1002	Smart Work Zone, Portable Queue Trailer
2480	907-619-M1003	Smart Work Zone, Portable Camera Trailer
2490	907-619-M1004	Smart Work Zone, Portable Message Board Trailer
2500	907-619-M2001	Smart Work Zone, Portable Queue Trailer, Operational Month
2510	907-619-M2002	Smart Work Zone, Portable Camera Trailer, Operational Month
2520	907-619-M2003	Smart Work Zone, Portable Message Board Trailer, Operational Month
2530	907-619-M2004	Smart Work Zone, Portable Bluetooth Detection System, Additional Device, Operational Month
2540	907-619-M3002	Smart Work Zone, System Monitoring, Operational Month

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8127 **CODE (SP)**

DATE: **07/02/2026**

SUBJECT: **Permit for the Placement of Fill Material in Federally Regulated Waters**

PROJECT: **STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302**
Madison County

The Department acquired the following Clean Water Act Section 404 permit from the Corps of Engineers for placing fill material in federally regulated water resources that were identified during project development:

Nationwide Permit No. 14 – Linear Transportation Projects
Corps ID number: MVK-2023-00309

The location of anticipated fill areas and the permit conditions shall be downloaded at the below referenced link for the appropriate letting date under the column titled "Permit Doc." The conditions of the permit shall be adhered to by the Contractor throughout the construction process.

http://mdot.ms.gov/Applications/BidSystem/Home.aspx

The document may have plan sheets attached as reference, but these sheets are not to be used for construction. Official plans sheets are those included in the Project Plans.

Securing a permit(s) for the filling of any other federally regulated site, the purpose of which is temporary construction for the convenience of the Contractor, shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8128 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 9/09/2026

SUBJECT: Temporary Construction Signs

PROJECT: STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302
Madison County

Bidders are hereby advised of the following regarding the Temporary Construction Signs required:

Should the Bidders elect to install Temporary Construction Signs by first driving short u-channel sections and then bolting the longer, correct height u-channel sections to them, the Bidders are advised that these short sections shall be a minimum of five (5) feet from the ground level when driven and the splice must consist of a minimum of eighteen (18) inches of overlap with a total of four (4) bolts. Bidders are also advised that it is mandatory that these short sections be removed at the completion of the project.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8129 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **9/09/2026**

SUBJECT: **Underground Utilities**

PROJECT: **STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302**
Madison County

Bidders are hereby advised that utility lines owned and maintained by MDOT may be present within the project limits. These utilities are not located by Mississippi 811. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with MDOT to have the utility lines located and marked prior to beginning work. The Contractor shall give a minimum of three (3) working days of advance notice for locate requests. Also, the Contractor shall be responsible for contacting local public agencies that are not members of Mississippi 811.

Additionally, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to maintain the utility markings and have the ability to survey the marked utilities and re-establish said utility markings as needed. The Department shall only be responsible for locating and marking the utilities once per Contract.

The contacts for MDOT utility lines are as follows:

Underground Power Lines:
Michael Lee – 601-683-3341 – mlee@mdot.ms.gov
Billy Coward – 601-683-3341 – bcoward@mdot.ms.gov

Underground Communication Lines:
Kerby McFarland – 601-359-7450 – kmcfarland@mdot.ms.gov
Steven Newell – 601-359-7450 – snewell@mdot.ms.gov
Henry Lewis – 601-359-1454 – hlewis@mdot.ms.gov

Underground Signal Lines:
Amrik Singh – 601-359-1454 – asingh@mdot.ms.gov
Kenneth Welch – 601-359-1454 – kwelch@mdot.ms.gov

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8130 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 9/09/2026

SUBJECT: Additional Construction Requirements

PROJECT: STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302
Madison County

Bidders are hereby advised of the following additional construction requirements:

1. The Contractor shall be aware of an aerial power line located just south of Bridge B at approximately Station 420+00.
2. The Contractor shall contact Enbridge when working within their easement located at approximately Station 336+00. A one week notice shall be required. The contacts for Enbridge are as follows:

Primary Contact:
Justin Saulters
C: (601) 317-2228
Email: Justin.Saulters@enbridge.com

Secondary Contact:
Douglas B. White
C: (601) 940-3193
Area Supervisor - Clinton
Email: Douglas.White@enbridge.com

Upper Level Management:
Les Brown
Supervisor - Measurement & Communications
Southeast Region Operations
O: 713-627-5436
C: 281-939-3758
les.brown@enbridge.com
Suite 1100
915 N Eldridge Parkway
Houston, TX 77.79

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8133 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 9/09/2026

SUBJECT: Lane Closure Restrictions

PROJECT: STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302
Madison County

Bidders are hereby advised of the following lane closure restrictions on the above captioned project:

- No lane closures are allowed Monday through Friday - 6:00 AM to 7:00 PM
- No lane closures are allowed Saturday - 9:00 AM to 6:00 PM
- No lane closures are allowed on Sunday. Sunday is defined as Saturday 6:00 PM to Sunday 6:00 PM

The Contractor will be charged a fee of **$500.00** for each full or partial 5 - minute period until the roadway is back in compliance with the requirements stated above.

Official time can be obtained by calling the following Jackson area phone number: 601-355-9311.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8134 **CODE (SP)**

DATE: **7/01/2026**

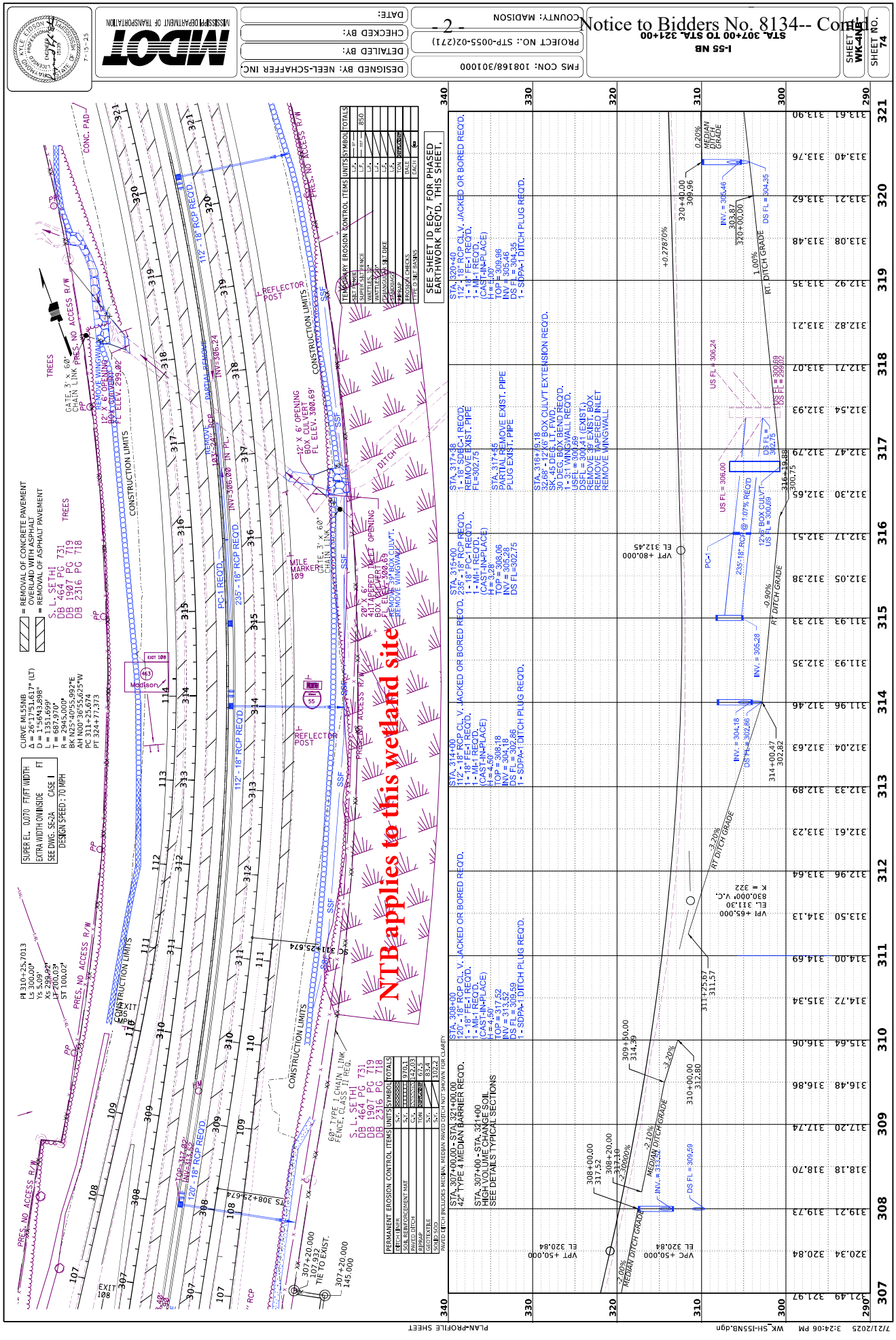
SUBJECT: **Avoidance of Impacts to Federally Regulated Wetland Site**

PROJECT: **STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302**
Madison County

The Contractor shall avoid impacts to the wetland identified from Station 310+50 to Station 319+00 northbound as shown on the attached plan sheet. The following stipulations shall be considered by bidders when preparing their bid:

1) Trees shall be cleared, as needed, but no grubbing shall occur.
2) If trees are cleared, sawdust and wood chips resulting shall remain where they naturally fall.
3) No rip-rap, mats, or other access aids shall be placed within the wetland area.
4) Chain-link fence posts shall be pile driven directly into the ground. No auger or other hole digging prior to the placement of each post shall occur.

The reference plan sheet is <u>not</u> to be used for construction. Official plans sheets are those included in the Project Plans.


NTB applies to this wetland site
I-55 NB
STA. 307+00 TO STA. 321+00
FMS CON: 108168/301000
PROJECT NO.: STP-0055-02(271)
COUNTY: MADISON
DESIGNED BY: NEEL-SCHAFFER INC.
DETAILED BY:
CHECKED BY:
DATE:
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SHEET NO. 74
SHEET WK-4NB
PLAN-PROFILE SHEET
7/21/2025 3:24:06 PM WK_SH-I55NB.dgn

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8191 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 07/01/2026

SUBJECT: Obligation Date

With respect to the obligation date referenced in Special Provision No. 907-700-3 entitled "Materials and Tests", bidders are advised that this project will be obligated on or after October 1, 2025 and before October 1, 2026.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8307 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **9/09/2026**

SUBJECT: **Disturbed Area**

PROJECT: **STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302**
Madison County

Bidders are advised of Notice to Bidders No. 757 and Special Provision No. 907-107-2 that limit the maximum total acreage that can be disturbed at one time to 19 acres. However, if the Contractor provides a schedule for earthwork activity by means of haul-mass diagram, narrative description of the phasing for the haul-mass diagram (including proposed acreages for each phase that includes anticipated locations for multiple crews) and any proposed commitments to help maintain embankment stability during each phase, the expansion of the 19-acre limit will be considered for a maximum disturbed acreage of no more than forty (40) acres. A written request with supporting documentation shall be submitted to the Project Engineer who will review the request before submitting it to Construction Division for approval. MDOT reserves the right to decrease the acreage requested by the Contractor based on the Contractor's erosion control performance and the complexity of the project.

Time associated with the submittal, review, and approval/denial of this change will run concurrent with the 90 days set aside in Special Provision No. 907-107-2 for the approval of the Contractor's Erosion Control Plan.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8309 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 9/09/2026

SUBJECT: A + C Bidding

PROJECT: STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302
Madison County

Bidders are hereby advised this project contains requirements for A + C bidding.

The bidder shall determine the total number of working days required to complete the work in the contract. The product of the total number of working days required for construction of the project in accordance with the plans and specifications (contract time), as determined by the Bidder, times the disincentive cost of **$35,000.00 per working day** shall be added to the total bid determined from the bid items. The sum of these two amounts will be the amount used for comparison of bids. This information will be shown on the Expedite Bid Sheets.

The proposal guaranty for this project should not include the amount determined for contract time as specified above. The proposal guaranty should be for the amount of the bid items.

After the proposals are opened and read, they will be compared on the basis of the following formula:

X = A + C

Where:

X = The total amount used only for determining the lowest bid for award of Contract.

A = Total Bid - Direct and Dependent Items - This being the summation of the products of the quantities shown in the bid schedule multiplied by their respective unit prices.

C = Value of the Contract Time – This being the total working days required to complete construction of the project in accordance with the plans and specifications (contract time), as determined by the Bidder, multiplied by the disincentive cost of **$35,000.00** per day. The value C is included for comparison of bids only and will NOT be included in any payment to the Contractor. **The total number of days entered for contract time CAN NOT EXCEED 599 Working Days.** If the Contractor enters a Contract Time of more than **599 working days**, the proposal will be considered **irregular, rejected, and returned to the bidder.**

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904 - NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8310 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **9/09/2026**

SUBJECT: **Liquidated Damages**

PROJECT: **STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302**
Madison County

Bidders are hereby advised to disregard the values in the "Schedule of Deductions for Each Day of Overrun in Contract Time" table shown in Subsection 108.07 of the 2017 Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

Liquidated Damages of **$35,000.00** per calendar day shall be applicable to each calendar day after the Contractor determined number of working days and shall continue until all work under the contract has been met.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 904- NOTICE TO BIDDERS NO. 8311 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **08/20/2026**

SUBJECT: **Slurry Application**

PROJECT: **STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302**
Madison County

The Contractor is hereby advised that due to traffic immediately adjacent to the proposed work, the Contractor is restricted from using “Dry Application” methods as a means of lime treatment and lime-fly ash. Only the use of “Slurry Application” methods will be allowed.

General Decision Number: MS20260137 05/18/2026

State: Mississippi

Construction Types: Highway

Counties: Mississippi Counties of
Madison

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	01/02/2026
1	05/18/2026

ELEC0480-010 01/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
TRAFFIC SIGNALIZATION (ELECTRICIAN)	$ 30.35	11.39

SUMS2010-060 08/04/2014

	Rates	Fringes
TRUCK DRIVER: SEMI/TRAILER TRUCK	$ 12.50	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER: DUMP TRUCK (ALL TYPES)	$ 11.02	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER: WATER TRUCK	$ 10.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER: MECHANIC	$ 13.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER: LOWBOY TRUCK	$ 12.08	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER: FLATBED TRUCK	$ 14.06	0.00
OPERATOR: TRACTOR	$ 10.56	0.00
OPERATOR: SCRAPER	$ 12.25	0.00
OPERATOR: ROLLER (ALL TYPES)	$ 10.85	0.00
OPERATOR: PAVER (ASPHALT, AGGREGATE, AND CONCRETE)	$ 11.74	0.00
OPERATOR: OILER	$ 12.35	0.00
OPERATOR: MIXER	$ 14.25	0.00
OPERATOR: MILLING MACHINE	$ 14.68	0.00
OPERATOR: MECHANIC	$ 13.00	0.00
OPERATOR: LOADER	$ 13.28	0.00
OPERATOR: GRINDING/GROOVING MACHINE	$ 15.90	0.00
OPERATOR: GRADER/BLADE	$ 14.28	0.00
OPERATOR: DISTRIBUTOR	$ 10.95	0.00
OPERATOR: CRANE	$ 15.00	0.00
OPERATOR: CONCRETE SAW	$ 15.50	0.00
OPERATOR: BULLDOZER	$ 13.88	0.00
OPERATOR: BROOM/SWEEPER	$ 10.48	0.00
OPERATOR: BOBCAT/SKID STEER/SKID LOADER	$ 11.64	0.00
OPERATOR: BACKHOE/EXCAVATOR/TRACKHOE	$ 14.37	0.00
OPERATOR: ASPHALT SPREADER	$ 14.71	0.00
LABORER: LABORER-CONES/ BARRICADES/BARRELS - SETTER/MOVER/SWEEPER	$ 10.26	0.00
LABORER: PIPELAYER	$ 13.44	0.00

LABORER: MASON TENDER - CEMENT/CONCRETE.....$ 11.27 0.00
LABORER: LUTEMAN.....$ 12.88 0.00
LABORER: FLAGGER.....$ 9.91 0.00
LABORER: COMMON OR GENERAL, INCLUDING ASPHALT
RAKING, SHOVELING, SPREADING; AND GRADE CHECKING....$ 10.38 0.00
IRONWORKER, REINFORCING.....$ 15.52 0.00
INSTALLER - SIGN.....$ 11.54 0.00
INSTALLER - GUARDRAIL.....$ 12.07 0.00
HIGHWAY/PARKING LOT STRIPING: TRUCK DRIVER (LINE
STRIPING TRUCK).....$ 10.86 0.00
ELECTRICIAN.....$ 24.04 5.87
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER.....$ 12.85 0.39
CARPENTER (FORM WORK ONLY).....$ 12.32 0.00

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing
operation to which welding is incidental.
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Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave
for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the
Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any
solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this
contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide
employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours
they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year.
Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their
own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including
preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is
like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other
health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons
resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is
like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic
violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information
on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO
is available at
https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Note: Executive Order 13658 generally applies to contracts subject
to the Davis-Bacon Act that were awarded on or between January 1,
2015 and January 29, 2022, and that have not been renewed or
extended on or after January 30, 2022. Executive Order 13658 does
not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts
regardless of when they were awarded. If a contract is subject to
Executive Order 13658, the contractor must pay all covered workers
at least $13.65 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this
wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on
the contract from May 11, 2026, through December 31, 2026. The
applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually.
Additional information on contractor requirements and worker
protections under Executive Order 13658 is available at
www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within
the scope of the classifications listed may be added after
award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses
(29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classifications and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the type(s) of construction and geographic area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order under rate identifiers indicating whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate), a survey rate, a weighted union average rate, a state adopted rate, or a supplemental classification rate.

Union Rate Identifiers

A four-letter identifier beginning with characters other than ♦SU♦, ♦UAVG♦, ♦SA♦, or ♦SC♦ denotes that a union rate was prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2024. PLUM is an identifier of the union whose collectively bargained rate prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. The date, 07/01/2024 in the example, is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all changes over time that are reported to WHD in the rates in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing the classification.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

The UAVG identifier indicates that no single rate prevailed for those classifications, but that 100% of the data reported for the classifications reflected union rates. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 01/01/2024. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the State of Ohio. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/01/2024 in the example, indicates the date the wage determination was updated to reflect the most current union average rate.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January, to reflect a weighted average of the current rates in the collective bargaining agreements on which the rate is based.

Survey Rate Identifiers

The ♦SU♦ identifier indicates that either a single non-union rate prevailed (as defined in 29 CFR 1.2) for this classification in the survey or that the rate was derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As a weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SUFL2022-007 6/27/2024. SU indicates the rate is a single non-union prevailing rate or a weighted average of survey data for that classification. FL indicates the State of Florida. 2022 is the

year of the survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 6/27/2024 in the example, indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

•SU• wage rates typically remain in effect until a new survey is conducted. However, the Wage and Hour Division (WHD) has the discretion to update such rates under 29 CFR 1.6(c)(1).

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

The •SA• identifier indicates that the classifications and prevailing wage rates set by a state (or local) government were adopted under 29 C.F.R 1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/03/2024 in the example, reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the •SA• identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

a) a survey underlying a wage determination
b) an existing published wage determination
c) an initial WHD letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
d) an initial conformance (additional classification and rate) determination

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be directed to the WHD Branch of Wage Surveys. Requests can be submitted via email to davisbaconinfo@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Wage Surveys
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

Regarding any other wage determination matter such as conformance decisions, requests for initial decisions should be directed to the WHD Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Requests can be submitted via email to BCWD-Office@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2) If an initial decision has been issued, then any interested party (those affected by the action) that disagrees with the decision can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Requests for review and reconsideration can be submitted via

email to dba.reconsideration@dol.gov or by mail to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210.

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END OF GENERAL DECISION

SUPPLEMENT TO FORM FHWA-1273

DATE: 07/25/2026

SUBJECT: Federal Contract Provisions for Subcontracts

Federal Contract Provisions for Subcontracts

All subcontracts shall be in writing and contain all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

Each "Request for Permission to Subcontract" (Mississippi Department of Transportation Form CAD-720) shall include a copy of the subcontract. The federal contract provisions (FHWA-1273, SUPPLEMENT TO FORM FHWA-1273, NOTICE OF NON-DISCRIMINATION AND DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS (WAGE RATES)) must be physically incorporated as part of the subcontract. A completed Mississippi Department of Transportation Form CAD-725 must be attached to the CAD-720.

CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

I. General
II. Nondiscrimination
III. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
IV. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
V. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
VI. Safety: Accident Prevention
VII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
VIII. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
IX. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
X. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
XI. Use of United States-Flag Vessels

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only).

I. GENERAL

1. Historically, contracting agencies using Federal-aid highway funds were required to ensure Form FHWA-1273 was physically incorporated into all contracts and subcontracts. Effective June 10, 2026, this requirement was eliminated [91 FR 25492]. Future use of Form FHWA-1273 is now optional on the part of the contracting agency using Federal-aid highway funds. FHWA continues to make Form FHWA-1273 available as a convenience to contracting agencies. Contracting agencies must continue to ensure compliance with the provisions cited in Form FHWA-1273 in accordance with the provisions regardless of the use of Form FHWA-1273. Accordingly, the contracting agency retains the authority to determine whether the contractor must use Form FHWA-1273 to physically incorporate required contract provisions in each subcontract and in lower tier contracts. Where permitted by the contracting agency, the contractor may choose other ways to include required contract provisions in each subcontract, besides incorporating Form FHWA-1273. Contract provisions in Form FHWA-1273 are not required to be physically included in subcontracts for design services on Federal-aid design-build contracts, or in purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services.

The applicable provisions of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor or design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents.

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27, including any amendments thereto.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27, including any amendments thereto.

The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract.

1. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26, including any amendments thereto, and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26, including any amendments thereto, in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

(1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
(2) Assessing sanctions;
(3) Liquidated damages; and/or
(4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E, including any amendments thereto, are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

III. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding $2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 “Contract provisions and related matters” with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Wage rates and fringe benefits.* All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided,* That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH–1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. *Frequently recurring classifications.* (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in 29 CFR part 1, a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:

(i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

c. *Conformance.* (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.

(3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the

classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.

(5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

d. *Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate.* Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

e. *Unfunded plans.* If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided,* That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Withholding requirements.* The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph 2.a. of this section or Section IV, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:

(1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;

(2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;

(3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;

(4) A contractor's assignee(s);

(5) A contractor's successor(s); or

(6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, 31 U.S.C. 3901–3907.

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Basic record requirements* (1) *Length of record retention.* All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

(2) *Information required.* Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number

of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.

(3) *Additional records relating to fringe benefits.* Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

(4) *Additional records relating to apprenticeship.* Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. *Certified payroll requirements* (1) *Frequency and method of submission.* The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.

(2) *Information required.* The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (*e.g.,* the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH–347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH–347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at *https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/wh347/.pdf* or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.

(3) *Statement of Compliance.* Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:

(i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3; and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(4) *Use of Optional Form WH–347.* The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

(5) *Signature.* The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.

(6) *Falsification.* The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 3729.

(7) *Length of certified payroll retention.* The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

c. *Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents.* The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

d. *Required disclosures and access* (1) *Required record disclosures and access to workers.* The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.

(2) *Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements.* If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under 29 CFR part 6 any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.

(3) *Required information disclosures.* Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Apprentices* (1) *Rate of pay.* Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) *Fringe benefits.* Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.

(3) *Apprenticeship ratio.* The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(4) *Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates.* Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.

b. *Equal employment opportunity.* The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with 29 CFR part 30, including any amendments thereto.

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section III. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (11) of this section, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the

contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

11. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3.

IV. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of $100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* $33 as of January 15, 2025 (See 90 FR 1859) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

a. *Withholding process.* The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section III paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:

(1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;

(2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;

(3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;

(4) A contractor's assignee(s);

(5) A contractor's successor(s); or

(6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, 31 U.S.C. 3901–3907.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

5. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

V. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term “perform work with its own organization” in paragraph 1. of this section refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1. of this section is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however,

contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VI. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

VIII. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of $150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

IX. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost $25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1**. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:**

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this

covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. “First Tier Covered Transactions” refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). “Lower Tier Covered Transactions” refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). “First Tier Participant” refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). “Lower Tier Participant” refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the $25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

* * * * *

3. **Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:**

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost $25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 – 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. “First Tier Covered Transactions” refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). “Lower Tier Covered Transactions” refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). “First Tier Participant” refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). “Lower Tier Participant” refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the $25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed $100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000 and not more than $100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed $100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XI. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS (40 U.S.C. sections 14501(d) and 14701 and the Appalachian Regional Commission Code as authorized under 40 U.S.C. section 14302)
This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 40 U.S.C. 14501 allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-101-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 07/20/2023

SUBJECT: Definitions and Terms

Section 101, Definitions and Terms, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-101.01--Abbreviations. After the abbreviation API on page 1, add the following.

APL Approved Products List

Replace the abbreviation for AWPA on page 1 with the following.

AWPA American Wood Protection Association

907-101.02--Definitions. Delete the sentence after the list of holidays in Subsection 101.02 on page 6 under **holidays, legal**, and substitute the following.

When a legal holiday falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the succeeding Monday, or as proclaimed by the Governor, will be observed as a legal holiday.

Delete the definition for Notice to Proceed in Subsection 101.02 on page 8, and substitute the following.

Notice to Proceed - Written notice to the Contractor to proceed with the contract work.

Delete the definition for "Plans" in Subsection 101.02 on page 8, and substitute the following.

plans - The approved plans, profiles, typical cross-sections, working drawings and supplemental drawings, or exact reproduction thereof, that show the location, character, dimensions, and details of the work to be done. The plans may also include electronic files, referred to on the plans as Electronic Files Identified as Plans, which may include engineering models, spreadsheets, CADD files or other electronic files used to convey design intent. When the contract does not have an official set of plans, reference to the plans shall mean the contract documents.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-102-2 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/22/2017

SUBJECT: Bidding Requirements and Conditions

Section 102, Bidding Requirements and Conditions, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-102.01--Prequalification of Bidders. Delete the last sentence of the third paragraph of Subsection 102.01 on page 13, and substitute the following.

The Bidder's Certificate of Responsibility number must be on file with the Department's Contract Administration Division prior to request for permission to bid.

907-102.02--Contents of Proposal Forms. Delete the fourth paragraph in Subsection 102.02 on page 13, and substitute the following.

Prospective bidders must complete an online request for permission to be eligible to bid a project. Upon approval, the bidder will be authorized to submit a bid electronically using Bid Express at http://bidx.com.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-104-2 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 06/17/2025

SUBJECT: Minor Alteration to the Contract

Section 104, Scope of Work, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

907-104.02--Alterations of Plans or Character of Work.

907-104.02.3--Minor Alteration to the Contract. In the first paragraph of Subsection 104.02.3 on page 25, change $10,000.00 to $25,000.00.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-105-3 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 07/21/2026

SUBJECT: Control of Work

Section 105, Control of Work, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-105.01--Authority of the Engineer. Delete the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 105.01 on page 31, and substitute the following.

The Engineer has the right to suspend the work wholly or in part and to withhold payments because of the Contractor's failure to correct conditions unsafe for workmen or the general public, for failure to carry out provisions of the Contract, or for failure to carry out orders.

907-105.02--Plans and Working Drawings. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 105.02 on page 31, and substitute the following.

After the contract is executed by the Executive Director, the Contractor will receive, free of charge, two bound copies of the proposal and contract documents (one executed and one blank) and five half-scale copies of the Plans and Electronic Files Identified as Plans. The Contractor shall have one copy of the proposal and contract documents and one half-scale copy of the plans available at all times during work activity on the project.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-106-5 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 4/20/2026

SUBJECT: Control of Materials

Section 106, Control of Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

After Subsection 106.13 on page 47, add the following:

907-106.14--Buy America/Build America. Buy America (BABA) Materials Sourcing Requirements for Federal-Aid Projects.

The "Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act" (the "Act"), or Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), was enacted on November 15, 2021 (See Public Law No. 117-58, Sections 70901-70953). The Build America, Buy America (BABA) provisions of the Act expand the previous Buy America requirements beyond what was currently required for steel and iron products.

Articles, materials, or supplies will only be classified under one of the following categories: iron or steel products, construction materials, manufactured products, or excluded materials (as further described in subsection 907-700.01.1). An article, material, or supply shall not be considered to fall under multiple categories. The applicable classification of the article, material, or supply being permanently incorporated into a construction project will be based on the status at the time the article, material, or supply is brought to the project work site.

Any iron or steel products, construction materials, and manufactured products that are permanently incorporated into a construction project, shall be domestically manufactured and compliant with current requirements of the Act, including 2 CFR 184, 2 CFR 200.322, 0MB 24-02 Memo and related requirements therein, and with the current requirements within 23 CFR 635.410.

It is the prime Contractor's responsibility to ensure all submittals and/or certifications required by the above listed Buy America/BABA provisions are submitted to the Project Engineer prior to the article, material, or supply being incorporated into the work.

Buy America/BABA provisions do not apply to temporarily used articles, materials, or supplies that:
(1) are specified to be removed at the end of the project per the contract provisions, or (2) are specified to remain in place per the contract provisions and are also documented by the Department in the contract provisions to be removed in a subsequent imminent, near-term phased project.

The following categories, as described above, require Domestic Materials Self-Certification Form (as described within Subsection 907-700.01.2) on construction projects:

Iron or Steel Products
Construction Materials
Manufactured Products.

Buy America/BABA provisions do not apply to excluded materials.

A non-exclusive list of items that must comply with the above listed Buy America/BABA requirements and require the submittal of the Buy America Domestic Materials Self- Certification Form may be viewed at www.goMDOT.com under Business Center ➔ Engineering Standards/Guides/Manuals ➔ Construction Materials.

The list of items referenced above is not all-inclusive. All iron or steel products, construction material, and manufactured products permanently incorporated into the project shall comply with the applicable Buy America/Build America (BABA) requirements, regardless of whether such items are specifically Identified.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-107-2 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **01/31/2018**

SUBJECT: **Contractor's Erosion Control Plan**

Section 107, Legal Relations and Responsibility to Public, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-107.22--Environmental Protection.

907-107.22.1--Contractor's Erosion Control Plan (ECP). After the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 107.22.1 on page 63, add the following.

The ECP shall be submitted electronically to the Project Engineer who will forward it to the appropriate MDOT Divisions.

Delete the example Narrative in Subsection 107.22.1 on page 65, and substitute the following.

EXAMPLE
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)
Narrative

General Permit Coverage No: MSR_____
Project Number: _____
County: _____
Route: _____

SITE INFORMATION

This project consists of grading and installing drainage structures necessary to construct approximately 6 miles of parallel lanes on SR 31 between the Hinds County Line and the Rankin County Line.

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS

a) Vegetative Controls: Clearing and grubbing areas will be minimized to comply with the buffer zones (minimum of 15 feet along the ROW lines and 5 feet along creeks) as per the contract documents. A combination of temporary and permanent grassing will be used to protect slopes as construction progresses. **Should a disturbed area be left undisturbed for 14 days or more, placement of temporary BMPs (seeding & mulching, silt fences, basins, ditch checks, slope drains, etc.) or permanent erosion control measures (seeding & mulching, riprap, paved ditch, flumes, etc.) will be initiated by the next working day after the land disturbing activities have stopped.**

b) Structural Controls: Gravel construction entrance/exit will be installed near Stations 145+50, 159+50, 164+50 & 172+50. Riprap ditch checks will be constructed at Stations 144+50, 151+75, 162+00 & 166+25. The Concrete washout area will be at Stations 140+25, 152+00 & 168+50.

c) Housekeeping Practices: Structural BMPs will be cleaned out when sediment reaches 1/3 to 1/2 of the height of the BMP. Maintenance and repair of equipment will be performed off-site, material wash out will occur either off-site or within designated wash out areas.

d) Post-Construction Control Measures: As construction is completed, permanent vegetative growth will be established on disturbed soils to improve soil stability and provide a buffer zone for loose material. Paved ditches and flumes will be placed as specified in the ECP to reduce erosion in concentrated flow areas and rip rap will be placed as specified to dissipate flow energy and reduce flow velocity.

IMPLEMENTATION SEQUENCE

Perimeter controls will be installed first. Clearing and grubbing will be performed in 19-acre sections beginning at the BOP and temporary grassing will be installed as needed. Temporary erosion control BMPs will be installed at the drainage structures prior/during construction of the drainage structures. Grading activities will commence at the BOP and proceed towards the EOP, fill slopes will be permanently grassed in stages for fill heights that exceed 5 feet. Base materials will be installed on completed grading sections with the paving to follow.

MAINTENANCE PLAN

All erosion and sediment control practices will be checked for stability and operation following every rainfall but in no case less than once every week. Any needed repairs will be made immediately to maintain all practices as designed. Sediment basins will be cleaned out when the level of sediment reaches 2.0 feet below the top of the riser. Sediment will be removed from the front/upstream end of the BMPs when it becomes about 1/3 to 1/2 height of BMP.

_____ _____
Prime Contractor's Signature Date

_____ _____
Printed Name Title

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-108-4 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 10/07/2020

SUBJECT: Subletting of Contract

Section 108, Prosecution and Progress, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-108.01--Subletting of Contract.

907-108.01.1--General. Delete the third sentence of the tenth paragraph of Subsection 108.01.1 on the bottom of page 72.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-108-6 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 03/11/2025

SUBJECT: Default and Termination of Contract

Section 108, Prosecution and Progress, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-108.08--Default and Termination of Contract. At the end of the Subsection 108.08 on page 85, add the following.

907-108.08.1--Debarment of Contractor. If the Contractor is declared to be in default under this Subsection and the Contract terminated for the reason(s) indicated in Subsections 108.08 (d), (f), or (g) above, the Commission may, in its discretion and in addition to default and termination, declare the Contractor to be debarred from bidding on any other projects for a period of one (1) year from the date of the termination letter. If the debarred Contractor has multiple on-going Contracts with the Commission and receives a one (1) year debarment, the on-going Contract(s) may continue; however, the Contractor will not be allowed to bid another project until one (1) year has passed from date of the termination letter.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-109-5 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/14/2023

SUBJECT: Measurement and Payment

Section 109, Measurement and Payment, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi StandardSpecifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-109.01--Measurement of Quantities. Delete the sixth full paragraph of Subsection 109.01on page 88, and substitute the following.

If appropriate based on the specific circumstances of the project, the Contractor may request that material specified to be measured by the cubic yard or ton be converted to the other measure. The Contractor must submit this request to the Engineer. The Engineer will provide an approval or denial in writing. The decision is in the sole discretion of the Engineer. If approved, factors for this conversion will be determined by the District Materials Engineer and agreed to by the Contractor. The conversion of the materials along with the conversion factor will be incorporated into the Contract by supplemental agreement. The supplemental agreement must be executed before such method of measurement is used.

907-109.04--Extra Work.

907-109.04.1--Supplemental Agreement. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 109.04.1 on page 90.

907-109.04.2--Force Account Agreement. Delete the last sentence of subparagraph (c) in Subsection 109.04.2 on page 91, and substitute the following.

An amount will be added equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the sum thereof, excluding sales tax.

Delete subparagraph (d) in Subsection 109.04.2 on pages 91 & 92, and substitute the following.

(d) **Equipment.** Equipment used for force account work shall be of sufficient size and type necessary to perform the required work in an economic and expeditious manner. The Contractor must provide the manufacturer, make, model, year, type of fuel and other necessary information to determine proper hourly payment rates. Subject to advance approval of the Engineer, actual transportation cost for a distance of not more than 200 miles will be reimbursed for equipment not already on the project.

For equipment authorized by the Engineer for use on the force account work, the Engineer will use the equipment rental rates from the "*Rental Rate Blue Book*" as published on the Equipment Watch website www.equipmentwatch.com for the time period the force account work is authorized to determine payment to the Contractor. The maximum allowable rates

are determined as follows:

1. The hourly equipment rate will equal the FHWA total hourly rate. This rate takes into account adjustment factors for age and region.
2. The hourly estimated operating costs have been included in the FHWA total hourly rate.
3. The idle and standby rates shall be as listed in the "*Rental Rate Blue Book*" as reported by *Equipment Watch*.
4. These rates include the basic machine plus any necessary attachments.

Standby rates shall apply when equipment is not in operation and is approved by the Engineer to standby for later use to complete the work. Idle rates shall apply to equipment located on the project and the engine is burning fuel but no ground engaging or other components are actively engaged in meaningful work. In general, idle or standby rates shall apply when equipment is not in use, but will be needed again to complete the work and the cost of moving the equipment will exceed the accumulated standby cost. If the idle standby cost should exceed the equipment moving cost to or from the work site, the Contractor will be entitled to the moving cost only. Idle or standby rates will be used under the following conditions:

1. The equipment is totally dedicated to the force account work and not used intermittently on other work.
2. Idle or standby cost will be considered only after equipment has been operated on force account work.
3. The sum of idle or standby time and operating time shall not exceed eight (8) hours per day or 40 hours in a week.
4. Idle or standby payment will not apply to days not normally considered to be work days such as holidays, weekends, or days of inclement weather when no other work is taking place.

The Department will not pay for idle or standby time when equipment is inoperable, for time spent repairing equipment, or for the time elapsed after the Engineer has advised the Contractor that the equipment is no longer needed. The Department will determine if it will be more cost effective to pay standby time on approved equipment on site or for multiple mobilizations.

If equipment is needed, which is not included in the *Rental Rate Blue Book* as reported by *Equipment Watch*, the Department and Contractor will agree upon reasonable rental rates in writing before the equipment is used.

All equipment shall be subject to approval from day to day in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 108.05.

907-109.06--Partial Payment.

907-109.06.2--Advancement on Materials.
Delete the next to last paragraph of Subsection 109.06.2 on page 95, and substitute the following.

Materials for which an advanced payment has been allowed must be paid for by the Contractor within 30 days of the estimate on which the advanced payment was first allowed and proof of said payment must be verified by the supplier. If proof of payment is not furnished within the allowable 30 days, the advanced payment will be deducted on subsequent current estimates until such time that proof of payment is furnished.

907-109.07--Changes in Material Costs. After the fifth paragraph of Subsection 109.07 on page 96, change the web address to the following.

https://mdot.ms.gov/portal/current_letting

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-234-1 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 10/13/2021

SUBJECT: Silt Fence

Section 234, Silt Fence, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-234.02--Materials. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 234.02 on page 181, and substitute the following.

Materials used in silt fence and super silt fence may be accepted by certification per Subsection 700.05.1. Geotextile fabric, posts, staples and woven wire backing, when required, shall meet the requirements of Subsection 714.13.

907-234.05--Basis of Payment. Add the "907" prefix to the pay items listed on page 183.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-248-1 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 09/04/2025

SUBJECT: Temporary Site Drainage

PROJECT: STP-0055-02(271) 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302
Madison County

Section 907-248, Temporary Site Drainage, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-248 – TEMPORARY SITE DRAINAGE

907-248.01--Description. This work consists of work necessary to control water flow within the construction zone.

907-248.02--Blank.

907-248.03--Construction Requirements. Temporary site drainage shall be performed in accordance with notes entitled "Construction Phasing and Temporary and Permanent Drainage Notes" as shown on the Traffic Control Narrative sheet in the Plans.

907-248.04--Method of Measurement. Temporary site drainage will be measured as a lump sum quantity.

907-248.05--Basis of Payment. Temporary site drainage, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, which prices shall be full compensation for all excavation, backfill, disposal, pumps, pipe, labor, tools, equipment, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work

Payment will be made under:

907-248-A001: Temporary Site Drainage - lump sum

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-253-1 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 01/17/2017

SUBJECT: Coir Fiber Baffle

Section 907-253, Coir Fiber Baffle, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-253 -- COIR FIBER BAFFLE

907-253.01--Description. This work consists of furnishing materials, installing, and maintaining coir fiber baffles according to the details in the plans or in locations as directed. Coir fiber baffles shall be installed in silt basins.

907-253.02--Materials.

907-253.02.1--Coir Fiber Mat. Matting shall be provided to meet the requirements of Table 1.

TABLE 1
COIR FIBER MAT PROPERTIES

Property	Requirement	Method
Composition	100% coconut fiber (coir) twine woven into high strength matrix	-
Weight, ounces per square yard	20	ASTM D 5261
Open Area, Measured, percent	50	-

In addition to the above, the product shall be on the Department's APL, or an approved equal.

907-253.02.2--Staples. Staples shall be made of 0.125-inch diameter new steel wire formed into a U-shape not less than 12 inches in length with a throat of one inch (1") in width.

907-253.02.3--Posts. Posts shall meet the requirements of Subsection 714.13.2.2.

907-253.02.4--Tension Wire. The tension wire shall be 9-gauge high tension wire strand of variable lengths.

907-253.02.5--Wire Mesh. The wire mesh for the woven wore backing shall meet the requirements of Subsection 714.13.2.1.

907-253.02.6--Attachment Device. The attachment devices shall be No. 9 staples with at least 1½ inches in length, or an approved equal.

907-253.03--Construction Requirements. The coir fiber baffles shall be placed immediately

upon construction of sediment dams and basins. Three (3) baffles shall be placed in the basins with a spacing of 1/4 the basin length and according to the detail sheets. Two (2) coir fiber baffles shall be placed in basins less than 20 feet in length with a spacing of 1/3 the basin length.

Steel posts shall be installed to a depth of two feet (2') below the basin floor, with spacing of no more than four feet (4'). The top height of the coir fiber baffles shall not be below the elevation of the emergency spillway base of dams and basins. A tension wire strand shall be attached to the steel posts at a height of three feet (3') with plastic ties or wire fasteners. A steel post shall be installed into the side of the basin at a variable depth and a height of three feet (3') from the bottom of the basin to anchor coir fiber mat. The anchor post shall be secured to the upright steel post in basin with wire fasteners.

The coir fiber mat shall be draped over the wire strand with at least three feet (3') of material on each side of the strand. The coir fiber mat shall be secured to the posts and wire strand with wire staples or other acceptable methods. Staples shall be placed across the matting at ends and junctions approximately one foot (1') apart at the bottom and side slopes of basin. The matting shall be overlaid at least six inches (6") where two (2) or more widths of matting are installed side by side. The Engineer may require adjustments in the stapling requirements to fit individual site conditions.

907-253.04--Method of Measurement. Coir fiber baffle will be measured per linear feet of coir fiber baffle.

907-253.05--Basis of Payment. Coir fiber baffle, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit prices per linear feet, which price shall be full compensation for all materials, labor, equipment, placing, securing, excavating, and backfilling of coir fiber baffles, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

907-253-A: Coir Fiber Baffle - per linear foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-401-4 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 03/02/2026

SUBJECT: Asphalt Pavement - General

Section 401, Asphalt Pavement - General, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows..

907-401.02--Materials.

907-401.02.6--Standards of Acceptance.

907-401.02.6.4—Acceptance Procedure for Density.

Delete the paragraph and Lot Determination table of Subsection 401.02.6.4 and substitute the following:

Each completed lift will be accepted with respect to compaction on a lot to lot basis from density tests performed by the Department. For normal production days, every 350 tons will be considered a lot. When cores are being used for the compaction evaluation, randomly obtain one core from each lot. When the nuclear density gauge is being used for compaction evaluation, obtain two random readings from each lot and average the results. See Chapter 7 of the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for Asphalt Mixtures for more details. Additional tests may be required by the Engineer to determine acceptance of work appearing deficient. The Contractor shall furnish and maintain traffic control for all compaction evaluations, including coring, required in satisfying specified density requirements.

907-401.02.6.4.1 –Roadway Density.

Delete the last sentence in section 1 of Subsection 401.02.6.4.1 on page 250 and substitute the following:

For all other leveling, no density shall be required but the pavement shall be rolled to refusal densification as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.3.

907-401.02.6.4.3—Roll to Refusal Densification.

Roll to refusal densification is defined as the number of roller passes to maximize the in-place unit weight of the mixture. A density gauge shall be used to determine the number of passes to achieve the maximum in-place unit weight.

907-401.02.6.4.4—Irregular Areas.

Irregular areas are defined as a mat where an established rolling pattern cannot be obtained. Irregular areas include areas with a width of less than 8 feet or shorter than 300 feet in length, pre-leveling, wedging [less than fifty percent (50%) of width greater than minimum lift thickness], ramp pads, median crossovers, turnouts, and other areas where an established rolling pattern cannot be obtained.

907-401.02.6.8--Acceptance Procedure for Pavement Smoothness Using Mean Roughness Index (MRI). Delete the third sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 401.02.6.8 on page 253, and substitute the following.

The surface shall be tested and corrected to a smoothness index as described herein except those locations or specific projects that are excluded from smoothness testing with an IPS.

Delete the third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Subsection 401.02.6.8 on pages 253 & 254, and substitute the following.

The smoothness of the surface lift will be determined for traffic lanes, auxiliary lanes, climbing lane and two-way turn lanes. Areas excluded from a smoothness test with the IPS are acceleration and deceleration lanes, tapered sections, transition sections for width, shoulders, crossovers, ramps, side street returns, etc. The roadway pavement on bridge replacement projects having 1,000 feet or less of pavement on each side of the structure will be excluded from a smoothness test. Smoothness testing shall exclude 264 feet from each transverse joint that separates the pavement from a bridge deck, bridge approach slab or existing pavement not constructed under the contract. This can apply to any other exceptions including, but not limited to, railroad crossings and manholes. Segments containing a considerable number of encroachments such as intersections, manholes, curb and gutter sections, etc. may be excluded at the Engineer's discretion.

Once paving has concluded, one final smoothness measurement shall be performed for both pay adjustments and corrective action. Multiple smoothness measurements for pay adjustments and correction can still be performed at the Engineer's discretion. These measurements must be performed at the posted speed limit or 50 miles per hour (±5 miles per hour), whichever is lower. Measurements will be made in both wheel paths of exterior and interior lanes. The wheel paths shall be designated as being located three feet (3') and nine feet (9') from centerline or longitudinal joint, respectively. Testing will also be required on sections that have been surface corrected. No smoothness testing shall be performed when there is any residual moisture on the pavement surface. Any additional testing shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-403.03.2.

The surface lift will be accepted on a continuous interval basis for pavement smoothness. Continuous reporting is based upon all MRI values for a specified running interval. These values are averaged and presented at the midpoint of the specified running interval.

Delete the last sentence of the last paragraph of Subsection 401.02.6.8 on page 254, and substitute the following.

All tests and corrections shall be in accordance with AASHTO R 54, Accepting Pavement Ride Quality When Measured Using Inertial Profiling Systems.

Delete Subsection 401.02.6.9 on pages 254 & 255, and substitute the following.

907-401.02.6.9--Inertial Profiling System.

907-401.02.6.9.1--General. The Inertial Profiling System (IPS), furnished and operated by the Contractor under the supervision of the Engineer or the Engineer's representative, shall be a dual-line laser on a high speed vehicle meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 328, Standard Specification for Inertial Profiler. Additionally, each IPS should be equipped with a GPS to ensure distance measurement accuracy. The profiler system and operator shall be certified at an MDOT approved regional calibration facility in accordance with AASHTO R 56, Standard Practice for Certification of Inertial Profiler Systems and AASHTO R 57, Operating Inertial Profiler Systems.

907-401.02.6.9.2--Computer Requirements. The computer measurement program must be menu driven, Windows compatible, and able to produce unfiltered profiler runs in the Pavement Profile (*.ppf) file format. The computer shall have the ability to display and print data on site for verification and shall have the ability to save and transfer data via Universal Serial Bus (USB) flash drive, which shall be provided by the Contractor.

All runs must be stored in a directory named in the following format for acceptance by the Project Engineer:

Project_County_Route

All profiler runs must be named in the following format for acceptance by the Project Engineer:

Direction_Lane_BeginStation_EndStation

In addition to manufacturers' software; the latest version of FHWA's ProVAL software shall be installed on the IPS computer.

907-401.03--Construction Requirements.

907-401.03.1--Specific Requirements.

907-401.03.1.2--Tack Coat. Delete the fourth sentence of Subsection 401.03.1.2 and substitute the following:

A hand wand will only be allowed for applying tack coat on irregular areas as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.4 if the distributor bar is not a feasible option.

907-401.03.1.4--Density. Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 401.03.1.4 and substitute the following.

The lot density for all dense graded pavement lifts, except for irregular areas as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.4, shall not be less than the specified percent (92% or 93%) of the maximum density based upon AASHTO T 209 for the day's production..

Delete the third paragraph of Subsection 401.03.1.4 and substitute the following.

Irregular areas as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.4 shall be compacted to roll to refusal densification as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.3.

907-401.03.9--Material Transfer Equipment. In the third sentence of Subsection 401.03.9 on page 261, change "include:" to "include".

907-401.03.14--Shoulder Wedge. In the second sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 401.03.14 on page 263, change "cross roads" to "crossroads".

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-402-9 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **01/06/2025**

SUBJECT: **Open Graded Friction Course (OGFC)**

Section 402, Open Graded Friction Course (OGFC), of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-402.02--Materials.

907-402.02.5--Contractor's Quality Management Program.

Delete Subsection 402.02.5.9 on page 271, and substitute the following.

907-402.02.5.9--Trial Section. At the beginning of placement for the lift, the Contractor shall construct a trial section of a maximum of 250 tons of mix, for the purpose of establishing and evaluating consistent mixture and compaction properties. At the discretion of the Engineer, the requirement of a trial section may be waived if the Contractor has successfully produced and placed the asphalt mixture within the previous 365 calendar days. The Contractor shall determine the production point at which the mix shall be sampled during trial section construction. This sample does not have to be selected by the formal random selection procedures used during actual production, but should be representative of the mix produced.

The Contractor (QC) and the Department (QA) will conduct tests for mixture quality. A trial section is considered to be successful if the QC test results are within the Warning Limits (the testing indicates a pay factor of 1.0) and the QC tests compare to the QA tests within the allowable differences set forth in Subsection 402.02.6.2. If the criteria for a successful trial section are not achieved, additional trial sections shall be constructed until the criteria are achieved, at which time full production can begin. In the event a successful trial section is not accomplished by the completion of the second trial section, the Contractor shall construct additional trial sections at an offsite location. The Engineer reserves the right to have any trial section removed and replaced at no additional cost to the State, if the pay factor for any characteristic for a trial section is less than 0.75.

For actual payment purposes, a pay factor of 1.00 will be used for the first and second trial sections allowed to remain in place. Any required offsite trial sections will be constructed at no additional cost to the State.

907-402.02.7--Acceptance Procedure for OGFC Pavement Smoothness. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 402.02.7 on page 274, and substitute the following.

907-402.02.7.1--High Speed Inertial Profiling System. The high speed inertial profiling system shall meet the applicable requirements of Subsection 401.02.6.9. Additionally, each laser shall have minimum footprint of three (3) inches.

907-402.02.7.2--Smoothness Tolerances. When the contract requires multiple lifts of asphalt and the top lift is OGFC, the smoothness tolerance shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-402.02.7.2.1. When the contract only requires an OGFC lift, the smoothness tolerance shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-402.02.7.2.2.

907-402.02.7.2.1--Multiple Lifts with OGFC. Smoothness tolerances for these surfaces shall meet the minimum requirements of the long continuous interval for Category A projects as defined in Subsection 403.03.2.1. Short continuous interval smoothness tolerances shall be applied to the final lift of asphalt preceding placement of OGFC and meet the requirements for Category A projects as defined in Subsection 403.03.2.1. A unit price increase will be added when the MRI for the final surface lift is less than or equal to forty five inches per mile (45.0 inches / mile) on the long continuous interval report. The final riding surface will be considered for incentive pay based on the following guidelines for the long continuous interval MRI.

Mean Roughness Index (inches/mile)	Contract Price Adjustment Percent of Asphalt Unit Bid Price
Less than 30.0	108
30.1 to 35.0	106
35.1 to 40.0	104
40.1 to 45.0	102
45.1 to 60.0	100

In addition to the above pay factors, the final riding surface will be subject to a disincentive when the Long Continuous Interval MRI exceeds the allowable tolerance based on the following guidelines.

Mean Roughness Index (inches / mile)	Contract Price Adjustment Percent of Asphalt Unit Bid Price
Above 75.1	80
70.1 to 75.0	85
65.1 to 70.0	90
60.1 to 65.0	95
Required Surface MRI (60 inches / mile)	100

All transverse joints in or abutting the OGFC shall meet a tolerance of 1/8" or less when checked using a 10-foot straight edge, unless directed by the Engineer.

907-402.02.7.2.1.1--Surface Correction. In the event surface correction is needed it shall be accomplished by removal and replacement in accordance with Subsection 403.03.4. All such corrections shall be at no additional cost to the State.

907-402.02.7.2.2--Single Lift of OGFC.
When the contract requires the OGFC to be placed on a milled surface, the final OGFC surface shall be measured by a long continuous (528-foot) surface MRI and have a value of no more than

60 inches per mile. The final riding surface will be subject to a disincentive when the Long Continuous Interval MRI exceeds the allowable tolerance based on the following guidelines:

Mean Roughness Index (inches / mile)	Contract Price Adjustment Percent of Asphalt Unit Bid Price
Above 80.1	70
75.1 to 80.0	80
70.1 to 75.0	85
65.1 to 70.0	90
60.1 to 65.0	95
Required Surface MRI (60 inches / mile)	100

All transverse joints in or abutting the OGFC shall meet a tolerance of 1/8" or less when checked using a 10-foot straight edge, unless directed by the Engineer.

907-402.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the list of the pay items on page 281, and substitute the following.

907-402-A: Open Graded Friction Course, __*__ Mixture - per ton

907-402-B: Bituminous Tack Coat - per gallon

* 9.5-mm mixture or 12.5-mm mixture

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-402-10 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 01/06/2026

SUBJECT: Roadway Compaction

Section 402.03.11 of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

402.03.11 Roadway Compaction

Delete the first sentence of this provision and replace it with the following:

Compaction shall be achieved by two or three passes of a steel wheel roller (10 ton minimum weight) operating in static mode.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-403-4 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **03/19/2025**

SUBJECT: **Asphalt Pavements**

Section 403, Asphalt Pavements, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

907-403.03--Construction Requirements.

907-403.03.2--Smoothness Tolerances. In the tenth paragraph of Subsection 403.03.2 on page 283, change "Sections(s)" to "Segment(s)".

907-403.03.2.1--Smoothness Tolerances for Mean Roughness Index (MRI). After the second paragraph of Subsection 403.03.2.1 on page 283, add the following.

For all projects, smoothness data shall be reported by two MRI methods:

1. A continuous long interval MRI report
2. A continuous 25-foot short interval MRI report

At the bottom of page 283 and top of 284 in Subsection 403.03.2.1, delete the paragraphs for Category, A, Category B, and Category C, and substitute the following.

Category A projects shall have a long interval surface MRI of not more than 60 inches per mile.

Category B projects shall have a long interval surface MRI of not more than 70 inches per mile.

Category C projects shall have the existing surface profiled at no additional cost to the State. These projects shall be measured by a long fixed interval (528-foot) surface MRI and meet the following requirements:

A 50% improvement in MRI from the existing surface
or
80 inches per mile (whichever value is higher)

Delete the first, second, and third full paragraphs on page 284, and substitute the following.

For all projects, areas of the surface lift with localized roughness greater than 160 inches per mile as determined by the continuous short interval (25') report will be identified for correction by the Contractor.

When a project has multiple lifts, the intermediate lift shall meet the short interval requirement of 200 inches per mile. Corrective action must be taken on those segments that do not meet this requirement. No unit price adjustment will be applied on the underlying lift.

Delete the table at the bottom of page 284, and substitute the following.

Mean Roughness Index (inches / mile)	Contract Price Adjustment Percent of Asphalt Unit Bid Price
Above 20.0 Over	REMOVE AND REPLACE *
15.1 to 20.0 Over	80
10.1 to 15.0 Over	85
5.1 to 10.0 Over	90
0.1 to 5.0 Over	95
Required Surface MRI	100

* In lieu of removal and replacement, segments may be brought into compliance through corrective action at the discretion of the Project Engineer.

Delete the table and footnote at the top of page 285, and substitute the following.

Mean Roughness Index (inches/mile) Percent Improvement	Contract Price Adjustment Percent of Asphalt Unit Bid Price
Below 30.1 Percent	80 **
30.1 to 35.0 Percent	80
35.1 to 40.0 Percent	85
40.1 to 45.0 Percent	90
45.1 to 50.0 Percent	95
Above 50%	100

** Segments that show less than 30 percent improvement as well as a final surface MRI greater than 100 inches/mile will be subject to removal.

Before the last paragraph on Subsection 403.03.2.1 on page 285, add the following.

Corrective action for all categories must be taken on those segments that exceed the localized roughness or the 'Remove and Replace' threshold. All locations must be located and marked by the Contractor and approved by the Project Engineer before corrective action shall take place. The minimum remove and replace length will be 528 feet (0.1 mile). Additional smoothness testing shall be required on segments following corrective action and/or replacement and will be required to meet *at least* the maximum surface MRI short of 'Remove and Replace' tolerance.

907-403.05--Basis of Payment.

907-403.05.2--Pay Items. Add the "907" prefix to the list of pay items on page 291.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-405-2 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **07/20/2026**

SUBJECT: **Stone Matrix Asphalt**

Section 405, Stone Matrix Asphalt, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

907-405-2 – Materials.

907-405.02.6 --Standards of acceptance.

907-405.02.6.4—Acceptance Procedure for Density.

Delete the paragraph and Lot Determination table of Subsection 405.02.6.4 and substitute the following.

Each completed lift will be accepted with respect to compaction on a lot to lot basis from density tests performed by the Department. Material produced and placed during the trial section(s), if placed on the roadway, will be designated as separate lots. For normal production days, every 350 tons will be considered a lot. When cores are being used for the compaction evaluation, randomly obtain one core from each lot. When the nuclear density gauge is being used for compaction evaluation, obtain two random readings from each lot and average the results. See Chapter 7 of the latest edition of MDOT's Field Manual for Asphalt Mixtures. Additional tests may be required by the Engineer to determine acceptance of work appearing deficient. The Contractor shall furnish and maintain traffic control for all compaction evaluations, including coring, required in satisfying specified density requirements.

907-405.03 --Construction Requirements.

907-405.03.1 –Specific Requirements.

907-405.03.1.4—Density.

Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 405.03.1.4 and substitute the following.

The lot density for all SMA pavement lifts, except for irregular areas as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.4 shall not be less than 93.0 percent of the maximum density based on AASHTO T 209 for the day’s production.

Delete the third paragraph of Subsection 405.03.1.4 and substitute the following.

Irregular areas as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.4 shall be compacted to roll to refusal densification as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.3.

Basis for Payment.

Add the "907" prefix to the pay items listed on page 305.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-407-1 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **01/16/2026**

SUBJECT: **Tack Coat**

Section 407, Tack Coat, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-407.03—Construction Requirements.

907-407.03.3—Application of Bituminous Material.

Delete the second sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 407.03.3 and substitute the following.

A hand wand will only be allowed for applying tack coat on irregular areas as defined in Subsection 907-401.02.6.4.4.

907-407-05-- Basis of Payment.

Add the "907" prefix to the pay item listed on page 309.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-413-2 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 05/09/2023

SUBJECT: Cleaning and Sealing Joints and Cracks

Section 413, Cleaning and Sealing Joints and Cracks, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-413.03--Construction Requirements.

907-413.03.3--Sawing and Sealing Transverse Joints in Asphalt Pavement.

907-413.03.3.4--Sealing. Delete the last sentence of the last paragraph of Subsection 413.03.3.4 on page 333, and substitute the following.

Poured joint sealing material shall only be placed when the air temperature is within the limits specified by the manufacturer.

907-413.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the last pay item listed on page 336, and substitute the following.

907-413-E: Sawing and Sealing Transverse Joints in Asphalt Pavement - per linear foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-501-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/21/2023

SUBJECT: Concrete Pavement

Section 501, Concrete Pavement, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-501.02--Materials. In the list of materials and subsections in Subsection 501.02 on page 338, make the following changes.

Change:
"Cement" to "Portland Cement" ..... 701.01 and 701.02

Add:
Blended Cement ..... 701.01 and 701.04

Delete Subsection 501.02.1 on pages 338 and 339, and substitute the following.

907-501.02.1--Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixture. The hydraulic cement concrete mixture design shall meet the requirements in Section 907-799 for Class PA.

907-501.05--Basis of Payment. Delete pay items 501-A, 501-B and 501-F on page 359, and substitute the following.

907-501-A: ___" Reinforced Cement Concrete Pavement, _____ Finish - per square yard

907-501-B: ___" Plain Cement Concrete Pavement, _____ Finish - per square yard

907-501-F: Concrete Lug Anchors - per linear foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-502-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/21/2023

SUBJECT: Concrete Bridge End Pavement

Section 502, Concrete Bridge End Pavement, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-502.02--Materials. Delete the first sentence of Subsection 502.02 on page 361, and substitute the following.

On bituminous paving contracts, concrete for this work may be Class "B" Structural Concrete meeting the applicable requirements of Section 907-799

907-502.05--Basis of Payment. Delete pay item 502-A on page 362, and substitute the following.

907-502-A: Reinforced Cement Concrete Bridge End Pavement - per square yard

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-601-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/21/2023

SUBJECT: Structural Concrete

Section 601, Structural Concrete, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-601.02--Materials.

907-601.02.1--General. Delete the first sentence of Subsection 601.02.1 on page 377, and substitute the following.

Materials for structural concrete and their use, care, and handling shall be in accordance with Subsection 907-804.02.

907-601.02.2--Classification of Concrete. Delete the second sentence of Subsection 601.02.2 on page 377, and substitute the following.

Classes of concrete are identified in Subsection 907-799.01.

907-601.03--Construction Requirements.

Delete Subsection 601.03.1 on page 378 and substitute the following.

907-601.03.1--Blank.

907-601.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the pay items listed at the end of Subsection 601.05, and substitute the following.

907-601-A: Class ___ Structural Concrete - per cubic yard

907-601-B: Class ___ Structural Concrete, Minor Structures - per cubic yard

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-605-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/21/2023

SUBJECT: Underdrains

Section 605, Underdrains, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-605.02--Materials.

907-605.02.4--Edge Drain Pipe and Fittings.

907-605.02.4.4--Miscellaneous. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 605.02.4.4 on page 398, and substitute the following.

Concrete for aprons shall be Class "C" concrete meeting the requirements of Section 907-799.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-608-2 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/12/2019

SUBJECT: Detectable Warning Panels

Section 608, Concrete Sidewalks, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as hereby amended as follows.

907-608.02--Materials. Delete the fourth paragraph of Subsection 608.02 on page 414, and substitute the following.

Detectable warning panels for Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliance shall meet the requirements of the plans, standard specifications, contract documents, and AASHTO M 333. The panels shall be precast, modular, or prefabricated.

907-608.04--Method of Measurement. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 608.04 on page 416, and substitute the following.

Concrete sidewalks of the type specified will be measured for payment by the square yard. Transition slopes, turning space, and ramps necessary for detectable warning panels will be measured as concrete sidewalk.

907-608.05--Basis of Payment. Add the following to the list of pay items in Subsection 608.05 on page 416.

907-608-C: Detectable Warning Panels per square foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-618-1 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 01/17/2017

SUBJECT: Service Patrol

Section 618, Maintenance of Traffic and Traffic Control Plan, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-618.01--Description. After Subsection 618.01.2 on page 441, add the following.

907-618.01.3--Service Patrol. This work shall consist of providing Service Patrol inclusive of the equipment and operator to patrol the roadways within the project limits to clear the lanes and shoulders of disabled automobiles, motorcycles and small trucks, and to provide assistance at other incidents as directed by law enforcement personnel or the Engineer. The Service Patrol vehicle shall be a tow truck as described in this special provision.

907-618.01.3.1--Service Patrol Limits. The limits of operation for Service Patrol included in this contract shall be mainline roadways and ramps and other roadways within the construction limits defined on the plans for the project.

907-618-01.3.2--Service Patrol Truck. The Contractor shall provide one (1) Service Patrol truck with operator. The Service Patrol truck shall be one ton or larger, having a minimum gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds and a dual wheel chassis. The truck shall be no older than 2012.

The truck shall be equipped, as a minimum, with the following.

(1) Wheel lift towing equipment with a minimum lift rating of 3,000 pounds.
(2) Hydraulically extendible boom with a minimum static rating of 8,000 pounds.
(3) Winch - 8,000-pound rating on the first layer of cable.
(4) Winch Cable - 100 feet, 3/8-inch diameter, steel center, with a minimum working load capacity of 3,500 pounds.
(5) Towing sling.
(6) Push bumper and grill guard.
(7) AM/FM radio.
(8) Spotlight(s) capable of directing a beam centered in any direction of a 360 degree horizontal arc around the truck.
(9) Roof-mounted amber warning lights, flashing, with on/off switch in cab.
(10) Power outlets ("hot boxes"), front mounted with outlets compatible to booster cables.
(11) Heavy duty, 75-amp± battery.
(12) Cellular mobile telephone.
(13) Wiring harness for powering portable, remote brake/tail lights on towed vehicles.

(14) Lamp, high intensity, dashboard mounted.
(15) Trailer hitch.
(16) Motorcycle transporting capability.
(17) Rear work lights.
(18) Safety chain D-ring or eyelet mounted or rear of truck.
(19) "Loudhailer" with Microphone and External Speaker, 100-watt.
(20) Vehicle Mounted Flashing Warning Sign (Arrow Board) and Roof Rack. Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of flashing 50 times per minute and display right arrow, left arrow, warning bar or double arrow messages.
(21) 40-Channel Citizens Band (CB) Radio.

The truck shall display the Service Patrol title and the name of the Prime Contractor. The displays shall be mounted on the doors and in a readable location on the front and rear of the truck. The displays shall be maintained in a clean, readable condition throughout the Service Patrol operation.

The Service Patrol truck shall be assigned exclusively to this project. The truck shall be used only at the times and locations as specified herein, or as designated by the Engineer, and until such time as the Contractor is released from maintenance.

Truck maintenance shall be performed during off-duty hours. The truck shall be kept neat and clean, and shall be maintained in conformance with the requirements of the Motor Vehicle Code.

The Service Patrol truck and the equipment it carries shall be subject to periodic inspection by the Engineer who, for an unsafe or a poorly maintained truck, or for an improperly equipped truck, may order the truck removed from service and replaced at no cost to the Department. The Contractor shall replace the truck removed from service within 24 hours. Failure to comply may result in the Contractor's monthly estimate being held until such time the Service Patrol is returned to service.

907-618.01.3.3--Toolbox. The Service Patrol truck shall carry a toolbox with the tools and supplies required to perform operations specified herein. Such tools and supplies shall included the following as a minimum.

	Quantity
Screwdrivers:	
Standard - 1/8", 3/16", 1/4", 5/16"	1 each, min.
Phillips head - No. 1 & No. 2	1 each, min.
Needle nose pliers	1
Adjustable, rib-joint pliers, 2-inch min. capacity	1
Crescent wrench - 8-inch	1
Crescent wrench - 12-inch	1
3-lb. hammer	1
20-oz. claw hammer	1
Rubber mallet	1
Wire cutters	1

Jackknife 1
Electrical tape, roll 1
Hacksaw & spare blades 1
Duct tape, 20-yard roll 1
Light or penetrating oil, 2-oz. or larger can 1
Battery cable puller 1
Tire pressure gauge 1
Ratchet Wrenches ..... 1 complete set
Open-end Wrenches ..... 1 complete set

907-618.01.3.4--Equipment for Operations. Each Service Patrol vehicle shall carry as a minimum the following equipment needed to perform the intended service function.

Two - 5-gallon fuel cans filled with
  Diesel fuel 1
  Unleaded gasoline 1
Safety chain, towing 1
Snatch block, 4-ton capacity 1
First aid kit 1
Fire extinguishers
  20-lb. Chemical ABC 1
  20-lb. Carbon Dioxide 1
Pry bar - 36" or longer 1
5-gallon can of radiator water 1
4" x 6" x 12" wood blocks 4
24" wide street broom 1
Square point shovel 1
Highway flares, 15 minutes 12
Traffic cones - fluorescent orange, 28" 6
Star type lug wrench 1
Air compressor or rechargeable air bottle hoses &
  fittings to fit tire valve stems, 200 psi capacity 1
Paper towels, roll 1
Hand cleaner, waterless, can 1
Flashlights & spare batteries 2
Booster cables, 25 feet long, 3-AWG copper, with heavy-duty
  clamps and one end adapted to truck's power outlets ..... 1 set
Vehicle door unlocking tool ..... 1 set
Funnel, multipurpose, flexible spout 1
Tow chain and hooks 1
Self-loading dolly 1
5-gallon cans, filled with sand 2

Expendable items such as gasoline, fire extinguishers and fusees shall be replenished after use and prior to commencing the next circuit of the patrol route. Such re-stocking shall be

accomplished at sites which do not require the operators to travel more than 1½ miles from the Service Patrol route.

907-618.01.3.5--Communications Equipment. Service Patrol trucks shall be equipped and maintained with a cellular mobile telephone capable of communicating with the Prime Contractor from any and all points along the patrol route, and for contacting the Mississippi Highway Patrol, other law enforcement agencies and the Engineer.

907-618.01.3.6--Operators Uniforms. Operators shall wear protective shoes or boots, a cap, white shirt, and dark slacks, not blue jeans. Jackets and shirts shall bear the name of the Prime Contractor and the designation 'Service Patrol'. Clearly visible and readable plates or badges showing the operator's name shall be worn on the shirts and jackets.

907-618.01.3.7--Operations.

907-618.01.3.7.1--Patrol Route. The Service Patrol truck shall operate on mainline roadways, ramps and other roadways located within the construction limits as designated on the plans for this project. The Service Patrol truck shall not leave the designated area except:

(1) To discontinue patrol at the end of a shift.
(2) For mechanical failure of the Service Patrol vehicle or equipment.
(3) To replenish expendable supplies.
(4) To circumvent a queue to reach an incident or lane blockage.
(5) In response to an order from a law enforcement officer or fire department official carrying out their duties, or an order from the Engineer or his representative.
(6) To provide an operator a rest period of no longer than 15 minutes. Such rest periods shall be outside peak periods and shall be no more frequent than one such break per four-hour shift segment.
(7) To change operators in the event of operator illness.
(8) dispose of collected debris gathered during the previous circuit.

The operator shall maintain a detailed, written log of his time during the work shift as indicated herein. A copy of the Service Patrol logs documenting its activities shall be submitted to the Engineer on a weekly basis.

907-618.01.3.7.2--Time of Operation. Service Patrol operation shall commence on the first day of construction and shall remain in operation until all work has been completed and the Contractor released from maintenance on the project.

The Service Patrol vehicle shall operate within the limits of the project 24 hours a day / 7 days a week, regardless of whether or not the Contractors is working on the project.

When Service Patrol operators receive a request for service from either the Engineer or law enforcement agencies near the end of the Service Patrol operator's shift, the operator shall respond and provide the necessary services. The specified level of service shall be provided for

each incident or disabled vehicle, even if it requires work past an otherwise scheduled break or end of shift, all at no additional cost to the State.

Service Patrol operators shall keep a log of the times their truck physically commences its patrol of the designated route, and the times the truck goes off duty, and any time the truck leaves the designated patrol area. The operator shall provide a copy of the log to the Engineer each week. The log shall contain the reason for each departure from the patrol route.

907-618.01.3.7.3--Duties. The Service Patrol shall perform the following duties within the specified time and patrol area.

Patrol: Continuously patrol the designated area seeking disabled vehicles, stranded motorists, debris in the roadway, spilled loads, accidents, obstructions to traffic, and other potential hazards.

Clearing, Clean-up and Communications: Clear lanes and shoulders of all disabled vehicles encountered on patrol, and call the following parties where appropriate:

a) The Contractors forces for large spilled loads or large debris.
b) Local fire departments for verified fires.
c) The Mississippi Highway Patrol (MHP) for accidents, law enforcement situations, or for towing of vehicles beyond the Service Patrol truck's capacity.

Assistance to Motorists: The Service Patrol operator shall provide assistance to motorists as follows:

a) Change flat tires for motorists.
b) Provide jump starts with booster cables for vehicles with dead batteries.
c) Attempt unlocking of vehicles for locked-out motorists.
d) Provide fuel for motorists where necessary.
e) Perform minor repairs where time permits.

Advice to Motorists: Motorists shall be advised, and given a card, approved by the Engineer, explaining that prior to towing, pushing, fueling, or servicing their vehicles, their vehicle must be removed from the highway, that this service is being provided free of charge as a courtesy by MDOT, that the Service Patrol may attempt minor repairs when time permits, once the vehicle is cleared from the highway, and that, should the repairs not prove feasible, the motorist may make two local telephone calls not longer than three minutes using the Service Patrol's cellular telephone to telephone arrangements for further service, towing , or transportation.

Disabled Vehicles: Disabled vehicles shall be cleared of lanes, with the least delay practicable, by either pushing or towing. Vehicles that are disabled due to lack of fuel shall be provided with a maximum of two (2) gallons of the proper fuel after which re-starting of the vehicle should be attempted. Then, if the vehicle is not able to continue under its own power, it shall be towed to a safer location on the next exit ramp or to the nearest designated staging area, when provided in the contract. Vehicles with flat tires shall be towed to safer location and the tire changed there.

Disabled vehicles shall be pushed or towed to a safer location on the next exit ramp or to the nearest designated staging area, when provided in the contract.

Disabled vehicles may be towed to an open service station, located within the above limits, only at the specific request of the patron. Within these stated limits, the patron's request for disposition of the disabled vehicle shall be followed.

After towing or pushing a disabled vehicle to a location other than a service station, as described above, the Service patrol operator shall attempt to discern the cause of the disability and offer to attempt simple repairs and/or remedies. The patrol operator may spend up to 15 minutes during off-peak periods 'with any single disable vehicle and shall inform the motorist of this requirement prior to commencing repairs. If repairs cannot be made, or would take longer than 15 minutes, the Service Patrol operator shall offer the motorist the opportunity to make two local telephone calls (not more than three (3) minutes) using the Service Patrol Vehicle's cellular telephone.

Should a motorist refuse to allow the disabled vehicle to be cleared of the traffic lanes, the Service Patrol operator shall contact the Mississippi Highway Patrol for assistance and remain on the scene, directing traffic around the disabled vehicle while providing additional protection to same from traffic via the patrol truck. If the driver does not grant permission, vehicles shall not be removed unless a Mississippi Highway Patrol officer authorizes the removal.

Abandoned Vehicles: When an abandoned vehicle is encountered, the attending Service Patrol operator shall contact the Mississippi Highway Patrol to advise the vehicle location, make, color, body type, plate number and whether or not it is impeding traffic.

When an abandoned vehicle is not impeding traffic, or is not considered to be a potential safety hazard, the Service Patrol shall notify the MHP of the vehicle location for tagging and for scheduling of wrecker services for removal.

If the abandoned vehicle is impeding traffic, or is considered to be a potential safety hazard, the Service Patrol shall request the MHP for authorization for the Service Patrol vehicle to move the abandoned vehicle to a safer location or to the nearest designated staging area, when provided in the contract. Once moved to a safer location the vehicle shall be treated as abandoned as described in the previous paragraph.

After towing an abandoned vehicle, or removing a vehicle from the scene of an accident, it shall be parked at a safer location, the wheels turned away from the roadway, the parking brake set, the windows closed, and doors locked, if possible. The vehicle may be removed to the nearest designated staging area, when provided in the contract. An inventory of vehicle items shall be conducted to include, but not limited to, radios, C.B.'s and other personal items. The location of the vehicle shall be reported to MHP.

Accidents: The Service Patrol operator shall call for police, fire and ambulance assistance as necessary at accident scenes. Where no apparent physical injury is evident, the operator shall

request drivers to drive or be pushed to emergency lanes or off the road to open the obstructed lane to traffic. Operators shall take no action without the driver's consent except under police direction. Where apparent physical injury or driver intoxication is evident or suspected the operator shall not move vehicles involved in an accident until so directed by the police. In such cases, the operator shall not follow directions or requests made by vehicle's driver or occupants.

The Service Patrol Operator shall protect accident scenes by setting flares, cones, flagging, and/or flashing amber lights and assisting in traffic control.

When a vehicle's operator has been involved in an accident and is unable or not available to authorize towing, the Service Patrol operator shall request and receive authorization and orders from the Mississippi Highway Patrol prior to removing the vehicle.

Assistance to Mississippi Highway Patrol and/or other Law Enforcement Agencies: The Service Patrol operator shall render assistance to Mississippi Highway Patrol and/or other law enforcement officers when requested. Service Patrol operators shall follow the instructions of, and obey the orders of law enforcement officers at the scene of any incident.

Towing: The Service Patrol operator shall use an appropriate method of towing for each encountered situation and type of vehicle to be towed. The operator shall use towing procedures considered appropriate by the towing industry and other competent tow service operators acting in similar circumstances with similar equipment. Safety chain(s) between the towed vehicle and the Service Patrol truck shall be used during all towing.

People shall not be permitted to ride in vehicles being towed, but shall ride in the Service Patrol truck instead. If there are more than two such persons, the Service Patrol shall call the Mississippi Highway Patrol or a cab service for transportation. Costs of any needed cab service shall be included in the Service Patrol bid price.

Transporting People: When transporting passengers, the Service Patrol operator shall keep a log with the names, destination and time and mileage at the moment of departure with the passenger, and again with the mileage and time of arrival at the destination.

Animals: The location, type, and condition of injured or dead animals shall be telephone to the Animal Control Agency. The location of dead animals shall be communicated to the Contractor for his disposal.

Disposal of Rubbish, Debris and Dead Animals: The Contractor shall dispose of collected rubbish, debris, and dead animals at a legal site and in a manner conforming to local sanitation laws. The locations and nature of heavy or voluminous debris shall be reported to the Contractor for removal.

907-618.01.3.7.4--Service Patrol Log. Service Patrol operators shall maintain "Service Patrol Logs" which shall be completed for each incident attended to by the Patrol. The log form shall be approved by the Engineer.

Service Patrol Logs shall show:

(1) The date of the incident.
(2) The following times (using military time):

a) The time when the Service Patrol dispatcher noted the incident.
b) The time of arrival at the incident.
c) The time of departure from the scene of the incident.
d) The time of return to patrol duty.

(3) The nature of the incident, such as debris removal, injured or dead animal, stalled vehicle, accident.
(4) Whether the incident was detected by normal patrol activity or in response to a dispatcher's call.
(5) The incident location by route name and approximate distance north, south, east, or west to a cross street, the lane number(s) in which the incident was located, and the direction travel of the lanes.
(6) Where applicable, the following information shall be recorded.

a) The vehicle's make model, body type, and license plate number.

b) The nature of the problem, such as out of gas, overheated and flat tire.

c) The disabled vehicle driver's sex.

d) The type of assistance provided by the Service Patrol.

e) Any damage evident before, and again after, towing or pushing the disabled vehicle.

f) The location at which the disabled vehicle was disengaged from the tow truck and parked.

g) The location to which the disabled vehicle's driver and/or passengers were transported.

h) Expendable items and quantities furnished.

(7) If additional assistance by other tow services or government agencies was required.
(8) Weather conditions.
(9) The Service Patrol operator's name.

907-618.01.3.7.5--Operator Qualifications. Service Patrol truck operators shall be licensed in accordance with the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Code.

Operators shall be competent in the tasks of tow truck operations to provide safe and proper discharge of their service responsibilities. The Contractor shall provide resumes of the proposed operators for approval by the Engineer.

907-618.01.3.7.6--Operator Conduct. The operators shall exercise good sound judgment in carrying out their duties and conduct themselves in such a manner that it will reflect favorably upon the Mississippi Department of Transportation and State of Mississippi.

Operators shall:

(1) Wear clean uniforms at the start of each shift.
(2) Be well-groomed.
(3) Wear name plates where they can be seen.
(4) Be courteous at all times.

Service Patrol operators shall follow the following safety rules and general regulations.

Operator shall:

(1) Not drink alcoholic beverages on, or less than 4 hours before a shift, nor use illegal or controlled substances.
(2) Inspect assigned Service Patrol vehicles at the beginning of each shift.
(3) Always wear uniform while on duty. Uniform shirt or jacket must be clearly visible.
(4) Keep all communications radio and monitors 'on' and the volume 'up'.
(5) Remain in their assigned area and depart from the area only when absolutely necessary.
(6) Obey all traffic laws.
(7) Stop on the Interstate only to service an incident. Paperwork should be done off the Interstate, along ramps.
(8) When clearing an incident, use caution.
(9) Never push a truck or any other vehicle that obscures the vision directly ahead of you. Tow instead.
(10) Not accept payment for any type of service rendered. This is a free service and operators shall not accept any payment or gratuity for services rendered, even if the motorist insists.
(11) Contact the Mississippi Highway Patrol when arriving at situations which the Service Patrol cannot handle.
(12) Not carry firearms or other weapons either on their persons or in the Service Patrol truck.
(13) Use flashing amber lights in conformance with the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Code and only in the following circumstances:
    a) When needed to warn overtaking traffic of the Service Patrol truck's low speed when accelerating into traffic lanes.
    b) To warn traffic when using the truck to protect the scene of an incident.

907-618.04--Method of Measurement. After the last paragraph of Subsection 618.04 on page 449, add the following.

The Service Patrol item of work will be measured as a lump sum quantity. The percentage of the contract lump sum price allowed on progress estimates will be determined by the percentage of the combined total monetary value of all direct bid items, excepting those items identified in the

bid schedule as dependent items and the Service Patrol item itself, earned during the current (same) estimate period; however, when the Service Patrol is initially placed in service, the Contractor will be allowed payment at least equal to ten percent (10%) of the amount bid for Service Patrol.

907-618.05--Basis of Payment. After the third paragraph of Subsection 618.05 on page 449, add the following.

Service Patrol will be paid for at the contract lump sum price which includes compensation for complying with all the requirements of the specifications and this special provision and which shall be full compensation for completing the work.

After the last pay item listed on page 450, add the following.

907-618-M1: Service Patrol lump sum

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-618-11 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 03/30/2022

SUBJECT: Work Zone Law Enforcement

Pursuant to House Bill No. 580, Section 618, Maintenance of Traffic and Traffic Control Plan, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-618.01--Description. After Subsection 618.01.4 on page 443, add the following.

907-618.01.6--Work Zone Law Enforcement. On projects that the Commission determines are on high-volume roadways or are otherwise high risk projects, the Commission may include a pay item to provide for reimbursement to the Contractor for enhanced law enforcement safety operations in the work zone.

According to House Bill No. 580, the work zone safety operations, when required by the Commission, shall consist of utilizing a uniformed law enforcement officer equipped with a patrol vehicle with blue flashing lights to enforce traffic laws and provide for an enhanced law enforcement presence in order to facilitate the safe movement of traffic through the work zone and to protect workers within the work zone.

907-618.03--Construction Requirements. After Subsection 618.03.5 on page 447, add the following.

907-618.03.7--Work Zone Law Enforcement. The utilization of work zone law enforcement shall be done at such locations and time periods deemed necessary and appropriate by the Engineer, after discussion with the Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for the coordination with the work zone law enforcement agency.

The Contractor shall provide a daily work record of the actual hours of work performed by the law enforcement agency and shall be accompanied by signed invoices from the law enforcement agency, which must be verified by the Engineer.

907-618.04--Method of Measurement. After the last paragraph of Subsection 618.04 on page 449, add the following.

Work zone law enforcement will be measured per hour for every hour verified by the Engineer using an invoice or other acceptable record. Measurement for payment will not be made for work zone law enforcement after expiration of contract time.

907-618.05--Basis of Payment. After the third paragraph of Subsection 618.05 on page 449, add the following.

Work zone law enforcement, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the fixed contract unit price per hour, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing and reimbursing work zone law enforcement.

After the last pay item listed on page 450, add the following.

907-618-M2: Work Zone Law Enforcement - per hour

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-618-12 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 05/03/2024

SUBJECT: Traffic Control Management

Section 618, Maintenance of Traffic and Traffic Control Plan, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-618.01--Description.

907-618.01.2--Traffic Control Management. Delete subparagraph (g) of Subsection 618.01.2 on page 441, and substitute the following.

g) Perform a minimum of once-a-week inspections from the Notice to Proceed until a Partial or Final Maintenance Release is obtained. Once work begins, daily daytime inspections and weekly nighttime inspections are required on projects with predominantly daytime work, and daily nighttime inspections and weekly daytime inspections are required on projects with predominantly nighttime work. Weekly inspections will be allowed for periods outside of active construction. When lane closures are present or any non-fixed signs or traffic handling devices such as cones or barrels are in place, inspections shall be performed daily whether work is being performed or not.

907-618.05--Basis of Payment. Delete pay item 618-A on page 449 and substitute the following.

907-618-A: Maintenance of Traffic - lump sum

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-619-5 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 01/17/2018

SUBJECT: Traffic Control for Construction Zones

Section 619, Traffic Control for Construction Zones, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-619.02--Materials.

907-619.02.8--Traffic Signals and Flashers. Delete Subsection 619.02.8.1 on pages 452 thru 455, and substitute the following.

907-619.02.8.1-Portable Traffic Signals. Portable traffic signals shall be trailer or pedestal mounted units that provide for easy, legal transportation and quick setup and deployment. Each unit shall be self-contained. The types of portable traffic signals are as follows.

- Type 1 portable traffic signal shall include two signal heads per trailer with one signal head mounted on an overhead mast arm that can be extended over the travel lane, and the other signal head shall be mounted on the vertical upright of the trailer.

- Type 2 portable traffic signal shall include one signal head that is mounted on the vertical upright of the pedestal/cart or trailer. Pedestal/Cart mounted shall be designated as Type 2A and Trailer mounted shall be designated as Type 2B. Type 2 portable traffic signals shall be tested to MASH Standards or NCHRP Test Level 3 crash testing requirements by an accredited independent test facility, with supporting documentation available upon request.

- Type 3 portable traffic signal shall be the same as Type 1 mentioned above but with enhanced capabilities as mentioned in each applicable section below.

The portable traffic signals shall be MUTCD Compliant and utilize standard ITE signal heads, and adhere to the ITE Specifications and Standards for Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads, Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement. The units shall be battery powered with a solar charging system, and be equipped with an onboard battery charger capable of being used with a 120V AC power source. Portable traffic signals shall be able to communicate with other portable signals via 900 MHz or other accepted wireless communications. If wireless connectivity is not feasible, hardwired connectivity shall be an acceptable alternative, as approved by the Engineer. Portable Traffic Signals shall include all the major components listed below or be able to perform the functions of these components. The major components of the unit shall include, but are not limited to, the trailer or pedestal/cart, telescoping mast arm (on Type 1 and 3), signal head(s) and back plates, traffic signal controller with operating software, solar charging system with batteries, input and output devices, vehicle detection, flasher units, conflict monitor, relays,

communications system and other equipment required for the safe operation and installation of the unit.

907-619.02.8.1.1--Signal Heads. The signal heads and all applicable components of the portable traffic signal shall meet the physical display and operational requirements of conventional traffic signals as specific in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). The signal heads shall be cast aluminum or polycarbonate and shall meet the requirements laid out in the Mississippi Standard Specification for traffic signal heads and associated MDOT material specifications for traffic signal heads. The signal heads shall accommodate standard 12-inch LED indications meeting the ITE Specification "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads" and ITE Specifications and Standards for Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads, Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement.

For Type 1, Type 2 and Type 3 portable traffic signals, the signal heads shall have the ability to be rotated 180 degrees to face in the opposite direction and shall have the ability to rotate and lock in approximately 10 degree increments to position the signal head for the optimum visibility to motorists.

For Type 1 portable traffic signals, each unit shall contain two signal heads with one signal head mounted on an overhead mast arm that can be extended over the travel lane with a minimum clearance of 17 feet measured from the bottom of the signal head unit to the road surface. The lower signal head shall be mounted to the vertical upright of the trailer at a minimum height of eight feet (8') from the bottom of the signal head unit to the road surface.

For Type 2 portable traffic signals, the signal head shall be mounted to the vertical upright of the trailer at a minimum height of eight feet (8') from the bottom of the signal head unit to the road surface.

For Type 3 portable traffic signals, each unit shall be the same as Type 1 mentioned above but with enhanced capabilities as mentioned below.

907-619.02.8.1.2--Controller and Operating Requirements. The portable traffic signal (Types 1, 2, and 3) shall include a solid state Controller Unit (CU) that is in compliance with NEMA TS 5 Performance Standard. The CU shall have an easy to read front panel backlit display for viewing and programming the configuration settings and CU status. The CU shall be capable of operating the portable traffic signal system in a fixed time, traffic actuated or manual control mode. Multiple portable traffic signals shall have the capability to be interconnected to form a portable traffic signal system. Each portable traffic signal within a connected system shall have the capability to serve as either the master or remote signal. Each portable traffic signal shall include a Conflict Monitor Unit (CMU), or Malfunction Management Unit (MMU) to ensure phase conflicts do not exist during operation.

For Type 1 and Type 2 portable traffic signals, a minimum of five (5) automatic time-of-day timing plans within a 24-hour period should be available in fixed time mode. The CU should have the ability to control a minimum of four (4) traffic phases with programmable cycle time adjustments and user adjustable red, amber, minimum green and maximum green times. The CU shall have

the capability of programming green and red times from 1 to 999 seconds and yellow times up to 15 seconds in one-second increments. The CU shall also have the capability of facilitating standby modes of red, red flash and yellow flash.

For Type 3 portable traffic signals, a minimum of ten (10) automatic time-of-day timing plans within a 24-hour period should be available in fixed time mode. The CU should have the ability to control a minimum of 16 traffic phases with programmable cycle time adjustments and user adjustable red, amber, minimum green and maximum green times. The CU shall have the capability of programming green and red times from 1 to 999 seconds and yellow times up to 15 seconds in one-second increments. The CU shall also have the capability of facilitating standby modes of red, red flash and yellow flash.

The system shall also have the ability to operate in vehicle actuation mode when vehicle detection components are used. The operating system shall have the capability to allow the Portable Traffic Signal to be connected to and controlled by a standard NEMA controller.

The system shall have the capability to be controlled remotely using a hardwired or wireless remote. The wireless radio remote shall be capable of communicating at a clear line of site distance up to ¼ mile from the master.

The CU shall have the capability of interfacing with a Remote Monitoring System (RMS) capable of reporting signal location, battery voltage, and system faults. The RMS shall include a password-protected web site, viewable via an internet connection. In the event of a system fault, the RMS shall provide specific information concerning the cause of the system fault (example: "red lamp on signal number 1 out"). The RMS shall immediately contact previously designated individuals via SMS text messaging or email, upon a fault event.

The active timing program operating the PTS system shall be available and viewable through the RMS website at all times. The RMS shall maintain a history of the operating system in each signal including total operating hours, alerts, and the location of the PTS trailer.

907-619.02.8.1.3--Wireless Communications. The portable traffic signals shall communicate with other portable traffic signals within the signal system via license-free wireless 900 MHZ radio link communications as specified in Subsection 662.02.2 of the radio Interconnect System specification. The radio units shall maintain communications at a minimum distance of one (1) mile. The radio system shall conform to the applicable Federal Communications Commission requirements and all applicable state and local requirements.

The portable traffic signals shall be in direct communication at all times either by wireless or hardwire connection to provide for the required conflict monitoring / malfunction management system.

907-619.02.8.1.4--Power Requirements. Each Portable Traffic Signal shall be equipped with a power source consisting of a solar collection array, solar controller and/or charging unit and batteries sufficient to operate the signal system. The number and size of batteries shall be sufficient to operate the Type 1 and Type 3 signals for a minimum of 30 days and Type 2A signals for

minimum of five (5) days, and Type 2B signals for minimum of 15 days without additional charging or assist from the solar array. An on-board battery charger shall be compatible with both the solar array and with a 120V AC power source.

For Type 1 signals, the solar panel array shall provide for a minimum of 440 watts of solar collection capability.

For Type 2A signals, the solar panel array shall provide for a minimum of 90 watts of solar collection capability.

For Type 2B signals, the solar panel array shall provide for a minimum of 110 watts of solar collection capability.

For Type 3 signals, the solar panel array shall provide for a minimum of 480 watts of solar collection capability and shall include a tilt and rotate system to optimally position the panels.

All instrumentation for the electrical system and battery compartment shall be contained in a lockable weatherproof enclosure. Solar panels shall be secured to the mounting brackets for theft prevention.

907-619.02.8.1.5--Trailer and Lift System. The trailer or pedestal/cart and all mounted components shall conform to the wind loading requirements as follows: 100 mph minimum for Type 1 portable traffic signals, 55 mph minimum for Type 2A portable traffic signals, 75 mph minimum for Type 2B portable traffic signals, and 90 mph minimum for Type 3 portable traffic signals as described in the AASHTO *Standard Specifications for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals*, as specified in the plans including all interims and updates. At the request of the Engineer, proof of conformance to these wind load ratings shall be verified by a third-party. No additional loose ballast shall be used to meet these wind load requirements. The trailer shall be made of structural steel and shall include four (4) leveling/stabilizer jacks capable of lifting the trailer a minimum of six inches (6").

The trailer or pedestal shall be equipped with a mechanical, hydraulic or electric lift system sufficient for one person to be able to raise and lower the vertical upright and/or horizontal mast arm to and from the operating position.

For Type 1, 2B, and Type 3 signals, the trailer shall be equipped to provide legal and safe transport on the public highway system at speeds up to 55 mph.

All exterior metal surfaces, except signal heads and back plates, shall be powder-coat painted highway safety orange.

907-619.02.9--Impact Attenuators. Delete the sentence in the first paragraph of Subsection 619.02.9 on page 455, and substitute the following.

Impact attenuators must be listed on the Department's APL.

907-619.02.11--Snap-Back Delineators. Delete the sentence in the paragraph of Subsection 619.02.11 on page 456, and substitute the following.

Snap-back delineators shall be selected from the list of surface mounted flexible delineator posts as shown on the Department's APL.

907-619.02.14--Changeable Message Sign.

907-619.02.14.5--PCMS Controller and Storage Cabinets. Delete the fifth sentence in the first paragraph of Subsection 619.02.14.5 on pages 462 and 463, and substitute the following.

The controller cabinet shall be illuminated.

907-619.05--Basis of Payment. Add the following to the list of pay items ending on page 480.

907-619-E3: Changeable Message Sign ***** - per each

907-619-H2: Traffic Signal, Portable, Type ___ - per each

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-619-9 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 05/25/2021

SUBJECT: Portable Smart Work Zone Systems (SWZS)

Section 619, Traffic Control for Construction Zones, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as modified for by this special provision is applicable to Smart Work Zone Systems Only.

907-619.01--Description. A Smart Work Zone System (SWZS) shall be installed on selected MDOT construction projects that have sufficient length, duration and/or complexity such that specific SWZS elements can substantially improve the overall traffic control plan for the project. The SWZS may either be included in the construction project itself or as a separate project that is to be done in parallel to the construction project and may cover more than one overlapping or concurrent construction project. The SWZS shall be coordinated with the overall traffic control plan for the construction project(s) and shall supplement all other temporary traffic control components.

This item shall consist of implementing, furnishing, installing, relocating, operating and maintaining an automated, portable, real-time Smart Work Zone System (SWZS), meeting the requirements noted herein, and providing the maintenance of the system during the duration of the project. This shall include coordinating with the Project Engineer and other Contractor(s) as directed by the Project Engineer.

A SWZS is comprised of several devices linked together to perform as one unit. The components may include, but are not limited to, portable traffic sensors, portable changeable message signs (PCMS), and software with user settable parameters to collect and analyze data and trigger new messages on the PCMS and/or warnings to the appropriate personnel, including but not limited to the Project Engineer and the MDOT Statewide Traffic Management Center.

The specific design and layout of each SWZS shall be project specific based on the particular details of the construction project(s). The Contractor shall use the following guidelines, the project plans as well as any project specific Notice to Bidders to determine the most appropriate layout, locations, and device types to meet the intended purpose of the SWZS.

907-619.03--Construction Requirements.

907-619.03.12--Smart Work Zone Systems.

907-619.03.12.1--Implementation Plan Requirements. Prior to installation or modification of the system and its layout, the Contractor shall provide a SWZS implementation plan containing detailed layout drawings showing the location of each SWZS device for MDOT approval. This shall be inclusive of any devices which are in addition to those indicated on the project plans and

any elements that are to be removed or relocated during the various project phases to align with the Construction project(s) traffic control plans and the minimums set forth in this special provision. The minimum system requirements during a single phase of construction may be less than the total number of devices that are shown in the plans. It is the Contractor's responsibility to meet the design minimums by providing the appropriate number of devices for each phase of construction that meet the requirements of this specification and any project specific notice to bidders.

The Contractor shall provide the SWZS implementation plan to MDOT at least two weeks prior to the SWZS implementation. As construction progresses the Contractor shall monitor the system. If changes to the layout of the devices to match updated traffic control plans or planned construction activities for that phase dictate a need, the Contractor shall prepare updated detailed layout drawings to MDOT at least two weeks prior to the planned relocation activities. All layouts must be approved by the MDOT Project Engineer with consultation with MDOT Traffic Engineering and ITS staff prior to implementation or relocation of the devices in the SWZS.

907-619.03.12.2--General System Requirements. The following are general requirements for the SWZS. Please refer to the project plans for planned device locations and example layouts and applicable Notice to Bidders for more project specific details. If required in the plans or Notice to Bidders, the SWZS system shall consist of the following (as a minimum):

The SWZS shall include Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) provided at key locations to provide information to motorists regarding construction activities, changes in lane conditions, detours or diversions, potential backup queues, etc. The location and layout of the PCMS will be project specific and the minimum quantity shall be as indicated in the project plans and/or Notice to Bidders.

The SWZS shall include vehicle detection devices placed to ensure detection coverage at least every ½ mile, plus or minus 500 feet, or as otherwise approved by the Project Engineer, to provide real-time travel speeds throughout the construction site. The detection devices shall be located in a manner to also provide queue detection at potential areas of traffic backups.

The SWZS shall include CCTV cameras for monitoring traffic conditions. The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring CCTV camera coverage is placed at a minimum spacing of 1 camera per mile, to ensure continuous coverage of the roadway in both directions of travel. Existing CCTV cameras may fulfill this requirement but must remain operational throughout construction. Proposed permanent CCTV cameras may also fulfill this requirement while they are operational.

The SWZS shall include portable Highway Advisory Radios (HARs) to provide additional information to the motorists via an AM radio frequency. The SWZS shall also include static signs at least two (2) miles in advance of the construction zone indicating the HAR Frequency, with flashing beacons when there is an active message. Additional static signs shall be placed as directed in the Notice to Bidders.

All equipment, materials, components, and assemblies of the smart work zone devices shall conform to the manufacturer's requirements and recommendations.

The SWZS shall be a network-based system utilizing a central computer software to operate the various components of the system. It shall include the necessary communications to connect each device to the control computer station. Communications may be a combination of wireless, hardwired and/or leased communications.

The SWZS shall be capable of receiving real-time video images from the CCTV cameras and real-time speed data from the detectors. The software and equipment shall allow for monitoring of this real-time data and appropriate messages shall be displayed on the PCMS to alert motorists to construction activities, changes in lane conditions, detours or diversions, potential backup queues, travel times, etc.

The SWZS is to be installed as a complete working system including all required devices and all required communications to be operable from both a Contractor's site on the construction project limits as well as from the MDOT Statewide Transportation Management Center (TMC) or Regional TMC, whichever is closer. The Contractor shall provide communications back to the appropriate TMC. The Project Engineer will advise on the appropriate communications with the MDOT TMC.

The operation of the system shall be coordinated with the MDOT Project Engineer at all times. The SWZS shall be operated and monitored by the Contractor. It shall also be capable of being monitored at all times by the MDOT TMC.

907-619.03.12.3--Detailed System Requirements. The system shall meet of the following requirements.

Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS). The SWZS shall utilize MDOT approved portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) to convey real-time traffic condition information to motorists. The PCMS shall meet the requirements of Section 619. Each PCMS shall be equipped with an IP addressable digital cellular modem, compatible with the current MDOT Wireless Provider, and GPS device. The PCMS shall also be capable of remote communication and control by the Control Software.

All PCMS message types shall be as shown in the plans, specifications, and/or Notice to Bidders. Any additional messages shall be submitted to MDOT as part of the Contractor's Implementation plan and must be pre-approved by MDOT.

Non-Intrusive Vehicle Detection Devices / Portable Traffic Sensors. The SWZS shall utilize MDOT approved ITS Radar Vehicle Detection (IRVD) devices. The IRVD shall meet the requirements of Special Provision 907-641 regarding IRVD, or as otherwise approved by the Project Engineer. The devices shall be non-intrusive detectors. They shall be capable of collecting volume and speed data on a real-time basis and transmitting that data to the system. The devices shall gather real-time data 24 hours a day, seven (7) days per week and provide 90% accuracy on both speed and volume for all lanes of traffic in the directions which Construction is occurring. The devices must be independent of all local or regional power and communication networks to provide continuous, uninterrupted data collection even during power or communications

interruptions. The devices shall have GPS functionality, be capable of transferring data and being monitored remotely by multiple systems, including the MDOT TMC, and communicate with the PCMS for travel time information and traffic queues. The mounting locations and heights shall be according to manufacturer recommendations to meet the accuracy requirements.

Bluetooth Detection System. The SWZS shall utilize MDOT approved Bluetooth Detection System (BDS) devices. The BDS shall meet the requirements of Special Provision 907-666, or as otherwise approved by the Project Engineer. The devices will collect and transfer origin and destination travel time data to a hosted central server. BDS shall be provided such that data will be available through the SWZS and/or Bluetooth vendor software during the project.

CCTV Cameras. The CCTV streams shall be viewable in the MDOT TMC and meet video streaming requirements of Special Provision 907-650, or as otherwise approved by the Project Engineer. The SWZS shall utilize CCTV Cameras that have full pan tilt zoom capabilities and can transmit the real time encoded video in H.264 format and are compatible with the existing MDOT-owned WOWZA media servers. Non-pressurized enclosures will be considered if all other requirements of the latest Special Provision 907-650 are meet for the CCTV cameras. The video encoding shall be in the CCTV IP camera.

Highway Advisory Radio. The HAR shall meet the same operational requirements of Special Provision 907-655, or as otherwise approved by the Project Engineer. As a portable system, the grounding requirements and other differences from a permanent unit shall meet all manufacturer recommendations to ensure a 3 to 5-mile coverage radius. All HAR messages shall be approved by the Project Engineer and a .wav file shall be sent to MDOT for each message. MDOT reserves the right to add HAR messages at their discretion.

Control Software and Communications. The SWZS software shall include a web-based graphical user interface to allow for complete monitoring and operation of all system components. The software will be configurable to meet the project requirements as set forth in the project plans and specifications.

The SWZS shall gather and report real-time data during work zone hours as a single unit or as a system. The Website shall report data by overlaying work zones onto an interactive map. Work zones shall be represented by a single symbol and present data in a pop-up window when selected. Data shall include the date, time, and average speed through the work zone.

The SWZS software shall be accessible by designated MDOT staff or MDOT representatives via the internet. This could also include others as designated by MDOT. The SWZS software shall have the capability of providing a password protected "link" for approved personnel to have access to the operational characteristics of the system. The software shall offer both a public information side and a password protected agency-only side. The SWZS software shall have web access granted accounts for any and all public sector entities. For strategic speed enforcement, law enforcement agencies shall be granted an account in their jurisdiction at their request at no additional cost. Web access shall allow stakeholders to download archive data such as counts, travel time, speed bin, and speed history.

The SWZS software shall provide a full color map of the project area showing all devices on the project and real time traffic conditions. Using color-coding, the Map shall reflect the current traffic conditions at each traffic detector. It shall also display the locations of traffic detectors, PCMS's, Cameras, and HAR. By "clicking" on any device, the user shall be able to learn its current status and operating properties.

The SWZS shall be capable of providing current operational status (i.e. current traffic data and messages, video images, signs, sensors, communication system status) via the central base station computer. The SWZS shall be capable of collecting data from the detectors and calculating average speeds for each segment. The SWZS software shall display the current speeds and volumes detected by the work zone sensors as well as the entire information message being shown by each PCMS. The SWZS shall transmit all data in real time.

The software shall include parameters to trigger new messages to the roadside message signs and the message(s) to be displayed. The software shall allow for appropriate MDOT personnel, including but not limited to the MDOT Project Engineer and the MDOT Statewide Traffic Management Center, to override the current message with a new one in emergencies or when conditions warrant it.

The SWZS shall be capable of logging errors with timestamp and date of communication failures, device failures, device alarms, and polling errors. Should communication fail, the device sensors shall record a date and time stamp and make this available upon polling current speeds or volumes. The SWZS software shall be configured so that appropriate personnel are notified by email once a malfunction has occurred in the system.

The SWZS shall transmit all data to MDOT in XML format and documentation of the data structure shall be provided to MDOT. All data that is communicated to the TMC is property of MDOT and may be used with other systems provided or maintained by MDOT. The SWZS software shall maintain data history of volume and speed data throughout the life of the project. Every month, the Contractor shall provide MDOT with a hard copy of the processed data. The data shall be in a format that is compatible with the current MDOT ATMS system. The web base interface shall allow access to data for vehicle speed, volume, and queue at each device location.

The Contractor shall provide a communications system that can be accessed via the internet from the appropriate TMC. The access shall be password protected and include bandwidth for each device to allow for a minimum 256kbs for each camera and HAR, 128kbs for each radar and 56kbs for each additional device in aggregate.

Bluetooth Detection System Server Service. The Bluetooth Detection System Server Service shall be capable of analyzing and processing BDS Detector data from the roadways where the detectors are deployed and distribute it to the MDOT ATMS system. The following are the minimum requirements for the BDS software package and database.

- The software package shall include a secure web-based monitoring system (web GUI). The web GUI shall allow the Contractor or TMC personnel to view, analyze and configure data.

- The web GUI shall include a GIS map overlay and display dynamic real-time BDS detector data.
- The server shall be located locally at the regional TMC or hosted offsite by a third party.
- The server shall be capable of adding an undefined number of detectors forming a BDS network.
- The web GUI shall be used to monitor data (i.e., speed and travel times) from any BDS detector pair on the network.
- The server shall be capable of logging any change in a devices status in its network
- The logging of devices shall include unique device identifier, BDS detector status, and BDS detector battery status (solar power option).
- The server shall be capable of logging all data collected from each device in its network. The logging of devices shall include MAC address pairs, detection origin, detection destination, origin detection time, destination detection time, number of paired MAC addresses, percentage of paired MAC addresses, real-time speed, and travel times.
- The web server shall archive all BDS data for a minimum of 365 days at a frequency equivalent to the detection sampling rate.
- The server shall be capable of generating performance measurement reports including traffic speed, travel times, raw data and smoothed data, origin and destination. All reports generated shall be in the format that includes day, month, year, hour, minute, and second.
- All data served from the server shall be transmitted via XML.

Operational Requirements. The system shall be capable of the following messages:

- Providing current average speeds for any particular segment within the construction zone and displaying that speed on the PCMS
- Providing travel time information to major intersections within the project limits and travel times to end of roadwork and display those travel times on the PCMS.
- Determining the location of the queues or major speed change locations and displaying that information on the PCMS.

For PCMS Message Signs not along a Detour Route. The first priority of the system shall be as a Stopped Traffic Advisory system which shall operate when a queue is detected at distances of less than one (1) mile from the PCMS. When queues are detected within 10 miles of the PCMS location in that direction of travel, the PCMS shall operate as a congestion advisory. When the queue extends beyond the PCMS, it shall operate as a Stopped Traffic Advisory and supplemented with travel times if certain conditions are met. The second priority of the system will be as a travel time advisory system. When no queue is detected within 10 miles of the PCMS and speeds are less than the posted speed limits, the PCMS shall display travel times. If speeds are at or faster than the posted speed limits the signs shall remain in the default display. Only the first upstream PCMS may display generic messages for delays and construction in lieu of the default display.

The following are example messages for the PCMS. The Final Messages on the signs will be at the approval of the Project Engineer:

Default Display
The default display of a sign not showing a message shall be four dots, placed in the corners of the sign. This will indicate that it is currently working but not being utilized to communicate with the traveling public.

Lowest Priority – Default Display or Generic Message
If the average speed is at or above the posted speed limit throughout the work zone, the first upstream PCMS leading into the work zone shall either be the default or display the 2-frame message, as directed by the project engineer, all other signs shall be the default display:

"ROAD WORK AHEAD; REDUCED SPEED AHEAD"

Second Priority - Travel Time Advisory
When no queue exists within 10 miles of PCMS but speeds fall below the posted speed limit for the work zone, the PCMS shall operate in a Travel Time Advisory mode.

If travel time to the last interchange in that direction for the work zone is available from that PCMS, and an alternate route does not exist, or the PCMS is less than one (1) mile in advance of the next available alternate route or nearest exit, the PCMS will display the 2-frame message:

"ROAD WORK AHEAD; TIME TO EXIT XX YY MIN"

If travel time to the last interchange in that direction for the work zone is available from that PCMS, an alternate route exists, and the PCMS is at least one (1) mile in advance of the next available alternate route or nearest exit the PCMS will display the 2-frame message:

"TIME TO EXIT XX XX MIN; EXPECT DELAYS"
or
"TIME TO EXIT XX XX MIN; DETOUR EXIT xxx"*

* The 'xxx' shall be as indicated in the plans and/or as directed by the Engineer. The detour route message shall be required to be manually turned on by a MDOT operator of the SWZS software.

If travel time to the last interchange in that direction for the work zone is not available from that PCMS the PCMS may display the following generic message:

"SLOW TRAFFIC AHEAD; EXPECT DELAYS"

First Priority – Stopped Traffic / Congestion Advisory when Queue Exists
If a queue is detected downstream of a PCMS and is more than one (1) mile ahead, and an alternate route does not exist prior to the queue or the PCMS is less than one (1) mile in advance of the next available alternate route or nearest exit, the PCMS will display the 2-frame message:

"STOPPED TRAFFIC XX MILES; BE PREPARED TO STOP"

If a queue is detected downstream of a PCMS and is more than one (1) mile ahead, an alternate route exists prior to the queue and the PCMS is at least one (1) mile in advance of the next available alternate route or nearest exit, the PCMS will display the 2-frame message:

"STOPPED TRAFFIC XX MILES; EXPECT DELAYS"
or
"STOPPED TRAFFIC XX MILES; DETOUR EXIT xxx"*

* The 'xxx' shall be as indicated in the plans and/or as directed by the Engineer. The detour route message shall be required to be manually turned on by an operator of the SWZS software.

If a queue is detected downstream of a PCMS and is less than one (1) mile downstream, the PCMS will display the 2-frame message:

"STOPPED TRAFFIC AHEAD; BE PREPARED TO STOP"

If a queue is detected downstream and either at the PCMS or extends beyond the PCMS and travel time to the last interchange in that direction for the work zone is available from that PCMS, the PCMS will display the 2-frame message:

"PREPARE TO STOP; TIME TO EXIT XX XX MIN"

If a queue is detected downstream and either at the PCMS or extends beyond the PCMS and travel time to the last interchange in that direction for the work zone is not available from that PCMS, the PCMS will be the default or shall display the 1-frame message:

"PREPARE TO STOP"

TMC Operator Messages
The SWZS Software shall allow TMC operators to select specific PCMS and override SWZS priority messages. SWZS Software shall provide a blank template for 2-phase messages for the TMC Operator Messages (TOMs). All Messages on PCMS and status shall be stored and logged for reporting, including TOMs. TOMs messages may be used on the main route. Only TOMs messages will be permitted on PCMS along detour routes. These signs will remain in the default display unless a MDOT TMC Operator activates a message.

Relocation During Construction. The various devices and communications in the SWZS will have to be moved around and relocated during the construction based on the current construction activities and the most effective layout for each phase of work. The cost of the relocation of the devices shall be included in the System Monitoring bid amount. The device locations as shown on the SWZS software map should also be updated with current location when the devices are relocated.

907-619.03.12.4--System Warranty, Maintenance, and Support. The System shall be maintained, supported, and guaranteed against material defects by its supplier through the duration of the deployment. The Contractor shall provide MDOT with a 24/7 contact to respond to any

issues and shall be required to respond within two (2) hours to any call from the Engineer or his designated representative concerning any request for correcting any deficiency in the System. Equipment damaged or otherwise not functioning shall be repaired or replaced within 48 hours of notification by MDOT. Control software issues shall be corrected within 24 hours of notification by MDOT. All equipment installation, service, repair, relocation and removal are the responsibility of the Contractor.

907-619.03.12.5--Testing. All equipment associated with the Portable Smart Work Zone System sites shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-619.03.12.6--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-619.03.12.7--Training. The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-619.04--Method of Measurement. Smart Work Zone System devices/trailers will be measured per each basis upon site delivery and acceptance by Project Engineer, and per each on a monthly basis for the operation of devices/trailers. This shall include each individual portable traffic sensor, portable changeable message sign, portable camera, portable HAR device/trailer, portable Bluetooth detection system and associated Bluetooth server service. System Monitoring, shall also be measured per each on a monthly basis. Permanent devices will be measured and paid for under their respective pay item numbers.

Measurement of the time for Smart Work Zone System devices, Operational Month will begin on the date the system is fully operational and will end on the date that it is no longer required on the project, both dates as determined by the Project Engineer. The count for the per each individual device shall start when the initial Smart Work Zone System is fully operational as determined by the Project Engineer and will be the number of each individual devices that are operational over the full month and each subsequent month of operations. Any individual devices in operation less than one month will be computed at a rate of 1/(Total days of month of coverage) of the monthly rate for each operating day and added to the number that are operational over the full month.

The Smart Work Zone System Monitoring will also be measured on a monthly basis per each starting on the date the system is fully operational and will end on the date that it is no longer required on the project, both dates as determined by the Engineer. Any partial months will be covered as a percentage of 1/(Total days of month of coverage) of the monthly rate for each operating day. The Smart Work Zone laptop computer will be included in the System monitoring.

907-619.05--Basis of Payment. Smart Work Zone Systems measured as prescribed above shall be paid as follows.

The Smart Work Zone System, measured as prescribed above, including all Portable Radar Vehicle Detection devices, Portable Changeable Message Signs, portable Bluetooth vehicle detection trailers, including all associated communications for all equipment, will be paid for per each, which price shall be full compensation for installation of a complete and fully operational system and for all submittals, materials, equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals necessary to complete the work. Portable trailers/devices will be paid for per each upon site delivery and acceptance by Project Engineer, and per each on a monthly basis for the operation of devices/trailers as described above. Devices provided in the permanent sites will be paid as indicated in the appropriate Sections.

Smart Work Zone System Monitoring, Operational Month, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for per each, which price shall be full compensation for maintaining, operating, and repairing the system, responding to calls to correct deficiencies in the system, relocating individual portable devices as needed, and all materials, equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals necessary to complete the work. Smart Work Zone System Monitoring, Operational Month shall also include the laptop computer with travel case, MS-Office Professional (latest version), and wireless air card, to monitor the system, the Smart Work Zone System Software, and any required SWZ system integration to operate any permanent devices.

Payment will be made under:

907-619-M1: Smart Work Zone, Portable*	- per each
907-619-M2: Smart Work Zone, Portable*, Operational Month	- per each
907-619-M3: Smart Work Zone, System Monitoring, Operational Month	- per each

* Specify Device

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-626-13 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 09/16/2026

SUBJECT: Thermoplastic Traffic Markings

Section 626, Thermoplastic Traffic Markings, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete Section 626 on pages 492 thru 496, and substitute the following.

SECTION 626 - THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC MARKINGS

907-626.01--Description. This work consists of furnishing materials and placing thermoplastic pavement markings of the type specified in conformity with these specifications and the details shown on the plans or established. All hot-applied thermoplastic pavement markings shall be coated with a double-drop combination of optics.

This work may also consist of placing an audible bump or puck style marking system on the edge line that provides an audible and vibratory warning when driven over. The marking system shall be a road marking system of the dimensions indicated at regular and predetermined intervals.

This work may also consist of placing a profile or raised shape marking system on centerline or edge line that provides audible and vibratory warning when driven over. The marking system shall be a road marking system of the dimensions indicated and at regular and predetermined intervals. When placed on centerline, the markings system shall consist of an extruded black transverse thermoplastic bar of the dimensions indicated at regular and predetermined intervals.

This work may also consist of placing high contrast thermoplastic markings. High contrast thermoplastic markings shall consist of placing thermoplastic pavement markings over a black thermoplastic pavement marking to enhance the marking's visibility.

All pavement marking material, excluding lines over rumble strips, shall be applied using the extrusion/ribbon method. Lines placed over rumble strips shall be applied using the atomization/spray method, unless the extrusion/ribbon method can be demonstrated to perform adequately and is approved by the Engineer.

Permanent pavement marking tape (permanent cold plastic tape) may be used in lieu of hot applied thermoplastic markings. Substitution will only be allowed for pay items 907-626-A through H. Substituted pavement marking tape shall be of the same color and width as that required for the hot applied thermoplastic. Unless otherwise specified, the markings, whether hot applied or pavement marking tape, shall be of the same type of material for the entire project. Stop bars and crosswalks shall not be substituted with pavement marking tape and shall be alkyd hot-applied thermoplastic markings or heat-fused preformed pavement markings. Material and construction

requirements for substituted pavement marking tape shall meet the requirements of Special Provision 907-628. The layout and spacing for substituted pavement markings will remain as shown in the plans, or in the contract documents, for hot applied thermoplastic markings. Measurement of adhesive substituted pavement markings shall be made in accordance with Special Provision 907-628. Payment for adhesive substituted pavement markings shall be made at the unit price for the appropriate hot applied thermoplastic marking.

When thermoplastic pavement markings are used on bridge decks or concrete surfaces, the surface shall be sealed with an epoxy sealer prior to the application of thermoplastic.

907-626.02--Materials. All pavement marking materials shall meet the requirements of Special Provision 907-720.

907-626.02.1--Audible Bumps. Audible bumps shall have a profile such that the leading and trailing edges are sloped at a sufficient angle to create an audible and vibratory warning.

Audible bumps shall be at least 0.45 inches above the pavement surface at the highest point of the bump. The height shall be measured after the application of drop-on material. The bumps shall have a minimum dimension of two and one-half inches (2½") in both transverse and longitudinal directions. The bumps may have a drainage channel. The width of each drainage channel shall not exceed one-quarter of an inch (¼") at the bottom of the channel.

907-626.02.2--Audible Transverse Bars. The length of transverse bars is the measurement lateral to the direction of travel, also known as transverse width. The width of transverse bars is the measurement parallel to the travel way.

Transverse bars on centerline shall have a length of 10 inches, a width of three inches (3"), and a height of 350 mils. Transverse bars on centerline shall be placed on 2-foot centers through no-passing zones and 5-foot centers through passing zones. Transverse bars on centerline shall be placed in advance of permanent thermoplastic markings.

Transverse bars on edge lines shall have a length of six inches (6"), a width of three inches (3"), and a height of 350 mils. Transverse bars on edge lines shall be placed on 2-foot centers. Tolerance for the longitudinal and transverse measurements shall be one quarter of an inch (¼") and the tolerance for height shall be 50 mils. The above dimensions are based on 6-inch strip application.

Thermoplastic material for edge line transverse bars shall be as specified on the Plans and meet the requirements of Special Provision 907-720 or as specified on the plans. Thermoplastic material for centerline transverse bars shall be black and shall meet the requirements of Special Provision 907-720.

907-626.02.3--High Contrast Markings. High contrast markings shall be black with the pertinent marking color overlaid on top and shall meet the requirements of Special Provision 907-720.

907-626.03--Construction Requirements.

907-626.03.1--Equipment. Equipment for hot application shall be of sufficient size and stability to ensure smooth, uniform, properly aligned markings of the dimensions specified. The equipment shall be suitably equipped for heating and controlling the flow of the material. The equipment shall be constructed to provide continuous mixing and agitation of the material. The conveying parts of the equipment, between the main material reservoir and applicator, shall be so constructed as to prevent accumulation and clogging. The equipment shall be constructed so that all mixing and conveying parts, up to and including the applicator, maintain the material at the plastic temperature. The thermoplastic material shall be dispensed at a temperature recommended by the manufacturer. The applicator shall include a cutoff device remotely controlled to provide clean, square stripe ends and to provide a method for applying skip lines. The thermoplastic reservoir shall be insulated and equipped with an automatic thermostatic control to maintain the proper temperature of the material.

The application equipment shall be capable of automatic placement of intermittent and continuous line patterns in single or double line applications simultaneously. The intermittent timer mechanism shall provide a variable ratio of materials applied and variable cycle length such that accurate placement of new patterns, or replacement of existing patterns can be achieved.

The equipment shall also be capable of applying the top dressing of optics (beads) in a manner that firmly embeds them into the surface of the thermoplastic material for at least one half of the diameter of the larger gradation sizes of the optics. The dispensing equipment shall be equipped with an automatic cut-off control for the application of the optics that is synchronized with the cut-off of the thermoplastic material.

Optics applied to the surface of the completed stripe shall be applied by an automatic dispenser attached to the pavement marking equipment in such a manner that the optics are immediately dispensed upon the completed line. The dispenser shall be equipped with an automatic cutoff control, synchronized with the cutoff of the pavement marking equipment. The double-drop optics as defined in 907-720 shall be automatically applied at a uniform rate to achieve the minimum retroreflectivity requirements of 907-626.

907-626.03.2--Construction Details. The thermoplastic compound shall be screed or ribbon extruded to the pavement surface. Heat-fused, pre-formed pavement markings shall be fusible to asphalt surfaces by means of the normal heat of a propane weed-burner type of torch or other heating device as recommended by the manufacturer. Heat-fused, pre-formed pavement markings shall be instantly highly reflective without the application of additional optics.

Thermoplastic markings shall not be applied to the pavement surface when the pavement surface temperature is less than 55°F. The pavement surface shall be dry, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, before application will be permitted. Unless otherwise specified by the manufacturer, thermoplastic pavement marking material shall be applied to the surface between 400°F and 450°F with a recommended application temperature being 420°F.

Immediately before application, all areas to be marked shall be thoroughly cleaned. Cleaning may be done by rotary brooms, air blast, scrapers, or whatever combination of equipment is necessary to clean the pavement thoroughly without damage to the pavement surface. On areas of pavement

cured with compound, the membrane shall be removed completely by shot blasting, sand blasting or other approved method. Before edge striping, particular care shall be taken to remove all vegetation, loose soil, and the like from the area to be marked. Should other methods fail, the surface shall be wetted with a water jet and scrubbed as necessary to dislodge all foreign material. After washing, the surface shall be allowed to dry thoroughly, and all films of dried mud apparent after surface drying shall be removed before application of markings. Marking shall follow as closely as practicable after the surface has been cleaned and dried, but no markings shall be applied until the surface has been inspected and permission given to proceed. The cost for preparing the surface shall be included in the contract unit prices for the marking items.

Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, traffic stripes that are conflicting with the thermoplastic stripe shall be removed prior to placement of the thermoplastic material. Removal of pavement markings shall be done by a means that will not gouge the surface of the pavement in a manner that requires patching to ensure the integrity of the pavement. Temporary paint stripe may be left in place when satisfactorily placed in the proper location. Any temporary stripe not covered shall be removed. Payment for removal of stripe, except temporary stripe, will be made under Section 202.

On newly constructed asphalt pavements, any sand, grit, or other surface contaminants shall be removed using compressed air and/or sweeping. Water blasting may be necessary to remove surface contaminants which cannot be removed by the use of compressed air and/or sweeping. This work is considered surface preparation.

The finished lines shall have well defined edges and the thickness of thermoplastic markings above the roadway surface shall be no less than 90 mils for edge lines, center lines, lane lines, barrier lines, and detail stripe including gore markings, and no less than 120 mils for crosswalks, stop lines, and railroad, word and symbol markings. The minimum thickness, as required above, will be measured in the center of the line when gauged. The minimum thickness one-half inch (½") from the edges shall not be less than 75% of the thickness required in the center.

Any thermoplastic traffic marking less than the required thickness shall be corrected by recapping at no additional costs to the Department. Although a thickness tolerance of 25 percent from center to edge is allowed, a consistent underrun of any amount in thickness as determined by the Engineer will not be acceptable.

The length and width of lines shall be within a tolerance of ±3 inches and ±1/8 inch, respectively. For skip markings, the tolerance for intervals shall not exceed the line length tolerance. On curves, unsightly variations from the normal curvature will not be permitted unless specifically shown on the plans or ordered by the Engineer.

Heat-fused, pre-formed pavement markings shall be supplied with a minimum average thickness of 90 mils before application on the roadway surface.

All newly applied thermoplastic material shall be protected from traffic until the material is sufficiently dry so as not to sustain damage from vehicle tires. Any material so damaged by traffic shall be repaired, and the thermoplastic material tracked onto the pavement shall be removed and

replaced.

907-626.03.3--Reflectivity Requirements. The longitudinal pavement markings shall meet the following retroreflectivity values when measured within 10 to 30 calendar days of placement, after removing loose beads.

Table 1. Minimum Dry Retroreflectivity

Color	All Stripe without Rumble mcd/m²/lx	Rumble Stripe mcd/m²/lx
White	375	250
Yellow	225	150

For projects with less than two miles between the BOP and EOP, retroreflectivity measurements will not be required.

907-626.03.3.1--Measuring Devices. Retroreflectivity measurements are required to be taken using a vehicle mounted mobile retroreflectometer using 30-meter geometry with video and mapping capabilities as per AASHTO T-398. The retroreflectometer and operator shall be certified by the manufacturer, authorized representative of the manufacturer, or an MDOT approved program such as the Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) Mobile Retroreflectometer Certification Program. The Contractor shall provide copies of current certifications for the operator(s) and the device(s) to the Engineer.

907-626.03.3.2--Acceptance Procedure. Averages of the mobile measurements shall be provided for every 0.1 miles unless otherwise specified or approved. Take measurements on each section of roadway for each series of markings (i.e., edge line, center skip line, each line of a double line, etc.) and for each direction of traffic flow. Measure each line in both directions for centerlines on two-way roadways (i.e., measure both double solid line in both directions and measure all center skip lines in both directions). Furnish measurements in compliance with the below requirements. Use all equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and directions. Inform the Engineer at least 24 hours before taking any measurements.

A marking meets the retroreflectivity requirements if:

- The combined average retroreflectivity value for a one-mile segment meets the minimum retroreflectivity values specified, and
- Within the one-mile segment, no more than three consecutive 0.1 mile intervals shall have an average retroreflectivity value below the minimum required value.

The one-mile segment will start from the beginning of the data collection and end after a mile worth of measurements have been taken; each subsequent mile of measurements will be a new segment. If the remainder is 0.5 miles or less, it shall be included in the previous mile segment, otherwise the remaining segment of greater than 0.5 mile shall be its own segment. Centerlines with 2 stripes (either solid or broken) will result in 2 miles of data for each mile segment. Each centerline stripe must be tested for compliance as a stand-alone stripe.

The Contractor may elect to restripe with a minimum of 0.060 in. (60 mils) at no cost to the Department each one-mile segment that failed to meet the minimum retroreflectivity requirements.

Measurements shall be retaken within 10 to 30 calendar days after the second application for the mile segment for that series of markings. If the markings do not meet minimum retroreflectivity after the second application, the Engineer may require removal of all existing markings, a new application as initially specified, and a repeat of the application process until minimum retroreflectivity requirements are met.

907-626.03.3.3--Mobile Retroreflectivity Data Collection. Mobile Retroreflectivity Data Collection (MRDC) shall be conducted on dry pavement only and when the ambient air temperature is greater than 40°F. Data shall be submitted to the Engineer no later than 3 working days after the day the data is collected. Submit all raw data collected in addition to all other data submitted. Provide data files in Microsoft Excel format or a format approved by the Engineer. The data file and video must contain the following information.

907-626.03.3.3.1--Data File. Data files shall be provided with the following:

- Date;
- District;
- County;
- Name of mobile retroreflectometer operator;
- Route number with reference markers or other reference information provided by the Engineer to indicate the location of beginning and end data collection points on that roadway;
- Cardinal direction;
- Line type (single solid, single broken, double solid, etc.);
- Line color;
- File name corresponding to video;
- Data for each centerline listed separately;
- Average reading taken for each 0.1-mi. interval (or interval designated by the Engineer);
- Accurate GPS coordinates (within 20 ft.) for each interval;
- Color-coding for each interval indicating passing or failing, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer (passing and failing thresholds provided by the Engineer);
- Graphical representation of the MRDC (y-axis showing retroreflectivity and x-axis showing intervals) corresponding with each data file;
- Distance in miles driven while measuring the pavement markings;
- Event codes (pre-approved by the Engineer) indicating problems with measurement;
- Upper validation threshold (may be included separately with the raw data but must be clearly identified with the data collected using that threshold).

907-626.03.3.3.2--Map. A map shall be provided in an electronic format approved by the Engineer with each MRDC submission that includes the following information:

- Date;
- District number;
- County;

- Color-coded 1-mi. intervals (or interval length designated by the Engineer) for passing and failing retroreflectivity values or retroreflectivity threshold values provided by the Engineer; and
- Percentage of passing and failing intervals, if required by the Engineer.

907-626.03.3.3.3--Video. A high-quality video file shall be provided with the following information:

- Date and corresponding data file name on label;
- District number;
- County;
- Route number with reference markers or other designated reference information to indicate the location of beginning and end collection points on that roadway; and
- Retroreflectivity values presented on the same screen with the following information:
    - Date;
    - Location;
    - Starting and ending mileage;
    - Total miles;
    - Retroreflectivity readings; and
    - Upper validation thresholds (may be included separately with the raw data but must be clearly identified with the data collected using that threshold).

907-626.03.4--Reflectivity Verification Testing. The Engineer or a third party may perform retroreflectivity verification testing on any project. At a minimum, each Contractor performing work for the Department will be verified on an annual basis. The Contractor-submitted retroreflectivity data will be compared to the verification test data to determine acceptability of the Contractor's mobile retroreflectometer data. Comparison of the data will result in one of the two scenarios below:

- Contractor's Data is Validated – If the difference between Contractor's and Engineer/third party data is 20% or less, then the Contractor's data is validated. The Contractor's data will be used for acceptance.
- Contractor's Data is not Validated – If the difference between the Contractor's and Engineer/third party data is more than 20%, then the Contractor's data is not validated. The Engineer/third party data will be used for acceptance and the Contractor will be required to take corrective action prior to additional Contractor data collection and may require re-certification of the mobile retroreflectometer.

907-626.04--Method of Measurement. Thermoplastic stripe completed in accordance with the plans and specifications will be measured by the mile or by the linear foot, as indicated, from end-to-end of individual stripes. In the case of skip lines the measurement will include skip intervals. The length used to measure centerline, lane lines, and edge stripes will be the horizontal length computed along the roadway.

Detail traffic stripe will be measured by the linear foot from end-to-end of individual stripes. Measurements will be made along the surface of each stripe and will exclude skip intervals where

skips are specified. Stripes more than six inches (6") in width will be converted to equivalent lengths of 6-inch stripe.

Hot-applied legend, which is to include railroad markings, pedestrian crosswalks, and stop lines, will be measured by the square foot or linear foot. Pay areas of individual letters and symbols will usually be shown on the plans and measured by the square foot. Transverse railroad bands, pedestrian crosswalks and stop lines will generally be measured by the linear foot, in which case, stripes more than six inches (6") in width will be converted to equivalent lengths of 6-inch widths.

Pre-formed legend which is to include railroad markings and pedestrian crosswalks will be measured and paid for by each.

The length measured for thermoplastic audible bump edge stripe will not include the permanent thermoplastic edge stripe. Permanent thermoplastic edge stripe will be measured for payment under a separate pay item.

Thermoplastic audible bar centerline skip stripe will be measured by the linear foot or mile. Measurements will be made along the surface from end-to-end of the stripe and will include skip intervals. The length used to measure audible bar centerline stripe will be the horizontal length computed along the roadway. The length measured for thermoplastic audible bar centerline skip stripe will not include the permanent centerline continuous or skip stripe. Permanent centerline continuous and skip stripe will be measured for payment under separate pay items.

Thermoplastic audible bar edge stripe will be measured by the linear foot or mile. Measurements will be made along the surface from end-to-end of the stripe. The length used to measure thermoplastic audible bar edge stripe will be the horizontal length computed along the roadway. The length measured for thermoplastic audible bar edge stripe will not include the permanent thermoplastic edge stripe. Permanent thermoplastic edge stripe will be measured for payment under a separate pay item.

907-626.05--Basis of Payment. Thermoplastic traffic markings will be paid for at the contract unit price per mile, linear foot, square foot or each as applicable. Any deductions for non-satisfactory material test results will be made after final testing has been performed.

Payment will be made under:

907-626-A:	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Skip White	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-B:	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Continuous White	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-C:	6" Thermoplastic Edge Stripe, Continuous White	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-D:	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Skip Yellow	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-E:	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow	- per linear foot or mile

907-626-F:	6" Thermoplastic Edge Stripe, Continuous Yellow	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-G:	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, Color *	- per linear foot
907-626-H:	Thermoplastic Legend, Color *	- per linear foot, square foot, or per each
907-626-Q:	Thermoplastic Audible Bump Edge Stripe	-per linear foot or mile
907-626-R:	Thermoplastic Audible Traffic Stripe, ***	-per linear foot or mile
907-626-AA:	6" High Contrast Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Skip White	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-BB:	6" High Contrast Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Continuous White	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-CC:	6" High Contrast Thermoplastic Edge Stripe, Continuous White	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-DD:	6" High Contrast Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Skip Yellow	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-EE:	6" High Contrast Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-FF:	6" High Contrast Thermoplastic Edge Stripe, Continuous Yellow	- per linear foot or mile
907-626-GG:	High Contrast Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, Color *	- per linear foot
907-626-HH:	High Contrast Thermoplastic Legend, Color *	- per linear foot, square foot, or each

* Indicate Blue - ADA if applicable
*** Indicate Centerline - Passing Zone, Centerline - No-Passing Zone, or Edge Line

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-627-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 06/24/2024

SUBJECT: Raised Pavement Markers

Section 627, Raised Pavement Markers, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows:

Delete Subsection 627.02 on page 496, and substitute the following.

907-627.02--Materials. Pavement and jiggle markers of the types specified shall conform to the applicable requirements of Subsection 907-720.06 and shall be listed on the Department's APL.

Type B through G High Performance reflective markers shall be listed on the Department's APL for high performance raised pavement markers.

The bituminous adhesive for pavement markers shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-720.07.3.

907-627.05--Basis of Payment. Add the "907" prefix to the pay items listed on page 498.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-631-1

DATE: 08/27/2024

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal Systems - General

Before Subsection 907-631.02.4 on page 1, add the following.

907-631.02.3--Regulations and Code. At the end of the second paragraph, add the following.

The Certified IMSA Traffic Signal Construction Technician Level II employee is not required to be on-site during construction. Proof of this certification shall be provided prior to award of contract.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-631-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal Systems - General

Section 631, Traffic Signal Systems - General, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-631.02--Materials.

907-631.02.4--Operations. Delete the second paragraph in Subsection 631.02.4 on page 513 and substitute the following.

The Contractor shall conduct the work at all times in such a manner as to ensure the least possible inconvenience to the traveling public, and to property owners on the streets, alleys, and other public places where the construction will take place.

907-631.02.5--Electrical Service. Delete the first paragraph in Subsection 631.02.5 on page 515 and substitute the following.

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary arrangements with the local power company to provide the electrical service for any new installation. The Contractor shall pay for, at no cost to the Department, all deposits, hook-up charges, or other service fees required by the power company for the establishment of new service. The cost of all such fees shall be considered incidental and absorbed within existing pay items. The Department or the local agency will be responsible for payment of the monthly service bill for the new power service installation. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to swap the electrical service account over to the Department or local agency.

907-631.03--Construction Requirements.

907-631.03.2--Electrical Service Equipment. Delete the paragraphs of Subsection 631.03.2 on pages 515 and 516, and substitute the following.

The power supply assembly shall consist of all equipment mounted in a Power Service Pedestal as described in Subsection 722.13 or as otherwise shown in the plans. The configuration and installation of the equipment mounted on the assembly shall meet the safety requirements and approval of the utility company or municipality furnishing power for operation.

When required, service poles shall be provided by the Contractor and consist of wood poles with required pole line hardware, conduit, ground rods, guy wires and anchors and all other accessories and appurtenances mounted on the pole, except those items furnished by the utility company or

municipality, or as specified separately in the contract or plans. Costs of service poles shall be included in other items bids.

Main disconnect switches shall be separately housed on the power supply assembly. Circuit breaker cabinets and meters shall not be installed on the street or walk side of the pole or pedestal.

907-631.03.3--Performance Tests. Delete the second sentence of Subsection 631.03.3 on page 516.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-632-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal Cabinet Assemblies

Section 632, Traffic Signal Cabinet Assemblies, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete Section 632 on pages 517 thru 538, and substitute the following.

SECTION 907-632 - TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABINET ASSEMBLIES

907-632.01--Description. This work consists of furnishing, assembling, configuring and installing all component materials and software required to form completed traffic signal controller assemblies, closed loop master controller assemblies and signal system installation of the types specified, in conformity with these specifications, to ensure fully operational traffic signal installations as shown on the plans.

907-632.02--Materials.

907-632.02.1--Cabinet Assembly. Cabinet Assemblies shall meet the NEMA 3R requirements and be constructed principally of 0.125-inch thick, 5052-H32 aluminum. The aluminum shall have a mill finish per NEMA TS 2 7.7.3. Intermittent welds may be used for construction and any un-welded cabinet seams shall be sealed with clear RTV silicone. All external fasteners shall be stainless steel and no holes will be allowed in top of cabinet.

The door handles shall be stainless steel or cast aluminum. Door hinges shall be of the continuous type with a stainless steel hinge pin. Rivets are not be used to attach the hinge. The main door stop rod shall be constructed using stainless steel. The door stop mechanism shall be adjustable and capable of being securely latched in multiple opened positions including 90 degrees and a maximum of 120 degrees. The brackets attaching the stop rod to the door and cabinet shall be aluminum and welded in place. The main door cylinder lock shall be a #2 key type lock. Two (2) traffic industry standard No. 2 keys shall be provided with each cabinet and shall be made using heavy duty key blanks.

Extruded aluminum channels permanently attached to the right and left cabinet sides shall be provided for attaching adjustable shelving and mounting of other component panels. The cabinet shall have two (2) shelves installed. Both shelves shall be provided with the front edge pre-drilled with 0.25-inch holes located twelve (12) inches apart.

907-632.02.2--Physical Features.

907-632.02.2.1--Pull Out Drawer. A pull out drawer shall be installed and centered under the

bottom shelf. The drawer shall be made of 0.080-inch thick, 5052-H32 aluminum and come out on full extension drawer slides. The pull out drawer shall provide an approximate 16-inch x 14-inch working area and have the ability to bear a constant 25 pound burden. There shall be a compartment for document storage. The lid shall be hinged at the rear, to gain access to the storage area. The drawer will be used to store documents as well as support a notebook computer. The drawer slides shall be of the full extension ball bearing type. Dimensions of the drawer shall be large enough to support a notebook computer and a drawer of sufficient size to hold at least two (2) copies of the cabinet drawings and other related cabinet documentation. The surface of the lid shall have a non-slip surface.

907-632.02.2.2--Cabinet Lighting. Cabinets shall be provided with a minimum of two (2) white light LED modules. One (1) lighting module shall be installed along the front top section of the cabinet and the second lighting module shall be installed underneath the bottom cabinet shelf in such a location as to provide direct lighting of the load bay area of the cabinet but must not interfere with the cabinet drawer operation.

Both LED lighting modules shall be controlled by a NEMA rated, commercial quality, pushbutton door switch. The cabinet lighting shall turn on when the cabinet main door is opened and shall turn off when the main door is closed or an ON/OFF NEMA rated, commercial quality, toggle switch mounted on the inside cabinet door service panel shall be provided to turn both LED lighting modules on or off.

907-632.02.2.3--Police Panel Switches. Police panel switches shall be provided with all controller cabinets. All switches shall be hard wired and labeled as to their function.

NORMAL-FLASH: When this switch is in the FLASH position, all signal indications shall transfer to the flashing mode. AC power shall be removed from the load switches when the signal indications transfer to the flashing mode.

The controller unit shall operate in accordance with appropriate specifications during the flashing mode. When the switch is placed in the NORMAL position, transfer from the flash mode to normal operation shall be made in accordance with uniform code flash requirements.

SIGNAL ON-OFF: AC power shall be removed from the signal heads and the intersection will become dark when this switch is in the OFF position.

MANUAL CONTROL ON-OFF: When this switch is in the ON position, a logic ground shall be applied to the manual control enable input of the controller unit.

INTERVAL ADVANCE INPUT JACK: A manual jack shall be installed on the police panel. The jack shall inter-mate with a 3-circuit, ¼-inch diameter phone plug. The tip and ring (middle) circuits of the jack shall be connected to the logic ground and the interval advance inputs of the controller unit. When the manual hand cord is plugged into the jack and the pushbutton is pressed, logic ground shall be connected to the interval advance input of the controller unit.

When specified in the contract documents, an interval advance cord shall be provided. The cord

shall have a minimum length of three (3) feet. It shall have a ¼-inch diameter, three circuit plug connected to one end and a manual pushbutton enclosed in a hand-held enclosure at the other end. A complete cycle (push-release) of the manual pushbutton shall terminate the controller unit interval which is active except the vehicular yellow and red clearance intervals. Cycling the push-button during the vehicular yellow or all red clearance intervals shall not terminate the timing of those intervals.

907-632.02.2.4--Service Panel Switches. Service panel switches shall be hard wired and clearly labeled to identify as to their functions. Service panel switches shall be mounted on the service panel located on the inside of the main cabinet door. Alternate switch locations may be described in the plans or contract documents but final switch design and location shall be approved by the Engineer prior to cabinet fabrication.

NORMAL-FLASH: When this switch is in the FLASH position, all signal indications shall transfer to the flashing mode. AC power shall be removed from the load switches when the signal indications transfer to the flashing mode.

The controller unit shall operate in accordance with appropriate specifications during the flashing mode. When the switch is placed in the NORMAL position transfer from the flash mode to normal operation shall be made in accordance with uniform code flash requirements.

CONTROLLER ON-OFF: When this switch is in the OFF position, AC power shall be removed from the controller. When this switch is returned to the ON position, the controller unit shall perform normal start up functions and resume normal operation in accordance with the applicable specification.

STOP TIME-RUN-NORMAL: A 3-position manual switch shall be provided which places the controller into Stop Time mode manually or through remote input.

VEHICLE DETECTORS: A 3-position switch shall be provided for each vehicle and pedestrian detector circuit. All switches shall be located on a panel mounted on the inside of the main cabinet door. The switch panel shall be labeled CALL SWITCH. Labeling of phase number and intended function (vehicles or pedestrian calls) shall be provided for each switch.

The vehicle detector switch functions are defined as follows:

Locked Call	Call is continually placed into the controller unit.
Off (center)	Vehicle detector is connected to the controller unit vehicle detector input, i.e. normal detector operation.
Momentary Call	Call is continuous as long as the switch is manually held in this position.

907-632.02.2.5--Police and Service Panel Locations. The police and service panels shall be constructed of 5052-H32 0.125-inch thick aluminum.

The police panel shall be located behind the police door which is enclosed within the main door.

The police door shall be hinged and provided with a neoprene gasket seal. Access to any portion or equipment contained behind the main cabinet door shall not be accessible through any part of the police panel. The police panel shall be of appropriate dimensions to accommodate all switch or devices described within this specification, the plans or contract document. The police door shall be provided with a treasury #2 key type lock and two (2) keys for the police door lock shall be provided with each cabinet.

The service panel shall be mounted on the inside portion of the main cabinet door, adjacent to the back side of the police panel or on the left hand side of the cabinet.

907-632.02.2.6--Cabinet Ventilation. Cabinets shall be vented to allow dissipation of the heat generated by the equipment contained within. All cabinets shall have a thermostatically controlled exhaust fan located at the top of the cabinet that is capable of 100 cubic feet per minute air displacement. The thermostat shall be mounted on the inside top of the cabinet and shall have a nominal temperature range from 80°F to 170°F.

The intake vent shall be louvered or equivalent design to prevent rain infiltration. The vent area will be located along the bottom portion of the cabinet door. A 16-inch x 12-inch x 1-inch disposable pleated air filter shall be provided on the inside portion of the cabinet and shall fully cover the vent area.

907-632.02.2.7--Air Filter Assembly. Air filters shall be one piece and shall be held firmly in place against the cabinet door in order to prevent dust from bypassing the perimeter of the filter and shall fully cover the vent area. Wing nuts or thumbscrews are preferred. Air filter shall be a 16-inch x 12-inch x 1-inch disposable pleated filter.

907-632.02.2.8--Cabinet Sizes.

907-632.02.2.8.1--Type I Cabinet. A Type I cabinet, 51"H x 30"W x 18"D, may be used for both pole and base mounted cabinets that require a maximum eight (8) position load bay. Pole mounted cabinets do not require rear access.

907-632.02.2.8.2--Type II Cabinet. A Type II cabinet, 51"H x 36"W x 18"D, may be used for both pole and base mounted cabinets that require a maximum twelve (12) position load bay. Pole mounted cabinets do not require rear access.

907-632.02.2.8.3--Type III Cabinet. A Type III cabinet, 56"H x 44"W x 27"D, shall be used for base mount installations and shall require a sixteen (16) position load bay and rear access door.

907-632.02.2.8.4--Type IV Cabinet. A Type IV dual chamber cabinet, 56"H x 57"W x 29"D, shall be used for base mount installations and shall require a sixteen (16) position load bay, rear access door, and external generator plug. When called for in the plans, a UPS shall be housed inside this cabinet.

907-632.02.2.8.5--Type V Cabinet. A Type V cabinet, 77"H x 44"W x 27"D, shall be used for base mount installations and shall require a sixteen (16) position load bay and rear access door.

907-632.02.3--Power Distribution Panel. The power panel shall be wired to provide the necessary power to all equipment. It shall be manufactured from 0.125-inch thick, 5052- H32 aluminum. The power panel shall house the following components: Main Breaker, Auxiliary Breakers, and Terminal Block. The panel shall be of such design so as to allow a technician to easily access the main and auxiliary breakers.

A 3-position terminal block with a removable insulated cover accepting up to AWG #4 stranded wire shall be supplied for accepting only the incoming power lines. This terminal block shall be in advance of and supply only the 30-amp main breaker, 10-amp and 5-amp Auxiliary breakers, AC neutral buss and earth ground buss.

907-632.02.3.1--Ground and Neutral Busbars. Cabinet grounding shall meet the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.09 for grounding and ground rods. A solid copper ground busbar shall be mounted on the side of the cabinet wall adjacent to the power panel for the connection of chassis ground wires. If more than one (1) ground busbar is used in a cabinet, a minimum of an AWG #6 copper wire shall be used to bond them.

The copper ground busbar shall have a minimum of thirteen (13) connector points, each capable of securing at least one (1) AWG #6 conductor.

A solid copper neutral busbar shall be mounted on the side of the cabinet wall adjacent to the power panel for the connection of AC neutral wires.

The copper neutral busbar shall have a minimum of thirteen (13) connector points, each capable of securing at least one (1) AWG #6 conductor.

907-632.02.3.2--Terminal Strips. Conductors shall be terminated on terminal strips with insulated terminal lugs. When two (2) or more conductors are terminated on field wiring terminal strip screws, a terminal ring lug shall be used for termination of those conductors. The voltage and current rating of terminal strips shall be greater than the voltage and current rating of the wire which is terminated on the terminal strip.

907-632.02.3.3--Cabinet Receptacles. A 3-wire 115 Volt AC (15A) Ground Fault Circuit Interrupt (GFCI) duplex receptacle shall be provided in the cabinet for maintenance use. It shall be securely mounted near the bottom right side of the cabinet and easily accessible.

Two (2) 3-wire 115 Volt AC (15A) non-GFCI protected outlets shall be installed, one on each side of the cabinet. These two (2) outlets are used for communication or other auxiliary equipment.

907-632.02.3.4--Operating Line Voltage. All equipment shall be designed to operate from a 120 volt, 60 cycle AC supply. Operation shall be satisfactory at voltages from 105 volts to 130 volts. All operating voltages into and out of the controller shall be NEMA level DC voltages except for the controller AC power source (Connector A, Pin p – AC-Control and Pin U – AC Common).

907-632.02.3.5--Circuit Breakers. Circuit breakers shall meet the requirements set forth in

Subsection 722.07. A 30-amp main breaker, with a minimum of 10,000 amp interrupting capacity, shall be provided for all cabinets to supply power to the controller, MMU, signals, and rack power supply.

Two (2) auxiliary breakers shall be provided. The first breaker, 10-amp, shall supply power to the fan, light, GFCI utility receptacle and two (2) auxiliary standard receptacles. The second breaker, 5-amp, shall be installed to supply power for the Controller Unit and MMU2. The above circuit breakers line side shall be jumpered together and will be fed from an external main circuit. A third 5-amp breaker shall be required if an ITS camera panel is called for in the plans.

907-632.02.3.6--Main Line Arrestors. Surge protection shall be provided that meets the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.12. A main line arrestor shall be provided to reduce the effects of voltage transients on the AC power line. It shall be installed after the circuit breaker. The main line arrestor shall be sufficient to protect all equipment and devices as per the plans and the following minimum specifications.

- Multi-stage Hybrid Design
- Series induction filtering
- Thermally protected Metal Oxide Varistors (TMOV's)
- Operating Voltage: 120 VAC
- Clamping Voltage: 395 VAC
- Operating Current: 15 A
- Peak Surge Current: 50 kA/Mode, 100 kA/Phase
- Operating Frequency: 47-63Hz
- EMI Attenuation: 40 dB Typ
- SPD Technology: TMOV's w/ W-C Filter
- Modes of Protection: L-N, L-G, N-G
- Status Indication: Power On & TMOV's Functional
- Connection Type: ¼-20 Stainless Steel Stud
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

907-632.02.3.7--Solid State Main Line Relay (SSR). A normally-open, 75-amp, hybrid SSR shall be provided on the power distribution panel. The relay shall include a LED indicator to verify circuit power.

907-632.02.4--Terminal Facilities Board. The Terminal Facility shall be a hardwired load bay for NEMA TS 2 Type 1 actuated controllers. The load bay shall include either eight (8), twelve (12) or sixteen (16) load switch positions, as specified by the plans, and shall be centered along the back of the cabinet below the bottom shelf.

All wires terminated behind the backboard, as well as any additional panels, shall be soldered. No pressure or solderless connectors shall be used, unless they are soldered to the wire and tab after connection.

907-632.02.4.1--Load Switches and Flashers. Solid State Load Switches, compatible with low

wattage LED signals, shall be provided for the sequence called for on the plans. The load switch sockets shall be wired for triple-signal load switches conforming to NEMA TS 1-1994 and NEMA TS 2-2003 requirements.

The flasher socket shall be wired for and provided with a Type 3, two (2) circuit Solid State Flasher conforming to NEMA TS 1-1994 and NEMA TS 2-2003 requirements. It shall be possible to flash either the amber or red indication on any load switch outputs. It shall be possible to easily change the flash indication from the front side of the panel using readily available tools such as a screwdriver. A nominal flash rate of 50 to 60 FPM shall be provided. Flash rate shall be stable when used with generators or inverters.

Support(s) shall be provided to support the Flasher and Load Switches at some point approximately half of the total length from the panel surface. Sufficient area beneath the Load Switch or Flasher shall be clear in order to allow for free flow of air across the Load Switches or Flasher. Load Switches and Flashers must be provided with LED indicator lights on the side facing the cabinet door.

907-632.02.4.2--Flash Transfer Relay. All flash transfer relays, as a minimum, shall meet NEMA TS 1 requirements. The number of relays that shall be supplied with each cabinet shall accommodate the number of signal phases as indicated in the project plans. The coil of the flash transfer relay must be de-energized for flash operation.

907-632.02.5--Cabinet Wiring. Controller cabinets shall be wired in accordance with the signal phasing plans. If phases are indicated as omitted for future use, or if phases are not shown to be used in the plans, the cabinet shall be wired for use of the phases shown as future or unused. Load Switches shall not be provided for future or unused phases.

Wiring in the cabinets shall conform to the requirements of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and all of these specifications. All conductors in the cabinet shall be stranded copper. All wiring shall be laced. All wiring shall be in accordance as specified by Section 636 and Subsection 722.03 for Electric Cable and IMSA Specification 19 and/or 20 for Signal Wiring.

Connector harnesses for controller, conflict monitor, vehicle detectors, and accessory equipment (including NEMA defined Card Rack with power supply and pre-wired optical detection slots) shall be provided and wired into the cabinet circuitry. Connecting cables for controller and conflict monitor harnesses shall be sleeved in a braided mesh. All wires shall be securely terminated on terminal strips. The lay of the interconnect cable between the components must be such that when the door is closed, it does not press against the cables or force the cables against the various components inside the cabinets.

All communication wiring shall be bundled and routed independently of all other wiring. All live conductors shall be covered with suitable insulating material. All equipment grounds shall run directly and independently to the grounding bus.

All wires shall be cut and terminated as close as possible to the proper length before assembly. Consideration of equipment location adjustments must be made when determining appropriate

wire lengths. Excessive lengths of wire or cable shall not be allowed. All line voltage conductors used in controller cabinet shall conform to the following color code:

AC Neutral: White
AC Hot: Black
Safety Ground: Green

907-632.02.5.1--Signal Terminal Arrestor Grounding Bar. A field terminal arrestor grounding bar shall be provided along the back portion of the cabinet for the installation of signal arrestors. This bar shall be attached using an AWG #10 stranded copper to the earth ground circuitry.

907-632.02.5.2--Signal Terminal Arrestors. The field terminal arrestor shall be a three (3) circuit protective device intended for use on traffic control load relay outputs. The arrestor shall be furnished with three (3) leads and a grounding stud which will be used to attach the arrestor to the grounding bar. The field terminal arrestor shall meet the following minimum specifications:

- Operating Voltage: 120 VAC
- Clamping Voltage: 475 VAC
- Peak Surge Current: 10 kA
- Operating Frequency: 47 – 63 Hz
- SPD Technology: MOV's
- Connection Type: Wire Leads
- Lead Wire: 14 AWG 12" Length
- Ground Stud: 10 x 32 5/8" Length
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

907-632.02.6--Accessory Components.

907-632.02.6.1--Traffic Actuated Controller Unit. The fully actuated controller unit shall, at a minimum, meet the requirements of both NEMA TS 1–1989 and NEMA TS 2-2003 requirements for actuated controller units. The controller shall be of the TS 2 Type 2 configuration. The controller shall be provided with the multiple communication interface devices or properties as defined below.

- 10 Base-T Ethernet with front panel RJ-45 connector
- IEEE defined MAC address
- EIA-232 port
- External Serial Fiber options for both single and multi-mode (optional as per plans)
- External FSK 1200 bps modem (optional as per plans)
- D connector with 37 pin configuration for TS 1 compatibility
- USB port for signal controller database upload/download to the controller flash
- Controller
- ECOMM Compatible

The controller unit must have an alphanumeric backlit LCD display with a minimum of sixteen

(16) lines at 40 characters per line. The controller must be air-cooled with sufficient ventilation openings and capable of operating between -30°F and 165°F. The controller unit must be provided with a time-of-day clock, automatic daylight savings time adjustment and a power supply for maintaining SRAM during a power outage. The controller unit shall be capable of being used in a Closed-Loop System and must be capable of operating in the role of master controller in a Closed Loop System. The controller unit firmware shall be fully compatible with the Department's existing Traffic Signal Management Software. The Contractor shall ensure all controller firmware versions are compatible with the existing Traffic Signal Management Software that the Regional Department staff currently utilizes prior to submitting the controller for approval. The Contractor shall notify the Department if any special controller configuration or firmware is needed prior to submitting the controller for approval based on project requirements.

Where Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) operations are being used, all traffic signal controller firmware shall be capable of delaying the onset of the flashing yellow arrow.

All operator entered data shall be stored and backed up on to a flash memory device provided with the controller unit at no cost. This flash memory device shall require no battery to support value storage. No internal components of circuitry shall require battery support. The database shall be able to be backed up to a USB drive via the USB drive on the controller.

Traffic Actuated Controllers shall be of the Type shown on the plans. Type 1 Controllers shall have a Linux based processor and a minimum of one (1) USB port. Type 2 Controllers shall have the same features as Type 1 Controllers with the addition of an ATC backplane.

Type 3 Controllers shall have all features of the Type 2 Controller with the addition of the ATC module. All three (3) types of actuated controllers shall have Master controller capability, and if required shall be designated with 'M' in the plans.

907-632.02.6.2--Closed Loop Master Controller Unit. When called for in the plans, this work also consists of furnishing, installing and configuring the equipment, software and accessories necessary to connect one (1) traffic Closed-Loop Master Controller to its corresponding central or portable PC-based Traffic Computer Facility Control System via a communications connection. The communications or network connection device will be either existing or provided by the Contractor.

907-632.02.6.2.1--General. The Master shall monitor intersections in the system, display status and operational state and provide traffic flow data from intersection vehicle detectors. The Master shall include all communications equipment and software necessary to provide reporting to a remote terminal as well as upload/download of all local intersection data and provide timing synchronization. Communications to local controllers from the Master and from the Master to the central-office computer facility shall be by FSK, 900 MHz Radio, Broadband Radio, Serial Fiber, Ethernet, Fiber, Cell Modem or Leased Line, as indicated in the plans. The Master shall be able to run on the same controller simultaneously operating the intersection, with the local signal control software, on any given controller unit.

907-632.02.6.2.2--System Configuration. The system architecture shall be designed to minimize

the effect of equipment failures on system operation and performance. The system consists of four (4) principal elements:

- Local System Intersection Controllers
- Communication (Telemetry Links)
- On-Street Master(s)
- Central-Office Computer Software

907-632.02.6.2.3--Local System Intersection Controller. The local system intersection controllers connected to the Master controller unit shall be capable of controlling a fully actuated two (2) to sixteen (16) phase intersection and shall meet or exceed NEMA TS 1-1989 and TS 2-2003 standards for fully actuated traffic control units. The local controller shall have internal communication capability with direct access to the data memory. The local system controller shall be capable of processing controller and detector data and provide all necessary intersection control functions. The local system intersection controller shall meet the requirements of the Traffic Actuated Controller Unit.

907-632.02.6.2.4--Communications (Telemetry) Links. The communications links for the "Closed-Loop" System shall perform the following functions:

- Provide the medium (radio/fiber/hardwire/etc.) for two-way communications between the On-Street Master and the local intersection controllers.
- Provide the medium for two-way communication between the On-Street Master and the central-office computer facility.
- Error checking shall be included in both mediums to assure transmission and reception of valid data.

907-632.02.6.2.5--On-Street Master. The On-Street Master may be located at an intersection and connected via the communication network to at least 32 local intersection controllers. The Master shall be capable of implementing Traffic Responsive Control, Time Base Control, Manual Control or Remote Control modes of operation.

Analysis of sampling sensor data from at least 64 system detectors and corresponding selection of the best Traffic Responsive timing pattern shall be provided by the On-Street Master during the Traffic Responsive mode of operation.

Automatic and continuous monitoring of system activity shall be provided by the On-Street Master to include both Master and intersection alarm conditions.

System parameter entry shall be provided via the On-Street Master including all Master and local intersection assignment and group parameters. Master parameters shall include:

- System coordination setup and pattern data entry by group
- System time base event scheduler
- System traffic responsive computational and pattern selection setup by group
- Intersection system group and detector assignments

The On-Street Master shall provide comprehensive system report generation including, as a minimum: system, intersection, detector and failure status and history reports in addition to system performance reporting.

A RS-232C interface shall be provided on the On-Street Master to allow for printing of reports or for interconnecting to a remote central site.

To enhance overall system operation and increase system management flexibility, the On- Street Master shall also support two-way dial-up communications to a central office computer for control, monitoring, data collection and for timing pattern updating purposes, all from a remote central office location. Continuous, seven (7) days/week - 24 hours/day, system monitoring shall be enhanced by the On-Street Master's capability to automatically dial-up the central office computer upon detection of user defined critical alarm conditions.

907-632.02.6.2.6--System Functional Requirements.

907-632.02.6.2.6.1--Operator Interface. In order to provide ease in programming and operation, the system shall provide a simplified user-friendly menu format at each local, master and central office facility. No special programming skills shall be required for the user to fully access and operate this control and monitoring system at any level.

All programming, both of the local intersection controllers and the On-Street Master(s) shall be via a front panel keyboard and display, driven by English Language menus. All data change entries will be automatically verified against established ranges prior to acceptance to prevent programming data errors. Data access shall be controlled by user- definable access controls.

907-632.02.6.2.6.2--System Traffic Control. The system shall have the capability of controlling a minimum of sixteen (16) vehicle phases and eight (8) pedestrian phases. The system shall have the capability of implementing a minimum of four (4) timing rings, fifteen (15) alternate sequences, and sixteen (16) offsets.

The system shall provide the capability of selecting any of the following operational modes on a group basis:

- Traffic Responsive
- Time Base (Time-of-Day/Day-of-Week)
- Remote (External Command)
- Manual (Operator Entry)

The system shall be capable of implementing system FLASH and system FREE operation. The system shall have the capability to command, on/off based on time, up to eight (8) independent special functions.

907-632.02.6.2.6.3--Detectors. The system shall have the capability of accepting and processing data from at least 632 system detectors for Traffic Responsive program selection.

907-632.02.6.2.6.4--Pattern Selection. In addition to providing Manual and Remote program selection capability, the Master shall provide for Traffic Responsive and Time Base modes of operation for timing pattern selection.

907-632.02.6.2.6.4.1--Traffic Responsive Mode. Traffic plan selection in the Traffic Responsive mode shall be user-enabled and supplied with the controller, per the plans and specifications. The pattern selection shall be based on sampling detector volume and occupancy analysis by the On-Street Master.

907-632.02.6.2.6.4.2--Time Base Mode. The system shall provide the capability of implementing time-of-day, day-of-week and week-of-year control for each of the two (2) groups using an internal time clock referenced to the 60-Hz AC power line frequency for its time base. The Time Base mode shall contain automatic adjustment for leap year and daylight savings time changes.

The system Time Base mode shall provide, as a minimum, 100 events each capable of requesting any of the 48 traffic control patterns along with Traffic Responsive override enable or auxiliary events consisting of enable/disable any of up to four (4) system-wide special functions and setting sample and log interval time periods.

907-632.02.6.2.6.5--System Control Priority. The system coordination control (program-in-effect) for each group shall be selected on a priority basis. The priority from highest to lowest shall be as follows:

- Manual Control Entry
- External Control (Remote Command)
- Time Base Control (Time-of-Day/Day-of-Week) (Traffic Responsive control will prevail whenever Traffic Responsive Override Enable is active and the selected cycle length is greater than that being commanded by Time Base)
- Traffic Responsive Control

907-632.02.6.2.6.6--Measures of Effectiveness. The system shall have the capability to report selected Measures of Effectiveness (MOE's) on an intersection basis. MOE calculations shall be made on all phases by the local system intersection controller and as a minimum shall include measures such as: volume, number of stops, delays and green utilization. These measures shall be calculated on the basis of the active timing plan. Alternate ways of reporting MOE'S may be approved on a case-by-case review.

907-632.02.6.2.6.7--Uploading and Downloading. The system shall provide, for any selected local system intersection controller, the capability of uploading and downloading any or all, new or modified local intersection parameters from the central-office computer and the Department Central Traffic Signal Management Software, and shall include, as a minimum, all: Phase Timing and Unit Data; Coordination Data, Time Base Data; Preemption Data, System Communication Parameters, System Traffic Responsive Data, and any other System Data residing at the intersection such as Detector Diagnostic Values, Report Parameters and Speed Parameters.

During either uploading or downloading operations, normal traffic control operations shall not be suspended. All data shall be continually accessible and may be displayed at the On- Street Master or the central office computer.

907-632.02.6.2.6.8--System Monitoring and Diagnostics. The system shall automatically and continually monitor system activity and log/report occurrences of Master and intersection alarm conditions. All alarm condition events shall include at the intersection, (Master and central-office computer) an alpha-numeric description of the event as well as the time and date of occurrence.

As a minimum, monitored master alarms conditions shall include:

- Insufficient or Improper Data
- Failed Computational Channels
- Failed System Detectors
- Intersection Communication Failure
- Failed Controllers
- Minimum of six (6) special user defined alarms for user application flexibility
- Monitored intersection alarms conditions shall include as a minimum:
- Cycle Faults and Failures
- Coordination Failures
- Voltage Monitor
- Conflict, Local and Remote Flash Conditions
- Preempt
- Local Free
- Minimum of six (6) special user defined alarms for additional user flexibility.

When the Master detects a critical alarm condition, as defined by the user, it shall automatically dial-up the central office computer and report the condition. On a BUSY or NO ANSWER, the system may be programmed, at user option, to alert a secondary computer.

The system shall also automatically and continually monitor, verify and attempt to correct Sync Pulse, Time Base Clock and Pattern-In-Effect. The system shall provide capabilities to perform diagnostics on system and local detectors, communications and intersection operations. When a fault has been detected, an indication shall be provided. It shall be possible to isolate the fault to the failed unit from controls and indicators available on the Master unit. Auxiliary equipment such as a data terminal or CRT shall not be required to identify the failure.

907-632.02.6.2.6.9--Real Time Display. The Master shall provide for any selected local system intersection controller, real-time status information on its front panel. Real-time intersection status information shall include simultaneous display of: vehicle and pedestrian signal and detector status by phase, overlap signal status and cars waiting count by phase. Real-time controller status information shall include simultaneous display of: two (2) Ring Active timers, On/Next, Call/Recall and Hold/Omit Status by phase, Coordination, Preempt and Stop Time Status.

907-632.02.6.2.6.10--System Management. The system, without hardware changes but with its

ability to directly modify Master and intersection parameters, shall provide the user system configuration and operational controls of the following functions: add/delete controllers and system detectors, enable Traffic Responsive mode, assign intersections to groups, assign system detectors to computational channels and channels to pattern select routines, and assign special and/or standard detectors as system detectors for use with computational channels or to track activity.

907-632.02.6.2.6.11--System Logging and Reports. The system shall automatically and continually process system data and log/report on occurrence of changes in intersection status, system detector status, communications status, controller status and local detector status in addition to system program changes, Traffic Responsive computations, measures of effectiveness and performance.

907-632.02.6.2.6.12--Security. The On-Street Master shall provide for a user-specified security code entry before any data may be altered. In order to view any parameter, security code entry shall not be required. Security access shall be automatically rescinded approximately ten (10) minutes after either access was gained or the last parameter change was entered. The Master and local controller shall have the ability via keyboard to disable security code requirements, allowing for perpetual access without requiring hardware changes.

907-632.02.6.2.7--Design Characteristics. The On-Street Master shall be designed to operate in either an office or field environment and shall be suitably housed in a separate enclosure or in a local intersection cabinet. The Master shall be designed to meet the following electrical and mechanical requirements:

907-632.02.6.2.7.1--Programming and Security. Operator programmable data entry shall be accomplished through panel keyboard(s). The Master shall prevent the alteration of keyboard set variables prior to the user having entered a specific access code through the keyboard. The Master shall maintain user-programmable variables in non-volatile memory with a battery-backed RAM to assure continued efficient system operation.

907-632.02.6.2.7.2--Test and Repair. To enhance maintenance and trouble-shooting activities, On-Street Masters shall include resident diagnostics as a standard. No extender- cards, special tools or PROMs shall be necessary to fully maintain these components. The Master unit design shall ensure that all printed circuit boards be readily accessible for maintenance testing purposes. All fuses, connectors and controls shall be accessible from the front of the Master unit.

907-632.02.6.2.8--Traffic Signal System Software. All Traffic Signal System Software shall be compatible with the latest version of the Department's existing Master and local controllers and existing Traffic Signal Management Software for the Department region.

907-632.02.6.2.8.1--Traffic Signal Closed Loop Software. The Traffic Signal Closed-Loop Software shall provide the ability to manage Master and local controller databases including the uploading and downloading of data parameters. The software shall provide status information and provide reporting capabilities for Master and local controller data, alarms and logs.

907-632.02.6.2.8.2--Traffic Signal System Workstation Software. The Traffic Signal System Workstation shall provide the ability to manage Master and local controller databases including the uploading and downloading of data parameters. The software shall provide status information and provide reporting capabilities for Master and local controller data, alarms and logs.

The Traffic Signal System Workstation Software shall also be capable of operating as a network-connected user workstation to existing centralized signal systems and their associated databases.

When disconnected from the centralized signal system, the software shall be capable of running as a standalone system similar to the Closed-Loop Software. Under this mode, the software shall provide management, report and status functions for Master and local controllers. Under Standalone Mode of operation the software shall allow for its own database(s) for data management without the need for connecting to a centralized signal system database.

907-632.02.6.2.9--Services. Technical services shall be provided, as required, to assist in installation and initial setup of the Closed-Loop Master System and its sub-components. Technical assistance with database migration and/or setup, as well as the development of graphics (such as master maps and local intersection depictions) and the assignment of associated attributes such as detectors, phasing, signals, etc., shall be provided as required. Additionally, training shall be provided on a basic or advanced target user level, as required.

907-632.02.6.3--Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2). The Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2) shall be a shelf-mountable, sixteen (16) channel, solid-state, IP addressable MMU. The MMU2 shall accomplish the detection of, and response to, improper and conflicting signals and improper operating voltages in a traffic signal controller assembly, including support for four (4) section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) left turn displays. The MMU2 shall be capable of running a minimum of twelve (12) different modes of FYA operation.

The MMU2 shall meet or exceed Section 4 requirements of the NEMA Standards Publication No. TS 2-2003 including NEMA TS 2 Amendment #4-2012 and provide downward compatibility to NEMA Standards Publication No. TS 1-1989: Type 12 Operation, in addition to those specifications set forth in this document.

The MMU2 shall include a graphics based Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) to view the current monitor status and navigate the unit's menus. An RJ-45 Ethernet Port shall be provided for communications.

A built-in Diagnostic Wizard shall be provided that displays detailed diagnostic information regarding the fault being analyzed. This mode shall provide a concise view of the signal states involved in the fault, pinpoint faulty signal inputs and provide guidance on how the technician should isolate the cause of the malfunction. The Diagnostic Wizard shall be automatically invoked when the MMU2 is in the fault mode and the HELP button is pressed. It shall also be automatically invoked when the MMU2 is in the Previous Fail (PF) event log display and the HELP button is pressed.

A built-in Setup Mode shall be provided that automatically configures the Dual Indication Enable, Field Check Enable, Red Fail Enable and Minimum Yellow Plus Red Clearance Enable parameters from user input consisting only of channel assignment and class (vehicle, ped, pp-turn, FYA, etc.) responses.

The MMU2 shall be capable of operating in the Type 12 mode with SDLC communications enabled on Port 1. The Channel Status display shall operate in the Type 12 configuration and provide the Field Check function for up to four (4) Pedestrian Walk inputs.

In the interest of reliability and repair ability, printed circuit board mounted MS connectors shall not be acceptable. Internal MS harness wire shall be a minimum of nineteen (19) strand AWG 22 wire.

907-632.02.6.4--NEMA defined Card Rack and Power Supply. A minimum of one (1) NEMA compliant detector card rack with five (5) slot positions (first slot for power supply and four (4) available slots) shall be provided in each cabinet. The detector rack shall be installed on the bottom shelf of the cabinet. The power supply for the NEMA defined card slots shall be provided as a 175W minimum with four (4) independent regulated channels of 24 VDC each rated at 0.75 amps over the full NEMA operating temperature range of -30°F to +165°F. The output should be regulated to 24 VDC +/- 15%. Each of the four (4) outputs shall be independently fused, each with a separate LED for displaying output and fuse status for each of the four (4) outputs. Each of the four (4) outputs shall be protected against voltage transients by a minimum 1500 watt suppressor. All card racks shall be wired for the type detection shown in the plan sheets.

Card Guides shall be provided on the top and bottom of the card rack for each connector position.

907-632.02.6.5--In-Cabinet Network.

907-632.02.6.5.1--Communications Arrestor. The Controller Cabinet network shall consist of an SDLC connection between the Controller Unit and MMU2. Surge suppression for this network shall meet the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.12 and the following minimum requirements below:

- Operating Voltage: 5 VDC
- Clamping Voltage: 8 VDC
- Operating Current: 1.5 A
- Peak Surge Current: 47 A (10x1000 μs)
- Frequency Range: 0 to 20 MHz
- Insertion Loss: < 0.1 dB at 20 MHz
- SPD Technology: SAD
- Connection Type: DB-15
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

907-632.02.6.6--System Communications.

907-632.02.6.6.1--Traffic Signal Ethernet Switch. When specified in the plans or contract

documents, a traffic signal Ethernet switch shall be installed in the cabinet assembly. It shall meet the requirements for the type specified in Section 907-663. Ethernet patch cables of sufficient length shall be provided for all supplied Ethernet ready cabinet components. The switch and all components shall be connected and configured.

907-632.02.6.6.2--Fiber Optic Patch Panel. When specified in the plans or contract documents, fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be installed in the cabinet assembly as specified in Section 907-661.

907-632.02.6.6.3--Wireless Communications. When specified in the plans or contract documents, wireless communication components shall be installed in the cabinet assembly and shall be as specified in Section 907-662.

907-632.02.6.6.4--Serial Port Server or Terminal Server. When specified in the plans or contract documents, serial port servers shall be installed in the cabinet assembly and shall be as specified in Subsection 907-663.02.2.

907-632.02.6.6.5--GPS Clock. This work includes furnishing a Global Positioning System (GPS) Synchronization clock that can be used to sync the internal clocks in traffic signal controllers when coordination is desired, but communication is not necessary. The GPS Clock System shall provide GPS based time and date synchronization to provide coordination of traffic controllers to a common time base. The system shall process GPS Time data using a tamper/vandal resistant GPS antenna and correct for Time Zone, Daylight Savings Time, Leap Years, and GPS Leap Seconds. The processed time information shall be sent to the traffic controller in the native format for the respective controller. A contact closure synchronization pulse with variable pulse width shall be available for a once per day update. If the GPS antenna is blocked for up to one (1) hour prior to scheduled time of synchronization, the system shall synchronize the traffic controllers with less than 0.4 seconds variance from the accuracy provided under normal operation with GPS satellites in view.

- The GPS Clock shall also meet the following minimum specifications:
- Input Voltage: 9-24 VDC
- Current Draw: 150 mA (max) at 12 VDC: 125 mA (max) at 24 VDC
- Contact Closure: 750 mA at 30 VDC
- Temperature Rating: -29.4°F to +167°F

GPS unit shall be mounted to the traffic signal controller cabinet as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Any and all holes created in the cabinet for the purpose of mounting the GPS unit shall be sealed to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no direct pay.

907-632.02.6.6.6--Power-Over-Ethernet Arrestor. Surge suppression that meets the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.12 shall be provided. In addition, the following minimum specifications shall be supplied for loads that require Power-Over-Ethernet with isolated shielded or non-shielded cable:

- Operating Voltage: 48 VDC
- Clamping Voltage: 68 VDC
- Operating Current: 0.75 A per Pin Continuous
- Peak Surge Current: 10 kA
- Insertion Loss: < 0.1 dB
- SPD Technology: GDT, SAD, with series PTC
- Modes of Protection: All Lines (1-8) Protected (L-L) and (L-G): Signal High- Low; High-Ground; Low-Ground
- Transmission Speeds: 10BaseT; 100BaseT; 1000BaseT
- Connection Type: RJ-45
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

907-632.02.7--Detector Panel. A vehicle detector harness shall be provided to connect the detector panel to the card rack. The detector panel shall accept the connection of sixteen (16) field loop inputs and four (4) pedestrian detector inputs.

907-632.02.7.1--Detector Input Arrestors. Field Loop and Pedestrian input arrestors shall meet the requirements set forth in Subsection 722.12. Field loop arrestors shall have differential and common mode protection and be provided with the following minimum specifications:

- Operating Voltage: 75 VDC
- Clamping Voltage: 130 VDC
- Peak Surge Current: 250 A
- SPD Technology: Silicon Break-Over
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

Pedestrian input arrestors shall be a four (4) circuit device provided with the following minimum specifications:

- Operating Voltage: 30 VDC
- Clamping Voltage: 36 VDC
- Operating Current: 0.15 A
- Peak Surge Current: 10 kA (8 x 20 μs)
- Frequency Range: 0 to 20 MHz
- Insertion Loss: < 0.1 dB at 20 MHz
- SPD Technology: GDT, SAD, with Series PTC
- Connection Type: Terminal Block with compression lugs; Terminals accept up to
- 10 AWG
- Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

907-632.02.8--System Detectors. The controller shall have the ability to receive input data from up to eight (8) special system detectors in addition to the normal actuated controller unit phase detectors. The user shall have the option to assign any of the phase detectors as "system detectors".

907-632.02.9--Preemption. The cabinet shall be completely wired to accept and service calls from preemption phase selector modules, associated optical detector units and GPS units. Optical detector units and GPS unit cabinet components shall be as specified in Section 639. Provision for two (2) standard card modules shall be accommodated in a separate card rack for preemption. The preemption card rack shall provide a minimum of eight (8) channels.

Provisions shall also be made in the cabinet to accommodate Railroad Preemption when specified in the plans or contract documents. Railroad Preemption shall meet the requirements set forth in Section 639. While it is not necessary that a Railroad Preemption interface board be provided with the cabinet, the cabinet and back panel shall be designed so that a Railroad Preemption interface panel that uses a relay to isolate the track switch from the controller cabinet circuitry can be installed. Preempt 1 and 2, in the case of gate down preemption, shall be reserved for Railroad Preemptions; all subsequent preemptions shall be reserved for Emergency Vehicle, Fire Station, or Police Preemption.

907-632.02.10--Uninterruptable Power Supply. When specified in the plans or contract documents an Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) System shall be installed in the cabinet assembly. The UPS shall be installed in the cabinet and meet the requirements set forth in Section 633.

907-632.02.11--Power Service Pedestal. A Power Service Pedestal shall be provided as described in Section 631.03.2.

907-632.03--Construction Requirements.

907-632.03.1--Mounting. Traffic Signal Cabinet Assemblies shall be wall or pole mounted, base mounted on a concrete cabinet pad, or base mounted using a composite enclosure as specified below and as shown in the plans.

Power Service Pedestal shall be base mounted on a concrete cabinet pad or on a composite enclosure as specified below and as shown in the plans.

907-632.03.1.1--Wall or Pole Mounted. Wall or pole mount hardware shall be provided for mounting cabinets in specific installations as indicated in the design plans. Wall or pole mounted cabinets shall be manufactured with rigid tabs, rigid brackets or other acceptable configuration for attachment of the cabinet to the wall or pole support. Rigid attachment devices must allow for field alignment of cabinet to the wall or pole support.

907-632.03.1.2--Concrete Cabinet Pad. Concrete foundations shall be constructed of Class B concrete in specific installations as indicated in the design plans.

Cabinets for installation on a concrete base shall be manufactured with rigid tabs, rigid brackets or other acceptable configuration for attachment of the cabinet bottom to its flat support structure. Rigid attachment devices must allow for field alignment of cabinet with the support base. Concrete base construction details shall be provided in the design plan drawings.

907-632.03.1.3--Composite Enclosure. Cabinets for installation on a composite enclosure base shall be manufactured with rigid tabs, rigid brackets or other acceptable configuration for attachment of the cabinet bottom to its' flat support structure. Rigid attachment devices must allow for field alignment of cabinet with the composite enclosure. Composite enclosure attachment details shall be provided as shown in the plans.

907-632.03.2--Documentation. Documentation packages shall be delivered for each unit at the same time as the equipment to which it pertains.

A minimum of two (2) sets of complete schematic drawings and equipment documentation shall be supplied with each cabinet. The first copy shall be placed in a clear re-sealable print pouch of sufficient size to accommodate one (1) complete set of folded cabinet prints and placed in the pull-out drawer of the cabinet and the second copy shall be provided to the Department. Comprehensive controller data shall be included as part of the cabinet documentation package and shall be placed in the cabinet drawer pouch. Digital copies of all cabinet documentation shall be provided to the Department before final acceptance.

The documentation packages shall contain a schematic wiring diagram of the controller cabinet assembly and all auxiliary equipment. The schematic wiring diagram, including a symbols legend, shall show in detail all integrated circuits, transistors, resistors, capacitors, inductors as well as switches and indicators. All parts shown shall be easily identified on both in the cabinet and on the schematic diagram. Model numbers shall be used on schematic diagram when available.

A complete physical description of the signal cabinet assembly shall be provided to include at least the physical dimensions of the unit, weight, temperature ratings, voltage requirements, power requirements, material of construction, and complete performance specifications.

A complete set of operation guides, user manuals, and performance specifications shall be provided.

Detailed programming instructions, preventative maintenance requirements, and troubleshooting procedures shall also be provided for the controllers. These documents shall fully cover all programming procedures and programmable options capable of being made to the controllers and associated traffic control equipment. Instructions for modifications within the range of the capabilities of the unit such as changes in phases or sequences and programming matrix boards shall be included.

An intersection diagram shall be provided on the cabinet door showing geometric configuration, lane use assignments, controller cabinet and signal pole locations, vehicle and pedestrian signal head locations, vehicle and pedestrian detector zone locations, ring-barrier phasing diagram, and detector channel assignments. The intersection diagram shall be labeled with, at a minimum, a North Arrow, main street name(s), side street name(s), signal pole numbers, vehicle and pedestrian head type(s), detector zone designations, volume density and phase recall requirements, flash sequence. All field wires within the cabinet shall be labeled to coincide with those shown on the intersection diagram.

907-632.04--Method of Measurement. Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly will be measured as a unit per each.

Remove and Replace Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly will be measured as unit per each.

Modify Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet will be measured as a unit per each.

Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, of the type specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

Signal Software License, of the type specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

Malfunction Management Unit, of the type specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

Card Rack, of the type specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

GPS Clock, as specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

Power Service Pedestal, as specified in the project plans, will be measured as a unit per each.

All pay items shall be inclusive of all materials, work, system integration, testing and incidentals necessary for a complete and operable unit in place and accepted. All removal, turn on, and acceptance of equipment, devices, traffic signals, and traffic signal assemblies shall follow Section 631 - Traffic Signal Systems-General prior to payment.

907-632.05--Basis of Payment. Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, configuring, wiring, testing, and mounting foundation construction, cabinets, relays, terminals, circuit breakers, modules, coordination and time base control programs, connectors wiring, overlap equipment, load switches, power cables, power supplies, controller mechanism and housing, MMU2, mounting material, all other materials, and all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Remove and Replace Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, configuring, wiring, testing, cabinets, relays, terminals, circuit breakers, modules, coordination and time base control programs, connectors wiring, overlap equipment, load switches, power cables, power supplies, controller mechanism and housing, MMU2, mounting material, all other materials, removal, disposal, transfer, storage, and/or resetting of components that are existing, all other components included in the traffic signal cabinet, and all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Modify Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the

contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, configuring, and mounting all components, wiring, and devices; rewiring, reconfiguring, removal, disposal, transfer, storage, and/or resetting of existing components and devices, installing or changing coordination and time base control programs in the traffic signal cabinet assemblies, testing, final cleanup, all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of the controller mechanism(s) and housing(s), all power cables, power supplies, wiring, factory and manufacturing inspection, attachment hardware, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all work, equipment, and appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to provide a fully functional traffic controller ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the traffic controller.

Signal Software Licenses, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of furnishing, installing and configuring the Signal Software, all power cables, power supplies, wiring, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to provide fully functional Signal Software ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the Signal Software.

Malfunction Management Unit, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of furnishing, installing and configuring the Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2), all power cables, power supplies, wiring, attachment hardware, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all work, equipment, and appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to provide a fully functional Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2) ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the Malfunction Management Unit (MMU2).

Card Rack, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of furnishing, installing and configuring the Card Rack, all power cables, power supplies, wiring, attachment hardware, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all work, equipment, and appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to provide a fully functional Card Rack ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the Card Rack.

GPS Clock, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, materials inclusive of furnishing, installing and configuring the Global

Positioning System (GPS) Clock(s), all power cables, power supplies, wiring, attachment hardware, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all incidentals necessary to provide a fully functional GPS Clock ready for use. It shall also include all documentation including operations and maintenance manuals and other material necessary to document the operation of the GPS Clock.

Power Service Pedestal, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for each type(s) specified in the contract, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, configuring, wiring, testing, and mounting foundation construction, cabinets, circuit breakers, connectors wiring, mounting material, all other materials, and all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

907-632-A:	Solid State Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly, Type __ Cabinet, Type __ Controller	- per each
907-632-B:	Remove and Replace Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly, Type __ Cabinet, Type __ Controller	- per each
907-632-C:	Modify Existing Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly	- per each
907-632-D:	Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, Type ____	- per each
907-632-E:	Single-user Workstation Signal Software License	- per each
907-632-F:	Single-user Server Signal Software License	- per each
907-632-G:	Malfunction Management Unit	- per each
907-632-H:	Card Rack, ___ Position	- per each
907-632-I:	GPS Clock	- per each
907-632-J:	Power Service Pedestal	- per each

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-634-4 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 05/25/2021

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal and ITS Equipment Poles

Section 634, Traffic Signal and ITS Equipment Poles, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-634.02--Materials.

907-634.02.1--Poles. Delete the bullet for Type X poles in Subsection 634.02.1 on page 542 and substitute the following.

- Type X -- Aluminum Pole for Detectors

After Type XI poles in Subsection 634.02.1 on page 542, add the following.

- Type XII -- ITS Extension Poles

907-634.02.1.1--Traffic Signal Poles. Delete the first, third, fourth, and fifth bullets in Subsection 634.02.1.1 on pages 542 and 543, and substitute the following.

- Self-supporting straight or upswept mast arm(s), in accordance with Plan details. Where possible, the mast arms shall match the adjacent signal poles in the area unless otherwise stated;
- Tag installed on shaft side opposite the mainline highway and located approximately 48 inches above the top of the Baseplate;
- Minimum nominal size of four (4) inches wide by 26 inches tall reinforced hand-hole with included terminal block(s);
- A ½-inch coarse thread grounding stud shall be located on the interior side of the pole hand-hole opening;

907-634.02.1.2--Galvanized Steel Poles for Cameras. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.2 on page 543, and substitute the following.

Unless specified otherwise in the plans, poles shall be designed in accordance with the AASHTO *Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals,* as specified in the plans, including all interims and updates. Design life shall be 50 years for all poles. The design wind speed for all parts of the structure shall meet the wind requirements set forth in the latest edition of the AASHTO Wind Map, as stated in Subsection 722.02.3. The pole shall meet the design wind loading with all equipment installed.

In the fifth sentence of the fifth paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.2 on page 544, change "butt welded" to butt-welded" and change "radio graphically" to radio-graphically."

Delete the second bullet in Subsection 634.02.1.2 on page 544, and substitute the following.

- Consideration shall be given for all possible loading combinations including ice and wind loads.

After the fourth bullet in Subsection 634.02.1.2 on page 544, add the following.

- Top of pole deflection shall not exceed one (1) inch deflection from center due to 30 mph (non-gust) winds or the maximum deflection allowed by Subsection 722.02.3, whichever is more restrictive, for 80-foot poles.

In the first bullet in Subsection 634.02.1.2 at the bottom of page 544, change "cross sectional" to "cross-sectional."

In the second paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.2.4 on page 545, change "butt weld" to "butt-weld."

907-634.02.1.3--Galvanized Steel Poles for Detectors. In the first paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.3 on page 546, change "ground mounted" to "ground-mounted."

Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.3 on page 546, and substitute the following.

Unless specified otherwise in the plans, poles shall be designed in accordance with the AASHTO *Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals*, as specified in the plans, including all interims and updates. Design life shall be 50 years for all poles. The design wind speed for all parts of the structure shall meet the wind requirements set forth in the latest edition of the AASHTO Wind Map, as stated in Subsection 722.02.3.

Delete the last two sentences of the fifth paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.3 on page 546, and substitute the following.

Design wind loading shall be as indicated in Subsection 722.02.3 unless otherwise noted in the plans. The pole shall meet design wind loading with all equipment installed.

907-634.02.1.4--Aluminum Poles for Detectors. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.4 on page 547, and substitute the following.

Unless specified otherwise in the plans, poles shall be designed in accordance with the AASHTO *Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals*, as specified in the plans, including all interims and updates. Design life shall be 50 years for all poles. The design wind speed for all parts of the structure shall meet the wind requirements set forth in the latest edition of the AASHTO Wind Map, as stated in Subsection 722.02.3. The pole shall meet design wind loading with detector(s) installed.

907-634.02.1.5--Structure-Mounted ITS Equipment Poles. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.5 on page 548, and substitute the following.

Unless specified otherwise in the plans, poles shall be designed in accordance with the AASHTO *Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals*, as specified in the plans, including all interims and updates. Design life shall be 50 years for all poles. The design wind speed for all parts of the structure shall meet the wind requirements set forth in the latest edition of the AASHTO Wind Map, as stated in Subsection 722.02.3. For projects that are in areas with higher wind standards, the higher standard is required. The pole shall meet design wind loading with all equipment installed.

In the fifth sentence of the fifth paragraph of Subsection 634.02.1.5 on page 548, change "butt welded" to butt-welded" and change "radio graphically" to radio-graphically."

Delete the second bullet in Subsection 634.02.1.5 on page 548, and substitute the following.

- Consideration shall be given for all possible loading combinations including ice and wind loads, as stated in Subsection 722.02.

In the first bullet in Subsection 634.02.1.5 at the top of page 549, change "cross sectional" to "cross-sectional."

After Subsection 634.02.1.8 on page 549, add the following.

907-634.02.1.9--ITS Extension Poles. ITS extension poles are used to provide ITS devices a mounting location with a vertical or horizontal clearance away from an existing pole or structure to which they are to be attached. As such, extension poles and the mounting and attachment hardware shall be of a material that will not cause galvanic corrosion with existing or proposed equipment. If possible, the extension poles shall be similar in color to the base pole or structure, unless otherwise directed. They shall meet the requirements of the base pole, the plans, and Subsection 722.02. Design considerations shall be given to the additional loading being subjected to the base pole or structure.

907-634.02.2--Camera Lowering Device. The lowering device system shall be designed to support, raise, and lower a standard CCTV camera, lens, housing, PTZ mechanism, cabling, connectors, and other supporting field components. The camera connector box shall be cast ZA-12 (12% Al and 88% Zn) and have a minimum weight that ensures stability of the camera during raising and lowering operation. The camera connector box shall have fully gasketed doors to prevent water intrusion. The bottom of the camera connector box shall be equipped with a condensation/moisture exit system. The camera connector block shall be molded in thermoset, weather-resistant, synthetic rubber designed to handle harsh environments.

Electrical contacts must also be designed to handle harsh environments. There shall be a locking mechanism between the fixed and movable components. For the movable components, a latching mechanism shall be provided to hold the device in place (when latched all weight shall be removed

from the lowering cable) and to raise or lower the assembly using the lowering tool and lowering cable. The suspension contact unit housing shall be weatherproof with a gasket to isolate the interior from dust and moisture.

All pulleys shall have sealed, self-lubricated bearings, oil tight bronze bearings, or sintered bronze bushings. The lowering cable shall be a minimum 1/8-inch diameter stainless steel aircraft cable. Internal wireways shall prevent the stainless steel lifting cable from contacting power or video cabling. The only cable permitted to move is the lifting cable, all other cables must remain stable and secure during lowering and raising operations.

The lowering tool shall consist of a lightweight metal frame and winch assembly, a quick release cable connector, an adjustable safety clutch, and a variable speed industrial duty electric drill motor. This tool shall be able to access the lifting cable through a pole hand hole, shall support itself and the load during lowering, and shall provide a means to prevent freewheeling when loaded. This tool shall have a reduction gear to reduce the manual effort required during lifting operations. In addition, this tool shall be provided with an adapter for operating the lowering device with a portable drill using a clutch mechanism. The portable lowering tool shall be included as part of the installed system. The lowering device shall include customized adapter brackets to install cylindrical type PTZ CCTV cameras that have a mounting base below the camera assembly and is require to be installed in an upright position.

907-634.03--Construction Requirements.

907-634.03.1--Foundations. Delete the last sentence of the fourth paragraph of Subsection 632.03.1 on page 550, and substitute the following.

Where foundations are constructed in areas where the pavement edge elevation and shoulder edge elevation differ more than twelve (12) inches, taller foundations may be used but must be approved by the Engineer.

After Subsection 634.03.3 on page 552, add the following.

907-634.03.4--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", along with the requirements in this specification, shall be met for all ITS components. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

907-634.03.5--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met for all ITS components. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-634.04--Method of Measurement. After the last sentence of the fourth paragraph of Subsection 634.04 on page 552, add the following.

Field conditions may require taller foundations than specified in the plans. In which case, the addition concrete will be paid for at the contract bid price per cubic yard for pole foundations.

After the sixth paragraph of Subsection 634.04 on page 553, add the following.

ITS extension poles of the type specified will be measured as a unit quantity per each.

Delete the last paragraph in Subsection 634.04 on page 553 and substitute the following.

Wooden poles will be measured as a unit quantity per each.

Camera lowering device will be measured as a unit quantity per each.

907-634.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the fourth paragraph of Subsection 634.05 on page 553, and substitute the following.

Camera pole with foundation and detector pole with foundation, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, all documentation and submittals, for excavating, backfilling, replacing sod, and for all constructing, placing, curing, erecting, installing, connecting and testing; for foundations, poles, pole bases, conduit inside foundation as indicated on the plans, connections to support structures, caps, covers, ground wire, ground rods, hardware and for all equipment, tools, labor and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance, including remote and local control of the camera site complete in place and ready for use.

Camera lowering device and camera lowering tool, as described above, shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each. This price shall be full compensation for all materials, design, installation, equipment, tools, labor and incidentals associated with providing and installing the camera lowering device and the camera lowering tool.

Delete the sixth paragraph of Subsection 634.05 on page 553, and substitute the following.

Structure-mounted equipment pole, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, all documentation and submittals, for all constructing, placing, erecting, installing, connecting and testing, for poles, conduit between structure attachment location as indicated in the plans; wiring between pole-mounted devices and field cabinet; all structure-mounting hardware indicated in the plans, caps, covers, ground wire, ground rods, hardware and for all equipment, tools, labor and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance, including remote and local control of the camera site complete in place and ready for use.

ITS extension poles, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, all documentation and submittals, for installing the extension pole, mounting attachments as necessary, adjusting the pole to meet specific project needs, and for all equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

After the last paragraph of Subsection 634.05 on page 554, add the following.

Sizing poles and their appurtenances to field conditions is the Contractor's responsibility. No separate payment will be made for designing to meet project specifications and field conditions.

Delete the pay items listed on page 554, and substitute the following.

907-634-A:	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type __, __' Shaft, __' Arm *	- per each
907-634-B:	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole Shaft Extension, ___' **	- per each
907-634-C:	Pole Foundations, Class ___ Concrete	- per cubic yard
907-634-D:	Slip Casing, ___" Diameter	- per linear foot
907-634-E:	Camera Pole with Foundation, ___' Pole	- per each
907-634-F:	Detector Pole with Foundation, ___' Pole	- per each
907-634-G:	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole Mast Arm Extension, ___' **	- per each
907-634-H:	ITS Equipment Pole, Structure Mounted, ___' Pole	- per each
907-634-I:	Wood Pole, Class ___ Height ____'	- per each
907-634-J	ITS Extension Pole, _____' **	- per each
907-634-K:	Camera Lowering Device	- per each

* Multiple Arms may be indicated
** Additional information may be indicated

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-636-3 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **05/25/2021**

SUBJECT: Electrical Cable

Section 636, Electrical Cable, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-636.01--Description. Delete the last sentence of the last paragraph in Subsection 636.01 on page 555 and substitute the following.

It shall include excavating, laying, placing tracer cable or tape, backfilling, replacing sod, aerial supports and/or pull-through conduits, as applicable; and transformer enclosures and/or terminal boxes when not placed under other items of the contract.

907-636.02--Materials. After the paragraph of Subsection 636.02 on page 555, add the following.

907-636.02.1--ITS Ground Mounted Meter Enclosure.

907-636.02.1.1--Meter Base. Meter bases shall be NEMA Type 3R with a minimum rating of 100 amps and shall meet the requirements of the local utility. The meter base shall be provided with ampere rating of meter sockets based on sockets being wired with insulated wire rated at least 167°F. The meter base shall be designed for underground service.

Meter bases shall be 4-terminal, 600 volt, single phase, 3-wire furnished with the following:

(a) Line, load and neutral terminals accepting #8 to 2/0 AWG copper/aluminum wire,
(b) Ringed or ringless type, with or without bypass,
(c) Made of galvanized steel,
(d) Listed as meeting UL Standard UL-414, and
(e) Underground service entrance as specified.

The meter bases shall have electrostatically applied dry powder paint finish, light gray in color, with a minimum thickness of 2.4 mils.

A 1-inch watertight hub for threaded rigid conduit shall be furnished with meter base.

907-636.02.1.2--Disconnect. External electrical service disconnects shall be furnished with a single pole 50-amp inverse time circuit breaker with at least 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating in a lockable in open or closed position in accordance with National Electric Code (NEC) and be a NEMA 3R Type enclosure. The disconnect shall be listed as meeting UL Standard UL-489 and marked as being suitable for use as service equipment.

The disconnect enclosure shall be fabricated from galvanized steel and electrostatically apply dry powder paint finish, light gray in color, to yield a minimum thickness of 2.4 mils. Ground bus and neutral bus shall be provided with at least four terminals with minimum wire capacity range of number 14 through number 4.

For 480V service, a local utility approved, lockable, non-fused disconnect switch on the supply side of the meter base shall be furnished, installed, and labeled as "Utility Disconnect". A separate load side disconnect with overcurrent protection shall be provided within two feet (2') of the meter.

907-636.02.1.3--Ground Mounted – Pedestal – Service Panel. The pedestal shall be of NEMA Type 3R rainproof construction and shall be UL Listed as "Enclosed Industrial Control Equipment" (UL 508A). External construction shall comply with UL50 requirements and shall be of G90 galvanized steel with light green #14672 Federal Specification 595 polyurethane industrial grade powder paint.

Hinges shall be stainless steel and of the continuous piano hinge type.

The pedestal mounting bolts shall not be externally accessible. The pedestal shall be able to be embedded in concrete or use anchor bolts for mounting on concrete base. Either pedestal mounting base or anchor bolt kit shall be used for installation.

The service pedestal should have three separate isolated sections for metering equipment, utility termination and customer equipment.

The metering section shall be pad-lockable and sealable and have a hinged swing hood with an integral hinged polycarbonate sealable window for access to demand meters. Meter socket type shall meet the requirements of the serving utility.

The utility termination section shall be pad-lockable and sealable and shall have a stainless steel handle provided on a lift-off cover. Sufficient clearance shall be provided for a 4-inch diameter conduit for utility cables entrance. Utility landing lugs shall be UL listed and shall accommodate conductor sizes between AWG #6 – 350 kcmil.

The customer compartment door shall be hinged on the left hand side. A stainless pad-lockable hasp shall be provided to secure customer compartment. A door keeper shall be provided to keep the door in an open position. A print pocket shall be provided on the inside of the door in a weatherproof sleeve. Required UL labeling shall be located on the inside of the customer door. Distribution and control equipment shall be behind an internal dead-front door with a quarter-turn securing latch and be hinged to open more than 90 degrees. The dead-front door shall be hinged on the same side as the customer section door. All distribution and control equipment shall be factory wired using 600-volt wire sized to NEC and UL requirements.

The service pedestal shall be rated for operation at 10K minimum amps interrupting capacity (AIC). The provided documentation shall list circuit breaker combinations and those to be used for de-rated operation for series ratings. Circuit breakers shall be permanently labeled with engraved name plates.

The serving utility shall be contacted for necessary requirements before ordering or installing equipment.

907-636.02.2--ITS Ground Mounted Transformer Enclosure.

907-636.02.2.1--Disconnect. The disconnect shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-636.02.1.2.

907-636.02.2.2--Ground Mounted - Pedestal – Service Panel. The ground mounted - pedestal – service panel shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-636.02.1.3. In addition, the transformer shall be rated to match the requirement of the primary service and the types of load served as specified in the plans. The transformer unit shall be installed inside the enclosure and meet all applicable codes. Each transformer shall be furnished as one complete unit and wiring of multiple transformers to meet the required ratings at each enclosure location is not allowed. Step-up and Step-down transformers shall be designed specifically for each application. Reverse feeding of step-up and step-down transformers is not allowed. All transformers shall be designed for outdoor installation and rated 600 VAC and below.

907-636.03--Construction Requirements.

907-636.03.1--Direct Buried Cable. After the fourth sentence of Subsection 636.03.1 on page 555, add the following.

Direct buried electric cable shall not be placed in the same trench as fiber optic cables.

907-636.04--Method of Measurement. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 636.04 on page 557, and substitute the following.

Electric cable of the type specified, constructed as specified on the plans, will be measured by the linear foot. Measurement will be computed horizontally along the conduit, messenger cable or mast arm and vertically along the pole. Measurement in underground conduit is only in the horizontal plane and no additional quantity shall be added for conduit depth or change in elevation of the conduit. No extra length will be allowed for cable inside signal heads, drip loops, or sag in aerial supported cable. Tracer tape, when required in the plans, used with tracer cable will not be measured for separate payment but shall be included in the contract price for Tracer Cable. The terminals for the measurements of lengths will be considered specifically as the center of the pull boxes, poles, signal heads or controller cabinets.

After the first paragraph of Subsection 636.04 on page 557, add the following.

ITS Ground Mounted Enclosures, complete in place and accepted, will be measured as a unit quantity per each for a complete and operable unit in accordance with the contract provisions.

907-636.05--Basis of Payment. After the first paragraph of Subsection 636.05 on page 557, add the following.

ITS Ground mounted enclosures, measured as prescribed above, will be required wherever ground mounted meter enclosures or step-up or step-down transformers are noted as required in the plans. The enclosures shall be paid for at the contract unit price bid per each; which price shall be full compensation for any transformers (as described in the plans), foundation construction, cabinets, pedestals, meter bases, disconnects, relays, terminals, circuit breakers, sockets, hubs, buses, connectors, mounting material, all other materials for constructing, installing, connecting, testing and final cleanup; and for all equipment, labor, tools and incidentals necessary to complete the work in accordance with the contract documents.

In the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 636.05 on page 557, change "relaid" to "re-laid".

Delete the list of pay items on pages 557 and 558, and substitute the following.

907-636-A:	Electric Cable, Direct Burial, Type, AWG ___, ___ Conductor	- per linear foot
907-636-B:	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, Type, AWG ___, ___ Conductor	- per linear foot
907-636-C:	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported, Type, AWG ___, ___ Conductor	- per linear foot
907-636-D:	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, Type, AWG ___, ___ Conductor	- per linear foot
907-636-E:	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, Tracer Cable	- per linear foot
907-636-F:	Electric Cable, Repair	- per linear foot
907-636-G:	Underground Cable and Conduit, Removed	- per linear foot
907-636-H:	Underground Cable and Conduit, Removed and Re-laid	- per linear foot
907-636-I:	ITS Ground Mounted _*_ Enclosure	- per each

* Indicate Meter or Transformer

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-637-3 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **05/25/2021**

SUBJECT: Traffic Signal Conduit and Pull Boxes

Section 637, Traffic Signal Conduit and Pull Boxes, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-637.02--Materials.

907-637.02.1--Pull Box / Enclosures. Delete the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 637.02.1 on page 558, and substitute the following.

For grade level pull boxes and enclosures only, Tier 22 (22,500-pound design load, 33,750-pound test load) enclosures with minimum size dimensions as shown in the detail drawings on the plans shall be installed for use in traffic signal construction. Enclosure boxes shall be open bottom.

Delete the fourth sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 637.02.1 on page 558.

907-637.03--Construction Requirements.

907-637.03.1--Pull box/Enclosures. Delete the sixth sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 637.03.1 on page 559, and substitute the following.

Enclosures located in soil or sodded areas shall be installed with a supporting poured concrete collar or approved composite collar assembly, as shown by details on the plans.

907-637.03.2.1--Conduit Duct Bank. Delete the first sentence of subparagraph a) under Bored or drilled conduit in Subsection 637.03.2.1 on page 560, and substitute the following.

All conduits under railroad tracks shall be horizontal directional bored or drilled at a minimum of ten (10) feet below the railroad bed, or as required by the Railroad Company.

Delete Subsections 637.03.2.4 and 637.03.2.5 on pages 561 & 562, and substitute the following.

907-637.03.2.4--Blank.

907-637.03.2.5--Blank.

After Subsection 637.03.2.7 on page 563, add the following.

907-637.03.3--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met if the NTB is included as part of the Project Proposal

and Contract Documents. In all cases, submittals shall be thorough and timely. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

907-637.03.4--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met if the NTB is included as part of the Project Proposal and Contract Documents. In all cases, the Contractor shall conduct, maintain, and leave the worksite in a professional and organized manner. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-637.04--Method of Measurement. Delete subparagraphs a) and b) in Subsection 637.04 on page 563, and substitute the following.

a) From center to center of pull box and/or foundation.
b) Any above ground vertical conduit runs, as indicated in the plans. Measurement in underground conduit is only in the horizontal plane and no additional quantity shall be added for conduit depth or change in elevation of the conduit.

907-637.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the first, second, third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Subsection 637.05 on page 564, and substitute the following.

Pull Box Enclosures, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials including the cover, installing, crushed gravel underlayment, poured concrete collars, replacement of sod or existing grassing, final clean-up and for all equipment, all documentation and submittals, tools, labor and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

Conduit / Duct Bank, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for per linear feet, which price shall be full compensation for all materials, equipment, labor, trenching, installing, backfilling trench, plowing, directional boring, restoration, marking tape, pull tape, duct plugs, fittings, testing, bore logs, all documentation and submittals, and all other incidentals necessary for the installation and quality assurance of the conduit system.

Rigid Galvanized Steel, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for per linear feet, which price shall be full compensation for all materials, equipment, labor, all documentation and submittals, all related materials including but not limited to couplings, mounting straps, bonding to ground, etc., that is installed on sign structures, poles or between the pull boxes, and all other incidentals necessary for the installation and quality assurance of the conduit system.

Duct Plugs and Sealant will be included in the cost of the conduit and will not be measured separately.

Delete the pay items listed on page 564 and substitute the following.

907-637-A: Pull Box Enclosure, Type - per each

907-637-B:	Pull Box Enclosure, Structure Mounted, Type	- per each
907-637-C:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground, Type, Size	- per linear foot
907-637-D:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground Drilled or Jacked, Type, Size	- per linear foot
907-637-E:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Structural Conduit, Type, Size	- per linear foot
907-637-F:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Aerial Supported, Type, No, Size	- per linear foot
907-637-G:	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground Encased in Concrete, Type, Size	- per linear foot
907-637-H:	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Type, No., Size	- per linear foot
907-637-I:	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground Drilled or Jacked, Type, No., Size	- per linear foot
907-637-J:	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Structural Conduit, Type, No., Size	- per linear foot
907-637-K:	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Aerial Supported, Type, Size and Number	- per linear foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-640-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Inductive Loop Vehicle Detection Systems

Section 640, Inductive Loop Vehicle Detection Systems, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-640.01--Description. Delete the first sentence of Subsection 640.01 on page 578, and substitute the following.

This work consists of furnishing all component materials required to form complete independent vehicle inductive loop detection systems as specified herein.

907-640.02--Materials.

907-640.02.2.4.1--Tuning. Delete the sentence in Subsection 640.02.2.4.1 on page 579, and substitute the following.

The amplifier card shall tune automatically upon the application of power in accordance with NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.20.

907-640.02.2.4.2--Modes of Operation. Delete the sentence in Subsection 640.02.2.4.2 on page 579, and substitute the following.

Each amplifier card channel shall be capable of functioning in both presence and pulse mode in accordance with NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.17.

907-640.02.2.4.3--Sensitivity Control. Delete the sentence in Subsection 640.02.2.4.3 on page 579, and substitute the following.

Each channel of the amplifier card shall meet NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.15 requirements for sensitivity controls.

907-640.02.2.4.4--Crosstalk Avoidance. Delete the sentence in Subsection 640.02.2.4.4 on page 579, and substitute the following.

The amplifier card shall be capable of preventing crosstalk between channels of the same unit in accordance with NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.23.

907-640.02.2.4.5--Outputs. Delete the sentence in Subsection 640.02.2.4.5 on page 579, and substitute the following.

Each output device shall conform to NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.26 requirements.

907-640.02.2.4.6--Controls and Indicators. Delete the sentence in Subsection 640.02.2.4.6 on page 580, and substitute the following.

All amplifier card controls and indicators shall be in accordance with NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.25.

907-640.02.2.4.7--Self-Tracking. Delete the sentence in Subsection 640.02.2.4.7 on page 580, and substitute the following.

The amplifier card shall automatically accommodate after- tuning changes in the loop/lead-in in accordance with NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.21.

907-640.02.2.4.10--Loop Detector Amplifier Tests. Delete the sentence in Subsection 640.02.2.4.10 on page 580, and substitute the following.

Each amplifier card shall conform to the performance requirements set forth in NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 2.8.

907-640.02.2.4.12--Delay and Extension Timing. Delete the last two sentences in Subsection 640.02.2.4.12 on page 580, and substitute the following.

Detector card delay timing capabilities shall be provided in accordance with NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.24.1. Detector card extension timing capabilities shall be provided in accordance with NEMA TS 2-2003 v02.06 Section 6.5.2.24.2.

907-640.03.1.2--Saw Cuts. Delete the second sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 640.03.1.2 on page 581, and substitute the following.

Where lead-in cable is required to pass through the curbside, it shall be installed in ¾-inch PVC or rigid steel conduit.

907-640.04--Method of Measurement. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 640.04 on page 583.

Vehicle Loop Assembly and Shielded Cable will be measured by the linear foot computed horizontally along the saw slot, regardless of number of turns, in which the loop wire or shielded cable is installed and will include the loop lead-in to the pull box.

907-640.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the pay items listed on pages 583 and 584, and substitute the following.

907-640-A: Vehicle Loop Assembly - per linear foot

907-640-B: Shielded Cable, AWG __, ___ Conductor - per linear foot

907-640-C: Loop Detector Amplifier * - per each

* Additional information may be indicated

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-641-4 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **03/05/2024**

SUBJECT: **Radar Vehicle Detection**

Section 641, Radar Detection Systems, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete Section 641 on pages 584 through 594 and substitute the following.

SECTION 907-641 – RADAR VEHICLE DETECTION

907-641.01--Description. This work shall consist of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, test, train and operate Radar Vehicle Detection, including Signal Radar Vehicle Detection (SRVD) and Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) Radar Vehicle Detection (IRVD). These systems will provide roadway monitoring capabilities via electromagnetic microwave radar signals through the air. The signals bounce off vehicles in their paths and the signal is returned to the detector. The returned signals are processed to determine traffic parameters.

907-641.01.1--Signal Radar Vehicle Detection. SRVD shall provide traffic parameters necessary to the traffic signal controller operation for vehicle detection. All SRVD shall be supplied from the same manufacturer per construction project.

Type 1 SRVD shall be used for basic vehicle detection at signalized intersections as described below in this specification.

Type 2 SRVD shall have all the functionality of the Type 1 SRVD with additional features described below in this specification. Type 2 SRVD shall utilize a matrix of radar signals for two-dimensional coverage and shall track vehicles through each type of detection's specified Area of Coverage. The Type 2 SRVD shall report real-time detection of both moving and stopped vehicles.

907-641.01.2--ITS Radar Vehicle Detection. IRVD shall provide data, including, but not limited to speeds, volume, lane occupancy and classification.

907-641.02--Materials.

907-641.02.1--Radar Design. The IRVD and the SRVD stop bar microwave shall operate in the 24.0 to 24.25 GHz frequency band. The advance radar has the option to either be in the 24 GHz band or in the 10.5 GHz band. Neither stop bar nor advanced radar shall interfere with any existing or proposed traffic signal control and Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) equipment. Should frequencies of other ITS equipment be in the same band, or conflict with detection, the Contractor shall move and space the less critical ITS device, as designated by the Engineer so as

not to interfere with vehicle detection.

The radar units shall operate in all weather conditions and comply with the applicable standards stated in the NEMA TS 2-2003 standard for shock, vibration, and temperature. All units shall be rated for up to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing.

The radar units shall be FCC certified under CFR 47, part 15.

907-641.02.1.1--Signal Radar Vehicle Detection (SRVD) Processor. The SRVD Processor shall be a module that provides power and communication to the radar sensors and/or signal controller through contact closure devices, Ethernet and/or the SDLC port of the signal Controller.

Type 1 SRVD Processors shall include all power cables, jumpers and terminal blocks needed to connect up to four (4) radar sensors to the signal cabinet. The SRVD Processor shall have a 10/100 Ethernet port to allow connection to the local network. Any variation of necessary communications ports or sensor connecting terminals shall be approved by the Engineer.

Type 2 SRVD Processors shall include all power cables, jumpers and terminal blocks needed to connect up to six (6) radar sensors to the signal cabinet. The SRVD Processor shall have a 10/100 Ethernet port to allow connection to the local network. Any variation of necessary communications ports or sensor connecting terminals shall be approved by the Engineer.

The SRVD Processor shall operate in the harsh conditions of a signal cabinet and comply with the applicable standards stated in the NEMA TS 2-2003 standard for shock, vibration, and temperature.

907-641.02.1.2--ITS Radar Vehicle Detection (IRVD) Processor. The IRVD Processor shall be a module that provides power and communication to the radar sensors and/or signal controller through contact closure devices, Ethernet and/or the SDLC port of the signal Controller.

Type 1 IRVD Processors shall include all power cables, jumpers and terminal blocks needed to connect up to four (4) radar sensors to the signal cabinet. The IRVD Processor shall have a 10/100 Ethernet port to allow connection to the local network. Any variation of necessary communications ports or sensor connecting terminals shall be approved by the Engineer.

Type 2 IRVD Processors shall include all power cables, jumpers and terminal blocks needed to connect up to six (6) radar sensors to the signal cabinet. The IRVD Processor shall have a 10/100 Ethernet port to allow connection to the local network. Any variation of necessary communications ports or sensor connecting terminals shall be approved by the Engineer.

The IRVD Processor shall operate in the harsh conditions of a signal cabinet and comply with the applicable standards stated in the NEMA TS 2-2003 standard for shock, vibration, and temperature.

907-641.02.2--Area of Coverage--SRVD.

907-641.02.2.1--Stop Bar Radar Vehicle Detection. Type 1 SRVD stop bar radar sensor shall track vehicles through a field of view that extends out a minimum of 100 feet.

The Type 1 SRVD stop bar radar sensor shall be able to detect and report presence in lanes located within a minimum 100-foot from the face of the detector. Any variance of the detectable area shall be approved by the Engineer.

The Type 1 SRVD stop bar radar sensor shall be able to detect up to four (4) lanes with eight (8) or sixteen (16) individual zones as indicated in the plans.

Type 2 SRVD stop bar radar sensor shall have all the functionality of the Type 1 SRVD stop bar sensor with the addition of the following:

- Type 2 SRVD stop bar radar sensor shall detect true presence of vehicles whether in motion or still without using Locking or Latching Algorithms.
- Type 2 SRVD stop bar radar sensor shall report presence in lanes with a minimum 90-degree arc from the face of the detector.
- Type 2 SRVD stop bar radar sensor shall be able to detect a minimum of ten (10) lanes.

907-641.02.2.2--Advanced Radar Vehicle Detection. The Type 1 SRVD advanced radar sensor shall be able to detect and report vehicle information such as range and speed when mounted within 50 feet of the center of the lanes of interest. Variance of this distance shall be approved by the Engineer per the application.

The Type 1 SRVD advanced radar sensor shall be forward fired and be able to detect and report vehicle information when mounted at heights above the road surface, as per manufacturer recommendations.

The Type 1 SRVD advanced radar sensor shall be able to detect and report vehicles on the roadway up to 600 feet from the detector.

The Type 2 SRVD advanced radar sensor shall have all the functionality of the Type 1 SRVD advanced with the following additions:

- Type 2 SRVD advanced radar sensor shall be able to detect and report heavy vehicles on the roadway up to 900 feet from the detector.
- Type 2 SRVD advanced radar sensor shall be able to detect Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA) for vehicles. The advanced radar sensors shall support user configurable upper and lower ETA filters for each zone. The sensors shall support the configuring of ETA filters in increments of 0.1 seconds.

907-641.02.3--Area of Coverage-IRVD. The IRVD's field of view shall cover an area with a minimum detection range of six (6) feet from the IRVD and a maximum detection range of 250 feet from the IRVD.

907-641.02.4--Detection Zones--SRVD.

907-641.02.4.1--Stop Bar Radar Vehicle Detection. The stop bar radar sensors shall be able to detect and report presence for vehicles at the stop bar.

The sensors shall be able to detect and report presence in up to eight (8) or sixteen (16) individual zones as indicated in the plans. The number of lanes used and detection zones shall be set up and selected from the Graphical User Interface and manually configured via software provided with the detection unit. The detection zones shall also have the ability to be auto configured by the software tool. A minimum of one (1) separate detection zone per lane is required.

Count zones shall also be able to be set up in the stop bar radar detection unit as a 'spot' type of radar detection zone. The software configuration tool included with the sensor shall allow all zones to be set up as required by the plans.

907-641.02.4.2--Advanced Radar Vehicle Detection. The advanced radar sensors shall be able to simultaneously detect and report information from a minimum of 25 vehicles on the roadway when they are serially sequenced between the near and far boundaries. The number of lanes and detection zones shall be set-up and selected from the Graphical User Interface.

The advanced radar sensors shall detect range, speed, and vehicle Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA) to the stop bar for vehicles or clusters of vehicles moving in the user- selected direction of travel. The detector shall also detect occupancy or density of the detection zones.

The advanced radar sensors shall provide vehicle call and extend data on up to eight (8) channels that can connect to contact closure modules compliant with NEMA TS 1, NEMA TS 2, and 170/2070 controller cabinets.

907-641.02.5--Detection Zones--IRVD. The minimum number of detection zones defined shall range from twelve (12) to 22, for simultaneous detection, as indicated in the plans. The range resolution of each zone shall be no greater than 1.3 feet, and the zone width shall be user defined within a range of six (6) to twenty (20) feet for the area of coverage limits described above.

907-641.02.6--Capabilities--SRVD. Sensors shall not require roadway modification for placement. The advanced detection should provide easy integration with the stop bar detection and vice versa into the same intersection to form one (1) method/system of detection.

The radar sensors shall distinguish and omit wrong way traffic from activating an assigned detector output.

907-641.02.6.1--Stop Bar Radar Vehicle Detection. The stop bar radar unit shall be suitable for mounting on roadside poles or mast arms and provide the following:

1) Presence indication of moving or stopped vehicles in its detection zones, provided by contact closure to existing controllers.
2) Assign a minimum of four (4) detector outputs per radar unit and capable of using two (2) or four (4)-channel interface modules to the detector rack for contact closure activation.

3) A cabinet interface module for multiple radar units may be provided in lieu of individual two (2) and four (4)-channel contact closure interface modules, and as shown in the plans.
4) Maintain a detection accuracy of 95% for each detection zone set-up on the graphical user interface.

907-641.02.6.2--Advanced Radar Vehicle Detection. The advance radar unit shall be suitable for mounting on signal pole uprights, span wire or mast arms and provide the following activation within the signal cabinet:

1) Assign a minimum of four (4) detector outputs per radar unit and capable of using two (2) or four (4)-channel interface modules to the detector rack for contact closure activation.
2) A cabinet interface module for multiple radar units may be provided in lieu of individual two (2) and four (4)-channel contact closure interface modules, and as shown in the plans.
3) Maintain a detection accuracy of 95% for each detection zone setup on the graphical user interface.

The advanced radar sensors shall turn on an alert output when the user defined zone output combinational logical is satisfied.

The advanced radar sensors shall turn on normal channel output when any of the channel's alerts is on and the channel's delay and extend time constraints are satisfied.

907-641.02.7--Capabilities--IRVD. The IRVD shall detect true presence of vehicles whether in motion or still without using Locking or Latching Algorithms. It shall be suitable for mounting on roadside poles or on overhead structure and provide the following:

1) Presence indication of moving or stopped vehicles in its detection zones shall be provided by contact closure to existing controllers.
2) Traffic data, periodically accumulated over user defined time intervals in a 10 to 600 second range, shall be transmitted to the TMC via the communications network.
3) Traffic data shall be available simultaneously with detection zone contact closures and serial communications.
4) Side-fired configuration data shall include the following in each of a minimum of 12 detection zones (lanes): Volume, lane occupancy, and average speed, as well as vehicle classification by length in up to six (6) user-defined classes.
5) IRVD in forward-looking configuration shall monitor traffic in one lane and be capable providing the following data: Volume, occupancy, average speed and travel direction in the lane.
6) The unit shall be furnished with the required software for data collection, processing, configuration and set-up and data logging and retrieval. An operator shall be able to use the software to set detector count periods, sensitivities and other operational features and parameters. The software shall be capable of providing both manual and automatic setup and calibration.

907-641.02.7.1--Measurement Accuracy. The following error levels shall be achievable and demonstrated during testing:

Parameter	Error Percentage
Volume	8%
Average Speed	10% or 5 mph
Lane Occupancy	20%

907-641.02.8--Environmental Conditions and Protection. The radar unit shall maintain accurate performance in all weather conditions, including rain, freezing rain, snow, wind, dust, fog, and changes in temperature and light, including direct light on sensor at dawn and dusk. All radar sensors shall not require cleaning or adjusting to maintain performance. Except as stated otherwise herein, the equipment shall meet all its specified requirements during and after subjecting to any combination of the NEMA TS 2-2003 standard and the following:

1) Ambient temperature range of -40°F to +165°F
2) Relative humidity from 5 to 95%, non-condensing
3) Rain and other precipitation up to 1.0 inch/hour
4) Power surge protection devices (SPD) shall be included with the radar sensors and shall meet Subsection 722.12 requirements for 24 VDC and signal/data line surge protection for Ethernet, RS-485, RS-422 and RS-232 data lines.

907-641.02.9--Mechanical. The radar sensors shall not exceed five pounds (5 lbs.) in weight. All external parts of the radar sensors shall be ultraviolet-resistant, corrosion resistant, and protected from fungus growth and moisture deterioration.

The radar sensors shall be classified as watertight according to the NEMA 250 Standard. The enclosure shall conform to test criteria set forth in the NEMA 250 standard for type 4X enclosures.

Each of the radar sensors shall be able to withstand a drop of up to five (5) feet without compromising its functional and structural integrity. The sensor shall not require adjustments to maintain performance unless roadway geometry changes.

The radar sensors shall be mounted directly onto a mounting assembly fastened to a pole or other solid structure. The assembly shall provide the necessary degrees of rotation to ensure proper installation. The assembly shall be constructed of weather-resistant materials and shall be able to support a 20-pound load.

907-641.02.10--Electrical. The radar sensors shall consume less than 10 W and shall operate with a DC input between 12 VDC and 28 VDC for IRVD and 9 VDC and 32 VDC for SRVD, or POE. POE injectors shall be approved by the Engineer.

Surge Protection Devices (SPD) shall be provided to protect the equipment from surges in the radar sensors 24 VDC power supply and the signal line RS232, RS 485, or Ethernet communications wiring. Surge suppression shall be UL 1449 listed and meet all requirements of Subsection 722.12 for surge protection devices.

907-641.02.11--Radar Design. The radar units shall be designed to provide detection over a large area and to discriminate lanes. The circuitry shall be void of any manual tuning elements that could lead to human error and degraded performance over time. The radar shall not rely on temperature compensation circuitry to maintain transmit frequency stability.

The bandwidth of the transmit signal of the radar sensor shall not vary by more than one percent (1%) under all specified operating conditions and over the expected life of the sensor. The stop bar radar sensor shall provide at least four (4) RF channels so that multiple units can be mounted in the same vicinity without causing interference between them.

907-641.02.12--Communication Ports. The radar sensor shall have Ethernet, RS-485, or RS-232 ports for communication from the unit to the cabinet. The IRVD shall be upgradable (optional) to include integral 10/100 Base-T Ethernet supporting TCP, UDP, IP, ARP, ICMP.

Within the cabinet, all remote communications to Ethernet switches shall be IP Ethernet with RJ-45 connections. For SRVD, any external device needed to convert serial to IP Ethernet within the cabinet for remote communications shall be provided with the radar sensor unit at no additional cost.

The radar sensor shall support the upload of new firmware into the unit's non-volatile memory. The sensor shall support user defined or automatic configuration of the com ports.

907-641.02.13--Radar Detection Cabling. All Radar Detection cable shall be paid per the unit cost of the pay item for Radar Detection Cable, as shown on the plans or details. The manufacturer is responsible for obtaining plan sets and ensuring cable lengths are properly measured and accounted for in the bid price for each sensor unit and as shown on the plans.

The cable shall have a single continuous run with no splices, unless inside a manufacturer supplied junction box. The cable shall be terminated only on the two (2) farthest ends of the cable. The cable shall meet the requirements of the manufacturer.

907-641.02.14--Electrical Isolation and Surge Protection. All communication and power lines shall be installed using surge protection devices (SPD), as stated in specification Subsection 722.12.

907-641.02.15--Configuration--SRVD. The radar sensor can either have an on screen interactive or automatic configuration setup. The auto setup shall automatically define traffic lanes, stop bars, and detection zones without requiring user intervention. The auto- configuration process shall automatically define traffic lanes or detection zones by detecting the relative position of vehicles with the sensor's field of view.

The radar sensor shall also allow the ability of the user to manually adjust the sensor configuration. The graphical interface shall operate on a MS Windows™ based software. The software shall automatically negotiate the baud rate, the correct serial communication port, operate over a TCP/IP connection, support dial-up modem connectivity, give the operator the ability to save/back up the sensor configuration to a file or load/restore the configuration from a file, and provide a

virtual connection option so that the software can be used without connecting to an actual sensor.

907-641.02.15.1--Stop Bar Radar Vehicle Detection. The stop bar sensor shall support the configuring of lanes, stop bars, and detection zones in 1-foot increments and as stated in these specifications for lane detection.

907-641.02.15.2--Advanced Radar Vehicle Detection. The advance radar sensor can either have an on screen interactive or automatic setup. The auto setup shall have a method for automatically configuring the sensitivity of detection between 5-foot and 7.5-foot increments. The advanced radar sensor shall support the configuring of zones in at least 5-foot increments.

The advanced radar sensor shall support user configurable high-speed and low-speed detection filters for each zone. These speed filters shall be configured in 1-mph increments.

907-641.02.16--Configuration--IRVD. The radar sensor can either have an on screen interactive or automatic configuration setup. The auto setup shall automatically define traffic lanes, stop bars, and detection zones without requiring user intervention. The auto- configuration process shall automatically define traffic lanes or detection zones by detecting the relative position of vehicles with the sensor's field of view.

The radar sensor shall also allow the ability of the user to manually adjust the sensor configuration. The graphical interface shall operate on a MS Windows™ based software. The software shall automatically negotiate the baud rate, the correct serial communication port, operate over a TCP/IP connection, support dial-up modem connectivity, give the operator the ability to save/back up the sensor configuration to a file or load/restore the configuration from a file, and provide a virtual connection option so that the software can be used without connecting to an actual sensor.

907-641.02.16.1--Stop Bar Radar Vehicle Detection. The stop bar sensor shall support the configuring of lanes, stop bars, and detection zones in 1-foot increments and as stated in these specifications for lane detection.

907-641.02.16.2--Advanced Radar Vehicle Detection. The advanced radar sensor can either have an on screen interactive or automatic setup. The auto setup shall have a method for automatically configuring the sensitivity of detection between 5-foot and 7.5-foot increments. The advanced radar sensor shall support the configuring of zones in at least 5-foot increments.

The advanced radar sensor shall support user configurable high-speed and low-speed detection filters for each zone. These speed filters shall be configured in 1-mph increments.

907-641.03--Construction Requirements. Radar Detection System shall be constructed to withstand and operate in sustained winds of up to 90 mph and a 30% gust factor. For projects that are in areas with higher wind standard, the higher standard shall be used.

907-641.03.1--SRVD Installation Requirements. The stop bar and advanced radar sensors shall be mounted as shown in the plans or per the manufacturer's recommendations on poles or structures. Mounting brackets shall be provided with the radar sensor and shall be attached to

the pole, structure, or mast arm with approved stainless-steel bands.

The Contractor shall install detector units on a pole, structure, span wire or mast arm at the manufacturers recommended height above the road surface or as shown in the plans so that the masking of vehicles is minimized and that all detection zones are contained within the specified elevation angle as suggested by the manufacturer.

Unused conductors in the cable shall be ground or terminated in the cabinet in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Terminated conductors shall be individually doubled back and taped, then loosely bundled and secured if not specifically called out in the manufacturer's recommendations. If required by the plans and installation methods, impedance termination and testing of multi-drop runs shall be required per RS485 multi-drop standards.

907-641.03.1.1--SRVD Processor. Where required, the Contractor shall install any contact closure modules and processors needed to connect the sensor(s) to the signal controller within the signal cabinet environment shown in the plans. Sensors (up to 6) shall be connected to the cabinet interface module and the processor shall be connected to the signal controller per the manufacturer's requirements for the particular signal cabinet environment shown in the plans at no additional cost, or as approved by the Engineer.

907-641.03.2--IRVD Installation Requirements. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, the plans and as follows:

1) The IRVD shall be mounted in side-fired or front facing configuration on poles as shown in the plans, using mounting brackets. The brackets shall be attached with approved 3/4-inch-wide stainless steel bands.
2) The Contractor shall install the detector unit on a pole at the manufacture's recommended height above the road surface so that the masking of vehicles is minimized and that all detection zones are contained within the specified elevation angle as suggested by the manufacturer.
3) When installing a detector near metal structures, such as building, bridges, or sign supports, the sensor shall be mounted and aimed so that the detection zone is not under and does not pass through any structure to avoid distortion and reflection.
4) The IRVD mode of operation, detection zones and other calibration and set up will be performed using a MS Windows™ based software and a Notebook PC. The software shall allow verification of correct setup and diagnostics. It shall include facilities for saving verification data and collected data as well as saving and retrieving sensor setup from disk file.
5) Unused conductors in the ITS Radar Vehicle Detector Cable shall be grounded or terminated in the cabinet in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Terminated conductors shall be individually doubled back and taped, then loosely bundled and secured.
6) The Contractor shall provide the Department with a written inventory of items received and the condition in which they were received. Inventory shall be inclusive of make, model, and serial numbers, MAC address, and installation GPS coordinates. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations or as directed by the Department.

7) Any new, additional, or updated drivers required for the existing ATMS software to communicate and control new IRVD installed by Contractor shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

907-641.03.2.1--IRVD Processor. Where required, the Contractor shall install any contact closure modules and processors needed to connect the sensor(s) to the signal controller within the signal cabinet environment shown in the plans. Sensors (up to 6) shall be connected to the cabinet interface module and the processor shall be connected to the signal controller per the manufacturer's requirements for the particular signal cabinet environment shown in the plans at no additional cost, or as approved by the Engineer.

907-641.03.3--Radar Sensor Test Requirements. When requested by the Project Engineer and/or the Project Engineer's representative, the Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required below. All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in overall contract prices; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

The Contractor shall be responsible for planning, coordinating, conducting, and documenting all aspects of the Project Testing Program. The Project Engineer and/or the Project Engineer's representative are only responsible for attending and observing each test and reviewing and approving the Contractor's test results documentation. The Project Engineer and/or the Project Engineer's representative reserve the right to attend and observe all tests.

Each test shall fully demonstrate that the equipment being tested is in full compliance with all project requirements.

Test procedures shall be submitted and approved for each test as part of the project submittals at the request of the Engineer. Test procedures shall include every action necessary to fully demonstrate that the equipment being tested is clearly and definitively in full compliance with all project requirements. Test procedures shall contain documentation regarding the equipment configurations and programming.

No testing shall be scheduled until approval of all project submittals and approval of the test procedures for the given test.

The Contractor shall provide all ancillary equipment and materials as required in the approved test procedures.

The Contractor shall request in writing the Project Engineer's approval for each test occurrence a minimum of 14 days prior to the requested test date. Test requests shall include the test to be performed and the equipment to be tested. The Project Engineer reserves the right to reschedule test request if needed.

All tests shall be documented in writing by the Contractor in accordance with the test procedure and submitted to the Project Engineer within seven (7) days of the test. Any given test session is considered incomplete until the Project Engineer has approved the documentation for that test session.

All tests deemed by the Project Engineer to be unsatisfactorily completed shall be repeated by the Contractor. In the written request for each test occurrence that is a repeat of a previous test, the Contractor shall summarize the diagnosis and correction of each aspect of the previous test that was deemed unsatisfactory. The test procedures for a repeated test occurrence shall meet all the requirements of the original test procedures, including review and approval by the Project Engineer.

The satisfactory completion of any test shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility to provide a completely acceptable and operating system that meets all requirements of this project.

Test shall include verification of detection for each lane of traffic or zone per site.

907-641.03.4--Warranty. The Signal Radar Detection sensors shall be warranted to be free of manufacturer defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of Final Acceptance. Equipment covered by the manufacturer's warranties shall have the registration of that component placed in the Department's name prior to Final Inspection. The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that the vendors and/or manufacturers supplying the components and providing the equipment warranties recognize the Department as the original purchaser and owner/end user of the component from new. During the warranty period, the supplier shall repair or replace with new or refurbished material, at no additional cost to the State, any product containing a warranty defect, provided the product is returned postage-paid by the Department to the supplier's factory or authorized warranty site. Products repaired or replaced under warranty by the supplier shall be returned prepaid by the supplier.

During the warranty period, technical support shall be available from the supplier via telephone within four hours of the time a call is made by the Department, and this support shall be available from factory certified personnel. During the warranty period, updates, and corrections to control unit software shall be made available to the Department by the supplier at no additional cost.

907-641.03.5--MDOT Employee Training. The supplier of the radar detection sensors shall, at a minimum, provide an 8-hour operations and maintenance training class with suitable documentation for up to eight (8) persons selected by the Department, if shown and quantified in the plans. The training shall be at the discretion and approved by the Engineer. The training must include both classroom style training and hands-on training in the field of the maintenance and troubleshooting procedures required for the system. The training should also consist of a hands-on demonstration of all software configuration and functionality where applicable. The operations and maintenance class shall be scheduled at a mutually acceptable time and location.

907-641.03.6--Maintenance and Technical Support. The supplier shall maintain an adequate inventory of parts to support maintenance and repair of the radar detection sensor(s). The manufacturer of the radar detection system must provide and have a parts support system capable of providing parts for a period of five (5) years from the date of system acceptance. Spare parts shall be available for delivery within 30 days of placement of an acceptable order at the supplier's then current pricing and terms of sale of said spare parts.

The suppliers shall maintain an ongoing program of technical support for the Radar Detection System. This technical support shall be available via telephone or via personnel sent to the installation site upon placement of an acceptable order at the supplier's then current pricing and terms of sale of said technical support services.

907-641.04--Method of Measurement. Radar Vehicle Detection Sensors, of the type specified, will be measured as a unit per each.

Radar Vehicle Detection Processor, of the type specified, will be measured as a unit per each.

Radar Vehicle Detection Cable will be measured by the linear foot, measured horizontally along the conduit, messenger cable or mast arm and vertically along the pole.

Radar Vehicle Detection Training will be measured per lump sum.

907-641.05--Basis of Payment. Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor, of the type specified, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, construction installation, connecting, testing, for all equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals required to complete the work. Work shall include furnishing, installing, system integration, testing and training (if required) of complete radar sensor system that includes the unit, cabling between the unit and the cabinet, surge protection devices, communication converters (if required), all conduit, risers and weatherhead between the radar sensors and the cabinet, interconnection wiring, power supply, connections to support structures (includes all incidental components, attachment hardware, mounting brackets, mounting arms, bolts, or any other items to mount the radar sensor as intended), satisfactory completion of testing and training requirements and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to effect the full operation including remote and local control of the radar site complete in place and ready to use. The price bid shall also include all system documentation including shop drawings, operations, and maintenance manuals, wiring diagrams, block diagrams and other material necessary to document the operation of the radar sensor.

Radar Vehicle Detection Processor, of the type specified, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, construction installation, connecting, testing, for all equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals required to complete the work. Work shall include furnishing, installing, system integration, testing and training (if required) of the processor, that includes the unit, cabling between the unit and the signal controller, surge protection devices, communication converters (if required), and power supply. The price bid shall also include all system documentation including shop drawings, operations, and maintenance manuals, wiring diagrams, block diagrams and other material necessary to document the operation of the processor.

Radar Vehicle Detection Cable will be paid at the contract unit price per linear foot, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment tools, furnishing, installing, system integration, connections, testing, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Radar Vehicle Detection Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for as a lump sum

unit price.

Payment will be made under:

907-641-A:	Signal Stop Bar Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type___	- per each
907-641-B:	Signal Advanced Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type ___	- per each
907-641-C:	ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor	- per each
907-641-D:	Radar Vehicle Detection Cable	- per linear foot
907-641-E:	Radar Vehicle Detection Training	- lump sum
907-641-F:	Signal Radar Vehicle Detection Processor, Type____	- per each
907-641-G:	ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Processor, Type____	- per each

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-645-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Pedestrian Detection Assemblies

Section 645, Pedestrian Detection Assemblies, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-645.02--Materials.

907-645.02.1--Standard Pedestrian Pushbutton Detector. Before the first sentence of the paragraph in Subsection 645.02.1 on page 629, add the following.

The Standard Pedestrian Pushbutton Detector shall meet the latest ADA Compliant Specifications.

907-645.02.1.2--Pushbutton. Delete the second sentence of the paragraph in Subsection 645.02.1.2 on page 629, and substitute the following.

The switch, when activated, shall give an audible (i.e., click) and visual indication of actuation. The visual indication shall remain illuminated until the pedestrian's WALK indication is displayed.

907-645.02.5--Environmental. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 645.02.5 on page 631, and substitute the following.

Ensure equipment performs all required functions during and after being subjected to the environmental testing procedures described in NEMA TS 2, Sections 2.2.7, 2.2.8, and 2.2.9.

907-645.05--Basis of Payment. Add the "907" prefix to the list of pay items on page 631.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-650-5 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **05/04/2023**

SUBJECT: **On-Street Video Equipment**

Section 907-650, On-Street Video Equipment, is hereby added to and made part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-650 - ON-STREET VIDEO EQUIPMENT

907-650.01--Description. This work shall consist of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, test, train, and operate CCTV Camera Systems. CCTV Camera System shall provide TMC personnel with live streaming video of the roadway network via CCTV Camera Systems including both fixed and PTZ cameras. PTZ Signal Monitoring Camera shall provide Traffic Engineering personnel with live streaming video of the roadway network via CCTV Camera Systems utilizing a PTZcamera.

907-650.02--Materials. All materials furnished, assembled, fabricated or installed shall be new, corrosion resistant.

Support equipment for the CCTV Camera Systems shall be provided in a Type B ITS Equipment Cabinet as described in Section 660. For PTZ Signal Monitoring Camera, support equipment shall be house in existing or new Traffic Signal Cabinet.

The CCTV Camera System shall comply with the following minimum materials specifications:

907-650.02.1--General Capabilities and Performance Requirements. Overall CCTV Camera System capabilities and performance requirements include the following:

1) CCTV PTZ Cameras shall be placed and installed at fixed locations to provide full coverage of the mainline travel lanes and shoulders.
2) CCTV Fixed Cameras shall be placed and installed at fixed locations to provide coverage of the mainline travel lanes. The cameras shall be provided with a varifocal lens which shall be adjusted by the Contractor for the desired view of the mainline. At major intersections fixed cameras shall also be adjusted to the desired view of the surface streets.
3) The CCTV Camera System components shall be compatible with each other and be of rugged design and suitable for reliable operation when mounted in their fixed locations.
4) All new PTZ and the Fixed cameras shall be provided as Ethernet IP-based or as indicated in project plan sheets or Notice to Bidders. If analog cameras are required, they shall conform to requirements detailed in Subsection 650.02.2, Analog Camera Unit.
5) The CCTV Camera System shall be capable of attended and unattended, continuous 24 hours per day operation at fixed sites.

6) The Contractor shall ensure that the installed equipment provides unobstructed video of the roadway, traffic, and other current conditions around a roadside CCTV field site; that it responds to camera control signals from an operator of the system; and that the video images can be transmitted to remote locations interfaced to the system for observation.
7) PTZ and IP based cameras shall be capable of being remotely controlled and programmed.
8) All PTZ enclosures shall be provided with the ability to be pressurized for environmental protection.
9) PTZ Dome type cameras shall be mounted together with the zoom lens and integrated into the pan and tilt device within the dome enclosure forming a totally integrated, easily removable assembly.
10) All cameras shall include a high quality integrated camera/lens combination.
11) The camera shall also be equipped with an auto-iris lens capability compatible with the zoom lens supplied.
12) Iris capability shall include a provision for manual override via software.
13) The PTZ camera shall be capable of auto-focus during zoom-in or zoom-out, with provisions for override via software.
14) Overexposure protection shall be provided - the camera shall not be degraded or damaged under normal reasonable operating conditions.
15) The capability for local control of pan, tilt and zoom functions shall be provided at the roadside cabinet using vendor-supplied software installed on a laptop computer.
16) All IP Based CCTV cameras shall support the NTCIP 1205 v1.08 or later version if backward compatible communication protocol.

907-650.02.2--Analog Camera Unit. The minimum Camera Unit requirements include:

1) The camera unit shall incorporate solid-state design and provide digital signal processing (DSP) capable of providing clear and low-bloom color video pictures during daylight hours and monochrome video at night when the roadway is illuminated with minimal roadway lighting.
2) The Analog Camera shall be fully compliant with all aspects of the National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) specification, and produce NTSC compatible video.
3) The Analog camera shall operate over wide dynamic light conditions ranging from low light/dusk to full sunlight having day (color)/night (monochrome) switchover and iris control, with user-selectable manual and automatic control capabilities.
4) The camera unit shall be equipped with a low light level sensor to automatically switch the camera to monochrome mode.
5) The camera unit shall be equipped with an override capability to allow the camera to be manually switched via software to turn off the automatic low light level sensor switch feature for Color or Monochrome operation.
6) Image sensor: 1/3 inch charge-coupled device (CCD) employing digital video signal processing (DSP) technology with a minimum Effective Picture Elements of 768 horizontal x 494 vertical pixels.
7) The camera unit shall include integrated image stabilization.
8) Sensitivity: The camera shall maintain usable video under both day and nighttime lighting conditions.
9) Video output synchronization shall be 2 to 1 interlace and will observe the NTSC (color) and EIA RS-170 (black and white) standards.

10) Resolution: 470 lines horizontal and 350 TV lines vertical, NTSC equivalent.
11) Signal-to-noise ratio: 48 dB, minimum with AGC off, un-weighted, and 4.5MHz filter.
12) Video Signal Format: National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) composite video output of 1 $Volt_{p-p}$ at 75 ohms, unbalanced.

907-650.02.3--Internet Protocol IP Camera Unit. IP cameras shall provide the same functionality as the analog camera units specified in subsection 907-650.02.2, in addition to the following minimum requirements:

1) Power over Ethernet or 24 VAC Power Input.
2) Open Architecture.
3) Shall utilize H.264 (Video Coding Experts Group (VCEG)/Moving Picture Experts Group)Video Compression Technology types as directed by the Intelligent Transportation Systems Program Manager
4) Standard Definition (SD) Units Shall be capable of 2 simultaneous H.264 video streams.
    a. The primary stream shall provide 480p at 30 fps and the ability to be reduced to D1 resolution at 30 fps.
    b. The secondary stream shall provide a minimum CIF resolution 30fps.
5) High Definition Units (HD) Shall be capable of 2 simultaneous H.264 video streams.
    a. The primary stream shall provide 720p at 30 fps at a minimum and the ability to be reduced to D1 resolution at 30 fps.
    b. The secondary stream shall provide a minimum CIF resolution 30fps.
6) Image sensor: 1/3 inch charge-coupled device (CCD)
7) Shall be capable to take video snapshots in JPEG format and transfer image via FTP.
8) IP encoded streams and Video Compression Technology shall be compatible with the existing video streaming servers and decoders for the www.mdottraffic.com WEB site or as approved by the Intelligent Transportation Systems Program Manager.
9) Internet Protocols: TCP, UDP (Unicast, Multicast IGMP V2), UPnP, DNS, DHCP, RTP, NTP
10) Support Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP)
11) Multilevel Password Protection.
12) EDR (Extended Dynamic Range).
13) C/CS Lens Mount.
14) Backlight Compensation.
15) Low Profile Top/Bottom Mount.
16) BNC Service Connector. Tap shall be installed inside cabinet.

907-650.02.4--PTZ Camera Lens. The minimum camera lens requirements include:

1) The camera lens shall have a minimum F-Stop of 1.4 to 1.6.
2) Optical and Digital Zoom:
    a. Shall provide an optical zoom of 35X for analog dome cameras.
    b. Shall provide a minimum optical zoom of 18X and a minimum digital zoom of 6X for IP PTZ cameras.
3) Zoom Control: The zoom magnification shall be fully controllable via the remote PTZ mechanism. The time to pass through the full range of movement of Iris, Zoom and Focus shall in no case exceed 10 seconds.

4) Iris and Focus: Support automatic iris and focus control with manual override capability. The iris shall be in a closed position when there is no power.
5) White or Color Balance: Support automatic or set to yield optical results under various outdoor lighting conditions.
6) Shutter Speed: Support automatic or set to yield optimal results under low lighting conditions without blooming or smearing, auto-iris on. Provide electronic shutter that is selectable in steps.
7) The lens shall be equipped for continuous remote control of zoom, focus and iris.
8) Mechanical or electrical means shall be provided to protect motors from overrunning in extreme positions.
9) The zoom lens shall be an integrated camera/lens combination.
10) Vibration or ambient temperature changes shall not affect the automatic iris function, focus mechanism and zoom mechanism.
11) The lens shall be optically clear, impact resistant and acrylic. The acrylic lens shall not yellow and shall not introduce appreciable light loss or geometric distortion over a 10-year service life when exposed to the environment.
12) The zoom mechanism shall be designed for maintenance-free operations. All gearing and bearings shall be self-lubricating with lubrication and gearing tolerances compatible with the environmental specifications contained herein.

907-650.02.5--Character Generator. The minimum character generator requirements include:

1) The capability of generating and superimposing lines of English language text on the video image/stream shall be provided.
2) A minimum of 20 characters per line that are between 10 and 30 horizontal TV lines in height shall be provided.
3) Control (enable, disable and edit) of this feature shall be available remotely and at the field site using a laptop computer.
4) The text messages shall be stored in non-volatile memory.
5) Characters shall be white with a black border to ensure legibility in varied scenes.
6) The following minimum text insertion requirements shall be provided with the ability to individually turn each one on or off:
   a. Camera ID
   b. Sector Message
   c. Alarm Messages
   d. Pan/Tilt Azimuth/Elevation
   e. Compass Direction in 8 discreet zones

907-650.02.6--PTZ Enclosure. The minimum PTZ enclosure requirements include:

1) Sealed, pressurized dome enclosure that provides complete protection for the camera and lens assembly from moisture and airborne contaminants.
2) Environmental resistant and tamper proof meeting NEMA 4X or IP-67 rating requirements.
3) The dome enclosure shall be constructed in such a way that unrestricted camera views can be obtained at all camera and lens positions.
4) Dome environmental control shall be provided by nitrogen pressurization with a Schrader Valve for pressurization and purging. The enclosure shall be designed to be pressurized to

the manufactures recommended level with dry nitrogen. The notation "CAUTION – PRESSURIZED" shall be printed on the rear plate of the enclosure and shall be clearly visible and readable.

5) An alarm shall be displayed under low-pressure conditions and displayed on the camera video. The low-pressure alarm shall be on/off selectable by the operator at the TMC.
6) The PTZ dome enclosure shall consist of a two-piece (upper and lower half) dome.
7) A harness and cables shall be provided with each enclosure to extend the video, power and data from the CCTV Camera System to the field cabinet. No harness shall be exposed. All entry points shall have gaskets to prevent moisture entry. A sealed connector shall be at the top of the dome.
8) The dome enclosure shall assist in preventing lens fogging and effectively reduce internal temperatures.
9) The enclosure shall minimize glare and provide overexposure protection for the camera when pointed directly at the sun.
10) The enclosure shall be equipped with a heater, a defroster and a thermostat.
11) The camera equipment inside the dome enclosure shall meet all its specified requirements when operating under the following conditions:
    a. Ambient Temperatures: From -40ºC to +65ºC (-40ºF to +149ºF). A heater/blower shall be used to maintain internal dome temperatures within the manufacturer required operating temperatures for their equipment.
    b. Relative Humidity: 5% and 95%, non-condensing.
12) Total weight of CCTV cameras (including the housing, sunshield, and all internal components shall be less than 18 pounds.
13) At a minimum, dome enclosures shall be secured with a mounting plate/attachment designed to withstand a 90mph sustained wind speed with a 30% gust factor. For projects that are in areas with higher wind standards, the higher standard is required.

907-650.02.7--Pan and Tilt Unit (PTU). The minimum pan and tilt unit requirements include:

1) The motorized, remotely controlled Pan/Tilt unit shall be mounted within the dome enclosure. The unit shall be integrated with the CCTV control system.
2) For dome enclosed units, the unit shall provide a minimum continuous tilt (vertical) movement of 90 degrees from horizontal and continuous pan (horizontal) movement of 360 degrees.Tilt speed shall be variable from zero up to 40 degrees per second, minimum, and the pan speed shall be variable from zero up to 80 degrees per second, minimum.
3) For separately housed tilt motor units (non-Dome Cameras), the unit shall provide a minimum continuous tilt (vertical) movement of +90° to -90° from horizontal and continuous pan (horizontal) movement of 360 degrees.Tilt speed shall be variable from zero up to 34 degrees per second, minimum, and the pan speed shall be variable from zero up to 80 degrees per second, minimum.
4) The unit shall be capable of simultaneous pan, tilt movements and zoom on one camera
5) Drive motors shall be capable of instantaneous reversing, be corrosion resistant, not require lubrication, and have overload protection.
6) Braking shall be provided in both pan and tilt movements to enable fast stop and reversal and to prevent drifting.
7) The viewing limits shall be set by a minimum of eight (8) discreet privacy zones that are software selectable.

907-650.02.8--Camera Control Receiver – Driver. The minimum camera control receiver-driver requirements include:

1) The camera control receiver shall provide a single point interface for control, power and video communications.
2) The camera control receiver-driver shall be included within the dome enclosure and control the camera, pan/tilt and lens functions at each CCTV site.
3) The unit shall provide alphanumeric generation for on-screen titles.
4) The unit shall provide the ability to display diagnostic information on the screen in response to user commands.
5) The diagnostic information shall include current pan, tilt, zoom and focus positions, and error codes for power, communication, position and memory problems.
6) The capability for programmed tours shall be provided.
7) The camera control receiver shall use non-volatile memory to store the required information for presets, camera ID and sector text.
8) Presets shall meet the following requirements:
   a. A minimum of 64 presets shall be supported. Each preset shall consist of pan, tilt, zoom and focus positions.
   b. The Contractor shall develop and install ten (10) presets for each camera. The Contractor shall submit the preset locations to the MDOT ITS Engineer for review and approval.
9) Protocols: CCTV cameras shall support at a minimum the Pelco D and the NTCIP 1205 v1.08 communication protocol. No camera control receiver-driver shall use non-published protocols. The Contractor shall provide protocol documentation.
10) Communications Interface: The communications interface shall support communications compliant with RS- 232,and/or 485 (user selectable), or shall provide a network interface port.
11) Serial communications interface shall be compatible with the Video Encoder serial port as defined in Section 907-665 .
12) Standard interface connectors shall be provided.
13) The local video input and output connections shall be the BNC type for analog cameras. IP Based Cameras should stream video over the Ethernet connection but include a BNC type connection for local testing, configuration, and calibration.
14) Connector(s) shall also be used for connecting the control outputs from the control receiver-driver unit to the camera, lens and pan/tilt mechanisms.

907-650.02.9--Fixed Camera Lens. The fixed camera lens shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1) Type ..... Varifocal
2) Format Size ..... 1/3 Inch
3) Mount Type ..... CS
4) Focal Length 5-50
5) Zoom Ratio ..... 1.4 -360
6) Relative Aperture (F) 1.6-360
7) Iris ..... Auto (Direct Drive)
8) Focus ..... Manual

9) Zoom ..... Manual
10) Minimum Object Distance ..... 0.5 m
11) Back Focal Length ..... 10.05 mm
12) The camera lens shall have a minimum F-Stop of 1.4 to 1.6.
13) Shall provide a varifocal zoom of 5-50 mm.
14) Iris: Support automatic iris control with manual override capability. The iris shall be in a closed position when there is no power.
15) White or Color Balance: Support automatic or set to yield optical results under various outdoor lighting conditions.
16) Shutter Speed: Support automatic or set to yield optimal results under low lighting conditions without blooming or smearing, auto-iris on. Provide electronic shutter that is selectable in steps.
17) Vibration or ambient temperature change shall not affect the automatic iris function, focus mechanism or zoom mechanism.
18) The lens shall be optically clear, impact resistant and acrylic. The acrylic lens shall not yellow and shall not introduce appreciable light loss or geometric distortion over a 10-year service life when exposed to the environment.

907-650.02.10--Fixed Camera Enclosure. The fixed camera lens shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1) Designed for Outdoor Applications
2) Maintenance access for servicing
3) Environmental resistant and tamper proof meeting NEMA 4X or IP-66 rating requirements.
4) A harness and cables shall be provided with each enclosure to extend the video, power and data from the CCTV Camera System to the field cabinet. No harness shall be exposed. All entry points shall have gaskets to prevent moisture
5) The enclosure shall minimize glare and provide overexposure protection for the camera when pointed directly at the sun.
6) The enclosure shall be equipped with a heater, a defroster and a thermostat.
7) The camera equipment inside the enclosure shall meet all its specified requirements when operating under the following conditions:
   a. Ambient Temperatures: -10ºC to +50ºC (14ºF to +122ºF). A heater/blower shall be used to maintain internal temperatures within the manufacturer required operating temperatures for their equipment.
   b. Relative Humidity: 5% and 95%, non-condensing.
8) Total weight of CCTV cameras (including the housing, sunshield, and all internal components shall be less than 18 pounds.
9) The enclosure shall be secured with a mounting plate/attachment designed to withstand a 90mph sustained wind speed with a 30% gust factor. For projects that are in areas with higher wind standards, the higher standard is required.

907-650.02.11--Electrical. The minimum electrical requirements include:

1) The CCTV Camera System shall be furnished with any and all equipment required for a fully functional system, including all appropriate power and communications cables as defined by the manufacturer.

2) The power cables shall be sized to meet the applicable National Electrical Code (NEC) requirements.
3) Total power consumption shall not exceed 125 watts.
4) All devices supplied as system components shall accept, as a primary power source, 120 volts of alternating current (VAC) at an input of 60 hertz. Any device that requires source input other than 120 VAC at 60 hertz, such as cameras, PTUs, receiver/drives and dome heaters/blowers that operate at 24 volts or other, shall be furnished with the appropriate means of conversion.
5) IP fixed cameras shall receive Power over Ethernet (POE) with appropriate cabling.

907-650.02.12--Coaxial Cabling. The minimum coaxial interconnect cable requirements include:

1) The coaxial cable from the CCTV Camera System to the equipment cabinet shall be double braided (95% coverage) coaxial cable.
2) RG 59/U, 20AWG, bare copper conductor, polyethylene insulation.
3) 98% tinned copper, double braid shield, black polyethylene jacket.
4) Characteristic Impedance: 75 ohms, nominal.
5) Capacitance (conductor to shield): 21pF/ft; Inductance: 0.131uH/ft, nominal.

907-650.02.13--Surge Protection. All CCTV Camera System electrical interconnects shall be protected from voltage surges caused by lightning and external electromagnetic fields. Surge protection devices shall meet the requirements of the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" as well as the requirements stated below.

1) Surge protectors shall be furnished for all non-dielectric cable and conductors (video, data/signal and device/assembly power) between the CCTV Camera System and the equipment cabinet.
2) The surge protectors shall have leads that are kept to a minimum length as recommended by the surge device manufacturer.
3) All surge protection devices shall be designed to meet the temperature and humidity requirements expected in this type of outdoor application.
4) All Surge protectors shall be U.L. listed (UL 1449, UL 497, 497A, 497B, etc., as appropriate) and bonded to the same single-point ground point.
5) Coaxial Cable. Surge protectors for coaxial cable shall meet/provide the following functionality:
   a. Attenuation: 0.1dB @10 MHz, typical
   b. Input/Output Impedance: 75 ohms nominal
   c. Operating Voltage of the surge protector shall match characteristics of the ITS device/assembly
   d. Peak Surge Current: 5,000-amperes for an 8x20 microsecond waveform
   e. Response Time: 1 nanosecond or less
6) Low Voltage/Signal Cable. Surge protectors for data/signal/control cable shall meet/provide the following functionality:
   a. Peak Surge Current: 10,000-amperes for an 8x20 microsecond waveform
   b. Response Time: 1 nanosecond or less
   c. Life Expectancy: Capable of surviving at a minimum of 25 occurrences at 2000-amperes

7) CCTV Power. Surge protectors for power from equipment cabinet power distribution to the CCTV Camera System shall meet/provide the following functionality:
   a. Frequency: DC to 10MHz
   b. Clamping Voltage: < 30VAC (rms) or 42VDC
   c. Insertion Loss: < 0.2dB
   d. Input/Output Impedance: 75 ohms, typical
   e. Peak Surge Current: 3000-amperes
   f. Response Time: 1 nanosecond or less
8) Surge protection for the IP Fixed cameras shall include provisioning for the Power over ETHERNET (POE) cabling and voltages.

907-650.02.14--PTZ Signal Monitoring Camera. The PTZ Signal Monitoring Camera shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1) Single housing with a Fixed Camera and PTZ Camera that allows for tandem viewing from both camera lens
2) Designed for outdoor locations
3) Environmental resistant and tamper proof meeting NEMA 4X or IP-66 rating requirements
4) Sealed, pressurized dome enclosure and fixed camera enclosure that provides complete protection for the camera and lens assembly from moisture and airborne contaminants
5) The dome enclosure shall be constructed in such a way that unrestricted camera views can be obtained at all camera and lens positions.
6) Total weight of CCTV cameras (including the housing, sunshield, and all internal components shall be less than 14 pounds
7) High Quality 4 MP Resolution Imaging or better
8) Shall provide Low-Light performance with expansive night view for up to 400 ft IR distance
9) Minimum of 32x Optical Zoom and 16x Digital Zoom
10) Minimum 1/1.8" progressive scan CMOS sensor
11) Shall provide semi-auto, manual and auto focus
12) Shall support 24 VAC and Hi-PoE
13) The enclosure shall be equipped with a heater, a defroster and a thermostat
14) The Fixed Camera Lens shall have a minimum 79° Horizontal FOV and 42° Vertical FOV with a focal length of f/1.0.
15) The PTZ Camera Lens shall have a minimum 60° to 2.3° (wide-tele) Horizontal FOV with a focal length of f/1.5
16) Smart Features shall include:
    a) Motion Detection
    b) Alarm inputs and outputs
    c) Region Entrance and Exit Detection
    d) Manual and Panorama Tracking
    e) Minimum of 32 Presets with Patrol and Pattern Scan
17) Up to 20 Simultaneous Live Views and 32 Users/Hosts
18) Shall support Internet Explorer, Chrome, Firefox and Safari Web Browsers
19) The camera equipment inside the enclosure shall meet all its specified requirements when operating under the following conditions:
    a) Ambient Temperatures: -30ºC to +65ºC (-22ºF to +149ºF).
    b) Relative Humidity: 5% and 95%, non-condensing.

c) Maximum 42 W Power Consumption including heater and IR light

907-650.03--Installation Requirements. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, the Plans and as follows:

1) The Contractor shall provide the MDOT with a written inventory of items received and the condition in which they were received. Inventory shall be inclusive of make, model, and serial numbers, MAC address, and installation GPS coordinates. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations or as directed by the MDOT.
2) Materials and associated accessories/adapters shall not be applied contrary to the manufacturer's recommendations and standard practices.
3) Shall include all materials needed to permanently mount the CCTV camera to the support structure as indicated in the plans.
4) Furnish and install power, video, and data cables, and any and all ancillary equipment required to provide a complete and fully operational CCTV system site.
5) Verify all wiring meets NEC requirements where applicable.
6) All above requirements apply to both new CCTV sites as well as sites where an existing CCTV is being replaced.
7) Any new, additional or updated drivers required for the existing ATMS software to communicate and control new CCTV installed by the Contractor shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

907-650.03.1--Testing. All equipment associated with the CCTV Camera Systems site shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-650.03.2--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

907-650.03.3--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Biddes entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-650.03.4--Warranty. At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the warranty requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-650.03.5--Training. The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "General ITS Requirements."

907-650.04--Method of Measurement. On-Street Video Equipment will be measured per each camera installation.

On-Street Video Equipment Training shall be measured as a lump sum which shall include all coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-650.05--Basis of Payment. On-Street Video Equipment, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials inclusive of camera unit, housing, pan/tilt drive, receiver/driver, software driver, mounting hardware, any necessary enclosures, items necessary to mount the camera unit from a mast arm pole, steel strain pole, pole extension pipe, etc., for all installing, connecting, cutting, pulling and testing and for all equipment, tools, labor, all documentation and submittals, quality assurance, warranties, and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

Required cabinet facilities, including transformer and/or disconnects, will not be measured for separate payment.

Progress payments for the On-Street Video System will be paid as follows:

1) 50% of the contract unit price upon delivery of equipment and approval of any bench and/or pre-installation test results, as prescribed in Project Testing Program;

2) An additional 40% of the contract unit price upon approval of Stand Alone Acceptance Test results; and

3) Final 10% of the contract unit price upon Final Project Acceptance.

On-Street Video Equipment Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

Payment will be made under:

907-650-A: On-Street Video Equipment Type _*_ - per each

907-650-B: On-Street Video Equipment Training - lump sum

* PTZ, Fixed, Analog, IP Based, PTZ Signal Monitoring, etc.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-653-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Traffic and Street Name Signs

Section 653, Traffic and Street Name Signs, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-653.02--Materials.

907-653.02.1--Reflective Sheeting. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 653.02.1 on page 637, and substitute the following.

Reflective sheeting for traffic and street name signs shall be Type XI retroreflective and of the color as specified in the plans.

907-653.04--Method of Measurement. Delete the sentence in the paragraph of Subsection 653.04 on page 638, and substitute the following.

Traffic sign and street name sign will be measured by the square foot, which measurement being inclusive of aluminum sign blank, applied reflective sheeting, mounting brackets and banding materials and begin inclusive of all materials, work and services necessary for a properly constructed sign.

907-653.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the pay items listed on page 638, and substitute the following.

907-653-A: Traffic Sign - per square foot

907-653-B: Street Name Sign - per square foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-655-2 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 05/25/2021

SUBJECT: Highway Advisory Radio

Section 907-655, Highway Advisory Radio, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-655 - HIGHWAY ADVISORY RADIO

907-655.01--Description. This Special provision describes furnishing, installing and integrating a Highway Advisory Radio (HAR) System. The work consists of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, test, and make functional the HAR System. The work includes complete Federal Communications Commission (FCC) licensing services and all documentation necessary to operate and maintain the equipment.

The HAR System will provide broadcast up-to-the-minute AM radio traffic advisories and be equipped to allow messages to be changed or transmitted via the communications system.

907-655.02--Materials.

907-655.02.1—General. A HAR system shall consist of but is not limited to the following components and materials.

1. AM radio transmitter,
2. Digital recorder/player,
3. Global Positioning System (GPS) synchronizer,
4. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) weather receiver,
5. HAR cabinet,
6. Antenna mounting pole,
7. Antenna and grounding,
8. Power distribution / supply,
9. Battery backup system with recharging subsystem,
10. Surge protection,
11. HAR flashing beacons and remote control, and
12. Communications and control center (hardware and software) equipment.

907-655.02.2--System Capabilities and Performance Requirements. Overall system capabilities and performance requirements include the following.

1. Each HAR subsystem shall have a minimum coverage radius of four (4) miles for broadcasting messages to motorists.
2. The network of HAR subsystems shall be synchronized to provide seamless message receptions from one transmission area (zone) to another.

3. System shall provide digital message recording and storage capabilities.
4. Provide National Weather Service (NWS) transmission/broadcast capabilities.
5. Each HAR transmitter shall be capable of being controlled through an Ethernet port unless otherwise stated in the plans.
6. Messages to each HAR transmitter shall be through an Ethernet port unless otherwise stated in the plans.
7. Provide battery back-up power for a minimum of 72 hours without primary power source.
8. Provide HAR advisory static signs, flashing beacon lights, solar power subsystem, and remote control subsystem for flashing.
9. All HAR structures, including the antenna, shall be able to withstand a steady-state 90-mile per hour (mph) wind and ½-inch ice buildup at a minimum. For projects that are in areas with higher wind standards, the higher standard is required.
10. All HAR systems shall use the same frequency throughout the state unless otherwise approved by the Department.

907-655.02.3--General Requirements. General HAR system requirements include the following.

1. The Contractor is responsible for determining and providing any other equipment that is needed for safe and reliable operation of the HAR system.
2. Prototype equipment will not be acceptable.
3. HAR electronics shall be of solid-state design and modular construction.
4. The HAR system consisting of transmitters, digital recorder players, digital communications controllers, GPS synchronizers, power supplies, and NOAA receiver shall be provided, integrated, and warranted by a single HAR vendor.

907-655.02.4--Frequency Selection and FCC Licensing Services. The Contractor shall determine optimal HAR operational frequency and provide complete and comprehensive FCC licensing services which includes the following.

1. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining all required licenses on behalf of the Department, for the Department to operate the HAR stations.
2. The Contractor shall also perform all necessary testing to select the clearest and most appropriate operating frequency for all HAR transmitters at the proposed locations.
3. All transmitters shall operate at the same frequency throughout the state unless otherwise approved by the ITS Engineer. Frequency selection shall be submitted to the Department for approval prior to application for FCC licenses.
4. The Contractor shall provide all location maps, field strength contour maps, engineering drawings (identifying adjacent commercial stations and other possible HAR system using FCC data bases), and paperwork necessary as part of the FCC licensing process.
5. All FCC licensing effort shall be coordinated with MDOT.

907-655.02.5—Standards. All materials, equipment, supplies, installations and testing shall comply with the project requirements, the latest editions of the following standards and industry practices, as applicable, and all other standards and requirements, industry practices, and any state and local codes or ordinances that may apply.

1. Standards and industry practices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

a. Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regulations
b. National Electric Code (NEC)
c. Underwriters' Laboratories Inc. (UL)
d. National Electrical Manufacturer Association (NEMA)
e. Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE)
f. American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM)
g. American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
h. Lightning Protection Institute (LPI)
i. National Electrical Safety Code (NESC)
j. Occupational, Safety, and Health Act (OSHA)

2. All materials, equipment, accessories and components that are not in accordance with the specific standards and requirements shall require approval by the Department. The Contractor shall bring any conflicts between referenced industry specifications and this Special Provision to the attention of the Department.
3. The Contractor shall use the latest version of referenced industry specifications, standards, and practices in force and in existence as of this project's advertisement date unless otherwise noted.
4. The Contractor shall acquire and use all applicable manuals, guidelines, and standards and practices that apply to the design, construction, and testing activities required to complete this project.

907-655.02.6--AM Transmitter. The transmitter subsystem shall meet the following minimum specifications.

1. The transmitter shall be FCC certified under CFR Title 47, Section 90.242 and conform to the Traveler Information Service (TIS) requirements in the United States.
2. Capability for adjustment of RF output power and audio input levels through easily accessible controls.
3. A provision for automatic station identification (Automatic ID) shall be included.
4. The HAR AM transmitter unit shall meet the following minimum requirements:
    a. Operational Frequency Range: 530 kHz to 1700 kHz inclusive
    b. Modulation Type: Amplitude Modulation (6A3)
    c. Transmitter Amplifier Type: High Efficiency Class D (80% or Better)
    d. Radio Frequency Output Power: Adjustable up to 10 Watts
    e. RF Output Impedance: 50 Ohms (Ω)
    f. Frequency Stability: ±0.002 % (20 PPM) from 32° to 95°F or provided by phase locking to GPS.
    g. AF Input Impedance: Both, 600Ω and Hi "Z" (Match Digital Recorder)
    h. Audio Frequency Response: 20 Hz to 15 kHz ±1.0 dB maximum
    i. Audio Distortion: Less than 1.5% from 200 Hz to 3.5 kHz
    j. Modulation Limiter: Built-in 100% peak modulation limiter
    k. Audio Filter: Built-in FCC compliance audio filter (-3dB at 3kHz, 18dB/octave roll-off)
    l. Audio Noise Level: At least 70 dB below 80 percent modulation level
    m. Operational Temperature Range: -22°F to +165°F
    n. Operational Humidity: 0% to 95% non-condensing

907-655.02.7--Digital Recorder / Player. A Digital Recording Unit shall be provided with the following minimum features/functions and specifications.

1. Digitally record and store messages, or audio files.
2. Provide direct, local and remote control of all functions.
3. Provide security access codes for local and remote operations.
4. Interface: Provide capability for interfacing with a 10/100 Base-T Ethernet network supporting TCP/IP unless otherwise specified in the plans.
5. Provide capability for scheduling of automated broadcasts by day, week, month, year, and time.
6. Store a minimum of 250 distinct digital messages or audio files, with variable length messages, which can be recorded, stored, or deleted independently.
7. Provide a minimum of 80 minutes of total recording time.
8. Sequences of up to 100 messages shall be possible
9. Up to 20 message sequences that can be stored and selected.
10. Allow the recording of a message while another message is being recorded. (Simultaneous record/playback).
11. Allow for multiple modes of operation including:
    a. Transmitter on or off
    b. Record a message and monitor the recorded message
    c. Play pre-recorded message(s) by inputting codes
    d. Emergency broadcast mode (Live messages)
    e. NOAA Weather Radio broadcast when emergency alert system event code is activated
12. Provide capability for message retention (indefinitely) without the use of a battery, in the event main site power is lost.
13. Provide the capability for automatic call-sign announcement.
14. The Digital Recorder/Player shall be capable of providing Standard DTMF tones as applicable
15. AF Input Impedance: both, 600Ω and Hi "Z" (Contractor shall provide a compatible microphone)
16. Audio Frequency Response: 20 Hz to 15 kHz ±1.0 dB maximum
17. Audio Distortion: Less than 5% @ from 200 Hz to 3.5 kHz
18. Modulation Limiter: Built-in 100% peak modulation limiter
19. Temperature: -22°F to +165°F; Humidity: 95% non-condensing

907-655.02.8--Simulcast Synchronization. The HAR synchronization subsystem shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1. The system shall be prepared to be part of a wide area broadcasting system with other HAR transmitters as shown in the Plans of the same type for simultaneous broadcast of messages in a synchronized system.
2. This feature shall avoid interference or audio distortion within possible overlapped areas.
3. Each synchronized HAR system shall be equipped with a GPS synchronizer, which shall provide the capability to phase-lock the transmitters to a common reference carrier to minimize heterodyne.

4. The GPS Synchronizer subsystem shall have been successfully tested in conjunction with the transmitter and certified by the FCC in accordance with the provisions of FCC Section No. 90.242.

907-655.02.9--NOAA Weather Receiver. The Contractor shall provide a weather receiver unit meeting the following requirements.

1. The unit shall receive up-to-the-minute information directly from the National Weather Service (NWS).
2. The unit shall work in conjunction with the HAR digital recorder/player to automatically interrupt the current message being broadcast upon receipt of the Emergency Alert System (EAS) event codes from NOAA.
    a. The system shall have fully programmable EAS entry capability allowing the Department to select only the alerts they specifically need for this specific area and application.
3. The Alert feature (on/off) as well as the feature to set the duration for broadcasting the alert, shall be selectable from within the digital recorder/player's voice prompts
4. The NOAA Weather Receiver module shall comply with the following functionality and requirements:
    a. Component shall provide selectable frequencies that are selectable through a series of dip switches or push-buttons
    b. The weather receiver shall provide internal speaker and headphone jack
    c. Weather alert shall detect 1050 Hz alert tones
    d. Component shall provide antenna and required cabling
5. The system shall also automatically activate all flashing beacons whenever a NOAA weather message has been broadcast.

907-655.02.10 HAR Transmitter Cabinet. All HAR shall be designed to operate inside the cabinet described herein. The Contractor shall provide a ground-mounted cabinet for each HAR station. The HAR cabinet shall be included in the cost of the HAR system and shall meet the following minimum specifications.

1. The HAR cabinet shall be approximately the same size as a Type C cabinet as indicated in the Plans.
2. The HAR electronic components shall be housed in a locking, weather resistant, aluminum cabinet that shall completely protect the equipment.
3. The HAR cabinet shall be a NEMA 3R rated aluminum enclosure. It shall provide protection from falling dirt, rain, sleet, snow, windblown dust, splashing water, vandalism and will be undamaged by the external formation of ice on the enclosure.
4. The complete cabinet / enclosure shall be constructed from 0.125-inch thick aluminum alloy type 5052-H32 to provide strong and rigid construction. All exterior seams shall be ground smooth or sealed weather-tight.
5. The door frame/opening shall be designed to help prevent dust and liquids from dropping in the cabinet when the door is opened.
6. The cabinet shall be equipped with adjustable mounting channels to provide versatile positioning of shelves or optional panels or rack mounting angles.

7. The cabinet / enclosure door shall be lockable and provisions for cabinet door handle padlocks shall be included.
8. Provide with an AC power service panel and ground bus.
9. The cabinet shall include a thermostatically controlled ventilation fan to adequately remove heat within the cabinet to prevent performance degradation and reduced reliability. Ventilation fan and filter louver shall be screened against the entrance of dust and foreign matter. A replaceable filter for incoming air shall be provided. The fan shall include a resistor-capacitor network noise suppressor installed across the fan motor power terminals.
10. The cabinet shall include a fluorescent lighting fixture, minimum 15 watt, mounted on the inside top front portion of the cabinet, with a cool white lamp with shatter-proof cover and operated by a normal power factor UL listed ballast. The light shall be door switch controlled. The light shall include a resistor-capacitor network noise suppressor installed across the light fixture power terminals.
11. Provide sunshields and mounting fasteners on all HAR transmitter cabinets. Sunshields and fasteners shall meet the following minimum requirements:
    a. Sunshields shall be 0.125-inch aluminum with smoothed, deburred edges and rounded corners. Provide cutouts for door handles and/or locks as required.
    b. Cabinets shall be equipped with press-in threaded inserts on the cabinet interior. Sunshields shall be mounted by fasteners and aluminum or stainless steel standoffs tightened into the threaded inserts. Provide a minimum of four inserts/fasteners for top face sunshields.
    c. Provide a minimum of six inserts/fasteners for any door or side sunshield.
    d. For doors or sides greater than 54 inches tall, provide inserts and fasteners sufficient for a maximum vertical or horizontal distance of 27 inches between any fasteners.
    e. Furnish and install a top face sunshield on all cabinets.
    f. Furnish and install door or side sunshields on any cabinet face that is within 60 degrees in either direction of due south. A minimum of two door or side faces shall have sunshields on any cabinet. A cabinet with a face exactly perpendicular to the south shall have three shields.
12. Provide agency name, device name and ID labels on all cabinets. Labels shall meet the following minimum requirements:
    a. Labels shall be flat black lettering on a reflective white background. Lettering shall be a minimum of 1 inch (1") in height.
    b. Labels shall be manufactured from pre-coated adhesive backed reflective sheeting material meeting the minimum requirements of AASHTO M268 Type 1.
    c. The agency name labels shall be "MDOT ITS" in one continuous adhesive sheet.
    d. The device ID labels shall include the device name as an acronym and a hyphen, and shall be one continuous adhesive sheet.
    e. The device ID shall be numerals corresponding to the location and shall be installed adjacent to the acronym sheet.
    f. The device ID labels shall also include large 3-inch letters on the side of the cabinet that the ground plane is located that states "WARNING: GROUND PLANE LOCATED XXX' FROM CABINET. NO DIGGING"
    g. Labels shall be installed along the top of the cabinet door , with MDOT ITS label at the top and the device ID labels immediately underneath.
13. Provide a voltage label on all HAR transmitter cabinets in accordance with the NEC labeling requirements. Voltage labels shall meet the following minimum requirements:

a. Labels shall be flat black lettering on a reflective yellow background. Lettering shall be a minimum of 1 inch in height.
b. Labels shall be manufactured from pre-coated adhesive backed reflective sheeting material meeting the minimum requirements of AASHTO M268 Type 1.
c. Labels shall include the voltages entering the cabinet and shall be one continuous adhesive sheet. Examples are "120VAC" or "120/240VAC".
d. Labels shall be installed on all cabinet doors.

14. Provide door locks for all HAR transmitter, controller and solar power/battery cabinet doors all keyed to the same master. Provide one key with each cabinet.

907-655.02.11--Mounting Pole. The mounting pole shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1. The antenna shall be mounted on a freestanding, vertical pole support utilizing adequate antenna mounting hardware.
2. All mounting hardware used shall be stainless steel except for the anchor bolts, which shall comply with the Plans.
3. The combined height between the pole support and the tip of the antenna element shall not exceed 49.2 feet in height from ground level in order to comply with FCC regulations.
4. The antenna pole support shall have the following physical characteristics:
   a. Structurally constructed in one continuous piece
   b. Standard 30 to 35 foot wooden utility pole that meets the requirements of the plan details and Subsection 722.02.7.
   c. Withstand severe weather and heavy winds of 90 mph at a minimum. For projects that are in areas with higher wind standards, the higher standard is required.
5. Foundation of the antenna pole shall conform to the detail requirements in the Plans.

907-655.02.12--Antenna Subsystem. The antenna subsystem consists of an antenna and its grounding components and shall meet the following minimum requirements and features.

1. Omni-directional, vertically polarized antenna providing high efficiency with low radiation angle performance.
2. Manufactured for and tuned to the same frequency as the transmitter.
3. Provide an Effective Isotropic Radiated Pattern (EIRP) of 2.0 mV/m @ 1.5Km (0.93 miles) per FCC regulations.
4. Provide an overall Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR) 1:4 or better with direct feed (without antenna tuner).
5. Provide direct base feed, Center coil loaded.
6. Antenna height will depend on final selected frequency – approximately 15 feet will be required for 1700 kHz and 25 feet for 530 kHz. The total antenna height (tip) above ground including the mounting pole shall not exceed 49.2 feet as per FCC regulations.
7. Antenna shall be constructed from anodized aluminum with adjustable tip to minimize the standing waves.
8. Antenna subsystem shall be self-supporting and capable of withstanding severe weather conditions with winds of up to 90 miles per hour (steady state) with ½-inch of ice build-up.

9. Antenna subsystem shall include all hardware, mounts, surge protectors, and ground terminals in cabinet/enclosure for a complete subsystem.

907-655.02.13--Grounding. The Contractor shall document and submit to the Department for review and approval, an antenna/grounding subsystem design for this project that meets the grounding requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitiled "ITS General Requirements" and the following minimum grounding requirements.

1. The antenna/grounding design shall be provided for each proposed HAR site taking into account local site conditions, soil conditions, antenna type and exact location, along with the ground plane designed.
2. The HAR antenna/grounding design and design submittal shall be either conducted by or signed off by the HAR equipment manufacturer. The submittal shall include antenna and grounding details showing design configuration and proposed equipment and materials, supporting design calculations, recommended installation methods/procedures to be utilized, and equipment and proposed material specifications / cut-sheets.
3. The HAR antenna subsystem shall be provided with an efficient ground plane properly tuned to the operational frequency and ground/soil type and conditions.
4. The Contractor shall be responsible to provide a grounding system that provides the overall HAR system performance as described herein.
5. The grounding subsystem shall consist of a set of horizontal radials of heavy gauge wire or radial loops extending outward from the base of the antenna to ensure proper grounding and performance requirements.
6. An alternate ground system method and configuration may be designed and submitted as part the HAR grounding subsystem design submittal depending on site conditions to the Department for review and approval prior to construction.
7. Regardless of the grounding type; the Contractor shall be responsible for providing a complete grounding subsystem that supports the minimum 4-mile transmission radius system performance as described herein.
8. Care shall be taken to minimize disruption to the existing landscape and to avoid possible underground utilities or conduits. After installation the landscape of the site shall be restored to the state that it was in prior to installation of the ground system.

907-655.02.14--Power Supply / Regulation. The power supply subsystem shall meet the following minimum specifications.

1. The equipment proposed shall be capable of operating from a primary power (115-volt, 60 Hz.) source.
2. The equipment shall have fuse protection against internal short circuit and power surges.
3. The electrical power distribution and regulation/conditioning shall be supplied with a power subsystem equipped with an automatic power transfer switch to the battery back-up system for power failure management or equivalent method. The subsystem shall have no interruptions of power or spikes.
4. Provide low voltage battery protection capability.
5. Provide power regulation/conditioning: ±3% output voltage regulation with input voltage variations ±15%. Provide noise attenuation and harmonic filtering

6. The subsystem is responsible for distribution of the power required to all components of the HAR system. It shall have built-in visual indicators to show power and alarm status at a minimum.

907-655.02.15--HAR Back-up Battery System. The battery backup system shall meet the following minimum specifications.

1. The Contractor shall provide a battery backup system that will provide sufficient battery power to operate all components of the HAR subsystem, including the AM transmitter operating at 10 watts full power output, for minimum of 72 hours (3 days) without normal 115-volt primary power or other external service.
2. The current draw of each component of the HAR subsystem including the AM transmitter, digital recorder/player, communications equipment and any other electrical loads present during operation shall be measured and provided by the Contractor to the Department for verification of proper sizing of the back-up battery system.
3. The back-up system shall have an automatic charging unit and power changeover with no interruption to HAR transmissions. The system shall also include automatic charging circuitry to prevent overcharging and thermal (overheat) protection.
4. The battery back-up system chargers shall meet all specified requirements while operating between -40 °F to +60 °F, and 95% relative humidity.
5. Batteries shall be maintenance free, industrial, deep-cycle gel cell or absorbed glass mat (AGM) type.
6. The battery charger shall trickle charge the batteries from the normal 115-volt primary power.
7. The back-up system shall not overcharge the batteries and shall include a load controller and a charge regulator in addition to automatic battery temperature compensation. Provide a method (voltmeters, ammeters) to indicate the current state and rate of charge of the batteries.
8. One set of rechargeable batteries shall be furnished for each local transmitter included in this project.

907-655.02.16--Antenna Cabling. The antenna cabling shall meet the following minimum specifications.

1. The Contractor shall use high quality, low-loss transmission cable to connect the antenna, inline lightning suppressor, and transmitter. Belden 9913 or Times LMR-400 low-loss coaxial cable or equivalent.
2. The coax cable shall be recently manufactured and certified for having factory testing performed to verify the cable design characteristics.
3. The Contractor shall provide weatherproofing for the transmission cable/connector ends, suitable for direct environmental exposure.

907-655.02.17--Surge Protection. The HAR system shall be provided with surge protection on all input and output audio lines, antenna lines and power feeds, in order to protect the equipment during inclement weather conditions and common transients (transient voltage surges and induced current) along the primary power source.

The surge protection equipment shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1. The surge protectors shall include but are not limited to the following types and requirements:
   a. Power Line Surge Protector Response: Surge suppression in cabinet shall meet all equipment manufacturers' recommendations.
   b. Antenna Surge Projector Response: < 4.0 ns @ 18,000 Amp
2. All surge protection devices shall be UL listed.
3. Radio surge protectors shall introduce low insertion losses (≤ 0.1 dB)

907-655.02.18--HAR System Software Application. If called for in the plans, the Contractor shall provide a network-ready, client-server HAR control and monitoring application software package that operates over the existing TMC Network. In areas were HAR systems exist the Contractor shall integrate new HAR stations with existing HAR server software and hardware.

907-655.02.18.1--HAR Client Software Requirements. The HAR software application shall provide centralized operator control and monitoring of dispersed HAR and flashing beacon subsystems with the following minimum features and capabilities.

1. Shall be responsible for serving as the user interface to view and control the HARs.
2. Shall be installed on each of the existing TMC workstations.
3. Shall allow the TMC Operator to select, display, schedule, and modify messages, transmit messages, list diagnostic information, and control of HAR field stations via the network.
4. Shall support message recording through external audio sources and by a microphone via audio line inputs in the workstations.
5. Shall support review, selection, scheduling and playback of recorded messages from a HAR message library.
6. Shall support control of flashing beacons over an Ethernet-based subsystem and any other communication subsystem stated in the plans.
7. Shall provide for multiple modes of operation as follows:
   a. Transmitter control
   b. Record and monitoring of messages
   c. Playing of pre-recorded messages
   d. Emergency broadcast mode (live)
   e. NOAA weather radio broadcast when alert is activated.
8. Shall provide the capability for user-definable HAR groups and HAR Sign groups that will allow the user to execute commands on the entire Group with a single command.
9. Shall provide status information based on control commands sent to indicate which HAR Signs with Flashing Beacons are currently activated.
10. Shall be capable of importing audio files created externally and shall log updates
11. Shall be able to convert typed text into voice that can be used for a clear understandable message.
12. Provide the capability to group signs and then click an icon to issue an on or off command to the group.
13. The HAR system operators shall be able to toggle the beacon state within the client software, turning the devices off or on.

907-655.02.18.2--HAR Server Software Requirements. The HAR Server is responsible for management of all HAR device configuration and communications. The HAR Server Software shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1. Shall support control of flashing beacon controllers over a Ethernet-based subsystem and any other communication subsystem stated in the plans.
2. Shall support and be licensed for a minimum of fifteen (15) HAR clients.
3. Shall support up to 40 HAR stations on a single server without additional software or upgrades. The Contractor shall provide a current HAR Server software license for a minimum of 10 HARs.
4. Shall allow devices to be added, removed or modified any time after the initial software installation and configuration.
5. Shall generate a dynamic geographic map viewable from the HAR Clients. The map shall include the following features:
    a. Displays icons for HARs and HAR Signs with Flashing Beacon locations.
    b. Capability to zoom in or out.
    c. When a HAR location is selected, associated HAR Sign with Flashing Beacons shall be highlighted.
    d. Shall allow the capability for placing dynamic icons representing installed HARs and Flashing Beacons in their appropriate locations.
    e. Other ITS device icons shall be statically placed on the same site map for TMC Operator reference.
6. All software configurations shall be through a graphical user interface.
7. Shall prevent more than one user to simultaneously control the same HAR or HAR groups.
8. Shall support communication to HAR transmitters through cellular, dial-up lines and through the IP/ Ethernet network.

907-655.02.18.3--HAR Software System Configuration. The Contractor shall fully configure the HAR Control System for operation. At a minimum, this shall include the following.

1. Install and configure map of the project area with HAR locations and HAR Sign locations. The map image must be approved by the Engineer prior to installation and configuration.
2. Configure the HAR Server communications and establish and test service to all HAR and HAR signs.
3. Install and configure all HAR stations and flashing beacon controllers.
4. Configure a minimum of fifteen (15) users (provide capability to support local and remote users).
5. Duplicate configurations shall be made at both the Regional TMC location and the Statewide TMC location in Jackson, MS.

907-655.02.18.4--Hardware Requirements. When called for in the plans or a Notice to Bidder, the Contractor shall provide and configure one server at the Regional TMC and another server at the Statewide TMC in Jackson, MS. The server shall meet or exceed the minimum server requirements specified by the HAR software vendor.

907-655.02.19--HAR Flashing Beacons and Control Subsystems. The flashing beacon shall meet

the following minimum requirements.

1. Static signs will be used with stationary HAR systems as shown in the Plans. The bottom of the sign will notify motorists that information is on a specific AM RF. The top of the sign will have a yellow background and the words "URGENT MESSAGE WHEN FLASHING" in black letters. This message refers to the two flashing beacons that will be located on top of the sign.
2. The two beacons shall require their own power, control and cabinet components. All beacons shall be DC-powered. The DC-powered beacons shall have PV solar arrays and a battery subsystem as described in Subsection 907-655.02.20.
3. The beacons shall be turned on or off remotely with controller components as shown in the plans. A control cabinet shall house the beacon control and power components.
4. HAR flashing beacons shall be constructed in accordance with the Plans for HAR static signs and flashing beacons.
5. The beacon component shall include two (2) beacon housings of polycarbonate construction.
6. The LED beacon lens/heads located on highways/freeways shall be one (1) foot in diameter.
7. The beacons shall have a flash rate as specified in the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).
8. The flashing beacon shall be activated via TCP/ IP over cellular network or fiber optic cable, as shown in the plans. The controller shall be used to remotely control the flashing beacons.
9. The flashing beacon system shall include an adjustable automatic shutoff timer that will automatically turn off the flashers in a predetermined amount of time if when done through the paging system.
10. All beacon control and power components (except batteries) shall be housed in a minimum NEMA 3R type aluminum cabinet/enclosure. The cabinet/enclosure shall be constructed from 0.125-inch thick aluminum alloy type 5052-H32. The cabinet/enclosure door shall be lockable and provisions for cabinet door handle padlocks shall be included.

907-655.02.19.1--Pager Control Subsystem. The pager-based control subsystem, if required per the plans, shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for establishing and setting up an account with a local Service Provider providing paging services as required for the HAR subsystem operations. All activation and operational / monthly billing costs shall be paid by the Contractor during the test phases. Upon Final Acceptance the account will be transferred to the MDOT.
2. The Contractor shall verify pager service is available and FCC license is approved for that particular site prior to construction.
3. HAR system operators shall be able to simply call a designated pager number and enter touch-tone control functions, turning the device off or on.
4. The flashing beacon, pager-based controller shall provide the following capabilities:
    a. Pager based controller shall operate at the 900 MHz frequency range.
    b. Support minimum baud rate of 1200.
    c. Support Post Office Code Standardization Advisory Group (POCSAG) line (numeric service).

d. Single pager number shall control multiple devices, if supported by local paging service.
e. Operate with a solar power subsystem described herein.
f. Internal relay shall provide contact closure for control of flashing beacons.
g. The pager controller shall be housed in the beacon control and power cabinet.
h. The flashing beacon controller shall be compatible with and controlled by the HAR central control software through the pager control subsystem.

5. The Contractor may propose an alternative pager based control system for review and approval by the Department.

907-655.02.19.2--Cellular Control Subsystem. The cellular-based control subsystem shall meet the following minimum requirements.

1. The Cellular Control Subsystem shall include cellular modem, TCP/ IP controlled relay, and all associated parts and equipment for fully functional installation.
2. The Contractor shall be responsible for establishing and setting up an account with the DOT Service Provider facilitating cellular services as required for the HAR control subsystem operations. All activation and operational / monthly billing costs shall be paid by the Contractor during the test phases. Upon Final Acceptance the account will be transferred to the MDOT.
3. The Contractor shall verify cellular service is available and approved for that particular site prior to construction.
4. The cellular-based controller, cellular modem shall adhere to the following:
    a. The cellular modem shall utilize wireless TCP/ IP
    b. The cellular modem shall support networking protocols: TCP, UDP, DNS, DHCP, HTTP, SNMP, and Modbus.
    c. It shall be provided with a built-in web user interface providing remote configuration and control.
    d. The cellular modem shall provide the following interfaces:
        i. 10/100 Base-T Ethernet port connection
        ii. RJ-45/ DB9 Serial port connection.
        iii. RS-232 Serial port connections. Baud rates up to 230 Kbps.
    e. The cellular modem shall be capable of supporting connection, remote communication, programming, and diagnostics via the Internet.
    f. The controller subsystem shall have all necessary hardware such as communications cables, and controller interface.
5. The cellular-based controller, TCP/ IP controlled relay shall adhere to the following:
    a. It shall be IP addressable and configurable via built-in web user interface.
    b. Shall provide 12 Amp/ 120VAC relay to be connected to the contact closure of the flashing beacons.
    c. Network Interface: RJ45 10/100 Base-T Ethernet port connection.
    d. Shall be controllable by simple text commands or XML.
6. The cellular-based control subsystem components shall be compatible with and controlled by the HAR beacon client and server software.
7. The cellular modem and IP controlled relay shall be housed in the beacon control and power cabinet.

907-655.02.20--Solar Power System for Flashing Beacons. The Contractor shall provide required solar power equipment to provide power to the flashing beacons if shown in the plans as per the following guidelines. The photovoltaic power supply shall include but is limited to the battery, photovoltaic modules and all required peripherals. The solar power generated should be able to optimally operate the Flashing Beacons as intended. The solar power system shall meet the requirements of the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-655.02.21—HAR Sign Materials and Sign Supports. The HAR Sign layout (size, font, lettering, etc.) shall be as shown in the plans. All sign materials and sign supports shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 630.02 and Section 721. Sign locations shown on the plans are approximate and may need to be adjusted at the direction of the Engineer. The Contractor will be required to stake out proposed HAR sign locations and gain approval from the Project Engineer prior to proceeding with installation. Beam lengths shown on the plans are estimated only and shall be field verified by the Contractor. The Contractor shall submit shop drawings with the proposed sign layout and final beam lengths to the Engineer for approval.

907-655.03--Construction Requirements. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, the Plans, and as follows.

1. Materials and associated accessories/adapters shall not be applied contrary to the manufacturer's recommendations and standard practices.
2. The equipment shall be designed to prevent reversed assembly or improper installation of connectors, fasteners, etc. Each item of equipment shall be designed and installed to protect personnel from exposure to high voltage during equipment operation, adjustments, and maintenance.
3. The Contractor shall furnish and install all supports, clamps, cables, connections and other materials to secure the HAR transmitter and antenna at the selected locations. The type of mounting poles to be supplied and the location of their installation shall be as specified herein and depicted in the Plans.
4. The Contractor shall be responsible for locating possible utility conflicts prior to excavating and installing the ground-plane system. In case of space limitations or structural modification constraints, the Department shall be informed prior to site construction.
5. The Contractor shall perform detailed pre-installation site surveys and frequency tests to determine the adequacy of each HAR transmitter site (e.g., power, grounding, communications, etc.) for the intended purpose and performance criteria and shall submit recommendations to the Department for alternative site(s) if a selected site is unsuitable. The Contractor shall locate and configure the HAR System to maximize the broadcast and overall performance for each HAR location.
6. Do not install electrical service or electronic devices in the HAR transmitter cabinet or connect to the cabinet until cabinet and antenna grounding systems have been successfully completed and accepted, and the cabinet ground connection has been installed.
7. Do not install electronic devices in the cabinet until electrical service has been installed and activated, and the cabinet ventilation fan is operational.
8. Installation of HAR signs shall conform to construction requirements set forth in Subsection 630.03.

9. The solar power panels for the flashing beacons shall be properly oriented to maximize exposure to the sun during the shortest days of the year at the latitude and longitude of the site.
10. The HAR Signs shall be covered at all times until the HAR system begins full operation from the TMC. The covering shall be a rugged, non-transparent material that is attached to the sign in a secure manner. The material and attachment methods shall be submitted to MDOT for approval prior to purchase and use.
11. The Contractor shall provide the MDOT with a written inventory of items received and the condition in which they were received. Inventory shall be inclusive of make, model, and serial numbers, MAC address, and installation GPS coordinates. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations or as directed by the MDOT.
12. Any new, additional or updated drivers required for the existing ATMS software to communicate and control new HAR installed by contractor shall be the responsibility of the contractor.

907-655.03.1--Testing. All equipment associated with the HAR sites shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements.". All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-655.03.1.1--HAR Stand Alone Test (SAT). In addition to the requirements set forth in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", the Contractor shall, at a minimum, demonstrate compliance with all requirements specified herein and include the following minimum test requirements.

1. The test equipment should include a power/VSWR meter suitable for AM broadcast band (530 ~ 1,700 kHz), a fifty ohms (50Ω) dummy load and a Hi-Z hand held frequency counter with telescopic antenna.
2. The Contractor must demonstrate full coverage clear reception throughout the project limits as shown on the Plans. The testing process shall include, but not be limited to, the following types of tests:
    a. Remote HAR field tests,
    b. Remote flashing beacon field tests,
    c. Central HAR control tests including GPS synchronization tests for frequency and audio,
    d. Central flashing beacon remote control tests,
    e. Remote HAR to central communications tests, and
    f. Signal strength at the HAR beacon signs
3. The Contractor shall verify that the transmitter operates at 10 watts or less and that the field strength does not exceed the 2mV/m at 0.93 miles.
4. Verify that the HAR transmitter RF power output, as well as VSWR; are within acceptable specified limits as specified herein.
5. Verify proper non-modulated Carrier frequency alignment.
6. Verify modulated carrier does not exceed 6k Hz. Bandwidth (with Side Bands) as per FCC Part 97.
7. Verify proper audio level adjustment as per manufacturer recommendations when

performing local recordings with provided microphone via XLR, ¼-inch Phono jack or mini-plug as well as remote recordings dial-upbased network.

907-655.03.2--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

907-655.03.3--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-655.03.4--Warranty. At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the warranty requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-655.03.5--Training. The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-655.04--Method of Measurement. The Highway Advisory Radio System will be measured in units of each.

The HAR Sign with Flashing Beacons of the type specified will be measured per each installation.

The HAR System Servers will be measured as a lump sum unit.

The HAR System Software will be measured as a lump sum unit.

The HAR Training will be measured as a lump sum unit.

907-655.05--Basis of Payment. Highway Advisory Radio System, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, FCC licensing application, coordination and acquisition, pager and cellular service activation and monthly billing costs (only during testing and where required), HAR antenna/grounding design submittal, system integration, all documentation and submittals, warranties, and testing of a complete HAR Subsystem and software including the HAR equipment/components as specified herein including the AM radio transmitter, digital recorder/player, global positioning system synchronizer, NOAA weather receiver, antenna mounting pole, antenna and grounding, power distribution/supply, battery backup system with recharging subsystem, surge protection, the cabinet, all cabling, connections to support structures (includes all incidental components, attachment hardware, mounting brackets, bolts, straps, or any other items to mount the HAR equipment / components as intended), all required software, and satisfactory completion of testing requirements and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to effect the full operation including remote and local control of HAR sites complete in place and ready to use. It shall also include all labor, tools, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

Progress payments for Highway Advisory Radio System shall be paid as follows:

1) 30% of the contract unit price upon approval of Pre-Installation test results;
2) An additional 40% of the contract unit price upon approval of Stand Alone Site Test results;
3) An additional 20% of the contract unit price upon approval of Conditional System Acceptance test results; and
4) Final 10% of the contract unit price upon Final System Acceptance.

HAR Sign with Flashing Beacons, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per each,.which price shall be full compensation for designing, furnishing, installing, system integration, and testing of a complete HAR Sign with Flashing Beacons including the sign materials, sign supports, support foundations, flashing beacons, solar power system, controller,pager controller, cellular controller, and battery cabinets, cabling, connections and satisfactory completion of testing and training requirements and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to effect the full operation including remote and local control of HAR Sign with Flashing Beacons sites complete in place and ready to use. The price bid shall also include system documentation including: shop drawings, operations and maintenance manuals, wiring diagrams, block diagrams and other materials necessary to document the operation of the HAR with Flashing Beacons. This also includes all labor, all documentation and submittals, warranties, testing, tools, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

Progress payments for the HAR Sign with Flashing Beacons shall be paid as follows:

1) 30% of the contract unit price upon approval of the Pre-Installation test results;
2) An additional 40% of the contract unit price upon approval of Stand Alone Site Test results;
3) An additional 20% of the contract unit price upon approval of Conditional System Acceptance test results; and
4) Final 10% of the contract unit price upon Final System Acceptance.

The HAR System Servers, measured as prescribed above, will be paid at the contract lump sum price, which price shall be fullcompensation for furnishing, installing, system integration and testing of the servers. The price bid shall include all necessary servers at both the Regional TMC and Statewide TMC. This also includes all labor, all documentation and submittals, warranties, testing, tools, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

Progress payments for the HAR Servers shall be paid as follows:

1) 30% of the contract unit price upon approval of Stand Alone Test;
2) An additional 60% of the contract unit price upon approval of Conditional System Acceptance test results; and
3) Final 10% of the contract unit price upon Final System Acceptance.

The HAR System Software, measured as prescribed above, will be paid at the contract unit price as a lump sum item. This price shall be full compensation for all labor, all

documentation and submittals, warranties, testing, tools, materials, equipment, quality assurance, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Progress payments for the HAR Software shall be paid as follows:

1) 30% of the contract unit price upon approval of Stand Alone Test;
2) An additional 60% of the contract unit price upon approval of Conditional System Acceptance test results; and
3) Final 10% of the contract unit price upon Final System Acceptance.

Highway Advisory Radio System Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

Payment will be made under:

907-655-A:	Highway Advisory Radio System	- per each
907-655-B:	HAR Sign with Flashing Beacons *	- per each
907-655-C:	HAR System Servers	- lump sum
907-655-D:	HAR System Software	-lump sum
907-655-E:	HAR System Training	- lump sum

* Additional description may be added

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-656-2 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **09/06/2023**

SUBJECT: **Dynamic Message Sign**

Section 656, Dynamic Message Sign, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-656.02--Materials.

907-656.02.3--References. In the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 656.02.3 on page 639, change "incorporate" to "incorporates."

In subparagraph 1), change "NEMA TS4-2004" to "NEMA TS-4, latest edition".

907-656.02.6--Mechanical Construction.

907-656.02.6.4--Sign Housing Construction. In subparagraph 10) in Subsection 656.02.6.4 on page 641, change "having" to "have."

907-656.02.9--Optical Components. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 656.02.9 on page 642, and substitute the following.

DMS pixels shall be constructed with discrete LEDs manufactured by Broadcom (formerly Avago Technologies), Toshiba Corporation, Nichia Corporation, OSRAM, EOI, or a manufacturer submitted and approved in writing by the Department.

907-656.02.11--Electronics and Electrical.

907-656.02.11.3--NTCIP Protocol and Command Sets.

907-656.02.11.3.6--Information Level. In the fourth row of Table 1 in Subsection 656.02.11.3.6 on page 646, change "Shall be at least 1*" to "Shall be at least 1" in the "Project Requirement" column.

907-656.03--Installation Requirements.

Delete Subsection 656.03.2 on pages 651 thru 657, and substitute the following.

907-656.03.2--Testing. All equipment associated with the DMS site shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General

Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-656.03.2.1--Pre-Installation Test (PIT). In addition to the requirements set forth in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", the Contractor shall, at a minimum, test or inspect the following DMS components:

1) External or internal visible damage
2) DMS display damage
3) Verify all pixels are operational
4) Verify the ventilation system works
5) Verify all equipment is secured
6) Verify sign configurations

907-656.03.4--Warranty. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 656.03.4 on page 657, and substitute the following.

At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met.

Delete Subsection 656.03.5 on pages 657 and 656, and substitute the following.

907-656.03.5--Training. The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements".

907-656.03.6--Maintenance and Technical Support. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 656.03.6 on page 658, and substitute the following.

The minimum maintenance and technical support requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements".

907-656.04--Method of Measurement. After the paragraph in Subsection 656.04 on page 658, add the following.

Dynamic Message Sign Training shall be measured as a lump sum, which shall include all coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-656.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the first paragraph in Subsection 656.05 on page 658, and substitute the following.

Dynamic Message Sign, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing, system integration and testing of the complete dynamic message sign including the sign case, light sources, display apparatus, wiring, controller, roadside DMS cabinet, communications interface, wiring between the sign case and DMS cabinet, structure mounted conduit, fittings, and junction boxes, sign case

support connections to the sign support structure, satisfactory completion of testing requirements, warranties, all labor, tools, materials, equipment, appurtenances, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work for a complete and functional DMS including remote and local control of the sign.

After the last paragraph of Subsection 656.05 on page 658, add the following.

Dynamic Message Sign Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

Delete the pay items listed on page 658 and substitute the following.

907-656-A: Dynamic Message Sign * - per each

907-656-B: Dynamic Message Sign Training - lump sum

* Type may be specified

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-659-5 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 05/25/2021

SUBJECT: Traffic Management Center (TMC) Modifications

Section 907-659, Traffic Management Center (TMC) Modifications, is hereby added to and becomes part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows:

SECTION 907-659 -- TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT CENTER (TMC) MODIFICATIONS

907-659.01--Description. This work consists of modifying the MDOT Statewide Traffic Management Center (TMC) located in the Information Systems Division on the 2rd Floor, at 401 North West Street, Jackson, Mississippi, 39201. Regional and City Traffic Management Centers may be located statewide. The following is a list of existing/planned centers and their addresses:

Northwest Regional Combined TMC – 8791 Northwest Drive, Southaven, Mississippi (Police Department)
City of Ridgeland TOC – 100 West School Street , Ridgeland, Mississippi (City Hall)
Oxford Combined TMC – 715 Mollybarr Road, Oxford, Mississippi (Oxford Police Department)
Hattiesburg Regional TMC/EOC – 6356 Hwy 49N, Hattiesburg, Mississippi (MDOT District 6 Headquarters)
Batesville Regional TMC/EOC – 150 Hwy 51N, Batesville, Mississippi (MDOT District 2 Headquarters)
Natchez Combined TMC – 233 Devereaux Drive, Natchez, Mississippi (Police Department)
Gulf Regional TMC – 16499 Hwy 49, Saucier, Mississippi (MDOT Lyman Project Office)
Tupelo Regional TMC – 1909 N. Gloster Street, Tupelo, Mississippi (MDOT District 1 Headquarters)

Additional Traffic Management Centers may be added as needed.

907-659.02--Blank.

907-659.03--Construction and Operation Requirements.

907-659-03.1--TMC Modifications. The MDOT TMC modifications required to integrate and operate the traffic systems and devices shall be provided. These include, but are not limited to, expanding the central video management system, interconnecting the appropriate number of video interfaces to the TMC video management systems, expanding the MSTraffic backbone network through radio communications, wireless communications, T1 lines or fiber communications, expanding or configuring signals in the existing Central Traffic Signal software system, or upgrading existing signal systems, expanding the Automated Traffic Management System (ATMS), and integrating all the existing computing facilities. All TMC modifications must meet

U.S. Department of Transportation Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) Standards, Policies, and Architectures as well as MDOTs applicable Statewide or Regional Architecture.

907-659.03.1.1--TMC Modifications - Software. The Contractor shall initially use vendor supplied software to test all ITS systems installed, interfaced or configured on this project and demonstrate full compliance with the contract requirements. A minimum of two (2) licensed copies of each system of the vendor supplied software must be provided to MDOT upon completion of the testing for each component.

907-659.03.1.2--MDOT ATMS Software. The Contractor shall update the licenses and license keys for the existing MDOT ATMS software to include all ITS devices, existing and provided by the Contractor under this project, for which the existing ATMS has modules and device drivers. The Contractor is required to fully configure the existing ATMS software for operation, status monitoring, configuring, and control of the CCTV systems installed, interfaced or configured on this project. At a minimum, this shall include:

- Update and configure the existing map to show the locations of all ITS devices, existing and provided by the Contractor, for which the existing ATMS has modules and device drivers, including but not limited to CCTV systems, with dynamic icons.
- Install and configure all devices, existing and provided by the Contractor, for which the existing ATMS has modules and device drivers, including but not limited to CCTV systems, into the software's database.
- Configure the systems so the new devices shall send multiple bandwidth streams directly to the MDOT website and TMC video wall.

The Contractor is required to arrange for the ATMS vendor to be on-site to complete this configuration and provide the required testing to show that the software is fully functioning for each CCTV.

907-659.03.1.3--TMC Modifications - Video Systems. The Contractor shall provide, install, and integrate any needed video system equipment or video wall streaming servers for the existing video wall controller that shall be capable of displaying the video streams from the camera streams provided by the Contractor and displaying them as video windows on the existing video wall as controlled by the video wall controller through the ATMS software client or on the MDOT WEB page or VDMS system.

907-659.03.2--TMC Modifications - Monitor Systems. Roadway traffic monitor locations shall provide local control functions related to traffic slowdowns and other congestion monitors as defined by MDOT Traffic Engineering. Additionally, the traffic monitor systems shall provide on-line data for use by the existing MDOT ATMS for engineering, operations, planning, incident, and mdottraffic.com purposes. This data shall include, but is not limited to, per vehicle raw data which shall be transmitted to and stored and managed by the ATMS. The traffic monitor systems shall be capable of utilizing any combination of loop, microloop, radar, Bluetooth, DSRC, and/or video detection information. The system shall provide a consistent communication and management system regardless of detection methods used. All Traffic Monitoring Systems must meet U.S.

Department of Transportation Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) Standards, Policies, and Architectures as well as MDOT's applicable Statewide or Regional Architecture.

907-659.03.3--TMC Modifications – Installation Requirements. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, the Plans and as follows:

1) Any new, additional or updated drivers required for the existing ATMS software to communicate and control new devices installed by Contractor shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.
2) Installation of all equipment and software shall be included. The Contractor must provide the MDOT ITS Manager with an Installation Schedule. The Installation Schedule must be approved by the State Traffic Engineer.
3) All equipment and software must be fully functional and pass a Final Inspection by the ITS Manager and Project Engineer before being accepted by MDOT.

907-659.03.4--Testing. All equipment and software associated with the TMC modifications shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-659.03.5--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

907-659.03.6--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-659.03.7--Warranty. At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the warranty requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-659.03.8--Training. The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" and shall cover the system architecture, operations, and maintenance of the TMC systems.

907-659.04--Method of Measurement. Traffic Management Center Modifications, Traffic Management Center Modifications – Monitor Systems, and Traffic Management Center Modifications – Software Only, and Traffic Management Center Modifications – Training, complete in place, tested and accepted, will be measured on a lump sum basis.

907-659.05--Basis of Payment. Traffic Management Center Modifications, and Traffic Management Center Modifications – Monitor Systems, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing all

materials, all documentation and submittals, warranties, installing, connecting, cutting, pulling and testing, all equipment, tools, labor, quality assurance, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Traffic Management Center Modifications – Software Only, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for incorporating or adjusting all ITS systems installed, interfaced or configured on this project into the existing ATMS system, for furnishing all materials, all documentation and submittals, testing, warranties, quality assurance, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Traffic Management Center Modifications – Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

Payment will be made under:

907-659-A: Traffic Management Center Modifications	- lump sum
907-659-B: Traffic Management Center Modifications – Monitor Systems	- lump sum
907-659-C: Traffic Management Center Modifications – Training	- lump sum
907-659-D: Traffic Management Center Modifications – Software Only	- lump sum

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-660-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 05/25/2021

SUBJECT: ITS Equipment Cabinets

Section 660, ITS Equipment Cabinets, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-660.02--Materials.

907-660.02.2--Equipment and Materials. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 660.02.2 on page 659, and substitute the following.

The cabinet enclosure shall be manufactured from 0.125-inch aluminum. The cabinet and integral materials shall be as recommended by the manufacturers for outside plant use and the intended application. This requirement shall include wiring and electrical materials and configurations (including connector pin-outs) that are wholly or partially related to the field device applications (CCTV, RDS, VDS, etc.).

907-660.02.4--Terminal Blocks and Component Terminals. Delete subparagraph 5) in Subsection 660.02.4 on page 659, and substitute the following.

5) Communications: orange

907-660.02.6--Labels.

907-660.02.6.1--Cabinet Labels. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 660.02.6.1 on page 660, and substitute the following.

Labels shall be provided with agency name, project number, device name and ID labels on all cabinets.

Delete the fourth paragraph of Subsection 660.02.6.1 on page 660, and substitute the following.

The agency name labels shall be “MDOT ITS” in one continuous adhesive sheet.

The device ID labels shall include the device name as an acronym and a hyphen and shall be one continuous adhesive sheet. Device name acronyms are “CCTV-“, “RDS-“, “VDS-“or “DMS-“.

Delete the last paragraph of Subsection 660.02.6.1 on page 660, and substitute the following.

Labels shall be installed along the top of the cabinet with MDOT ITS label at the top and the device ID labels immediately underneath. Labels shall be visible from both directions of travel.

Additional labels may be required to meet visibility requirements. MDOT project number labels shall be installed on the inside of the cabinet door.

907-660.02.6.2--Voltage Labels. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 660.02.6.2 on page 660, and substitute the following.

Labels shall be flat black lettering on a reflective yellow background. Lettering shall be a minimum of one inch (1") in height.

907-660.02.7--Type A Cabinet. Delete the third paragraph of Subsection 660.02.7 on page 660.

907-660.02.7.1--RDS Communication Wiring. Delete the first sentence of Subsection 660.02.7.1 on page 661, and substitute the following.

RDS communication wiring shall meet the following when using RS-485 communication cable:

In subparagraph 3) of Subsection 660.02.7.1 on page 661, change "RDS comm. Cables" to "RDS comm. cables."

907-660.02.8--Type B Cabinet. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 660.02.8 on page 661.

All Type B cabinets, except those at solar power locations, shall be uniform in manufacture and assembly, capable of supporting the field equipment as shown on the plans. As a minimum, support is required for two (2) RDS units; one (1) network switch; two (2) radios/antennas; RDS comm. cable; and fiber drop panel terminations, regardless of the devices shown in the plans at a specific location.

907-660.02.8.2--Electrical Subsystems. Delete the second sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 660.02.7.1 on page 662.

Delete subparagraph 7) of Subsection 660.02.7.2 on page 663, and substitute the following.

7) A singular electrical distribution bus bar for grounding and bonding conductors shall be located on the same rail but separate from the service entrance terminal block and connected to the entrance ground with a #6 AWG green insulated wire. The grounding bus bar shall have a minimum terminating capability of two (2) - #6 AWG conductors and ten (10) - #10 to #18 AWG conductors. Grounding requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met unless otherwise specified in the plans. All cost associated with grounding shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any grounding unless expressly noted in project documentation.

907-660.02.8.4--RDS Communications Subsystem. Delete the three paragraphs in Subsection 660.02.8.4 on pages 663 and 664, and substitute the following.

Where RDS are shown in the plans, DIN rail-mounted components shall have a nominal 24VDC output power supply, capable of user setting between 23 and 28VDC minimum, with minimum 1A output rating and minimum operating temperature range of -13°F to +158°F. Power supply

shall provide terminal facilities for a minimum of three sets of #14 AWG conductors (in the RDS comm cable). Maximum size of the power supply shall be 1 inch (W) x 7 inches (H) x 7 inches (D). The power supply shall be connected to the EQUIP POWER distribution block for 120VAC input.

If a terminal server is used, interconnection wiring shall be provided between the RDS communications subsystem and the terminal server.

Where an RS-485 communication cable is installed, a surge suppressor for the RS-485 data signal, wired between the terminal server and the RDS units shall be provided. The surge suppressor shall protect the 4-wire RS-485 data signal with hybrid multi-stage suppression components including gas tube and silicon avalanche diode. The surge suppressor shall have a response time no greater than 1 nanosecond. The surge suppressor shall provide terminal facilities for a minimum of four (4) 2-pair cables of #22 AWG conductors.

Delete Subsection 660.02.8.5 on page 664, and substitute the following.

907-660.02.8.5--Component Subsystem. The requirements listed for each component's subsystem shall be met by installing the required power, surge, etc. support equipment in the Type B Cabinet where that component is shown in the plans.

907-660.02.9--Type C Communication Hub Cabinet. Delete the fourth sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 660.02.9 on page 664, and substitute the following.

The side panels shall be fabricated from 5052 sheet aluminum alloy with minimum dimensions of 50 inches (H) x 21 inches (W).

In the second sentence of the third paragraph of Subsection 660.02.9, change "grommetted" to "grommeted."

907-660.02.9.2--Electrical Systems. In subparagraph 9) of Subsection 660.02.9.2 on page 665, change "upper right side" to "upper, right-side."

907-660.02.9.3--Lighting Subsystem. In the second sentence of Subsection 660.02.9.3, change "cool white" to "cool-white."

907-660.03--Construction Requirements.

907-660.03.2--Type B and C. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 660.03.2 on page 666, and substitute the following.

Equipment in the Type B and C cabinets shall be installed and configured in accordance with the requirements for that equipment, including RDS units, BDS units, VDS units, CCTV, network switches, radios/antennas, communication cables, and/or fiber distribution or drop panels.

Delete Subsection 660.03.3 on page 667, and substitute the following.

907-660.03.3--Cabinet Modifications. All cabinet modifications shall adhere to the requirements as listed in this specification and in the Notice to Bidders entitled "Cabinet Modifications."

907-660.03.4--Testing. All equipment associated with the ITS equipment cabinet shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-660.03.5--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

907-660.03.6--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined below and in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

Installation or modification of the cabinets, hardware, and incidentals shall be done so in a good and workmanlike manner. All components and cables shall be placed in an organized fashion. Cables with excessive slack shall be zip-tied and/or placed so that they do not impede the access to any components. Any debris associated with the installation or modification shall be cleaned and removed. All power supplies, surge suppressors, and components with the ability to be DIN rail or panel mounted, should be.

907-660.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 660.05 on page 668, and substitute the following.

Equipment Cabinet and Equipment Cabinet Modifications, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which shall be full compensation for all labor, tools, materials, equipment, system integration, testing, system documentation and submittals, mounting hardware, foundations, fiber splicing, external conduit entrances including conduit bodies and nipples, electrical service, pole grounding, terminations, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work and quality assurance.

Delete the list of pay items on page 668, and add the following.

907-660-A: Equipment Cabinet, Type __ - per each

907-660-B: Cabinet Modifications - per each

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-661-6

DATE: 08/06/2024

SUBJECT: Fiber Optic Cable (OSP)

After Subsection 907-661.03.17 on page 18, add the following.

907-661.03.18--As-Builts. The Contractor shall collect survey data of the location of the fiber optic cables, (including fiber trunk lines and fiber drop lines) (including buried fiber and aerial fiber), ITS pull boxes, and ITS and traffic signal cabinets. The survey data shall be accurate within three feet (3') and shall include the type of fiber patch panel inside the cabinets and the number of strands terminated on each patch panel. The Contractor shall furnish to the Department survey data of the locations and other attributes in both KMZ and Shapefile (SHP) formats. Since the survey data submittal is considered a part of the pay item, and the pay item is not complete until the survey data submittal is received, contract time will not be suspended until such time the Contractor submits the survey data to the Department.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-661-6 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **05/25/2021**

SUBJECT: **Fiber Optic Cable (OSP)**

Section 907-661, Fiber Optic Cable, is hereby added to and becomes part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-661 -- FIBER OPTIC CABLE (OSP)

907-661.01--Description. The work shall consist of the construction of the infrastructure required to install, replace, or upgrade fiber optic cable. The infrastructure shall include all necessary conduits, pull boxes, pole line hardware, building entries, risers and fiber cable to make a complete system.

907-661.02--Materials.

907-661.02.1--Single Mode Fiber Optic Cable (FO Cable). The Contractor shall provide 72-count fiber optic cable, unless otherwise stated in the plans, that meets the following requirements:

- All-dielectric, outdoor hardened (outside plant – OSP), loose tube cable with central strength/anti-buckling member
- Dry water blocking materials and construction
- Reverse oscillating "SZ" stranded buffer tube construction
- High tensile strength yarn
- Medium density polyethylene outer jacket
- 72-fiber cable with six (6) active buffer tubes and 12 individual stranded fibers per buffer tube, unless otherwise stated in the plans
- Cable construction design that allows for no more than the number of active buffer tube positions
- Maximum diameter 0.48 inches
- Maximum weight 0.07 pounds per foot
- Attentuation shall not exceed 0.4 dB/km at 1310 nm and 0.3 dB/km at 1550 nm.

The Contractor shall provide a Corning ALTOS All-Dielectric, Pirelli FlexLink, OFS MiDia, or approved equivalent cable. This cable shall be designated as a trunk cable.

The Contractor shall ensure that the cable can withstand a maximum pulling tension of 600 pounds (lbf) during installation and 180 pounds (lbf) installed long term (at rest).

The cable shall have a shipping, storage and operating temperature range of -30°C to +70°C and installation temperature range of -30°C to +60°C.

The Contractor shall provide cable with outer jacket marking using the following template.

Manufacturer's Name -"Optical Cable" - Month/Year of Manufacture -Telephone Handset Symbol - "MDOT" - "72F SM" (if applicable, replace 72 with the actual number of fibers)

The Contractor shall include in the outer jacket marking the cable sequential length in accordance with the following:

- In English units every two (2) feet
- Within -0/+1% of the actual length of the cable
- In contrasting color to the cable jacket
- Marking font height no less than 0.10 inch
- On any single length of cable on a reel, the sequential length markings do not run through "00000"

907-661.02.2--Single Mode Fiber Optic Cable Indoor/Outdoor Riser Rated. The Contractor shall provide fiber optic plenum rated cable that meets the following requirements when called for on the Plans:

- All-dielectric, inside plant, loose tube central core cable
- High tensile strength yarn surrounding the central tube core
- Dry water blocking materials and construction
- 72-fiber cable with six (6) active buffer tubes and 12 individual stranded fibers per buffer tube, unless otherwise stated on the plans
- Corning Freedm LST All-Dielectric, Pirelli CentraLink, OFS Allwave, or approved equivalent cables shall be provided. This cable shall be designated as the building entry cable.
- Attentuation shall not exceed 0.4 dB/km at 1310 nm and 0.3 dB/km at 1550 nm.

The Contractor shall ensure that the cable can withstand a maximum pulling tension of 300 pounds (lbf) during installation.

The cable shall have a shipping, storage and operating temperature range of -30°C to +70°C and an installation temperature range of -10°C to +60°C.

The Contractor shall provide cable with outer jacket marking using the following template.

Manufacturer's Name - "Optical Cable" - Month/Year of Manufacture - Telephone Handset Symbol - "MDOT" - "72F SM" (if applicable, replace 72 with the actual number of fibers)

The Contractor shall include in the outer jacket marking the cable sequential length in accordance with the following:

- English units every two (2) feet.
- Within -0/+1% of the actual length of the cable
- Contrasting color to the cable jacket
- Marking font height no less than 0.10 inch
- The sequential length markings do not run through "00000" on any single length of cable

on a reel

907-661.02.3--Single Mode Fiber Optic Drop Cable (FO Drop Cable). The Contractor shall provide 12-count Single Mode Fiber, Pre-Terminated Drop Cable Assemblies. These assemblies shall be employed when connecting a camera, traffic controller, DMS or other device to the main cable.

Assemblies shall be factory assembled and terminated on one end with ceramic ferrule, LC compatible, heat cured epoxy connectors with an operational temperature of -40°C to +70°C. Each connector shall have a minimum of a 1-inch strain relief boot.

Insertion loss for each connector shall not exceed 0.30 dB.

Return loss for single mode connectors shall be greater than 45 dB.

Each assembly shall be fully tested and those test results placed on a test tag for each assembly.

Each assembly shall be individually packaged within a box or reel, with the submitted manufacturer's part number marked on the outside of the package.

Individual 250-µm coated fibers shall be up-jacketed to 1/8-inch using fan-out tubing. This tubing shall contain a 900-µm Teflon inner tube, aramid yarn strength members and an outer jacket.

The fan-out tubing shall be secured to the cable in a hard epoxy plug transition. Length of the individual legs shall be a minimum of three feet with the length difference between the shortest and longest legs of the assembly being no more than two inches.

The 12-Fiber, Pre-terminated Drop Cable Assemblies provided shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- All-dielectric, outdoor hardened, loose tube central core cable shall be used
- High tensile strength yarn surrounding the central tube core
- Dry water blocking materials and construction
- Twelve (12) individual stranded fibers contained within the central tube core
- Corning Freedm LST All-Dielectric, Pirelli CentraLink, OFS Allwave, or approved equivalent cables shall be used. This cable shall be designated as the drop cable

The Contractor shall ensure that the cable can withstand a maximum pulling tension of 300 pounds (lbf) during installation.

The cable shall have a shipping, storage and operating temperature range of -30°C to +70°C and an installation temperature range of -10°C to +60°C.

The Contractor shall provide cable with outer jacket marking using the following template.

Manufacturer's Name - "Optical Cable" - Month/Year of Manufacture - Telephone Handset Symbol - "MDOT" - "12F SM"

The Contractor shall include in the outer jacket marking the cable sequential length in accordance with the following:

- English units every two (2) feet
- Within -0/+1% of the actual length of the cable
- Contrasting color to the cable jacket
- Marking font height no less than 0.10 inch
- The sequential length markings do not run through "00000" on any single length of cable on a reel

907-661.02.4--Multimode Fiber Optic Drop Cable (MM FO Drop Cable). The Contractor shall provide 12-count Multimode Fiber, Pre-Terminated Drop Cable Assemblies. These assemblies shall be employed when connecting a camera, traffic controller, DMS or other device to the main cable.

Cable Assembly shall be rated for outdoor environment and have operational temperature of -40°C to +70°C. Each connector shall have a minimum of a 1-inch strain relief boot. The Cable Assembly shall also be pre-terminated on one end.

Insertion loss for each connector shall not exceed 0.30 dB.

Attenuation shall not exceed 3 dB/km for 850 nm and 1dB/km for 1300 nm.

Each assembly shall be fully tested and those test results placed on a test tag for each assembly.

Each assembly shall be individually packaged within a box or reel, with the submitted manufacturer's part number marked on the outside of the package.

The fan-out tubing shall be secured to the cable in a hard epoxy plug transition. Length of the individual legs shall be a minimum of three feet with the length difference between the shortest and longest legs of the assembly being no more than two inches.

The 12-Fiber, Pre-terminated Drop Cable Assemblies provided shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- All-dielectric, outdoor hardened, loose tube central core cable shall be used
- High tensile strength yarn surrounding the central tube core
- Dry water blocking materials and construction
- Twelve (12) individual stranded fibers contained within the central tube core
- Corning Freedm LST All-Dielectric, Pirelli CentraLink, or approved equivalent cables shall be used. This cable shall be designated as the drop cable

The Contractor shall ensure that the cable can withstand a maximum pulling tension of 300 pounds (lbf) during installation.

The cable shall have a shipping, storage and operating temperature range of -30°C to +70°C and

an installation temperature range of -10°C to +60°C.

The Contractor shall provide cable with outer jacket marking using the following template.

Manufacturer's Name - "Optical Cable" - Month/Year of Manufacture - Telephone Handset Symbol - "MDOT" - "12F MM"

The Contractor shall include in the outer jacket marking the cable sequential length in accordance with the following:

- English units every two (2) feet
- Within -0/+1% of the actual length of the cable
- Contrasting color to the cable jacket
- Marking font height no less than 0.10 inch
- The sequential length markings do not run through "00000" on any single length of cable on a reel

907-661.02.5--Plenum Rated Nonmetallic Corrugated Raceway. The Contractor shall provide plenum rated nonmetallic corrugated raceway inside buildings when cable is not in rigid conduit or when it is called for on the plans.

The installation shall conform to NEC articles 770 and 800.

Raceway shall meet UL Standards 910 and 2024.

The Contractor shall provide 2-inch diameter raceway unless larger is called for in the plans.

907-661.02.6--Fiber Optic Splices. All splices shall be created according to the latest version of the manufacturer's cable installation procedures unless otherwise noted in the plans or by the Project Engineer.

The Contractor shall utilize a Fiber Optic Fusion Splicer for the splicing of all fibers with a fully automatic, portable fusion splicer that provides consistent low loss (max 0.10 dB) splices. The splicer shall provide three-axis fiber core alignment using light injection and loss measurement techniques. The fusing process shall be automatically controlled. The splicer shall provide splice loss measurements on an integral display, as well as a magnified image of the fiber alignment.

907-661.02.7--Fiber Optic Connectors. The Contractor shall provide fiber optic connectors for all fiber optic infrastructures including but not limited to fiber optic termination cabinets, fiber optic drop panels, and fiber optic patch cords.

The Contractor shall provide only factory-installed keyed LC compatible connectors for all fiber optic infrastructures.

Field-installed connectors shall not be used.

Adapter couplers shall not be used to change connector types.

Ceramic ferule connectors, factory-installed, with a thermal-set heat-cured epoxy and machine polished mating face shall be used.

Connectors shall be installed as per manufacturer application and recommendations, including proper termination to the outer-tubing (900-micron tubing, 3-mm fan out tubing, etc.) required for the application.

Connectors rated for an operating temperature of -40°C to +75 °C shall be used.

Simplex connectors for all male LC connectors shall be used and a latching cover for two male connectors being used in a duplex configuration shall be provided. Female couplers may be duplex but must allow simplex mating connectors.

Dust caps shall be provided for all exposed male connectors and female couplers at all times until permanent connector installation.

907-661.02.8--Fiber Optic Termination Cabinet (FO Termination Cabinet). Fiber optic termination cabinets shall be provided in communications hubs, field junctions, and the MDOT Traffic Management Center (TMC) as shown in the Plans for termination of all fibers of the fiber optic cable(s).

The Contractor shall provide wall/shelf mount 12-fiber distribution cabinets equipped with fiber optic connector modules in a 12-fiber configuration. These will be used in field equipment and communication cabinet locations. Pre-terminated fiber distribution cabinets shall not be used without prior approval from Project Engineer.

Termination cabinets with cable management features included shall be provided.

The Contractor shall use termination cabinets that are fully compatible with all components of the fiber optic infrastructure as specified, including, but not limited to, fiber optic cable, fiber optic fusion splices and fiber optic connectors.

The Contractor shall provide rack-mount termination cabinets designed to fit standard 19-inch EIA equipment racks.

The Contractor shall provide all mounting hardware and supports to mount the termination cabinets in the locations shown in the Plans.

The Contractor shall provide fiber optic termination cabinets providing a minimum of 72-fiber connectors and capable of storing a minimum of 72 fusion splices in splice trays.

The Contractor shall provide termination cabinets that integrate the splice trays and connector modules into one compartment within one cabinet, or houses the splice trays and connector modules in separate compartments integrated into one cabinet.

The maximum dimensions of a complete termination cabinet shall be 7-rack units, 12¼ inches high by 16 inches deep.

Fiber optic termination cabinets shall be fully enclosed metallic construction with a protective hinged front cover for the connector ports.

The cabinet shall have cable access on all sides of the enclosed area behind the connector port panel.

The Contractor shall provide sufficient splice trays for storing a minimum of 72 fusion splices in 12 or 24-splice increments.

The Contractor shall provide termination cabinets with fiber optic connector modules in a 12 fiber configuration of six (6) rows of one (1) duplex connector couplers. Connector modules shall mount vertically in the termination cabinet front panel.

Connector modules shall include clearly legible and permanent labeling of each of the 12 fiber connector couplers, and shall be labeled and identified as shown in the Plans.

The Contractor shall provide factory-assembled 12-fiber termination interconnect cables (pigtail cables) to be fusion spliced to the outdoor hardened or indoor cable and connected to the rear of the connector modules.

Termination interconnect cables shall be all-dielectric, single jacketed cable with high tensile strength yarn surrounding 12 individual 900-micron fibers following EIA/TIA-598B color identification with factory-installed connectors.

The Contractor shall provide all incidental and ancillary materials including but not limited to grommets, cable strain relief and routing hardware, blank connector panels and labeling materials.

The cable shall be new (unused) and of current design and manufacture.

907-661.02.9--OSP Closures for Aerial, Pole Mount, Pedestal and Hand Hold Environments.
OSP closures for aerial, pole mount, pedestal and hand hole shall be capable of accepting up to eight cables. The closures shall be capable of storing up to eight 90-inch lengths of expressed buffer tubes and up to 96 splices.

Assembly shall be accomplished without power supplies, torches, drill kits or any special tools. Re-entry shall require no additional materials.

Sealing shall be accomplished by enclosing the splices in a polypropylene case that is clamped together with a stainless steel latch and sealed with an O-ring.

Closure shall be capable of strand mounting with the addition of a strand mounting bracket.

Splice case shall be non-filled, non-encapsulate to prevent water intrusion, and shall allow re-entry without any special tools.

The closure shall be capable of preventing a 10-foot water head from intruding into the splice compartment for a period of seven (7) days.

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that the water immersion test has been performed by the manufacturer or an independent testing laboratory, and the appropriate documentation has been submitted to the Engineer.

907-661.02.10--OSP Closures for Drop Cable Splice Points. OSP closures for aerial, pole mount, pedestal and hand hold shall be capable of accepting the trunk cable and two drop cables. The closures shall be capable of storing up to eight 90-inch lengths of expressed buffer tubes and up to 48 splices.

Assembly shall be accomplished without power supplies, torches, drill kits or any special tools. Re-entry shall require no additional materials.

Sealing shall be accomplished by enclosing the splices in a polypropylene case that is clamped together with a stainless steel latch and sealed with an O-ring.

Closure shall be capable of strand mounting with the addition of a strand mounting bracket.

Splice case shall be non-filled, non-encapsulate to prevent water intrusion, and shall allow re-entry without any special tools.

The closure shall be capable of preventing a 10-foot water head from intruding into the splice compartment for a period of seven days.

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that the water immersion test has been performed by the manufacturer or an independent testing laboratory, and the appropriate documentation has been submitted to the Engineer.

907-661.02.11--Patch Cords and Jumper Cables. Any patch cords or jumper cables required to connect the new fiber and equipment at existing locations shall be considered incidental and shall be included in the cost of pay items 907-661-A and 907-661-B.

Any patch cords used for system configuration shall be compatible with fiber types and connectors specified herein.

Single-mode patch cords shall be yellow in color.

Jacketing material shall conform to the appropriate NEC requirement for the environment in which installed.

All cordage shall incorporate a 900-µm buffered fiber, aramid yarn strength members and an outer jacket.

Patch cords may be simplex or duplex, depending on the application.

Attenuation shall be less than 1.0 dB/km @ 1310 nm, 0.75 dB/km @ 1550 and have a total attenuation of less than .5 dB.

The Contractor shall be responsible to determine and provide attenuators with the proper attenuation to not exceed the optical budgets of the equipment connected by patch cables.

907-661.02.12--Cable Labels. The Contractor shall provide cable labels that meet the following requirements:

- Self-coiling wrap-around type
- PVC or equivalent plastic material with UV and fungus inhibitors
- Base materials and graphics/printing inks/materials designed for underground outdoor hardened use including solvent resistance, abrasion resistance and water absorption
- Minimum size of 2.5 inches wide by 2.5 inches long
- Minimum thickness of 0.010 inches
- Orange label body with pre-printed text in bold black block-style font with minimum text height of 0.375 inches
- The Contractor shall pre-print the following text legibly on labels used for all fiber optic trunk cables:

  Caution Fiber Optic Cable Mississippi Department of Transportation (601) 359-1454

- The Contractor shall pre-print the following text legibly on labels used or all fiber optic drop cables (FO Drop Cable):

  Caution Fiber Optic Drop Cable Mississippi Department of Transportation (601) 359-1454

- On all cable labels, the Contractor shall print the text specified above twice on the label with the text of the second image inverted. The end result shall be text which "reads correctly" when the label is coiled onto a cable.

907-661.02.13--Cable Markers. The Contractor shall provide low profile soil cable markers which meet the following requirements:

- 3.5 inches in diameter
- UV stabilized for Maximum fade resistance
- Durable and abrasion resistant
- Lawn mower resistant
- Orange in color
- Printed Legend:

Fiber Optic Cable
Mississippi Department of Transportation
Traffic Engineering Division (601)359-1454

The Contractor shall install cable markers with a 13-inch nylon stake every 500 feet along the fiber run.

907-661.02.14--Tracer Cable. Tracer cable requirements as defined in Section 636, along with

the requirements in this specification, shall be met. Conduit detection wire shall be #10 AWG stranded copper, orange-insulated, THHN -THWN conductor.

907-661.02.15--Project Submittal Program Requirements. The Contractor shall provide project submittals for all fiber optic infrastructures. The project submittals for fiber optic infrastructure shall include all items in this provision and any additional requirements included in any Notice to Bidders.

The Contractor shall provide project submittals including manufacturer recommended operations, maintenance and calibration procedures for the following equipment:

- Fiber optic installation and testing tools
- Fusion splicers
- Cable pulling strain dynamometers and breakaway links
- Cable air jetting/blowing systems
- OTDRs
- Optical attenuation testers (light sources and power meters)

The Contractor shall submit documentation and proof of manufacturer recommended operator training and certification for the following equipment:

- Fusion splicers
- Cable air jetting/blowing systems
- OTDRs
- Optical attenuation testers (light sources and power meters)

907-661.03--Construction Requirements. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, the Plans and as follows.

907-661.03.1--General Requirements. Fiber optic cable shall meet the following general requirements.

a) The Contractor shall install all fiber optic infrastructures according to the manufacturer's recommended procedures and specifications.
b) The Contractor shall provide all necessary interconnections, services and adjustments required for a complete and operable data transmission system.
c) The Contractor shall ensure conduit is clean and undamaged prior to installing fiber optic cable.
d) The Contractor shall install all fiber trunk, drop, and patch cables such that attenuation shall be less than 1.0 dB/km @ 1310 nm, 0.75 dB/km @ 1550.
e) All pole attachments, service loops and conduit risers shall be placed to minimize the possibility of damage as well as to facilitate future expansion or modernization.
f) The cable shall be installed in continuous runs as indicated on the plans. Splices shall be allowed only at drop points or reel end points specified in the plans.
g) At drop locations only, those fibers necessary to complete the communication path shall be spliced. Other fibers in the cable(s) shall be left undisturbed, with a minimum of five feet of buffer tube coiled inside the closure.

h) Sufficient slack shall be left at each drop point to enable access of the cable components and splicing to occur on the ground. This is typically two times the pole height plus 15 feet.
i) For aerial (not including aerial fiber in conduit attached to bridges) installations, the following minimum slack requirements shall apply:
   - For aerial slack storage at splice points, a radius controlling device shall be used for securing resulting cable slack at aerial splice points and shall be mounted directly to the strand.
   - For aerial cable runs exceeding 6-pole spans between splice points as indicated on the plans, two opposing radius controlling devices shall be placed on the span 50 feet apart to provide for a 100-foot service loop for future drops and for slack for repair and pole relocations.
j) Drop cable shall be routed to the controller cabinets via conduit risers as illustrated in the plans. The cable entrance shall be sealed with a duct plug designed for fiber optic cable to prevent water ingress.
k) The minimum requirement for fiber protection outside a fiber optic enclosure in ALL cases shall be 1/8-inch fan-out tubing, containing a hollow 900-µm tube, aramid strength members and an outer jacket, and shall be secured to the cable sheath.
l) The minimum requirement for fiber protection inside wall mount or rack mount fiber enclosure shall be 900-µm buffering, intrinsic to the cable in the case of tight buffered fibers, or in the case of 250-µm coated fibers, a fan-out body and 900-µm tubing secured to the buffer tube(s).
m) When high airspeed blowing (HASB) method or piston method is used, ensure that the volume of air passing through the conduit does not exceed the conduit manufacturer's recommendation.
n) The manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tension shall not be exceeded. Pulling attachments shall be designed to not degrade the optical and mechanical characteristics of the fiber optic cable during installation.
o) During installation, even if the tension specifications for the cable are not exceeded the first ten feet shall be discarded.
p) Warning tape shall be placed 12 inches above the cable not to deviate ±18 inches from the centerline of the optical cable. Warning tape shall be at least two inches wide and colored orange.

907-661.03.2--Cable Shipping and Delivery. The cable shall be packaged on reels for shipment. Each package shall contain only one continuous length of cable. The packaging shall be constructed as to prevent damage to the cable during shipping and handling.

Both ends of the cable shall be sealed to prevent the ingress of moisture.

A weatherproof reel tag shall be attached to each reel identifying the reel and cable so that it can be used by the manufacturer to trace the manufacturing history of the cable and the fiber. A cable data sheet shall be included with each reel containing the following information:

- Manufacturer name
- Cable part number
- Factory order number
- Cable length.

- Factory measured attenuation of each fiber

The Contractor shall cover the cable with a protective and thermal wrap.

The outer end of the cable shall be securely fastened to the reel head so as to prevent the cable from becoming loose in transit. The inner end of the cable shall be projected a minimum of 6.5 feet into a slot in the side of the reel, or into housing on the inner slot of the drum, in such a manner as to make it available for testing.

Each reel shall be plainly marked to indicate the direction in which it is to be rolled to prevent loosening of the cable on the reel.

907-661.03.3--Cable Handling and Installation. The Contractor shall not exceed the maximum recommended pulling tension during installation as specified by the cable manufacturer.

The Contractor shall continuously monitor pulling tensions with calibrated measuring devices, such as a strain dynamometer.

The Contractor shall ensure that the minimum depth of the cable is a minimum of 36 inches unless shown otherwise in plans.

All pulled installations shall be protected with calibrated breakaway links.

The Contractor shall ensure that the minimum recommended bend radius is not exceeded during installation as specified by the cable manufacturer. Unless the manufacturer's recommendations are more stringent, the following guidelines shall be used for minimum bend radius:

- 20 X Cable Diameter Short Term - During Installation
- 10 X Cable Diameter Long Term - Installed

Before cable installation, the cable reels and reel stands shall be carefully inspected for imperfections or faults such as nails that might cause damage to the cable as it is unreeled.

All necessary precautions shall be taken to protect reeled cable from vandals or other sources of possible damage while unattended. Any damage to reeled cable or the reel itself shall necessitate replacement of the entire cable section at no additional cost to the State.

Whenever unreeled cable is placed on the pavement or surface above a pull box, the Contractor shall provide means of preventing vehicular or pedestrian traffic through the area in accordance with the safe maintenance of traffic provisions.

The cable shall be kept continuous throughout the pull. Cable breaks and reel end splices are permitted only in Type 5 pull boxes and occur at a minimum of 10,000 feet.

Where a cable ends in an underground fiber optic closure, all unused fibers and buffer tubes shall be secured and stored in splice trays in preparation for future reel end splicing and continuation.

907-661.03.4--Cable Storage. The Contractor shall properly store all cable to minimize susceptibility to damage. The proper bend radius shall be maintained, both short and long term, during cable storage.

Storage coils shall be neat in even length coils, with no cross over or tangling.

Storage coils of different cables shall be kept completely separate except when the cables terminate in the same splice closure.

Storage coils shall be secured to cable racking hardware with tie wraps, Velcro straps, or non-metallic cable straps with locking/buckling mechanism. No adhesive or self-adhering tapes, metal wires and straps, or rope/cord shall be used to secure coils.

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, the following are the requirements for cable storage for underground applications:

- Trunk cable in Type 4 pull box ..... 25 feet
- Trunk cable in Type 5 pull box ..... 200 feet
- Trunk cable in Surface Mounted pull box ..... 5 feet
- Drop cable in Type 4 pull box ..... 10 feet
- Drop cable in Type 5 pull box, not terminated in a splice closure ..... 10 feet
- Drop cable in Surface Mounted pull box, not terminated in a splice closure .....5 feet
- Drop cable in Type 5 pull box, terminated in a splice closure with the trunk cable ..... 100 feet
- Drop cable in Surface Mounted pull box, terminated in a splice closure with the trunk cable ..... 5 feet
- Trunk cable end in Type 5 pull box ..... 200 feet
- Drop cable terminated in same splice closure as trunk cable end ..... 200 feet
- Trunk cable end in Surface Mounted pull box ..... 10 feet

The Contractor shall label each pull box with a numbered disk obtained from the Traffic Engineering Division. The disk shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specification on the lid of each pull box. Numbers shall be noted on the As-Built plans for each pull box.

No slack cable shall be stored inside the communications hub building or Control Center.

907-661.03.5--Cable Labels. Cable labels shall be installed on all trunk and drop fiber optic cables. The installed cable shall be cleaned of all dirt and grease before applying any label.

The Contractor shall label all cables in or at every location where the cable is exposed outside of a conduit, innerduct or pole using the cable IDs for trunk cables or the device number for drop cables.

As a minimum, cable labels shall be installed in the following locations:

- Within 12 inches of every cable entry to a pull box, equipment cabinet, communications

hub, or the TMC
- Within 12 inches of the exterior entry point of every fiber optic splice closure, termination cabinet and drop panel
- Every 30 feet for the entire length of cable in any storage coil in pull boxes
- Within one (1) foot of every pole attachment
- On every riser
- On every splice enclosure

907-661.03.6--Tracer Cable. Tracer cable requirements as defined in Section 636 Electrical Cable, along with the requirements in this specification, shall be met. The Contractor shall install one tracer cable where one or more conduits are installed. Tracer cable is required for all installation methods, including trenching, directional boring, or plowing. Conduit or Fiber Optic Cable with preinstalled tracer cable shall not be used without prior approval from Project Engineer.

Only one tracer wire is required per installed conduit bank regardless of the number of conduits installed in that segment. Tracer cable shall be installed inside the conduit.

Tracer cable is not required for structure mounted conduit, except where underground segments of structure mounted conduit are greater than 20 feet in length.

The tracer cable shall be continuous and unspliced between pull boxes and shall enter the pull boxes at the same location as the conduit with which it is installed, entering under the lower edge of the pull box.

Four (4) feet of tracer cable shall be coiled and secured in each pull box or vault.

When two or more tracer cables are in any pull box, the Contractor shall mechanically splice all tracer cable together.

Tracer cable is required in drop cable conduits.

A tracer cable surge protection system shall be furnished and installed. Tracer cables shall be attached to surge protection systems designed to dissipate high transient voltages or other electrical surges. The tracer cable surge protection system shall be grounded to a driven rod within 10 feet of the system using AWG #6 single conductor wire as detailed in the plans. Grounding shall be done through a stand alone system not connected to power or ITS device grounding. The surge protection system shall normally allow signals generated by locate system to pass through the protection system without going to ground.

907-661.03.7--Splicing into Existing Fiber Optic Cable. At some locations, the Contractor may be required to splice new drop cable into existing fiber optic cable at existing pull boxes. The Contractor is responsible to protect all existing fiber during this work. No separate payment shall be made for splicing into the existing fiber. The cost for all fiber optic work and equipment shall be included in the bid price for pay items 907-661-A and 907-661-B.

The Contractor must notify the Project Engineer in writing no less than ten (10) days in advance of doing any work to existing fiber optic cable. Before any work can begin the Contractor must

have obtained approval from the Project Engineer.

907-661.03.8--Replace Fiber Optic Cable. In locations specified in the Plans, the Contractor shall be required to remove and replace existing fiber optic cable with new fiber optic cable. The new fiber optic cable shall be an equivalent cable having the same cable type, assembly, connectors, size, construction, buffer tube construction, temperature characteristics, tensile strength, and optical characteristics. The cable type and mode shall be the same unless specified as otherwise in the Plans or Notice to Bidders. The new cable shall be a compatible replacement having equivalent or improved link characteristics. The Contractor shall install the cable as per manufacturer application and recommendations and adhere to the Installation Requirements and Testing specifications as stated herein. No separate payment will be made for this work. The cost for pulling new fiber optic cable for cable replacement, and splicing/terminating all fibers shall be included in the cost of pay item 907-661-D.

907-661.03.9--Replace Fiber Optic Drop Cable. In locations specified in the Plans, the Contractor shall be required to remove and replace existing fiber optic drop cable with new fiber optic drop cable. The new fiber optic drop cable shall be an equivalent cable having the same cable type, assembly, connectors, size, construction, buffer tube construction, temperature characteristics, tensile strength, and optical characteristics. The cable type and mode shall be the same unless specified as otherwise in the Plans or Notice to Bidders. The new cable shall be a compatible replacement having equivalent or improved link characteristics. The Contractor is required to install the cable as per manufacturer application and recommendations and adhere to the Installation Requirements and Testing specifications as stated herein. No separate payment will be made for this work. The cost for pulling new fiber optic drop cable for cable replacement, and splicing/terminating all fibers shall be included in the cost of pay item 907-661-E.

907-661.03.10--Upgrade Fiber Optic Cable. In locations specified in the Plans, the Contractor shall be required to upgrade existing fiber optic cable to new cable that adheres to the respective cable specification and requirements. The cable type and mode shall be the same unless specified as otherwise in the Plans or Notice to Bidders. The cable upgrade shall be treated as a new cable installation and adhere to all corresponding specifications and requirements stated herein. No separate payment will be made for this work. The cost for pulling new fiber optic to upgrade existing cable, and splicing/terminating all fibers shall be included in the cost of pay item 907-661-G.

907-661.03.11--Fiber Optic Connections at Existing Communication Nodes. In some locations, the Contractor shall be required to pull new fiber optic cable into an existing communications hut. No separate payment will be made for this work. The cost for pulling the fiber into the hut, providing and installing the termination equipment, and terminating all the fibers shall be included in the cost of pay items 907-661-A and 907-661-B.

907-661.03.12--Drop and Insert Applications. The signal from the TMC to local controllers, cameras, and/or dynamic message signs will be conveyed via the backbone and branch cables.

The appropriate closure (Subsection 907-661.02.8) shall be used.

A 12-port fiber distribution cabinet and appropriate jumper shall be installed within the cabinet at locations approved by the Engineer.

At each device, the applicable fibers will be routed in and out of the equipment cabinet using a pre-terminated drop cable.

Only fibers required for the drop and insert shall be cut, no other fibers in the cable shall be cut without the approval of the Engineer.

The fibers shall be connected to the transmission equipment via LC/LC fiber optic patch cables.

The drop cable shall be routed in a position that will allow access to all installed components without movement of the cable.

In traffic signal control boxes, the drop cable shall be routed up the left rear corner to a shelf mounted fiber optic termination cabinet.

In ITS equipment or communication cabinets the cable shall be routed neatly allowing for service of all installed components.

907-661.03.13--Testing. The fiber optic infrastructure shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-661.03.13.1--Pre-Installation Test (PIT). In addition to the requirements set forth in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", the Contractor shall, at a minimum, perform a PIT on all FO Cable prior to any cable removal from the shipping reels.

The Contractor shall perform a PIT on each cable reel delivered to the job site.

The PIT for FO Cable shall include but is not limited to:

- A visual inspection of each cable and reel
- An OTDR Test and documentation as required in the Standalone Acceptance Test (SAT) for three randomly selected fibers from each buffer tube

An Optical Attenuation Test is not required. However, if the Contractor decides to perform one of these tests for his or her own protection, it should be documented and provided to the Engineer.

907-661.03.13.2--Standalone Acceptance Test (SAT). In addition to the requirements set forth in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", the Contractor shall, at a minimum, perform an SAT on all fiber optic infrastructures on this project after field installation is complete, including but not limited to all splicing and terminations. All fiber in pull boxes shall be in its final position, mounted to the racks, prior to the start of testing.

An SAT for each fiber in each cable shall include OTDR Tests and Optical Attenuation Tests.

For the Attenuation Tests, all fibers in all FO Cables and FO Drop Cables shall be tested from termination point to termination point, including:

- Fibers from FO Termination Cabinet to FO Termination Cabinet
- Fibers from FO Termination Cabinet to FO Drop Panel
- Fibers from FO Drop Panel to FO Drop Panel
- Fibers from FO Termination Cabinet to the end of the cable run in the last FO closure

All test results shall confirm compliance with this TSP including but not limited to optical fibers and fusion splices. No event in any given fiber may exceed 0.10 dB. Any event measured above 0.10 dB shall be replaced or repaired at the event point.

Test documentation shall include but is not limited to:

- Cable & fiber identification
- Cable & fiber ID and location - Physical location (device ID and station number of FO Termination Cabinet, FO Drop Panel, or cable end FO closure), fiber number, and truck or drop cable ID for both the beginning and end point
- Operator name
- Engineer's representative
- Date & time
- Setup and test conditions parameters
- Wavelength
- Pulse width Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR)
- Refractory index (OTDR)
- Range (OTDR)
- Scale (OTDR)
- Ambient temperature
- Test results for OTDR test (each direction and averaged)
- Total fiber trace (miles)
- Splice loss/gain (dB)
- Events > 0.05 dB
- Measured length (cable marking)
- Total length (OTDR measurement)
- Test results for attenuation test (each direction and averaged)
- Measured cable length (cable marking)
- Total length (OTDR measurement from OTDR test)
- Number of splices (determined from as-builts)
- Total link attenuation

The OTDR Test shall be conducted using the standard operating procedure and recommended materials as defined by the manufacturer of the test equipment.

The Contractor shall use a factory patch cord ("launch cable") of a length equal to the "dead zone" of the OTDR to connect the OTDR and the fiber under test.

Bi-directional OTDR tests shall be conducted and bi-directional averages calculated for each fiber.

All tests shall be conducted at 1310 and 1550 nm for single mode cable.

The Contractor shall conduct the Optical Attenuation Test using the standard operating procedure and recommended materials as defined by the manufacturer of the test equipment.

Bi-directional Optical Attenuation tests shall be conducted and bi-directional averages calculated for each fiber.

Tracer Cable shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. A continuity or tone test shall be performed after installation to confirm that a continuous run of tracer cable was installed for the full length of the conduit runs.

The Traffic Engineering ITS Department may perform additional testing of any and all infrastructure using their own equipment. The Contractor may observe this testing.

The burn-in period cannot start until the Traffic Engineering ITS Department is satisfied with the installation.

907-661.03.14--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", along with the requirements below and throughout this specification, shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

907-661.03.15--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-661.03.16--Warranty. At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met.

907-661.03.17--Training. The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-661.04--Method of Measurement. Fiber optic cable of the type specified will be measured by the linear foot, and shall be obtained by accurate measurement of the runs including horizontally, vertically, aerially along the messenger cable, from the trunk line to the controller cabinet, and with liberal allowances made for slack in boxes, as indicated in the plans.

The cost for all fiber optic work, equipment and testing shall be included in the bid price for fiber optic cable.

All required cabinet facilities shall not be measured for separate payment. All standard or special fiber optic modems, fan out boxes, connectors, termination cabinets, patch cords, raceways, splicing devices, splicing, warning tape, above ground markers, backplane facilities, twisted pair communications cable interface devices, etc., and any other cabinet modifications required for the fiber optic system shall be included in the price bid for other items of work.

Fiber Optic Cable Training shall be measured as a lump sum which shall include all coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-661.05--Basis of Payment. Fiber optic cable, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per linear foot, which price shall be full compensation for documentation and submittals, warranties, furnishing all materials, for all installing, connecting, cutting, pulling and testing, all equipment, tools, labor, quality assurance, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Fiber Optic Cable Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

Payment will be made under:

907-661-A:	Fiber Optic Cable, *	- per linear foot
907-661-B:	Fiber Optic Drop Cable, *	- per linear foot
907-661-D:	Replace Fiber Optic Cable, *	- per linear foot
907-661-E:	Replace Fiber Optic Drop Cable, *	- per linear foot
907-661-G:	Upgrade Fiber Optic Cable, *	- per linear foot
907-661-H	Fiber Optic Cable Training	- lump sum

* Indicate the type of cable. Cable may be aerially supported as indicated in the plans.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-663-6 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 12/15/2023

SUBJECT: Networking Equipment

Section 907-663, Networking Equipment, is hereby added to and made part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-663 -- NETWORKING EQUIPMENT

907-663.01--Description. This section specifies the minimum requirements for providing networking communication equipment, including network switches, terminal servers, fiber optic modems, SD-WAN routers, and associated cabling, furnished and installed.

Network Switches are divided into three (3) categories; Layer 2 hardened, Layer 3 hardened, and Layer 3 non-hardened. There can be multiple types per category such as Type A, B, C etc. Types will be defined by options based on versions and numbers of ports, and/or additional modules such as built in fiber modems, wireless components, and terminal servers. The number of specific port versions will also be defined by plan requirements, NTBs, and Special Provisions.

Field and core hardened category switches shall be environmentally hardened devices.. These switches support Intelligent Transportation Elements deployed on arterial streets and the highway system where network switches are required for communications but HVAC systems are not available for environmental control. Elements include but are not limited to traffic signals, dynamic message signs, surveillance cameras, and vehicle detection systems. Field and core non-hardened category switches will support the Intelligent Transportation System and be installed in the Traffic Management Center and Communications Huts which are environmentally controlled.

This section also specifies the minimum requirements for standalone and network switch module terminal servers, standalone and network switch modules, SD-WAN Routers, and Ethernet Network cable. The terminal servers shall be hardened. The terminal server device, also commonly referred to as a port server device, will be used to communicate bi-directionally between IP-based Ethernet network systems and existing field devices that communicate or are controlled via a full-duplex serial interface. SD-WAN Routers shall be used to provide data network connectivity via a cellular network bi-directionally to remote sites such as portable traffic signal sites, portable CMS, smart work zones, ITS site locations, or devices that need serial or Ethernet communication that can be provided over cellular service.

The Ethernet network cable will be installed in conduit and cabinets between elements that are within 300 feet of each other to eliminate the need for two hardened switches. The work shall consist of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, and test the networking equipment.

907-663.02--Materials. Network switches, terminal servers, cell modems, and associated cabling will be placed in the field device cabinets and shall meet the following requirements.

907-663.02.1--Network Switch Requirements. All network switches shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

1) Field switch optical ports shall meet the following:
   a. The minimum optical budget between transmit and received ports shall be 18dB.
   b. Shall include LC connector types.
   c. Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
   d. Optical attenuators shall be added as needed; fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Standard Specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch.
   e. The Contractor shall be required to measure the optical power on each optical port to ensure that power entering the receiver is within the acceptable power budget of the optical port.
   f. Optical interface equipment shall operate at 1310 nm.
2) Operate from 100 VAC to 200 VAC.
3) Meet the IEEE 802.3 (10Mbps Ethernet) standard.
4) Meet the IEEE 802.3u (Fast Ethernet 100 Mbps) standard.
5) Meet the IEEE 802.3x (Full Duplex with Flow Control) standard.
6) Meet the IEEE 802.1p (Priority Queuing) standard.
7) Meet the IEEE 802.1Q (VLAN) standard per port for up to four VLAN's.
8) Meet the IEEE 802.1w (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol) standard.
9) Meet the IEEE 802.3ad (Port Trunking) standard for a minimum of two groups of four ports.
10) The field switches shall meet IEEE 802.3D (Spanning Tree Protocol) standard.
11) Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch.
12) Password manageable through:
   a. SNMP
   b. Telnet/CLI
   c. HTTP (Embedded Web Server) with Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
13) Full implementation of SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c.
14) Full implementation of GVRP (Generic VLAN Registration Protocol).
15) Full implementation of IGMP and IGMP snooping.
16) Minimum MTBF of 100,000 hrs using Bellcore TS-332 standard.
17) Full implementation of RFC 783 (TFTP) to allow remote firmware upgrades.
18) UL approved.
19) The field switch shall provide LED status indicators as follows:
   1) power on and off
   2) network status per port (transmit, receive, link, speed)
20) Unused ports (copper and optical) shall be covered with rubber or plastic dust caps/covers.
21) Switches Types that are required to be Environmentally Hardened shall meet the following environmental requirements:
   a. The field switches [this excludes Types C, E and F] shall operate between -34° to +74°C, including power supply.

b. The field switches [this excludes Types C, E and F] shall operate from 10% to 90% non-condensing humidity.

907-663.02.1.1–Layer 2 Network Switch. Layer 2 network switches shall be provided in locations where only Layer 2 network functionality is required. These locations will generally be field site locations. Layer 2 network switches shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

1) Shall be environmental hardened
2) Rack, shelf or DIN rail mountable. If shelf mounted, the Contractor must furnish and install a shelf if shelf space is not available in the facility. Any shelf used shall be ventilated as per the Network Switch manufacturer recommendation.
3) All power transformers provided shall be "fastening mechanism" type. No plug-in types shall be permitted. All corded transformers shall be mountable with the ability to neatly secure power cords.

907-663.02.1.1.1--Type A Network Switch. Type A network switches shall be a layer 2 network switch at minimum and shall be environmentally hardened. The Type A shall be provided in situations where a minimal number of interface ports are required. The Type A switch shall adhere to the following minimum requirements in addition to the Layer 2 network switch requirements.

1) Minimum of six 10/100/1000 Base-TX ports. Each port shall connect via RJ-45 connector.
2) Minimum of two 1000 Base Long Reach optical ports.

907-663.02.1.1.2--Type B Network Switch. Type B network switches shall be a Layer 2 network switch at minimum and shall be environmentally hardened. The Type B shall be provided in situation where minimal number of interface ports are required. The Type B switch shall adhere to the following minimum requirements in addition to the Layer 2 network switch requirements.

1) Minimum of twelve (12) 10/100/1000 Base-TX ports. Each port shall connect via RJ-45 connector.
2) Minimum of two (2) 1000 Base Long Reach optical ports.

907-663.02.1.2–Layer 3 Network Switch. Layer 3 network switches shall be provided in locations where Layer 2 and Layer 3 network functionality is required. These locations will generally be Environmental Controlled Field HUBs, TMC equipment rooms, and control rooms. Where Layer 3 Network Switching is required but Environmental Control is not available, Environmentally Hardened Type Layer 3 switches shall be provided. In addition to meeting the general network Requirements, Layer 3 Switches have the following additional Requirements:

1) Each switch shall provide Layer 2 and Layer 3 switching and routing services.
2) Each switch shall meet the IEEE 802.1d (Virtual Bridge) standard.
3) Each switch shall meet the IEEE 802.1x (authentication) standard.
4) Access Control Lists (ACLs)
5) IPv4 and IPv6 multicast
6) IP Service-Level Agreement (IP SLA)
7) Open Shortest Path First (OSPFv2 and OSPFv3)
8) Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)

9) Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP)

907-663.02.1.2.1--Type C Network Switch Requirements. The Type C network switch, which is a base core switch, will be installed in the communication hubs and shall meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with modules including the following features and capabilities:
   a. Minimum of 64Gbps/48Mpps module Bandwidth
   b. Minimum of 8-GE uplink ports available per network switch assembly. The Contractor shall provide an uplink SFP optical module compatible with the interface for the uplink as indicated in the Location & Configuration of Communication Nodes notice to bidders for each uplink
   c. In one (or more) modules: 24 Ethernet 10/100/1000 RJ-45 ports
2) Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
3) Optical attenuators shall be added as needed; fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Standard Specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch.
4) 19" rack mountable.
5) Supports 10 gigabit ethernet of SFP optics.
6) NEBS Level 3 compliant.
7) Meet the requirements of :
   a. IEEE 802.3z
   b. IEEE 802.3ab
   c. IEEE 802.1Q
   d. GR-20-CORE: Generic requirements for Optical Fiber and Optical Fiber Cable
   e. GR-326-CORE: Generic Requirements for Singlemode
8) Full implementation of BGPv4 protocol as outlined by RFCs: 4271, 6286, 6608, 6793, 7606, 7705, 8212
9) Full implementation of OSPF protocol as outlined by RFCs: 2178, 1583, 1587, 1745, 1765, 1850, 2154, 2328, 1850, 1997, 2385, 2439, 2842, 2918, 2370.
10) Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch.
11) Password manageable through:
   a. SSH (Secure Shell)
12) Full implementation of MLD (Multicast Listener Discovery).
13) Full implementation of IGMPv2.
14) Full implementation of PIM-SM and PIM-DM.
15) Comply with FCC 47 CRF Part 15 Class A emissions.
16) Bandwidth flow rate limiting policing support per port.
17) Full security implementation of
   a. Support SSH, 802.1x (rel 2)
   b. Access Control Lists (ACL's)
   c. RADIUS authentication
   d. TACACS+ authentication
18) The power supply units shall be hot swappable.

907-663.02.1.2.1.1--Type C1 Network Switch Requirements. The Type C1 network switch will be installed in communication hubs where a maximum total of 4 pair/(8 strands) of fiber optic cable will be actively in use or in environmentally controlled wireless towers and shall meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with an 4-port SFP gigabit ethernet module and also include the following features and capabilities:
   a. Minimum of 88Gbps Switching Capacity and 480Gbps Stacking Bandwidth
   b. In one (or more) Fiber SFP-based module(s): a minimum of 8 1000Base-X (SFP-based) compatible access ports which may also be used as uplink ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of eight (8) and shall meet the following minimum requirements:
      i. Optical budget of 18dB
      ii. Switch shall be stackable and contain dual power supplies
      iii. Same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches
      iv. Same optical transmitter power as Type A & B switches
2) Non-Chassis based switch
3) Operate from 23° to 113°F.
4) RIPng, OSPFv6, and EIGRPv6 support
5) Full implementation of GMRP (Generic Multicast Registration Protocol).
6) Have redundant power supplies installed.

907-663.02.1.2.1.2--Type C2 Network Switch Requirements. The Type C2 network switch will be installed in the Communication Hubs where a minimum total of 5 pair/ (10 strands) of fiber optic cable will be actively in use. This type switch may also be installed in environmentally controlled wireless towers if the minimum total of 5 pair/(10 strands) fiber optic cable in-use rule applies. This type switch shall also meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with three (3) modules including the following features and capabilities:
   a. In one (or more) Fiber SFP-based module(s): a minimum of 48 1000Base-X (SFP-based) compatible access ports and a minimum of 8 1000Base-X (SFP-based) uplink ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of 14 and shall meet the following minimum requirements:
      i. Optical budget of 18dB
      ii. Hot-swappable network modules
      iii. Same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches
      iv. Same optical transmitter power as Type A & B switches
2) Operate from 10 to 90% non-condensing humidity
3) Operate from 32° to 104°F.
4) Designed as a chassis with easy to remove modules.
5) Chassis backplane shall be passive.
6) All modules shall be hot-swappable.
7) Must have installed redundant power supplies in which each supports a minimum of 4200 watts.

8) Switch assembly shall have a minimum of three (3) module slots.
9) Blank covers for all remaining slots.

907-663.02.1.2.1.3--Type C3 Network Switch Requirements. The Type C3 network switch will be installed in the communication hubs where a minimum total of 5 pair/(10 strands) of fiber optic cable will be actively in use. This type switch may also be installed in environmentally controlled wireless towers if the minimum total of 5 pair/(10 strands) fiber optic cable in-use rule applies. This type switch shall also meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with modules including the following features and capabilities:
    a. Redundant Layer 2/3 switching and routing services
    b. In one (or more) Fiber SFP-based module(s): a minimum of 48 1000Base-X (SFP-based) compatible access ports and a minimum of 8 1000Base-X (SFP-based) uplink ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of 14 and shall meet the following minimum requirements:
        i. Optical budget of 18dB
        ii. Hot-swappable network modules
        iii. Same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches
        iv. Same optical transmitter power as Type A & B switches
2) Operate from 32° to 104°F.
3) Operate from 10 to 90% non-condensing humidity
4) Designed as a chassis with easy to remove modules.
5) Chassis backplane shall be passive.
6) All modules shall be hot-swappable.
7) Must have installed redundant power supplies in which each supports a minimum of 4200 watts.
8) Switch assembly shall have a minimum of 6 module slots.
9) Blank covers for all remaining slots.

907-663.02.1.2.1.4--Type C4 Network Switch Requirements. The Type C4 network switch will be installed in the communication hubs where no less than 21 pairs/(42 strands) of fiber optic cables will be active and in use and shall meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with modules including the following features and capabilities:
    a. Redundant Layer 2/3 switching and routing services
    b. The switch chassis shall be capable of accommodating up to 440 Gbps per slot.
    c. In one (or more) Fiber SFP-based module(s): a minimum of 48 1000Base-X (SFP-based) compatible access ports and a minimum of 8 1000Base-X (SFP-based) uplink ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of 14 and shall meet the following minimum requirements:
        i. Optical budget of 18dB
        ii. Hot-swappable network modules
        iii. Same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches

iv. Same optical transmitter power as Type A & B switches

2) Operate from 32° to 104°F.
3) Supports relative humidity - Ambient (noncondensing) operating: 5% to 90%
4) Designed as a chassis with easy to remove modules.
5) Chassis backplane shall be passive.
6) All modules shall be hot-swappable.
7) Must have installed dual-redundant (4) power supplies in which each supports a minimum of 3000 watts.
8) Switch assembly shall have a minimum of seven (7) module slots.
9) Blank covers for all remaining slots.

907-663.02.1.2.2--Type D Network Switch Requirements. The Type D network switch shall be of chassis design. The switch shall be able to accept a minimum of four (4) different types of modular cards. The Type D network switch shall meet the minimum requirements specified below:

1) The switch shall be chassis designed with a minimum of four (4) module slots.
2) Each switch shall be able to accept the following type modules:
   a. Ethernet module:
      i. A minimum number of six (6) 10/100Base-TX compatible RJ45 ports.
      ii. The Contractor shall provide the minimum number of modules necessary to meet or exceed the required number of ports as indicated in the plans and NTBs.
      iii. Total required bandwidth per chassis shall not exceed 10 Gbps
   b. Fiber based modules:
      i. The module shall accept SFP type fiber modules.
      ii. The Contractor shall supply any necessary fiber modules that meet the requirements of speed, type of fiber, and link budget connection.
      iii. The Contractor shall provide the minimum number of modules necessary to meet or exceed the required number of ports as indicated in the plans and NTBs.
   c. WAN module:
      i. T1, DS3 or Metro Ethernet Interface (as per NTB or project plans)
         1) The Interface shall be T1, DS3 or Metro Ethernet
         2) The ports shall connect via RJ45 connector.
      ii. Cellular Interface
         1) Contractor shall provide information to the Project Engineer to enable activation of the modem.
         2) Contractor shall get prior approval from the Project Engineer on selection of cellular radio type (HSPA/EVDO)
   d. Terminal Server module:
      i. Module that meets terminal server requirements Subsection 663.02.6
   e. Power Supply module:
      i. The power module provided shall be "screw terminal block" type. No pluggable terminal block.
      ii. Input power: Same as Type A and Type B switches.
      iii. Power module shall be hot-swappable.
      iv. The Contractor shall supply the necessary amount of power supplies to meet power requirements for all cards installed and the chassis itself

3) Software license shall be provided to match functionality of installed modules.
4) Shall be DIN or Panel mountable.
5) Password manageable through:
    a. SSHv2 (Secure Shell)
6) Full implementation of VRRP.
7) Comply with FCC 47 CRF Part 15 Class A emissions.
8) Bandwidth flow rate limiting policing support per port.
9) Full security implementation of
    a. Support SSH2, 802.1x (rel 2)
    b. Access Control Lists (ACL's)
    c. RADIUS
10) Blank covers for all remaining slots.
11) Electronic surfaces shall be covered with conformal coating for additional environmental protection.

907-663.02.1.2.3--Type E Network Switch Requirements. The Type E network switch will be installed in locations where multiple backbone fibers converge or high concentration of ports are needed for a field location but need a hardened switch and shall meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with redundant switch fabric modules that meet the following minimum requirements:
    a. Minimum of 2-GE uplinks available per card with a minimum capability to expand to eight (8). The Contractor shall provide an uplink SFP optical module compatible with the interface for the uplink as indicated in the Notice to Bidders entitled "Location & Configuration of Communication Nodes" for each uplink.
2) The Contractor will need to determine port count configuration based on the project plans for the Type E switch. Optical interfaces shall include 1000 Base-X (SFP-based module(s)) with a minimum of four (4) ports. The Contractor shall provide whichever is greater between a minimum number of SFP optic modules to interface to the fiber as indicated in the plans and NTBs, or a minimum of six (6) and shall have a minimum Optical budget of 18dB and be the same optical wavelength as Type A & B switches.
    a. Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
    b. Optical attenuators shall be added as needed; fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Standard Specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch.
3) Include a minimum of eight (8) Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports
4) Include a minimum of four (4) SFP ports must support 1000-Base-X/10 gigabit-ethernet-optics.
5) 19" rack mountable.
6) Chassis backplane shall be passive.
7) Meet the requirements of :
    a. IEEE 802.3z
    b. IEEE 802.3ah
    c. IEEE 802.1Q
    d. GR-20-CORE: Generic requirements for Optical Fiber and Optical Fiber Cable
    e. GR-326-CORE: Generic Requirements for Singlemode

8) Full implementation of BGPv4 protocol as outlined by RFCs: 4271, 6286, 6608, 6793, 7606, 7705, 8212
9) Full implementation of OSPF protocol as outlined by RFCs: 2178, 1583, 1587, 1745, 1765, 1850, 2154, 2328, 1850, 1997, 2385, 2439, 2842, 2918, 2370.
10) Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch.
11) Password manageable through:
    a. SSHv2 (Secure Shell)
12) Full implementation of GMRP (Generic Multicast Registration Protocol).
13) Full implementation of IGMPv2.
14) Full implementation of PIM-SM and PIM-DM.
15) Full implementation of DVMRPv3.
16) Full implementation of VRRP.
17) Comply with FCC 47 CRF Part 15 Class A emissions.
18) Bandwidth flow rate limiting policing support per port.
19) Full security implementation of
    a. Support SSH2, 802.1x (rel 2)
    b. Access Control Lists (ACL's)
    c. RADIUS
    d. TACACS
20) Have redundant power supplies installed.
21) Blank covers for all remaining slots.
22) Have options or modules to add a terminal server as specified in Subsection 663.02.2
23) Have options or modules to add a cellular interface as specified in Subsection 663.02.3

907-663.02.1.2.3.1--Type E1 Network Switch Requirements. The Type E1 network switch will be installed in locations where multiple backbone fibers converge or a high concentration of ports are needed for a field location and a hardened switch is required and shall meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with redundant switch fabric modules that meet the following minimum requirements:
    a. 56 to 64Gbps switching bandwidth/41.67 mpps with 64byte packets
2) Based from the project plans, the Contractor must determine the appropriate configuration of port types and count by selecting one of the options below:
    a. Include a minimum of 12 10/100/1000 ethernet ports and a minimum of 16 optical 1000Base-X(SFP-Based).
    b. Include a minimum of 24 10/100/1000 ethernet ports and a minimum of 4 optical 1000 base-X (SFP-Based).
3) Operate from -45° to +75°C.
4) Operate relative humidity of 5% to 95% noncondensing

907-663.02.1.2.3.2--Type E2 Network Switch Requirements. The Type E2 network switch will be installed in locations where multiple backbone fibers converge or a high concentration of ports are needed for a field location, a hardened switch and larger bandwidth are needed, and shall meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with redundant switch fabric modules that meet the following minimum requirements:
   a. 128Gbps switching bandwidth/41.67 mpps with 64byte forwarding rate
2) Based from the project plans, the Contractor must determine the appropriate configuration of port types and count by selecting one of the options below:
   A. Include a minimum of 12 10/100/1000 ethernet ports and a minimum of 12 optical 1000Base-X(SFP-Based).
   B. Include a minimum of 12 10/100/1000 ethernet ports and a minimum of 16 optical 1000 base-X (SFP-Based).
3) Supports 10 gigabit ethernet of SFP optics.
4) Operate from -40° to +85°C.
5) Operate relative humidity of 0% to 95% noncondensing

907-663.02.1.2.4--Type F Network Switch Requirements. The Type F network switch will be Layer 3 switches installed in field locations with wireless communications or access points and shall meet the following requirements:

1) Each switch shall be populated with switch modules that meet the following minimum requirements:

   a. 20Gbps Aggregate Bandwidth
   b. Minimum of 4-GE uplinks available per switch with a minimum of 2 being fiber ports. The Contractor shall provide an uplink SFP optical module compatible with the interface for the uplink as indicated in the Notice to Bidders entitled "Location & Configuration of Communication Nodes" for each uplink.
   c. SD flash port for swappable Management Card configuration
   d. Supports High Density Power over Ethernet (PoE) for up to 8 devices
   e. Supports Cisco Common Industrial Protocol (CIP)
   f. Support of SCADA (Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition) connectivity.
   g. Can be supported with IP services.

2) In addition to the uplink ports, interfaces ports shall include:
   a. 8 PoE 10/100/1000
   b. 4 SFP ports
      i. Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
      ii. Optical attenuators shall be added as needed; fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Standard Specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch.
3) DIN Rail Mountable.
4) Operate from -40° to +70°C.
5) Operate from 5% to 95% non-condensing humidity
6) Supports IEEE 802.1AE MACsec, Security Group Access Control Lists (SGACL)
7) RIPng, OSPFv6, and EIGRPv6 support
8) Full implementation of IGMPv2.
9) Full implementation of PIM-SM and PIM-DM.
10) Supports Redundant DC input voltage

11) Power supplies with PoE support and 6' minimum power cord(s).

907-663.02.2--Terminal Server. Terminal server shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

1) 10/100 Base-T Ethernet port connection
2) RJ-45/DB9 Serial port connection
3) RS-232/422/485 selectable serial connections
4) Baud rates up to 230 Kbps
5) Full Modem and hardware flow control
6) TCP/UDP Socket Services
7) UDP Multicast
8) Telnet and Reverse Telnet
9) Modem emulation
10) SNMP (Read/Write)
11) PPP
12) Port buffering
13) HTTP
14) Remote management
15) DHCP/RARP/ARP-Ping for IP address assignment
16) LED status for link and power
17) The terminal server shall support a minimum of four (4) bi-directional serial communications over Ethernet 10/100 Base-TX.
18) Each terminal server shall have a minimum of four (4) EIA-232/422/485 serial interface ports. These ports shall be individually and independently configurable, directly or over the network, to EIA-232/422/485 mode of operation as defined by the EIA for data format, data rate and data structure (e.g., the number of bits, parity, stop bits, etc.). Each serial port shall support up to 230 Kbps.
19) Each serial port shall support IP addressing and socket number selection.
20) The equipment shall provide the capability to establish an IP connection directly from a workstation to any encoder IP address and socket number transport serial data.
21) Each terminal server shall have an Ethernet Interface (10/100Base-TX protocol, Full/Half-Duplex, Auto Sense (802.3), RJ-45).

907-663.02.3--SD-WAN Router. The SD-WAN (Software Defined Wide Area Network) router supports next generation wide area networking leveraging multiple internet connection types. The SD-WAN router shall be the alternative selection instead of cellular modem communications to provide network communications to very small data networks to connect to the traffic management centers.

907-663.02.3.1--Functional Requirements. SD-WAN Router, antenna, wiring assemble, configuration software, and installation necessary shall be provided and furnished for a working cellular wireless communication connection in accordance with plans and specifications and compatible with the requirements of the MDOT system, and the wireless service carrier used by MDOT. Unless otherwise indicated on the plans, all items that are required to complete the installation and ensure an operational system shall be supplied by the Contractor whether listed above or not. Items required but not listed above shall be at no direct pay. All components supplied

by the Contractor are the responsibility of the Contractor. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to properly configure and deliver a working SD-WAN cellular communications system. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine the final configuration of all electrical connections. Cellular account setup shall be coordinated with MDOT Information Systems Division. Warranty and cellular carrier account shall be transferred into MDOT's name upon acceptance of the project.

907-663.02.3.2--SD-WAN Router System. The SD-WAN shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

1) Each router shall meet the following minimum requirements:
   a. Layer 2/3 switching and routing services.
   b. Minimum of 250 Mbps bidirectional Throughput
   c. Minimum of Four 10/100BASE-T Fast Ethernet ports or better
   d. Minimum of 2 x GE RJ45 LAN ports
   e. Supports Cisco Common Industrial Protocol (CIP)
   f. Support of SCADA, DNP3, T101-104, Raw Socket TCP, and UDP.
   g. Provides LTE QoS with support for up to 8 concurrent bearers on each cellular WAN interface for traffic classification and prioritization.
   h. 1-year warranty, maintenance, and support.
   i. Dual active LTE backhaul with expansion module.
   j. Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) (RFC 2338)
   k. Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP)
   l. Dual SIM support on the LTE module for cellular failover
   m. IPv6 unicast and multicast forwarding.
   n. IPv6 ACLs
   o. IPv6 over cellular
   p. IPv6 routing

2) WAN Interfaces
   a. Combo 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet port (RJ45 and SFP) on the base platform and additional 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet SFP on the expansion module and include supported SFPs - *The Contractor shall provide an uplink SFP optical module compatible with the interface for the uplink as indicated in the Location & Configuration of communication Nodes notice to bidders for each uplink.*
   b. LTE: Modular with options for single and dual active LTE and LTE-Advanced
   c. LTE in United States supports 3 cellular companies AT&T, cSpire and Verizon.
   d. LTE bands 1-5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 20, 25, 26, 29, 30, and 41
   e. FDD LTE 700 MHz (band 12), 700 MHz (band 29), 800 MHz (band 20), 850 MHz (band 5 CLR), 850 MHz (band 26 Low), 900 MHz (band 8), 1800 MHz (band 3), 1900 MHz (band 2), 1900 MHz (PCS band 25), 1700 MHz and 2100 MHz (band 4 AWS), 2100 MHz (band 1), 2300 MHz (band 30), or 2600 MHz (band 7)
   f. TDD LTE 2500 MHz (band 41)
   g. Carrier aggregation band combinations: 1+8; 2+(2,5,12,13,29); 3+(7,20); 4+(4,5,12,13,29); 7+(7,20); 12+30, 5+30, and 41+41
   h. Theoretical download and upload speeds: 300 and 50 Mbps.

3) IPv4 and IPv6 services features
   a. Routing Information Protocol Versions 1 and 2 (RIPv1 and RIPv2)
   b. Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) and Multipoint GRE (MGRE)
   c. Standard 802.1d Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)
   d. Network Address Translation (NAT)
   e. Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server, relay, and client
   f. Dynamic DNS (DDNS)
   g. DNS proxy
   h. DNS spoofing
   i. Access Control Lists (ACLs)
   j. IPv4 and IPv6 multicast
   k. IP Service-Level Agreement (IP SLA)
   l. Open Shortest Path First (OSPFv2 and OSPFv3)
   m. Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
   n. Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP)
   o. Virtual Route Forwarding (VRF) Lite
   p. Next-Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP)
   q. Serial data encapsulation and relay
   r. L2TPv3 over sub-interfaces and VLAN

907-663.02.3.3--Environmental Characteristic. Environmental operating temperature ranges shall be as follows.

a. Operate from –40 to 140°F (–40 to 60°C) in a sealed NEMA cabinet with no airflow.
b. Operate from –40 to 158°F (–40 to 70°C) in a vented cabinet with 40 Linear Feet per Minute (LFM) of air
c. Operate from –40 to 167°F (–40 to 75°C) in a forced air enclosure with 200 LFM of air type tested at 85°C for 16 hours
d. Optical receiver maximum input power level shall not be exceeded.
e. Optical attenuators shall be added as needed.
f. Fiber optic attenuator patch cords shall be in accordance with Section 657 of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine where attenuators are needed and shall be included in the cost of the switch

907-663.02.4--Ethernet Network Cable. Ethernet network cables shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

1) 4 Pair #24 AWG STP Category 6, Category 5e, or other ethernet cable (generally meeting Category 6 Specifications, the applicable requirements of Subsection 722.03 and approved by MDOT) as per manufacturer's recommendations.
2) These items are paid for as ethernet network cable installed between cabinets and does not apply to other patch cords installed inside cabinets or huts.
3) Supplied ethernet network cable shall be suitable for use outdoors in ducts and as a minimum meet the following requirements:
   a. Fully water blocked
   b. Conforms to the National Electrical Code Article 800

c. UL 1581 certified
d. Voltage Rating 300 Volts or greater
e. Operating and installation temperature (-4°F to 140°F)
f. The allowable bend radius must be 10 times the Cable's Outside Diameter or smaller
g. Recommended for 1000Base-T applications for a distance of 100 meters.

907-663.02.4.1--Ethernet Patch Cords. The ethernet patch cords shall be furnished and installed as needed to connect the network switches with other equipment. Ethernet patch cords shall be considered an incidental component for this project and furnished and installed as needed to provide a functional system. Ethernet patch cords shall meet the following minimum requirements:

1) All patch cords shall be from the same manufacturer.
2) Shall incorporate four (4) pair 24 AWG stranded PVC Category 6, Category 5e, or other Ethernet cable (generally meeting Category 6 Specifications and approved by MDOT) as required by the manufacturer.
3) Shall be factory made; Contractor or vendor assembled patch cords are not permitted.
4) Shall be TIA/EIA 568-B.2-1 compliant. Patch Cords shall be compliant to T568B pin configuration (which ever is used).
5) Certified by the manufacturer for Category 5e or Category 6 performance criteria.
6) Length as needed. Excessive slack is not permitted.

907-663.02.5--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements", along with the requirements below and throughout this specification, shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

The Contractor shall provide project submittals for network switches including scheduling requirements. The project submittals for network switches, terminal servers, cellular modems, and fiber optic modems shall include but are not limited to the specific requirements in this subsection.

1) The Contractor shall submit detailed cut sheets which document compliance with all parameters required in this section. If a parameter is not covered in the cut sheet a signed statement from the manufacturer on letterhead shall be submitted as an attachment. Failure to address all requirements will result in rejection of the submittal.
2) The Contractor shall submit documentation and proof of manufacturer-recommended training and certification for the installation and configuration of network switches.
3) The Contractor shall submit technical specifications for the minimum transmitter port to receiver port optical attenuation required for the switches to function in accordance with this specification for the optical links shown on the plans.

907-663.03--Construction Requirements. All networking equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, the Plans and as follows:

1) Network switches shall only be configured and installed by the switch manufacturer trained personnel.

2) Network switches shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines and requirements.
3) The Contractor shall request from the Department, switch configuration information (such as IP address, VLAN Tag values, etc.) not more than 30 days after the switch submittals have been approved.
4) The Contractor shall provide as needed the necessary Ethernet patch cords and fiber optic patch cords for a complete and functional installation.
5) Ethernet network cable installed in conduit shall be installed and terminated per the manufacturers recommended procedures. Slack Ethernet network cable shall be provided in pullboxes as indicated in the plans.
6) The Contractor shall provide training for proper management of the equipment installed. This training should cover daily operation as well as maintenance and configuration of the switching equipment installed as part of this project and meet the requirements of Subsection 663.03.4 of this document.
7) The Contractor shall provide the MDOT with a written inventory of items received and the condition in which they were received. Inventory shall be inclusive of make, model, and serial numbers, MAC address, and installation GPS coordinates. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations or as directed by the MDOT.
8) Any new, additional or updated drivers required for the existing ATMS software to communicate and control new networking equipment installed by the Contractor shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

907-663.03.1--Switch Configuration Requirements. The Contractor shall configure network switches as follows:

1) All 100 Base-TX ports shall be configured as follows:
   a. RSTP/STP – Off.
   b. Unused TX ports shall be disabled.
   c. Operating TX ports shall be programmed to filter only for the MAC address of the connected device.
2) All 1000 Base-FX ports shall be configured as follows:
   a. RSTP/STP – On.
   b. IGMP Snooping – On.
3) The Type D switch configuration shall be as outline in the Project plans and details.
4) All network switches shall be installed and configured with the same firmware configuration. The optimum settings shall be used consistently system-wide. Any locations that require different settings for optimum performance shall be approved by the Engineer.
5) The Switches shall be configured to enable multicasting and turn on multicast protocols.
6) The Contractor may submit an alternate switch configuration to the ITS Engineer for review and approval. The ITS Engineer will review alternate switch configuration documentation. The goal of the switch configuration is to reduce the network delay, as well as provide network redundancy.
7) The Contractor shall submit an electronic copy of all final and approved configurations of all switches to the Project Engineer and to the ITS Engineer.

907-663.03.2--Testing. All networking equipment shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project

Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-663.03.3--Documentation. As-built Plans showing switch configuration and connections shall be provided to the Project Engineer and ITS Engineer in electronic format.

The Contractor shall submit documentation and proof of measured optical power budgets to all optical links of all type switches. All equipment and software must be fully functional and pass a Final Inspection by the ITS Manager and Project Engineer before being accepted by the MDOT

907-663.03.4--Warranty At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" or this specification, whichever is longer, shall be met. All costs associated with the warranty requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-663.03.5--Training. The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-663.03.6--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-663.04--Method of Measurement. Network switches of the type specified will be measured per each installation as specified in the Project plans. Such measurement shall be inclusive of furnishing, installing, system integration and testing of a network switch including all chassis, modules, power cables, power supplies, software, license, fiber optic patch cords, fiber optic attenuator patch cords, Ethernet patch cords and all incidental components, attachment hardware, mounting shelf and hardware, testing requirements, warranties and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to provide a fully functional switch ready for use. Type C, Type D, and Type E network switch module cards shall be specified per Project plans or NTBs for each site location. It shall also include all system documentation including: shop drawings, operations and maintenance manuals, wiring diagrams, block diagrams, and other material necessary to document the operation of the switch and network.

Terminal server will be measured per each installation. Such measurement shall be inclusive of furnishing, installing, system integration and testing of a Terminal Server including all incidental components, attachment hardware, mounting shelf and hardware, testing requirements, warranties, and all work, equipment and appurtenances as required to provide a fully functional Terminal Server ready for use.

SD-WAN Routers shall be measured per each and will include the, router, antenna, reset timers, cabling, factory and manufacturing inspection, testing, storage, packaging, shipping, warranty, and all work, equipment, and appurtenances as required to effect the full operation and control of the SD-WAN Router complete in place and ready for use.

Ethernet network cable, installed in conduit, will be measured by the linear foot, and shall be obtained by accurate measurement of the runs including horizontally, vertically, aerially along the messenger cable, from the device to the device cabinet, and with liberal allowances made for slack in boxes, as indicated in the plans.

Network equipment training shall be measured as a lump sum which shall include all coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-663.05--Basis of Payment. Network Switches, Terminal Servers, SD-WAN Routers and Fiber Optic Modems, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per each. The price shall be full compensation for documentation and submittals, warranties, testing, all labor, tools, materials, equipment, quality assurance, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Ethernet network cable installed between cabinets will be paid for by linear foot measured horizontally.

Network equipment training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, submittals, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

Payment will be made under:

907-663-A:	Network Switch, Type __	- per each
907-663-B:	Terminal Server	- per each
907-663-C	SD-WAN Router	- per each
907-663-D:	Ethernet Network Cable, Installed in Conduit	- per linear foot
907-663-E:	Network Equipment Training	- lump sum

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-666-3 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **05/25/2021**

SUBJECT: **Bluetooth Detection System (BDS)**

Section 907-666, Bluetooth Detection System, is hereby added to and made a part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-666 -- BLUETOOTH DETECTION SYSTEM

907-666.01--Description. This section specifies the minimum requirements for Bluetooth Detection Systems (BDS) furnished and installed in accordance with the Plans and contract documents. The work consists of providing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, and test a fully operational BDS. The Contractor shall install a fully operational BDS that supplies a compatible data format for the detection data that can be integrated into the existing ITS or traffic management system.

The BDS will provide point-to-point detection of vehicles carrying devices that utilize Bluetooth technology. The vehicles are anonymously detected by discovering Bluetooth enabled devices and collecting their Media Access Control (MAC) addresses. The MAC addresses are stored such that the data retrieved is in a format that cannot be tracked, and any data distinctive to a device is not retrieved (i.e., device name or description). The MAC address is affixed with a time stamp and origin or destination information which is used to determine travel time, direction, and speed data. BDS will support Traffic Management Center (TMC) operations by providing personnel with concurrent travel time and speed data corresponding to the traffic sampled.

The BDS shall be located in an equipment cabinet, pole-mounted, or mounted to overhead structures. The system shall include power source, processor, antenna(s), data processing/ monitoring software, mounting equipment, up to 100 feet of cable per detector to the nearest ITS or traffic signal cabinet and all items necessary for a complete fully functional installation. The software package shall include all necessary software licenses for functionality including, but not limited to, web interface, configuration tools, GIS map, data processing, data archiving, XML and GPS data transmission to be used with the MDOT ATMS information systems.

907-666.02--Materials. Bluetooth Detection Systems Type A, Type B, Type C, Type D and associated equipment shall meet the following requirements.

907-666.02.1--Functional Requirements. The Bluetooth Detection System (BDS) shall process and analyze data collected from vehicles traveling along a route. The BDS shall discover devices within a distance of 300 feet from its antenna at the height suggested by the manufacturer. The system shall detect visible Bluetooth devices at the point of origin/destination and temporarily store their associated MAC addresses to memory to be transmitted to a centralized server/database. The MAC addresses shall be anonymous or *encrypted*. Each anonymous MAC address shall be affixed with the time of detection and the location of origin or destination. Travel time and speed

shall be processed for each unique MAC address by utilizing the times of detection and locations detected. The BDS shall not be used to monitor vehicle presence or traffic volume as the system accuracy is dependent on Bluetooth device sample rates.

The BDS shall transmit detection information over an Ethernet connection or cellular data connection to a centralized remote database or server. A software package shall be available to provide a web interface used to monitor BDS data, monitor BDS status information, and view statistical reports. The web interface shall provide real-time BDS data on a GIS map with reporting tools. The reporting tools shall include, but not be limited to, real-time and statistical travel time data, real-time and statistical traffic speed data, anonymous MAC addresses, location(s) of detection, time of detection, and date of detection.

907-666.02.2--Bluetooth Detection System. The BDS Type A, Type B, Type C and Type D shall adhere to the following minimum requirements.

The Bluetooth radio and antenna shall operate in the unlicensed ISM band at 2.4 GHz. The radio shall comply with all FCC regulations and standards. A single Cat-5e Outdoor Rated Ethernet cable shall provide power and network connection to each BDS unit. No coaxial cable shall be allowed. The antenna shall be omnidirectional or directional as indicated in the Plans and per the manufacturer's recommendations. The BDS shall not interfere with any other ITS devices operating on the same frequency. If separation is needed for such devices to operate, it shall be surveyed and determined by the Contractor prior to installation, and then relocated with approval of the Engineer. Costs for positioning and/or moving the BDS shall be included in the cost of the BDS unit.

The microcontroller shall include SD host and card for data logging and processing by standalone BDS detector units detached from the MDOT network. The Bluetooth microcontroller shall include sufficient non-volatile RAM(NVRAM), Flash memory, SD host, SD card, and Ethernet controller/module.

The BDS system shall be capable of utilizing either directional or Omni directional antennas. Omni directional antennas shall be standard unless indicated otherwise in plans or as approve by the Engineer.

907-666.02.3--Type A Bluetooth Detector. The Type A Bluetooth Detector shall be a pole mounted self-enclosed unit capable of detecting Bluetooth enabled devices traveling along a roadway. The following are the minimum Type A Bluetooth Detector requirements.

1) The Type A BDS shall be located outside the equipment cabinet and enclosed inside a NEMA 4X enclosure that is resistant to damage by weather or vandalism. The cabinet shall be mounted on a pole, or overhead structure as appropriate for the site and as specified in the Plans.
2) The Contractor shall provide a power supply or PoE injector to convert the available single phase 110 – 220 VAC to the manufactures specified operational voltage. The power supply or PoE injector shall be located in the equipment cabinet. The PoE injector shall conform to the IEEE 802.3af and IEEE 802.3at PoE standards.
3) The BDS will be able to detect both discoverable (unpaired) and non-discoverable (paired)

MAC addresses.

907-666.02.4--Solar Power. A Type A BDS with solar power shall be optional to include a solar panel, battery, mounting equipment, cables, and all items necessary for a complete fully functional installation. All solar panels shall be in accordance with UL1703, or equivalent. The solar cell shall have a minimum power capacity of 30 watts. The battery shall provide sufficient power for all BDS component operation for a minimum of 168 hours (7 days). The supplier shall provide documentation specifying approximate daily power generation, power consumption, storage capacity, and charge rates representing an optimal power source to the satisfaction and approval of the Project Engineer. The Contractor shall test the battery for faulty irregularities and provide documentation to the Project Engineer stating the battery's voltage, and resistance. The battery voltage and resistance shall be meet the manufacturers specifications. Should solar power be specified with the Type A BDS, the NEMA 4 enclosure shall be sized appropriately for the solar power components.

907-666.02.5--Type B Bluetooth Detector. The Type B Bluetooth Detector shall be a cabinet mounted unit capable of detecting Bluetooth enabled devices traveling along a roadway. The following are the minimum Type B Bluetooth Detector requirements.

1) The Type B BDS shall be located inside the equipment cabinet and be shelf, rack, module, or DIN rail mountable. Other mounting options may be submitted for review by the Project Engineer.
2) The Contractor shall provide a power supply to convert the available single phase 110 – 220 VAC to the manufactures specified operational voltage. The power supply shall be located in the equipment cabinet.
3) POE injectors shall conform to the distances shown on the plans.

907-666.02.6--Type C Bluetooth Detector. Type C Bluetooth Detector shall meet the same requirements as Type A but it will also provide DSRC (dedicated short range communications) functionality by an integrated radio that operations in the 5.9 GHz and within the allocated 75 MHz of the spectrum.

The DSRC component shall support two way communication between itself and DSRC devices mounted in or integrated in newer vehicles. The DSRC will be used to capture and transmit the basic safety message , probe vehicle data, signal phase and timing message, and traveler information message.

The BDS shall transmit detection information and information captured from the DSRC over an Ethernet connection or cellular data connection to a centralized remote database or server.

The system will be able to use DSRC data to enhance the information provided through the system generated reports. As the DSRC population grows, reports driven by that data will be developed without effect to the sensors.

907-666.02.7--Type D Bluetooth Detector. The Type D Bluetooth Detector shall be a cabinet mounted unit capable of detecting Bluetooth enabled devices traveling along a roadway. The following are the minimum Type D Bluetooth Detector requirements.

1) The Type D BDS shall be located inside the equipment cabinet and be shelf, rack, module, or DIN rail mountable. Other mounting options may be submitted for review by the Project Engineer.
2) The Type D BDS shall utilize Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE
3) The Contractor shall provide a power supply to convert the available single phase 110 – 220 VAC to the manufactures specified operational voltage. The power supply shall be located in the equipment cabinet.
4) POE injectors shall conform to the distances shown on the plans.

Wireless Communications. The Type A, Type B, Type C and Type D, BDS shall be upgradable to include a cellular modem and antenna capable of transmitting data using a MDOT cellular service provider. The Contractor shall coordinate with the MDOT for cellular service. The Contractor shall be responsible for establishing cellular service. The cellular modem shall be Quad-band GSM 850/900/1800/1900 MHz GSM/GPRS. The GSM modem shall have the option to use a high gain omnidirectional antenna or directional antenna via an external SMA connector on the enclosure. The cellular modem shall support the TCP/IP networking protocols: TCP, UDP, DNS, DHCP, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP and NTP.

907-666.02.8--Bluetooth Detection System Server. The Bluetooth Detection System Server shall be a centralized server capable of analyzing and processing BDS Detector data from the roadways where the detectors are deployed and distributed to the MDOT ATMS system. The following are the minimum requirements for the BDS software package and database.

1) No more than one (1) software package shall be required for each regional TMC network.
2) The software package shall include a secure web-based monitoring system (web GUI). The web GUI shall allow the Contractor or TMC personnel to view, analyze and configure data.
3) The web GUI shall include a GIS map overlay and display dynamic real-time BDS detector data
4) The server shall be located locally at the regional TMC or hosted offsite by a third party.
5) The server shall be capable of adding an undefined number of detectors forming a BDS network.
6) The web GUI shall be used to monitor data (i.e., speed and travel times) from any BDS detector pair on the network.
7) The server shall be capable of logging any change in a devices status in its network.
8) The logging of devices shall include unique device identifier, BDS detector status, and BDS detector battery status (solar power option).
9) The server shall be capable of logging all data collected from each device in its network. The logging of devices shall include MAC address pairs, detection origin, detection destination, origin detection time, destination detection time, number of paired MAC addresses, percentage of paired MAC addresses, real-time speed, and travel times.
10) The web server shall archive all BDS data for a minimum of 365 days at a frequency equivalent to the detection sampling rate.
11) The server shall be capable of generating performance measurement reports including traffic speed, travel times, raw data and smoothed data, origin and destination. All reports generated shall be in the format that includes day, month, year, hours, minutes, and

seconds.

12) All data served from the server shall be transmitted via XML.
13) The Contractor shall provide an uninterruptable power supply (UPS) for the server. The UPS cost shall be absorbed into the BDS Server cost. The UPS shall meet the following minimum operational requirements.
    a. The UPS shall protect the server and associated equipment from power surges, spikes, and other power disturbances. The UPS shall be capable of restoring power automatically upon return of utility power.
    b. In the event of a power disturbance the UPS battery backup shall maintain a 1000W load for a minimum runtime of 3600 seconds (1 hour).
    c. The UPS shall indicate the availability of battery backup power.
    d. The UPS shall be configurable over the network via remote management.
    e. The UPS battery shall be hot-swappable for uninterrupted power to the server and associated equipment.
14) For Type C Bluetooth Detectors the server shall be capable of logging, processing, and setting flags for DSRC message sets compatible with Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) including but not limited to: Basic Safety Message (BSM); Probe Vehicle Data (PVD); Signal Phase and Timing Message (SPaT); and Traveler Information Message (TIM). The system shall generate alert system messages based on flags.
15) For Type C Bluetooth Detectors the server shall be capable of logging and processing all DSRC data collected from each device in its network. The logging of devices shall include MAC address pairs, detection origin, detection destination, origin detection time, destination detection time, number of paired MAC addresses, percentage of paired MAC addresses, real-time speed, and travel times.

907-666.02.9--Network Requirements. The Type A, Type B Type C and Type D BDS shall meet the following minimum network requirements.

1) The network connection shall be Ethernet Compliant IEEE 802.3, 802.3u, and 802.3x; 10/100 Mbps or higher, auto sensing full/half-duplex operations.
2) The BDS shall connect to a network device (i.e., media converter, Ethernet switch /router, etc.) via a RJ45 port/connector through outdoor rated Category 5e or higher cable.
3) All RJ45 ports shall be standard EIA/TIA-568-A pin-outs and shall be rated at 10/100 Base-T or better.
4) The BDS shall support protocols TCP, UDP, DNS, DHCP, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP and NTP.

907-666.02.10--Environmental Conditions. Unless stated otherwise, the equipment shall meet all operational requirements during and after exposure to any variation of the following environmental conditions.

1) Ambient temperature range of -30°C to +65°C
2) Relative humidity from 5% to 90% humidity
3) Rain and other precipitation up to 3.5 inches/hour

907-666.02.11--Mounting Requirements. The BDS and antenna(s) shall be mounted in accordance with the manufacturers specifications at the location stated in the Plans so that it collects data from each travel lane in both directions of travel. Mounting of the antenna shall meet

any FCC rules and regulations and include any special permits and licenses given the geographical location. The Contractor shall be responsible for attaining all FCC licenses and permissions.

907-666.02.12--Surge Suppression. Surge Suppression shall be provided to protect the equipment from surges across the BDS power or communications cables. The minimum surge protection requirements include the following.

1) Surge protectors shall be furnished for all non-dielectric cable and conductors between the BDS or BDS antenna and the equipment cabinet.
2) The surge protectors shall have leads that are kept to a minimum length as recommended by the surge device manufacturer.
3) All surge protection devices shall be designed to meet the temperature and humidity requirements expected in this type of outdoor application.
4) All surge protectors shall be U.L. listed and bonded to the same single-point ground point.

907-666.03--Construction Requirements. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, the Plans, and as follows.

1) The Contractor shall install the BDS or BDS antenna on a pole at the manufacture's recommended height above the road surface so the best sampling rate is achieved.
2) For the BDS Type C, DSRC shall be implemented as integrated functionality that does not require any additional setup during installation.
3) The Contractor shall provide the MDOT with a written inventory of items received and the condition in which they were received. Inventory shall be inclusive of make, model, and serial numbers, MAC address, and installation GPS coordinates. All equipment shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations or as directed by the MDOT.
4) All equipment and software must be fully functional and pass a Final Inspection by the ITS Manager and Project Engineer before being accepted by the MDOT.
5) The Contractor is responsible for the installation and configuration of the server and server software. The Contractor shall provide a fully-functional server integrated into the MDOT existing ITS management system network that maintains all operational requirements. The server shall meet the Bluetooth Detection System manufacturers recommendation for hardware requirements, software requirements and network requirements.

907-666.03.1--Testing. All equipment associated with the BDS site shall undergo testing to verify conformance to requirements of the plans and these special provisions. The Contractor shall conduct a Project Testing Program as required in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements." All costs associated with the Project Testing Program shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any testing.

907-666.03.2--Submittals. The submittal requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with submittals shall be included in the overall contract price; no separate payment will be made for any documenting and submitting.

907-666.03.3--Quality Assurance. The quality assurance requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the quality

assurance requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-666.03.4--Warranty. At a minimum, the warranty requirements defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements" shall be met. All costs associated with the warranty requirements shall be included in the overall contract price.

907-666.03.5--Training. The minimum training requirements shall be as defined in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-666.04--Method of Measurement. Bluetooth Detection System of the Type specified, Bluetooth Detection System Server, and Bluetooth Detection System Server Licensing will be measured per each installation, and as specified in the Plans.

Bluetooth Detection System Training shall be measured as a lump sum which shall include all coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

907-666.05--Basis of Payment. Bluetooth Detection System, Bluetooth Detection System Server, and Bluetooth Detection System Server Licensing, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract price per each, which price shall be full compensation for installation, system integration, and warranty of a complete BDS system site including radio, processor, antenna, system enclosure, solar power, surge protection devices, and all cables between BDS and the cabinet (up to 100') attachment hardware and brackets, completion of all testing requirements and all work, labor, tools, materials, equipment, incidentals equipment, appurtenances, and quality assurance as required to provide and install a complete BDS system. It shall also include all system documentation and submittals including shop drawings, operations and maintenance manuals, wiring diagrams, block diagrams and other materials necessary to document the operation of the BDS.

Bluetooth Detection System Training, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit lump sum price, which price shall be full compensation for all training costs including coordination, materials, labor, training location costs, and all incidentals required to complete the training as described in the Notice to Bidders entitled "ITS General Requirements."

Payment will be made under:

907-666-A: Bluetooth Detection System, Type __	- per each
907-666-B: Bluetooth Detection System Server	- per each
907-666-C Bluetooth Detection System Server Licensing	- per each
907-666-D Bluetooth Detection System Training	- lump sum

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-682-2 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 01/17/2017

SUBJECT: Branch Circuit Wire

Section 682, Electrical Distribution System, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-682.01--Description. After the last paragraph of Subsection 682.01 on page 694, add the following.

Where called for on the plans, some installations (both underground and structure mounted) will require only conductors. Branch circuit wire will consist of disconnecting and removal of existing conductors and grounds, cleaning the conduit, installing, testing and connecting new wire and any additional hardware necessary to complete the work.

907-682.03--Construction.

907-682.03.2--Secondary Distribution. After the last paragraph of Subsection 682.03.2 on page 696, add the following.

Branch circuit wire shall consist of disconnecting and removal of any existing conductors and ground, cleaning the existing conduit, installation of new wire of the type and size specified on the plans, and connecting the new wire. All conductors shall be tested in accordance with Subsection 907-681.02.1. The Contractor shall furnish any miscellaneous hardware, tools and materials necessary to provide a complete and functioning branch circuit.

907-682.05--Basis of Payment. Add the following to the list of pay items on page 697.

907-682-A1: Branch Circuit Wire, Size , No. of Conductors - per linear foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-700-3 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 4/20/2026

SUBJECT: Materials and Tests

Section 700, Materials and Tests, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh paragraph of Subsection 700.01 on page 713, and add the following.

907-700.01.1--Buy America/Build America. Buy America (BABA) Requirements.

Iron or Steel Products. Iron or steel or wire products (including prestressed cables and strands) are products that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both.

Predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both means that the cost of the iron and steel content exceeds 50 percent of the total cost of all components. The cost of iron and steel is the cost of the iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the product and a good faith estimate of the cost of the iron and steel components.

Iron or steel or wire products, as described above, that are permanently incorporated into a construction project must be produced domestically. All manufacturing processes for iron or steel or wire products, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, that are permanently incorporated into a construction project, must occur domestically. However, pig iron and processed, pelletized, and reduced iron ore manufactured outside of the United States may be used in the domestic manufacturing process for iron and/or steel and/or wire products. Coating includes all processes that protect or enhance the value of the material to which the coating is applied.

Construction Materials. Construction materials are articles, materials, or supplies that consist of only one of the items listed (non-ferrous metals, plastic and polymer-based products, glass, fiber-optic cables (including drop cables), optical fibers, lumber, drywall, and engineered woods). Minor additions of articles, materials, supplies, or binding agents to a construction material do not change the categorization of the construction material. All manufacturing processes for the listed construction materials, from the initial processes as described within 2 CFR 184.6 to the final processes as described within 2 CFR 184.6, that are permanently incorporated into a construction project, must occur domestically.

Manufactured Products. Manufactured products are articles, materials, or supplies that have been processed into a specific form or shape; or when combined with other articles, materials, or supplies create a product with different properties than the individual articles, materials, or supplies. An item that is classified as an iron or steel product, a construction material, or an excluded material is not a manufactured product. However, an article, material, or supply classified as a manufactured product

may include components that are iron or steel products, excluded materials, or other product categories as specified by law or in 2 CFR part 184. Mixtures of excluded materials delivered to a work site without final form for incorporation into a project are not a manufactured product. For construction projects obligated on or after October 1, 2025, the manufactured product must be manufactured domestically. For construction projects obligated on or after October 1, 2026, the manufactured product must be manufactured domestically and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured domestically is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product.

Excluded Materials. Excluded materials, as listed in Section 70917(c) of the Build America, Buy America (BABA) Act, are cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives. However, an article, material, or supply classified as a manufactured product may include components that are iron or steel products, excluded materials, or other product categories as specified by law or in 2 CFR part 184. Mixtures of excluded materials delivered to a work site without final form for incorporation into a project are not a manufactured product.

Domestically shall be understood to mean all States of the United States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, and Virgin Islands and any other place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

907-700.01.2—Certificate of Compliance Requirements. Prior to incorporation into the work, the Contractor shall furnish the Project Engineer with a Domestic Materials Self-Certification Form documenting conformance to the requirements of Subsection 907-106.14. Attached hereto is the Domestic Materials Self-Certification Form that shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Project Engineer.

Domestic Materials
Self-Certification Form

This certification is for a manufacturer/supplier to certify the below articles, materials, or supplies are in compliance with the applicable domestic material content procurement preferences found in the Buy America Act requirements (23 CFR 635.410) and the Build America, Buy America Act (BABA) requirements (2 CFR part 184). The individual completing this form takes full responsibility for the information included in the form. State agencies have the authority to request additional details related to the information provided in the form. All forms shall be submitted via AASHTO DataMine for delivery to authorized governmental users through the Industry Document Repository. The manufacturer/supplier is required to include updates to process changes within 10 days of the change occurring via uploading a revised form into DataMine.

PART 1: COMPANY CONTACT INFORMATION

Company/Producer/Manufacturer Name:

Supplier Representative Name:

Contact Email Address: Contact Phone Number:

Date Form is Being Submitted: mm/dd/yyyy

PART 2: DETAILS OF THE ARTICLE, MATERIAL, OR SUPPLY:

Using Table 1 below, provide the classification of the article, material, or supply as one of the following: (1) iron or steel product; (2) construction material (3) manufactured product; or (4) excluded materials including Section 70917(c) materials.

Classification	
Producer of the Article, Material, or Supply:	
Product/Model/Part/Material:	
Manufacturing Address:	
Manufacturing City:	
Manufacturing State:	
Manufacturing Zip Code:	
DataMine # (if applicable):	
Federal/State/Local Project number(s):	
Pay Code Number (PCN):	
Project Item code:	
Project Item Description:	
Quantity Certified:	

TABLE 1: Material Classifications

(1) Iron or Steel Product	
Wholly or predominantly Iron or Steel, or a combination of both (23 CFR 635.410(b)(1)(ii))	Certification requires predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both means that the cost of the iron and steel content exceeds 50 percent of the total cost of all its components. The cost of iron and steel is the cost of the iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the product and a good faith estimate of the cost of iron or steel components.
(2) Construction Material	
Non-Ferrous Metals (2 CFR 184.6(a)(1))	Certification requires all manufacturing processes, from initial smelting or melting through final shaping, coating, and assembly, occurred in the United States.
Plastic and Polymer based products (including polyvinyl chloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables) (2 CFR 184.6(a)(2))	Certification requires all manufacturing processes, from initial combination of constituent plastic or polymer-based inputs, or where applicable, constituent composite materials, until the item is in its final form, occurred in the United States.
Glass (including optic glass) (2 CFR 184.6(a)(3))	Certification requires all manufacturing processes, from initial batching and melting of raw materials through annealing, cooling, and cutting, occurred in the United States.
Fiber Optic Cable (including drop cable) (2 CFR 184.6(a)(4))	Certification requires all manufacturing processes, from the initial ribboning (if applicable), through buffering, fiber stranding and jacking, occurred in the United States. All manufacturing processes also include the standards for glass and optical fiber, but not for non-ferrous metals, plastics and polymer-based products, or any others.
Optical Fiber (2 CFR 184.6(a)(5))	Certification requires all manufacturing processes, from the initial preform fabrication stage through the completion of the draw, occurred in the United States
Lumber (2 CFR 184.6(a)(6))	Certification requires all manufacturing processes, from initial debarking through treatment and planing, occurred in the United States.
Drywall (2 CFR 184.6(a)(7))	Certification requires all manufacturing processes, from initial blending of mined or synthetic gypsum plaster and additives through cutting and drying of sandwiched panels, occurred in the United States.
Engineered Wood (2 CFR 184.6(a)(8))	Certification requires all manufacturing processes, from initial combination of constituent materials until the wood product is in its final form, occurred in the United States.
(3) Manufactured Product	
Manufactured Products other than Precast Concrete Products and Intelligent Transportation Systems and Other Electronic Hardware Systems Installed on the Highway ROW or Other Real Property (23 CFR 635.410(c)(1)(vii)) and 23 CFR 635.410(c)(1)(iv)	• Certification requires for projects obligated before October 1, 2025, no certification is required (excludes EV chargers). • Certification requires for projects obligated on or after October 1, 2025, certification requires the final manufacturing process occurred in the United States (excludes EV chargers). • Certification requires for projects obligated on or after October 1, 2026, and all EV chargers , certification requires the final manufacturing process occurred in the United States and the cost of the components that are mined,

	produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product.
Precast Concrete Products (23 CFR 635.410(c)(2)(i))	Classified as a manufactured product must comply with both the wholly or predominantly iron or steel or a combination of both product and manufactured product certification requirements as stated above.
Intelligent Transportation Systems and Other Electronic Hardware Systems Installed on the Highway ROW or Other Real Property (23 CFR 635.410(c)(2)(ii))	Classified as a manufactured product must comply with both the wholly or predominantly iron or steel or a combination of both product certification requirements for any iron or steel enclosures as well as the manufacturing certification requirements as stated above.
(4) Excluded Materials	
Excluded Materials Including Section 70917(c) Materials (23 CFR 635.410(c)(1)(ii))	No certification is required for excluded materials including Section 70917(c) materials. Section 70917(c) materials means cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives.

PART 3: DECLARATION OF SUBMITTAL

Do the articles, materials, or supplies submitted in this form comply with applicable domestic materials content procurement preferences found in the Buy America Act requirements (23 CFR 635.410) and the Build America, Buy America Act requirements (2 CFR part 184) (Y/N)? _____

PART 4: CERTIFICATION (Read and check all boxes before signing)
Note: State Departments of Transportation may have different language requirements for this section.

☐ I certify that the description above is a true and accurate description of the article, material, or supply provided, and that the undersigned is in a position to legally bind the Company/Organization represented in this form.

☐ I certify that the iron or steel product, construction material, or manufactured product complies with the applicable Buy America or BABA requirements.

Signature: Date: mm/dd/yyyy

Printed Name:
Title:
Company/Organization:
Company/Organization address:

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-701-4

DATE: 11/05/2024

SUBJECT: Hydraulic Cement

907-701.04--Blended Hydraulic Cement.

907-701.04.1--Types of Blended Hydraulic Cement. After the last paragraph of Subsection 907-701.04.1 on page 1, add the following.

Blended cement Types IL meeting the "HE" high early strength requirement listed in AASHTO M 240, Table 3 shall have the "(HE)" suffix added to the type designation.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-701-4 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/21/2023

SUBJECT: Hydraulic Cement

Section 701, Hydraulic Cement, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-701.01--General. In the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 701.01 on page 718, change "mills" to "plants."

In the second sentence of the sixth paragraph of Subsection 701.01 on pages 718 and 719, change "shall" to "will."

907-701.02--Portland Cement.

907-701.02.1-General. Delete Subsections 701.02.1.1, 701.02.1.2, 701.02.2, 701.02.2.1, and 701.02.2.2 on pages 719 and 720, and substitute the following.

907-701.02.1.1--Types of Portland Cement. Portland cement shall be either Type I, Type II, or Type III conforming to AASHTO M85 or Type III (MS). Type III (MS) is defined as a Type III cement conforming to AASHTO M85 having a maximum tricalcium aluminate (C_3A) content of 8%.

907-701.02.2--Blank.

907-701.02.2.1--Blank.

907-701.02.2.2--Blank.

Delete Subsection 701.04 on pages 720 and 721, and substitute the following.

907-701.04--Blended Hydraulic Cement.

907-701.04.1--Types of Blended Hydraulic Cement. Blended hydraulic cements (blended cements) shall be of the following types and conform to AASHTO M 240:

Type IL – Portland-limestone cement
Type IP – Portland-pozzolan cement
Type IS – Portland blast-furnace slag cement

Blended cement Types IL, IP, and IS meeting the "MS" sulfate resistance requirement listed in AASHTO M 240, Table 3 shall have the "(MS)" suffix added to the type designation.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-702-4 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 09/11/2018

SUBJECT: Bituminous Materials

Section 702, Bituminous Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-702.04--Sampling. Delete the sentence in Subsection 702.04 on page 722, and substitute the following.

Sampling of bituminous materials shall be as set out in AASHTO R 66.

907-702.07--Emulsified Asphalt. Delete the last sentence in Subsection 702.07 on page 724, and substitute the following.

Asphalt for fog seal shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 907-702.12, Table V.

907-702.12--Tables. Delete Table V in Subsection 702.12 on page 729, and substitute the following.

TABLE V
SPECIFICATION FOR FOG SEAL

	LD-7		CHPF-1		
Test Requirements	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Test Method**
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol, @ 25°C, Sec.	10	100	-	100	AASHTO T 72
Storage Stability Test, 24 hr, %	-	1	-	1	AASHTO T 59
Settlement, 5 day, %	-	5	-	-	AASHTO T 59
Oil Distillate, %	-	1	-	-	AASHTO T 59
Sieve Test, % *	-	0.3	-	0.1	AASHTO T 59
Residue by Distillation, %	40	-	40	-	AASHTO T 59
Test on Residue from Distillation					
Penetration @ 25°C, 100g, 5 sec	-	20	40	90	AASHTO T 49
Softening Point, °C	65	-	-	-	ASTM D 36
Solubility in trichloroethylene, %	97.5	-	-	-	AASHTO T 44
Elastic Recovery @ 25°C, %	-	-	40	-	AASHTO T 301
Original DSR @ 82° (G*/Sinδ, 10 rad/sec)	1	-	-	-	AASHTO T 111

* The Sieve Test result is tested for reporting purposes only and may be waived if no application problems are present in the field.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-703-2 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **11/29/2022**

SUBJECT: **Gradation**

Section 703, Aggregates, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-703.03--Coarse Aggregates for Hydraulic Cement Concrete.

907-703.03.2--Detail Requirements.

907-703.03.2.4--Gradation. In the table in Subsection 703.03.2.4 on page 734, add 100 for the percent passing by weight on the 1½-inch sieve for Size No. 67 aggregates.

Delete Note 2 under the table in Subsection 703.03.2.4 on page 734, and substitute the following.

Note [2] – 100 percent shall pass the 1-inch sieve for Size 67 used in Class F and Class FX concrete.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-705-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 06/13/2018

SUBJECT: Stone Riprap

Section 705, Stone Blanket Protection and Filter Blanket Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-705.04--Stone Riprap. Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 705.04 on page 750, and substitute the following.

Quality requirements for rock to be furnished under these specifications will come from a pre-approved source and be visually approved prior to use.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-707-3 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **10/27/2021**

SUBJECT: **Joint Materials**

Section 707, Joint Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-707.02--Joint Filler.

907-707.02.2--Preformed Sponge, Rubber, Cork and Closed-Cell Polypropylene Foam Joint Fillers for concrete Paving and Structural Constructions. Delete the two paragraphs of Subsection 707.02.2 on page 755, and substitute the following.

Preformed joint filler shall conform to AASHTO M 153 for sponge, rubber, and cork and tested according to ASTM D545. The type required will be indicated on the plans.

Closed-cell polypropylene foam shall conform to the requirements in ASTM D8139 and tested in accordance with ASTM D545.

907-707.02.3--Wood. Delete paragraph (b) of Subsection 707.02.3 on page 755, and substitute the following:

(b) Dimensions shall be as shown on the plans Dimensions shown on the plans are "dressed" sizes in accordance with Table 3 of the American Softwood Lumber Standard, SP-20. At the discretion of the Engineer, a 3/4-inch dressed board may be used in lieu of a 1-inch dressed board. A tolerance of plus or minus 1/16 inch thickness and plus or minus 1/8 inch width will be permitted. For slip-form paving a tolerance of minus 1/4 inch on each end in length will be permitted.

907-707.06--Flexible Plastic Gasket for Joining Conduit. Delete the third paragraph of Subsection 707.06 on page 756, and substitute the following.

The Department may require the performance test described in ASTM C 990.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-708-4 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **09/21/2021**

SUBJECT: **Concrete Pipe**

Section 708, Non-Metal Structures and Cattlepasses, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-708.02--Concrete Pipe.

907-708.02.1--Materials for Use in Concrete Pipe.

907-708.02.1.2--Fly Ash. Delete Subsection 708.02.1.2 on page 758, and substitute the following.

Fly ash conforming to the requirements of Subsection 714.05 may be used to replace hydraulic cement on a one to one replacement rate. If a type IL cement conforming to the requirements of Subsection 701.04 is used, the fly ash replacement shall not exceed 35% by weight of the cement. For all other Types of cement, the fly ash replacement rate shall not exceed 25% by weight of hydraulic cement.

907-708.02.3--Exceptions to AASHTO Standard Specifications. After Subsection 708.02.3.7 on page 760, add the following.

907-708.02.3.8--Lifting Device. In lieu of lift holes, the producer may cast an approved lifting device in the pipe during the manufacturing process. Should a lifting device be included with the pipe, the Contractor shall cut off or grind down the lifting device flush with the pipe surface after placement of the pipe. The area around the lifting device shall be coated with a sealer approved by the Engineer.

907-708.02.5--Reinforced Concrete Pipe. Delete the second paragraph in Subsection 708.02.5 on page 760, and substitute the following.

907-708.02.5.1--Class V Pipe With Diameter 54 Inches and Greater. Class V pipe with diameters of 54 inches and larger shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 170 or M 242 as modified by Subsection 708.02 and herein.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-711-2 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 09/11/2018

SUBJECT: Plain Steel Wire

Section 711, Reinforcement and Wire Rope, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-711.02--Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcing.

907-711.02.3--Steel Welded and Non-Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete.

907-711.02.3.1--Plain Steel Wire. Delete the sentence in Subsection 711.02.3.1 on pages 780 and 781, and substitute the following.

Plain steel wire and plain steel welded wire shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 336.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-712-1 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 12/07/2021

SUBJECT: Fence and Guardrail

Section 712, Fence and Guardrail, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-712.01--General. After the sentence in Subsection 712.01 on page 785, add the following.

All materials' inspection, testing, and certification will be performed in accordance with the requirements of the current version of the Department's *Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual*.

Delete Subsections 712.02 and 712.03 on page 785, and substitute the following.

907-712.02--Barbed Wire. Barbed wire shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 280. In the coastal counties of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson, either Coating Type Z Class 3 or Coating Type A shall be furnished. In all other areas of the State, either Coating Type Z Class 1, Coating Type Z Class 3, Coating Type ZA Class 60, or Coating Type A shall be furnished.

907-712.03--Metallic-Coated, Steel Woven Wire Fence Fabric. Woven wire fencing (i.e., "hog wire") shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 279. In the coastal counties of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson, either Coating Type Z Class 3 or Coating Type A shall be furnished. In all other areas of the State, either Coating Type Z Class 1, Coating Type Z Class 3, Coating Type ZA Class 60, or Coating Type A shall be furnished.

907-712.04--Chain Link Fence. Delete Subsections 712.04.1 thru 712.04.7 on pages 785 & 786, and substitute the following.

907-712.04.1--Fabric. In the coastal counties of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson, either Type I Class D, Type II, Type III, or Type IV fabrics shall be furnished. In all other areas of the State, either Type I Class C, Type I Class D, Type II, Type III, or Type IV fabrics shall be furnished.

907-712.04.2--Tie Wire. Tie wire shall be of the same material as the fencing wire being used, shall be of good commercial quality, and shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 181. Either Type I, Type II, Type III, or Type IV tie wire shall be furnished.

907-712.04.3--Tension Wire. Tension wire shall be of the same material as the fencing wire being used, shall be of good commercial quality, and shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 181. In the coastal counties of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson, either Type I Class 3, Type II, Type III, or Type IV tension shall be furnished. In all other areas of the State, either Type II, Type III, Type IV, or Type I Classes 1, 2, or 3 tension wires shall be furnished.

907-712.04.4--Posts Rails, Gate Frames, and Expansion Sleeves. Posts, rails, gate frames, and expansion sleeves shall conform to the requirements for posts in Subsection 712.05.2, unless otherwise designated in the contract.

907-712.04.5--Miscellaneous Fittings and Hardware. Miscellaneous fittings and hardware shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 712.16.

907-712.05--Fence Posts and Braces.

907-712.05.1--Treated Timber Posts and Braces.

907-712.05.1.1--General. Delete the third, fourth, fifth, and sixth paragraphs of Subsection 712.05.1.1 on page 787, and substitute the following.

All wood posts and braces shall be treated in accordance with Subsections 718.03 and 718.04.

907-712.05.1.2--Round Posts. Delete the last sentence of the last paragraph of Subsection 712.05.1.2 on page 788.

907-712.05.1.3--Sawed Posts. Delete the last sentence of the paragraph of Subsection 712.05.1.3 on page 788.

907-712.05.1.4--Sawed Braces. Delete the last sentence of the paragraph of Subsection 712.05.1.4 on page 788.

Delete Subsection 712.05.2 on page 788, and substitute the following.

907-712.05.2--Metal Posts.

907-712.05.2.1--Round Steel Pipe. Round steel pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 181, either Grade 1 (i.e., meeting the requirements in ASTM F 1083) or Grade 2 (i.e., meeting the requirements of ASTM F 1043).

Round steel pipe shall be sized in accordance with NPS (nominal pipe size) designations as shown on Plans, and not according to the outer or inner pipe diameter.

907-712.05.2.2--Steel Fence Post and Assemblies, Hot-Wrought. Steel posts with the following section shapes, Tee, channel or U, and Y-Bar shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 281, galvanized in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO M 111, unless otherwise specified in the contract. Acceptance of these steel posts shall be by certification from the manufacturer, producer, supplier, or fabricator, as applicable.

907-712.05.2.3--Blank.

907-712.05.2.4--Steel H-Beam Posts. Steel H-Beam posts shall be produced from structural quality weldable steel having a minimum yield strength of 45,000 psi and shall be galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 123. Steel H-Beam line posts shall be 2.250 inches by 1.625 inches and shall weigh 3.43 pounds per foot. A tolerance of plus or minus 5.0 percent is allowed for

weight per foot. A tolerance of plus or minus 1.0 percent is allowed for dimensions.

907-712.05.2.5--Aluminum-Alloy Posts and Assemblies. Round aluminum-alloy posts shall meet the requirements of ASTM B 241, Alloy 6061, T6. Aluminum-Alloy H-Beam posts shall meet the requirements of ASTM B 221, Alloy 6061, T6.

907-712.05.2.6--Formed Steel Section Posts. Formed steel section posts, "C" sections, shall be formed from sheet steel conforming to ASTM A 1011, Grade 45, and shall be galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 123.

907-712.06--Guard and Guardrail Posts.

907-712.06.2--Treated Wood Posts.

907-712.06.2.1--Square Posts. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 712.06.2.1 on page 789, and substitute the following.

All square posts shall be inspected for conformance with Section 712.05, except that the posts may be rough and shall be within ±3/8" of the dimensions shown on the plans.

907-712.06.2.2--Round Posts. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 712.06.2.2 on page 789, and substitute the following.

All round posts shall be inspected for conformance with Section 712.05, except that the posts shall be of the shape and dimensions shown on the plans.

907-712.06.5--Treated Wood Blocks for Use with Metal Guardrail Posts. Delete the paragraphs of Subsection 712.06.5 on pages 789 & 790, and substitute the following.

Treated wood blocks for use with metal guardrail posts shall be within ±3/8" of the size and dimensions shown on the plans, except that a minus tolerance shall not be allowed for the slotted width in which the metal post must fit.

Delete Subsection 712.16 on page 791, and substitute the following.

907-712.16--Hardware. All ferrous metal hardware for fencing such as bolts, nuts, washers, and metal straps shall be as specified on the plans and galvanizing shall not be less than 1.0 ounce per square foot of uncoated area. Aluminum coated hardware shall be coated with aluminum meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 181 for aluminum coating and at the rate of not less than 0.4 ounces per square foot of uncoated area.

Aluminum alloy hardware shall conform to the requirements of ASTM B 221 for extruded aluminum alloy 6063, T6. The finished members shall be of uniform quality.

Aluminum-zinc coated hardware shall be coated with an aluminum-zinc alloy meeting the chemical requirements and weight of coating specified for aluminum-zinc alloy coated metal gates.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-713-1 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 07/28/2020

SUBJECT: Waterproofing Admixture

Section 713, Concrete Curing Materials and Admixtures, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-713.02--Admixtures for Concrete. Delete Subsection 713.02.4 on page 793 and substitute the following.

907-713.02.4--Blank.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-714-4 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **07/28/2025**

SUBJECT: **Miscellaneous Materials**

Section 714, Miscellaneous Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-714.01--Water.

907-714.01.1--General. Delete the last sentence of the second paragraph in Subsection 714.01.1 on page 794.

907-714.01.2--Water for Use in Concrete. Delete Subsection 714.01.2 on page 794, and substitute the following:

Water from municipal sources is permitted be used as mixing water in concrete, mortar, and grout without Department testing. Water from non-municipal water sources used in mixing of concrete, mortar, and grout which does not meet the requirements in Subsection 714.01.1 shall be tested for conformance as required in AASHTO M157, Table 1 and Table 2.

907-714.01.3--Water for Use in Chemically Stabilized Based. Delete the first sentence of first paragraph in Subsection 714.01.3 on page 794, and substitute the following:

Water used in the construction of bases that contain cement, lime, or other chemical additive shall be as set out in Subsection 714.01.1. Water from municipal sources is permitted to be used without testing for conformance to the requirements below. If water is not from a municipal source, it shall not contain impurities in excess of the following limits:

Delete Subsection 714.01.6 on page 795, and substitute the following.

907-714.01.6--Blank.

907-714.05--Fly Ash.

907-714.05.1--General. Delete the first sentence of the fifth paragraph in Subsection 714.05.1 on page 797.

Delete Subsection 714.06 on page 798, and substitute the following.

907-714.06--Slag Cement.

907-714.06.1--General. The slag cement source must be approved for listing in the Department's

APL prior to use. The acceptance of slag cement shall be based on certified test reports, certification of shipment from the supplier, and tests performed on samples obtained after delivery in accordance with the Department's *Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual* and Department SOP.

The Contractor shall provide suitable means for storing and protecting the slag cement against dampness and contamination. Separate storage silos, bins, or containers shall be provided for slag cement. Slag cement that is partially set, caked or contains lumps shall not be used.

The State Materials Engineer shall be notified in writing of the nature, amount and identity of any processing or other additions made to the slag cement during production.

Slag cement from different mills shall not be mixed or used alternately in any one class of construction or structure without written permission from the Engineer; except that this requirement will not be applicable to cement treatment of design soils or bases.

No additional cementitious materials, such as blended hydraulic cement, fly ash, metakaolin, or others, shall be added to or as a replacement for hydraulic cement when used with slag cement in the production of concrete. The replacement of hydraulic cement with slag cement shall be in accordance with the applicable replacement content specified in Subsection 701.02.2.

907-714.06.2--Specific Requirements. Slag cement shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 302, Grade 100 or 120. Slag cement shall contain no chlorides.

907-714.13--Geotextiles.

907-714.13.11--Tables. Delete Table 1 in Subsection 714.13.11 on page 813, and substitute the following.

Table 1 - Geotextiles

Type Designation	I[1]	II[1]	III	IV	V	VI		VII		VIII	IX	
	Sediment Control		Drainage	Paving	Separation & Drainage	Separation, Stabilization & Reinforcement				High Strength		
Physical Property[2]						Woven	Non-Woven	Woven	Non-Woven			**Test Method**
Grab Strength (lb)	50	90	110	90	200	280	180	450	280	----	----	ASTM D 4632
Elongation (%)	----	50% max @ 45 lb	20% min	50% min @ break	50% min	50% max	50% Min	50% max	50% Min	----	----	ASTM D 4632
Seam Strength (lb)	----	----	70	----	180	240	160	400	240	----	----	ASTM D 4632
Puncture Strength (lb)	----	----	40	----	80	110	75	180	115	----	----	ASTM D 6241
Trapezoidal Tear (lb)	----	----	40	----	80	100	70	150	100	----	----	ASTM D 4533
Asphalt Retention (gal/yd^2)	----	----	----	0.2	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	ASTM D 6140
Permittivity (sec^{-1}) min	0.05	0.05	0.5	----	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	----	----	ASTM D 4491
AOS Woven (mm) max	0.60	0.60	0.6	----	0.6	0.43	----	0.43	----	----	----	ASTM D 4751
AOS Non-Woven (mm) max	0.84	0.84	0.43	----	0.43	----	0.43	----	0.43	----	----	
Tensile Strength after UV (% Retained)	70% @ 500 hr	70% @ 500 hr	50% @ 500 hr	----	50% @ 500 hr	50% @ 500 hr	50% @ 500 hr	50% @ 500 hr	50% @ 500 hr	----	----	ASTM D 4355
Melting Point °(F)	----	----	----	325	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	ASTM D 276
Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength[3] (lb/in)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	660	2000	ASTM D 4595

Notes: 1 - All property values, with the exception of apparent opening size (AOS), represent minimum average roll values in the weakest principal direction. Values for AOS represent the maximum average roll values, 2 - Values not identified in this table should meet manufacturer certification for the use and application, 3- Machine direction

Delete Subsec

907-714.15--Geogrids.

907-714.15.1–General. A geogrid is defined as a geosynthetic formed by a regular network of connected elements with apertures greater than 0.25 inch to allow interlocking with surrounding soil, rock, and other surrounding materials to function primarily as reinforcement.

Geogrid shall be manufactured from an expanded strain hardened monolithic polymer sheet composed of one or more synthetic polymers and shall be mildew resistant and inert to biological degradation and naturally encountered chemicals, alkalis and acids. The geogrid shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors, or a resistance finish or covering to make it resistant to deterioration from direct sunlight, ultraviolet rays, and heat.

Geogrid manufacturers shall participate in and be in compliance with the American Association of State Highway Transportation Officials (AASHTO) National Transportation Product Evaluation Program's (NTPEP) Geosynthetics audit program. Geogrid shall meet the requirements of Table II for the application and type shown on the plans and shall be selected from the Department's Approved Lists.

907-714.15.1.1--Geogrid for Retaining Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes. Geogrid for retaining walls and reinforced soil slopes shall be creep tested in accordance with AASHTO R69 and meet Long Term Design Load, Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength, and open area criteria listed in Table II. Manufacturers shall perform at least one long-term creep test for no less than 10,000 hours in accordance to ASTM D 5262 for each polymer or composition of polymers from which the geogrid is produced. The long-term design load that shall be reported for design use, shall be that load at which no more than 10% strain occurs over a 100-year design life of the geogrid, as calculated in accordance with AASHTO R69. Long-term design loads shall be reported unfactored, and the AASHTO strength reduction factors (Durability and Installation, and safety factors) will be considered by the Department's Geotechnical Branch on a site specific design basis.

907-714.15.1.2--Geogrid for Subgrade Stabilization. Geogrid for subgrade stabilization shall meet Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength and open area criteria listed in Table II.

907-714.15.2--Marking, Shipment, and Storage. Each roll or container of geogrid shall be visibly labeled with the name of the manufacturer, trade name of the product, lot number, and quantity of material. In addition, each roll or container shall be clearly tagged to show the type designation that corresponds to that required by the plans. During shipment and storage the geogrid shall be protected from direct sunlight, and temperatures above 120°F or below 0°F. The geogrid shall either be wrapped and maintained in a heavy duty protective covering or stored in a safe enclosed area to protect from damage during prolonged storage.

907-714.15.3--Manufacturer Certification. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer three copies of the manufacturer's certified test reports indicating that the geogrid furnished conforms to the requirements of the specifications and is of the same composition as the originally approved by the Department.

907-714.15.4--Acceptance Sampling and Testing. Final acceptance of each shipment will be

based upon results of tests performed by the Department on verification samples submitted from the project, as compared to the manufacturer's certified test reports. The Engineer will select one roll or container at random from each shipment for sampling. As sample extending full width of the randomly selected roll or container and being at least five (5) square yards in area will be obtained and submitted by the Engineer. All material samples shall be provided at no cost to the State.

TABLE II
GEOGRIDS

Physical Properties	Type Designation						Test Method
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
Long Term Design Load[1], pounds per foot, Machine Direction	250	500	750	1500	2500	3500	AASHTO R69, ASTM D5262
Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength[2], pounds per foot, Machine Direction	500	1000	1500	3000	5000	7000	ASTM D6637
Open Area, percent	70	70	50	50	50	50	Direct Measurement

[1] Minimum design criteria requirement.
[2] Minimum Average Roll Value (MARV).

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-718-1 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: 12/07/2021

SUBJECT: Timber and Dimension Lumber

Section 718, Timber and Dimension Lumber, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete the Subsections in Section 718 on pages 836 thru 838, and substitute the following.

907-718.01--General. All timber and dimension lumber shall be Southern pine and shall conform in all respects to applicable requirements of AASHTO M 168. The Department reserves the right to sample and to test all materials at any time; all inspection, testing, and certification of materials will be performed in accordance with the requirements of the current version of the Department's *Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual*.

Timber and dimension lumber shall be furnished in the sizes shown on the plans or as specified. Unless otherwise specified, timber and dimension lumber shall be No. 1, or better, graded according to the latest American Lumber Standards.

Only one type of preservative shall be used for the treatment of materials for any one class of construction on a project, unless otherwise specified.

Where treated timber and dimensional lumber is to be used in non-highway construction or use, such as decking, handrails in walking trails, or in any manner where general public exposure by touch is possible, the treatment requirements will be as per project plans and/or approved by the State Materials Engineer.

907-718.02--Untreated Timber and Dimension Lumber. Untreated timber and dimension lumber shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 168.

907-718.03--Treated Timber and Dimension Lumber. Timber and dimension lumber to be treated shall meet the requirements herein specified and shall be treated as specified. Treated timber or dimensional lumber will not be accepted for use unless it has been inspected by an authorized representative of the Department and found to be satisfactory after treatment.

907-718.03.1--Blank.

907-718.03.2--Treatment.

907-718.03.2.1--General. All materials shall be treated in accordance with AASHTO M 133 unless otherwise directed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

907-718.03.2.2--Blank.

907-718.03.2.3--Inspection. Treated timber and dimension lumber shall be inspected by an authorized representative of the Department before being incorporated into the work. Treatment reports shall be provided to the Department for each lot of material supplied.

907-718.03.3--Blank.

907-718.03.4--Storage of Treated Material. All material treated for stock shall be stacked as compactly as possible on a well-drained surface. Material shall be supported on sills spaced as necessary, not to exceed 10 foot intervals and shall have at least one foot of air space beneath the stacks.

All materials treated with preservatives for use in buildings and applications where painting is required shall be dried after treatment. The treated wood shall be dried in accordance with American Lumber Standards.

907-718.04--Preservative. Preservatives shall be as specified in AASHTO M 133 unless otherwise directed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-720-4 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **06/17/2025**

SUBJECT: **Pavement Marking Materials**

Section 720, Pavement Marking Materials, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

Delete Section 720 on pages 840 thru 854, and substitute the following.

SECTION 720 - PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIALS

907-720.01--General. The Department reserves the right to perform sampling and testing of any materials at any time. Upon request of the Engineer, samples of the material shall be furnished.

907-720.02--Color Requirements. All pavement markings except raised pavement markers are required to meet the color requirements of ASTM D6628.

907-720.03--Optics. Optics used in thermoplastic pavement markings shall consist of a double-drop system of glass beads or advanced optics.

907-720.03.1--Glass Beads. The manufacturer shall furnish the Engineer with a certified test report indicating that the glass beads meet AASHTO M 247. AASHTO Type 4 beads shall be applied to the newly placed stripe first, followed by the application of AASHTO Type 1 or Type 2 beads. Type 1, 2, and 4 glass beads shall be transparent, clean, colorless glass, smooth and spherically shaped, free from milkiness, pits, or excessive air bubbles. Type 1, 2, and 4 glass beads shall be coated with a bead coating that is compatible with the traffic marking material to which the glass beads will be applied and will provide adequate moisture proofing, increased adhesion, and optimum embedment of the glass beads.

907-720.03.1.1—Acceptance Procedure. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's certified test reports for the lot(s) of materials from which the shipment originated. The test report shall show all the test results for the material properties and characteristics as specified herein. The test report shall state that the material represented by the test results meets all the requirements of the contract. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish the manufacturer's test report to the Engineer for each shipment of material to the project.

Acceptance sampling and testing will be in accordance with the Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual (Materials Manual).

907-720.03.2--Advanced Optics. Advanced optics are materials that do not meet the specific requirements of AASHTO M 247 but produce a final drop-on optics system that meets or exceeds the reflectivity requirements in Special Provision 907-626. Advanced optics shall be a double-

drop system that is pre-approved and listed on the Department's Approved Products List.

907-720.03.2.1—Acceptance Procedure. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's certified test reports for the lot(s) of materials from which the shipment originated. The test report shall show all the test results for the material properties and characteristics as specified herein. The test report shall state that the material represented by the test results meets all the requirements of the contract. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish the manufacturer's test report to the Engineer for each shipment of material to the project.

Acceptance sampling and testing may be conducted at the request of the Engineer.

907-720.04--Thermoplastic Marking Material. Thermoplastic marking material shall meet the color requirements of Subsection 907-720.02.

There shall be no obvious change in the color of the material if held at its plastic temperature for a period of four (4) hours nor by reason of four (4) re-heatings to its plastic temperature.

The pavement markings shall maintain its original dimension and placement. The material shall not be slippery when wet and it shall not lift from the pavement in freezing weather.

907-720.04.1--Extruded Thermoplastic Material. Extruded thermoplastic pavement marking material shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 249, and shall meet the requirements of 907-720.04 with the following exceptions:

- Blue - ADA thermoplastic marking material shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-720.04.2 with the exception that the color shall be Blue – ADA, and the Contractor may use hot applied thermoplastic materials meeting the satisfaction of the Engineer.

907-720.04.2--Spray-Applied Thermoplastic Material. Spray-applied thermoplastic pavement marking material shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 249 and shall meet the requirements of 907-720.04.

907-720.04.3--Pre-formed Thermoplastic Material. Heat-fused, pre-formed thermoplastic pavement marking material shall meet the color requirements of 907-720.02.

907-720.04.4—Acceptance Procedure. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's certified test reports for the lot(s) of materials from which the shipment originated. The test report shall show all the test results for the material properties and characteristics as specified herein. The test report shall state that the material represented by the test results meets all the requirements of the contract. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish the manufacturer's test report to the Engineer for each shipment of material to the project.

907-720.05--Pavement Marking Tape. Pavement marking tape shall be listed on the Department's Approved Lists.

907-720.05.1—Cold Plastic Pavement Markings (Permanent Pavement Marking Tape). Pavement marking tape for use in roadway applications shall be designated on the Department's Approved Lists as permanent.

The prefabricated markings described shall consist of white or yellow pigmented plastic films with reflective optics uniformly distributed throughout their entire cross-sectional area, and be capable of being affixed by either a pressure sensitive pre-coated adhesive or a liquid contact cement. The markings shall be provided complete in a form that will facilitate rapid application and protect the markings in shipment and storage. The manufacturer shall identify proper solvents and/or adhesives to be applied at the time of application, all equipment necessary for proper application, and recommendations for application that will assure an effective performance life.

Prefabricated legends and symbols shall conform to the applicable shapes and sizes as outlined in the current "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."

907-720.05.1.1--Specific Requirements. Unless otherwise indicated on the plans, the patterned material without adhesive shall have a minimum caliper of 0.065 inch at the thickest portion of the patterned cross-section and a minimum caliper of 0.020 inch at the thinnest portion of the cross-section. The material shall be a pliant polymer film with 50±15% of the surface are raised and presenting a near vertical face angle of 0° to 60° to traffic from any direction. The channels between the raised areas shall be substantially free of exposed optics or particles.

The size and quality of the optics will be such that performance requirements of Subsection 907-720.02 for the retroreflective pliant polymer film shall be met. The pigments shall be selected and blended to provide a marking film that is white or yellow conforming to the performance requirements of Subsection 907-720.02 through the expected life of the film.

907-720.05.1.2--Conformability and Resealing. The marking shall be capable of conforming to pavement contours, breaks, faults, etc. through the action of traffic at normal pavement temperatures.

The marking shall have resealing characteristics that allows it to be capable of fusing with itself and previously applied marking of the same composition under normal conditions of use. The marking shall be capable of use for patching worn areas of the same type in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

907-720.05.1.3--Tensile Strength and Elongation. The material shall have a minimum tensile strength of 40 pounds per square inch of cross section when tested according to ASTM D 638. A 6-inch x 1-inch x 0.06-inch sample shall be tested at a temperature between 70°F and 80°F using a jaw speed of 12 inches per minute.

The material shall have a minimum elongation of 75% at break when tested according to ASTM D 638 using a jaw speed of 12 inches per minute.

907-720.05.1.4--Skid Resistance. The surface of the material shall provide a minimum skid resistance value of 45 BPN when tested according to ASTM E 303 except values will be taken at

downweb and at a 45-degree angle from downweb. These two values will then be averaged to find the skid resistance of the patterned surface.

907-720.05.1.5--Effective Performance Life and Warranty. When applied according to the recommendations of the manufacturer the pavement marking tape shall provide a neat and durable marking that will not flow or distort due to temperature if the pavement surface remains stable. The film shall be weather resistant and through normal traffic wear shall show no appreciable fading, lifting, or shrinkage throughout the useful life of the marking, nor shall it show significant tearing, roll back, or other signs of poor adhesion.

All manufacturer's standard warranties and guarantees on pavement marking tape, which are provided as customary trade practice, shall be delivered to the Engineer at the final inspection. All warranties and guarantees shall be made out to the Department.

907-720.05.1.6—Acceptance Procedure. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's certified test reports for the lot(s) of materials from which the shipment originated. The test report shall show all the test results for the material properties and characteristics as specified herein. The test report shall state that the material represented by the test results meets all the requirements of the contract. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish the manufacturer's test report to the Engineer for each shipment of material to the project.

Acceptance sampling and testing will be in accordance with the Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual (Materials Manual). Samples of the material shall be furnished and shall be provided at no cost to the State.

907-720.05.2--Preformed Pavement Markings for Construction Zones. Preformed pavement markings for construction zones shall be designated Department's Approved Lists as temporary. Retroreflective preformed pavement markings for construction zones shall be as specified on the plans or in the contract documents.

The markings shall be provided in specified widths and shapes. Preformed words and symbols shall conform to the applicable shapes and sizes as outlined in the current "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," or as modified.

The materials shall be packaged in accordance with accepted commercial standards and when stored indoors in a cool dry place, shall be suitable for use one year after date of purchase.

907-720.05.2.1--Specific Requirements. Preformed markings shall consist of retroreflective materials on a conformable backing and shall meet the performance requirements of Subsection 907-720.02. The markings shall consist of a mixture of high-quality polymeric materials, pigments, and optics with a reflective layer of optics bonded to the top surface. The markings shall be pre-coated with a pressure sensitive adhesive capable of adhering to pavement in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions without the use of heat, solvents, or other additional adhesives. The markings and/or adhesive shall not require any curing time after application. A coated non-metallic medium shall be incorporated with the pressure sensitive adhesive to facilitate removal.

907-720.05.2.2—Acceptance Procedure. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's certified test reports for the lot(s) of materials from which the shipment originated. The test report shall show all the test results for the material properties and characteristics as specified herein. The test report shall state that the material represented by the test results meets all the requirements of the contract. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish the manufacturer's test report to the Engineer for each shipment of material to the project.

907-720.06--Raised Pavement Markers. Pavement markers shall be listed on the Department's Approved Lists and shall conform to ASTM D 4280.

907-720.06.1--Packaging. Shipments shall be made in containers acceptable to common carriers and packaged in such a manner as to ensure delivery in perfect condition. All damaged shipments shall be replaced by the Contractor. Each package shall be clearly marked as to the name of the manufacturer, type, quantity enclosed, lot number, and date of manufacture.

907-720.06.2--Non-Reflective Pavement Markers. Non-reflective pavement markers are occasionally referred to as "jiggle markers". Non-reflective markers consisting of a heat-fired, vitreous, ceramic base, and a heat-fired, opaque, glazed surface are permitted for use; the bottom of the marker shall not be glazed. Ceramic markers shall be produced from any suitable combination of intimately mixed clays, shales, talcs, flints, feldspars, or other inorganic material. Ceramic markers shall be thoroughly and evenly matured, and all non-reflective pavement markers shall be free from defects which affect appearance or serviceability.

Ceramic non-reflective markers shall conform to the following finish and testing requirements in Table 2 below.

Table 2

Ceramic Non-Reflective Marker Requirements	
Glaze Thickness	0.005 inch, minimum
Mohs Hardness	6, minimum
Autoclave	Glaze shall not spall, craze, or peel.
Compressive Strength	750 psi, minimum
Water Absorption	2.0%, maximum

907-720.06.3—Acceptance Procedure. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's certified test reports for the lot(s) of materials from which the shipment originated. The test report shall show all the test results for the material properties and characteristics as specified herein. The test report shall state that the material represented by the test results meets all the requirements of the contract. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish the manufacturer's test report to the Engineer for each shipment of material to the project.

907-720.07--Adhesive for Pavement Markers. The adhesive shall be listed on the Department's Approved Lists and shall be an asphaltic material suitable for bonding pavement markers to surfaces when the road surface and marker temperatures are in the range of 50°F to 160°F. The composition of the adhesive must be such that its properties will not deteriorate when heated to and applied at temperatures up to 425°F. Samples may be submitted in the form of an adhesive

testing package from each batch or material obtained from a package shipped to the project.

907-720.07.1--Packaging and Labeling. The adhesive shall be packaged in self-releasing cardboard containers that will stack properly. The label shall show the manufacturer, quantity, and lot or batch number. "Adhesive for Pavement Markers" or "Adhesive for Traffic Markers" shall be printed in bold lettering on the label.

907-720.07.2--Bituminous Adhesive. The asphaltic adhesive material shall be flexible type.

907-720.07.2.1--Flexible Bituminous Adhesive. Flexible bituminous adhesive shall be designated on the Department's Approved Lists as flexible and shall comply with requirements of Table 3 below.

Table 3

Flexible Bituminous Adhesive Properties			
	Min	Max	Test Method
Penetration @ 77°F	-	25	ASTM D 5
Softening Point, °F	200	-	ASTM D 36
Brookfield Viscosity @ 400°F, cp.	-	10,000	ASTM D 3236
Ductility @ 77°F, 5 cm/min	15	-	ASTM D 113
Ductility @ 39.2°F, 1 cm/min	5	-	ASTM D 113
Asphalt Compatibility	Pass		ASTM D 5329
Flexibility @ 20°F	Pass		Per Subsection

907-720.07.3—Acceptance Procedure. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's certified test reports for the lot(s) of materials from which the shipment originated. The test report shall show all the test results for the material properties and characteristics as specified herein. The test report shall state that the material represented by the test results meets all the requirements of the contract. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish the manufacturer's test report to the Engineer for each shipment of material to the project.

Acceptance sampling and testing will be in accordance with the Materials Division Inspection, Testing, and Certification Manual (Materials Manual). Samples of the material shall be furnished and shall be provided at no cost to the State.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-721-4 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **04/19/2022**

SUBJECT: **Materials for Signing**

Section 721, Materials for Signing, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-721.06--Reflective Sheeting.

907-721.06.2--Performance Requirements. Delete Table 4 and Table 5 in Subsection 721.06.2 on pages 860 & 861, and substitute the following.

MINIMUM COEFFICIENTS OF RETROREFLECTION
Candela per foot candle per square foot (cd/fc/ft^2)
Per ASTM Designation D4956

TABLE 4
Type IX Sheeting

Observation Angle	Entrance Angle	White	Yellow	Green	Red	Blue	Fluorescent Yellow/Green	Fluorescent Yellow	Fluorescent Orange
0.2°	-4.0°	380	285	38	76	17	300	230	115
0.2°	+30.0°	215	162	22	43	10	170	130	65
0.5°	-4.0°	240	180	24	48	11	190	145	72
0.5°	+30.0°	135	100	14	27	6.0	110	81	41
1.0°	-4.0°	80	60	8.0	16	3.6	64	48	24
1.0°	+30.0°	45	34	4.5	9.0	2.0	36	27	14

TABLE 5
Type XI Sheeting

Observation Angle	Entrance Angle	White	Yellow	Green	Red	Blue	Brown	Fluorescent Yellow/Green	Fluorescent Yellow	Fluorescent Orange
0.2°	-4.0°	580	435	58	87	26	17	460	350	175
0.2°	+30.0°	220	165	22	33	10	7.0	180	130	66
0.5°	-4.0°	420	315	42	63	19	13	340	250	125
0.5°	+30.0°	150	110	15	23	7.0	5.0	120	90	45
1.0°	-4.0°	120	90	12	18	5.0	4.0	96	72	36
1.0°	+30.0°	45	34	5.0	7.0	2.0	1.0	36	27	14

After Subsection 721.10 on page 864, add the following.

907-721.11--Digital Applied Printing. The following addresses the requirements for digitally printed finished retroreflective traffic control signs on flat sheet aluminum and digitally printed traffic sign faces intended to be applied to a sign substrate.

907-721.11.1--Digitally Printed Ink Systems. Traffic signs must be produced using components, and processes that comply with the retroreflective sheeting manufacturer's recommendations.

Digital printed ink systems used to print traffic signs must meet and comply with daytime and nighttime chromaticity (color standards) as recognized in ASTM D4956 "Standard Specification for Retroreflective Sheeting for Traffic Control."

Digital printed ink systems must meet 70% of the initial retroreflectivity specifications of each respective reflective film color as found in ASTM D4956 "Standard Specification for Retroreflective Sheeting for Traffic Control."

Prior to fabrication and preferably at the preconstruction meeting, the Contractor shall advise the Project Engineer in writing as to which signs on the project will be digitally printed and which ones will be screen printed. The Contractor shall submit to the Project Engineer certifications for all digitally printed signs, which will be forwarded to the State Traffic Engineer for review.

907-721.11.2--Protective Overlay Film. Permanent traffic signs printed with digital ink systems will be fabricated with a full sign protective overlay film designed to provide a smooth surface needed for retroreflectivity, and to protect the sign from fading and UV degradation. The overlaminate shall comply with the retroreflective sheeting manufacturer's recommendations to ensure proper adhesion and transparency and will also meet the reflective film durability as identified in Table 1.

Table 1
Retroreflective Film Minimum Durability Requirements

ASTM D4956 Type	Full Sign Replacement Term (years)	Sheeting Replacement Term (years)
IV	7	10
VIII	7	10
IX	7	12
XI	7	12

Temporary signs used in work zones printed with black ink only will not require a protective overlay film as long as the finished sign is warranted for a minimum outdoor durability of three years by the sheeting manufacturer.

907-721.11.3--Inspection. During fabrication, the Contractor shall provide sufficient testing and quality control throughout fabrication to insure good workmanship. Once the material has been received, it may be subject to random testing to ensure compliance with all requirements. If any test samples do not conform to the requirements, the entire order may be returned at the vendor's expense.

907-721.11.4--Traffic Sign Performance Warranty Provisions. Based on the ASTM Type of sheeting specified, traffic control signs shall be warranted for the duration shown in Table 1. The Contractor shall supply a copy of the warranty document with complete details of terms and conditions upon request of the Department.

907-721.11.5--Certified Digital Sign Fabricator. Sign fabricators using digital imaging methods to produce regulated traffic signs must be certified by the reflective sheeting manufacturer whose materials are used to produce the delivered signs.

Certified sign fabricators must undergo an audit process by the sheeting manufacturer to ensure they have the proper equipment, manufacturing capabilities, manufacturing application processes and the materials required to fulfill the sheeting manufacturer's warranty obligations. Sign fabricators must recertify annually with reflective sheeting manufacturers or utilize a 3rd party certifier approved by the reflective sheeting manufacturer.

The Contractor shall submit proof of Sign Fabricator Certification as issued by the retroreflective sign sheeting manufacturer to the Project Engineer upon delivery of the signs, or with the Shop Drawings.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-722-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/15/2017

SUBJECT: Materials for Traffic Signal Installation

Section 722, Materials for Traffic Signal Installation, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follow.

907-722.02.3--Design Strength Requirements. Delete Subsection 722.02.3 on pages 864 thru 866, and substitute the following.

Unless specified otherwise in the plans, poles shall meet the requirements of the AASHTO *Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals,* as specified in the plans with all interim supplements. All components of the assemblies shall be designed to the following:

- Importance Factor: 1.0; 50 year mean recurrence interval
- Basic Wind Speed (3 second gust): As shown on the project plans
- Minimum Gust Effect Factor: 1.14
- Fatigue Category: II
- Ice Loading: As shown on the project plans
- Natural Wind Gust Pressure Loads: Included
- Truck Induced Gust Pressure Loads: Not included
- Galloping: Not included

907-722.02.5--Mast Arms for Traffic Signal and Equipment Poles. Delete the first four sentences of the third paragraph of Subsection 722.02.5 on page 867, and substitute the following.

Anchor base plates must meet the minimum requirements of ASTM A36 or ASTM A709 Grade 36 or ASTM A572 Grade 50 and must be welded to the shaft by either telescoped with two continuous arc welds or by back up ring using full penetration welds.. Flange plate shall telescope the large end of the arm and be welded by either two (2) continuous arc welds, one (1) being on the outside of the plate, adjacent to the shaft, and the other one (1) on the inside at the end of the tubular cross section or by back up ring using full penetration welds. The thru-bolt flange plate or tapped flange plate supporting the mast arm shall be welded to the pole near the top and supported side plate tangent to the pole and gusset plates both top and bottom. The thru-bolt or tapped flange plate must be sufficient to develop the full capacity of the connecting bolts.

907-722.03--Electric Cable. Delete the paragraphs for Loop Detector Wire and Loop Detector Lead-in Cable in Subsection 722.03 on page 869.

Delete the first sentence of "Communication Cable" in Subsection 722.03 on page 870, and substitute the following.

Communication cables shall be as per the manufacturer's recommendation.

907-722.05.4--Type III or Type IV Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit. After the last sentence of Subsection 722.05.4 on page 871, add the following.

Schedule 40 conduit shall be used unless otherwise noted in the plans.

Delete the title of Subsection 722.13.3 on page 876, and substitute the following.

907-722.13.3--Power Service Pedestal.

Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 722.13.3 on page 876, and substitute the following.

The pedestal shall be of NEMA Type 3R rainproof construction and shall be UL Listed as "Enclosed Industrial Control Equipment" (UL 508A). External construction shall comply with UL50 requirements and shall be unpainted aluminum.

Nominal size of the pedestal shall be 48"H x 16"W x 16"D.

Pedestal shall have a voltage rating or 120v/240v single phase with an Amperage rating of 800A.

After the first sentence of the seventh paragraph of Subsection 722.13.3 on page 876, add the following.

An outdoor rated heavy duty combination lock shall be provided to lock the customer compartment door.

907-722.14.1.3--Optical System. Delete the sixteenth paragraph of Subsection 722.14.1.3 on page 879, and substitute the following.

The signal module on-board circuitry shall include voltage surge protection to withstand high-repetition noise transients and low-repetition high-energy transients as stated in Section 2.1.6, NEMA Standard TS 2, 1992.

Delete the last sentence of the seventeenth paragraph of Subsection 722.14.1.3 on page 879, and substitute the following.

Load switches shall be compatible with NEMA TS 1 or later, or Model 170-1989 or later.

Delete Subsection 722.14.5 on page 882, and substitute the following.

907-722.14.5--Blank.

Delete Subsections 722.14.7 and 722.14.8 on page 882.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-723-2 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 06/19/2018

SUBJECT: High Mast Lighting Assembly

Section 723, Materials for Roadway Lighting Installation, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follow.

907-723.04--High Mast Lighting Assembly.

907-723.04.1--Pole. In the second sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 723.04.1 on page 886, change "2013 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for High Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals" to "Latest Edition of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for High Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals."

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-799-1

DATE: 07/28/2025

SUBJECT: Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixtures

907-799.01.1--Materials. Delete *Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS)* from the list in Subsection 907-799.01.1 on page 1, and substitute the following.

Slag Cement 714.06

Delete the title for Subsection 907-799.02 on page 1, and substitute the following.

907-799.01.2--Classification and Uses of Concrete.

Delete numbers 9 through 15 in the classes and general use list on pages 1 & 2, and substitute the following.

9) Class F (SCC) – Self Consolidating Concrete for prestressed members.
10) Class DS – Concrete for drilled shafts.
11) Class FX – Extra Strength concrete for prestressed members, as shown on plans.
12) Class FX (SCC) – Extra Strength Self Consolidating concrete for prestressed members, as shown on plans.
13) Class PA – Concrete paving.
14) Class PO – Concrete for repair of concrete paving.
15) Class PP – Concrete for special design requirements.
16) Class S – For all seal concrete deposited under water.
17) Class WT – Fiber-reinforced concrete pavement.

907-799.02--Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixture Design. Add the following to Table 1 on page 3.

F[8] (SCC)	67	0.40	5000	28[-4][12]	See Note[4]
FX[8] (SCC)	67	As per mixture design	As shown on plans	28[-4][12]	See Note[4]

Delete Note 8 of Table 1 on page 4, and substitute the following.

[8] Type III, Type IL (HE), or Type III (MS) cement may be used in these Classes of concrete.
[12] Refers to slump flow in inches. It shall be acquired by ASTM C1611.

907-799.02.1.1--Portland Cement. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 907-799.02.1.1 on page 4, and substitute the following.

Portland cement (cement) shall be either Type I or Type II. Type III, Type IL (HE), or Type III (MS), may be used for the production of precast or precast-prestressed concrete members or Classes of concrete with Note 8 in Table 1.

907-799.02.2--Replacement of Portland Cement or Blended Cement. Delete Table X on page 5, and substitute the following.

Table X
Replacement Ranges of Portland Cements and Blended Cements by Fly Ash or Slag Cement

Portland Cement or Blended Cement Type	Fly Ash Replacement Range (%)	Slag Cement Replacement Range (%)
Types I, II, III, and III (MS)	20 – 25	45 – 50
Types IL, IL (MS), and IL (HE)	20 – 35	35 – 40
Types IS and IS (MS)	20 – 25	20 - 25
Types IP and IP (MS)	No replacement combination allowed	

907-799.02.4--Exposure to Soluble Sulfates or Seawater. Delete Table R on page 6, and substitute the following.

Table R
Cementitious Materials Combinations for Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater

	Exposure to Moderate Sulfates or Exposure to Seawater	**Exposure to Severe Sulfates**
Water-soluble sulfate (SO4) in soil, % by mass	0.10 – 0.20	0.20 – 2.00
Sulfate (SO4) in water, ppm	150 – 1,500	1,500 – 10,000
Portland Cement or Blended Cement Types	**Replacement Ranges by SCMs (%)**	
Type I or Type III	24.5 – 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 – 50.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 – 20.0% Metakaolin	49.5 – 50.0% Slag cement
Type II or Type III (MS)	See Note 1	24.5 – 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 – 50.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 – 20.0% Metakaolin
Type IL or IL (HE)	24.5 – 35.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 – 50.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 – 20.0% Metakaolin	49.5 – 50.0% Slag cement

Type IL (MS)	See Note 1	24.5 – 35.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 – 50.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 – 20.0% Metakaolin
Type IS	24.5 – 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 24.5 – 25.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 – 20.0% Metakaolin	24.5 – 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 24.5 – 25.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 – 20.0% Metakaolin
Type IS (MS)	See Note 1	24.5 – 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 24.5 – 25.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 – 20.0% Metakaolin
Type IP (MS)	No replacement combination allowed	Type not allowed

[1] Class F fly ash or slag cement may be added as a replacement for cement as allowed in Subsection 907-799.02.2.

907-799.03--Proportioning of Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixture Design.

907-799.03.1--Proportioning on the Basis of Previous Field Experience of Trial Mixtures. Delete subparagraph (c) on page 7, and substitute the following.

(c) Consists of 10 consecutive tests, an average of three cylinders per test, tested at 28 days. For concrete categorized as a self-consolidating concrete (SCC) mixture, the test data for the plastic concrete shall include the slump flow data, instead of the slump data, and at least one test to determine the static segregation. For all mixture designs, for each of these tests on the plastic concrete the test data shall meet the acceptance criteria of Subsection 907-804.02.13.1.

907-799.03.2--Proportioning on the Basis of Laboratory Trial Mixtures. Add the following to the list of restrictions on page 8.

(g) For concrete categorized as a SCC mixture, the mixture shall be designed to produce a slump flow within ±2 inches of the maximum permitted and a maximum static segregation of 15.0 percent. The concrete shall not be rodded or vibrated during casting the test specimens.

(h) For concrete categorized as a SCC mixture, test specimens shall be made in accordance with the above listed specifications with the exception that the concrete shall not be rodded or vibrated during casting the test specimens.

907-799.05--Field Verification of Concrete Mixture Design. Delete the second and third paragraphs on page 9, and substitute with the following.

The Contractor's Certified Quality Control Technicians shall test each concrete mixture design upon the first placement of the mix. Aggregates and concrete tests during the first placement shall be as follows.

Aggregates	Concrete
Bulk Specific Gravity	Water Content
Moisture	Slump or Slump Flow
Gradation	Air Content
	Unit Weight
	Yield
	Static Segregation

For all Classes of concrete, the mixture shall be verified to yield within 2.0% of the correct volume when all the mix water is added to the batch, either by the batch plant or as ice used to control mixture acceptance temperature. For concrete categorized as a SCC mixture, the mixture shall produce a slump flow within minus four inches (4") of the maximum permitted and a static segregation less than 15.0%.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-799-1 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 11/21/2023

SUBJECT: Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixtures

Section 907-799, Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixtures, is hereby added to and made part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-799 - HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE MIXTURES

907-799.01--General.

907-799.01.1--Materials. The materials for hydraulic cement concrete mixtures shall meet the requirements of the following Subsections:

Portland Cement	701.01 and 701.02
Blended Cement	701.01 and 701.04
Fine Aggregate	703.02
Coarse Aggregate	703.03
Lightweight Aggregate	703.19.02
Synthetic Structural Fiber	711.04
Admixtures	713.02
Water	714.01.1 and 714.01.2
Fly Ash	714.05
Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS)	714.06
Metakaolin	907-714.09.01

907-799.02--Classification and Uses of Concrete. The classes and general uses of hydraulic cement concrete (concrete) mixtures are as follows:

1) Class AA - Concrete for bridge construction and concrete exposed to seawater.
2) Class B - General use, heavily reinforced sections, cast-in-place concrete piles, and conventional concrete piles.
3) Class BD - Concrete for bridge decks.
4) Class BDX - Extra strength concrete for bridge decks.
5) Class BDO - Concrete for bridge deck overlay.
6) Class C - Massive sections or lightly reinforced sections.
7) Class D - Massive unreinforced sections and riprap.
8) Class F - Concrete for prestressed members.
9) Class DS - Concrete for drilled shafts.
10) Class FX - Extra strength concrete for prestressed members, as shown on plans.
11) Class PA - Concrete paving.

12) Class PO - Concrete for repair of concrete paving.
13) Class PP - Concrete for special design requirements.
14) Class S - For all seal concrete deposited under water.
15) Class WT - Fiber-reinforced concrete pavement.

907-799.02--Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixture Design. At least 10 working days prior to production of concrete, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer proposed concrete mixture designs complying with the Department's *Concrete Manual*. Materials shall be from approved sources meeting the requirements of the Standard Specifications. Proportions for the mixture designs shall be for the class concrete required by the plans and shall meet the requirements of the "Master Proportion Table for Hydraulic Cement Concrete Designs" listed in Table 1. The concrete producer shall assign a permanent unique mixture number to each mixture design. Each mixture design shall be field verified as required in Subsection 907-799.03.3. Acceptable field verification data shall be required for final approval of a mixture design.

All concrete mixture designs will be reviewed by the Materials Division prior to use. Concrete mixture designs disapproved will be returned to the Contractor with a statement explaining the disapproval.

If the maturity method is used to estimate the compressive strength for applications such as early opening to traffic or form removal, the Contractor shall also submit compressive strength/maturity documentation developed in accordance with Subsection 804.03.15 for the mixture prior to production of concrete.

If the Contractor chooses to cure the concrete in accordance with the requirements listed under **Length of Time Defined by Development of Compressive Strength** in Subsection 804.03.17, the compressive strength/maturity relationship shall be developed for the mixture design for a minimum of 28 days following the requirements of Subsection 804.03.15. The compressive strength/maturity relationship information shall be submitted with the mixture design information.

Table 1
MASTER PROPORTION TABLE FOR HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE DESIGNS

Class	Required Coarse Aggregate Size No.[7]	Maximum w/cm Ratio	Specified Compressive Strength (f'_c) psi	Maximum Permitted Slump inches[5]	Total Air Content (%)
AA	57 or 67	0.45	4000	8	3.0-6.0
B	57 or 67	0.50	3500	8	3.0-6.0
BD[2, 3]	57 or 67	0.45[1]	4000	5	3.0-6.0 5.0 8.0
BDX[2, 3]	57 or 67	0.45[1]	4500	5	3.0-6.0 5.0 8.0
BDO[3, 6, 8, 11]	7, 8, or 78	As per mixture design	2500	6	3.0-6.0
C	57 or 67	0.55	3000	8	3.0-6.0
D	57 or 67	0.70	2000	8	3.0-6.0
DS	67	0.45	4000	8±1	See Note[4]
F[8]	67	0.40	5000	8	See Note[4]
FX[8]	67	As per mixture design	As shown on plans	8	See Note[4]
PA	467 or 57[9]	0.48	3500	3	3.0-6.0
PO[8, 11]	57 or 67	As per mixture design	3500	8	3.0-6.0
PP	57 or 67	0.45	Per Plans	8	3.0-6.0
S	57 or 67	0.45	3000	8	3.0-6.0
WT[3, 8, 10, 11]	57 or 67	0.40	3500	4	3.0-6.0

[1] For Class BD concrete for bridge decks, the minimum water/cementitious material ratio shall be 0.43 and the maximum cementitious material content shall be 550 pounds per cubic yard.
For Class BDX concrete for bridge decks, the minimum water/cementitious material ratio shall be 0.42 and the maximum cementitious material content shall be 564 pounds per cubic yard.

[2] For bridge decks constructed following the requirements of Subsection 804.03.19.7.3, Subsection 804.03.14.2, and Subsection 804.03.17.2, then the Class BD or Class BDX mixture design shall contain lightweight aggregate (LWA) and have an internal curing water content of 8.0 lbs per 100 lbs of total cementitious materials in the mixture design; mixture designs not containing LWA and the required minimum internal curing water content shall not be used.

[3] An approved synthetic structural fiber shall be incorporated into the mixture at 1.25 times the approved dosage rate. For each additional pound of fibers per cubic yard added in excess

of the requirement stated above, an additional inch of slump will be allowed up to a maximum permitted slump of eight (8) inches.

[4] Entrained air is not required for Class F, FX, and DS concrete unless exposed to seawater. For concrete not exposed to seawater, the total air content shall not exceed 6.0%. For concrete exposed to seawater, the total air content shall be 3.0-6.0%.

[5] Except as noted for Class DS concrete, the design slump selected by the Contractor for the mixture design may be less than the maximum permitted slump. The design slump is the maximum acceptance slump for field acceptance in accordance with Subsection 907-804.02.13.1.2. Except as noted for Class DS concrete, minus slump requirements shall meet those set forth in Table 3 of AASHTO M157.

[6] For Class BDO the mixture design shall include a minimum 564 pounds per cubic yard of cementitious material with a minimum 15 percent fly ash replacement. The specified strength shall be achieved prior to Opening To Traffic.

[7] Other small coarse aggregate sizes meeting the requirements of Subsection 703.03.2.4 may be used in conjunction with the coarse aggregate sizes listed. Lightweight aggregate (LWA) meeting the requirements of Subsection 703.19.2 may also be used as a partial replacement for fine aggregate.

[8] Type III or Type III (MS) portland cement may be used in these Classes of concrete.

[9] The oven-dry coarse aggregate volume per cubic yard of concrete shall be a minimum of 72%.

[10] The coarse aggregate size requirements shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-799.02.4.2.

[11] Non-chloride based accelerating admixtures may be used in these Classes of concrete.

907-799.02.1--Allowable Hydraulic Cement Types.

907-799.02.1.1--Portland Cement. Portland cement (cement) shall be either Type I or Type II. Type III or Type III (MS) may be used for the production of precast or precast-prestressed concrete members or Classes of concrete with Note 8 in Table 1.

907-799.02.1.2--Blended Cement. Blended hydraulic cements (blended cements) shall be of the following types and conform to Subsection 701.04:

Type IL – Portland-limestone cement
Type IP – Portland-pozzolan cement
Type IS – Portland blast-furnace slag cement

Blended cement Types IL, IP, and IS meeting the "MS" sulfate resistance requirements listed in AASHTO M 240, Table 3 may also be used.

907-799.02.2--Replacement of Portland Cement or Blended Cement. Replacement of portland cement or blended cement shall be on a weight basis. At least 50% by weight of total cementitious material per cubic yard shall be portland cement.

Except as noted for concrete exposed to soluble sulfates or sea water in Subsection 907-799.02.4, the maximum replacement limits of portland cement or blended cement by weight by fly ash and

slag cement shall be in accordance with Table X provided the 50% by weight of total cementitious material per cubic yard of portland cement is maintained.

Table X
Replacement Ranges of Portland cements and Blended cements by Fly Ash or Slag Cement

Portland cement or Blended cement type	Fly ash replacement range (%)	Slag cement replacement range (%)
Types I, II, III, and III (MS)	20 - 25	45 - 50
Types IL and IL (MS)	20 - 35	35 - 40
Types IS and IS (MS)	20 - 25	20 - 25
Types IP and IP (MS)	No replacement combination allowed	

Replacement contents below the range minimum in Table X may be used in concrete, but the concrete does not qualify for any special considerations, such as the maximum acceptance temperature for concrete in Subsection 804.02.13.1.5. Special considerations shall only apply for replacement of both portland cement and blended cement by either fly ash or slag cement.

907-799.02.3--Alkali Content. The total alkali content for all classes of concrete shall not exceed 4.0 lb per cubic yard based on the alkali contribution from the portland cement. The maximum cement alkali content reported on the cement mill certificate shall be used in this determination. An example calculation can be found in the Department's *Concrete Manual*.

907-799.02.4--Exposure to Soluble Sulfates or Seawater. When portland cement or blended cement concrete is exposed to moderate or severe soluble sulfate conditions or to seawater listed, cement types and replacement of cement by Class F fly ash, slag cement, or metakaolin shall be as follows in Table R.

Class C fly ash shall not be used as a replacement for cement in any of the sulfate exposure conditions listed below. Type IP blended cement shall not be used in any of the sulfate exposure conditions listed below.

Table R
Cementitious Materials Combinations for Soluble Sulfate Conditions or Seawater

	Exposure to Moderate Sulfates or Exposure to Seawater	**Exposure to Severe Sulfates**
Water-soluble sulfate (SO_4) in soil, % by mass	0.10 - 0.20	0.20 - 2.00
Sulfate (SO_4) in water, ppm	150 - 1,500	1,500 - 10,000
Portland cement or Blended cement types	**Replacement Ranges by SCMs (%)**	
Type I or Type III	24.5 - 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 - 50.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 - 20.0% Metakaolin	49.5 - 50.0% Slag cement
Type II or Type III (MS)	See Note 1	24.5 - 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 - 50.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 - 20.0% Metakaolin
Type IL	24.5 - 35.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 - 50.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 – 20.0% Metakaolin	49.5 - 50.0% Slag cement
Type IL (MS)	See Note 1	24.5 - 35.0% Class F fly ash, or 49.5 - 50.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 - 20.0% Metakaolin
Type IS	24.5 - 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 24.5 - 25.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 - 20.0% Metakaolin	24.5 - 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 24.5 - 25.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 - 20.0% Metakaolin
Type IS (MS)	See Note 1	24.5 - 25.0% Class F fly ash, or 24.5 - 25.0% Slag cement, or 19.5 - 20.0% Metakaolin
Type IP (MS)	No replacement combination allowed	Type not allowed

[1] Class F fly ash or slag cement may be added as a replacement for cement as allowed in Subsection 907-799.02.2.

907-799.02.5--Chemical Admixtures. At least one water-reducing admixture or water-reducing/set-retarding admixture shall be used in all classes of concrete in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended dosage range. Admixtures providing a specific performance characteristic other than those of water reduction or set retardation may be used in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended dosage range. Accelerating admixtures shall not be used unless approved by the State Materials Engineer and as applied to Classes by Note 11 in Table 1. Any combinations of admixtures shall be approved by the Engineer before their use.

907-799.02.6--Aggregates.

907-799.02.6.1--Lightweight Aggregate Requirements for Bridge Decks. For bridge decks constructed following the requirements of Subsection 804.03.19.7.3, Subsection 804.03.14.2 and Subsection 804.03.17.2, then the Class BD or Class BDX mixture design shall contain LWA meeting the requirements of Subsection 703.19.2 and have an internal curing water content of 8.0 lbs. per 100 lbs. of total cementitious materials in the mixture design; mixture designs not containing LWA and the required minimum internal curing water content shall not be used.

907-799.02.6.2--Class WT Concrete. Class WT concrete used in fiber-reinforced concrete pavements with a design thickness greater than or equal to 4 inches, size 57 coarse aggregate shall be used. Class WT concrete used in fiber-reinforced concrete pavements with a design thickness less than 4 inches, size 67 coarse aggregate shall be used.

907-799.03--Proportioning of Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixture Design. Proportioning of hydraulic cement concrete shall be based on an existing mixture of which the producer has field experience and documentation or based on a recently batched laboratory mixture tested according to the required specifications.

907-799.03.1--Proportioning on the Basis of Previous Field Experience of Trial Mixtures. Where a concrete production facility has a record, based on at least 10 consecutive strength tests from at least 10 different batches within the past 12 months from a mixture not previously used on Department projects, the standard deviation shall be calculated. The record of tests from which the standard deviation is calculated shall:

(a) Represent similar materials and conditions to those expected. Changes in materials and proportions within the test record shall not have been more closely restricted than those for the proposed work.
(b) Represent concrete produced to meet a specified strength.
(c) Consist of 10 consecutive tests, average of three cylinders per test, tested at 28 days. For all mixture designs, for each of these tests on the plastic concrete the test data shall meet the acceptance criteria of Subsection 804.02.13.1.

The standard deviation, *s,* shall be calculated as:

$$s = \left[\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2 \div (N - 1)\right]^{1/2}$$

where:

X_i = the strength result of an individual test
$\bar{X}$ = the average of individual tests in the series
N = number of tests in the series

When the concrete production facility does not have a record of tests for calculation of standard deviation, as required in the above formula, the requirements of Subsection 907-799.03.2 shall govern.

The required average compressive strength (f'_{cr}) used as the basis for selection of concrete proportions shall conform to the inequality listed below, while using a standard deviation, s, calculated as shown above.

$$\overline{X} \geq f'_{cr}$$

where:

$$f'_{cr} = f'_c + 1.43s$$

where:

f'_c = specified compressive strength of concrete, psi
f'_{cr} = required average compressive strength of concrete, psi
s = standard deviation, psi

1.43 represents the Lower Quality Index necessary to assure that 93% of compressive strength tests are above f'_c.

907-799.03.2--Proportioning on the Basis of Laboratory Trial Mixtures. When an acceptable record of field test results is not available, concrete proportions shall be established based on laboratory trial mixtures meeting the following restrictions:

(a) The combination of materials shall be those intended for use in the proposed work.
(b) Trial mixtures having proportions and consistencies suitable for the proposed work shall be made using the ACI 211.1 as a guide to proportion the mixture design.
(c) Trial mixtures shall be designed to produce a slump within ±¾ inch of the design slump allowed, and for air-entrained concrete, ±0.5 percent of the maximum permitted air content in Table 1 in Subsection 907-799.02. The temperature of freshly mixed concrete in trial mixtures shall be reported.
(d) For each proposed mixture, at least three compressive test cylinders shall be made and cured in accordance with AASHTO R 39. Each change of water-cement ratio shall be considered a new mixture. The cylinders shall be tested for strength in accordance with AASHTO T 22 and shall be tested at 28 days.
(e) The required average strength of laboratory trial mixes shall exceed f'_c by 1200 psi for concrete mixture designs less than 5000 psi and by 1400 psi for concrete mixture designs of 5000 psi or more.
(f) The laboratory trial batch mixtures shall have been made within the previous 12 months before being submitted for approval and shall not have been previously used on Department projects.

907-799.04--Documentation of Average Strength. Documentation that the proposed concrete proportions will produce an average strength equal to or greater than the required average shall consist of the strength test records from field tests or results from laboratory trial mixtures.

907-799.05--Field Verification of Concrete Mixture Design. Unless otherwise noted within this Subsection, and except for Class PO, concrete mixture designs will only be tentatively approved pending field verification submission. All concrete placed using a mixture design which has not been acceptably field verified will not be paid for by the Department until field verification is submitted and approved as having been found to meet the requirements in this Subsection and those in the Department's *Concrete Manual*. The requirements for yield, slump, or total air content shall be successfully met within the first three (3) production days. Mixture designs may be transferred to other projects without additional field verification testing if the most recent field verification testing was conducted within the past twelve (12) months. All concrete mixtures will have a complete field verification performed and submitted to the Department's Materials Division every 12 months.

The Contractor's Certified Quality Control Technicians shall test each concrete mixture design upon the first placement of the mixture. Aggregates and concrete tests during the first placement shall be as follows.

Aggregates	Concrete
Bulk Specific Gravity	Water Content
Moisture	Slump
Gradation	Air Content
	Unit Weight
	Yield

For all Classes of concrete, the mixture shall be verified to yield within 2.0% of the correct volume when all the mix water is added to the batch, either by the batch plant or as ice used to control mixture acceptance temperature.

For all Classes of concrete other than DS, F, and FX, the mixture shall produce a slump within a minus 1½-inch tolerance of the design for mixtures with a design slump of three inches (3") or less or within a minus 2½-inch tolerance of the design for mixtures with a design slump of greater than three inches (3"), and producing a total air content within the allowable air content range in Table 3.

For Class DS, the slump range shall be 8 inches ±1 inch. For Class DS exposed to seawater, the total air content shall be within the allowable air content range in Table 3. For Class DS not exposed to seawater the total air content shall be within the requirements in Table 3.

For Classes F and FX, the slump shall be within a minus 1½-inch tolerance of the design for mixtures with a design slump of three inches (3") or less or within a minus 2½-inch tolerance of the design for mixtures with a design slump of greater than three inches (3"). For Classes F and FX exposed to seawater, the total air content shall be within the allowable air content range in Table 3. For Classes F and FX not exposed to seawater the total air content shall be within the requirements in Table 3.

The mixture shall be adjusted and retested, if necessary, on subsequent placements until the above-mentioned properties are met.

If the requirements for yield, slump, or total air content are not met within the first three (3) production days, subsequent field verification testing shall not be permitted on Department projects, and the mixture design shall not be used until the requirements listed above are met. Any mixture design adjustments, changes in the mixture proportions, are to be made by a Class III Certified Technician representing the Contractor. After the mixture design has been verified and adjustments made, verification test results will be reviewed by the Engineer.

907-799.05.1--Field Verification and Slump Loss of Class DS Concrete Mixture Designs. Prior to placement of Class DS concrete mixture, the Contractor shall provide test results of a slump loss test using approved methods to demonstrate that the mixture meets the four-hour requirement in Subsection 803.03.2.7.1. The Contractor shall notify the Department 48 hours prior to performing the slump loss test. These tests shall be conducted successfully by an approved testing laboratory during the installation of the trial shaft, with personnel from the Department present. As an alternative, the slump loss test can be performed prior to the installation of the trial shaft.

The slump loss test shall be conducted at temperatures and conditions similar to those expected at the job site at the time of the installation of the trial shaft. The sample for the slump loss test shall be from a minimum batch size of four (4) cubic yards of concrete. If the temperature between a successful slump loss test and the installation of the production shaft exceeds 10ºF above the concrete temperature, another successful slump loss test shall be performed on the first truckload of concrete as part of the installation of the trial shaft. The requirement to limit the time between the previous slump loss test and an installation of the trial shaft also applies to Class DS concrete mixture designs being transferred from another project. During any shaft installation a slump loss test shall be conducted by the Contractor at the direction of the Engineer from the concrete at the site for verification of slump loss requirements using a sample from a minimum batch size of four cubic yards of concrete.

907-799.05.2--Field Verification of Class BDO and Class WT Concrete Mixture Designs. Prior to mixture design submittal, the Contractor shall perform a field verification on Class BDO and Class WT concrete mixture designs and submit the field verification data and batch ticket information as part of the mixture submittal.

In addition to the requirements in Subsection 907-799.03.3, this documentation must indicate that the mixture achieves the requirements in Table 1 for:

- the compressive strengths required for acceptance within 28 days;
- the compressive strengths required for early opening to traffic within the time specified by the Engineer; and
- if the maturity method is to be used to estimate the compressive strength for early opening to traffic, the strength/maturity relationship shall be verified within 10% of the predicted compressive strength value determined by the maturity curve following the requirements of AASHTO T325 during the field verification.

907-799.06--Adjustments of Mixtures. The mixture design may be adjusted by the Class III Certified Technician representing the Contractor in accordance with the allowable revisions listed in paragraph 5.7 of the Department's *Concrete Manual*. Written notification shall be submitted to the Engineer a minimum of seven (7) days prior to any source or brand of material change, aggregate size change, allowable material type change, or decrease in any cementitious material content. Any adjustments of the concrete mixture design shall necessitate repeat of field verification procedure as described in Subsection 907-799.05 and approval by the Engineer.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-803-5

DATE: 09/09/2024

SUBJECT: Test Piles

Before Subsection 907-803.03.1.9.3.3 on page 1, add the following.

907-803.03.1.9.3.2—Contractor Requirements. Delete Subparagraph (c) in Subsection 907-803.03.1.9.3.3 and substitute the following.

(c) Supply a manlift and qualified personnel to operate the manlift for attaching dynamic monitoring instrumentation to the test piles. The Contractor shall make one of their personnel available to operate the manlift for Department personnel to place the transducers on the piles after the piles have been place in the leads.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-803-5 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: 01/08/2020

SUBJECT: Test Piles

Section 803, Deep Foundations, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-803.03--Construction Requirement

907-803.03.1--Driven Piles.

907-803.03.1.9--Determination of Bearing Value of Piling.

907-803.03.1.9.3--Determination of Bearing Value by PDA Monitoring (Dynamic Load Testing).

907-803.03.1.9.3.3--PDA Monitored Driving and/or Restrike of Piling.

907-803.03.1.9.3.3.3--Driving Requirements. Delete the first two sentences of the first paragraph of Subsection 803.03.1.9.3.3.3 on page 907, and substitute the following.

Piles to be used in the determination of pile bearing by PDA monitoring shall be driven with PDA instrumentation attached to the pile and shall have a PDA monitored 1-day restrike performed after the initial pile driving. The Engineer may modify the waiting periods that are required before the restrikes are performed. The Engineer may require additional restrikes after the 1-day restrike if deemed necessary when it is determined pile bearing requirements have not be met. Additional restrikes required by the Engineer will be paid for as a Pile Restrike.

907-803.04--Method of Measurement.

907-803.04.12--PDA Test Pile. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 803.04.12 on page 932 and substitute the following.

Completion of this pay item shall include the 1-day restrike after initial driving and individual components will not be considered separately. Any additional restrike required by the Engineer on this type test pile will be paid for as a Pile Restrike.

907-803.05--Basis of Payment.

907-803.05.2--Conventional Pile Load Tests. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 803.05.2 on page 933 and substitute the following.

Conventional static pile load tests, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract fixed unit price per each.

Delete pay items 803-B, 803-I, and 803-J on page 935 and substitute the following.

907-803-B:	Conventional Static Pile Load Test	- per each
907-803-I:	PDA Test Pile	- per each
907-803-J:	Pile Restrike	- per each

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-803-6 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **11/21/2023**

SUBJECT: **Deep Foundations**

Section 803, Deep Foundations, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-803.02--Materials. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 803.02 on page 900, and substitute the following.

All materials shall conform to the applicable requirements set forth in Sections 710, 711, 719, 799, 804, and 814.

Delete the first sentence of the third paragraph on Subsection 803.02 on page 900, and substitute the following.

Concrete for drilled shafts shall be Class "DS" concrete meeting the requirements of Section 907-799.

907-803.03--Construction Requirement.

907-803.03.1-Driven Piles.

907-803.03.1.9--Determination of Bearing Value of Piling.

907-803.03.1.9.3--Determination of Bearing Value by PDA Monitoring (Dynamic Load Testing).

907-803.03.1.9.3.3--PDA Monitored Driving and/or Restrike of Piling.

907-803.03.1.9.3.3.3--Driving Requirements. Delete the first three sentences of the first paragraph of Subsection 803.03.1.9.3.3.3 on page 907, and substitute the following.

Piles to be used in the determination of pile bearing by PDA monitoring shall be driven with PDA instrumentation attached to the pile and shall have a PDA monitored 1-day restrike performed after the initial pile driving. The Engineer may modify the waiting periods that are required before the restrikes are performed. The Engineer may require additional restrikes after the 1-day restrike if deemed necessary when it is determined pile bearing requirements have not be met. Additional restrikes required by the Engineer will be paid for as a Pile Restrike.

907-803.03.2--Drilled Shafts.

907-803.03.2.7--Concrete Placement.

907-803.03.2.7.1--General. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 803.03.2.7.1 on page 925 and substitute the following.

Drilled shaft concrete shall meet the requirements in Sections 804 and 907-799.

Delete the fourth sentence of the fourth paragraph of Subsection 803.03.2.7.1 on page 925, and substitute the following.

Prior to concrete placement, the Contractor shall provide test results meeting the requirements of Subsection 907-799.02 and a slump loss test per the requirements in Subsection 907-799.05.1.

907-803.04--Method of Measurement.

907-803.04.12--PDA Test Pile. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 803.04.12 on page 932 and substitute the following.

Completion of this pay item shall include the 1-day restrike after initial driving and individual components will not be considered separately. Any additional restrike required by the Engineer on this type test pile will be paid for as a Pile Restrike.

907-803.05--Basis of Payment.

907-803.05.2--Conventional Pile Load Tests. Delete the paragraph in Subsection 803.05.2 on page 933 and substitute the following.

Conventional static pile load tests, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract fixed unit price per each.

Delete pay items 803-B, 803-I, 803-J, 803-K, 803-L, and 803-M on page 935 and substitute the following.

907-803-B:	Conventional Static Pile Load Test	- per each
907-803-I:	PDA Test Pile	- per each
907-803-J:	Pile Restrike	- per each
907-803-K:	Drilled Shaft, ___" Diameter	- per linear foot
907-803-L:	Test Shaft, ___" Diameter	- per each
907-803-M:	Trial Shaft, ___" Diameter	- per linear foot

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUPPLEMENT TO SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-804-13

DATE: 07/28/2025

SUBJECT: Concrete Bridges and Structures

907-804.02--Materials

907-804.02.6--Classification and Uses of Concrete. Delete numbers 9 through 15 on page 2 and substitute the following.

9) Class F (SCC) – Self Consolidating Concrete for prestressed members.
10) Class DS – Concrete for drilled shafts.
11) Class FX – Extra Strength concrete for prestressed members, as shown on plans.
12) Class FX (SCC) – Extra Strength Self Consolidating concrete for prestressed members, as shown on plans.
13) Class PA – Concrete paving.
14) Class PO – Concrete for repair of concrete paving.
15) Class PP – Concrete for special design requirements.
16) Class S – For all seal concrete deposited under water.
17) Class WT – Fiber-reinforced concrete pavement.

907-804.02.12--Contractor's Quality Control.

907-804.02.12.2--Personnel Requirements. Delete the first sentence of the second paragraph of Subsection 907-804.02.12.2 on pages 3 & 4, and substitute the following.

The Contractor's Designated Certified Technician shall either be an employee of the Contractor, an employee of the concrete producer, or an employee of the certified independent testing laboratory.

907-804.02.12.5--Non-Conforming Materials. Delete Table 4 on page 5, and substitute the following.

TABLE 4

CONTRACTOR'S MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALITY CONTROL

Hydraulic Cement Concrete		
Control Requirement	**Frequency**	**AASHTO/ASTM**
A. PLANT AND TRUCKS		
1. Mixer Blades		
2. Scales	Monthly	
a. Tared	Daily	
b. Calibrate	Every 6 months	
c. Check Calibration	Weekly	
3. Gauges & Meters - Plant & Truck		
a. Calibrate	Every 6 months	
b. Check Calibration	Weekly	
4. Admixture Dispenser		
a. Calibrate	Every 6 months	
b. Check Operation & Calibration	Daily	
B. AGGREGATES		
1. Sampling		T 2
2. Fine Aggregate		
a. Gradation / FM	250 yd^3 concrete	T 27
b. Moisture	Check meter against test results weekly	T 255
c. Specific Gravity / Absorption	2500 yd^3 concrete	T 84
3. Coarse Aggregates		
a. Gradation	250 yd^3 concrete	T 27
b. Moisture	Minimum of once daily or more as needed to control production. Check meter against test results weekly.	T 255
c. Specific Gravity / Absorption	250 yd^3 Concrete if the coarse aggregate oven dry specific gravity is less than 2.450, or 2500 yd^3 Concrete if the coarse aggregate oven dry specific gravity is greater than or equal to 2.450	T 85
C. PLASTIC CONCRETE		
1. Sampling		R 60
2. Air Content	First load then one per 50 yd^3	T 152* or T 196*
3. Slump or Flow*	First load then one per 50 yd^3	T 119* or C 1611*
4. Static Segregation*	2500 yd^3 Concrete	C 1610*
5. Density (Unit Weight)	100 yd^3 or when cylinders are made	T 121
6. Compressive Strength	A minimum of one set (three cylinders) for each 100 yd^3 inclusive and one set for each additional 100 yd^3 or fraction thereof for each class concrete delivered and placed on a calendar day from a single supplier. A test shall be the average of three cylinders.	T 22*, T 23*, T 231
7. Yield	Each 400 yd^3 Concrete	T 121*
8. Temperature	With each sample	T 309

Note: * For concrete categorized as a SCC mixture, the following requirements shall apply:

(a) Substitute the appropriate AASHTO for references to other ASTM Designations listed in ASTM C1610 and C1611.
(b) Test specimens shall be made in accordance with the above listed specifications with the exception that the concrete shall not be rodded or vibrated during casting the test specimens.
(c) The slump flow test shall only be performed on SCC mixtures in accordance with ASTM C1611. For these mixtures AASHTO T119 is not required. For the slump flow test, the filling procedure used shall be Procedure B. Additionally, for each slump flow test, determine the T50 and VSI values in accordance with the information in Appendix X1 of ASTM C1611. There are no acceptance criteria for the T50 or VSI determinations.
(d) The static segregation test shall only be performed on SCC mixtures.

907-804.02.13--Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing. Delete Table 5 on page 6, and substitute the following.

TABLE 5
DEPARTMENT'S MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS
FOR QUALITY ASSURANCE

Quality Assurance Tests	Frequency	AASHTO/ASTM
A. AGGREGATES		
1. Sampling		T 2
2. Fine Aggregate Gradation and FM	250 yd^3 concrete	T 27
3. Coarse Aggregates Gradation	250 yd^3 concrete	T 27
4. Coarse Aggregate a. Specific gravity / Absorption	250 yd^3 Concrete if the coarse aggregate oven dry specific gravity is less than 2.450, or 2500 yd^3 Concrete if the coarse aggregate oven dry specific gravity is greater than or equal to 2.450	T 85
B. PLASTIC CONCRETE		
1. Sampling		R 60
2. Air Content	Every 100 yd^3	T 152* or T 196*
3. Slump or Slump Flow*	Every 100 yd^3	T 119 or C 1611*
4. Density (Unit Weight)	100 yd^3 or when cylinders are made	T 121
5. Compressive Strength	One set (three cylinders) for every 100 yd^3 inclusive. A test shall be the average of three cylinders.	T 22*, T 23*, T 231
6. Temperature	With each sample	T 309

Note: * For concrete categorized as a SCC mixture, the following requirements shall apply:

(a) Substitute the appropriate AASHTO for references to other ASTM listed in ASTM C1611.
(b) Test specimens shall be made in accordance with the above listed specifications with the exception that the concrete shall not be rodded or vibrated during casting the test specimens.

(c) The slump flow test shall only be performed on SCC mixtures in accordance with ASTM C1611. For these mixtures AASHTO T119 is not required. For the slump flow test, the filling procedure used shall be Procedure B.

Delete Subsection 907-804.2.13.1.7 on page 6, and substitute the following.

907-804.02.13.1.7--Static Segregation. For concrete categorized as a SCC mixture, the static segregation of the plastic concrete shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-799.03.2. If the static segregation of the concrete mix design exceeds this requirement, the mix shall be adjusted by a Class III Certified Technician representing the Contractor to ensure a static segregation less than the maximum allowable. If batching of the proportions of the mixture design varies outside the batching tolerance range of the originally approved proportions by more than the tolerances allowed in Subsection 907-804.02.12.1, the new proportions shall be field verified per Subsection 907-799.05.

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 907-804-13 **CODE: (IS)**

DATE: **11/21/2023**

SUBJECT: **Concrete Bridges and Structures**

Section 804, Concrete Bridges and Structures, of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction is hereby amended as follows.

907-804.02--Materials.

907-804.02.3--Non-Quality Control / Quality Assurance Concrete.

Delete the third sentence of the first paragraph on page 936 and substitute the following.

The Contractor is required to submit mixture designs to accomplish this work in accordance with Section 907-799 and perform normal Quality Control functions in accordance with Table 4, Contractor's Minimum Requirements for Quality Control, Items A and B in Subsection 907-804.02.12.5.

Add the following to the list of concrete items on page 937 that are not accepted based on the Quality Control / Quality Assurance (QC/QA) requirements.

Section	Description
502	Concrete Bridge-End Pavement
504	Fiber-Reinforced Concrete Pavement
610	High Tension Cable Barrier

907-804.02.6--Classification and Uses of Concrete. Delete the contents of Subsection 804.02.6 on pages 937 and 938 and substitute the following.

When a specific class of concrete is not specified on the plans or in the contract documents, the structure or parts thereof shall be constructed with the class of concrete as directed by the Engineer.

The classes of hydraulic cement concrete (concrete) mixtures are as follows:

1) Class AA - Concrete for bridge construction and concrete exposed to seawater.
2) Class B - General use, heavily reinforced sections, cast-in-place concrete piles, and conventional concrete piles.
3) Class BD - Concrete for bridge decks.
4) Class BDX - Extra strength concrete for bridge decks.
5) Class BDO - Concrete for bridge deck overlay.
6) Class C - Massive sections or lightly reinforced sections.
7) Class D - Massive unreinforced sections and riprap.

8) Class F - Concrete for prestressed members.
9) Class DS - Concrete for drilled shafts.
10) Class FX - Extra strength concrete for prestressed members, as shown on plans.
11) Class PA - Concrete paving.
12) Class PO - Concrete for repair of concrete paving.
13) Class PP - Concrete for special design requirements.
14) Class S - For all seal concrete deposited under water.
15) Class WT - Fiber-reinforced concrete pavement.

The classes of concrete and their general uses are listed in Subsection 907-799.01.

907-804.02.8--Laboratory Accreditation. Delete the first paragraph of Subsection 804.02.8 on page 938, and substitute the following.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing the laboratory used to perform concrete quality control tests. The laboratory shall be either the Contractor's facility, the concrete producer's facility, or a certified independent testing laboratory subcontracted by the concrete producer.

Table 1

AASHTO: R 39	Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory
AASHTO: R 60	Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete
AASHTO: R 76	Sampling Aggregates
AASHTO: R 100	Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field
AASHTO: T 19	Bulk Density ("Unit Weight") and Voids in Aggregates
AASHTO: T 22	Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens
AASHTO: T 27	Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates
AASHTO: T 84	Specific Gravity and Absorption of Fine Aggregate
AASHTO: T 85	Specific Gravity and Absorption of Coarse Aggregate
AASHTO: T 119	Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete
AASHTO: T 121	Density (Unit Weight), Yield, and Air Content (Gravimetric) of Concrete
AASHTO: T 152	Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by Pressure Method *
AASHTO: T 196	Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method *
AASHTO: T 231	Capping Cylindrical Concrete Specimens
AASHTO: T 248	Reducing Field Samples of Aggregate to Testing Size
AASHTO: T 255	Total Evaporable Moisture Content of Aggregate by Drying
AASHTO: T 325	Standard Method of Test for Estimating the Strength of Concrete in Transportation Construction by Maturity Tests **
AASHTO: T 309	Temperature of Freshly Mixed Portland Cement Concrete
ASTM: C 1074	Standard Practice for Estimating Concrete Strength by the Maturity Method **

* Equipment necessary for either pressure or volumetric air content.
** Equipment necessary for estimating concrete strength following the maturity method.

Table 2

Concrete Technician's Tasks	Test Method Required	Certification Required**
Sampling or Testing of Plastic Concrete	AASHTO R 60, R 100, T 119, T 121, T 152, T 196, and T 309	MDOT Class I certification
Compressive Strength Testing of Concrete Cylinders	AASHTO T 22 and T 231	MDOT Concrete Strength Testing Technician certification
Sampling of Aggregates	AASHTO R 76	Work under the supervision of a MDOT Class II certified technician
Testing of Aggregates	AASHTO T 19, T 27, T 84, T 85, T 248, and T 255	MDOT Class II certification
Proportioning of Concrete Mixtures*	AASHTO M 157 and R 39	MDOT Class III certification
Interpretation and Application of Maturity Meter Readings	AASHTO T 325 and ASTM C 1074	Two hours maturity method training

* Technicians making concrete test specimens for meeting the requirements of Subsection 804.02.10.1.2 shall be MDOT Class I certified and under the direct supervision of an MDOT Class III certified technician.

** MDOT Class I certification encompasses the same test procedures and specifications as ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician-Grade I. MDOT Class II certification encompasses the same test procedures and specifications as ACI Aggregate Testing Technician-Level 1. MDOT Concrete Strength Testing Technician encompasses the same test procedures and specifications as ACI Concrete Strength Testing certification.

Delete Subsection 804.02.10 on pages 940 thru 946, and substitute the following.

907-804.02.10--Hydraulic Cement Concrete Mixture Design. The hydraulic cement concrete mixture design shall meet the requirements in Section 907-799 for the applicable Class of concrete.

907-804.02.12--Contractor's Quality Control.

907-804.02.12.1--Quality Control Plan.

907-804.02.12.1.1--Elements of Plan. Delete Item (d) (3) in Subsection 804.02.12.1.1 on page 947, and substitute the following.

(3) If the Contractor elects to utilize Job Site Batch Adjustments by Addition of Chemical Admixture within Item 2, the procedures outlined in the Contractor's Quality Control Plan for Job Site Batch Adjustments shall be followed.

907-804.02.12.2--Personnel Requirements. Delete the two paragraphs in Subsection 804.02.12.2 on page 948, and substitute the following.

The Contractor's Designated Certified Technician shall either be an employee of the Contractor, an employee of the concrete producer, or an employee of the certified independent testing

laboratory subcontracted by the concrete producer. The Contractor's Designated Certified Technician shall perform and use quality control tests and other quality control practices to assure that delivered materials and proportioning meet the requirements of the mixture design including temperature, slump, total air content, unit weight, and strength and shall periodically inspect all equipment used in transporting, proportioning, and mixing.

The Contractor shall periodically inspect all equipment used placing, consolidating, finishing, and curing to assure it is operating properly and that placement, consolidation, finishing, and curing conform to the mixture design and other contract requirements.

907-804.02.12.5--Non-Conforming Materials. Delete Table 4 on page 950, and substitute the following.

Table 4
CONTRACTOR'S MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALITY CONTROL

Hydraulic Cement Concrete		
Control Requirement	**Frequency**	**AASHTO/ASTM**
A. PLANT AND TRUCKS		
1. Mixer Blades	Monthly	
2. Scales		
a. Tared	Daily	
b. Calibrate	Every 6 months	
c. Check Calibration	Weekly	
3. Gauges & Meters - Plant & Truck		
a. Calibrate	Every 6 months	
b. Check Calibration	Weekly	
4. Admixture Dispenser		
a. Calibrate	Every 6 months	
b. Check Operation & Calibration	Daily	
B. AGGREGATES		
1. Sampling		R 76
2. Fine Aggregate		
a. Gradation / FM	250 yd^3 concrete	T 27
b. Moisture	Check meter against test results weekly	T 255
c. Specific Gravity / Absorption	2500 yd^3 concrete	T 84
3. Coarse Aggregates		
a. Gradation	250 yd^3 concrete	T 27
b. Moisture	Minimum of once daily or more as needed to control production. Check meter against test results weekly.	T 255
c. Specific Gravity / Absorption	250 yd^3 concrete if the coarse aggregate oven dry specific gravity is less than 2.450, or 2500 yd^3 concrete if the coarse aggregate oven dry specific gravity is greater than or equal to 2.450	T 85
C. PLASTIC CONCRETE		
1. Sampling		R 60
2. Air Content	First load then one per 50 yd^3	T 152 or T 196
3. Slump	First load then one per 50 yd^3	T 119
4. Unit weight	100 yd^3 or when cylinders are made	T 121
5. Compressive Strength	A minimum of one set (three cylinders) for each 100 yd^3 inclusive and one set for each additional 100 yd^3 or fraction thereof for each class concrete delivered and placed on a calendar day from a single supplier. A test shall be the average of three cylinders.	R 100, T 22, T 231
6. Yield	Each 400 yd^3 concrete	T 121
7. Temperature	With each sample	T 309

907-804.02.13--Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing. Delete Table 5 in Subsection 804.02.13 on pages 951 and 952, and substitute the following.

TABLE 5
DEPARTMENT'S MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS
FOR QUALITY ASSURANCE

Quality Assurance Tests	Frequency	AASHTO/ASTM
A. AGGREGATES		
1. Sampling		R 76
2. Fine Aggregate Gradation and FM	250 yd^3 concrete	T 27
3. Coarse Aggregates Gradation	250 yd^3 concrete	T 27
4. Coarse Aggregate a. Specific gravity / Absorption	250 yd^3 Concrete if the coarse aggregate oven dry specific gravity is less than 2.450, or 2500 yd^3 Concrete if the coarse aggregate oven dry specific gravity is greater than or equal to 2.450	
B. PLASTIC CONCRETE		
1. Sampling		R 60
2. Air Content	Every 100 yd^3	T 152 or T 196
3. Slump	Every 100 yd^3	T 119
4. Density (Unit Weight)	100 yd^3 or when cylinders are made	T 121
5. Compressive Strength	One set (three cylinders) for every 100 yd^3 inclusive. A test shall be the average of three cylinders.	R 100, T 23, T 231
6. Temperature	With each sample	T 309

907-804.02.13.1--Job Control Testing.

907-804.02.13.1.4--Yield. Delete the first sentence of Subsection 804.02.13.1.4 on page 953 and substitute the following.

If the yield of the concrete mixture is more than plus or minus three percent (±3%) of the design volume, the mixture design shall be adjusted by a Class III Certified Technician representing the Contractor to yield the correct volume, plus or minus three percent (±3%).

907-804.02.13.1.5--Temperature. Delete the third and fourth paragraphs of Subsection 804.02.13.1.5 on page 953, and substitute the following.

The maximum acceptance temperature of Class C concrete mixtures is 100°F for mixtures meeting the cement replacement requirements of Subsection 907-799.02.2. For Class C concrete mixtures that do not meet the cement replacement requirements of Subsection 907-799.02.2, the maximum acceptance temperature is 95°F.

The maximum acceptance temperature for all other concrete mixtures meeting the cement replacement requirements of Subsection 907-799.02.2 is 95°F. The maximum acceptance temperature for all other concrete mixtures that do not meet the cement replacement requirements of Subsection 907-799.02.2 is 90°F.

Delete Subsection 804.02.13.1.7 on page 954 and substitute the following.

907-804.02.13.1.7--Blank.

907-804.03--Construction Requirements.

907-804.03.11--Concrete Exposed to Seawater. Delete the first sentence of the paragraph in Subsection 804.03.11 on page 962, and substitute the following.

Unless otherwise specifically provided, concrete for structures exposed to seawater shall be Class AA concrete as referenced in Subsection 907-799.02.

Delete Subsection 804.03.16.1 on pages 970 & 971, and substitute the following.

907-804.03.16.1--Cold Weather Concreting.

907-804.03.16.1.1--Mixture Acceptance Temperature. For the purpose of job site acceptance temperature in accordance with Subsection 804.02.13.1.5, in cold weather, the acceptance temperature of the concrete when delivered to the job site shall conform to the temperature limitations of "Temperature Limitations on Concrete when Delivered to Job Site" listed in Table 8 below. For the purpose of mixture acceptance temperature, cold weather is defined as three consecutive days when there is a probability that the daily average of the highest and lowest ambient temperatures is expected to be less than 40°F. This three-day forecast shall be based on the latest information available from the National Weather Service.

TABLE 8
COLD WEATHER TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS ON CONCRETE WHEN DELIVERED TO JOB SITE

Section thickness in the least dimension inches	Jobsite Acceptance Temperature Range °F
Less than 12	55 to 75
12 to 36	50 to 70
36 to 72	45 to 65
Greater than 72	40 to 60

907-804.03.16.1.2--Structure Concrete Protection. The Contractor shall assume all risk and added cost connected with the placing and protecting of concrete during cold weather. For the purpose of structure protection, cold weather is defined as periods where there are indications of temperatures less than 40°F during the first four days after placement. Permission given by the Engineer to place concrete during such time will in no way relieve the Contractor of responsibility for satisfactory results. Protection of the concrete shall be accomplished in accordance with the requirements in Subsection 907-804.03.16.1.2.1. If approved by the Engineer, the protection of the concrete may be accomplished in accordance with the requirements in Subsection 907-804.03.16.1.2.2. In either case, should it be determined at any time that the concrete placed under such conditions is unsatisfactory, it shall be removed and replaced with satisfactory concrete by the Contractor without extra compensation.

Before placing concrete, all ice or frost shall be removed from the forms and reinforcement.

In the case of concrete placed directly on or in the ground, such as for footings or bottom slabs, protection and curing during cold weather may be provided as set for concrete pavement under Subsection 501.03.20.3.

907-804.03.16.1.2.1--Enclosure Method. The Contractor shall have available on the project the approved facilities necessary to enclose uncured concrete and to keep the temperature of the air inside the enclosure between 50°F and 100°F for the duration of the cold weather period. The Contractor shall use such heating equipment such as stoves, salamanders, or steam equipment as deemed necessary to protect the concrete. When dry heat is used, means of maintaining atmospheric moisture shall be provided.

The Contractor shall install the temperature sensors and other appurtenances to measure and record the temperature history of the air inside the enclosure. The Contractor shall be able to determine the temperature history of air inside the enclosure while remaining outside the enclosure

In the event that the Contractor's enclosure method does not successfully maintain the air temperature within the required range, the Contractor shall suspend additional concrete placements until either 1) such time that changes in the enclosure method are demonstrated to successfully maintain the required temperatures during other periods of cold weather, or 2) such time that concrete placements are not conducted during periods of cold weather.

If the air temperature inside the enclosure at the end of the protection period is more than 20°F greater than the ambient temperature, the Contractor shall 1) stop using heating equipment, 2) leave the enclosure undisturbed, and 3) allow the air temperature inside the enclosure to decrease to within 20°F of the ambient temperature before disturbing or removing the enclosure.

907-804.03.16.1.2.2--Insulating Blanketing Method. At the option of the Contractor with the approval of the Engineer, an approved insulating blanketing material capable of maintaining the temperature of the concrete at or above 40°F may be used to protect the work. The insulating blanketing material shall remain in place until both 1) the required concrete strength in Table 6 is achieved as determined using the Maturity Method in accordance with Subsection 804.03.15, and 2) the temperature differential between the ambient temperature and the internal concrete temperature determined by the maturity meter does not exceed 20°F.

In the event the Engineer does not approve of using the Insulating Blanketing Method, the Contractor shall use the Enclosure Method per Subsection 907-804.03.16.1.2.1.

907-804.03.16.1.2.3--Batching Considerations. One or more of the aggregates and/or mixing water may be heated. The aggregates may be heated by steam, dry heat, or by placing in the mixing water that has been heated. Frozen aggregates shall not be used. When either aggregates or water are heated above 100°F, the aggregates and water shall be combined first in the mixer before the cement is added to avoid flash set. Cement shall not be mixed with water or with a mixture of water and aggregate having a temperature greater than 100°F.

The use of salt or other chemical admixtures in lieu of heating will not be permitted.

907-804.03.17--Curing Concrete.

907-804.03.17.1--Water with Waterproof Cover. In the second sentence of the fourth paragraph of Subsection 804.03.17.1 on page 973, delete the word "due".

Delete the first sentence of the fifth paragraph of Subsection 804.03.17.1 on page 973, and substitute the following.

The Contractor shall maintain the burlap in a fully wet condition using powered fogging equipment, such as a commercially available pressure washer, which is capable of producing a fog spray of atomized droplets of water (i.e., producing a very fine and gentle mist that looks like a foggy morning) until the concrete has gained sufficient strength to allow foot traffic without the foot traffic marring the surface of the concrete.

Delete the seventh paragraph of Subsection 804.03.17.1 on page 973, and substitute the following.

If there is an unanticipated delay in the placement of the first layer of saturated burlap outside the time limit which is due to unforeseen events which are not a part of the Contractor's curing operations for meeting the requirements of this Subsection and which are outside the direct control of the Contractor, the struck-off and finished concrete shall be kept wet by use of the powered fogging equipment used to keep the burlap wet as described previously in the Subsection.

In the second sentence of the eighth paragraph of Subsection 804.03.17.1 on page 973, replace the word "like" with "such as".

907-804.03.17.1.2--Liquid Membrane. In the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 804.03.17.1 on page 973, replace "polyethylene sheets" with "white polyethylene sheets."

907-804.03.19.7--Finishing Bridge Decks.

907-804.03.19.7.1--General. Delete the second paragraph of Subsection 804.03.19.7.1 on page 985, and substitute the following.

In the event a method is not designated on the plans, the Contractor may use either the Longitudinal Method in accordance with Subsection 907-804.03.19.7.2 or the Transverse Method in accordance with Subsection 907-804.03.19.7.3.

907-804.03.19.7.2--Longitudinal Method. Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 804.03.19.7.2 on page 985, and substitute the following.

The longitudinal method may only be used for repairs to bridge decks or bridge widening projects.

907-804.03.19.7.3--Transverse Method. Before the first sentence of the first paragraph of Subsection 804.03.19.7.3 on page 986, add the following.

The transverse method shall be used for construction of new bridge decks and may be used for bridge deck repair or bridge widening.

907-804.03.22--Precast-Prestressed Concrete Bridge Members.

907-804.03.22.8--Testing of Materials. Delete the first sentence of the paragraph in Subsection 804.03.22.8 on page 997, and substitute the following.

Concrete and aggregate testing shall meet the requirements of Division VI of PCI Quality Control Manual, Latest Edition, except that the concrete mixture design shall meet the requirements of Subsection 907-799.

907-804.05--Basis of Payment. Delete the first and second pay items listed on page 999, and substitute the following.

907-804-A: Bridge Concrete, Class _____ - per cubic yard

907-804-B: Box Bridge Concrete, Class _____ - per cubic yard

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISIONS NO. 907-823-8 **CODE: (SP)**

DATE: **08/06/2024**

SUBJECT: **Preformed Joint Seal**

Section 907-823, Preformed Joint Seal, is hereby added to and becomes a part of the 2017 Edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows.

SECTION 907-823--PREFORMED JOINT SEAL

907-823.01--Description. This work consists of furnishing and installing preformed joint seals in accordance with these specifications and the details shown in the Plans or drawings provided.

907-823.02--Materials. The Contractor shall furnish a manufacturer's certification stating that the material used meets the requirements of this specification.

The preformed joint seal shall be one of the following, or an approved equal. The size of the seal, Type I, Type II, or Type III shall be determined based on the size of the joint opening, as detailed in the Plans or drawings provided. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that the size selected is appropriate for the width of the joint. Type I shall be used for joint openings less than two inches (2"). Type II shall be used for joint openings greater than two inches (2"), with the maximum joint opening being two and one-half inches (2½"). Type III shall be used for joint openings greater than two and one-half inch (2½"), with the maximum joint opening being three and one-half inch (3½"). In cases where the joint opening (design width "A" plus seat widths on both sides of the joint opening) is greater than four inches (4"), another type of expansion material shall be required as directed by the Director of Structures, State Bridge Engineer.

1. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured by R.J. Watson, Inc. in Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

2. Wabo®SPS Joint System
   Manufactured by Watson Bowman Acme Corporation in Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

3. Silspec SSS Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured by SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials in Tulsa, OK
   www.ssicm.com

907-823.03--Construction Methods. Preformed joint seals shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The material shall seal the deck surface, gutters, and curbs to prevent moisture or other contaminants from leaking through the joints. The joint seal shall be installed in such a manner that the top surface of the material is within the minimum and maximum depths below the roadway or bridge surface recommended by the manufacturer.

Saw cutting for the joint repair shall be accomplished by sawing at the locations and depth shown on the joint repair detail sheets in the plans or in the contract documents. Saw cuts shall be as near vertical as possible at the saw line of the repair area. The saw cut depth shall be equivalent to the installation depth required by the manufacturer's specifications, and the type specified shall be the same as the type specified for preformed joint seal.

907-823.04--Method of Measurement. Preformed joint seal of the type specified will be measured in linear feet along the length of the centerline joint.

Saw cuts of the type specified will be measured by the linear foot along the length of the bridge deck on each side of the centerline joint.

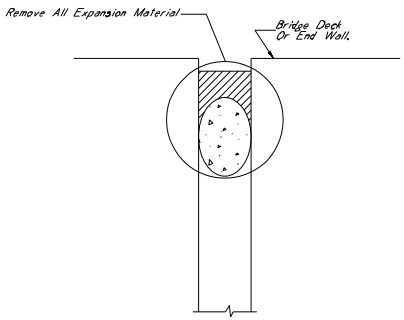
907-823.05--Basis of Payment. Preformed joint seal, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot, which shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, equipment, tools, materials, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Saw cuts, measured as prescribed above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot, which shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, equipment, tools, materials, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

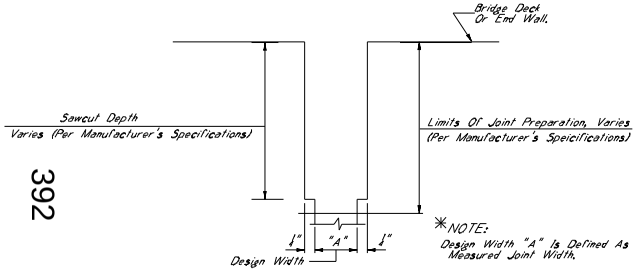
907-823-A: Preformed Joint Seal, Type ___ - per linear foot

907-823-B: Saw Cut, Type _____ - per linear foot



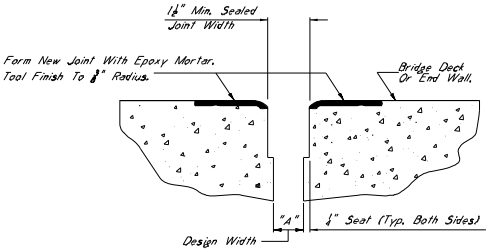
TYPICAL SECTION AT EXISTING JOINT

Showing Existing Expansion Materials To Be Removed And Replaced With Preformed Joint Seal



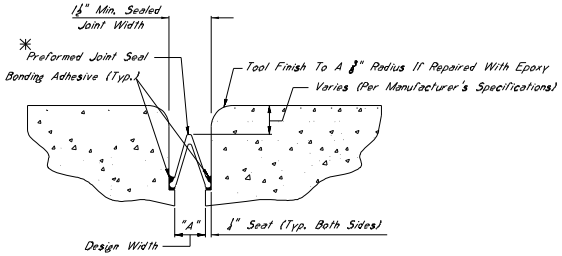
TYPICAL SECTION AT JOINT AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING SEAL AND SAWCUT

Showing Limits Of Joint Preparation For Application Of New Joint Seal Materials And Sawcut



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & JOINT REPAIR

Showing Area Where Repairs Are Made After Sawcut, With Epoxy Mortar Or Approved Equivalent



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & SEALED JOINT

Showing Sealed Joint After Sawcut

*NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

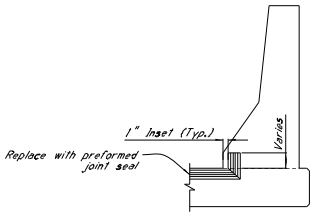
   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec S55 Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The RJ Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The ½" Seat Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Seal, Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than or Equal To 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 2½". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 2½", With The Maximum Design Width Being 3½". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 3½", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.



ELEVATION AT END OF SPAN

*NOTES:

For Jersey Shape Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 3".
For Post And Beam Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier is 6".

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

907-808-A002 JOINT REPAIR

Description: Shall Include The Work Necessary To Repair Joints In Preparation For The Placement Of New Expansion Material, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Epoxy Mortar Shall Also Be Included Under This Item Of Work. Removal Of Existing Silicone Sealed, Compression, And AC Sealed Joint Materials Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Be Considered As Absorbed Under This Item Of Work. Removal Of Joint Materials And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited to Compacted Dirt, Vegetation and Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work. All Other Requirements Shall Be In Accordance With The Applicable Provisions Of Section 808 Of The Specifications And Any Other Sections Specified Therein.

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-808-A003 JOINT REPAIR WITHOUT EPOXY

Description: Shall Include The Work Necessary To Repair Joints In Preparation For The Placement Of New Expansion Material, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Removal Of Existing Silicone Sealed, Compression, And AC Sealed Joint Materials Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work. Removal Of Joint Materials And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited to Compacted Dirt, Vegetation and Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work. All Other Requirements Shall Be In Accordance With The Applicable Provisions Of Section 808 Of The Specifications And Any Other Sections Specified Therein.

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-823-B001 SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-B002 SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-B003 SAW CUT, TYPE III

Description: The Saw Cut Depth Shall Be Equivalent To The Installation Depth Required By The Manufacturer's Specifications. The Saw Cut Type Shall Be The Same As The Preformed Joint Seal Selected.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck, On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Proper Depth Is Selected Based On The Manufacturer's Recomendations.

907-823-A001 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

Description: Shall Include The Manufacturer's Required Joint Preparation Including Sandblasting Both Sides Of The Joint And Blowing The Joint Free Of Debris With Compressed Air And Placement Of The New Preformed Joint Seal

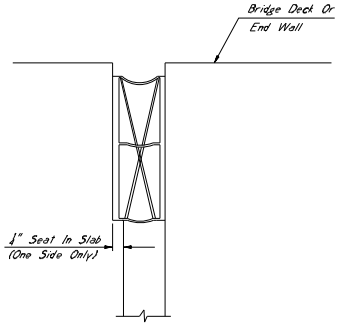
Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Centerline Joint.

EPOXY MORTAR AND POLYMER CONCRETE NOTES:

Either Epoxy Mortar Or Polymer Concrete May Be Used. Guidelines For Selection Of Materials Can Be Found In Section 808 of the Specifications.

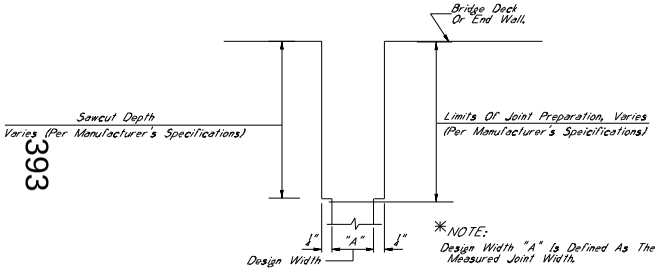
GENERAL NOTES:

1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2017.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.



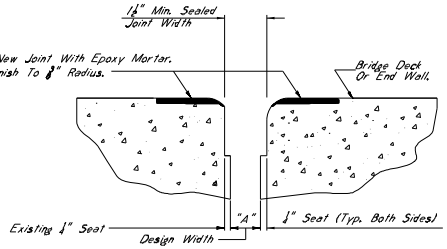
TYPICAL SECTION AT EXISTING JOINT

Showing Existing Expansion Device To Be Removed And Replaced With Preformed Joint Seal



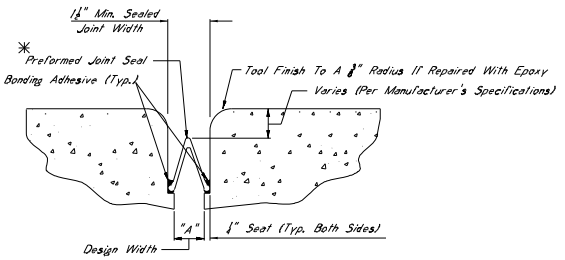
TYPICAL SECTION AT JOINT AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING SEAL AND SAWCUT

Showing Limits Of Joint Preparation For Application Of New Joint Seal Materials And Sawcut



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & JOINT REPAIR

Showing Area Where Repairs Are Made After Sawcut, With Epoxy Mortar Or Approved Equivalent



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & SEALED JOINT

Showing Sealed Joint After Sawcut And Repair With Epoxy Mortar

✳NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

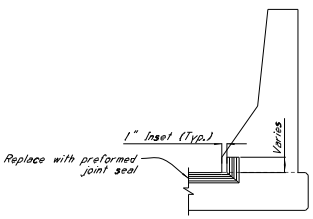
   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec SSS Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The RJ Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The ½" Seat Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Seal, Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than or Equal To 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 2½". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 2½", With The Maximum Design Width Being 3½". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 3½", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.



✳NOTES:

For Jersey Shape Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 3".
For Post And Beam Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 6".

ELEVATION AT END OF SPAN

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

907-808-A002 JOINT REPAIR

Description: Shall Include The Work Necessary To Repair Joints In Preparation For The Placement Of New Expansion Material, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Removal Of Joint Materials And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation and Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work. Epoxy Mortar Shall Also Be Included Under This Item Of Work. Removal of Existing Silicone Sealed, Compression, And AC Sealed Joint Materials Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Be Considered As Absorbed Under This Item Of Work. All Other Requirements Shall Be In Accordance With The Applicable Provisions Of Section 808 Of The Specifications And Any Other Sections Specified Therein.

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-808-A003 JOINT REPAIR WITHOUT EPOXY

Description: Shall Include The Work Necessary To Repair Joints In Preparation For The Placement Of New Expansion Material, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Removal Of Existing Silicone Sealed, Compression, And AC Sealed Joint Materials Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work. Removal Of Joint Materials And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation and Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work. All Other Requirements Shall Be In Accordance With The Applicable Provisions of Section 808 Of The Specifications And Any Other Sections Specified Therein.

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-823-A001 SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-A002 SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-A003 SAW CUT, TYPE III

Description: The Saw Cut Depth Shall Be Equivalent To The Installation Depth Required By The Manufacturer's Specifications. The Saw Cut Type Shall Be The Same As The Preformed Joint Seal Selected.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Proper Depth Is Selected Based On The Manufacturer's Recomendations.

907-823-A001 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

Description: Shall Include The Manufacturer's Required Joint Preparation Including Sandblasting Both Sides Of The Joint And Blowing The Joint Free Of Debris With Compressed Air And Placement Of The New Preformed Joint Seal

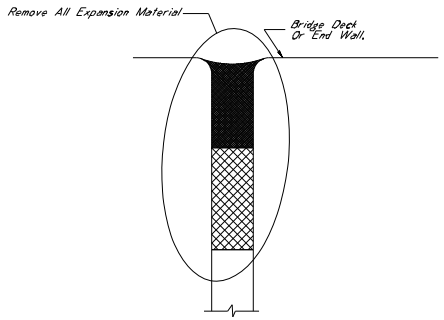
Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Centerline Joint.

EPOXY MORTAR AND POLYMER CONCRETE NOTES:

Either Epoxy Mortar Or Polymer Concrete May Be Used. Guidelines For Selection Of Materials Can Be Found In Section 808 of the Specifications.

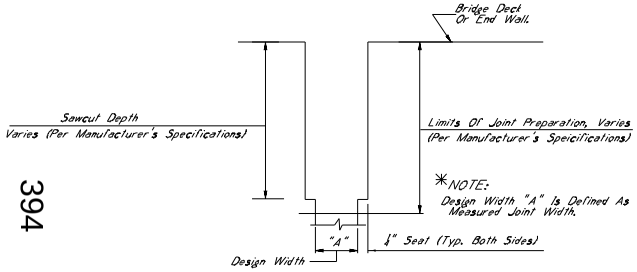
GENERAL NOTES:

1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2017.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.



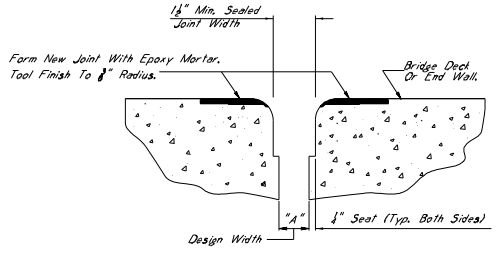
TYPICAL SECTION AT EXISTING JOINT

Showing Existing Expansion Material To Be Removed And Replaced With Preformed Joint Seal



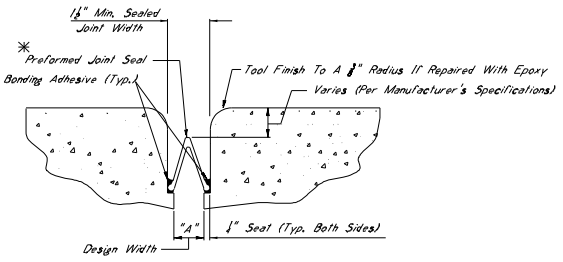
TYPICAL SECTION AT JOINT AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING SEAL AND SAWCUT

Showing Limits Of Joint Preparation For Application Of New Joint Seal Materials And Sawcut



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & JOINT REPAIR

Showing Area Where Repairs Are Made After Sawcut, With Epoxy Mortar Or Approved Equivalent



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & SEALED JOINT

Showing Sealed Joint After Sawcut And Repair With Epoxy Mortar

✳NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

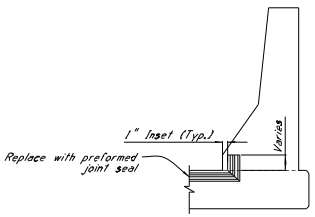
   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec 555 Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The RJ Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The ¼" Seat Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Seal, Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than or Equal To 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 2½". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 2½" With The Maximum Design Width Being 3". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 3", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.



✳NOTES:

For Jersey Shape Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 3". For Post And Beam Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier is 6".

ELEVATION AT END OF SPAN

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

907-808-A002 JOINT REPAIR

Description: Shall Include The Work Necessary To Repair Joints In Preparation For The Placement Of New Expansion Material, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Epoxy Mortar Shall Also Be Included Under This Item Of Work. Removal Of Existing Silicone Sealed, Compression, And AC Sealed Joint Materials Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Be Considered As Absorbed Under This Item Of Work. Removal Of Joint Materials And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation and Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work. All Other Requirements Shall Be In Accordance With The Applicable Provisions Of Section 808 Of The Specifications And Any Other Sections Specified Therein.

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-808-A003 JOINT REPAIR WITHOUT EPOXY

Description: Shall Include The Work Necessary To Repair Joints In Preparation For The Placement Of New Expansion Material, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Removal Of Existing Silicone Sealed, Compression, And AC Sealed Joint Materials Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Be Considered As Absorbed Under This Item Of Work. Removal Of Joint Materials And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation And Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work. All Other Requirements Shall Be In Accordance With The Applicable Provisions Of Section 808 Of The Specifications And Any Other Sections Specified Therein.

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-823-B001 SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-B002 SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-B003 SAW CUT, TYPE III

Description: The Saw Cut Depth Shall Be Equivalent To The Installation Depth Required By The Manufacturer's Specifications. The Saw Cut Type Shall Be The Same As The Preformed Joint Seal Selected.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Proper Depth Is Selected Based On The Manufacturer's Recomendations.

907-823-A001 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

Description: Shall Include The Manufacturer's Required Joint Preparation Including Sandblasting Both Sides Of The Joint And Blowing The Joint Free Of Debris With Compressed Air And Placement Of The New Preformed Joint Seal

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Centerline Joint.

EPOXY MORTAR AND POLYMER CONCRETE NOTES:

Either Epoxy Mortar Or Polymer Concrete May Be Used. Guidelines For Selection Of Materials Can Be Found In Section 808 of the Specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

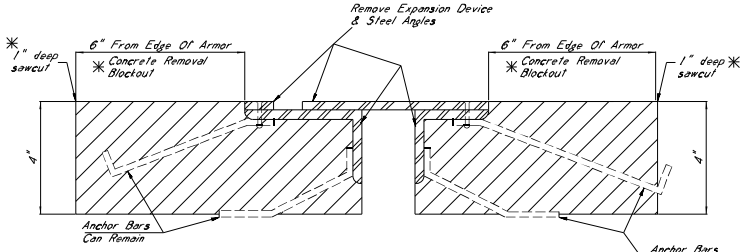
1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2017.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.

✳1" SAWCUT NOTES:

All 1" Sawcuts Shall Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work. The Contractor Shall Verify Depth Of Reinforcing Steel Before Making Any Sawcuts. The Depth Of The Sawcut Shall Be No More Than The Depth Of The Reinforcing Steel. Any Damage To Reinforcing Steel Shall Be Repaired To The Satisfaction Of The Engineer At No Cost To The State.

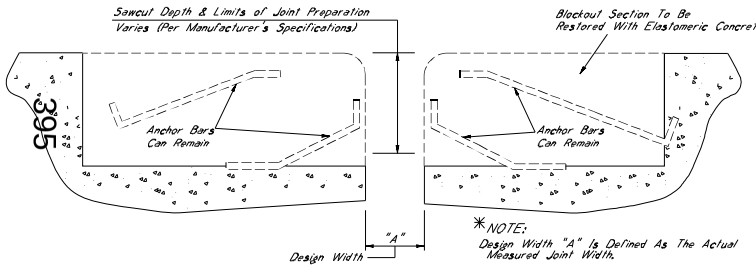
✳CONCRETE REMOVAL BLOCKOUT NOTES

Removal Of The Concrete Blockout Area Shall Be Considered An Absorbed Item Of Work Under Pay Item 202-B169. The Contractor Shall Use A Hammer No Larger Than 30 LBs To Complete This Work.



TYPICAL SECTION AT EXISTING JOINT

Showing Existing Expansion Device To Be Removed And Replaced With Preformed Joint Seal

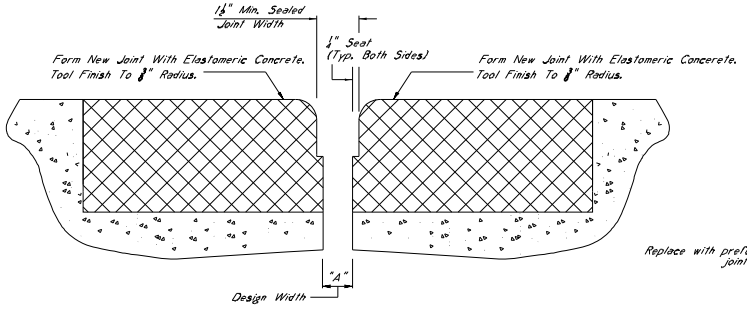


✳NOTE:

Design Width "A" Is Defined As The Actual Measured Joint Width.

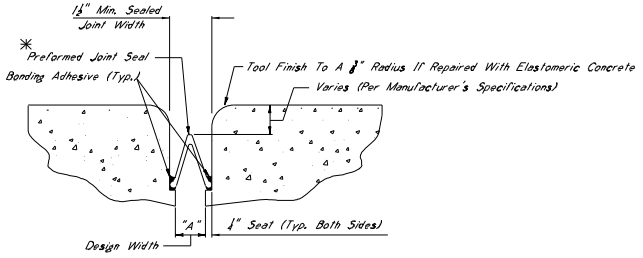
TYPICAL SECTION AT JOINT AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING SEAL

Showing Limits Of Joint Preparation For Application Of New Joint Seal Materials



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & JOINT REPAIR

Showing Area Where Repairs Are Made After Sawcut With Elastomeric Concrete



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & SEALED JOINT

Showing Sealed Joint After Sawcut And Repair With Elastomeric Concrete

✳NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

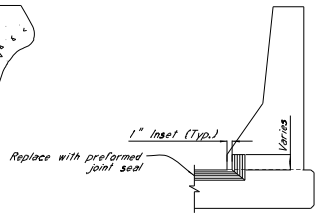
   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec 555 Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The RJ Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The ¼" Seat Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Seal, Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than or Equal To 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 2½". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 2½" With The Maximum Design Width Being 3½". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 3½", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.



✳NOTES:

For Jersey Shape Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 3".
For Post And Beam Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 6".

ELEVATION AT END OF SPAN

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

202-B169 REMOVAL OF EXISTING JOINT MATERIAL

Description: Shall Include The Removal Of Material Associated With Armor, Sliding Plate, And Neoprene Expansion Joints, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Removal of The Concrete Blockout Area Shall Be Absorbed Under This Item Of Work. Other Joint Types Shall Not Be Included Under This Item Of Work Unless Otherwise Directed By The Engineer. Removal of Joint Material And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation And Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work.

Basis Of Payment: Removal of Armor And Sliding Plate Joint Material Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint, While Removal Of Neoprene Joint Material Will Only Be Paid For As The Length Along The Centerline Of The Joint.

907-823-B001 SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-B002 SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-B003 SAW CUT, TYPE III

Description: The Saw Cut Depth Shall Be Equivalent To The Installation Depth Required By The Manufacturer's Specifications. The Saw Cut Type Shall Be The Same As The Preformed Joint Seal Selected.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-823-A001 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

Description: Shall Include The Manufacturer's Required Joint Preparation Including Sandblasting Both Sides Of The Joint And Blowing The Joint Free Of Debris With Compressed Air And Placement Of The New Preformed Joint Seal

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Centerline Joint.

ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE NOTES

907-824-PP007 BRIDGE REPAIR, ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE

Description: Elastomeric Concrete Shall Be One Of The Following Products, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

A. Poly-Tron Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
www.rjwatson.com

B. WaboCrete II
Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
www.wbacorp.com

C. Delcrete Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By The D.S. Brown Company In North Baltimore, OH
www.dsbrown.com

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Cubic Yards At The Contract Unit Price.

GENERAL NOTES:

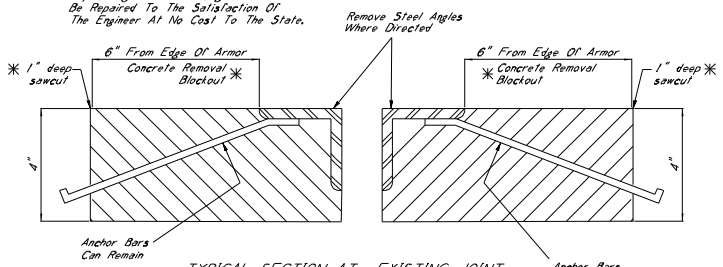
1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2017.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.

✳1" SAWCUT NOTES:

All 1" Sawcuts Shall Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work. The Contractor Shall Verify Depth Of Reinforcing Steel Before Making Any Sawcuts. The Depth Of The Sawcut Shall Be No More Than The Depth Of The Reinforcing Steel. Any Damage To Reinforcing Steel Shall Be Repaired To The Satisfaction Of The Engineer At No Cost To The State.

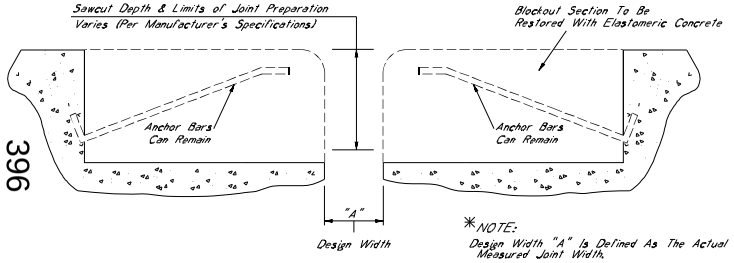
✳CONCRETE REMOVAL BLOCKOUT NOTES

Removal Of The Concrete Blockout Area Shall Be Considered An Absorbed Item Of Work Under Pay Item 202-B169. The Contractor Shall Use A Hammer No Larger Than 30 LBs To Complete This Work.



TYPICAL SECTION AT EXISTING JOINT

Showing Existing Expansion Device To Be Removed And Replaced With Preformed Joint Seal

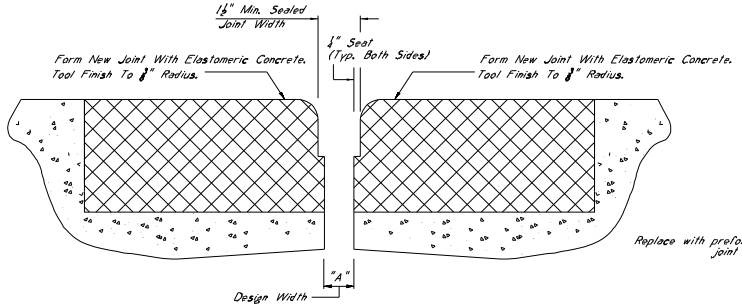


✳NOTE:

Design Width "A" Is Defined As The Actual Measured Joint Width.

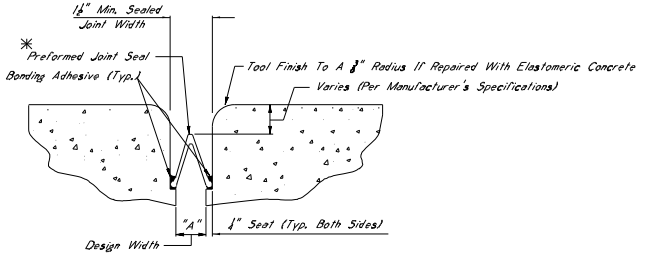
TYPICAL SECTION AT JOINT AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING SEAL

Showing Limits Of Joint Preparation For Application Of New Joint Seal Materials



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & JOINT REPAIR

Showing Area Where Repairs Are Made After Sawcut With Elastomeric Concrete



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & SEALED JOINT

Showing Sealed Joint After Sawcut And Repair With Elastomeric Concrete

✳NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

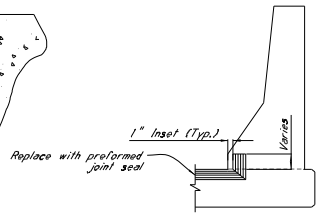
   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec SSS Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The R.J. Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The ½" Seat Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Seal, Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than or Equal To 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 2½". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 2½", With The Maximum Design Width Being 3¼". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 3¼", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.



✳NOTES:

For Jersey Shape Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 3".
For Post And Beam Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier is 6".

ELEVATION AT END OF SPAN

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

202-B169 REMOVAL OF EXISTING JOINT MATERIAL

Description: Shall Include The Removal Of Material Associated With Armor, Sliding Plate, And Neoprene Expansion Joints, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Removal of The Concrete Blockout Area Shall Be Absorbed Under This Item Of Work. Other Joint Types Shall Not Be Included Under This Item Of Work Unless Otherwise Directed By The Engineer. Removal of Joint Material And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation And Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work.

Basis Of Payment: Removal of Armor And Sliding Plate Joint Material Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint, While Removal Of Neoprene Joint Material Will Only Be Paid For As The Length Along The Centerline Of The Joint.

907-823-B001 SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-B002 SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-B003 SAW CUT, TYPE III

Description: The Saw Cut Depth Shall Be Equivalent To The Installation Depth Required By The Manufacturer's Specifications. The Saw Cut Type Shall Be The Same As The Preformed Joint Seal Selected.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-823-A001 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

Description: Shall Include The Manufacturer's Required Joint Preparation Including Sandblasting Both Sides Of The Joint And Blowing The Joint Free Of Debris With Compressed Air And Placement Of The New Preformed Joint Seal

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Centerline Joint.

ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE NOTES

907-824-PP007 BRIDGE REPAIR, ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE

Description: Elastomeric Concrete Shall Be One Of The Following Products, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

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www.rjwatson.com

B. WaboCrete II
Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
www.wbacorp.com

C. Delcrete Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By The D.S. Brown Company In North Baltimore, OH
www.dsbrown.com

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Cubic Yards At The Contract Unit Price.

GENERAL NOTES:

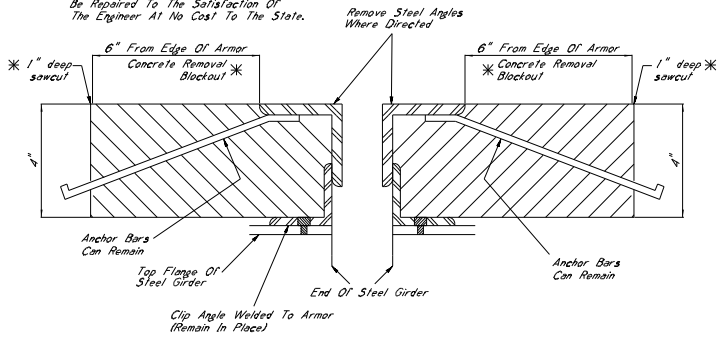
1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2017.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.

✳1" SAWCUT NOTES:

All 1" Sawcuts Shall Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work. The Contractor Shall Verify Depth Of Reinforcing Steel Before Making Any Sawcuts. The Depth Of The Sawcut Shall Be No More Than The Depth Of The Reinforcing Steel. Any Damage To Reinforcing Steel Shall Be Repaired To The Satisfaction Of The Engineer At No Cost To The State.

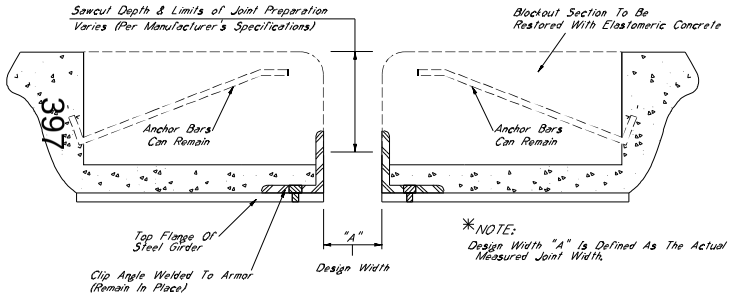
✳CONCRETE REMOVAL BLOCKOUT NOTES

Removal Of The Concrete Blockout Area Shall Be Considered An Absorbed Item Of Work Under Pay Item 202-B169. The Contractor Shall Use A Hammer No Larger Than 30 LBs To Complete This Work.



TYPICAL SECTION AT EXISTING JOINT

Showing Existing Expansion Device To Be Removed And Replaced With Preformed Joint Seal

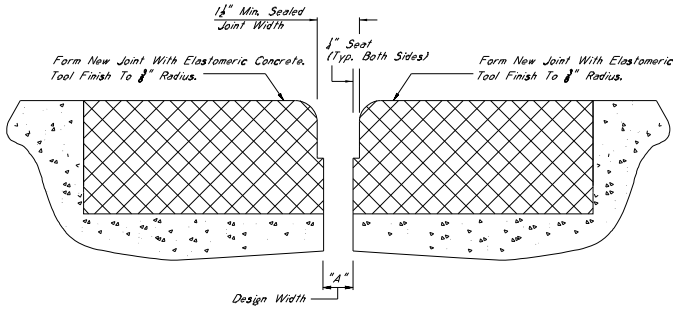


✳NOTE:

Design Width "A" Is Defined As The Actual Measured Joint Width.

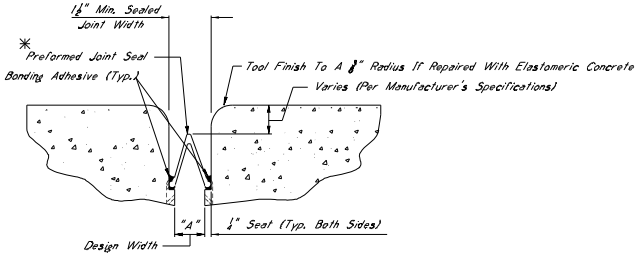
TYPICAL SECTION AT JOINT AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING SEAL

Showing Limits Of Joint Preparation For Application Of New Joint Seal Materials



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & JOINT REPAIR

Showing Area Where Repairs Are Made After Sawcut With Elastomeric Concrete



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & SEALED JOINT

Showing Sealed Joint After Sawcut And Repair With Elastomeric Concrete

✳NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

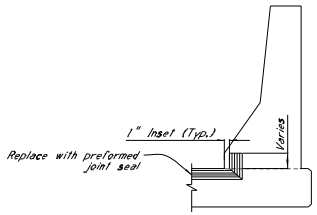
   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec 555 Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The RJ Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The 1" Seat Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Seal, Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than or Equal To 2" With The Maximum Design Width Being 2½". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 2½". With The Maximum Design Width Being 3½". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 3½", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.



✳NOTES:

For Jersey Shape Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 3".
For Post And Beam Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier is 6".

ELEVATION AT END OF SPAN

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

202-B169 REMOVAL OF EXISTING JOINT MATERIAL

Description: Shall Include The Removal Of Material Associated With Armor, Sliding Plate, And Neoprene Expansion Joints, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Removal of The Concrete Blockout Area Shall Be Absorbed Under This Item Of Work. Other Joint Types Shall Not Be Included Under This Item Of Work Unless Otherwise Directed By The Engineer. Removal of Joint Material And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation And Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work.

Basis Of Payment: Removal of Armor And Sliding Plate Joint Material Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint, While Removal Of Neoprene Joint Material Will Only Be Paid For As The Length Along The Centerline Of The Joint.

907-823-B001 SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-B002 SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-B003 SAW CUT, TYPE III

Description: The Saw Cut Depth Shall Be Equivalent To The Installation Depth Required By The Manufacturer's Specifications. The Saw Cut Type Shall Be The Same As The Preformed Joint Seal Selected.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-823-A001 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

Description: Shall Include The Manufacturer's Required Joint Preparation Including Sandblasting Both Sides Of The Joint And Blowing The Joint Free Of Debris With Compressed Air And Placement Of The New Preformed Joint Seal

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Centerline Joint.

ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE NOTES

907-824-PP007 BRIDGE REPAIR, ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE

Description: Elastomeric Concrete Shall Be One Of The Following Products, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

A. Poly-Tron Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
www.rjwatson.com

B. WaboCrete II
Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
www.wbacorp.com

C. Delcrete Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By The D.S. Brown Company In North Baltimore, OH
www.dsbrown.com

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Cubic Yards At The Contract Unit Price.

GENERAL NOTES:

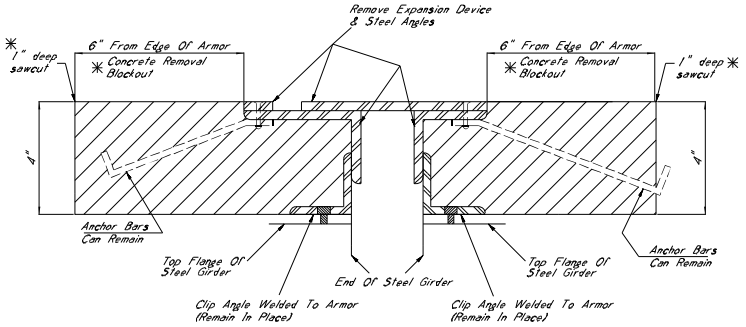
1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2017.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.

✳1" SAWCUT NOTES:

All 1" Sawcuts Shall Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work. The Contractor Shall Verify Depth Of Reinforcing Steel Before Making Any Sawcuts. The Depth Of The Sawcut Shall Be No More Than The Depth Of The Reinforcing Steel. Any Damage To Reinforcing Steel Shall Be Repaired To The Satisfaction Of The Engineer At No Cost To The State.

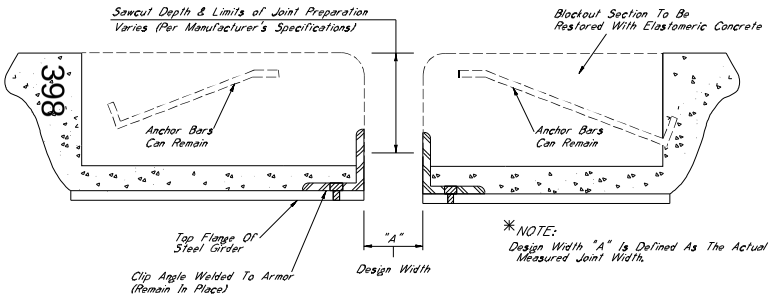
✳CONCRETE REMOVAL BLOCKOUT NOTES

Removal Of The Concrete Blockout Area Shall Be Considered An Absorbed Item Of Work Under Pay Item 202-B169. The Contractor Shall Use A Hammer No Larger Than 30 LBs To Complete This Work.



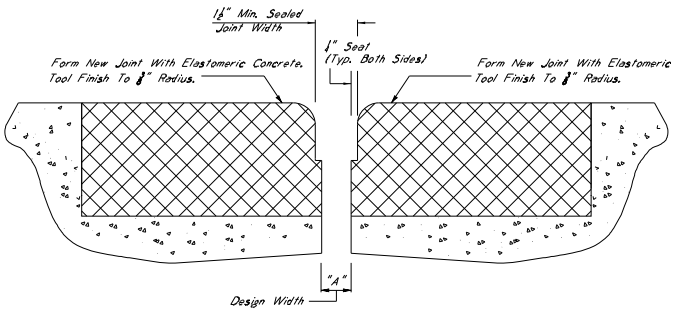
TYPICAL SECTION AT EXISTING JOINT

Showing Existing Expansion Device To Be Removed And Replaced With Preformed Joint Seal



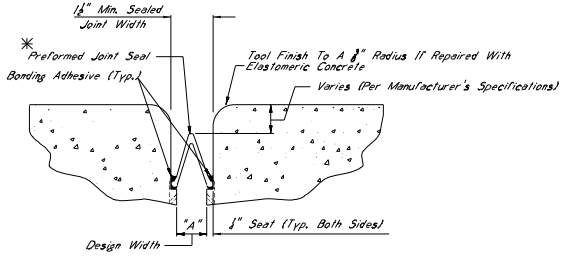
TYPICAL SECTION AT JOINT AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING SEAL

Showing Limits Of Joint Preparation For Application Of New Joint Seal Materials



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & JOINT REPAIR

Showing Area Where Repairs Are Made After Sawcut With Elastomeric Concrete



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & SEALED JOINT

Showing Sealed Joint After Sawcut And Repair With Elastomeric Concrete

✳NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

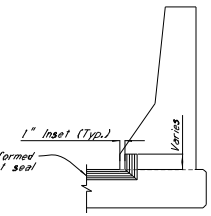
   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec 555 Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The RJ Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The ½" Seal Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Seal, Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than or Equal To 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 2". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 3". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 3", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.



✳NOTES:

For Jersey Shape Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 3". For Post And Beam Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier is 6".

ELEVATION AT END OF SPAN

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

202-B169 REMOVAL OF EXISTING JOINT MATERIAL

Description: Shall Include The Removal Of Material Associated With Armor, Sliding Plate, And Neoprene Expansion Joints, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Removal of The Concrete Blockout Area Shall Be Absorbed Under This Item Of Work. Other Joint Types Shall Not Be Included Under This Item Of Work Unless Otherwise Directed By The Engineer. Removal of Joint Material And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation And Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work.

Basis Of Payment: Removal of Armor And Sliding Plate Joint Material Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint, While Removal Of Neoprene Joint Material Will Only Be Paid For As The Length Along The Centerline Of The Joint.

907-823-B001 SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-B002 SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-B003 SAW CUT, TYPE III

Description: The Saw Cut Depth Shall Be Equivalent To The Installation Depth Required By The Manufacturer's Specifications. The Saw Cut Type Shall Be The Same As The Preformed Joint Seal Selected.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-823-A001 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

Description: Shall Include The Manufacturer's Required Joint Preparation Including Sandblasting Both Sides Of The Joint And Blowing The Joint Free Of Debris With Compressed Air And Placement Of The New Preformed Joint Seal

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Centerline Joint.

ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE NOTES

907-824-PP007 BRIDGE REPAIR, ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE

Description: Elastomeric Concrete Shall Be One Of The Following Products, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

A. Poly-Tron Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
www.rjwatson.com

B. WaboCrete II
Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
www.wbacorp.com

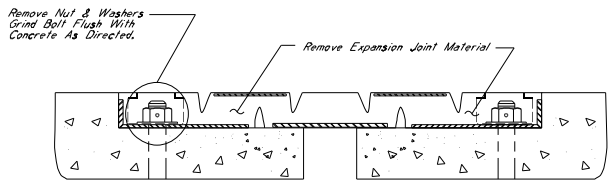
C. Delcrete Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By The D.S. Brown Company In North Baltimore, OH
www.dsbrown.com

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Cubic Yards At The Contract Unit Price.

GENERAL NOTES:

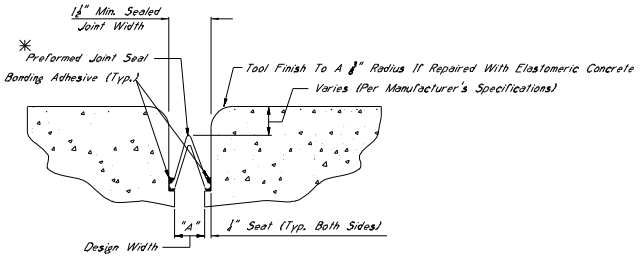
1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2017.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.

S.P. No. 907-823-8 -- Cont'd.



TYPICAL SECTION AT EXISTING JOINT

Showing Existing Expansion Device To Be Removed And Replaced With Preformed Joint Seal



TYPICAL SECTION AT SAWCUT & SEALED JOINT

Showing Sealed Joint After Sawcut And Repair With Elastomeric Concrete

✳NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

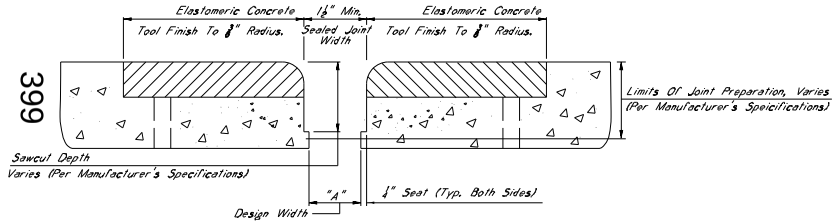
   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec 555 Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The RJ Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The ½" Seat Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Seal, Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than or Equal To 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 2". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 3". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 3", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.

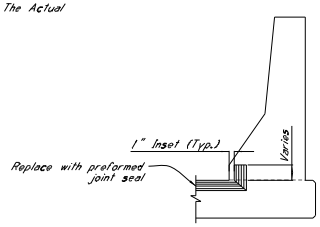


TYPICAL SECTION AT JOINT AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING SEAL

Showing Limits Of Joint Preparation For Application Of New Joint Seal Materials

✳NOTE:

Design Width "A" Is Defined As The Actual Measured Joint Width.



✳NOTES:

For Jersey Shape Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 3".
For Post And Beam Barriers, The Minimum Required Vertical Joint Seal Dimension Within The Barrier Is 6".

ELEVATION AT END OF SPAN

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

202-B169 REMOVAL OF EXISTING JOINT MATERIAL

Description: Shall Include The Removal Of Material Associated With Armor, Sliding Plate, And Neoprene Expansion Joints, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Other Joint Types Shall Not Be Included Under This Item Of Work Unless Otherwise Directed By The Engineer. Removal of Joint Material And Any Trash And Debris (Including But Not Limited To Compacted Dirt, Vegetation And Trash) Located At Any Depth Within The Joint Shall Be Included Under This Item Of Work.

Basis Of Payment: Removal of Armor And Sliding Plate Joint Material Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint, While Removal Of Neoprene Joint Material Will Only Be Paid For As The Length Along The Centerline Of The Joint.

907-823-B001 SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-B002 SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-B003 SAW CUT, TYPE III

Description: The Saw Cut Depth Shall Be Equivalent To The Installation Depth Required By The Manufacturer's Specifications. The Saw Cut Type Shall Be The Same As The Preformed Joint Seal Selected.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Bridge Deck On Each Side Of The Centerline Joint.

907-823-A001 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003 PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

Description: Shall Include The Manufacturer's Required Joint Preparation Including Sandblasting Both Sides Of The Joint And Blowing The Joint Free Of Debris With Compressed Air And Placement Of The New Preformed Joint Seal

Basis Of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Length Of The Centerline Joint.

ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE NOTES

907-824-PP007 BRIDGE REPAIR, ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE

Description: Elastomeric Concrete Shall Be One Of The Following Products, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

A. Poly-Tron Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc. In Alden, NY
www.rjwatson.com

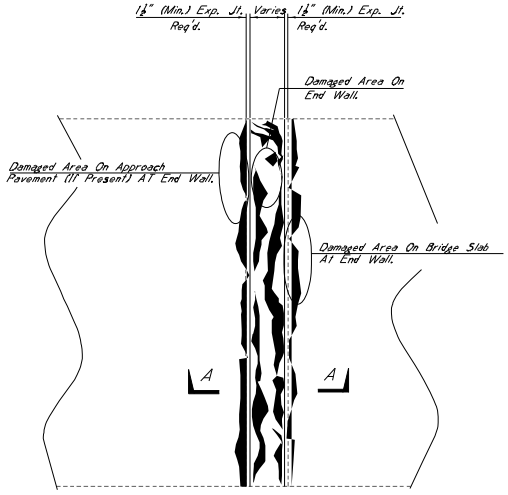
B. WaboCrete II
Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation In Amherst, NY
www.wbacorp.com

C. Delcrete Elastomeric Concrete
Manufactured By The D.S. Brown Company In North Baltimore, OH
www.dsbrown.com

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Cubic Yards At The Contract Unit Price.

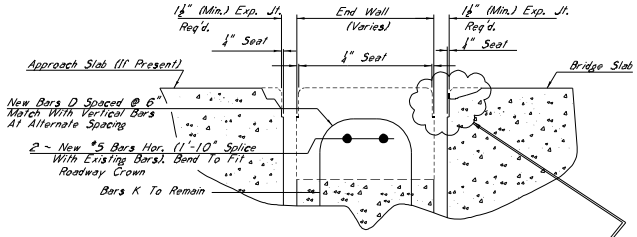
GENERAL NOTES:

1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2017.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.



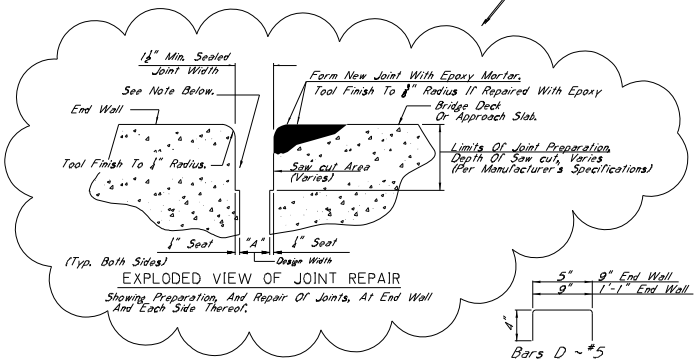
PLAN VIEW

Showing Existing Damaged Areas On And Around End Wall.



DETAIL "D"

Showing Repair Details Of End Wall, Reinforcing Steel, And Expansion Joint Formation.

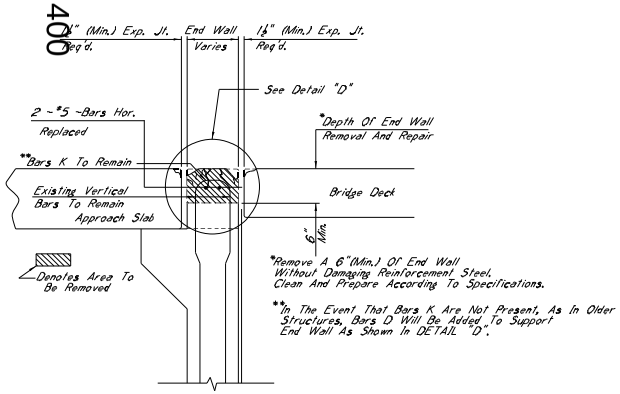


EXPLODED VIEW OF JOINT REPAIR

Showing Preparation, And Repair Of Joints, At End Wall And Each Side Thereof.

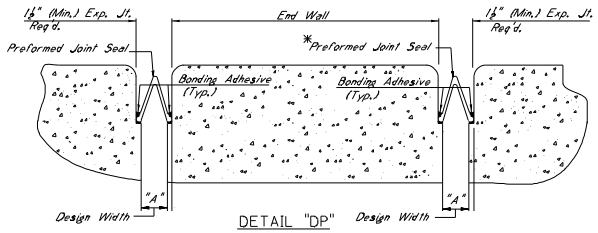
*NOTE:
Form Vertical Faces Of End Wall To Include 1" Seat Such That The Preformed Joint Seal May Be Applied Per Manufacturer's Specification. See Detail "DP" On This Sheet.

*NOTE:
Design Width "A" Is Defined As The Actual Measured Joint Width.



ELEVATION (SECTION A-A)

Showing Details Of Removal Of Damaged End Wall.



DETAIL "DP"

Showing Sealed Joint After Saw cut And Repair With Epoxy Mortar

*NOTES:

1. The Preformed Joint Seal Shall Be One Of The Following, Installed According To The Manufacturer's Specifications:

   A. Silicoflex Joint Sealing System
   Manufactured By R.J. Watson, Inc.
   www.rjwatson.com

   B. Wabo SPS Joint System
   Manufactured By Watson Bowman Acme Corporation
   www.wbacorp.com

   C. Silspec SSS Silicone Strip Seal
   Manufactured By SSI Commercial & Highway Construction Materials
   www.ssicm.com

2. For Estimating Purposes, The RJ Watson Silicoflex Joint Sealing System Was Selected. However, Should Another Supplier Be Chosen, It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Manufacturer's Recommendations Are Followed For Joint Preparation, Installation Depths And Widths, Adhesive Setting Times, And Any Other Variances Between The Specifications Provided By The Manufacturers. A Manufacturer Representative Shall Be Present At The Time Joint Sealing Begins To Ensure That The Contractor Is Properly Schooled In Installation Of The Joint Material.

3. Joints Shall Be Sealed At Their Design Widths, Dimension "A", Which Is Defined As The Actual Width Of The Joint Opening. This Width Does Not Account For The Seal Required On Both Sides Of The Joint. Preformed Joint Strip Type I, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Less Than 2". Preformed Joint Seal, Type II, Shall Be Used For Design Widths Greater Than Or Equal To 2", With The Maximum Design Width Being 4". Type III Shall Be Used For Design Width Greater Than 4", With The Maximum Design Width Being 8". In Cases Where Design Widths Are Greater Than 8", Another Type Of Expansion Material Shall Be Required As Directed By The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. It Is The Contractor's Responsibility To Ensure That The Size Selected Is Appropriate For The Width Of The Joint.

NOTES ON ASSOCIATED ITEMS OF WORK:

907-824-PP008 BRIDGE REPAIR, ENDWALL REPAIR

Description: Shall Include The Work Necessary To Remove And Replace The Damaged Endwall, As Designated In The Detail Drawings Provided. Instead Of Limiting The Repair To The Damaged Section, The Specified Depth Of Endwall Shall Be Removed Along The Entire Width Of The Bridge Deck.

Basis of Payment: The Accepted Quantities Will Be Paid For In Linear Feet At The Contract Unit Price Along The Width Of The Bridge Deck.

Damage Caused To Other Elements Of The Structure Or Roadway While Completeing This Item Of Work Shall Be Repaired By The Contractor At No Cost To The Department.

Prior to Placing New Concrete, All Concrete Surfaces That Will Be In Contact With The New Concrete Shall Be Painted With An Approved Epoxy Binder Designed To Bond New Concrete To Old.

New Concrete Shall Be High Early Strength Bridge Concrete, As Follows:

The concrete mixture design shall be furnished by the Contractor for approval by the Materials Division. Mixture design parameters are as follows:

Required Strength:	2500 psi prior to releasing to traffic
Total Air Content:	3-6 %
Maximum Slump:	6 inches

Non-chloride based accelerator may be used if the ambient temperature is 50°F or less, but shall not be used if the ambient temperature is greater than 50°F.

Synthetic structural fibers shall be used. The Contractor shall select a manufacturer from MDOT's Approved Products List, and the manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed for the dosage rate.

Curing is to be continuous until 2500 psi is attained. Traffic is to be diverted from the repair area until this value is reached. The Contractor may use the Maturity Method per Section 907-804 to estimate the concrete compressive strength for the purposes of releasing the repair area to traffic. However, final acceptance of the in-place concrete shall be determined using eight concrete test cylinders, which shall be cured in a container next to the concrete placement. Two cylinders are to be tested at 9, 16, and 24 hour intervals. The two remaining cylinders shall be used to determine the 28-day compressive strength of the concrete.

The Removal Of Existing Expansion Material May Require Any Number Of The Pay Items Listed Below. Once The Expansion Device Is Identified, Refer To The Corresponding Joint Repair Detail Sheet For Additional Details On The Associated Items Of Work.

202-B169	REMOVAL OF EXISTING JOINT MATERIAL
907-808-A002	JOINT REPAIR
907-808-A003	JOINT REPAIR WITHOUT EPOXY
907-823-B001	SAW CUT, TYPE I
907-823-B002	SAW CUT, TYPE II
907-823-B003	SAW CUT, TYPE III
907-823-A001	PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE I
907-823-A002	PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE II
907-823-A003	PREFORMED JOINT SEAL, TYPE III

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Specifications: Mississippi Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction, 2012.
2. No Change Of Plans Will Be Permitted Except By Written Approval Of The Director Of Structures, State Bridge Engineer. Minor Changes To Detail Of Design Or Construction Procedure May Be Authorized By The Bridge Engineer Provided Such Changes Will Not Be Cause For Contract Price Adjustment.
3. Work For Which No Pay Item Is Provided In The Proposal Will Not Be Paid For Directly And Shall Therefore Be Considered An Absorbed Item of Work.

SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 906-9

Training Special Provision

This Training Special Provision supersedes subparagraph 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities," (Attachment 1), and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a). Additional information regarding On the Job Training (OJT), Forms, and *Exhibits* are available at the following website.

http://www.gomdot.com/Divisions/CivilRights/Resources.aspx

As part of the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program training shall be provided as follows:

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeymen in the type of trade or job classification involved.

The number of trainee hours to be trained under this special provision will be as indicated in the bid schedule of the contract.

In the event that a Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, the Contractor shall determine how many, if any, of the trainee hours are to be trained by the Subcontractor, provided, however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The Contractor shall also ensure that this training special provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the Contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the State transportation agency for approval an OJT Trainee Schedule Form indicating the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification, training program to be used and start date of training for each classification. Furthermore, the Contractor shall provide a Trainee Enrollment Form for each trainee enrolled. The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities, women, and disadvantaged individuals toward journeymen status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority, women, and disadvantaged individuals (e.g., by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that they take in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he/she has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he/she has been employed as a journeyman. The Contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used the Contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the Contractor and approved by the State highway agency and the

Federal Highway Administration. The State transportation agency and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the Contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved but not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor, Manpower Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather than clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions.

Except as otherwise noted below, the Contractor will be reimbursed $5.00 per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the engineer, reimbursement will be made for training persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other does not specifically prohibit the contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for offsite training indicated above may only be made to the contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training, provides the instruction to the trainee or pays the trainee's wages during the offsite training period.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if failure to provide the required training is caused by the Contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor in meeting the requirements of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in the work classification or until the trainee has completed the training program. It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A Contractor's responsibility will have been fulfilled under this Training Special Provision if the Contractor has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The Contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program being followed in providing the training. The Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

The Contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports to include an OJT Trainee Monthly Report form and an OJT Trainee Termination Report form when appropriately documenting performance under this Training Special Provision.

Contractor Responsibilities:

1. Provide On-the-Job Training aimed at developing full journey level in the type of trade or job classification involved. Although training under this contract is not limited to minorities, females, and disadvantaged individuals, contractors should be aware that one of the primary objectives of the training program is to increase the participation and skills of minorities, females, and disadvantaged individuals in highway construction.

   A disadvantaged individual would be considered individuals that fall at or below the Federal Poverty Line; a one-person household income of $15,060, two-person household income of $20,440, three-person household income of $25,820 and a four-person household income of $31,200. Individuals who qualify for TANF or SNAP benefits would also be considered disadvantaged.

2. Contractors must exert good faith efforts to comply with the Equal Employment Opportunity contract requirements governing recruitment and upgrading when seeking to fill vacancies in the work force and select candidates for the training program. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees, women, and disadvantaged individuals (e.g., conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority, women, and disadvantaged trainees) to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. Adequate documentation of good faith efforts should be maintained and submitted to the Civil Rights Division, Contract Compliance/OJT Coordinator when requested.

3. No employee shall be employed/assigned as a trainee in any classification in which he/she has successfully completed a training course leading to journey level status or in which he/she has been employed as a journey person. The contractor shall satisfy this requirement by completing the OJT Trainee Enrollment Form for each potential trainee. The completed form shall be submitted to the Office of Civil Rights for review and approval.

4. Contractors are expected to fulfill their obligations under the Training Special Provisions. Those obligations will be considered fulfilled if contractors have provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified in the OJT Plan.

5. Upon deciding to sub-contract out a portion of the contract work, determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the sub-contractor. The contractor, however, shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by the special provision. Additionally, the contractor will ensure that the Training Special Provision is made applicable to such sub-contract. Training and upgrading of minorities, women and disadvantaged individuals toward journey level status is a primary objective of the Training Special Provision.

6. Prior to commencing construction (no more than 60 days from the date of notice to proceed), the contractor shall submit to the State Transportation Agency (MDOT) for approval the Trainee Schedule Form indicating the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and any appropriate attachments representing their training program

or OJT Plan (See Exhibit 1) to be used. The contractor shall also submit Trainee Enrollment Forms for each trainee to be trained (See Exhibit 2). Contractors should submit the above-mentioned forms as their OJT Plan to the Project Engineer who will in turn forward on to the Office of Civil Rights for Approval.

7. Designate and make known at the preconstruction conference to the Office of Civil Rights and the Project Engineer the name of the company Equal Employment Officer (EEO Officer)/Designated Representative who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of equal employment opportunity and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so. These individuals should have the authority to sign monthly trainee enrollment/time reports.

8. Implement the EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide equal employment opportunity in each grade and classification of employment. To assure that the preceding policy is adhered to, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

   a) Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six (6) months.

   b) Ensure that supervisors brief all employees, which includes trainees, on company EEO Policies.

9. Utilize the following procedures to request additional training classifications not presently approved by the STA or Department of Labor Office of Apprenticeship for assignment to the OJT for training.

   a) Initially, for a "trainee" to be trained, there must be a "journeyman" on the project site to train the employee. The "trainer" can be a supervisor, foreman or another employee in the "trainee classification" who already is a "journeyman".

   b) If a classification is not on the "Wage Determination" included in the contract, a written request for an additional classification should be submitted by the contractor to the Project Engineer.

   c) Preferably, the request (written) should originate in the Project Office so that they will know that the contractor has applied for the needed classification and that payrolls will not be delayed. The Project Office will ensure that they have been given the project number, contractor, subcontractor, craft, and rate and will submit it to the Office of Civil Rights.

      For documentation purposes it is recommended to the contractor that the request for additional classifications should be written and addressed to the Office of Civil Rights that states in concise manner the need for the new classification in lieu of using an existing classification within the OJT Manual. In addition, the training program with required hours and job description similar to the OJT Manual.

d) After receipt of the Request for Additional Classification, the OJT Coordinator will:

1. Review for preliminary approval and submit a new Trainee Schedule Form to the contractor for signature.

2. Upon receipt of the signed form from the Project Office/Contractor, a cover letter is attached to the appropriate documentation. The cover letter and documentation are transmitted to the Department of Labor (DOL) in Washington D.C. requesting concurrence of the new classification.

e) If an individual is hired for the requested classification during the time frame when the STA (OJT Coordinator) is awaiting approval, the individual will be paid at the proposed wage rate.

f) If the DOL does not agree with the proposed classification and wage rate, the DOL will decide on the appropriate wage rate for the classification. The OJT Coordinator will make a copy of the letter and attach a cover letter which cites the recommendation and rationale for the disapproval.

g) If the DOL approves the request, a letter will be sent to the STA (OJT Coordinator) citing approval and the accompanying wage rate. The OJT Coordinator will make a copy of the approval letter and attach a cover letter which cites the approval of the classification and wage rate. This letter is sent to the Contractor and all "paper copies" listed at the end of the cover letter.

10. Begin training as soon as possible after the start date indicated on the Trainee Schedule Form for work utilizing the skill involved. In addition, if training does not begin at the preceding time, a written explanation will be given to the Project Engineer citing the rationale and time frame when training will commence on the project. The trainee should be briefed (furnished a copy) at this juncture on the training program for which he/she has started to ensure understanding of the phases of work and wage rates within each section of the program.

11. After commencement of work at the project site, the Contractor shall implement the following Trainee Wage Rates according to the Davis Bacon rules:

a) Normally, trainees are paid a percentage of journeyman's wages (Davis Bacon rates). The following payment plan is required in the FHWA Training Special Provision:

b) Sixty percent (60%) of the journeyman's wages for the first half of the training period;

c) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the journeyman's wages for the third quarter of the training period; and

d) Ninety percent (90%) of the journeyman's wages for the last quarter of the training period.

The wage rates above apply unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Department of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by these supplemental specifications.

12. Indicate on the payroll records the trainee i.e., roller operator trainer for a given classification.

13. Recruit a replacement for the trainee when training obligations have not been met on a project provided that there are enough work hours remaining on the project as well as time within the work phase to complete training. Contractors will document in writing all Good Faith Efforts (GFE) in accordance with FHWA Form 1273 Section II 4a- 4e Recruitment and 6a-6d Training and Promotions) (See Exhibit 9). The contractor must submit to Project Engineer documentation of his GFE efforts made to hire replacements for trainees who terminated their training program. The GFE will be compiled into a letter which is attached to the MDOT Monthly Training Report and submitted to them along with an MDOT Termination Report (See Exhibit 4) that includes the names/reasons of individuals who separated from the company during the respective reporting period. The GFE will be evaluated to determine if it is sufficient or insufficient. If the GFE is deemed insufficient a contract compliance review will be scheduled to determine the contractor's compliance with the Training Special Provision. The Project Engineer will forward documentation to the Office of Civil Rights with five (5) days of receipt.

14. Transferring trainees from one federal-aid project to another:

a) Contractors are to make written requests for transferring trainees from one federal-aid project to another federal aid project and submit them to the Project Engineer to be forwarded to the Office of Civil Rights for review and approval.

b) In addition, if trainees are approved for transfer, the gaining project must have the same training classification approved for that project. The contractor must provide documentation, i.e., written letter that the gaining project will have sufficient work time to complete training requirements.

c) All hours trained by employees on a project other than their originally assigned project without the proper transfer approval will not be counted towards the OJT obligation for that project. If the OJT obligation is not met, the prime contractor will have to show good faith efforts in fulfilling this portion of the contract requirement.

15. Utilize and submit monthly trainee reports (See Exhibit 3) to document training activities to the respective project engineer. Monthly training reports should be accurate, concise and include the following items:

a) Report Period (month) – the date at the top of the training report reflects the month and year the trainee received the training (not the date the report was completed by the contractor)

b) Project Number – project number on the certified payroll and training report should match.

c) Contractor Name

d) County – self explanatory

e) Trainee Name

f) Job Classification/Hours Required – obtained from OJT Manual- certified payrolls and training reports should match.

g) Hours required – obtained from OJT Manual should match the Job Classification

h) Date Training Started/Terminated – inserted by the contractor.

i) Hours trained for the month – training performed this month on federal aid projects and inserted by a respective week ending date i.e., Sunday.

j) Hours to date – all training annotated on report for previous and current month.

k) Hours of training remaining – subtraction of total training hours to date from training hours required.

l) Trainee wage rate – contractor cites the appropriate wage rate for phase of training.

m) Original signatures and dates for respective training period citing trainee, trainer, and Company EEO Officer/Designated Representative

n) Every applicable field on the training report is completed.

16. Monthly training reports intended for submission to the MDOT Central Office should cite activities illustrated in the individual training forms received from project personnel. Monthly Training Reports should be submitted to the Project Engineer within fifteen (15) days of the current month with data covering the previous month's activities. However, if monthly training reports are not submitted within this time frame, the Contractor will provide a written explanation to the project engineer citing the reason for the delay. In addition, a copy of this documentation will be provided to the MDOT Office of Civil Rights within ten (10) days of receipt by the Project Engineer.

17. Retain all EEO records i.e., employment breakdown by race and craft on a project,

recruitment and hiring of minority and females for a period of three (3) years following the completion of contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the STA and the FHWA.

18. Submit an annual report to the STA each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form PR 1391 (See Exhibit 8). Contractors are provided with an annual notice for this reporting requirement.

19. Periodically evaluate the effectiveness of their OJT Programs and trainees' progress within the training program. Based on these evaluations, forward comments/ recommendations through the Project Engineer to Office of Civil Rights for improving or correcting deficiencies in the training program.

S E C T I O N 9 0 5 - P R O P O S A L

Date _____

Mississippi Transportation Commission
Jackson, Mississippi

Sirs: The following proposal is made on behalf of _____
_____ of _____
_____
for constructing the following designated project(s) within the time(s) hereinafter specified.

The plans are composed of drawings and blue prints on file in the offices of the Mississippi Department of Transportation, Jackson, Mississippi.

The Specifications are the current Standard Specifications of the Mississippi Department of Transportation approved by the Federal Highway Administration, except where superseded or amended by the plans, Special Provisions and Notice(s) to Bidders attached hereto and made a part thereof.

I (We) certify that I (we) possess a copy of said Standard and any Supplemental Specifications.

Evidence of my (our) authority to submit the Proposal is hereby furnished. The proposal is made without collusion on the part of any person, firm or corporation. I (We) certify that I (we) have carefully examined the Plans, the Specifications, including the Special Provisions and Notice(s) to Bidders, herein, and have personally examined the site of the work. On the basis of the Specifications, Special Provisions, Notice(s) to Bidders, and Plans, I (we) propose to furnish all necessary machinery, tools, apparatus and other means of construction and do all the work and furnish all the materials in the manner specified. I (We) understand that the quantities mentioned herein are approximate only and are subject to either increase or decrease, and hereby propose to perform any increased or decreased quantities of work at the unit prices bid, in accordance with the above.

I (We) acknowledge that this proposal will be found irregular and/or non-responsive unless a certified check, cashier's check, or Proposal Guaranty Bond in the amount as required in the Advertisement (or, by law) is submitted electronically with the proposal or is delivered to the Contract Administration Engineer prior to the bid opening time specified in the advertisement.

INSTRUCTION TO BIDDERS: Alternate and Optional Items on Bid Schedule.

1. Two or more items entered opposite a single unit quantity WITHOUT DEFINITE DESIGNATION AS "ALTERNATE ITEMS" are considered as "OPTIONAL ITEMS". Bidders may or may not indicate on bids the Optional Item proposed to be furnished or performed WITHOUT PREJUDICE IN REGARD TO IRREGULARITY OF BIDS.
2. Items classified on the bid schedule as "ALTERNATE ITEMS" and/or "ALTERNATE TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION" must be preselected and indicated on bids. However, "Alternate Types of Construction" may include Optional Items to be treated as set out in Paragraph 1, above.
3. Optional items not preselected and indicated on the bid schedule MUST be designated in accordance with Subsection 102.06 prior to or at the time of execution of the contract.
4. Optional and Alternate items designated must be used throughout the project.

I (We) further propose to perform all "force account or extra work" that may be required of me (us) on the basis provided in the Specifications and to give such work my (our) personal attention in order to see that it is economically performed.

I (We) further propose to execute the attached contract agreement (Section 902) as soon as the work is awarded to me (us), and to begin and complete the work within the time limit(s) provided for in the Specifications and Advertisement. I (We) also propose to execute the attached contract bond (Section 903) in an amount not less than one hundred (100) percent of the total of my (our) part, but also to guarantee the excellence of both workmanship and materials until the work is finally accepted.

I (We) shall submit electronically with our proposal or deliver prior to the bid opening time a certified check, cashier's check or bid bond for **five percent (5%) of total bid** and hereby agree that in case of my (our) failure to execute the contract and furnish bond within Ten (10) days after notice of award, the amount of this check (bid bond) will be forfeited to the State of Mississippi as liquidated damages arising out of my (our) failure to execute the contract as proposed. It is understood that in case I am (we are) not awarded the work, the check will be returned as provided in the Specifications.

For Informational Purposes Only

SECTION 905 -- PROPOSAL (CONTINUED)

I (We) hereby certify by digital signature and electronic submission via Bid Express of the Section 905 proposal below, that all certifications, disclosures and affidavits incorporated herein are deemed to be duly executed in the aggregate, fully enforceable and binding upon delivery of the bid proposal. I (We) further acknowledge that this certification shall not extend to the bid bond or alternate security which must be separately executed for the benefit of the Commission. This signature does not cure deficiencies in any required certifications, disclosures and/or affidavits. I (We) also acknowledge the right of the Commission to require full and final execution on any certification, disclosure or affidavit contained in the proposal at the Commission's election upon award. Failure to so execute at the Commission's request within the time allowed in the Standard Specifications for execution of all contract documents will result in forfeiture of the bid bond or alternate security.

Respectfully Submitted,

DATE _____

_____
Contractor

BY _____
Signature

TITLE _____

ADDRESS _____

CITY, STATE, ZIP _____

PHONE _____

FAX _____

E-MAIL _____

(To be filled in if a corporation)

Our corporation is chartered under the Laws of the State of _____ and the names, titles and business addresses of the executives are as follows:

_____
President Address

_____
Secretary Address

_____
Treasurer Address

The following is my (our) itemized proposal.

For Informational Purposes Only

Add 2 Lanes to I-55 from SR 463 to Gluckstadt Road, & Mill & Overlay approximately 0.77 miles on I-55 from Gluckstadt Road north, known as Federal Aid Project Nos. STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302 in Madison County.

Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
			Roadway Items		
0010	201-B001		30	Acre	Clearing and Grubbing
0020	201-D001		16	Station	Random Clearing
0030	202-B007		2,580	Square Yard	Removal of Asphalt Pavement, All Depths
0040	202-B017		4	Each	Removal of Box Bridge
0050	202-B019		39	Linear Feet	Removal of Box Culvert
0060	202-B059		471	Square Yard	Removal of Concrete Median & Island Pavement, All Depths
0070	202-B060		40	Linear Feet	Removal of Concrete Median Barrier
0080	202-B061		11,500	Linear Feet	Removal of Concrete Median Barrier, Precast
0090	202-B063		121	Square Yard	Removal of Concrete Paved Ditch
0100	202-B069		34,294	Square Yard	Removal of Concrete Pavement w/ Variable Depth Overlay
0110	202-B089		721	Linear Feet	Removal of Curb &/or Curb and Gutter, All Types
0120	202-B096		802	Linear Feet	Removal of Debris and Sand From Box Culvert, 10-foot and Greater Width
0130	202-B114		100	Linear Feet	Removal of Debris and Sand From Pipe, All Sizes
0140	202-B126		40,623	Linear Feet	Removal of Fence, All Types
0150	202-B150		4,679	Linear Feet	Removal of Guard Rail Including Post, Blockouts & Hardware
0160	202-B160		2	Each	Removal of High Mast Lighting Assembly
0170	202-B162		3	Each	Removal of Impact Attenuator
0180	202-B165		8	Each	Removal of Inlets, All Sizes
0190	202-B177		13	Each	Removal of Low Mast Lighting Assembly
0200	202-B191		538	Linear Feet	Removal of Pipe, 8" And Above
0210	202-B220		1	Each	Removal of Sign, Overhead Mounted Including Panels, Trust, and Footings
0220	202-B225		55,594	Square Yard	Removal of Soil Cement Shoulders with Asphalt Overlay
0230	202-B226		34,294	Square Yard	Removal of Soil Cement Treated Base, All Depths
0240	202-B226		14,175	Square Yard	Removal of Soil Cement Treated Base, All Depths - Milling
0250	202-B240		6,000	Linear Feet	Removal of Traffic Stripe
0260	202-B273		145	Linear Feet	Removal of Debris and Sand From Box Culvert, 6-foot to Less than 10-foot Width
0270	202-B276		690	Linear Feet	Removal of Debris from Drainage Channel
0280	203-EX021	(E)	583,811	Cubic Yard	Borrow Excavation, AH, FME, Class B9-6
0290	203-F001	(E)	15,151	Cubic Yard	Channel Excavation, FM
0300	203-G001	(E)	498,248	Cubic Yard	Excess Excavation, FM, AH
0310	206-A001	(S)	2,935	Cubic Yard	Structure Excavation
0320	206-B001	(E)	96	Cubic Yard	Select Material for Undercuts, Contractor Furnished, FM
0330	209-A005		279,624	Square Yard	Geotextile Stabilization, Type V, Non-Woven
0340	211-B001	(E)	29,750	Cubic Yard	Topsoil for Slope Treatment, Contractor Furnished

For Informational Purposes Only

Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
0350	213-C001		56	Ton	Superphosphate
0360	216-A001		2,873	Square Yard	Solid Sodding
0370	217-A001		2,209	Square Yard	Ditch Liner
0380	219-A001		59	Thousand Gallon	Watering ($20.00)
0390	220-A001		56	Acre	Insect Pest Control ($30.00)
0400	221-A001	(S)	3,548	Cubic Yard	Concrete Paved Ditch
0410	223-A001		851	Acre	Mowing ($70.00)
0420	224-A001		7,370	Square Yard	Soil Reinforcing Mat
0430	225-A001		111	Acre	Grassing
0440	225-B001		56	Ton	Agricultural Limestone
0450	225-C001		222	Ton	Mulch, Vegetative Mulch
0460	226-A001		111	Acre	Temporary Grassing
0470	236-A008		8	Each	Silt Basin, Type D
0480	237-A002		4,500	Linear Feet	Wattles, 20"
0490	239-A001		2,000	Linear Feet	Temporary Slope Drains
0500	245-A001		2,000	Linear Feet	Silt Dike
0510	246-B002		4,000	Linear Feet	Rockbags
0520	249-A001		8,000	Ton	Riprap for Erosion Control
0530	304-D002	(GT)	18,150	Ton	Granular Material, Crushed Stone
0540	307-B003	(M)	118,950	Square Yard	6" Soil-Lime-Water Mixing, Class B
0550	307-D001		1,606	Ton	Lime
0560	307-S001	(A3)	29,738	Gallon	Bituminous Curing Seal
0570	308-A001		1,071	Ton	Cement
0580	308-B003	(M)	118,950	Square Yard	Soil-Cement-Water Mixing, Optional Mixers, Design Soil
0590	308-S001	(A3)	29,738	Gallon	Bituminous Curing Seal
0600	406-D001		302,705	Square Yard	Fine Milling of Bituminous Pavement, All Depths
0610	423-A001		17	Mile	Rumble Strips, Ground In
0620	501-K001		222	Square Yard	Transverse Grooving
0630	503-C010		40,670	Linear Feet	Saw Cut, Full Depth
0640	602-A001	(S)	48,821	Pounds	Reinforcing Steel
0650	603-ALT003	(S)	72	Linear Feet	18" Type A Alternate Pipe
0660	603-CA011	(S)	1,032	Linear Feet	18" Reinforced Concrete Pipe, Class III
0670	603-CA022	(S)	2,024	Linear Feet	18" Reinforced Concrete Pipe, Class V, Jacked or Bored
0680	603-CA026	(S)	824	Linear Feet	24" Reinforced Concrete Pipe, Class III
0690	603-CA038	(S)	632	Linear Feet	24" Reinforced Concrete Pipe, Class V, Jacked or Bored
0700	603-CA040	(S)	8	Linear Feet	30" Reinforced Concrete Pipe, Class III
0710	603-CA055	(S)	96	Linear Feet	36" Reinforced Concrete Pipe, Class III

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
0720	603-CA065	(S)	224	Linear Feet	36" Reinforced Concrete Pipe, Class V, Jacked or Bored
0730	603-CA066	(S)	16	Linear Feet	42" Reinforced Concrete Pipe, Class III
0740	603-CB003	(S)	28	Each	18" Reinforced Concrete End Section
0750	603-CB004	(S)	20	Each	24" Reinforced Concrete End Section
0760	603-CB005	(S)	1	Each	30" Reinforced Concrete End Section
0770	603-CB006	(S)	4	Each	36" Reinforced Concrete End Section
0780	603-CB007	(S)	2	Each	42" Reinforced Concrete End Section
0790	603-CE008	(S)	104	Linear Feet	29" x 18" Concrete Arch Pipe, Class A III
0800	603-CE018	(S)	88	Linear Feet	44" x 27" Concrete Arch Pipe, Class A III
0810	603-CE034	(S)	40	Linear Feet	65" x 40" Concrete Arch Pipe, Class A III
0820	603-CF003	(S)	2	Each	29" x 18" Concrete Arch Pipe End Section
0830	603-CF005	(S)	2	Each	44" x 27" Concrete Arch Pipe End Section
0840	603-CF008	(S)	2	Each	65" x 40" Concrete Arch Pipe End Section
0850	603-SB012	(S)	4	Each	18" Branch Connections, Stub into Box Culvert
0860	603-SB028	(S)	2	Each	24" Branch Connections, Stub into Box Culvert
0870	604-A001		79	Pounds	Castings
0880	604-B001		10,897	Pounds	Gratings
0890	605-AA001	(S)	424	Square Yard	Geotextile for Subsurface Drainage, Type III
0900	605-O002	(S)	762	Linear Feet	4" Perforated Sewer Pipe for Underdrains, SDR 23.5
0910	605-P002	(S)	190	Linear Feet	4" Non-perforated Sewer Pipe for Underdrains, SDR 23.5
0920	605-W001	(GY)	29	Cubic Yard	Filter Material for Combination Storm Drain and/or Underdrains,Type A, FM
0930	606-B001		550	Linear Feet	Guard Rail, Class A, Type 1
0940	606-B006		313	Linear Feet	Guard Rail, Class A, Type 1, Double Faced
0950	606-C003		1	Each	Guard Rail, Cable Anchor, Type 1
0960	606-D022		4	Each	Guard Rail, Bridge End Section, Type I
0970	606-E001		5	Each	Guard Rail, Terminal End Section
0980	607-B018		40,947	Linear Feet	60" Type I Chain Link Fence, Class II
0990	607-E001		600	Linear Feet	Barbed Wire Fence, Single Strand
1000	607-G127		12	Each	Gate, 3' x 60" Chain Link
1010	607-P1003		8	Each	Line Post, 14' x 2 1/2" Galvanized Steel
1020	607-P1008		3,834	Each	Line Post, 7' x 1 1/2" Galvanized Steel
1030	607-P2004		247	Each	Brace Post, 7 1/2' x 2" Galvanized Steel
1040	607-P2022		8	Each	Brace Post, 5' x 2 1/2" Galvanized Steel
1050	607-P3004		24	Each	Gate Post, 8' x 2 1/2" Galvanized Steel
1060	608-A001	(S)	870	Square Yard	Concrete Sidewalk, Without Reinforcement
1070	609-C001	(S)	173	Linear Feet	Concrete Integral Curb, Type 1
1080	609-D004	(S)	1,785	Linear Feet	Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter Type 2 Modified

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
1090	609-D007	(S)	3,101	Linear Feet	Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter Type 3 Modified
1100	612-B001		22	Cubic Yard	Flowable Fill, Non-Excavatable
1110	615-A004	(S)	287	Linear Feet	Concrete Bridge End Barrier, 43.5"
1120	615-A007	(S)	256	Linear Feet	Concrete Pier Protection Barrier, 54"
1130	615-A023	(S)	34,372	Linear Feet	Concrete Type IV Modified, 42" Height, Cast-in-Place Median Barrier
1140	616-A001	(S)	155	Square Yard	Concrete Median and/or Island Pavement, 10-inch
1150	616-A004	(S)	1,127	Square Yard	Concrete Median and/or Island Pavement, 4-inch
1160	616-B001	(S)	776	Square Yard	Bituminous Median and/or Island Pavement
1170	617-A001		3	Each	Right-of-Way Marker
1180	619-A1001		84	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous White
1190	619-A2001		81	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow
1200	619-A3001		96	Mile	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Skip White
1210	619-A5001		142,991	Linear Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Detail
1220	619-A6001		3,431	Square Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
1230	619-A6002		2,568	Linear Feet	Temporary Traffic Stripe, Legend
1240	619-C6001		20,347	Each	Red-Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Marker
1250	619-C8001		2,075	Each	One-Way Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Marker
1260	619-C9001		2,099	Each	One-Way Yellow Reflective High Performance Raised Marker
1270	619-D1001		95	Square Feet	Standard Roadside Construction Signs, Less than 10 Square Feet
1280	619-D2001		2,060	Square Feet	Standard Roadside Construction Signs, 10 Square Feet or More
1290	619-F1001		1,000	Linear Feet	Concrete Median Barrier, Precast
1300	619-F2001		84,948	Linear Feet	Remove and Reset Concrete Median Barrier, Precast
1310	619-G4005		228	Linear Feet	Barricades, Type III, Single Faced
1320	619-G5001		847	Each	Free Standing Plastic Drums
1330	619-G7001		22	Each	Warning Lights, Type "B"
1340	619-J1004		4	Each	Impact Attenuator, 60 MPH
1350	619-J2004		4	Each	Impact Attenuator, 60 MPH, Replacement Package
1360	619-J3001		20	Each	Remove and Reset Impact Attenuator
1370	620-A001		1	Lump Sum	Mobilization
1380	622-A004		1	Each	Engineer's Field Office Building, Type 3
1390	629-A005		1	Each	Vehicular Impact Attenuator, 70 MPH
1400	630-A001		178	Square Feet	Standard Roadside Signs, Sheet Aluminum, 0.080" Thickness
1410	630-A003		469	Square Feet	Standard Roadside Signs, Sheet Aluminum, 0.125" Thickness
1420	630-A005		349	Square Feet	Standard Roadside Signs, Sheet Aluminum, 0.1" Thickness
1430	630-B002		378	Square Feet	Interstate Directional Signs, Bolted Extruded Aluminum Panels, Ground Mounted
1440	630-B003		7,776	Square Feet	Interstate Directional Signs, Bolted Extruded Aluminum Panels, Overhead Mounted

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
1450	630-C001		559	Linear Feet	Square Tube Posts, 4.0 lb/ft
1460	630-C004		136	Linear Feet	Square Tube Posts, 9.0 lb/ft
1470	630-C005		944	Linear Feet	Square Tube Posts, 2.0 lb/ft
1480	630-C1001		64	Linear Feet	Square Post Inner Sleeve
1490	630-D006		51	Linear Feet	Structural Steel Beams, W6 x 12
1500	630-D008		136	Linear Feet	Structural Steel Beams, W6 x 9
1510	630-E001		63	Pounds	Structural Steel Angles & Bars, 3 1/2" x 3 1/2" x 1/4" Angles
1520	630-E002		132	Pounds	Structural Steel Angles & Bars, 3" x 3" x 1/4" Angles
1530	630-F006		28	Each	Delineators, Guard Rail, White
1540	630-F007		10	Each	Delineators, Guard Rail, Yellow
1550	630-F010		152	Each	Delineators, Post Mounted, Double White
1560	630-F011		54	Each	Delineators, Post Mounted, Double Yellow
1570	630-F012		61	Each	Delineators, Post Mounted, Single White
1580	630-F013		14	Each	Delineators, Post Mounted, Single Yellow
1590	630-G004		4	Each	Type 3 Object Markers, OM-3R or OM-3L
1600	630-I003		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 1, Contractor Designed
1610	630-I004		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 10, Contractor Designed
1620	630-I005		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 11, Contractor Designed
1630	630-I006		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 12, Contractor Designed
1640	630-I007		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 13, Contractor Designed
1650	630-I008		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 14, Contractor Designed
1660	630-I009		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 15, Contractor Designed
1670	630-I010		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 16, Contractor Designed
1680	630-I015		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 2, Contractor Designed
1690	630-I020		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 3, Contractor Designed
1700	630-I022		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 4, Contractor Designed
1710	630-I024		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 5, Contractor Designed
1720	630-I025		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 6, Contractor Designed
1730	630-I026		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 7, Contractor Designed
1740	630-I027		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 8, Contractor Designed

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
1750	630-I028		1	Lump Sum	Metal Overhead Sign Supports, Assembly No. 9, Contractor Designed
1760	635-A059		12	Each	Traffic Signal Head, Type 1
1770	635-A065		2	Each	Traffic Signal Head, Type 2 FYA
1780	635-A070		2	Each	Traffic Signal Head, Type 3
1790	635-A073		1	Each	Traffic Signal Head, Type 4
1800	635-A076		2	Each	Traffic Signal Head, Type 6
1810	647-A001		1	Lump Sum	Removal of Existing Traffic Signal Equipment
1820	682-A005		4,378	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 1/0, 3 Conductor
1830	682-A007		2,642	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 1/0, 5 Conductor
1840	682-A018		8,904	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 2, 3 Conductor
1850	682-A034		3,180	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 6, 3 Conductor
1860	682-A039		1,680	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, AWG 8, 3 Conductor
1870	682-B005		90	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 1/0, 3 Conductor
1880	682-B007		90	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 1/0, 5 Conductor
1890	682-B016		620	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 2, 3 Conductor
1900	682-B025		870	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 4, 3 Conductor
1910	682-B032		490	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 6, 3 Conductor
1920	682-B037		340	Linear Feet	Underground Branch Circuit, Jacked or Bored, AWG 8, 3 Conductor
1930	682-C006		200	Linear Feet	Structure Mounted Branch Circuit, AWG 1/0, 5 Conductor
1940	682-C009		480	Linear Feet	Structure Mounted Branch Circuit, AWG 10, 3 Conductor
1950	682-C015		150	Linear Feet	Structure Mounted Branch Circuit, AWG 2, 3 Conductor
1960	682-D002		10	Each	Structure Mounted Pull Box
1970	682-D003		38	Each	Underground Pull Box
1980	682-E001		3	Each	Structure Mounted Junction Box
1990	682-E003		21	Each	Underground Junction Box With Concrete Pad
2000	682-F002		3	Each	Secondary Power Controllers
2010	683-A002		32	Each	Lighting Assembly, High Mast, LED, Type 120-4-A
2020	683-A124		4	Each	Lighting Assembly, High Mast, LED, Type 120-8-S
2030	683-A137		1	Each	Lighting Assembly, High Mast, LED, Type 120-8-A
2040	683-A138		1	Each	Lighting Assembly, High Mast, LED, Type 120-6-A
2050	683-B212		11	Each	Lighting Assembly, Low Mast, LED, Type 40-1-8-110
2060	683-B213		1	Each	Lighting Assembly, Low Mast, LED, Type 40-2-8-110
2070	683-C010		8	Each	Lighting Assembly, Underpass, Type UP
2080	683-D001		1	Each	Portable Electric Power Units

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
2090	684-A003		12	Cubic Yard	Pole Foundation, 24" Diameter
2100	684-A006		271	Cubic Yard	Pole Foundation, 42" Diameter
2110	684-B003		8	Linear Feet	Slip Casing, 24" Diameter
2120	684-B006		20	Linear Feet	Slip Casing, 42" Diameter
2130	699-A001		1	Lump Sum	Roadway Construction Stakes
2140	815-A002	(S)	1,250	Ton	Loose Riprap, Size 100
2150	815-A007	(S)	7,050	Ton	Loose Riprap, Size 300
2160	815-E001	(S)	8,681	Square Yard	Geotextile under Riprap
2170	815-F002	(S)	3,000	Ton	Sediment Control Stone
2180	907-234-A001		17,000	Linear Feet	Temporary Silt Fence
2190	907-234-C001		2,575	Linear Feet	Super Silt Fence
2200	907-234-D001		15	Each	Inlet Siltation Guard
2210	907-234-E001		15	Each	Reset Inlet Siltation Guard
2220	907-248-A001		1	Lump Sum	Temporary Site Drainage
2230	907-253-A001		1,021	Linear Feet	Coir Fiber Baffle
2240	907-402-A002	(BA1)	11,193	Ton	Open Graded Friction Course, 9.5-mm Mixture
2250	907-402-B001	(A3)	39,202	Gallon	Bituminous Tack Coat
2260	907-403-A001	(BA1)	29,040	Ton	12.5-mm, HT, Asphalt Pavement
2270	907-403-A004	(BA1)	35,680	Ton	19-mm, HT, Asphalt Pavement
2280	907-403-A006	(BA1)	35,456	Ton	19-mm, ST, Asphalt Pavement
2290	907-403-A013	(BA1)	4,667	Ton	9.5-mm, HT, Asphalt Pavement
2300	907-403-A015	(BA1)	608	Ton	9.5-mm, ST, Asphalt Pavement
2310	907-403-B001	(BA1)	42,798	Ton	12.5-mm, HT, Asphalt Pavement, Leveling
2320	907-403-B010	(BA1)	5,921	Ton	9.5-mm, HT, Asphalt Pavement, Leveling
2330	907-403-S001		34	Mile	Joint Sealant
2340	907-405-A001	(BA1)	44,502	Ton	Stone Matrix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Mixture
2350	907-405-A002	(BA1)	20,101	Ton	Stone Matrix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Mixture
2360	907-407-A001	(A2)	116,816	Gallon	Asphalt for Tack Coat
2370	907-413-E001		576	Linear Feet	Sawing and Sealing Transverse Joints in Asphalt Pavement
2380	907-501-F001		640	Linear Feet	Concrete Lug Anchors
2390	907-502-A001	(C)	1,693	Square Yard	Reinforced Cement Concrete Bridge End Pavement
2400	907-601-A001	(S)	302	Cubic Yard	Class "B" Structural Concrete
2410	907-601-B001	(S)	88	Cubic Yard	Class "B" Structural Concrete, Minor Structures
2420	907-608-C001		120	Square Feet	Detectable Warning Panels
2430	907-618-A001		1	Lump Sum	Maintenance of Traffic
2440	907-618-M1001		1	Lump Sum	Service Patrol
2450	907-618-M2001		4,640	Hours	Work Zone Law Enforcement ($60.00)
2460	907-619-E3001		2	Each	Changeable Message Sign

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
2470	907-619-M1002		24	Each	Smart Work Zone, Portable Queue Trailer
2480	907-619-M1003		10	Each	Smart Work Zone, Portable Camera Trailer
2490	907-619-M1004		12	Each	Smart Work Zone, Portable Message Board Trailer
2500	907-619-M2001		58	Each	Smart Work Zone, Portable Queue Trailer, Operational Month
2510	907-619-M2002		58	Each	Smart Work Zone, Portable Camera Trailer, Operational Month
2520	907-619-M2003		58	Each	Smart Work Zone, Portable Message Board Trailer, Operational Month
2530	907-619-M2004		58	Each	Smart Work Zone, Portable Bluetooth Detection System, Additional Device, Operational Month
2540	907-619-M3002		58	Each	Smart Work Zone, System Monitoring, Operational Month
2550	907-626-A010		21	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Skip White
2560	907-626-B006		14	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Continuous White
2570	907-626-E005		13	Mile	6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe, Continuous Yellow
2580	907-626-G004		37,665	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, White
2590	907-626-G005		1,966	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Detail Stripe, Yellow
2600	907-626-H009		1,096	Square Feet	Thermoplastic Legend, White
2610	907-626-H010		1,284	Linear Feet	Thermoplastic Legend, White
2620	907-627-K001		4,973	Each	Red-Clear Reflective High Performance Raised Markers
2630	907-632-A007		2	Each	Solid State Traffic Cabinet Assembly, Type III Cabinet, Type 1 Controller
2640	907-632-D001		2	Each	Solid State Traffic Actuated Controller, Type 1
2650	907-632-G001		2	Each	Malfunction Management Unit
2660	907-632-J001		6	Each	Power Service Pedestal
2670	907-634-A047		1	Each	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type II(L), 30' Shaft, 55' Arm
2680	907-634-A083		1	Each	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type II, 17' Shaft, 45' Arm
2690	907-634-A374		1	Each	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type III, 17' Shaft, 35' & 40' Arms
2700	907-634-A397		1	Each	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type III, 17' Shaft, 50' & 50' Arms
2710	907-634-A545		1	Each	Traffic Signal Equipment Pole, Type VI, 8' Shaft
2720	907-634-C001		16	Cubic Yard	Pole Foundations, Class "B" Concrete
2730	907-634-E001		4	Each	Camera Pole with Foundation, 50' Pole
2740	907-636-B003		190	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 10, 2 Conductor
2750	907-636-B014		425	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 14, 5 Conductor
2760	907-636-B016		915	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 14, 8 Conductor
2770	907-636-B025		225	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 6, 3 Conductor
2780	907-636-B043		40	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, THHN, AWG #2, 4 Conductor
2790	907-636-B053		1,120	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Underground in Conduit, THHN, AWG #6, 3 Conductor

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
2800	907-636-D001		40	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 10, 2 Conductor
2810	907-636-D006		20	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 14, 5 Conductor
2820	907-636-D008		380	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 14, 8 Conductor
2830	907-636-D022		40	Linear Feet	Electric Cable, Aerial Supported in Conduit, IMSA 20-1, AWG 6, 3 Conductor
2840	907-637-A002		17	Each	Pullbox Enclosure, Type 2
2850	907-637-A003		2	Each	Pullbox Enclosure, Type 3
2860	907-637-A004		16	Each	Pullbox Enclosure, Type 4
2870	907-637-A005		11	Each	Pullbox Enclosure, Type 5
2880	907-637-C028		160	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground, Type 4, 2"
2890	907-637-C030		105	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground, Type 4, 3"
2900	907-637-D003		670	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit, Underground Drilled or Jacked, Rolled Pipe, 3"
2910	907-637-H001		160	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Rolled Pipe, 2 @ 2"
2920	907-637-H002		445	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Rolled Pipe, 2"
2930	907-637-I001		23,495	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Drilled or Jacked, Rolled Pipe, 2 @ 2"
2940	907-637-I002		760	Linear Feet	Traffic Signal Conduit Bank, Underground, Drilled or Jacked, Rolled Pipe, 2"
2950	907-640-B001		440	Linear Feet	Shielded Cable, AWG #14, 2 Conductor
2960	907-641-A002		6	Each	Signal Stop Bar Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type 2
2970	907-641-B002		8	Each	Signal Advanced Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor, Type 2
2980	907-641-C002		2	Each	ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Sensor
2990	907-641-D001		2,505	Linear Feet	Radar Vehicle Detection Cable
3000	907-641-F002		4	Each	Signal Radar Vehicle Detection Processor, Type 2
3010	907-641-G002		2	Each	ITS Radar Vehicle Detection Processor, Type 2
3020	907-645-B001		2	Each	Accessible Pedestrian Detection Assembly
3030	907-650-A002		12	Each	On Street Video Equipment, Fixed Type
3040	907-650-A003		6	Each	On Street Video Equipment, PTZ Type
3050	907-650-A004		5	Each	On Street Video Equipment, PTZ Type, Signal Monitoring
3060	907-653-A001		27	Square Feet	Traffic Sign
3070	907-656-A001		1	Each	Dynamic Message Sign, Type 1
3080	907-659-A001		1	Lump Sum	Traffic Management Center Modifications
3090	907-660-A002		5	Each	Equipment Cabinet, Type B
3100	907-660-A003		1	Each	Equipment Cabinet, Type C
3110	907-661-A004		20,470	Linear Feet	Fiber Optic Cable, 72 SM
3120	907-661-B002		3,805	Linear Feet	Fiber Optic Drop Cable, 12 SM
3130	907-663-A001		10	Each	Network Switch, Type A

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
3140	907-663-A002		1	Each	Network Switch, Type B
3150	907-663-A003		1	Each	Network Switch, Type C
3160	907-663-A005		2	Each	Network Switch, Type E
3170	907-666-A001		3	Each	Bluetooth Detection System, Type A
3180	907-682-A1011		440	Linear Feet	Branch Circuit Wire, AWG #2, 3 Conductor
3190	907-682-A1019		830	Linear Feet	Branch Circuit Wire, AWG #4, 3 Conductor
3200	907-906001		1,040	Hours	Trainees ($5.00)
				ALTERNATE GROUP AA NUMBER 1	
3210	304-F001	(GT)	117,600	Ton	3/4" and Down Crushed Stone Base
				ALTERNATE GROUP AA NUMBER 2	
3220	304-F002	(GT)	117,600	Ton	Size 610 Crushed Stone Base
				ALTERNATE GROUP AA NUMBER 3	
3230	304-F003	(GT)	117,600	Ton	Size 825B Crushed Stone Base
				ALTERNATE GROUP BB NUMBER 1	
3240	605-W002	(GY)	800	Cubic Yard	Filter Material for Combination Storm Drain and/or Underdrains,Type B, FM
				ALTERNATE GROUP BB NUMBER 2	
3250	605-W003	(GY)	800	Cubic Yard	Filter Material for Combination Storm Drain and/or Underdrains,Type C, FM
				Bridge Items	
3260	501-K001		5,588	Square Yard	Transverse Grooving
3270	605-AA001	(S)	2,476	Square Yard	Geotextile for Subsurface Drainage, Type III
3280	605-T002	(S)	3,262	Linear Feet	6" Perforated Pipe for Underdrains
3290	605-X002	(GY)	258	Cubic Yard	Filter Material for Filter Beds, Type A
3300	605-X003	(GY)	613	Cubic Yard	Filter Material for Filter Beds, Type B
3310	605-Y002	(GY)	1,059	Cubic Yard	Impervious Material, Type D
3320	803-C002	(S)	8,295	Linear Feet	14" x 14" Prestressed Concrete Piling
3330	803-D002	(S)	4,816	Linear Feet	HP 12 x 53 Steel Piling
3340	803-D006	(S)	7,608	Linear Feet	HP 14 x 73 Steel Piling
3350	803-D007	(S)	17,688	Linear Feet	HP 14 x 89 Steel Piling
3360	803-P015	(S)	5,425	Linear Feet	24" Steel Pipe Piling, Wall Thickness 0.625"
3370	804-C188	(S)	1,272	Linear Feet	80' Prestressed Concrete Beam, Type FIB-36
3380	804-C195	(S)	1,352	Linear Feet	85' Prestressed Concrete Beam, Type FIB-36
3390	804-C208	(S)	1,904	Linear Feet	60' Prestressed Concrete Beam, Type FIB-36
3400	804-C274	(S)	1,264	Linear Feet	40' Prestressed Concrete Beam, Type FIB-36
3410	805-A001	(S)	1,081,334	Pounds	Reinforcement
3420	805-C001	(S)	22,208	Pounds	Reinforcement, Corrosion Resistant
3430	813-A003	(S)	1,480	Linear Feet	Concrete Railing, 42"
3440	815-A007	(S)	6,937	Ton	Loose Riprap, Size 300
3450	815-E001	(S)	6,383	Square Yard	Geotextile under Riprap
3460	907-803-I002	(S)	2	Each	PDA Test Pile, Concrete Pile

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Line no.	Item Code	Adj Code	Quantity	Units	Description[Fixed Unit Price]
3470	907-803-I003	(S)	23	Each	PDA Test Pile, HP Steel Pile
3480	907-803-I004	(S)	2	Each	PDA Test Pile, Steel Pipe Pile
3490	907-803-J001	(S)	27	Each	Pile Restrike
3500	907-804-A001	(S)	1,668	Cubic Yard	Bridge Concrete, Class BDX
3510	907-804-A002	(S)	882	Cubic Yard	Bridge Concrete, Class AA
3520	907-804-A003	(S)	4,726	Cubic Yard	Bridge Concrete, Class B
3530	907-823-A001		642	Linear Feet	Preformed Joint Seal, Type I

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CONDITIONS FOR COMBINATION BID

If a bidder elects to submit a combined bid for two or more of the contracts listed for this month's letting, the bidder must complete and execute these sheets of the proposal in each of the individual proposals to constitute a combination bid. In addition to this requirement, each individual contract shall be completed, executed and submitted in the usual specified manner.

Failure to execute this Combination Bid Proposal in each of the contracts combined will be just cause for each proposal to be received and evaluated as a separate bid.

It is understood that the Mississippi Transportation Commission not only reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, but also the right to award contracts upon the basis of lowest separate bids or combination bids most advantageous to the State.

It is further understood and agreed that the Combination Bid Proposal is for comparison of bids only and that each contract shall operate in every respect as a separate contract in accordance with its proposal and contract documents.

I (We) agree to complete each contract on or before its specified completion date.

* *

COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL

This proposal is tendered as one part of a Combination Bid Proposal utilizing option ___* of Subsection 102.11 on the following contracts:

* Option to be shown as either (a), (b), or (c).

	Project No.	County		Project No.	County
1.	____________	____________	6.	____________	____________
2.	____________	____________	7.	____________	____________
3.	____________	____________	8.	____________	____________
4.	____________	____________	9.	____________	____________
5.	____________	____________	10.	____________	____________

(a) If Combination A has been selected, your Combination Bid is complete.

(b) If Combination B has been selected, then complete the following page.

SECTION 905 - COMBINATION BID PROPOSAL (Continued)

Project Number	Pay Item Number	Unit	Unit Price Reduction	Total Item Reduction	Total Contract Reduction
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	

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Project Number	Pay Item Number	Unit	Unit Price Reduction	Total Item Reduction	Total Contract Reduction
9. _____	_____ _____	_____ _____	_____ _____	_____ _____	
10. _____	_____ _____	_____ _____	_____ _____	_____ _____	

(c) If Combination C has been selected, then initial and complete ONE of the following.

_____ I (We) desire to be awarded work not to exceed a total monetary value of $ _____.

_____ I (We) desire to be awarded work not to exceed _____ number of contracts.

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Certification with regard to the Performance of Previous Contracts or Subcontracts subject to the Equal Opportunity Clause and the filing of Required Reports

The Bidder hereby certifies that he has ___, has not ___, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity Clause, as required by Executive Orders 10925, or 11114, and that he has ___, has not ___, filed with the Joint Reporting Committee, the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, a Federal Government contracting or administering agency, or the former President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, all reports due under the applicable filing requirements.

_____
(COMPANY)

DATE: _____

NOTE: The above certification is required by the Equal Employment Opportunity Regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1.7 (b) (1)), and must be submitted by bidders and proposed subcontractors only in connection with contracts and subcontracts which are subject to the Equal Opportunity Clause. Contracts and Subcontracts which are exempt from the Equal Opportunity Clause are set forth in 41 CFR 60-1.5. (Generally only contracts or subcontracts of $10,000 or under are exempt.)

Currently, Standard Form 100 (EE0-1) is the only report required by the Executive Orders or their implementing regulations.

Proposed prime Contractors and Subcontractors who have participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Executive orders and have not filed the required reports should note that 41 CFR 60-1.7 (b) (1) prevents the award of contracts and subcontracts unless such Contractors submit a report covering the delinquent period or such other period specified by the Federal Highway Administration or by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance, U. S. Department of Labor.

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MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CERTIFICATION

I,_____,
(Name of person signing bid)

individually, and in my capacity as_____ of
(Title of person signing bid)

_____do hereby certify under
(Name of Firm, partnership, or Corporation)

penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and the State of Mississippi that_____

_____, Bidder
(Name of Firm, Partnership, or Corporation)

on Project No. **STP-0055-02(271)/ 108168301000 & STP-0055-02(275)/ 108168302000**

in **Madison** County(ies), Mississippi, has not either

directly or indirectly entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion; or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this contract; nor have any of its corporate officers or principal owners.

Except as noted hereafter, it is further certified that said legal entity and its corporate officers, principal owners, managers, auditors and others in a position of administering federal funds:

a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in (b) above; and

d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/ proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

Do exceptions exist and are made a part thereof? Yes / No

Any exceptions shall address to whom it applies, initiating agency and dates of such action.

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Note: Exceptions will not necessarily result in denial of award but will be considered in determining bidder responsibility. Providing false information may result in criminal prosecution or administrative sanctions.

The bidder further certifies that the certification requirements contained in Section XI of Form FHWA 1273, will be or have been included in all subcontracts, material supply agreements, purchase orders, etc. except those procurement contracts for goods or services that are expected to be less than the Federal procurement small purchase threshold fixed at 10 U.S.C. 2304(g) and 41 U.S.C. 253(g) (currently $25,000) which are excluded from the certification requirements.

The bidder further certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this contract, Standard Form-LLL, Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying, in accordance with its instructions will be completed and submitted.

The certification contained in (1) and (2) above is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed and a prerequisite imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code prior to entering into this contract. Failure to comply shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000 and not more than $100,000. The bidder shall include the language of the certification in all subcontracts exceeding $100,000 and all subcontractors shall certify and disclose accordingly.

All of the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on _____ _____

Signature

(01/2016 F)

For Information Purposes Only

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SAM.GOV Registration and Unique Entity ID

Bidders are advised that the Prime Contractor must register and maintain a current registration in the **System for Award Management** (http://sam.gov) at all times during the project. Upon registration, the Contractor will be assigned a SAM Unique Entity ID.

Bidders are advised that prior to the award of this contract, they MUST be registered in the System for Award Management.

I (We) acknowledge that this contract cannot be awarded if I (We) are not registered in the System for Award Management prior to the award of this contract. _____ (Yes / No)

I (We) have a SAM Unique Entity ID. _____ (Yes / No)

SAM Unique Entity ID: _____

Company Name: _____

Company e-mail address: _____

For Informational Purposes Only

SECTION 902

CONTRACT FOR _____
LOCATED IN THE COUNTY(IES) OF _____

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF HINDS

This Contract is entered into by and between the Mississippi Transportation Commission (the "Commission") and the undersigned contractor (the "Contractor"), as follows:

As consideration for this Contract, the Commission agrees to pay the Contractor the amount(s) set out in the Proposal attached hereto. Said payment will be made in the manner and at the time(s) specified in the Specifications and/or Special Provisions, if any. In exchange for said consideration, the Contractor hereby agrees to accept the prices stated in the Proposal as full compensation for the furnishing of all labor, materials and equipment, and the execution of the scope of work identified for this referenced Project as contemplated in this Contract, and as more fully outlined in the Contract Documents (the "Work"). The Contract Documents consist of the Advertisement, the Notice to Bidders, the Proposal, the Specifications, the Special Provisions, and the approved Plans, all of which are hereby made a part of this Contract and incorporated herein by reference.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all loss or damage arising out of, or in any way in connection with the Work, or from any unforeseen obstructions or difficulties that may be encountered in the prosecution of the Work, and for all risks of every description connected with the Work, with the exception of any items specifically excluded in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall fully and faithfully complete the Work in a good and workmanlike manner, according to the Contract Documents and any Supplemental Agreements thereto.

The Contractor further agrees that the Work shall be done under the direct supervision of, and to the complete satisfaction of, the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Transportation, or his authorized representative(s), and, when federal funds are involved, subject to the inspection and approval of the Federal Highway Administration, or its agents, and/or the agents of any other state or federal agency whose funds are involved. Further, the Work shall be done in accordance with any applicable state and federal laws, and any such rules and regulations issued by the Commission and/or any relevant Federal Agency.

The Contractor agrees that all labor as outlined in the Contract Documents may be secured from a list furnished by the Manager of the Win Job Center nearest the project location, or any successor thereto.

It is agreed and understood that each and every provision of law and clause required by law to be inserted into this Contract shall be deemed to be inserted herein, and this Contract shall be read and enforced as though it were included herein. If through mere mistake or otherwise, any such provision is not inserted, then upon the application of either party hereto, the Contract shall be physically amended to make such insertion.

For Informational Purposes Only

The Contractor agrees that he has read each and every clause of the Contract Documents, and fully understands the meaning of same, and hereby acknowledges that he will comply with all terms, covenants and agreements therein.

Witness our signatures, this the _____ day of _____, 20___.

_____
Contractor

By: _____
Title: _____

_____
Signed and sealed in the presence of: (name and address of witness)

_____
_____

MISSISSIPPI TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

_____
Executive Director

_____
Secretary to the Commission

Award authorized by the Mississippi Transportation Commission in session on the ____ day of _____, _____, Minute Book No._____, Page No. _____.

For Informational Purposes Only

SECTION 903
PERFORMANCE BOND

PERFORMANCE BOND FOR THE FOLLOWING CONTRACT:
Project No.: _____

For the construction of: _____

Contract date: _____ Contract Price: _____

FOR OWNER: MISSISSIPPI TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION, 401 N. WEST STREET, JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39201.

CONTRACTOR (full legal name, contact person, phone number and address):
_____
_____
_____
_____

SURETY (legal name, phone number, principal place of business and address ***for notice purposes***):
_____
_____
_____

Second Surety (if applicable):
_____
_____
_____

The Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to the Owner for the performance of the Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference, and subject to the following terms:

1. If the Contractor fully and faithfully performs the Contract, the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond.

2. The Surety's obligation under this Bond shall arise after:
   (a) the Owner first provides notice to the Contractor and the Surety that termination is imminent, pursuant to the current edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, which is a part of the Contract; and
   (b) the Owner declares a Contractor Default, terminates the Contract, and notifies the Surety.

3. Within 20 calendar days as set forth in Section 108.08 of the current edition of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the Surety shall, after discussions with and consent from the Owner, and at the Surety's expense, elect to take one of the following actions:
   (a) Arrange for the Contractor, with the consent of the Owner, to perform and complete the Contract;
   (b) Undertake to perform and complete the Contract itself, through its agents or independent contractors;
   (c) Waive its right to perform and complete, arrange for completion, or obtain a new contractor, and after investigation, determine the amount for which it may be liable to the Owner (subject to the consent of the Owner) and as soon as practicable after the amount is determined, make payment to the Owner.

For Informational Purposes Only

4. If the Surety does not proceed, within a reasonable time frame, to enact and carry out the election made in Paragraph 3, then the Surety shall be deemed to be in default on this Bond, and the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to it under the Contract and applicable law.

5. Subject to the commitment by the Owner to pay the Balance of the Contract Price, the Surety is obligated, without duplication, for
   (a) the responsibilities of the Contractor for correction of defective work and completion of the Contract;
   (b) additional legal, design professional and delay costs resulting from the Contractor's Default, and resulting from the actions or failure to act of the Surety under Paragraph 3; and
   (c) liquidated damages, or if no liquidated damages are specified in the Contract, actual damages caused by delayed performance or non-performance of the Contractor.

6. The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders and other obligations.

7. The penal sum of the Bond shall be equal to the Contract Price; however, the penal sum may be increased or decreased as the result of any subsequent Supplemental Agreements and/or final contract quantities.

8. Notice to the Surety, the Owner or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address listed for notice purposes on the first page of this Bond.

CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL
Company: _____

Signature: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Address: _____
_____

SURETY
Company: _____

Signature: _____ MS Insurance ID # _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Address: _____
_____

SURETY (if applicable)
Company: _____

Signature: _____ MS Insurance ID # _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Address: _____
_____

For Informational Purposes Only

SECTION 903
PAYMENT BOND

PAYMENT BOND FOR THE FOLLOWING CONTRACT:
Project No.: _____

For the construction of: _____

Contract date: _____ Contract Price: _____

FOR OWNER: MISSISSIPPI TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION, 401 N. WEST STREET, JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39201.

CONTRACTOR (full legal name, contact person, phone number and address):
_____
_____
_____

SURETY (legal name, phone number, principal place of business and address ***for notice purposes***):
_____
_____
_____
Second Surety (if applicable):
_____
_____
_____

The Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to the Owner for payment of labor, materials and equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference, subject to the following terms:

1. If the Contractor promptly makes payment of all sums due to any and all subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, suppliers to the Contractor, suppliers to subcontractors and/or laborers who have performed work on the project site, and defends, indemnifies and holds harmless the Owner from claims, demands, liens or suits by any person or entity seeking payment for labor, materials or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Contract, then the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond.

2. The Owner shall provide notice to the Surety of any claims, demands, liens or suits against the Owner or the Owner's property that it receives from any person or entity ("Claimants") seeking payment for labor, materials or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Contract.

3. Upon notice of any claims, demands, liens or suits provided by the Owner or Contractor or given to the Surety by a Claimant, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense, defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Owner against said claim, demand, lien or suit and shall take the following additional actions:
    (a) Send an answer to the Claimant, with a copy to the Owner, within sixty (60) days after receipt of the Claim, stating the amounts that are undisputed and the basis for challenging any amounts that are disputed; and
    (b) Pay or arrange for payment of any undisputed amounts.

For Informational Purposes Only

4. The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner, Claimants or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Contract. The Owner shall not be liable for the payment of any costs or expenses of any Claimant under this Bond and shall have no obligation under this Bond to make payments to, or give notice on behalf of, Claimants, or otherwise have any obligations to Claimants under this Bond.

5. The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders and other obligations.

6. The penal sum of the Bond shall be equal to the Contract Price; however, the penal sum may be increased or decreased as the result of any subsequent Supplemental Agreements and/or final contract quantities.

CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL
Company: _____

Signature: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Address: _____
_____

SURETY
Company: _____

Signature: _____ MS Insurance ID # _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Address: _____
_____

SURETY (if applicable)
Company: _____

Signature: _____ MS Insurance ID # _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Address: _____
_____

For Informational Purposes Only

BID BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we_____
Contractor

_____
Address

_____
City, State ZIP

As principal, hereinafter called the Principal, and _____
Surety

a corporation duly organized under the laws of the state of _____

as Surety, hereinafter called the Surety, are held and firmly bound unto **State of Mississippi, Jackson, Mississippi**

As Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the sum of **Five Per Cent (5%) of Amount Bid**

Dollars($_____)

for the payment of which sum will and truly to be made, the said Principal and said Surety, bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, the Principal has submitted a bid for **Add 2 Lanes to I-55 from SR 463 to Gluckstadt Road, & Mill & Overlay approximately 0.77 miles on I-55 from Gluckstadt Road north, known as Federal Aid Project Nos. STP-0055-02(271) / 108168301 & STP-0055-02(275) / 108168302 in Madison County.**

NOW THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is such that if the aforesaid Principal shall be awarded the contract, the said Principal will, within the time required, enter into a formal contract and give a good and sufficient bond to secure the performance of the terms and conditions of the contract, then this obligation to be void; otherwise the Principal and Surety will pay unto the Obligee the difference in money between the amount of the bid of the said Principal and the amount for which the Obligee legally contracts with another party to perform the work if the latter amount be in excess of the former, but in no event shall liability hereunder exceed the penal sum hereof.

Signed and sealed this _____day of _____, 20___

_____
(Principal) (Seal)

_____ By:_____
(Witness) (Name) (Title)

_____
(Surety) (Seal)

_____ By:_____
(Witness) (Attorney-in-Fact)

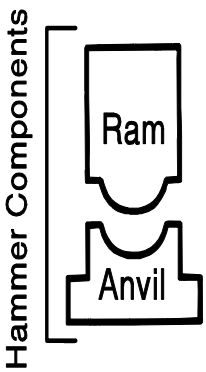
_____
(MS Agent)

_____
Mississippi Insurance ID Number

Rev. 04/18)

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
PILE AND DRIVING EQUIPMENT DATA FORM

Project No.: _____ Bridge No.: _____
Contract No.: _____ Pile Driving Contractor: _____
Termini: _____ County: _____



Hammer

Manufacturer: _____ Model No.: _____
Hammer Type: _____ Serial No.: _____
Manufacturer's Maximum Rated Energy: _____ ft·lbs
Stroke at Maximum Rated Energy: _____ ft
Range in Operating Energy: _____ to _____ ft·lbs
Range in Operating Stroke: _____ to _____ ft
Ram Weight: _____ kips
Modifications: _____

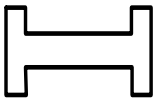
Striker Plate

Weight: _____ kips Diameter: _____ in.
Thickness: _____ in.

Hammer Cushion

	Material #1	Material #2 (for composite cushion)
Name:	_____	_____
Area:	_____ in.²	_____ in.²
Thickness/Plate:	_____ in.	_____ in.
No. of Plates:	_____	_____

Total Thickness of Hammer Cushion: _____ in.

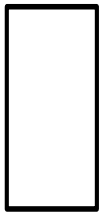


Helmet (Drive Head)

Weight: _____ including inserts, kips

Pile Cushion

Pile Cushion Material: _____
Area: _____ in.² Thickness/Sheet: _____ in.
No. of Sheets:
Total Thickness of Pile Cushion: _____ in.



Pile

Pile Type: _____
Wall Thickness: _____ in. Taper: _____
Cross Sectional Area: _____ in.² Weight/ft: _____
Nominal Driving Resistance: _____ Kips
Driving Shoe/Closure Plate Description: _____
_____

Submitted By: _____ Date: _____
Telephone No.: _____ Fax No.: _____
Email Address: _____